Alternative Readout System Architectures II

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LAPPD2 Electronics Godparent Review April 6, 2013

Baseline - Super Module

Digital Card (DC)

-6 per module -PSEC-4 control, trigger handling, local data reduction & calibration

Central Card (CC)

-System control -Feature extraction -Interface (Triple Speed Ethernet & USB 2.0)

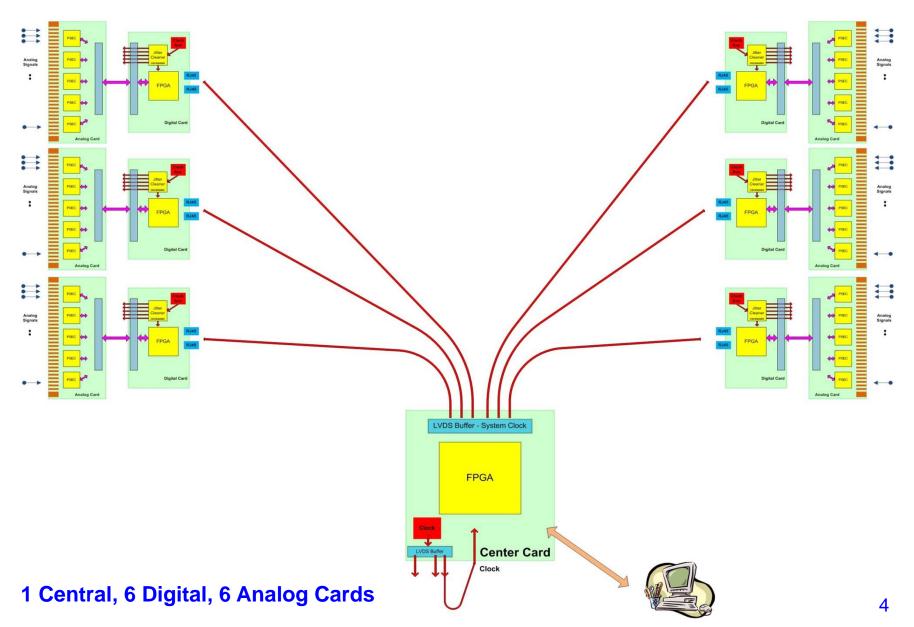
Baseline - Super Module

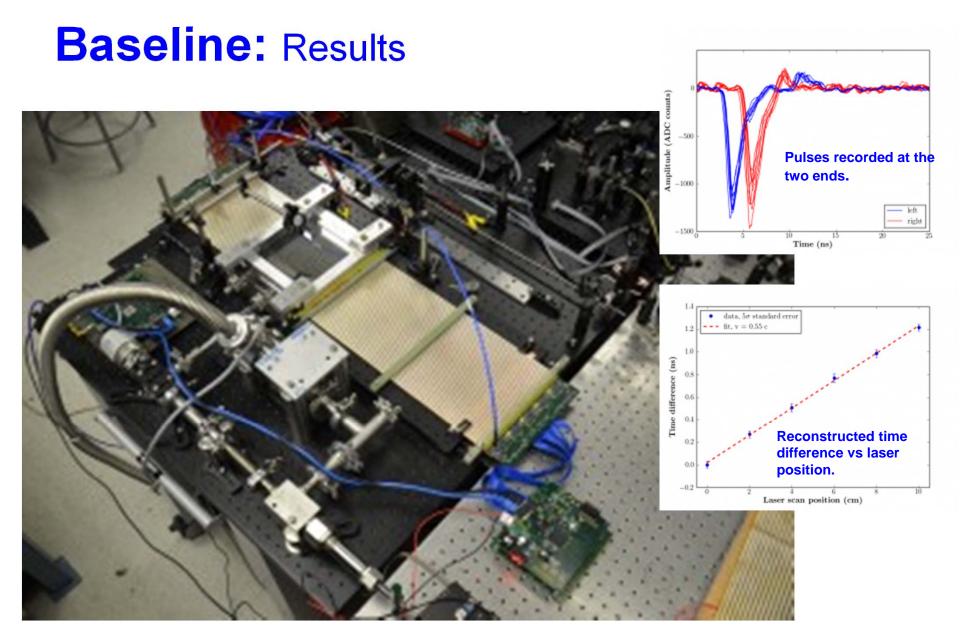
Baseline Readout System:

- Generic and flexible;
- Got us started;
- Addressed many issues.

