

# Neutrinos, the Standard Model, and the LHC

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# Standard Model

	SU(3)	SU(2)	U(1) <sub>Y</sub>
$Q_L^i = \left( \begin{matrix} u_L \\ d_L \end{matrix} \right), \left( \begin{matrix} c_L \\ s_L \end{matrix} \right), \left( \begin{matrix} t_L \\ b_L \end{matrix} \right)$	3	2	1/6
$u_R^i = u_R, c_R, t_R$	3	1	2/3
$d_R^i = d_R, s_R, b_R$	3	1	-1/3
$L_L^i = \left( \begin{matrix} \nu_{eL} \\ e_L \end{matrix} \right), \left( \begin{matrix} \nu_{\mu L} \\ \mu_L \end{matrix} \right), \left( \begin{matrix} \nu_{\tau L} \\ \tau_L \end{matrix} \right)$	1	2	-1/2
$e_R^i = e_R, \mu_R, \tau_R$	1	1	-1
$\phi = \left( \begin{matrix} \phi^+ \\ \phi^0 \end{matrix} \right)$	1	2	1/2

# Standard Model

$$L = -\frac{1}{4} F^{\mu\nu} F_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{4} G^{A\mu\nu} G_{\mu\nu}^A - \frac{1}{4} W^{A\mu\nu} W_{\mu\nu}^A$$

Gauge

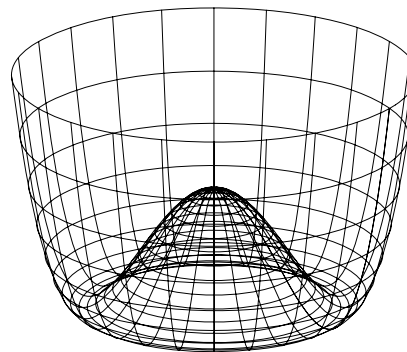
# Standard Model

$$L = -\frac{1}{4} F^{\mu\nu} F_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{4} G^{A\mu\nu} G_{\mu\nu}^A - \frac{1}{4} W^{A\mu\nu} W_{\mu\nu}^A \quad \text{Gauge}$$
$$+ i\bar{Q}_L^i \mathcal{D}Q_L^i + i\bar{u}_R^i \mathcal{D}u_R^i + i\bar{d}_R^i \mathcal{D}d_R^i + i\bar{L}_L^i \mathcal{D}L_L^i + i\bar{e}_R^i \mathcal{D}e_R^i \quad \text{Matter}$$

# Standard Model

$$L = -\frac{1}{4} F^{\mu\nu} F_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{4} G^{A\mu\nu} G_{\mu\nu}^A - \frac{1}{4} W^{A\mu\nu} W_{\mu\nu}^A \quad \text{Gauge}$$
$$+ i\bar{Q}_L^i \mathcal{D}Q_L^i + i\bar{u}_R^i \mathcal{D}u_R^i + i\bar{d}_R^i \mathcal{D}d_R^i + i\bar{L}_L^i \mathcal{D}L_L^i + i\bar{e}_R^i \mathcal{D}e_R^i \quad \text{Matter}$$

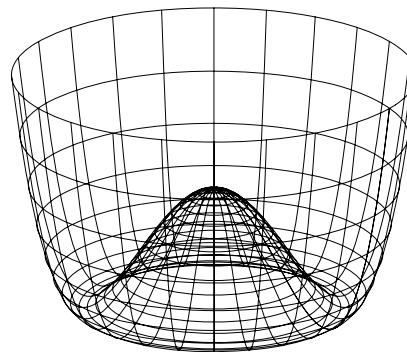
$$+ (D^\mu \phi)^\dagger D_\mu \phi + \mu^2 \phi^\dagger \phi - \lambda (\phi^\dagger \phi)^2 \quad \text{Higgs}$$



$$\langle \phi^0 \rangle = \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}}$$

# Standard Model

$$\begin{aligned}
 L = & -\frac{1}{4} F^{\mu\nu} F_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{4} G^{A\mu\nu} G_{\mu\nu}^A - \frac{1}{4} W^{A\mu\nu} W_{\mu\nu}^A && \text{Gauge} \\
 & + i\bar{Q}_L^i \not{D} Q_L^i + i\bar{u}_R^i \not{D} u_R^i + i\bar{d}_R^i \not{D} d_R^i + i\bar{L}_L^i \not{D} L_L^i + i\bar{e}_R^i \not{D} e_R^i && \text{Matter} \\
 & - \Gamma_u^{ij} \bar{Q}_L^i \epsilon \phi^* u_R^j - \Gamma_d^{ij} \bar{Q}_L^i \phi d_R^j - \Gamma_e^{ij} \bar{L}_L^i \phi e_R^j + h.c. && \text{Yukawa} \\
 & + (D^\mu \phi)^\dagger D_\mu \phi + \mu^2 \phi^\dagger \phi - \lambda (\phi^\dagger \phi)^2 && \text{Higgs}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\langle \phi^0 \rangle = \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}}$$

# Standard Model

- Quantum Field Theory

- Most general Lagrangian consistent with gauge symmetry

- Chiral gauge theory

$$\psi_{L,R} = \frac{1 \mp \gamma_5}{2} \psi$$

- No  $V_R^i = V_{eR}, V_{\mu R}, V_{\tau R}$  (Why?)

- Accidental global symmetries

- Baryon number **B**

- Lepton number **L**

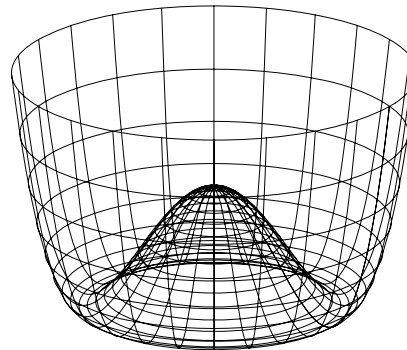
# Standard Model

	SU(3)	SU(2)	U(1) <sub>Y</sub>	U(1) <sub>B</sub>	U(1) <sub>L</sub>
$Q_L^i$	3	2	1/6	1/3	0
$u_R^i$	3	1	2/3	1/3	0
$d_R^i$	3	1	-1/3	1/3	0
$L_L^i$	1	2	-1/2	0	1
$e_R^i$	1	1	-1	0	1
$\phi$	1	2	1/2	0	0



