

Impact of SCE on Reconstructed π^0 Mass

Michael Mooney
Colorado State University

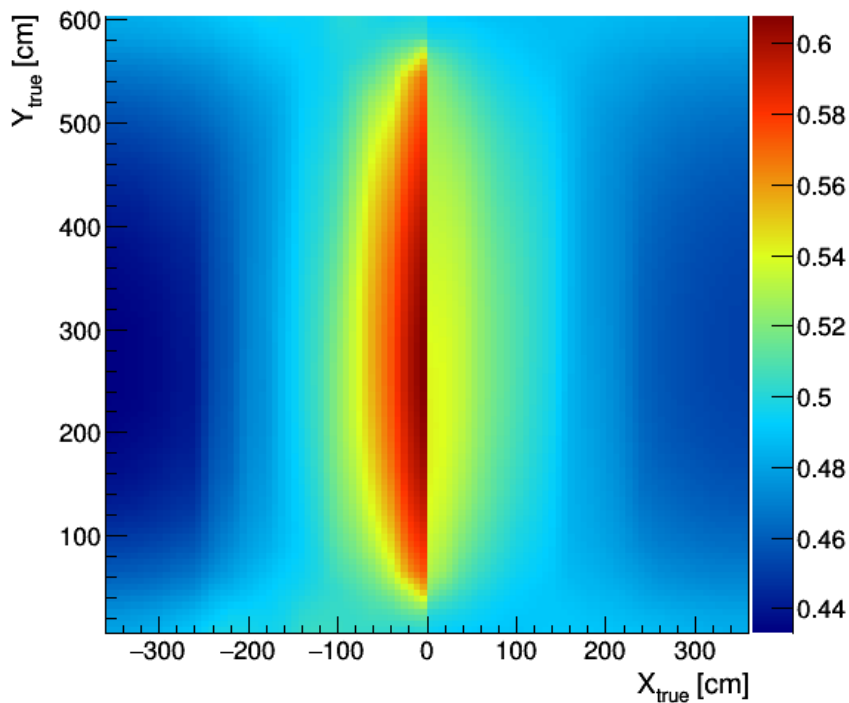
ProtoDUNE EM Shower Task Force Meeting

November 14th, 2019

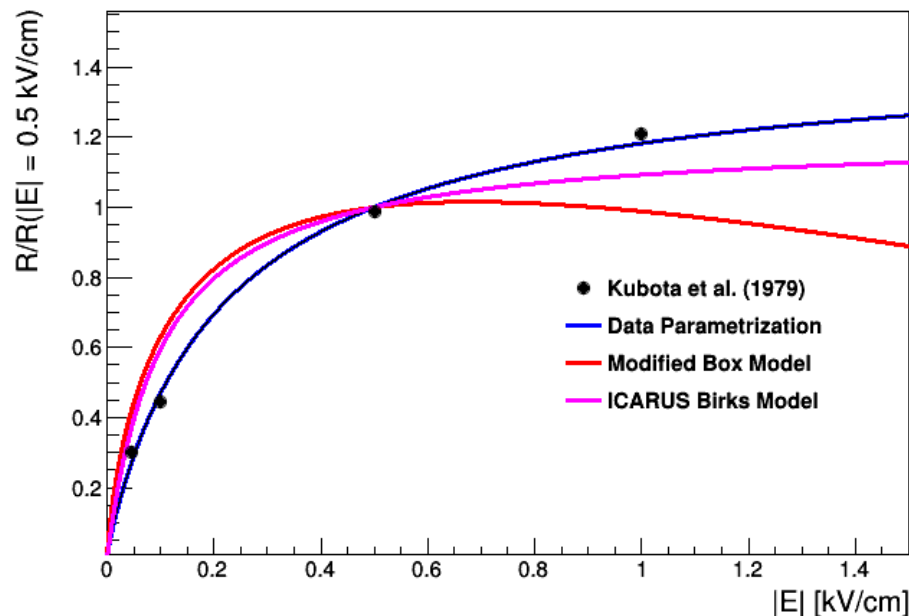
- ◆ Two space charge effect (SCE) corrections should be made to our π^0 events:
 - Spatial correction: impacts angles of photons (thus π^0 opening angle), photon dE/dx
 - E field correction: impacts photon energy (through recombination)
- ◆ Explore potential recombination models we might want to use in π^0 analysis
 - Different implications for EM shower energy scale
- ◆ Also discuss first studies of impact of SCE on reco. π^0 mass
 - Assumes we are using knowledge of π^0 decay point and photon shower start points to determine opening angle (should give best mass resolution)

- ◆ Making use of a sample of roughly 2300 π^0 events (from beam π^+ interactions), including location of π^0 decay, location of each photon interaction start point, and energy of each photon
 - Select only candidates with exactly two photon daughters
- ◆ Reconstruct π^0 mass for four cases:
 - No SCE simulation included
 - Only E field SCE simulation included (impacts photon energies)
 - Only Spatial SCE simulation included (impacts opening angle)
 - Full SCE simulation included (impacts both)
- ◆ Repeat above study for three different recombination models:
 - Modified box model
 - ICARUS Birks model
 - Scaling from Kubota data (charge yield from ~ 1 MeV beta decays)

