Search for a Higgs Portal scalar boson decaying to e⁺e⁻ in MicroBooNE



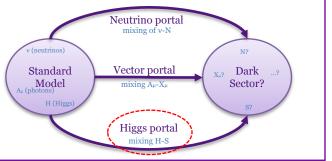
Pawel Guzowski (The University of Manchester) on behalf of the MicroBooNE collaboration

The Higgs Portal model

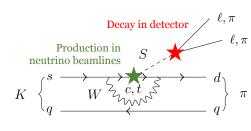
New dark sector scalar S mixes with the Higgs boson

S acquires coupling to the Standard Model fermions via the Higgs Yukawa coupling

Two model parameters: mixing angle θ , and scalar mass



Production and decay of scalars



Can be produced in kaon decays via penguin diagram

Scalars travel a macroscopic distance – hundreds of meters

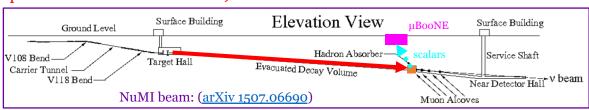
Decay to electron-positron pairs (for masses below the

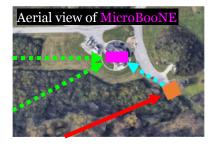
Decay to electron-positron pairs (for masses below the di-muon threshold)

More info in Batell, Berger, Ismail, Phys Rev D 100, 115039 (2019)

Signature of Higgs Portal scalars in MicroBooNE

We utilize kaons decaying at rest in the NuMI hadron absorber (stops remnant protons & mesons in beamline)





Scalars coming from direction of hadron absorber have an 'opposite' direction to typical neutrino interactions in MicroBooNE

Search for large-opening-angle events pointing towards the absorber



Reconstruction and selection

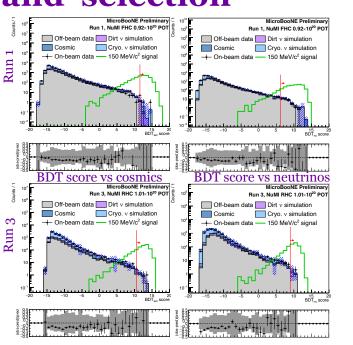
We are using only 8% of the available NuMI dataset for this first search

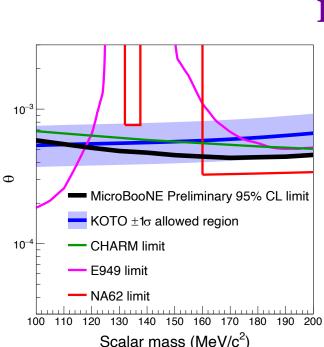
Using <u>Pandora</u> reconstruction, search for pairs of reconstructed objects

Geometrical based selection e.g. angles, lengths – no calorimetric or PID info used for this first analysis

Four Boosted Decision Trees trained to discriminate signal decays from background (cosmic or neutrino) across two run periods ('Run 1' and 'Run 3')

Two-dimensional BDT cuts are chosen to maximize sensitivity





Results

We observe 5 events in signal region after BDT cuts, consistent with background expectation of 2.0±0.8

➤ All 5 are visually consistent with backgrounds, e.g. stopping muons with decay electrons; three-prong neutrino interactions; photon+proton production

We set a competitive limit in the 120—160 MeV/c^2 scalar mass range

We can exclude at 95%CL the remaining central value model parameters required to explain the KOTO anomalous excess of $K_L \rightarrow \pi^o + invisible$ decays

More info: MICROBOONE-NOTE-1092-PUB
See also the ICHEP talk: YouTube link (@4h3om)

















