Searching for Wavelike Dark Matter with SRF Cavities

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Fermilab



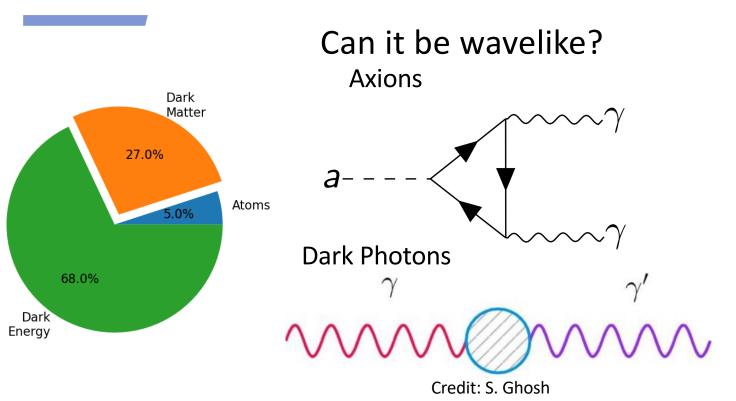
SRF

cavity

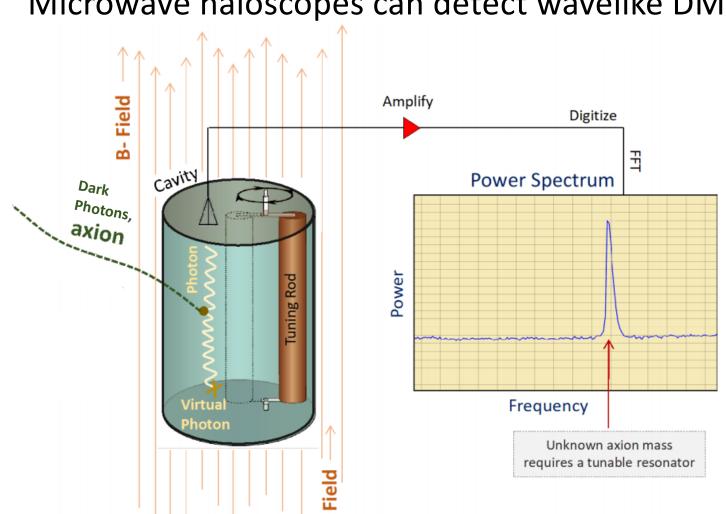
 $T_c \approx 40 \text{ mK}$

 $Q_L \approx 8 \times 10^9$

 $f_0 = 1.298 \, \text{GHz}$