Next DAQs will be more application specific, and optimized for performance and cost. The next step will actually be easier. We've learned a lot already. Our resources should be adequate, subject to funding.

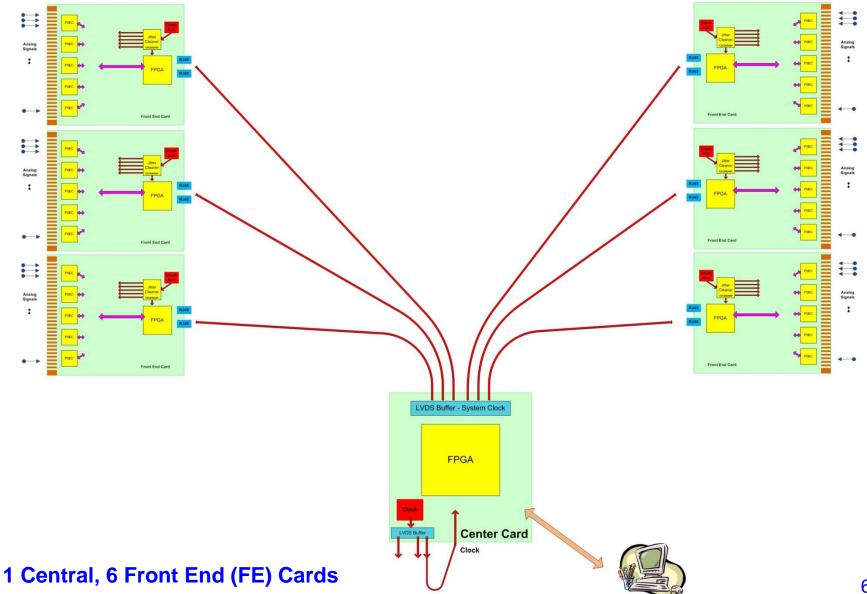
Baseline: Block Diagram



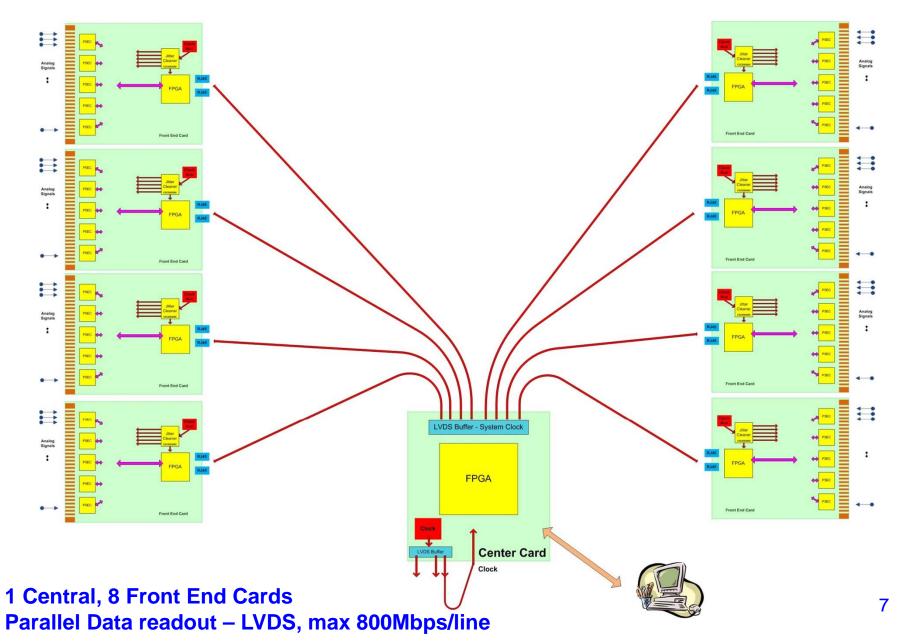


Demountable w/ full electronics - parallel scan

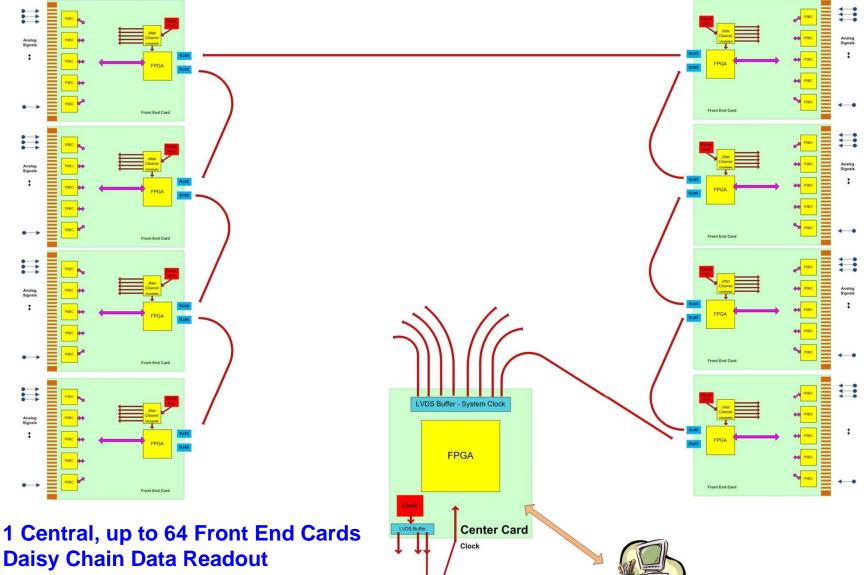
Alternative Architecture 1: Block Diagram



Alternative Architecture 1: Block Diagram



Alternative Architecture 2: Block Diagram

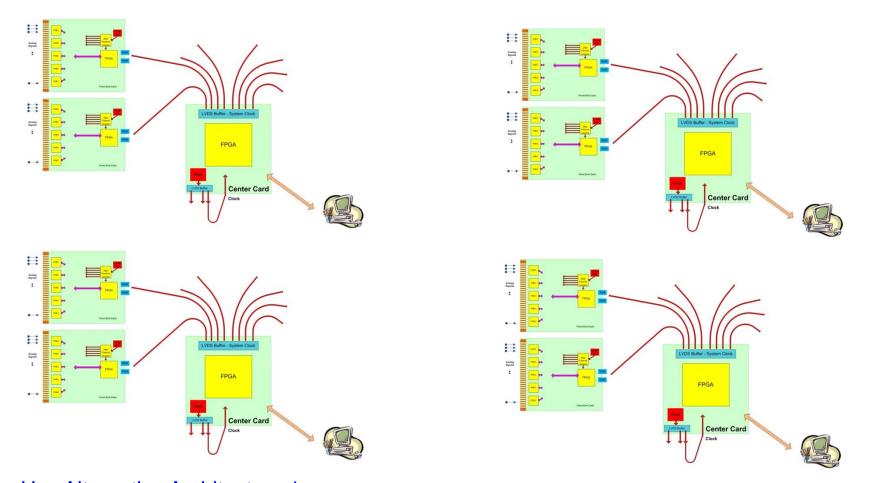