# Standard Model

$$\begin{aligned}
 L = & -\frac{1}{4} F^{\mu\nu} F_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{4} G^{A\mu\nu} G_{\mu\nu}^A - \frac{1}{4} W^{A\mu\nu} W_{\mu\nu}^A && \text{Gauge} \\
 & + i\bar{Q}_L^i \not{D} Q_L^i + i\bar{u}_R^i \not{D} u_R^i + i\bar{d}_R^i \not{D} d_R^i + i\bar{L}_L^i \not{D} L_L^i + i\bar{e}_R^i \not{D} e_R^i && \text{Matter} \\
 & - \Gamma_u^{ij} \bar{Q}_L^i \epsilon \phi^* u_R^j - \Gamma_d^{ij} \bar{Q}_L^i \phi d_R^j - \Gamma_e^{ij} \bar{L}_L^i \phi e_R^j + h.c. && \text{Yukawa} \\
 & + (D^\mu \phi)^\dagger D_\mu \phi + \mu^2 \phi^\dagger \phi - \lambda (\phi^\dagger \phi)^2 && \text{Higgs}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\langle \phi^0 \rangle = \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}}$$

# Standard Model

$$L = -\frac{1}{4} F^{\mu\nu} F_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{4} G^{A\mu\nu} G_{\mu\nu}^A - \frac{1}{4} W^{A\mu\nu} W_{\mu\nu}^A \quad \text{Gauge}$$

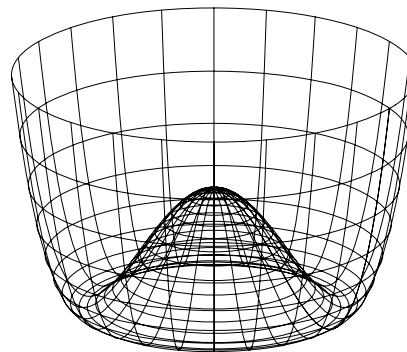
$$+ i\bar{Q}_L^i \mathcal{D}Q_L^i + i\bar{u}_R^i \mathcal{D}u_R^i + i\bar{d}_R^i \mathcal{D}d_R^i + i\bar{L}_L^i \mathcal{D}L_L^i + i\bar{e}_R^i \mathcal{D}e_R^i \quad \text{Matter}$$

$$-M_u^{ij} \bar{u}_L^i u_R^j - M_d^{ij} \bar{d}_L^i d_R^j - M_e^{ij} \bar{e}_L^i e_R^j + h.c. \quad \text{Fermion masses}$$

$$+ M_W^2 W_\mu^+ W^{\mu-} + \frac{1}{2} M_Z^2 Z_\mu Z^\mu - \frac{1}{2} m_h^2 h^2 + \dots \quad \text{Boson masses}$$

$$M^{ij} = \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}} \Gamma^{ij}$$

$$M_W = \frac{1}{2} g v$$



$$\langle \phi^0 \rangle = \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}}$$

# Standard Model

- All masses proportional to  $v$ 
  - Explains why masses  $\ll M_{\text{Planck}}, M_{\text{GUT}}$

- Fermion masses

– Dirac mass  $m_D \bar{\psi}_L \psi_R + h.c.$

- Massless neutrinos



# SM: Quark mixing

$$\begin{aligned}
 L = & -\frac{1}{4} F^{\mu\nu} F_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{4} G^{A\mu\nu} G_{\mu\nu}^A - \frac{1}{4} W^{A\mu\nu} W_{\mu\nu}^A && \text{Gauge} \\
 & + i\bar{Q}_L^i \not{D} Q_L^i + i\bar{u}_R^i \not{D} u_R^i + i\bar{d}_R^i \not{D} d_R^i + i\bar{L}_L^i \not{D} L_L^i + i\bar{e}_R^i \not{D} e_R^i && \text{Matter} \\
 & - M_u^{ij} \bar{u}_L^i u_R^j - M_d^{ij} \bar{d}_L^i d_R^j - M_e^{ij} \bar{e}_L^i e_R^j + h.c. && \text{Fermion masses} \\
 & + M_W^2 W_\mu^+ W^{\mu-} + \frac{1}{2} M_Z^2 Z_\mu Z^\mu - \frac{1}{2} m_h^2 h^2 + \dots && \text{Boson masses}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$u_L^i \rightarrow A_{u_L}^{ij} u_L^j$$