$|E|$ [kV/cm]: $Z_{\text{true}} = 348$ cm

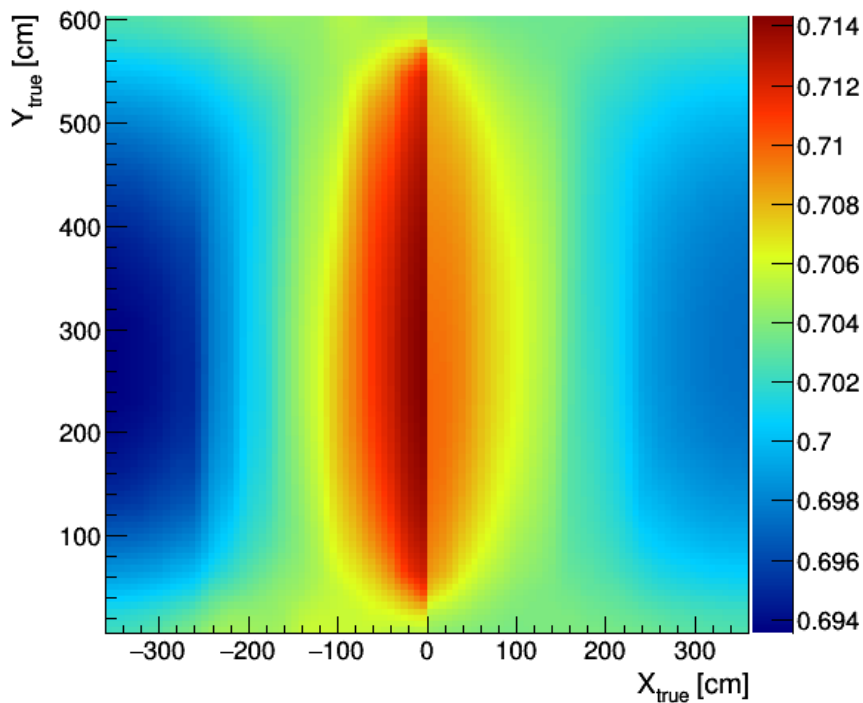


Recombination from MIPs in LAr vs. Drift Field Strength

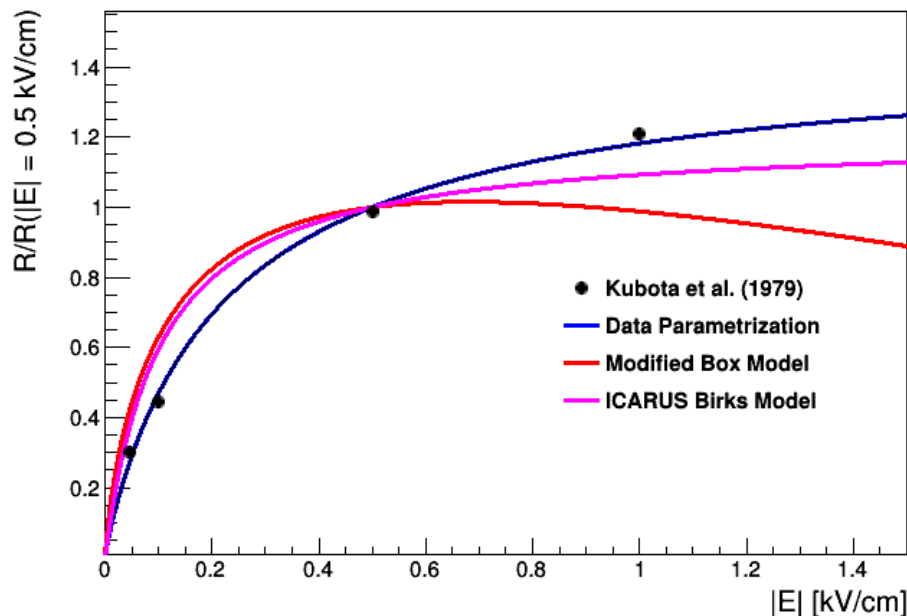


- ◆ Can both simulate and correct for impact of E field through recombination → impacts charge/energy scale
 - However... which recombination model to use?
 - Complicated question... use different models for different parts of shower, based on topology?

