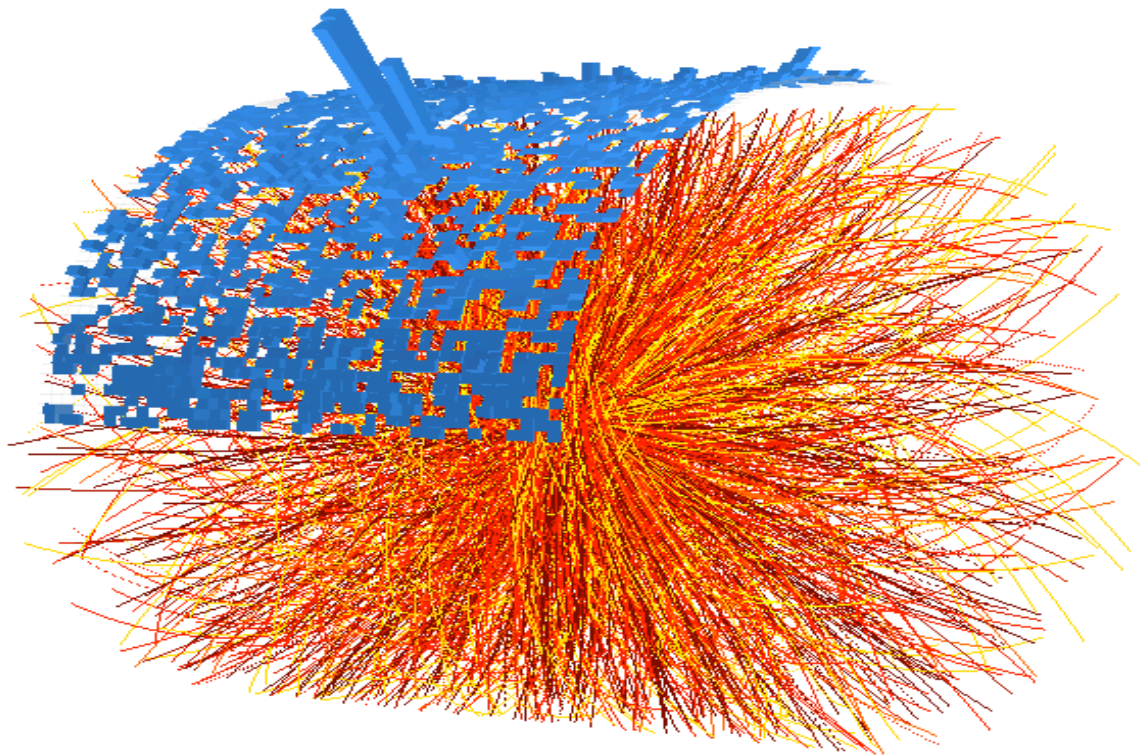


JET RESULTS FROM ALICE



ALICE

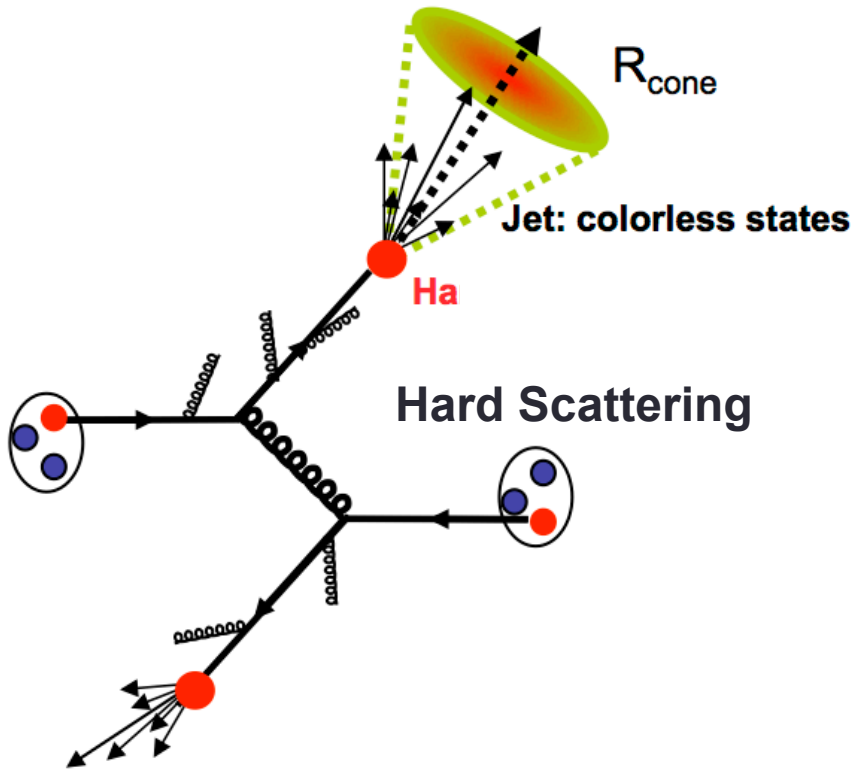


Yale

Megan Connors (Yale University)
US LHC Users Meeting
November 14, 2014

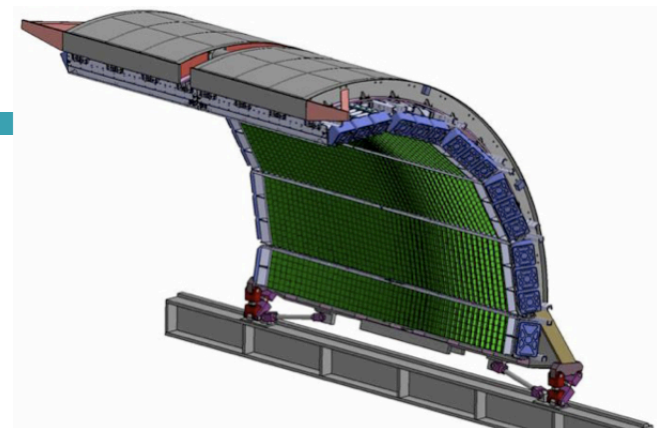


Defining a Jet



- Collimated spray of particles
 - Originating from a hard scattering
 - Radiation of soft gluons and quarks
 - Hadronization