$$d_L^i \rightarrow A_{d_L}^{ij} d_L^j$$

$$u_R^i \rightarrow A_{u_R}^{ij} u_R^j$$

$$d_R^i \rightarrow A_{d_R}^{ij} d_R^j$$

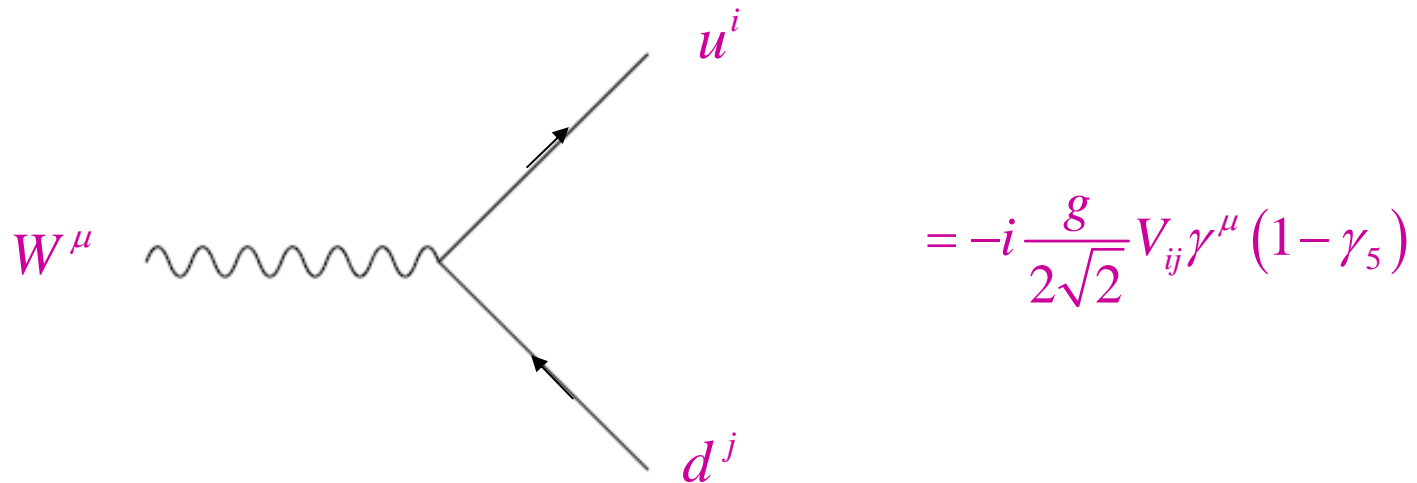
Field redefinitions

# SM: Quark mixing

$$\begin{aligned}
 L = & -\frac{1}{4} F^{\mu\nu} F_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{4} G^{A\mu\nu} G_{\mu\nu}^A - \frac{1}{4} W^{A\mu\nu} W_{\mu\nu}^A && \text{Gauge} \\
 & + i\bar{Q}_L^i \not{D} Q_L^i + i\bar{u}_R^i \not{D} u_R^i + i\bar{d}_R^i \not{D} d_R^i + i\bar{L}_L^i \not{D} L_L^i + i\bar{e}_R^i \not{D} e_R^i && \text{Matter} \\
 & - M_{Du}^{ij} \bar{u}_L^i u_R^j - M_{Dd}^{ij} \bar{d}_L^i d_R^j - M_e^{ij} \bar{e}_L^i e_R^j + h.c. && \text{Fermion masses} \\
 & + M_W^2 W_\mu^+ W^{\mu-} + \frac{1}{2} M_Z^2 Z_\mu Z^\mu - \frac{1}{2} m_h^2 h^2 + \dots && \text{Boson masses}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 u_L^i \rightarrow A_{u_L}^{ij} u_L^j & d_L^i \rightarrow A_{d_L}^{ij} d_L^j & M_{Du} = A_{u_L}^\dagger M_u A_{u_R} \\
 u_R^i \rightarrow A_{u_R}^{ij} u_R^j & d_R^i \rightarrow A_{d_R}^{ij} d_R^j & M_{Dd} = A_{d_L}^\dagger M_d A_{d_R}
 \end{array}
 \rightarrow$$

# CKM matrix



$$V \equiv A_{u_L}^\dagger A_{d_L}$$

# CKM matrix

$$V = \begin{pmatrix} c_{12}c_{13} & s_{12}c_{13} & s_{13}e^{-i\delta} \\ -s_{12}c_{23} - c_{12}s_{23}s_{13}e^{i\delta} & c_{12}c_{23} - s_{12}s_{23}s_{13}e^{i\delta} & s_{23}c_{13} \\ s_{12}s_{23} - c_{12}c_{23}s_{13}e^{i\delta} & -c_{12}s_{23} - s_{12}c_{23}s_{13}e^{i\delta} & c_{23}c_{13} \end{pmatrix}$$

where  $s_{ij} = \sin \theta_{ij}$ ,  $c_{ij} = \cos \theta_{ij}$

Four parameters:  $\theta_{12}, \theta_{23}, \theta_{13}, \delta$

# Neutrino masses

- Dirac masses

- Add  $\nu_R^i = \nu_{eR}, \nu_{\mu R}, \nu_{\tau R}$  to the SM



# Standard Model + $\nu_R^i$

	SU(3)	SU(2)	U(1) <sub>Y</sub>	U(1) <sub>B</sub>	U(1) <sub>L</sub>
$Q_L^i$	3	2	1/6	1/3	0
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$d_R^i$	3	1	-1/3	1/3	0
$L_L^i$	1	2	-1/2	0	1
$e_R^i$	1	1	-1	0	1
$\nu_R^i$	1	1	0	0	1

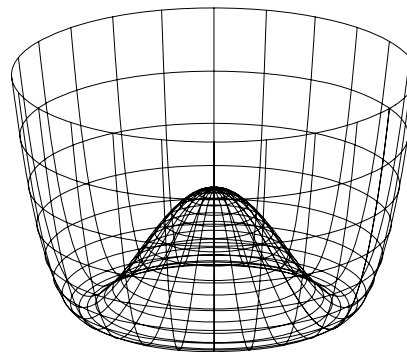
# Standard Model + $\nu_R^i$

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$$+ i\bar{Q}_L^i \not{D} Q_L^i + i\bar{u}_R^i \not{D} u_R^i + i\bar{d}_R^i \not{D} d_R^i + i\bar{L}_L^i \not{D} L_L^i + i\bar{e}_R^i \not{D} e_R^i \quad \text{Matter}$$

$$- \Gamma_{u}^{ij} \bar{Q}_L^i \varepsilon \phi^* u_R^j - \Gamma_{d}^{ij} \bar{Q}_L^i \phi d_R^j - \Gamma_{e}^{ij} \bar{L}_L^i \phi e_R^j - \Gamma_{\nu}^{ij} \bar{L}_L^i \varepsilon \phi^* \nu_R^j + h.c. \quad \text{Yukawa}$$

$$+ (D^\mu \phi)^\dagger D_\mu \phi + \mu^2 \phi^\dagger \phi - \lambda (\phi^\dagger \phi)^2 \quad \text{Higgs}$$



$$\langle \phi^0 \rangle = \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}}$$

# Standard Model + $\nu_R^i$

$$L = -\frac{1}{4} F^{\mu\nu} F_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{4} G^{A\mu\nu} G_{\mu\nu}^A - \frac{1}{4} W^{A\mu\nu} W_{\mu\nu}^A \quad \text{Gauge}$$

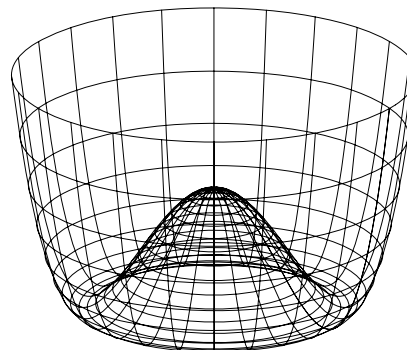
$$+ i\bar{Q}_L^i \mathcal{D}Q_L^i + i\bar{u}_R^i \mathcal{D}u_R^i + i\bar{d}_R^i \mathcal{D}d_R^i + i\bar{L}_L^i \mathcal{D}L_L^i + i\bar{e}_R^i \mathcal{D}e_R^i \quad \text{Matter}$$

$$-M_u^{ij} \bar{u}_L^i u_R^j - M_d^{ij} \bar{d}_L^i d_R^j - M_e^{ij} \bar{e}_L^i e_R^j - M_\nu^{ij} \bar{\nu}_L^i \nu_R^j + h.c. \quad \text{Fermion masses}$$

$$+ M_W^2 W_\mu^+ W^{\mu-} + \frac{1}{2} M_Z^2 Z_\mu Z^\mu - \frac{1}{2} m_h^2 h^2 + \dots \quad \text{Boson masses}$$

$$M^{ij} = \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}} \Gamma^{ij}$$

$$M_W = \frac{1}{2} g v$$



$$\langle \phi^0 \rangle = \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}}$$