Recomb. Factor: $Z_{\text{true}} = 348$ cm

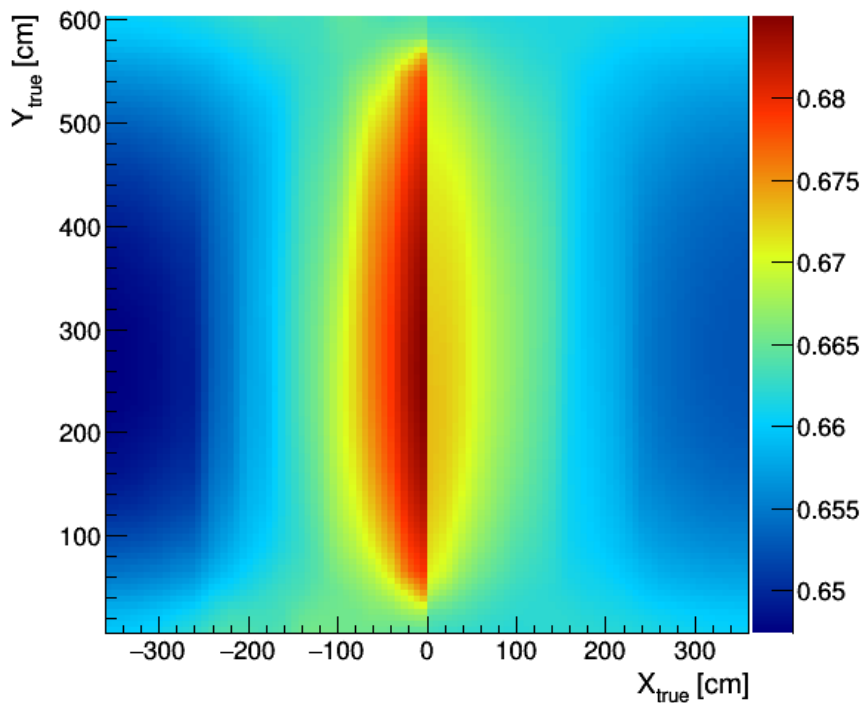


Recombination from MIPs in LAr vs. Drift Field Strength

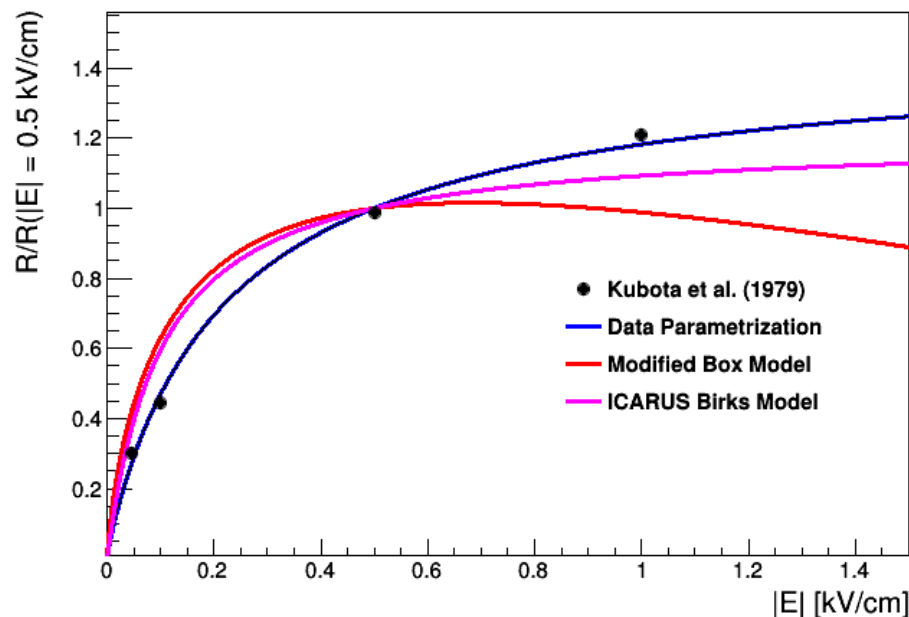


- ◆ Can both simulate and correct for impact of E field through recombination → impacts charge/energy scale
 - However... which recombination model to use?
 - Complicated question... use different models for different parts of shower, based on topology?