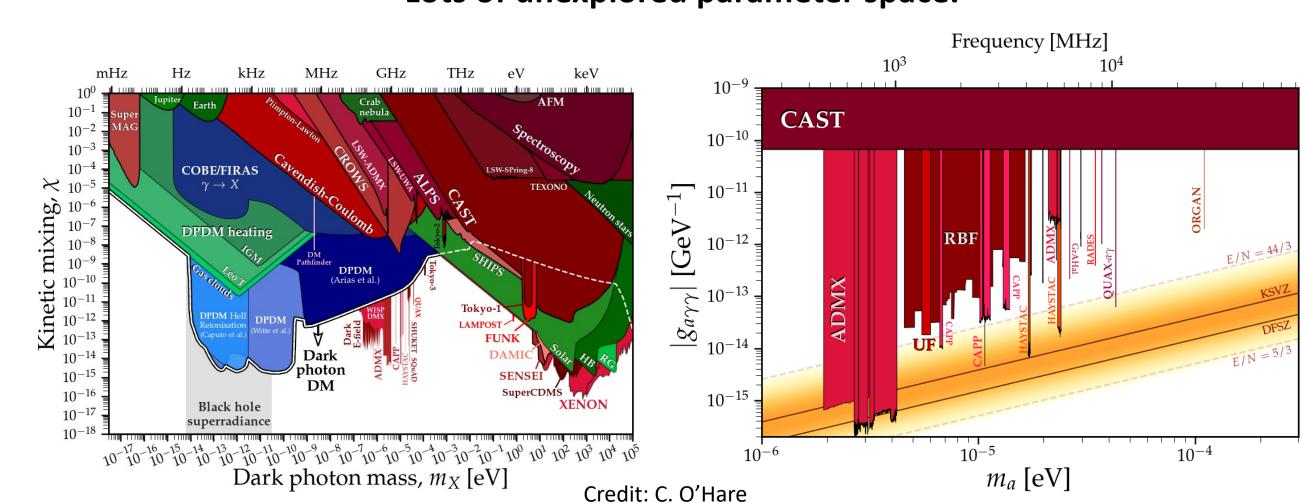


Microwave haloscopes can detect wavelike DM

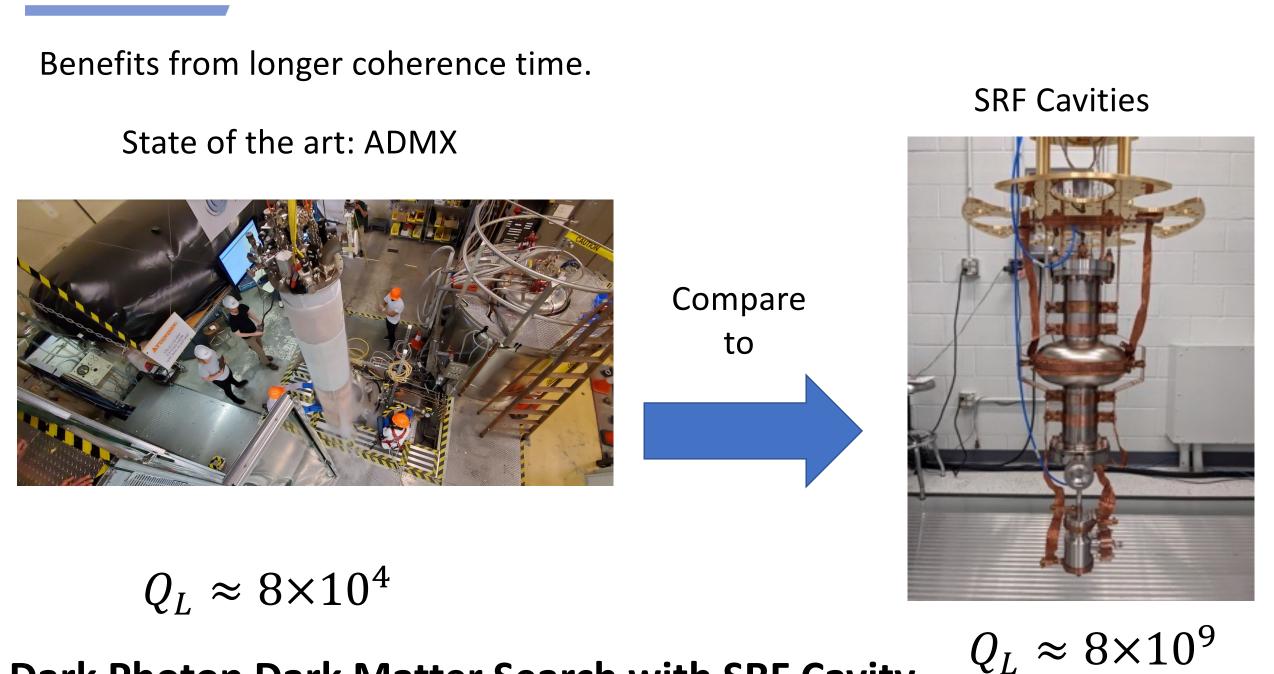


Dark photon search doesn't require magnetic field.

DM coupling strength, mass unknown. Lots of unexplored parameter space.



Can We Speed Up DM Searches with SRF Cavities?