# Quark and lepton mixing

$$\begin{aligned}
 L = & -\frac{1}{4} F^{\mu\nu} F_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{4} G^{A\mu\nu} G_{\mu\nu}^A - \frac{1}{4} W^{A\mu\nu} W_{\mu\nu}^A && \text{Gauge} \\
 & + i\bar{Q}_L^i \not{D} Q_L^i + i\bar{u}_R^i \not{D} u_R^i + i\bar{d}_R^i \not{D} d_R^i + i\bar{L}_L^i \not{D} L_L^i + i\bar{e}_R^i \not{D} e_R^i && \text{Matter} \\
 & - M_u^{ij} \bar{u}_L^i u_R^j - M_d^{ij} \bar{d}_L^i d_R^j - M_e^{ij} \bar{e}_L^i e_R^j - M_\nu^{ij} \bar{\nu}_L^i \nu_R^j + h.c. && \text{Fermion masses} \\
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 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc}
 u_L^i \rightarrow A_{u_L}^{ij} u_L^j & d_L^i \rightarrow A_{d_L}^{ij} d_L^j & e_L^i \rightarrow A_{e_L}^{ij} e_L^j & \nu_L^i \rightarrow A_{\nu_L}^{ij} \nu_L^j \\
 u_R^i \rightarrow A_{u_R}^{ij} u_R^j & d_R^i \rightarrow A_{d_R}^{ij} d_R^j & e_R^i \rightarrow A_{e_R}^{ij} e_R^j & \nu_R^i \rightarrow A_{\nu_R}^{ij} \nu_R^j
 \end{array}$$

# Quark and lepton mixing

$$\begin{aligned}
 L = & -\frac{1}{4} F^{\mu\nu} F_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{4} G^{A\mu\nu} G_{\mu\nu}^A - \frac{1}{4} W^{A\mu\nu} W_{\mu\nu}^A && \text{Gauge} \\
 & + i\bar{Q}_L^i \not{D} Q_L^i + i\bar{u}_R^i \not{D} u_R^i + i\bar{d}_R^i \not{D} d_R^i + i\bar{L}_L^i \not{D} L_L^i + i\bar{e}_R^i \not{D} e_R^i && \text{Matter} \\
 & - M_{Du}^{ij} \bar{u}_L^i u_R^j - M_{Dd}^{ij} \bar{d}_L^i d_R^j - M_{De}^{ij} \bar{e}_L^i e_R^j - M_{Dv}^{ij} \bar{\nu}_L^i \nu_R^j + h.c. && \text{Fermion masses} \\
 & + M_W^2 W_\mu^+ W^{\mu-} - \frac{1}{2} M_Z^2 Z_\mu Z^\mu - \frac{1}{2} m_h^2 h^2 + \dots && \text{Boson masses}
 \end{aligned}$$

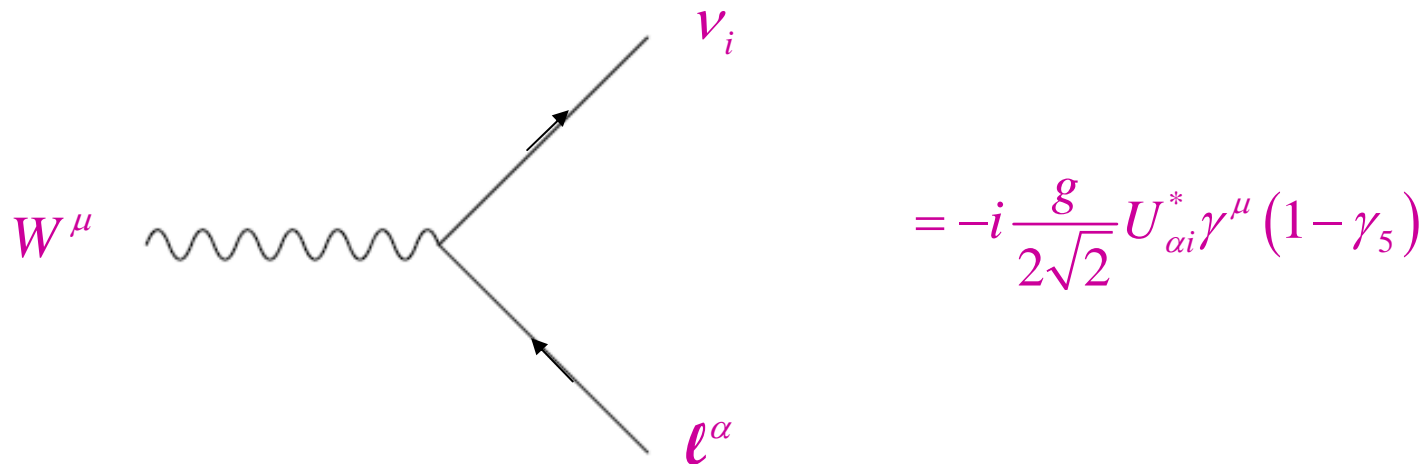
$$M_{Du} = A_{u_L}^\dagger M_u A_{u_R}$$

$$M_{De} = A_{e_L}^\dagger M_e A_{e_R}$$

$$M_{Dd} = A_{d_L}^\dagger M_d A_{d_R}$$

$$M_{Dv} = A_{\nu_L}^\dagger M_\nu A_{\nu_R}$$

# MNS matrix



$$U^\dagger \equiv A_{\nu_L}^\dagger A_{e_L}$$

# MNS matrix

$$U = \begin{pmatrix} c_{12}c_{13} & s_{12}c_{13} & s_{13}e^{-i\delta} \\ -s_{12}c_{23} - c_{12}s_{23}s_{13}e^{i\delta} & c_{12}c_{23} - s_{12}s_{23}s_{13}e^{i\delta} & s_{23}c_{13} \\ s_{12}s_{23} - c_{12}c_{23}s_{13}e^{i\delta} & -c_{12}s_{23} - s_{12}c_{23}s_{13}e^{i\delta} & c_{23}c_{13} \end{pmatrix}$$

where  $s_{ij} = \sin \theta_{ij}$ ,  $c_{ij} = \cos \theta_{ij}$

Four parameters:  $\theta_{12}, \theta_{23}, \theta_{13}, \delta$

# Neutrino masses

- Dirac masses

- Add  $\nu_R^i = \nu_{eR}, \nu_{\mu R}, \nu_{\tau R}$  to the SM

- Mass eigenstates  $\nu_i$  with masses  $m_i$
    - L conserved
    - No explanation of why  $m_i \ll m_e^i, m_d^i, m_u^i$

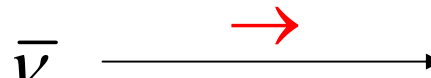
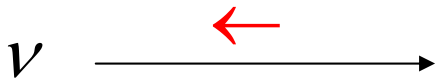


# Neutrino masses

- Dirac masses

- Add  $\nu_R^i = \nu_{eR}, \nu_{\mu R}, \nu_{\tau R}$  to the SM

- Mass eigenstates  $\nu_i$  with masses  $m_i$
- L conserved
- No explanation of why  $m_i \ll m_e^i, m_d^i, m_u^i$



$\sim m_i / E$

# Neutrino masses

- Dirac masses
  - Add  $\nu_R^i = \nu_{eR}, \nu_{\mu R}, \nu_{\tau R}$  to the SM
    - Mass eigenstates  $\nu_i$  with masses  $m_i$
    - L conserved
    - No explanation of why  $m_i \ll m_e^i, m_d^i, m_u^i$
- Majorana masses
  - Add dim 5 operator to the SM