Recomb. Factor: $Z_{\text{true}} = 348 \text{ cm}$

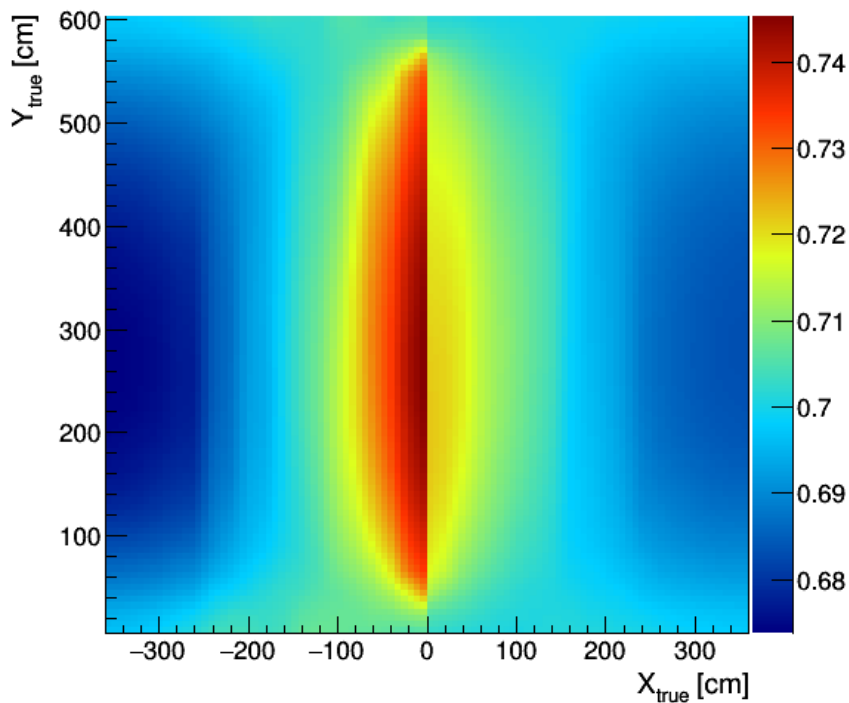


Recombination from MIPs in LAr vs. Drift Field Strength

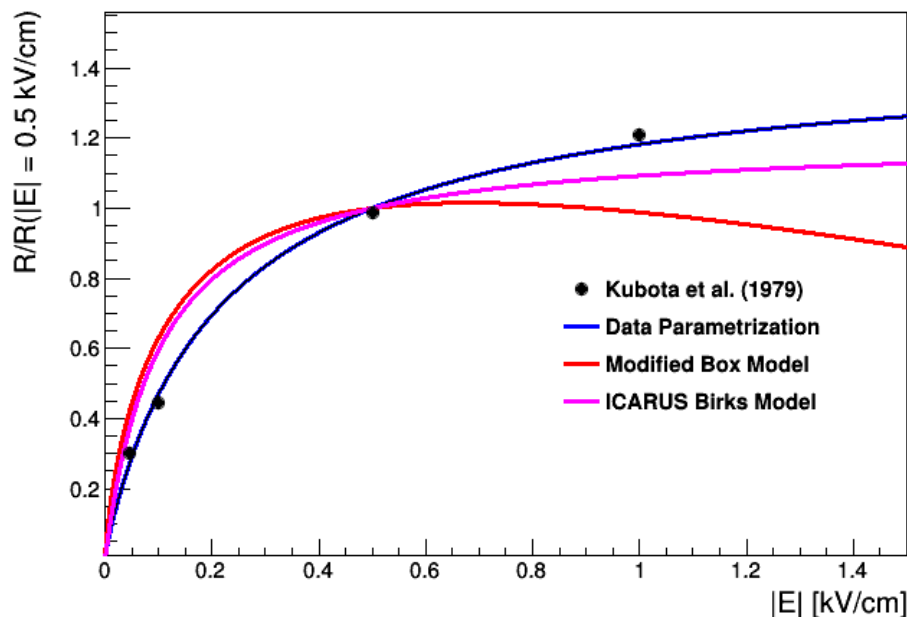


- ◆ Can both simulate and correct for impact of E field through recombination → impacts charge/energy scale
 - However... which recombination model to use?
 - Complicated question... use different models for different parts of shower, based on topology?

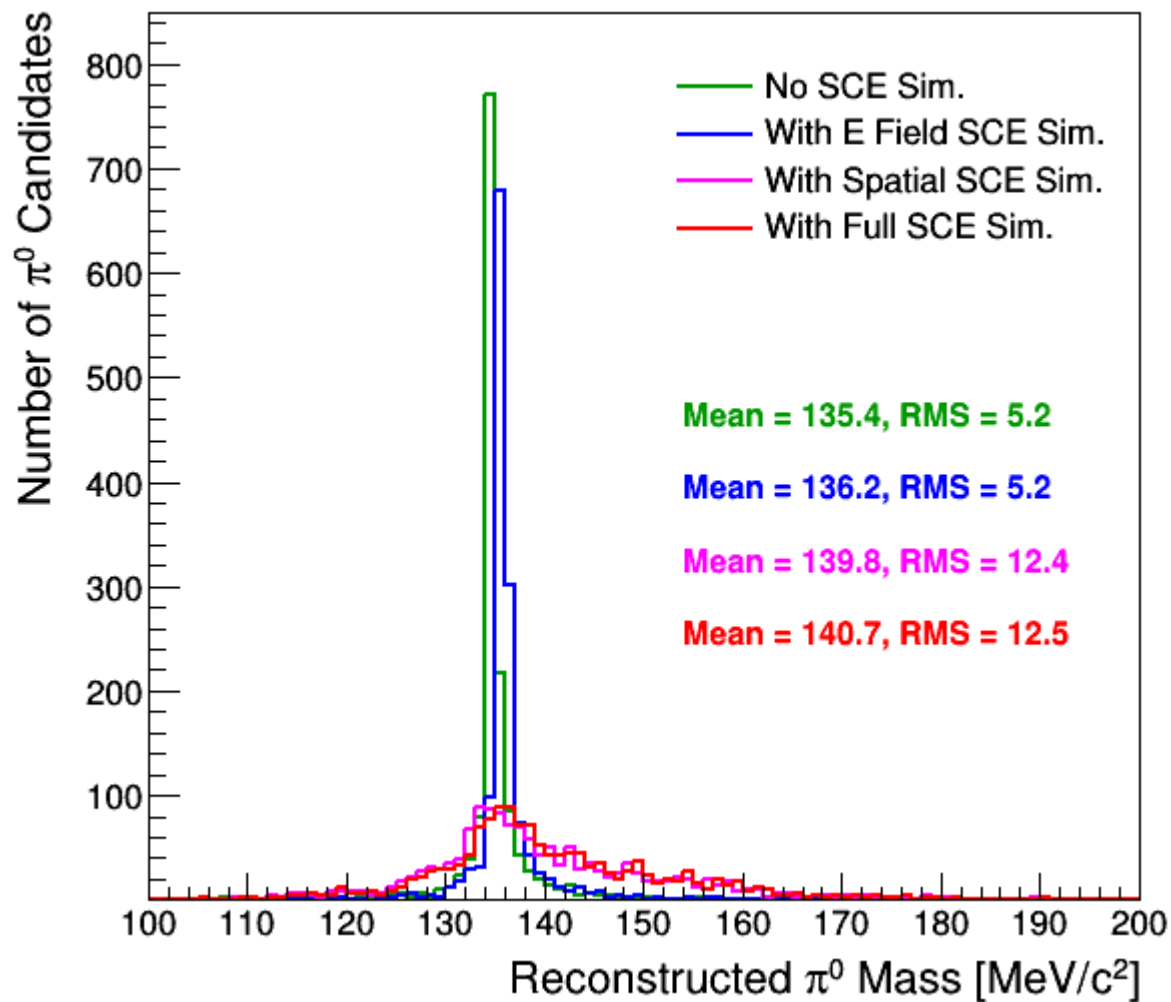
Recomb. Factor: $Z_{\text{true}} = 348$ cm