- Defined by the jet finder
 - Anti- k_T
- Useful probe to study QGP
 - Experimentally and theoretically
 - Reflects hard scattered parton kinematics
 - Scattering occurs prior to QGP formation
 - Partons traverse the QGP and lose energy

Jets at ALICE



EMCal is a Pb-scintillator sampling calorimeter which covers:

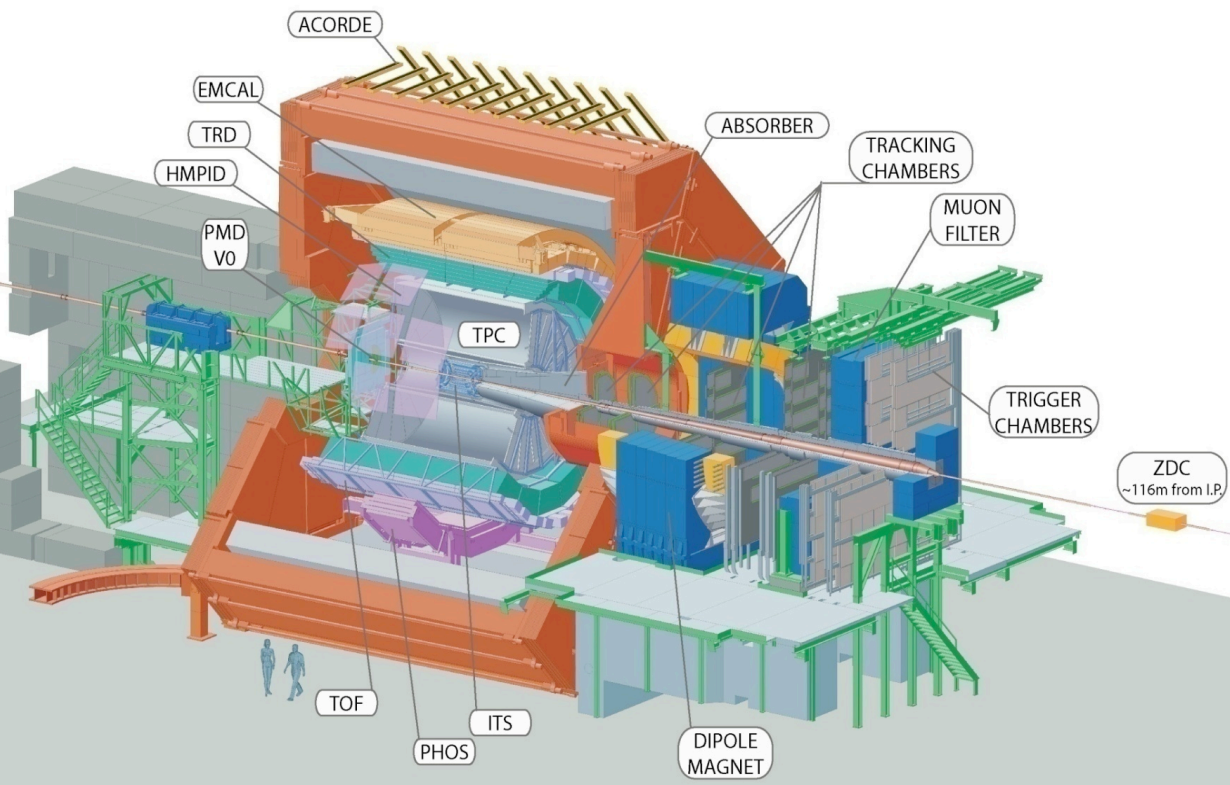
- $|\eta| < 0.7$,
- $1.4 < \varphi < \pi$