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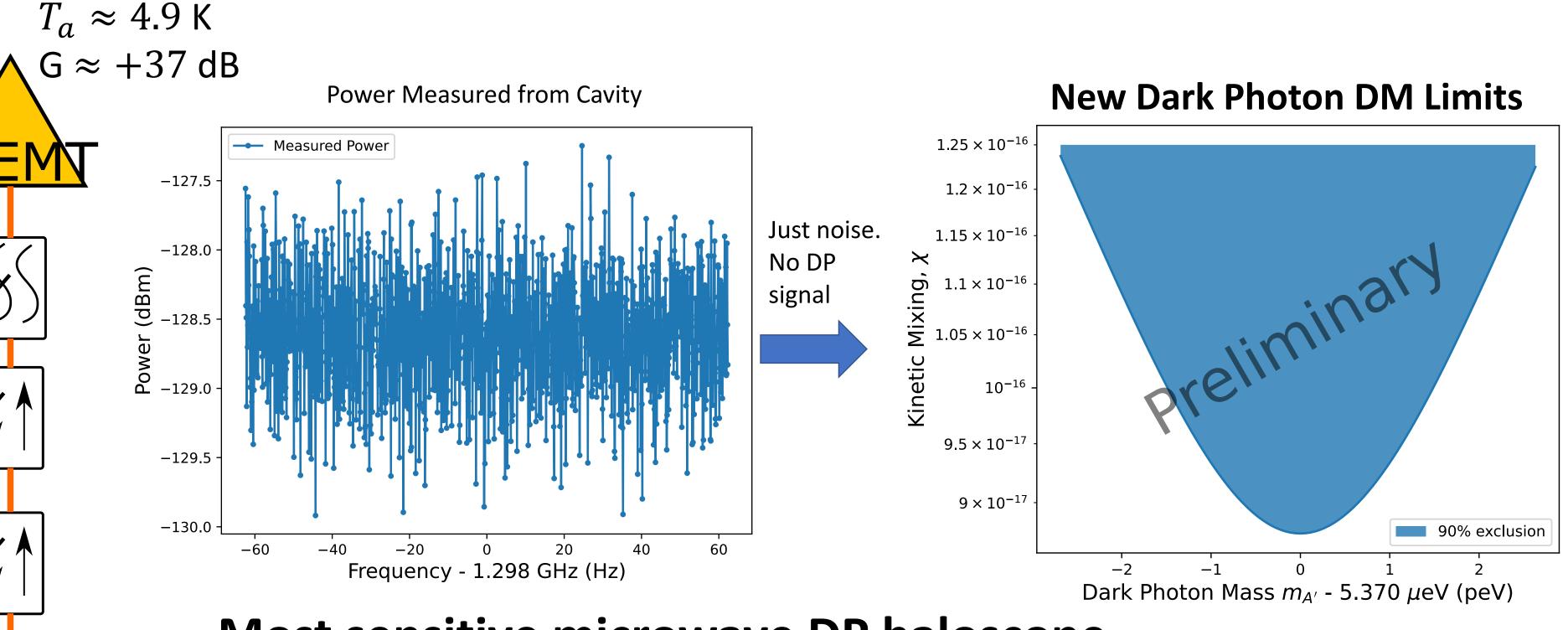
---- DM Lineshape, $Q_{DM} \approx 10^6$ Cavity Response, $Q_L = 10^{10}$ 1000 1500 2000 2500 Photon Frequency - 1.3 GHz (Hz)

scan rate $\propto Q_L$ if $Q_L\gg Q_{DM}$

- Signal power constant with Q₁.
- Noise power reduces with Q_1 .
- Cavity sensitive to distribution of possible DM rest masses.

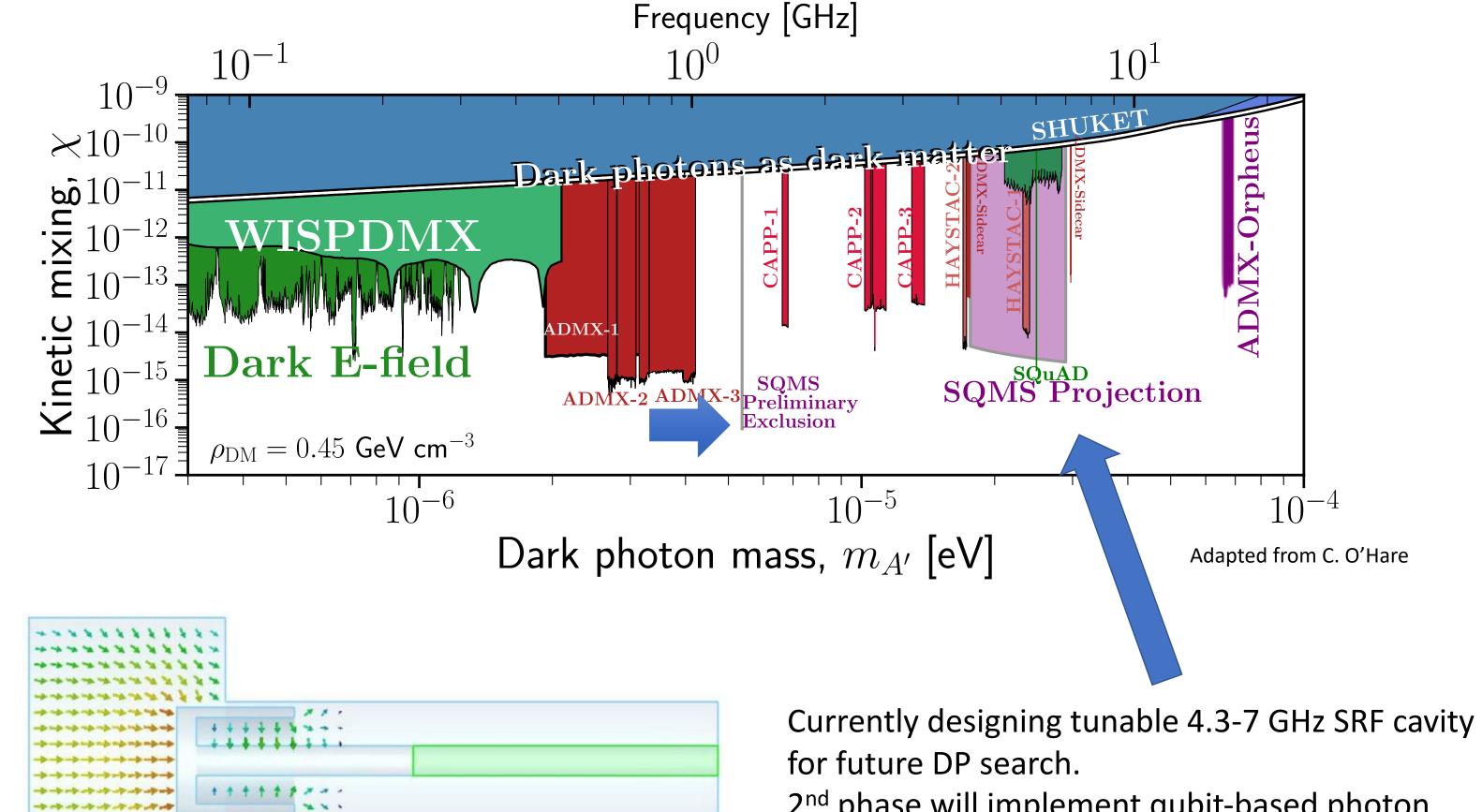
Can SRF cavities increase instantaneous scan rate of haloscope experiments by a factor of 100,000?

