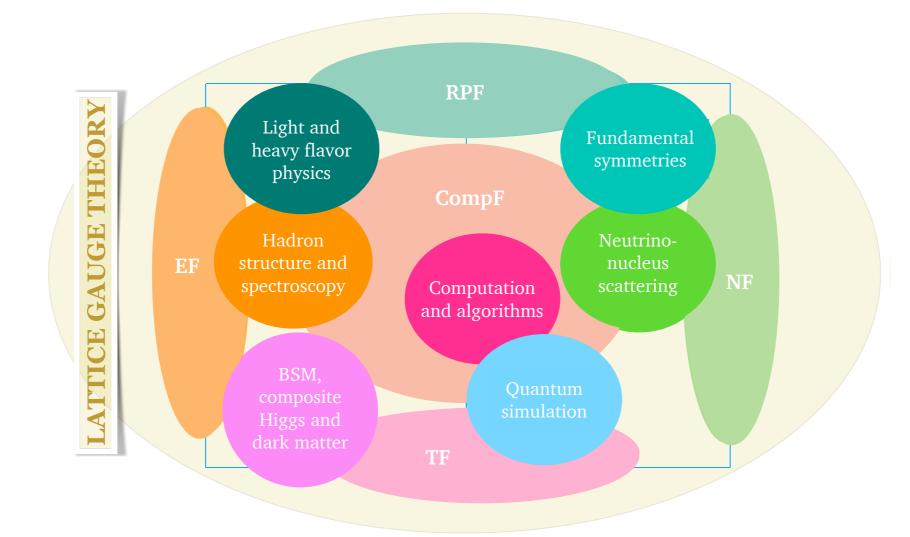
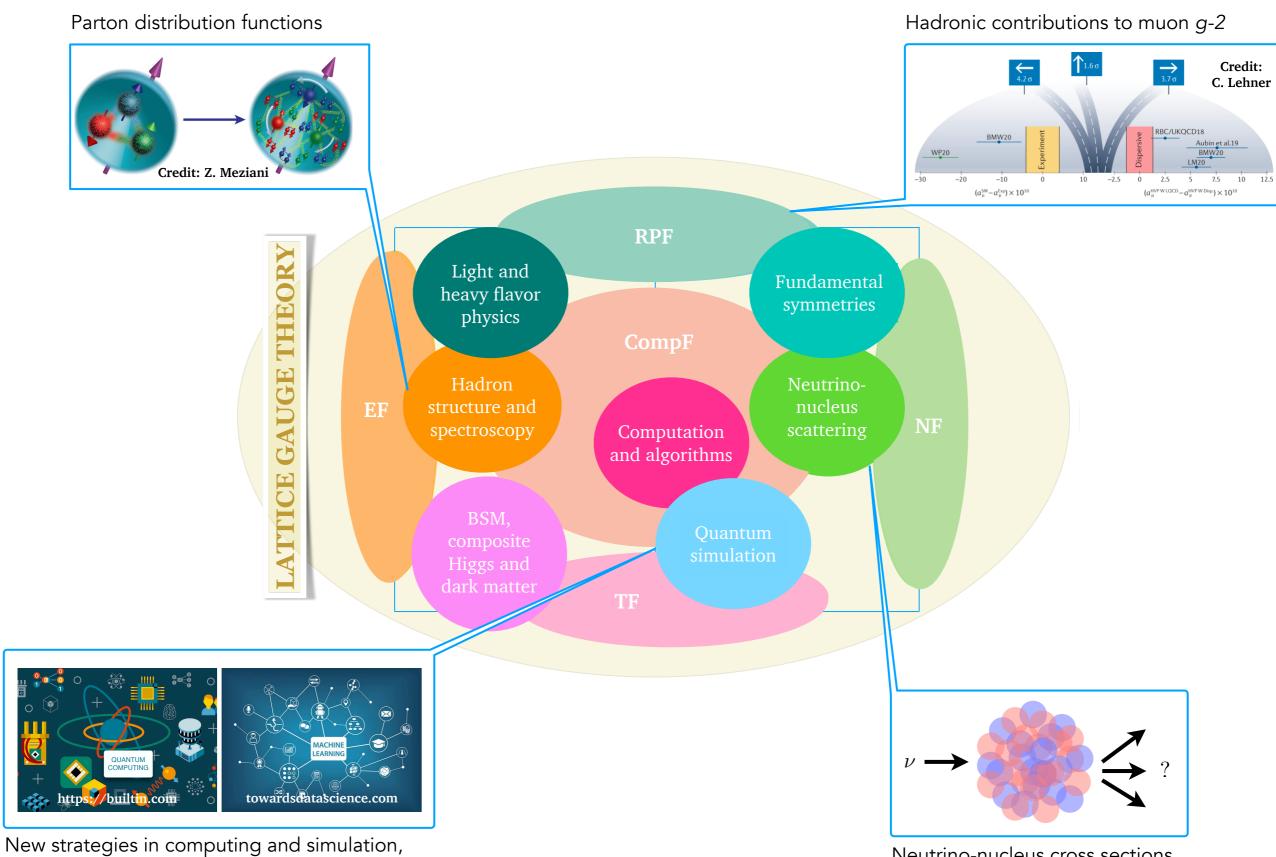
Snowmass Community Summer Study Workshop July 17-26, 2022, University of Washington, Seattle