# SM: Dimensional Analysis

$$\begin{aligned}
 L = & -\frac{1}{4} F^{\mu\nu} F_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{4} G^{A\mu\nu} G_{\mu\nu}^A - \frac{1}{4} W^{A\mu\nu} W_{\mu\nu}^A && \text{Gauge} \\
 & + i\bar{Q}_L^i \not{D} Q_L^i + i\bar{u}_R^i \not{D} u_R^i + i\bar{d}_R^i \not{D} d_R^i + i\bar{L}_L^i \not{D} L_L^i + i\bar{e}_R^i \not{D} e_R^i && \text{Matter} \\
 & - \Gamma_u^{ij} \bar{Q}_L^i \varepsilon \phi^* u_R^j - \Gamma_d^{ij} \bar{Q}_L^i \phi d_R^j - \Gamma_e^{ij} \bar{L}_L^i \phi e_R^j + h.c. && \text{Yukawa} \\
 & + (D^\mu \phi)^\dagger D_\mu \phi + \mu^2 \phi^\dagger \phi - \lambda (\phi^\dagger \phi)^2 && \text{Higgs}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\dim A^\mu = 1$$

$$\dim \psi = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\dim \phi = 1$$

All terms dim 4 or less

# Standard Model + dim 5

$$\begin{aligned}
 L = & -\frac{1}{4} F^{\mu\nu} F_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{4} G^{A\mu\nu} G_{\mu\nu}^A - \frac{1}{4} W^{A\mu\nu} W_{\mu\nu}^A && \text{Gauge} \\
 & + i\bar{Q}_L^i \not{D} Q_L^i + i\bar{u}_R^i \not{D} u_R^i + i\bar{d}_R^i \not{D} d_R^i + i\bar{L}_L^i \not{D} L_L^i + i\bar{e}_R^i \not{D} e_R^i && \text{Matter} \\
 & - \Gamma_u^{ij} \bar{Q}_L^i \varepsilon \phi^* u_R^j - \Gamma_d^{ij} \bar{Q}_L^i \phi d_R^j - \Gamma_e^{ij} \bar{L}_L^i \phi e_R^j + h.c. && \text{Yukawa} \\
 & + \left( D^\mu \phi \right)^\dagger D_\mu \phi + \mu^2 \phi^\dagger \phi - \lambda \left( \phi^\dagger \phi \right)^2 && \text{Higgs} \\
 & + \frac{c^{ij}}{M} \left( L_L^{iT} \varepsilon \phi \right) C \left( \phi^T \varepsilon L_L^j \right) + h.c. + \frac{1}{M^2} \text{dim 6} + \dots && \text{Dim 5}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\dim A^\mu = 1$$

$$\dim \psi = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\dim \phi = 1$$

Violates L

# Standard Model + dim 5

$$L = -\frac{1}{4} F^{\mu\nu} F_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{4} G^{A\mu\nu} G_{\mu\nu}^A - \frac{1}{4} W^{A\mu\nu} W_{\mu\nu}^A \quad \text{Gauge}$$

$$+ i\bar{Q}_L^i \mathcal{D} Q_L^i + i\bar{u}_R^i \mathcal{D} u_R^i + i\bar{d}_R^i \mathcal{D} d_R^i + i\bar{L}_L^i \mathcal{D} L_L^i + i\bar{e}_R^i \mathcal{D} e_R^i \quad \text{Matter}$$

$$- M_u^{ij} \bar{u}_L^i u_R^j - M_d^{ij} \bar{d}_L^i d_R^j - M_e^{ij} \bar{e}_L^i e_R^j + h.c. \quad \text{Fermion masses}$$

$$+ M_W^2 W_\mu^+ W^{\mu-} - \frac{1}{2} M_Z^2 Z_\mu Z^\mu - \frac{1}{2} m_h^2 h^2 + \dots \quad \text{Boson masses}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} M_\nu^{ij} \nu_L^{iT} C \nu_L^j + h.c. \quad \text{Neutrino masses}$$

$$M^{ij} = \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}} \Gamma^{ij} \quad M_\nu^{ij} = \frac{v^2}{M} c^{ij} \quad \langle \phi^0 \rangle = \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$M_W = \frac{1}{2} g v$$

# Standard Model + dim 5

- All Dirac masses proportional to  $v$ 
  - Explains why Dirac masses  $\ll M_{\text{Planck}}, M_{\text{GUT}}$
- Neutrino Majorana masses proportional to  $v^2/M$ 
  - Tiny neutrino masses if  $v \ll M$ 
    - This is the most general statement of the Seesaw Mechanism

# Dirac and Majorana masses

- Fermion masses

- Dirac mass

$$m_D \bar{\psi}_L \psi_R + h.c.$$

- Majorana mass

$$\frac{1}{2} m_M \psi_L^T C \psi_L + h.c.$$

# Dirac and Majorana masses

- Fermion masses

- Dirac mass

$$m_D \bar{\psi}_L \psi_R + h.c.$$

- Majorana mass

$$\frac{1}{2} m_M \psi_L^T C \psi_L + h.c.$$

- Neutrino masses

- Dirac mass

$$m_D \bar{\nu}_L \nu_R + h.c.$$

Conserves L

- Majorana mass

$$\frac{1}{2} m_M \nu_L^T C \nu_L + h.c.$$

Violates L



# SM + dim 5: Lepton mixing

$$L = -\frac{1}{4} F^{\mu\nu} F_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{4} G^{A\mu\nu} G_{\mu\nu}^A - \frac{1}{4} W^{A\mu\nu} W_{\mu\nu}^A \quad \text{Gauge}$$

$$+ i\bar{Q}_L^i \not{D} Q_L^i + i\bar{u}_R^i \not{D} u_R^i + i\bar{d}_R^i \not{D} d_R^i + i\bar{L}_L^i \not{D} L_L^i + i\bar{e}_R^i \not{D} e_R^i \quad \text{Matter}$$

$$-M_{Du}^{ij} \bar{u}_L^i u_R^j - M_{Dd}^{ij} \bar{d}_L^i d_R^j - M_e^{ij} \bar{e}_L^i e_R^j + h.c. \quad \text{Fermion masses}$$

$$+M_W^2 W_\mu^+ W^{\mu-} - \frac{1}{2} M_Z^2 Z_\mu Z^\mu - \frac{1}{2} m_h^2 h^2 + \dots \quad \text{Boson masses}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} M_\nu^{ij} \nu_L^{iT} C \nu_L^j + h.c. \quad \text{Neutrino masses}$$

$$e_L^i \rightarrow A_{e_L}^{ij} e_L^j \quad \nu_L^i \rightarrow A_{\nu_L}^{ij} \nu_L^j$$