Charged particles →

JET

← **Neutral particles**



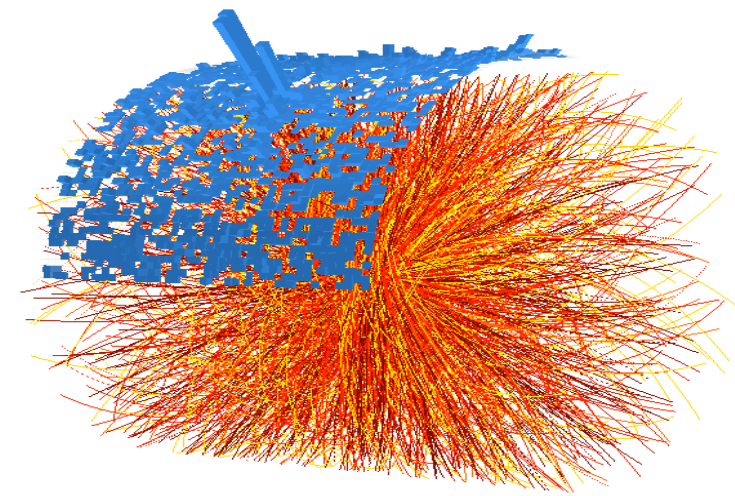
Tracking:

$|\eta| < 0.9, 0 < \varphi < 2\pi$

TPC: gas drift detector

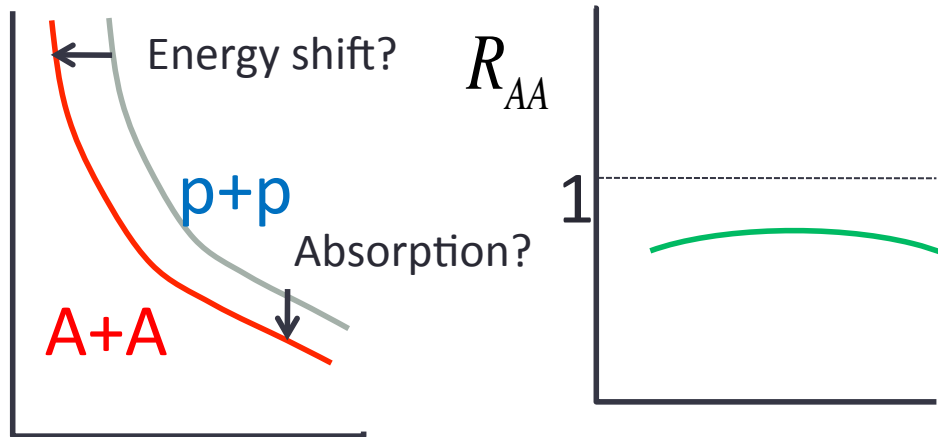
ITS: silicon detector

Jets in Pb-Pb



- Is AA simply a superposition of pp collisions?

$$R_{AA}(p_T) = \frac{d^2 N_{ch}^{AA} / d\eta dp_T}{\langle T_{AA} \rangle d^2 \sigma_{ch}^{pp} / d\eta dp_T}$$