# LATTICE GAUGE THEORY FOR HEP: OVERVIEW

Zohreh Davoudi University of Maryland, College Park

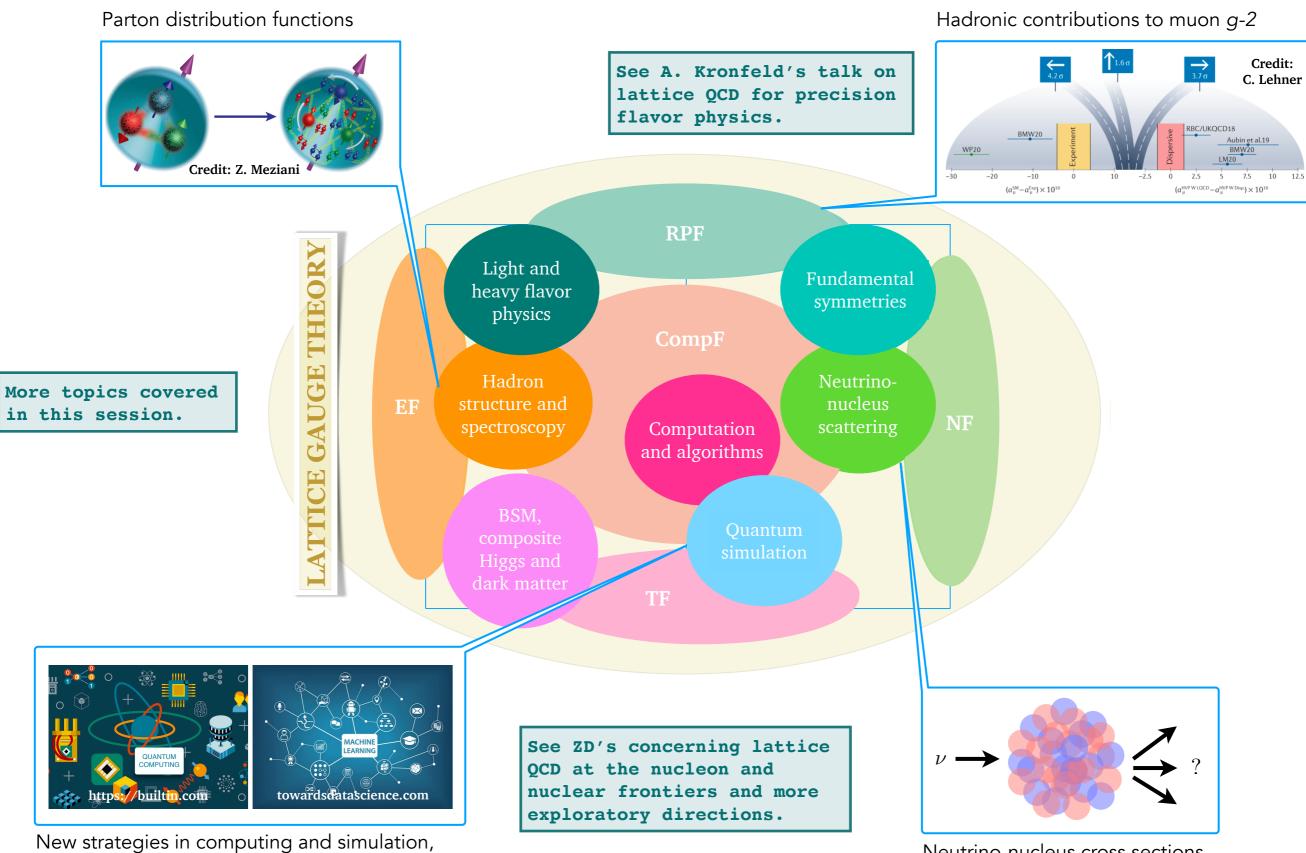
# LATTICE GAUGE THEORY TOUCHES ON ALMOST ALL AREAS OF HEP



e.g., machine learning and quantum computing