$$e_R^i \rightarrow A_{e_R}^{ij} e_R^j$$

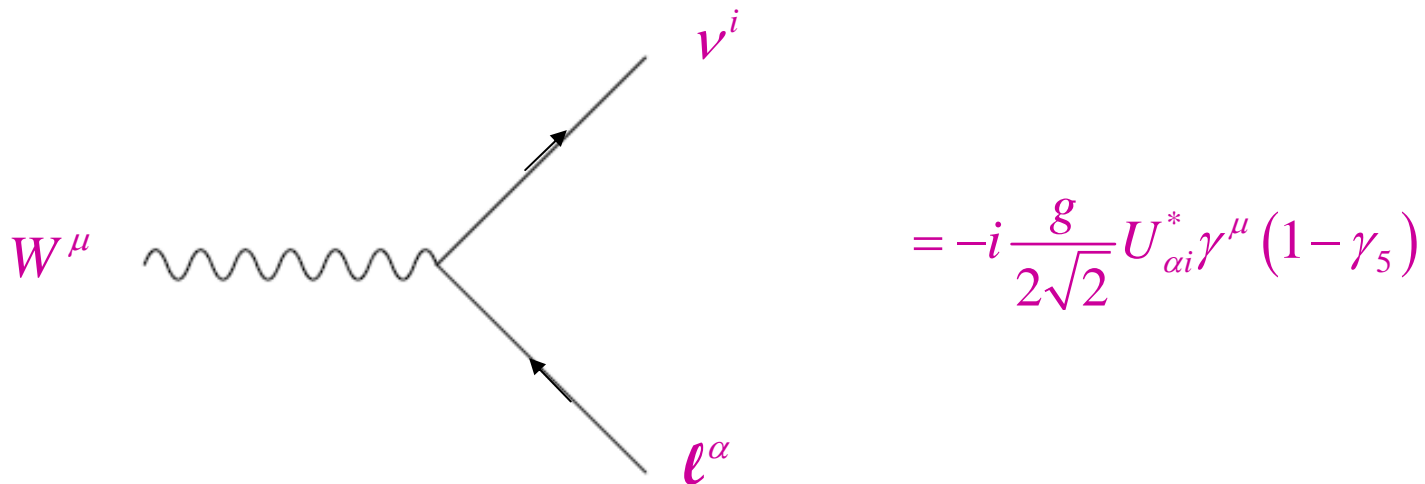
Field redefinitions

# SM + dim 5: Lepton mixing

$$\begin{aligned}
 L = & -\frac{1}{4} F^{\mu\nu} F_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{4} G^{A\mu\nu} G_{\mu\nu}^A - \frac{1}{4} W^{A\mu\nu} W_{\mu\nu}^A && \text{Gauge} \\
 & + i\bar{Q}_L^i \not{D} Q_L^i + i\bar{u}_R^i \not{D} u_R^i + i\bar{d}_R^i \not{D} d_R^i + i\bar{L}_L^i \not{D} L_L^i + i\bar{e}_R^i \not{D} e_R^i && \text{Matter} \\
 & - M_{Du}^{ij} \bar{u}_L^i u_R^j - M_{Dd}^{ij} \bar{d}_L^i d_R^j - M_{De}^{ij} \bar{e}_L^i e_R^j + h.c. && \text{Fermion masses} \\
 & + M_W^2 W_\mu^+ W^{\mu-} - \frac{1}{2} M_Z^2 Z_\mu Z^\mu - \frac{1}{2} m_h^2 h^2 + \dots && \text{Boson masses} \\
 & + \frac{1}{2} M_{D\nu}^{ij} \nu_L^{iT} C \nu_L^j + h.c. && \text{Neutrino masses}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 e_L^i & \rightarrow A_{e_L}^{ij} e_L^j & \nu_L^i & \rightarrow A_{\nu_L}^{ij} \nu_L^j & \rightarrow & M_{De} = A_{e_L}^\dagger M_e A_{e_R} \\
 e_R^i & \rightarrow A_{e_R}^{ij} e_R^j & & & & M_{D\nu} = A_{\nu_L}^T M_\nu A_{\nu_L}
 \end{aligned}$$

# MNS matrix



$$U^\dagger \equiv A_{\nu_L}^\dagger A_{e_L}$$

# MNS matrix

$$U = \begin{pmatrix} c_{12}c_{13} & s_{12}c_{13} & s_{13}e^{-i\delta} \\ -s_{12}c_{23} - c_{12}s_{23}s_{13}e^{i\delta} & c_{12}c_{23} - s_{12}s_{23}s_{13}e^{i\delta} & s_{23}c_{13} \\ s_{12}s_{23} - c_{12}c_{23}s_{13}e^{i\delta} & -c_{12}s_{23} - s_{12}c_{23}s_{13}e^{i\delta} & c_{23}c_{13} \end{pmatrix} \\ \times \text{diag}(e^{i\alpha_1/2}, e^{i\alpha_2/2}, 1)$$

where  $s_{ij} = \sin \theta_{ij}$ ,  $c_{ij} = \cos \theta_{ij}$

Six parameters:  $\theta_{12}, \theta_{23}, \theta_{13}, \delta, \alpha_1, \alpha_2$

# Neutrino masses

- Dirac masses

- Add  $V_R^i = V_{eR}, V_{\mu R}, V_{\tau R}$  to the SM

- Mass eigenstates  $V_i$  with masses  $m_i$
    - L conserved
    - No explanation of why  $m_i \ll m_e^i, m_d^i, m_u^i$

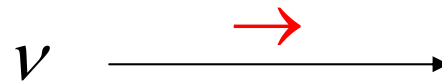
- Majorana masses

- Add dim 5 operator to the SM

- L violated
    - Neutrino = Antineutrino
    - Explains why  $m_i \ll m_e^i, m_d^i, m_u^i$

# Neutrino masses

- Majorana masses
  - Add dim 5 operator to the SM
    - L violated
    - Neutrino = Antineutrino
    - Explains why  $m_i \ll m_e^i, m_d^i, m_u^i$



# Neutrino masses

- Dirac masses

- Add  $\mathcal{V}_R^i = \mathcal{V}_{eR}, \mathcal{V}_{\mu R}, \mathcal{V}_{\tau R}$  to the SM:  $\Gamma_{\nu}^{ij} \bar{L}_L^i \varepsilon \phi^* \mathcal{V}_R^j$

- Mass eigenstates  $\mathcal{V}_i$  with masses  $m_i$
    - L conserved
    - No explanation of why  $m_i \ll m_e^i, m_d^i, m_u^i$

- Majorana masses

- Add dim 5 operator to the SM:  $\frac{c^{ij}}{M} (L_L^{iT} \varepsilon \phi) C(\phi^T \varepsilon L_L^j)$