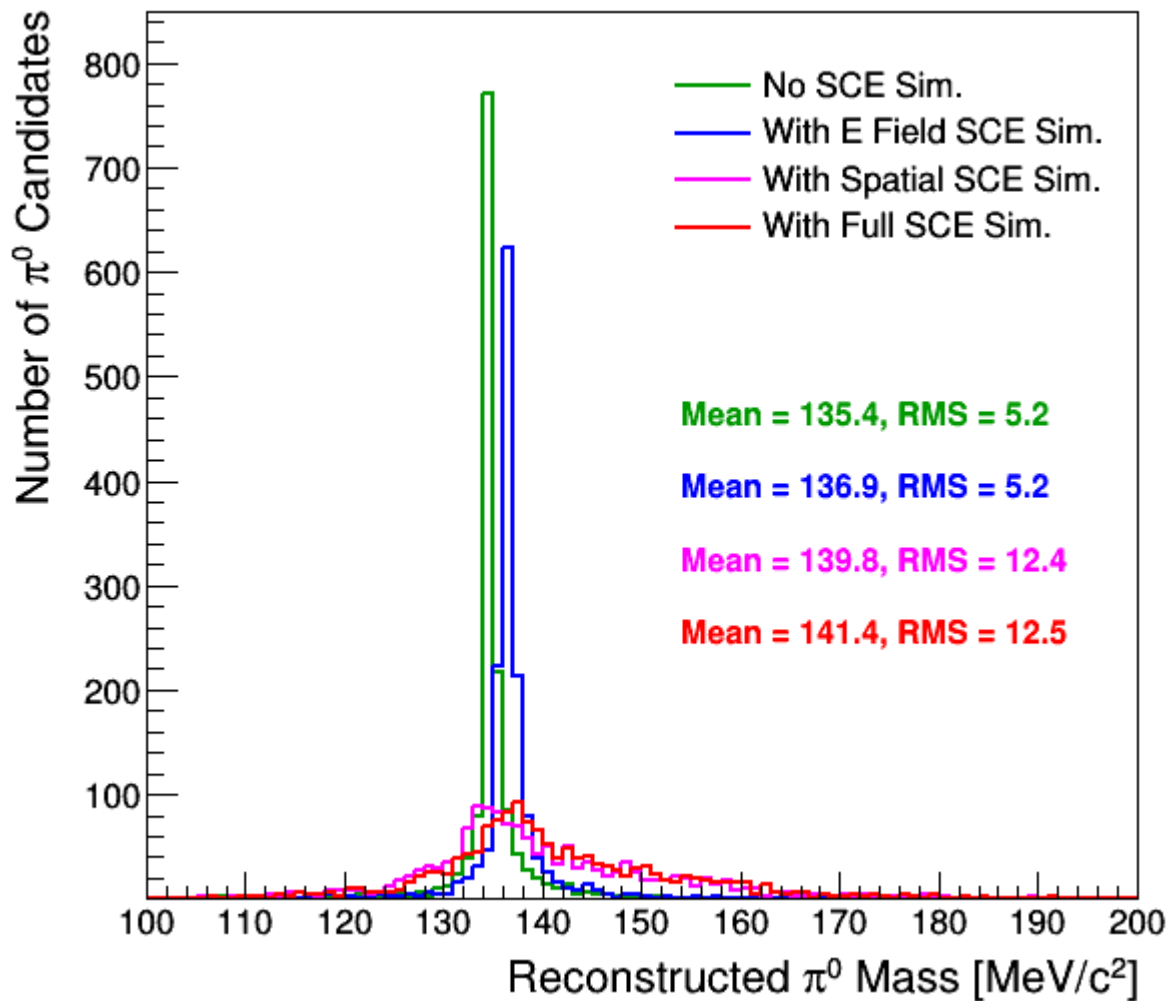
Recombination from MIPs in LAr vs. Drift Field Strength



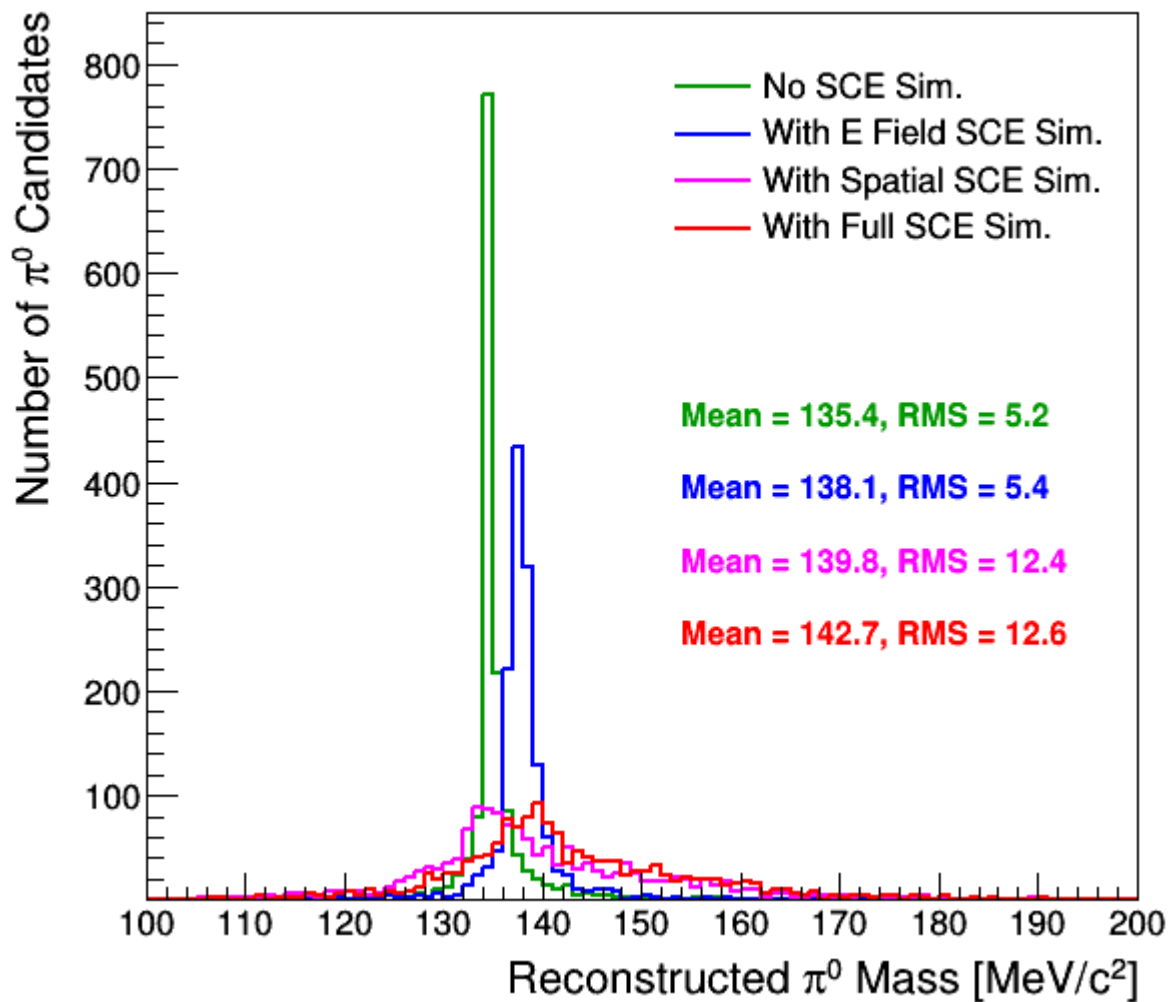
- ◆ Can both simulate and correct for impact of E field through recombination → impacts charge/energy scale
 - However... which recombination model to use?
 - Complicated question... use different models for different parts of shower, based on topology?