Neutrino-nucleus cross sections

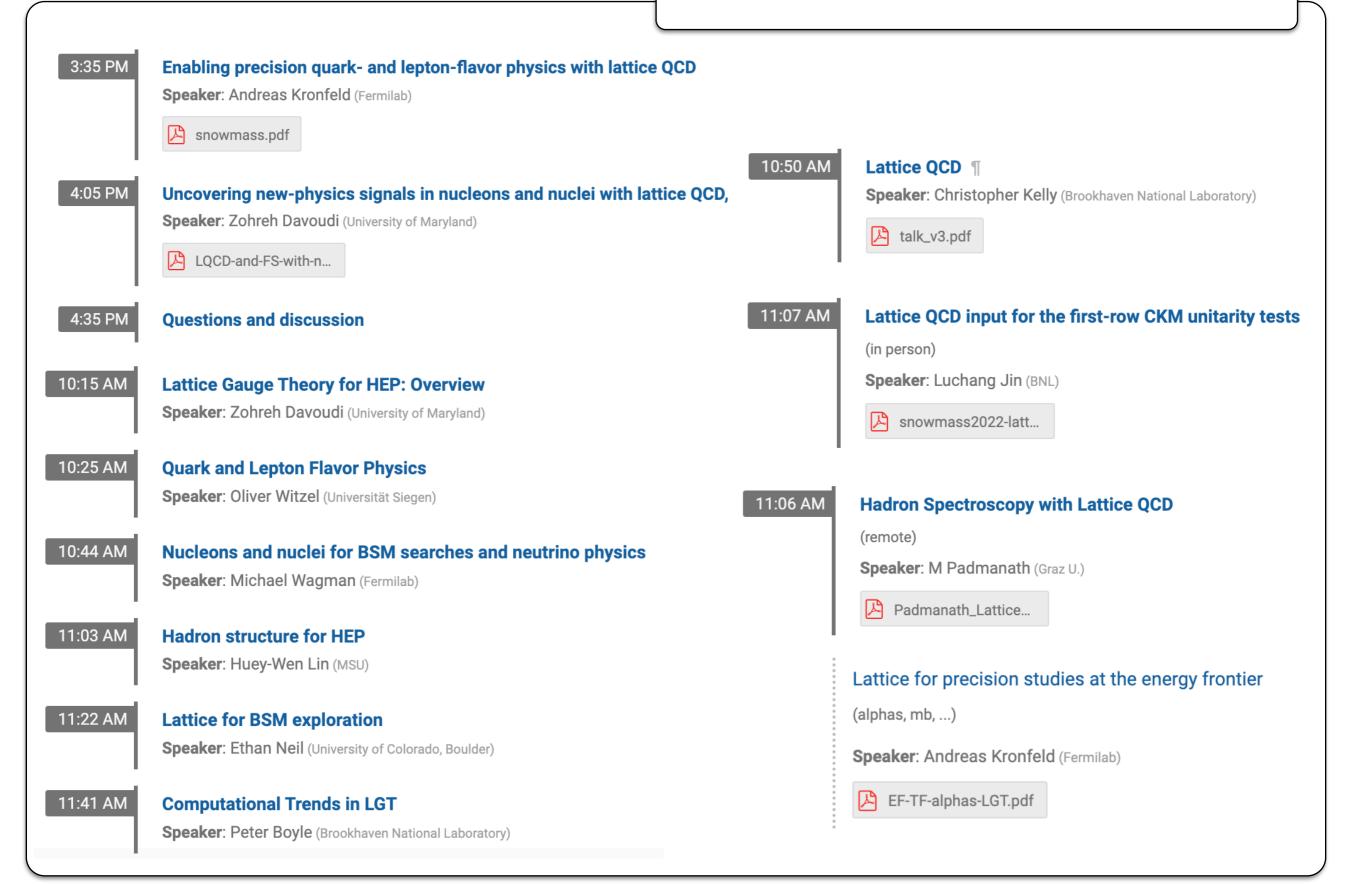
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# LATTICE-QCD TALKS AT THE SEATTLE SNOWMASS SUMMER MEETING 2022