- L violated
    - Neutrino = Antineutrino
    - Explains why  $m_i \ll m_e^i, m_d^i, m_u^i$

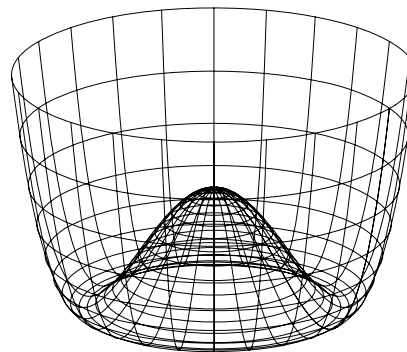
# Standard Model + $\nu_R^i$

$$L = -\frac{1}{4} F^{\mu\nu} F_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{4} G^{A\mu\nu} G_{\mu\nu}^A - \frac{1}{4} W^{A\mu\nu} W_{\mu\nu}^A \quad \text{Gauge}$$

$$+ i\bar{Q}_L^i \not{D} Q_L^i + i\bar{u}_R^i \not{D} u_R^i + i\bar{d}_R^i \not{D} d_R^i + i\bar{L}_L^i \not{D} L_L^i + i\bar{e}_R^i \not{D} e_R^i \quad \text{Matter}$$

$$- \Gamma_{u}^{ij} \bar{Q}_L^i \varepsilon \phi^* u_R^j - \Gamma_{d}^{ij} \bar{Q}_L^i \phi d_R^j - \Gamma_{e}^{ij} \bar{L}_L^i \phi e_R^j - \Gamma_{\nu}^{ij} \bar{L}_L^i \varepsilon \phi^* \nu_R^j + h.c. \quad \text{Yukawa}$$

$$+ (D^\mu \phi)^\dagger D_\mu \phi + \mu^2 \phi^\dagger \phi - \lambda (\phi^\dagger \phi)^2 \quad \text{Higgs}$$



$$\langle \phi^0 \rangle = \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}}$$



# Standard Model + $\nu_R^i$

$$L = -\frac{1}{4} F^{\mu\nu} F_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{4} G^{A\mu\nu} G_{\mu\nu}^A - \frac{1}{4} W^{A\mu\nu} W_{\mu\nu}^A \quad \text{Gauge}$$

$$+ i\bar{Q}_L^i \mathcal{D}Q_L^i + i\bar{u}_R^i \mathcal{D}u_R^i + i\bar{d}_R^i \mathcal{D}d_R^i + i\bar{L}_L^i \mathcal{D}L_L^i + i\bar{e}_R^i \mathcal{D}e_R^i \quad \text{Matter}$$

$$- \Gamma_{u}^{ij} \bar{Q}_L^i \varepsilon \phi^* u_R^j - \Gamma_{d}^{ij} \bar{Q}_L^i \phi d_R^j - \Gamma_{e}^{ij} \bar{L}_L^i \phi e_R^j - \Gamma_{\nu}^{ij} \bar{L}_L^i \varepsilon \phi^* \nu_R^j + h.c. \quad \text{Yukawa}$$

$$- \frac{1}{2} M_R^{ij} \nu_R^{iT} C \nu_R^j + h.c. \quad \text{Majorana mass}$$

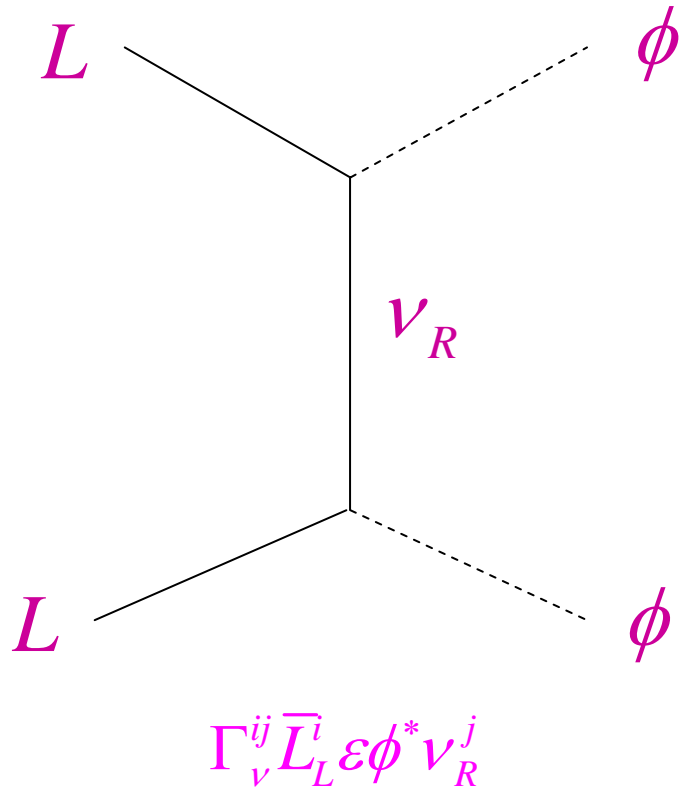
$$+ (D^\mu \phi)^\dagger D_\mu \phi + \mu^2 \phi^\dagger \phi - \lambda (\phi^\dagger \phi)^2 \quad \text{Higgs}$$