Responses To Review Panel

Question 1: What limited number of applications would you target as priorities in the next stage of development and why? Answer: Three HEP and two directed toward market expansion:

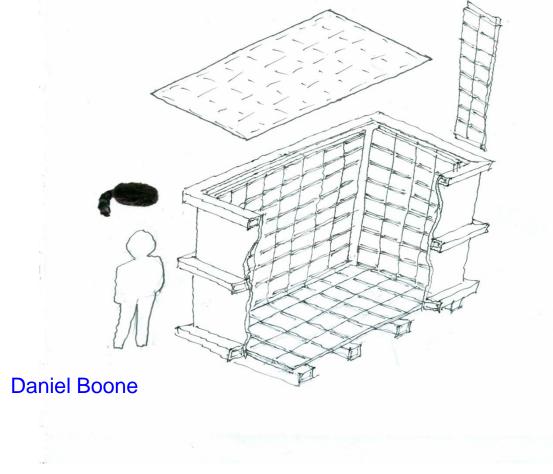
- 1. TOF in the LArIAT Beam
 - a) Why: Simplest set-up that has a large impact on HEP programs
 - b) Straight-forward interface to experiment
 - c) Local, have collaborators in place;
 - d) Drop in for scintillators and PMTs at higher cost and better performance
 - e) Spec: 4 stand-alone single tile stations, 10 psec time resolution, 50KHz (needs checking)