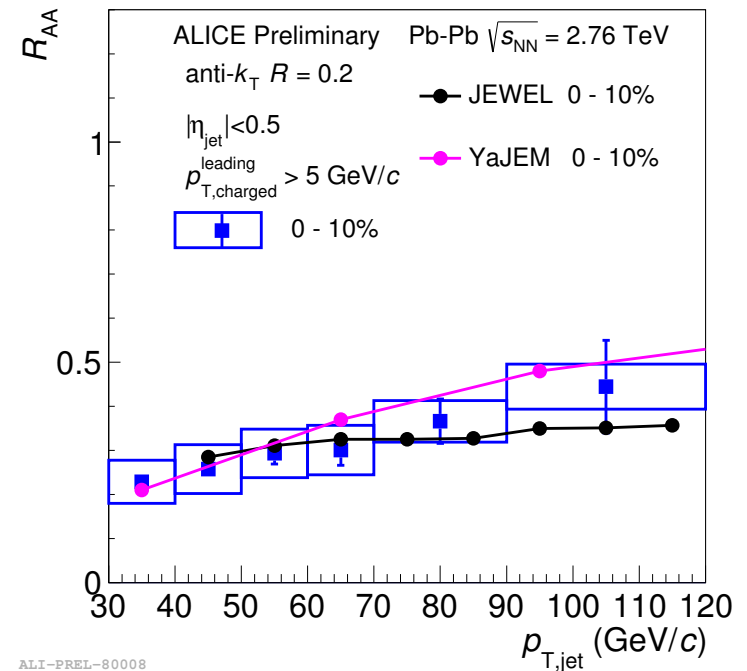
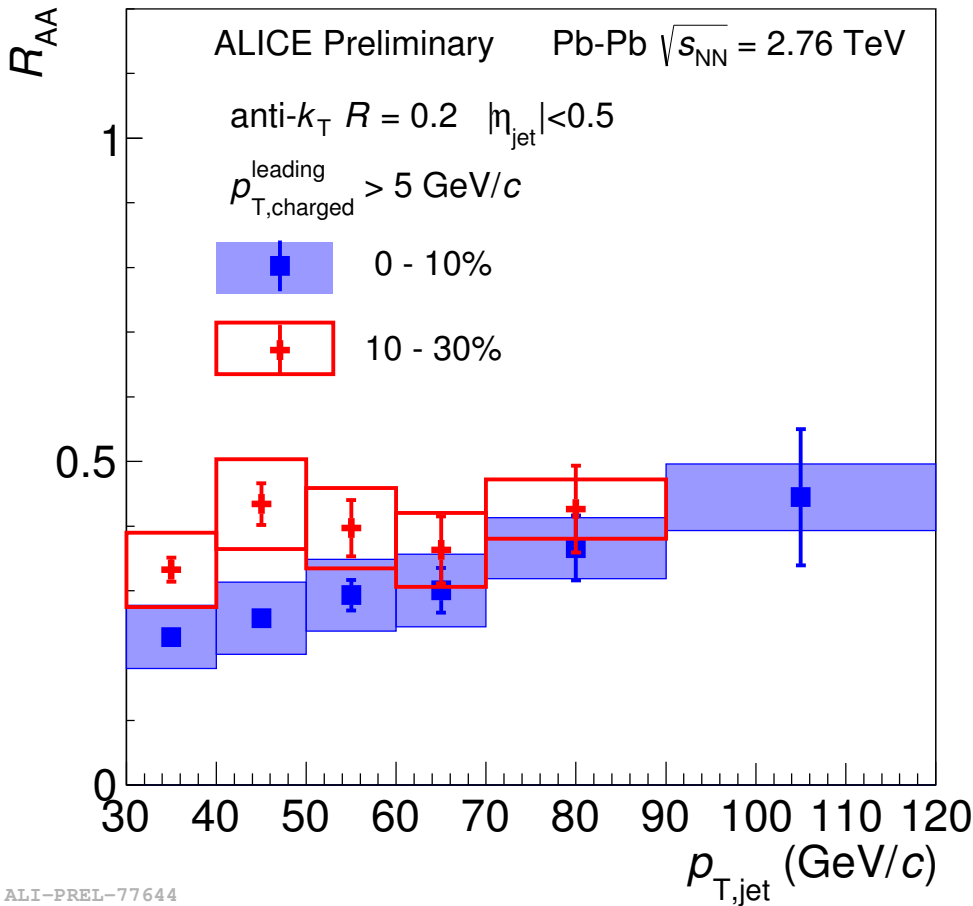
$R_{AA} = 1$ implies yes!
 $R_{AA} < 1$ implies energy loss