Majorana mass for  $\nu_R^i$

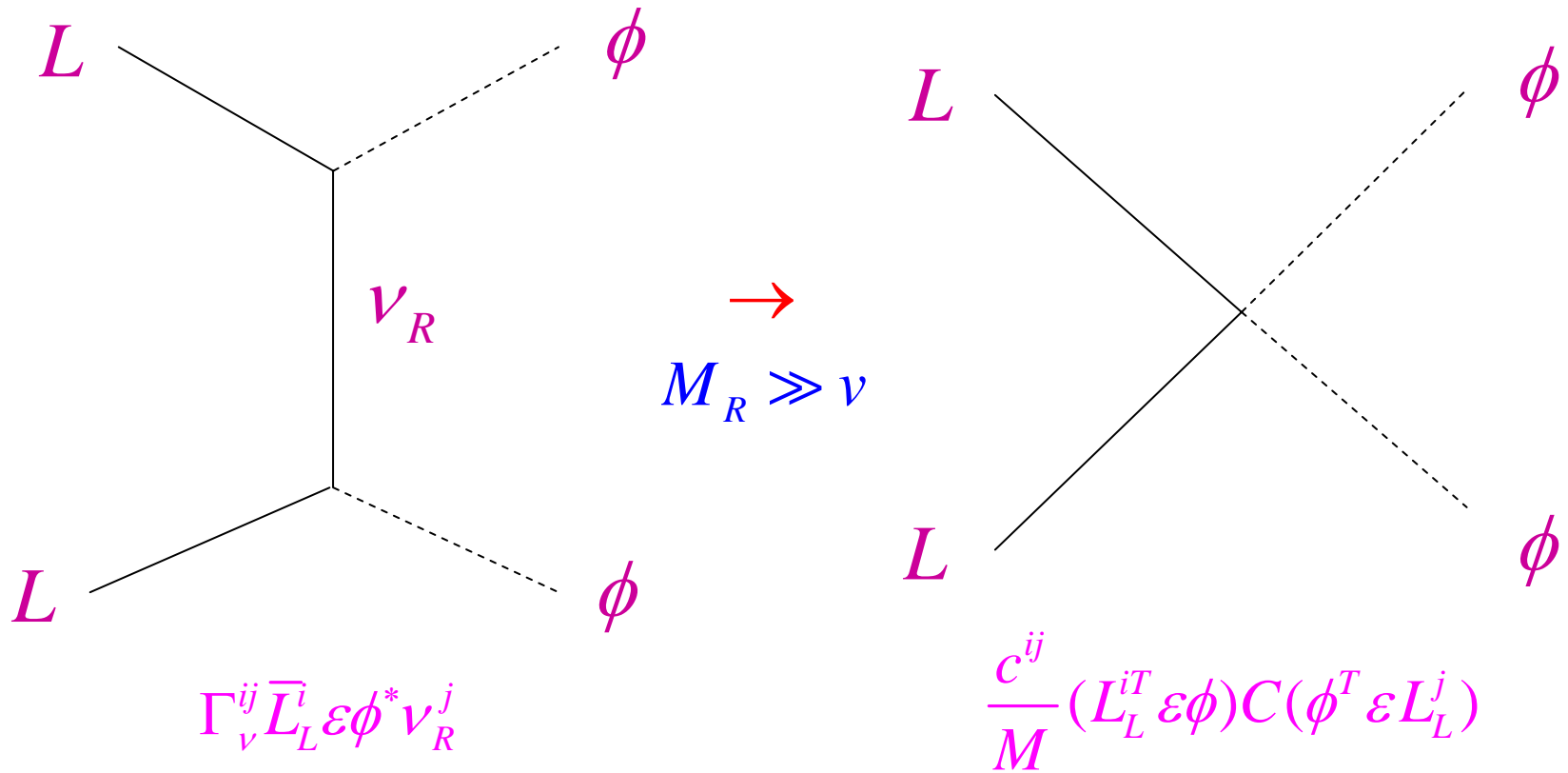
# Neutrino masses

- Majorana mass for  $\nu_R^i$ 
  - Violates L
  - $M_R^{ij}$  is unrelated to  $\nu$ 
    - vanishes if L is imposed  $\rightarrow$  Dirac neutrinos
    - might be as large as the GUT scale

# Neutrino masses



# Neutrino masses



where  $\frac{c}{M} \sim \frac{\Gamma^2}{M_R}$

# Type I Seesaw

Majorana —————  $M_R$

Dirac —————  $\nu$

$$M_R = 0$$

$$\nu_R$$

Majorana —————  $\frac{\nu^2}{M_R}$

$$M_R \gg \nu$$

$$\nu_R = N_R$$

# Type I Seesaw

$$\text{Maj.} \text{-----} M_R$$

$$\text{Dirac} \text{-----} \nu \begin{array}{l} \text{Maj.} \text{-----} \\ \text{Maj.} \text{-----} \end{array}$$

$$\text{Maj.} \text{-----} \frac{\nu^2}{M_R}$$

$$M_R = 0$$

$$\nu_R$$

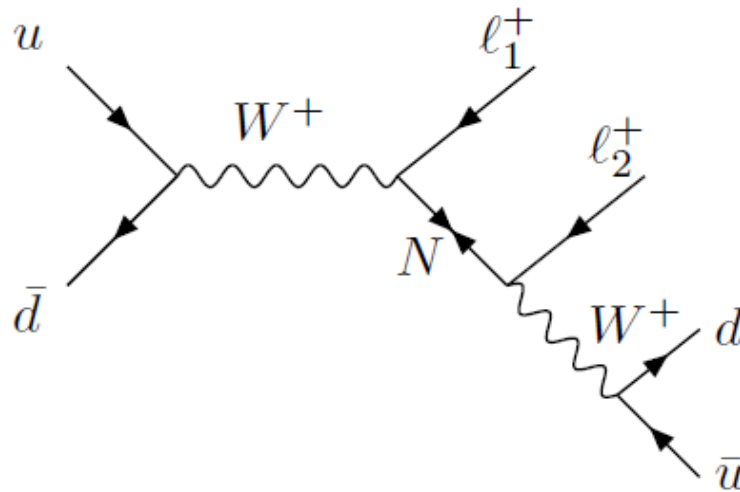
$$M_R \sim \nu$$

$$\nu_R = \nu_s$$

$$M_R \gg \nu$$

$$\nu_R = N_R$$

# Neutrinos and the LHC



$$N \approx N_R$$

Atre, Han, Pascoli, Zhang 09

# Neutrinos and the LHC

- Dirac masses

- Add  $\mathcal{V}_R^i = \mathcal{V}_{eR}, \mathcal{V}_{\mu R}, \mathcal{V}_{\tau R}$  to the SM:  $\Gamma_{\nu}^{ij} \bar{L}_L^i \varepsilon \phi^* \mathcal{V}_R^j$

- Mass eigenstates  $\mathcal{V}_i$  with masses  $m_i$
    - L conserved
    - No explanation of why  $m_i \ll m_e^i, m_d^i, m_u^i$

- Majorana masses

- Add dim 5 operator to the SM:  $\frac{c^{ij}}{M} (L_L^{iT} \varepsilon \phi) C(\phi^T \varepsilon L_L^j)$

- L violated
    - Neutrino = Antineutrino
    - Explains why  $m_i \ll m_e^i, m_d^i, m_u^i$



# Questions

- In the SM, lepton number conservation
  - is accidental
  - is imposed
  - follows from baryon number conservation

# Questions

- The mass of the muon neutrino is
  - Zero
  - Nonzero
  - Undefined
  - Oscillatory

# Questions

- The MNS matrix relates
  - Charged lepton mass eigenstates to neutrino flavor eigenstates
  - Charged lepton mass eigenstates to neutrino mass eigenstates
  - Neutrino flavor eigenstates to neutrino mass eigenstates

# Questions

- Assume that neutrinos are Majorana.  
Antineutrino beams produced at Fermilab
  - don't exist
  - contain mostly positive helicity neutrinos
  - have positive chirality

# Questions

- There are no dim 5 operators in the SM
  - by definition
  - because they are nonrenormalizable
  - because they yield divergences in loop diagrams

# Questions

- The cross on the internal fermion line represents
  - a Majorana mass term
  - a L violating interaction
  - a helicity flip operator