4 Stand-Alone, Single-Tile Readout Stations



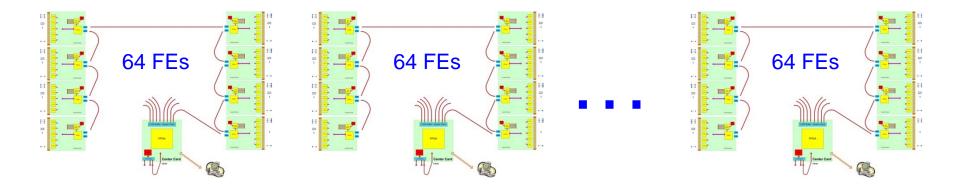
Use Alternative Architecture 1. Max trigger rate: 30 Channel x 10 bits x 24 samples x Fmax = 400 Mbps Fmax = 55 KHz.

- 2. Small (1-4 m³) water neutrino detector prototype
 - a) Why: Comparison to simulation; test of the optical TPC concept with track reconstruction
 - b) If successful, no competition
 - c) From 1 to 6 SuperModules;
 - d) Spec: Single pe resolution ~ 100psec, low rate



Water Neutrino Detector Readout

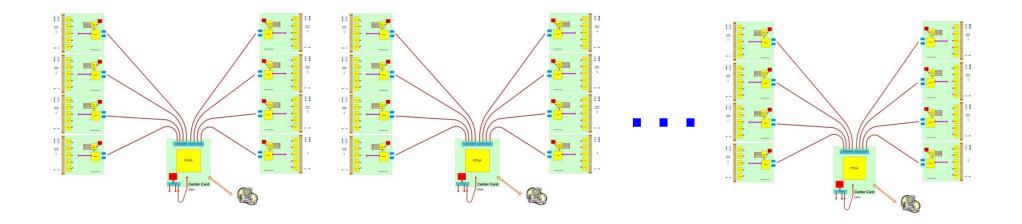
Requirements: 256 Front End Cards, slow Readout.



Each Central Card will read 64 Front End Cards in a daisy chain. One of the Central Cards becomes Master and distributes the clock to all.

- 3. **Pre-converter in KOTO**
 - Why: Archetype for 3D localization and precise timing of high energy photons a)
 - Good access to management and technical expertise in the experiment If successful, no competition 1-4 SuperModules b)
 - CŚ
 - d)
 - Spec: Timing = 1 psec; Rate = 200 kHz; Position = several mm; Trigger latency = 5 μsec HEP benefit: Increased physics reach e)
 - **f**)

KOTO Pre-Converter Readout



Each Central Card will read 8 Front End Cards in parallel. Readout for 200KHz trigger rate with 2 LVDS SERDES lines at 720MHz for each FE Card.

One of the Central Cards becomes Master and distributes the clock to all. Front End needs to allow for 5 us external trigger latency.

- **4. PET**
 - a) Why: Potential to decrease patient dose rate by >10 or increase patient throughput
 b) Current state of the art = 300 psec

 - C)
 - Spec: 50 psec (FWHM) TOF-PET resolution HEP benefit: Potentially large market drives the cost down d)

Needs work.

E.g. PDS Consulting in Massachusetts, Eric's Timing Setup at UC, etc.

- 5. High spatial resolution X-ray diffraction
 - a) Why: Large area detector with high spatial resolution
 - b) Large area, high spatial resolution, multi-channel solid state detectors are very expensive and slow
 - c) Spec: 100 µm spatial
 - d) HEP benefit: Increase cross-disciplinary ties

Needs work.

Clock Distribution

Synchronous clock fan-out to 64 FE Cards.