## SNOWMASS AND LATTICE GAUGE THEORY

- LGT is a numerical non-perturbative methods for reliable calculations in strongly-coupled quantum field theories. It provides *ab initio* predictions for processes involving QCD.
- Strong overlap with a number of topics in various frontiers, primarily in **EF, RF, NF, and CompF**, as well as other topical areas in the **TF**.
- Received ~60 LOI as primary or secondary listing and 15+ whitepapers exclusively on the lattice QCD topic or with a large lattice-QCD component.
- A number of workshops and conferences were co-organized by the lattice gauge theorists within the Snowmass process on topics such as rare processes and precision measurements, heavy-flavor physics and CKM matrix elements, and neutrino-nucleus scattering.
- TF05 also organized dedicated sessions and talks at the (virtual) Snowmass Community Planning Meeting in October 2020, at the Theory Frontier Conference at the Kavli Institute for Theoretical Physics in Santa Barbara, CA in February 2022, and at the Snowmass Community Summer Study Workshop at the University of Washington, Seattle, WA in July 2022.

Submitted to the Proceedings of the US Community Study on the Future of Particle Physics (Snowmass 2021)

INFE

# Report of the Snowmass 2021 Topical Group on Lattice Gauge Theory

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<sup>1</sup>Maryland Center for Fundamental Physics and Department of Physics, University of Maryland, College Park, MD 20742, USA <sup>2</sup>Physics Department and RIKEN-BNL Research Center, Brookhaven National Laboratory, Upton, NY 11973, USA <sup>3</sup>Department of Physics, University of Colorado, Boulder, CO 80309, USA

# THE REPORT DRAWS ON A NUMBER OF SNOWMASS WHITEPAPERS...

G. Colangelo et al. Prospects for precise predictions of  $a_{\mu}$  in the Standard Model. In 2022 Snowmass Summer Study, 3 2022.

D. d'Enterria et al. The strong coupling constant: State of the art and the decade ahead. 3 2022.

Thomas Blum et al. Discovering new physics in rare kaon decays. In 2022 Snowmass Summer Study, 3 2022.

L. Alvarez Ruso et al. Theoretical tools for neutrino scattering: interplay between lattice QCD, EFTs, nuclear physics, phenomenology, and neutrino event generators. 3 2022.

Ricardo Alarcon et al. Electric dipole moments and the search for new physics. In 2022 Snowmass Summer Study, 3 2022.

Vincenzo Cirigliano et al. Neutrinoless Double-Beta Decay: A Roadmap for Matching Theory to Experiment. 3 2022.

Martha Constantinou et al. Lattice QCD Calculations of Parton Physics. 2 2022.

John Bulava et al. Hadron Spectroscopy with Lattice QCD. In *2022 Snowmass Summer Study*, 3 2022.

Brian Batell, Matthew Low, Ethan T. Neil, and Christopher B. Verhaaren. Review of Neutral Naturalness. In 2022 Snowmass Summer Study, 3 2022.

Simon Catterall and Joel Giedt. Supersymmetric Lattice Theories: Contribution to Snowmass 2022. 2 2022.

Peter Boyle et al. Lattice QCD and the Computational Frontier. In 2022 Snowmass Summer Study, 3 2022.

Denis Boyda et al. Applications of Machine Learning to Lattice Quantum Field Theory. In 2022 Snowmass Summer Study, 2 2022.

Yannick Meurice, James C. Osborn, Ryo Sakai, Judah Unmuth-Yockey, Simon Catterall, and Rolando D. Somma. Tensor networks for High Energy Physics: contribution to Snowmass 2021. In *2022 Snowmass Summer Study*, 3 2022.

Christian W. Bauer, Zohreh Davoudi, et al. Quantum Simulation for High Energy Physics. 4 2022.

Andreas S. Kronfeld et al. Lattice QCD and Particle Physics. 7 2022.