Results: ICARUS Birks Model

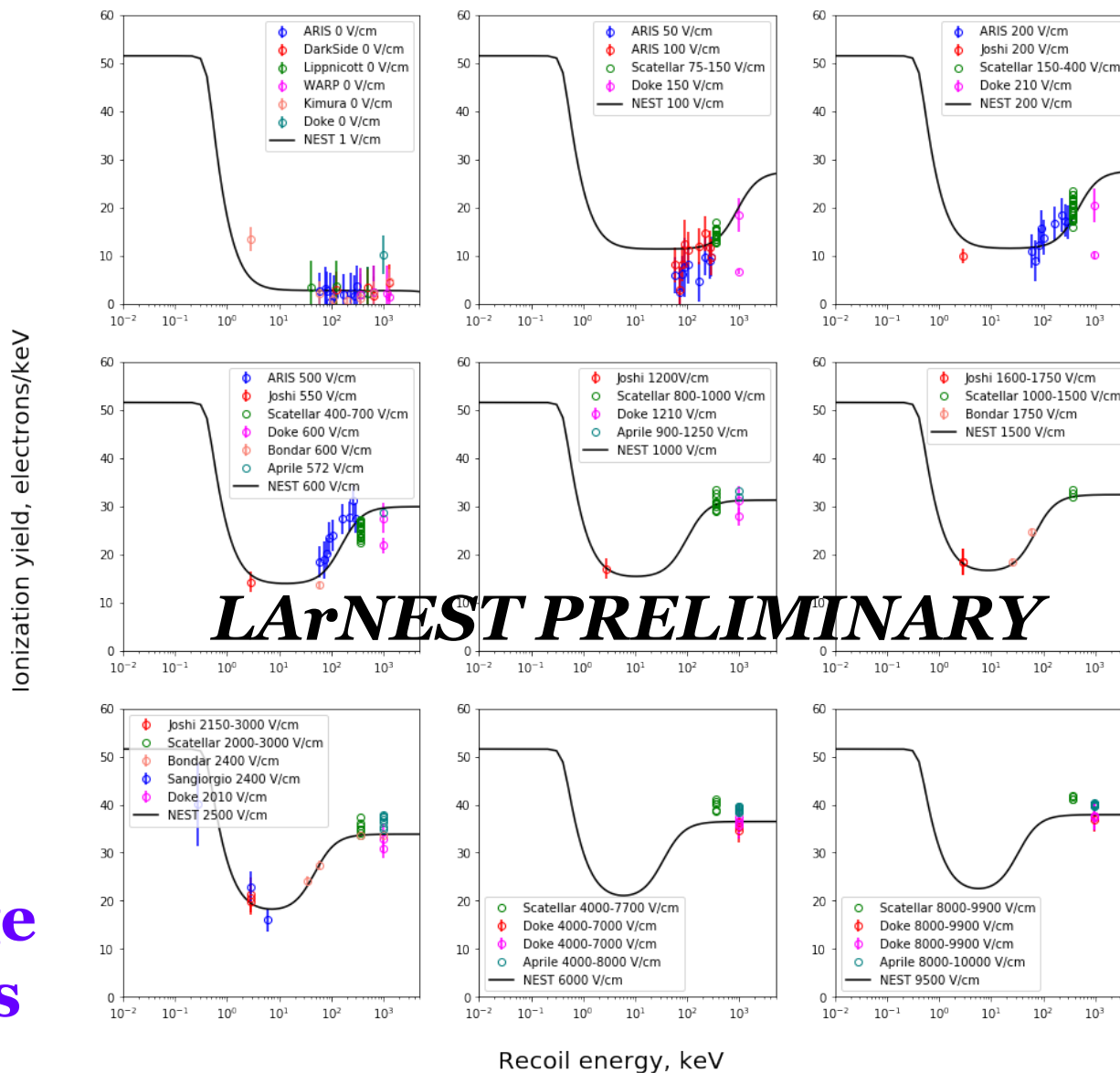


Results: Kubota Scaling



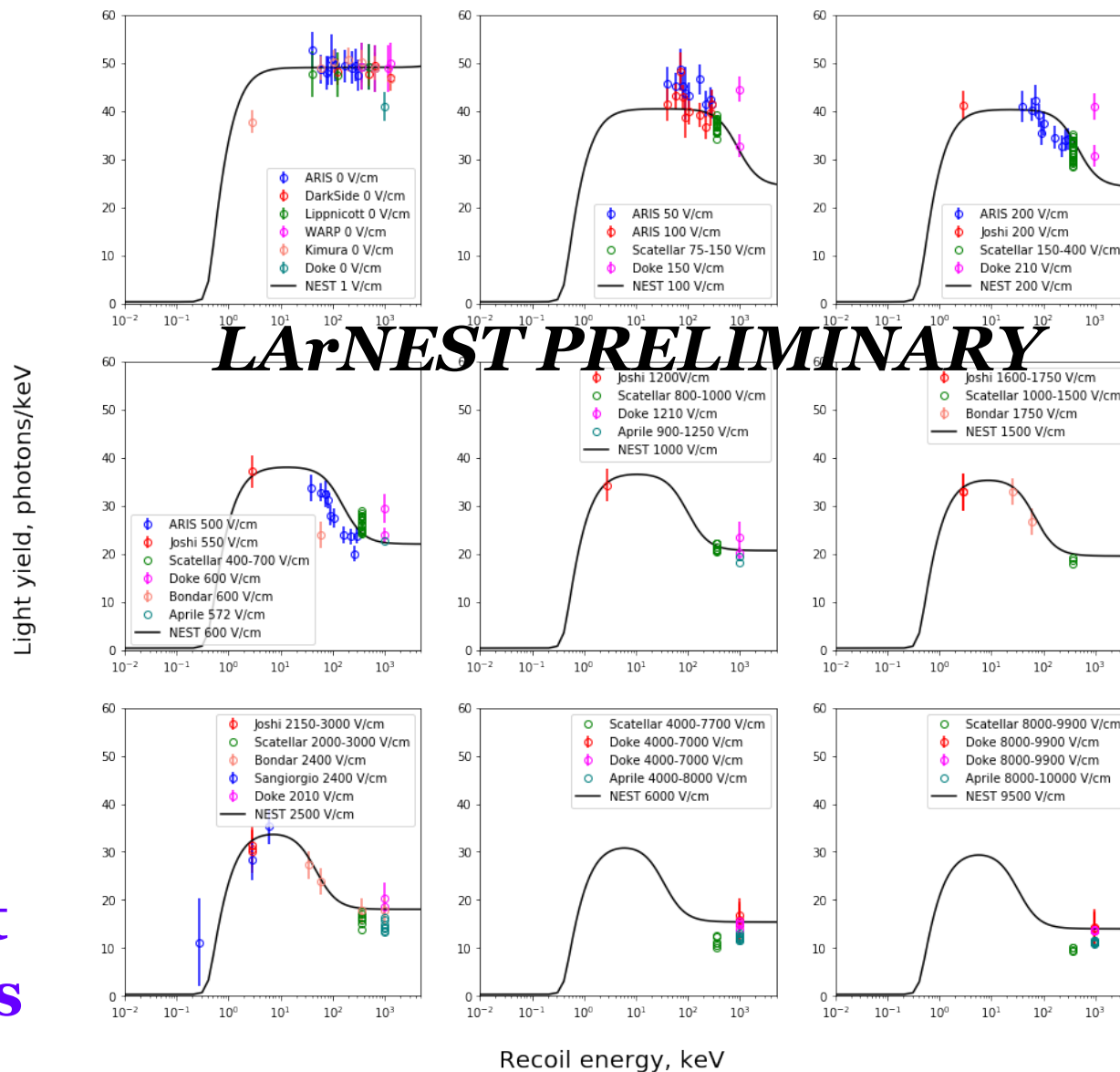
- ◆ Kubota dataset uses ~ 1 MeV electrons – is non-MIP-like nature of low-energy electrons contributing to discrepancy?
- ◆ **LArNEST** (LAr Noble Element Simulation Technique) developing ionization/scintillation model using “electron recoil” data at various energies and electric fields
 - Would account for non-MIP-like features with energy dependence, which can be translated to a dE/dx dependence
 - If different microphysics at play for EM showers, this model would be more appropriate to use (informed by measurements made actually using electrons/gammas)
- ◆ LArNEST being developed by CSU grad. student Justin Mueller
- ◆ Some preliminary LArNEST fit results on following slides