- Energy density subtracted event-by-event
- Unfold for detector effects and background fluctuations

Jets in Pb-Pb

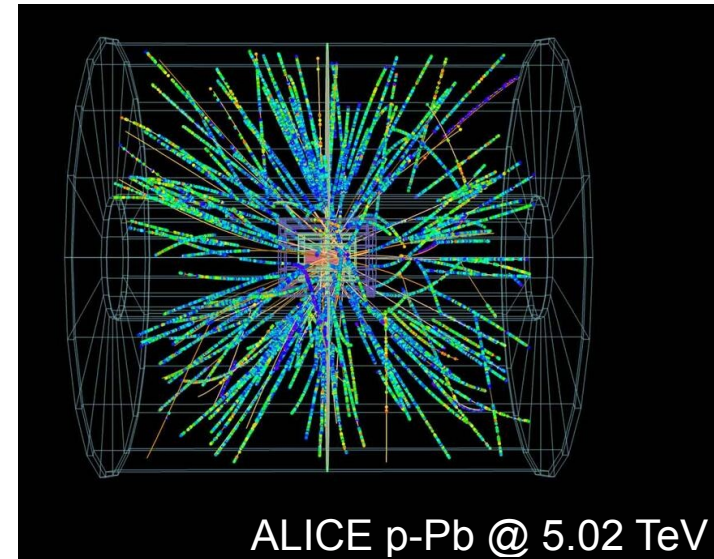
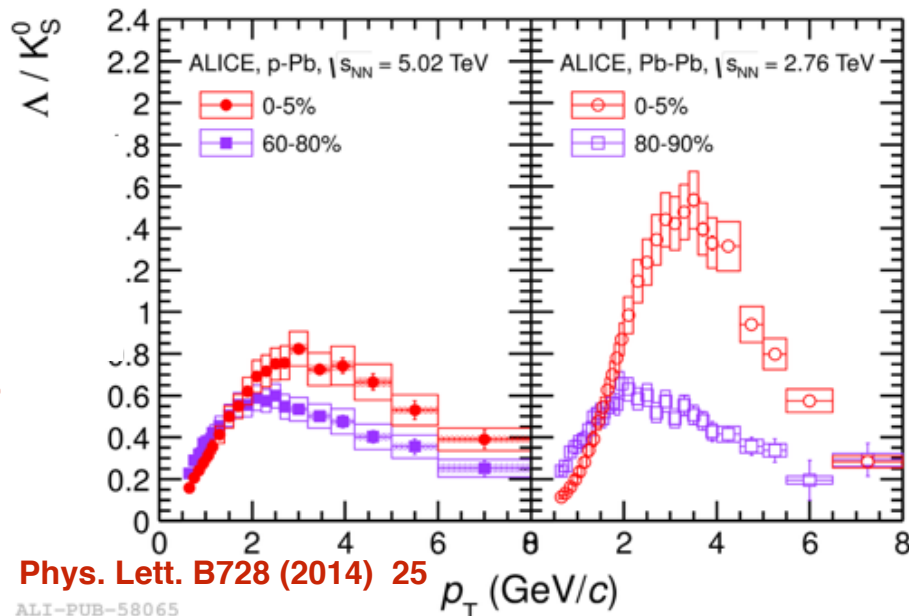
Central Pb-Pb collisions

- Jet Quenching!
- Suppression observed relative to N_{coll} scaled pp
- Good agreement with energy loss models



Motivation for Jets in p-Pb

- Could some of the suppression observed in Pb-Pb result from Cold Nuclear Matter (CNM) effects?
- Is multiplicity dependence of particle ratios observed in p-Pb present in the jet fragmentation?
- Is the fragmentation behavior of jets different in p-Pb?