Dark Photon Dark Matter Search with SRF Cavity



Most sensitive microwave DP haloscope

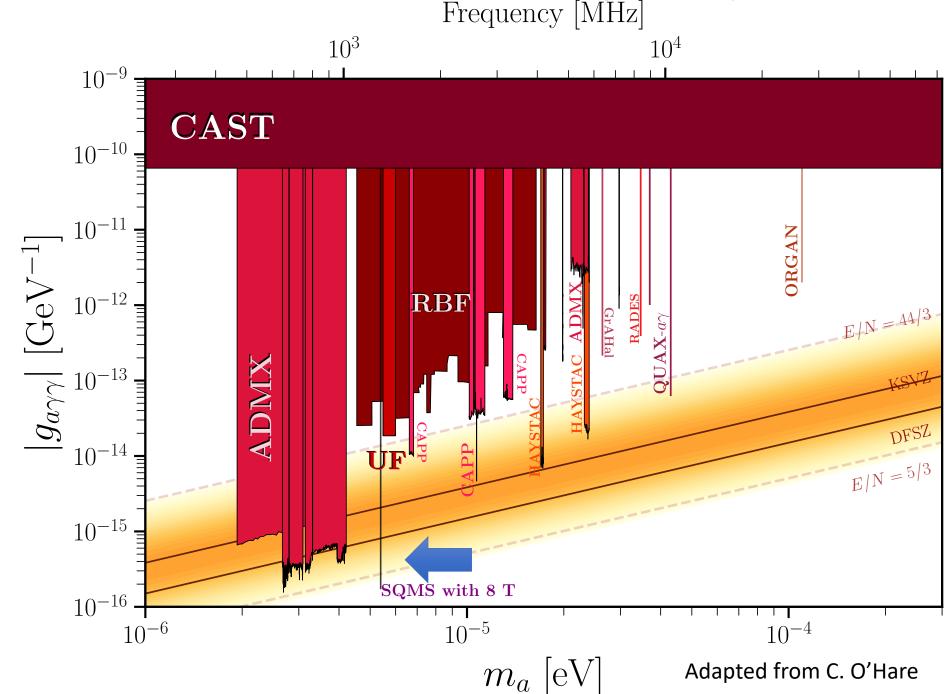
EM Simulation of Tunable Cavity



2nd phase will implement qubit-based photon counting to subvert SQL noise.

SRF Cavities for Possible Axion Dark Matter Searches

If this worked in an 8 T magnetic field, would be sensitive to QCD axion with single cavity and HEMT.



Developing Nb₃Sn SRF cavities in high magnetic fields



Cigar-shaped Nb₃Sn cavity

Performance so far: $Q_L \approx 5 \times 10^5$ $f_0 = 3.9 \, \text{GHz}$ $B_0 = 6T$

Take-home message

We have demonstrated that SRF cavities have unprecedented sensitivity to dark photon dark matter and have achieved the smallest excluded kinetic mixing for wavelike dark photons.

SRF cavities may be able increase the scan rate of dark matter searches by a factor of 100,000.

SRF cavities that are resistant to magnetic fields are being developed for axion searches.

Acknowledgements

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