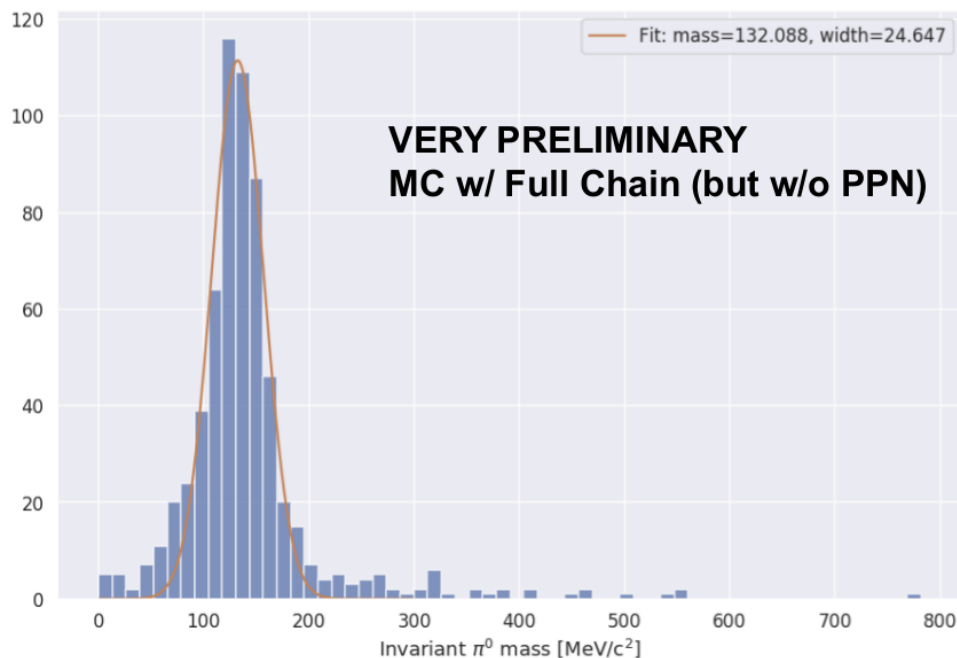
**J. Mueller,
E. Kozlova**



**Charge
Yields**

J. Mueller,
E. Kozlova

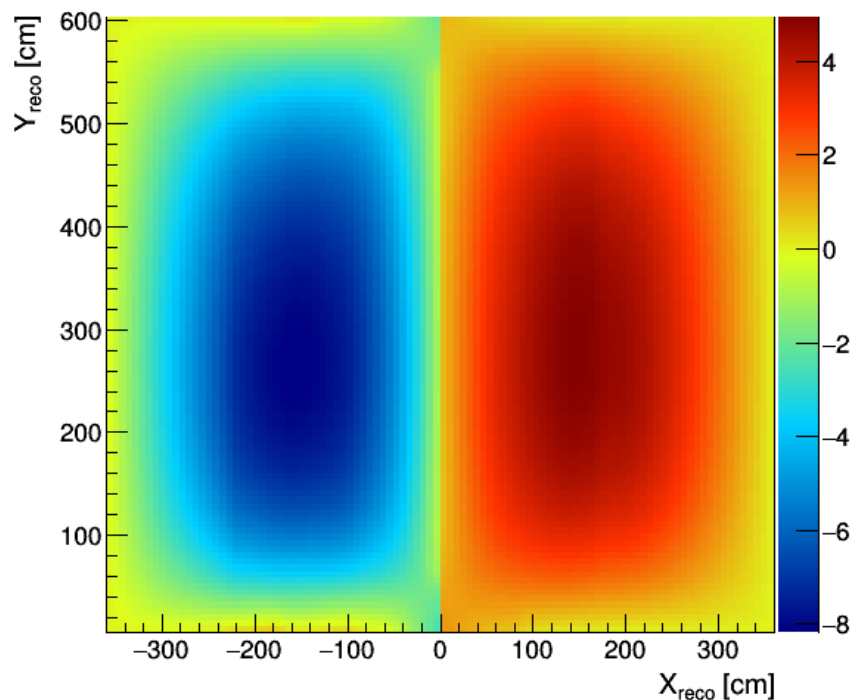




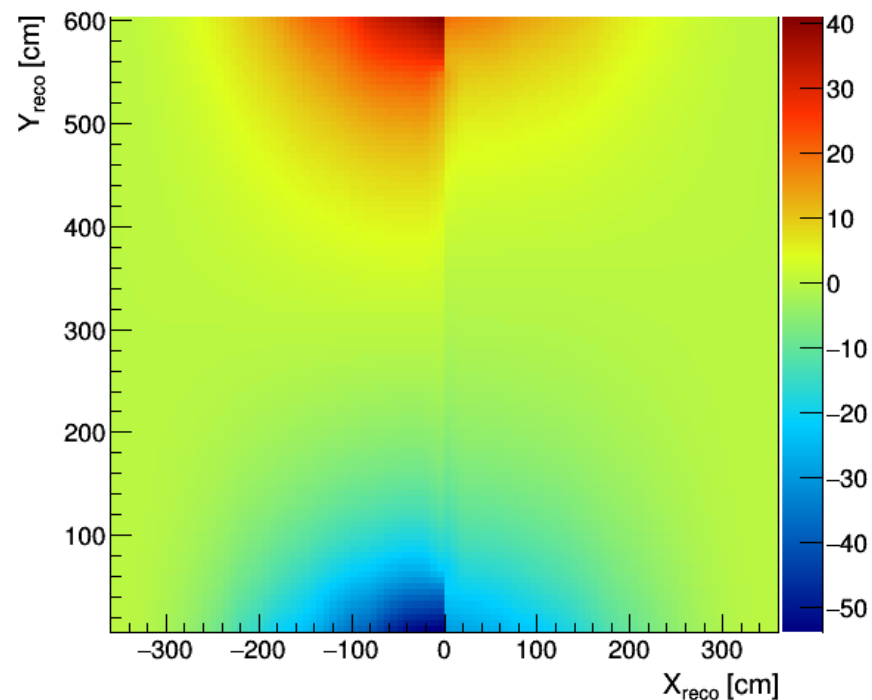
- ◆ Impact of SCE non-negligible compared to reco. smearing (see above for previous ML result for reconstructed π^0 mass in MC)
- ◆ Spatial SCE impact more important; E field SCE impact becomes more important for certain recombination models (ICARUS Birks model, measurements with beta decays)
- ◆ Use LArNEST For electron/photon shower recomb. model?

BACKUP SLIDES

Calib. ΔX [cm]: $Z_{\text{true}} = 348$ cm



Calib. ΔY [cm]: $Z_{\text{true}} = 348$ cm



- ◆ Can correct position of 3D points using SCE corrections
 - Do this and recalculate photon angles, Needed to improve matching of photon pairs to vertex