Jets in p-Pb

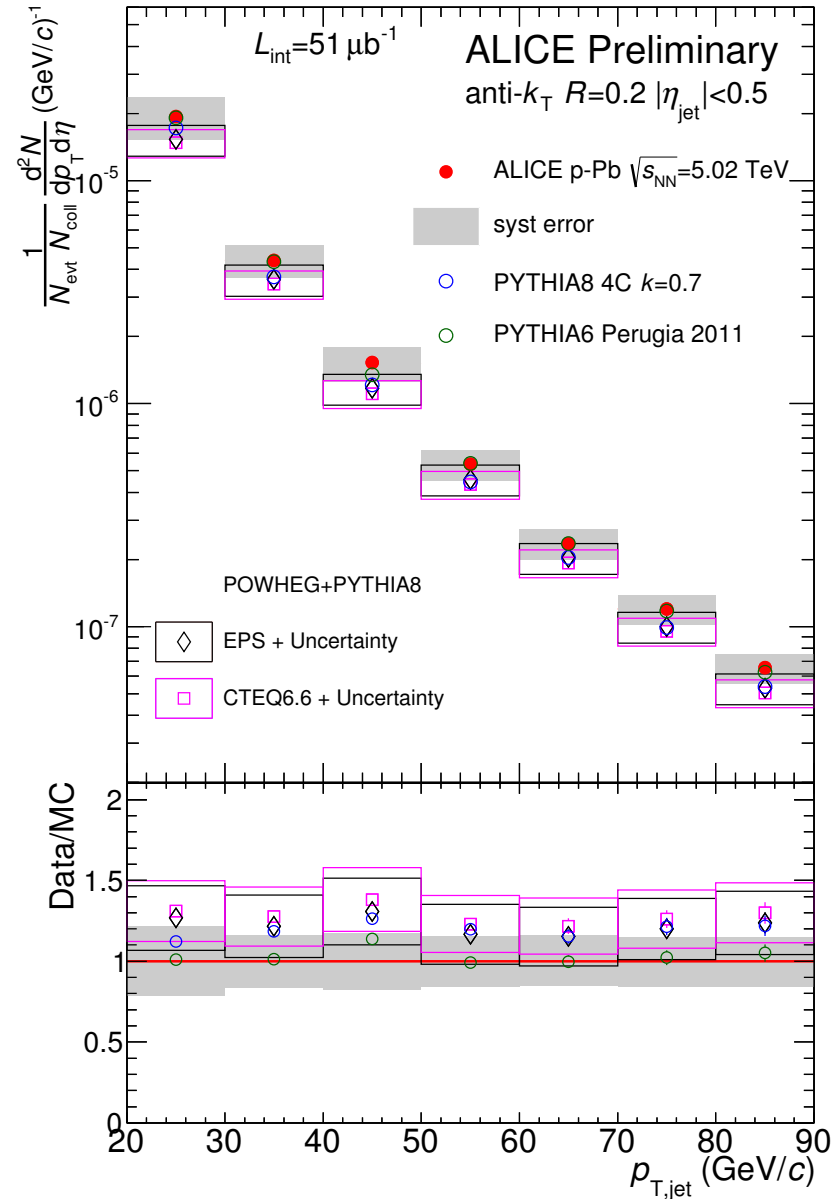
- Motivation: Quantify CNM effects in Pb-Pb jet quenching observation

$$R_{pPb} = \frac{1}{\langle N_{coll} \rangle} \frac{dN_{pPb} / dp_T}{dN_{pp} / dp_T}$$

No pp data at 5 TeV
Compare to MC

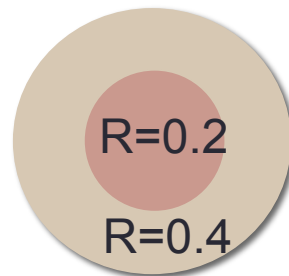
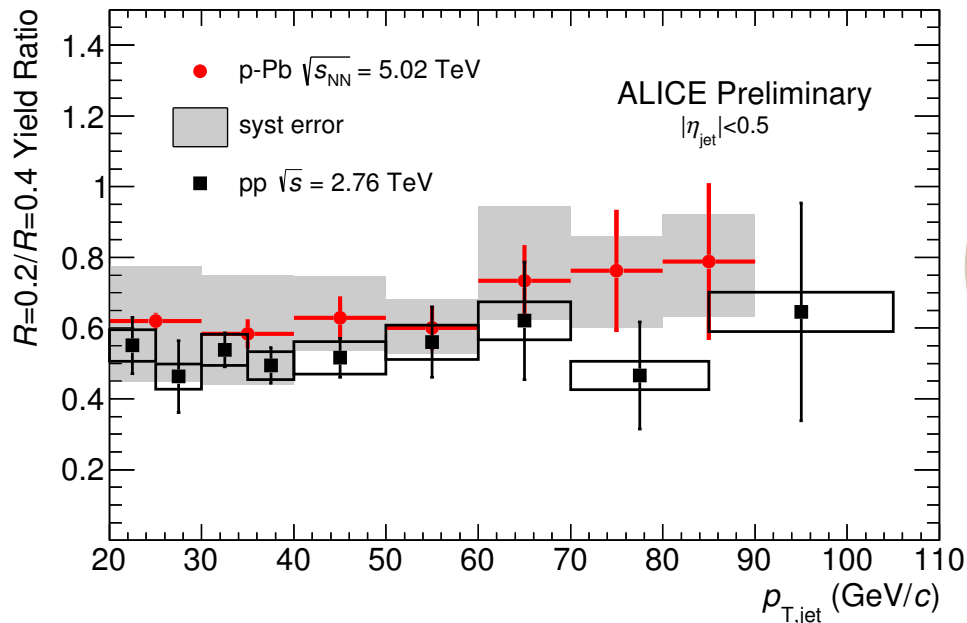
$$\langle N_{coll} \rangle = A \cdot \frac{\sigma_{pN}}{\sigma_{pA}} = 208 \cdot \frac{70 \text{ mb}}{2100 \text{ mb}} = 6.9$$

