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presents:

DESIGN, TEST AND PRODUCTION AT LLNL OF: **NOVEL PSD PLASTIC SCINTILLATOR** TECHNOLOGIES FOR NEUTRINO DETECTION

Snowmass Summer Meeting 2022 - 25.VII.2022

LLNL-PRES-XXXXX

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STATE OF THE ART: ABOVEGROUND REACTOR NEUTRINO DETECTION

PROSPECT has demonstrated first high sensitivity aboveground detection and identified important capabilities.



There is a strong interest in readily mobile precision neutrino flux detectors

LAWRENCE LIVERMORE NATIONAL LABORATORY - LLNL-PRES-XXXXXX - SNOWMASS SEATTLE 2022 -







MOTIVATIONS FOR READILY MOBILE ABOVEGROUND DETECTION SYSTEM



verification of nuclear agreements.

Advanced reactors may be difficult to safeguard with conventional approaches. Readily mobile systems have several motivations

There is a strong interest in readily mobile precision neutrino flux detectors

PROSPECT

aboveground demonstration has inspired new use cases studies.

Multi-reactor measurement campaign with same mobile detector design



- Benchmarks for applications
- Validating flux & spectrum predictions against diverse fuel types.





PSD PLASTIC MATERIALS: HOMOGENOUS 6LI-DOPING Building on more than a decade of effort at LLNL

- by N. Zaitseva, A. Mabe & M. Ford
- Eljen Technology has started mass-producing PSD plastic bars with lab's formulation.

Developing formulations and production processes

Exploring solubility of multiple Li bearing compounds and their stability

Advancing PSD plastic materials with the goal of matching demonstrated performance of liquids to enable easily mobile systems

Transferring technology for commercial production



Evaluating light yield, attenuation length, PSD properties



Build up a characterization setup to test bars as they are produced





BASICS OF PSD PLASTIC CHEMISTRY



Primary and secondary dyes are responsible for PSD and wavelength shifting



BASICS OF PSD PLASTIC CHEMISTRY



Lithium salts are added to ensure correlated event selection through n-capture process





Addition, mixing and curing of components require very strict condition controls





SOLUBILITY OF ⁶Li SALTS



Good 6Li solubility is paramount, so a variety of Li salts are being studied dissolved at different temperatures





PSD FOR DIFFERENT ⁶Li SALTS



For commercial production we have proceeded with an aliphatic ${}^{6}Li$ salt









Co-monomer addition to main matrix element in order to dissolve 6Li salt





SOLUBILITY OF ⁶Li SALTS



High MAA content reduces light output - but lower MAA requires higher processing temperatures

LIGHT OUTPUT VS CO-MONOMER FRACTION

There is a critical mass fraction from which light output declines rapidly. This point has not been reached using MMA.





LIGHT OUTPUT VS CO-MONOMER FRACTION



There is a critical mass fraction from which light output declines rapidly. This point has not been reached using MMA.



PRIMARY DYE AS LIGHT ATTENUATOR WITH MAA



When using mTP as primary dye instead of PPO, critical point is for declining LO is not reached





Dyes used during the production may impact the long way stability of the plastics





STABILITY OF PLASTICS



mTP and MDAC (actual antioxidant) show promising results regarding long term stability



STABILITY OF PLASTICS



Higher temperatures and air are clear reasons for early degradation.





HOME PRODUCTION OF PLASTIC AT LARGE SCALE PROVED CHALLENGING (TEMPERATURE, CONTROL ENVIRONMENT...)



Initial attempts to fabricate plastics at larger scale had defects, discoloration and opacity







FROM LAB TO COMMERCIAL PRODUCTION





External collaborator is consistently producing batches of 5.5x5.5x50 cm bars for testing





FINAL PRODUCT



External collaborator is consistently producing batches of 5.5x5.5x50 cm bars for testing





TESTING NEW PSD PLASTIC TECHNOLOGY





AMOBILE ANTINEUTRINO



THE ROADSTR PROGRAM AT LLNL

Reactor **O**perations **A**ntineutrino **D**etection **S**urface **T**estbed **R**over

Building from recent advances, our goals are to develop and demonstrate enabling technologies for mobile antineutrino detectors





development

Mobile deployment engineering

ROADSTR





CHARACTERIZATION SETUP FOR COMMERCIALLY PRODUCED BARS

Testing different wrappings



Calibration source placed inside lead collimator

Characterization setup allows for multi-bar testing using different collimated sources placed at varying positions remotely controlled

- Linear stage allows precise **position-scan**







LINEARITY TEST USING DIFFERENT SOURCES



- ~500-600 PE/MeV

After characterization, bars are stored in vacuum to avoid deterioration.

Control bar left in contact with air to test stability of material

All bars tested to this moment have display consistent results in terms of attenuation length and light output

Position scan displays long attenuation lengths ~80 cm

Multi-source measurements show good linearity and effective light yield of





PSD CAPABILITIES USING CF252



- The plastics show excellent PSD capabilities.
- Clear and distinct n-capture island.
- Figure of Merit ~ 1.2 between nuclear and electronic recoils (work in progress)



Being able to

PSD Factor []



SUMMARY

- The PROSPECT above ground detection is an important capability demonstration for reactor monitoring applications and other reactor neutrino studies
- Mobile aboveground systems that maintain high sensitivity are a clear next **step** along the technology development path

- Different 6Li salts (Aliphatic / Aromatic), solubility monomers (MMA / MAA) and primary dyes (PPO/mTP, MDAC) considered
- Plastic elaboration approach is extensible to large scale and it's been transferred for external production.
- Long-term and stability effects on the plastics still under research.

The ROADSTR program at the LLNL is advancing PSD Plastic Scintillator technology:









