



1

## Exploring Different Recombination Models @ ProtoDUNE-SP

**Michael Mooney** Colorado State University

ProtoDUNE Sim/Reco Meeting November 20<sup>th</sup>, 2019



### Introduction



- Different LAr recombination models have been created using measurements at different experiments
  - **ICARUS**: "ICARUS Birks Model" (studies at 200-500 V/cm)
  - **ArgoNeuT**: "Modified Box Model" (studies at ~500 V/cm)
- These models include both dE/dx dependence and electric field dependence
- However, they were built using muons (ICARUS) or protons/deuterons (ArgoNeuT)
  - Should these models be used for **electron/photon showers** that are used in our analyses?
- Also, some differences between ICARUS Birks Model and Modified Box Model at our electric field
- Discuss implications for our systematic uncertainties today



### **Studies at ICARUS**





- ICARUS previously noticed discrepancy at lower electric fields between their measurement with muons and other measurements made with O(MeV) electrons
  - Due to non-MIP like nature of electrons at < 100 keV?
  - Due to **different microphysics** for muons? e.g. delta rays



Colorado Colorado

Recombination from MIPs in LAr vs. Drift Field Strength

Recombination from MIPs in LAr vs. Drift Field Strength



- Found Scalettar and Aprile datasets compare to ICARUS Birks Model and Modified Box Model (dE/dx = 2.1 MeV/cm)
- Noticeable differences between electrons and muons
- Also, disagreement between ICARUS Birks Model and Modified Box Model at our electric field – O(10%)!
  - Strange behavior of Modified Box Model at high E field ... ?





Recombination from HIPs in LAr vs. Drift Field Strength

Recombination from HIPs in LAr vs. Drift Field Strength



- Also compare ICARUS Birks Model and Modified Box Model for HIPs (taken as double MIP dE/dx, so 4.2 MeV/cm)
- Still disagreement between ICARUS Birks Model and Modified Box Model at our electric field – also O(10%)
- We normalize our energy scale using muons at high residual range (MIPs) so we mostly care about MIP-HIP differences





- Compare models for MIPs and HIPs (Scalettar data for electrons for now, as more points at lower E fields), using ProtoDUNE-SP E field of 486.7 V/cm
  - MIPs: 0.58 (Scalettar), 0.661 (ICARUS), 0.703 (Mod. Box)
  - HIPs: 0.564 (ICARUS), 0.616 (Mod. Box)
- ◆ <u>Aside</u>: also compare for MicroBooNE, with 273.9 V/cm:
  - MIPs: 0.48 (Scalettar), 0.583 (ICARUS), 0.635 (Mod. Box)
  - HIPs: 0.458 (ICARUS), 0.507 (Mod. Box)
- Normalize energy scale using MIPs (high residual range muons) so mostly care about relative MIP/HIP impact
  - If believe normalization scheme moves us to ICARUS working point, residual bias on HIPs would be ~3% overestimate of HIP dE/dx
- But what about electrons? Data says something very different!





- Scalettar dataset uses 364 keV electrons, Aprile dataset 976 keV electrons is non-MIP-like nature of low-energy electrons contributing to discrepancy?
- ArNEST (Ar Noble Element Simulation Technique) developing ionization/scintillation model using "electron recoil" data at various energies and electric fields
  - Would account for non-MIP-like features with energy dependence, which can be translated to a dE/dx dependence
  - If different microphysics at play for electrons, this model would be more appropriate to use (informed by measurements made actually using electrons)
- ArNEST being developed by CSU grad. student Justin Mueller
- Some preliminary ArNEST fit results on following slides



#### Prelim. ArNEST Fit Results





#### J. Mueller, E. Kozlova

onization yield, electrons/keV

#### Charge Yields

Recoil energy, keV



#### Prelim. ArNEST Fit Results





#### J. Mueller, E. Kozlova

-ight yield, photons/keV

#### Light Yields

Recoil energy, keV



- Two space charge effect (SCE) corrections should be made to our π<sup>o</sup> events:
  - Spatial correction: impacts angles of photons (thus  $\pi^{o}$  opening angle), photon dE/dx
  - E field correction: impacts photon energy (through recombination)
- Explore <u>different recombination models</u> we might want to use in π<sup>o</sup> analysis
  - Different implications for EM shower energy scale
- Also discuss first studies of impact of SCE on reco.  $\pi^{o}$  mass
  - Assumes we are using knowledge of  $\pi^{\circ}$  decay point and photon shower start points to determine opening angle (should give best mass resolution)







- Making use of a sample of roughly 2300 π° events (from beam π<sup>+</sup> interactions), including location of π° decay, location of each photon interaction start point, and energy of each photon
  - Select only candidates with exactly two photon daughters
- Reconstruct  $\pi^{o}$  mass for four cases:
  - No SCE simulation included
  - Only E field SCE simulation included (impacts photon energies)
  - Only Spatial SCE simulation included (impacts opening angle)
  - Full SCE simulation included (impacts both)
- Repeat above study for three different recombination models:
  - Modified box model
  - ICARUS Birks model
  - Scaling from Kubota data (charge yield from ~1 MeV beta decays)



### **E Field SCE Corrections**





- ◆ Can both simulate and correct for impact of E field through recombination → impacts charge/energy scale
  - However... which recombination model to use?
  - Complicated question... use different models for different parts of shower, based on topology?



### **Modified Box Model**





- Can both simulate and correct for impact of E field through recombination → impacts charge/energy scale
  - However... which recombination model to use?
  - Complicated question... use different models for different parts of shower, based on topology?



#### **ICARUS Birks Model**





- ◆ Can both simulate and correct for impact of E field through recombination → impacts charge/energy scale
  - However... which recombination model to use?
  - Complicated question... use different models for different parts of shower, based on topology?

# Mod. Box w/ Kubota Scaling





- ◆ Can both simulate and correct for impact of E field through recombination → impacts charge/energy scale
  - However... which recombination model to use?
  - Complicated question... use different models for different parts of shower, based on topology?



#### Results: Mod. Box Model











### **Results:** Kubota Scaling







### Discussion



- Different recombination models make predictions that vary by up to 10% in predicted MIP, HIP free charge scale
  - Given how we determine energy scale using muons in data, MIP/HIP ratio most important → difference of **3%** comparing Birks, Box models
- Low-energy electron data suggests story could be much different for electrons → <u>study in ProtoDUNE-SP using data!</u>
  - Use beam electrons,  $\pi^{0}$  photons, Michels, and <sup>39</sup>Ar beta decays
- Use ArNEST For electron/photon shower recomb. model?
  - Preliminary version soon (end of year) available for us to study and compare to electron/photon measurements w/ data
- As a case study, impact of SCE non-negligible to π<sup>o</sup> analysis, and different impact for different recombination model choice
  - Spatial SCE impact more important in general
  - E field SCE impact becomes more important for certain recombination models (ICARUS Birks model, measurements with beta decays)





# BACKUP SLIDES