# AS WELL AS USQCD'S 2019 WHITEPAPERS...

- W. Detmold, R. G. Edwards, J. J. Dudek, M. Engelhardt, H.-W. Lin, S. Meinel, K. Orginos, and P. Shanahan (USQCD), Hadrons and nuclei, Eur. Phys. J. A55, 193 (2019), arXiv:1904.09512 [hep-lat].
- A. Bazavov, F. Karsch, S. Mukherjee, and P. Petreczky (USQCD), Hot-dense lattice QCD, Eur. Phys. J. A55, 194 (2019), arXiv:1904.09951 [hep-lat].
- 3) C. Lehner, S. Meinel, T. Blum, N. H. Christ, A. X. El-Khadra, M. T. Hansen, A. S. Kronfeld, J. Laiho, E. T. Neil, S. R. Sharpe, and R. S. Van de Water (USQCD), Opportunities for lattice QCD in quark and lepton flavor physics, Eur. Phys. J. A55, 195 (2019), arXiv:1904.09479 [hep-lat].
- 4) A. S. Kronfeld, D. G. Richards, W. Detmold, R. Gupta, H.-W. Lin, K.-F. Liu, A. S. Meyer, R. Sufian, and S. Syritsin (USQCD), Lattice QCD and neutrino-nucleus scattering, Eur. Phys. J. A55, 196 (2019), arXiv:1904.09931 [hep-lat].
- 5) V. Cirigliano, Z. Davoudi, T. Bhattacharya, T. Izubuchi, P. E. Shanahan, S. Syritsyn, and M. L. Wagman (USQCD), The role of lattice QCD in searches for violations of fundamental symmetries and signals for new physics, Eur. Phys. J. A55, 197 (2019), arXiv:1904.09704 [hep-lat].
- R. Brower, A. Hasenfratz, E. T. Neil, S. Catterall, G. Fleming, J. Giedt, E. Rinaldi, D. Schaich, E. Weinberg, and O. Witzel (USQCD), Lattice gauge theory for physics beyond the Standard Model, Eur. Phys. J. A55, 198 (2019), arXiv:1904.09964 [hep-lat].
- 7) B. Joó, C. Jung, N. H. Christ, W. Detmold, R. Edwards, M. Savage, and P. Shanahan (USQCD), Status and future perspectives for lattice gauge theory calculations to the exascale and beyond, Eur. Phys. J. A55, 199 (2019), arXiv:1904.09725 [hep-lat].

#### **PHYSICS REACH**

#### Enabling precision quark- and lepton-flavor physics with lattice QCD

- o Muon anomalous magnetic moment and tau decay
- o Quark masses and strong coupling constant
- O Light quark flavor physics
- O Heavy quark flavor physics

#### Uncovering new-physics signals in nucleons and nuclei with lattice

- Neutrino-nucleus scattering for neutrino phenomenology
- Electric dipole moments for CP violation
- Baryon and lepton number/flavor non-conservation
- $\circ$  Precision  $\beta$  decay for searches of new physics
- o QCD calculations for dark matter

#### Elucidating hadron structure and spectrum for high-energy physics

- Parton distribution functions
- o QCD exotica and resonance physics
- o Multi-hadron scattering and interactions

#### Reaching beyond QCD with lattice field theory

- O Strongly-coupled extensions of the Standard Model
- Understanding the theory space of strong dynamics
- Pushing the boundaries of particle theory

## COMPUTING AND ECOSYSTEM

#### Advancing theory and computation

- Advancing standard computational algorithms
- o Machine-learning applications in lattice field theory
- Hamiltonian-simulation methods and quantum computation

#### Strengthening the lattice field theory ecosystem

- Hardware and software requirements and computational needs
- o Community organization and best practices
- Workforce and career development

## SOME KEY MESSAGES

- With an order of magnitude increase in overall computing power over the next decade, **commensurate increases in the computing resources devoted to LGT will be necessary** to ensure that the goals of the program can be achieved. Further innovations in computing algorithms and physics methods will also be necessary.
- Investment in a diverse human resource with various skillsets in theory, algorithm, high-performance computing, and numerical analysis is key.
- Need to keep up with ever-changing computing software and hardware architecture including machine learning and quantum computing.
- Supporting dedicated programs for software development and hardware integration will continue to be critical over the next decade.
- Should continue **engaging with the theoretical and experimental communities** to increase impact and relevance of the computation.
- Need to ensure that the **trained workforce will be retained** in the program, e.g., by creating permanent positions, so that the continuity of the long-term projects will not be disrupted.

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Have we missed an important message?

Please share with us your feedback on the report (best if received by late July).

Links: <u>Draft report</u> and <u>GoogleForm</u> for comments