- Spread of results from MC references shows uncertainty on pp reference
- Consistent with no CNM effects
 - Suppression in Pb-Pb not a CNM effect
 - Need to reduce uncertainties with pp data
 - Baseline for Run II Pb-Pb



ALI-PREL-75740

Fragmentation Properties in p-Pb

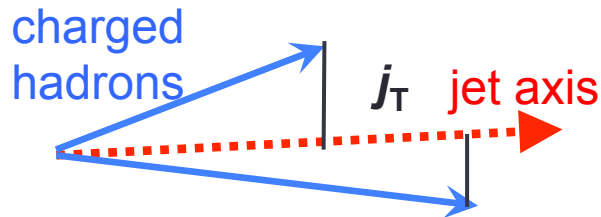


- p-Pb ratio consistent with pp collisions at 2.76 TeV

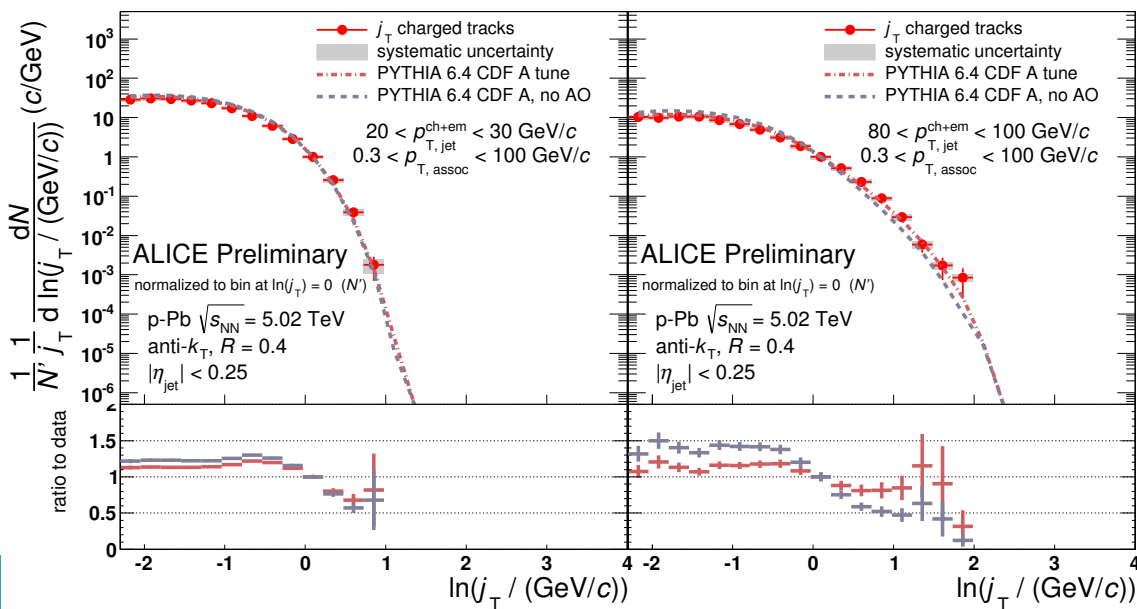
PLB 722 (2013) 262-272

- No modification of the jet sub-structure observed

ALI-PREL-75744

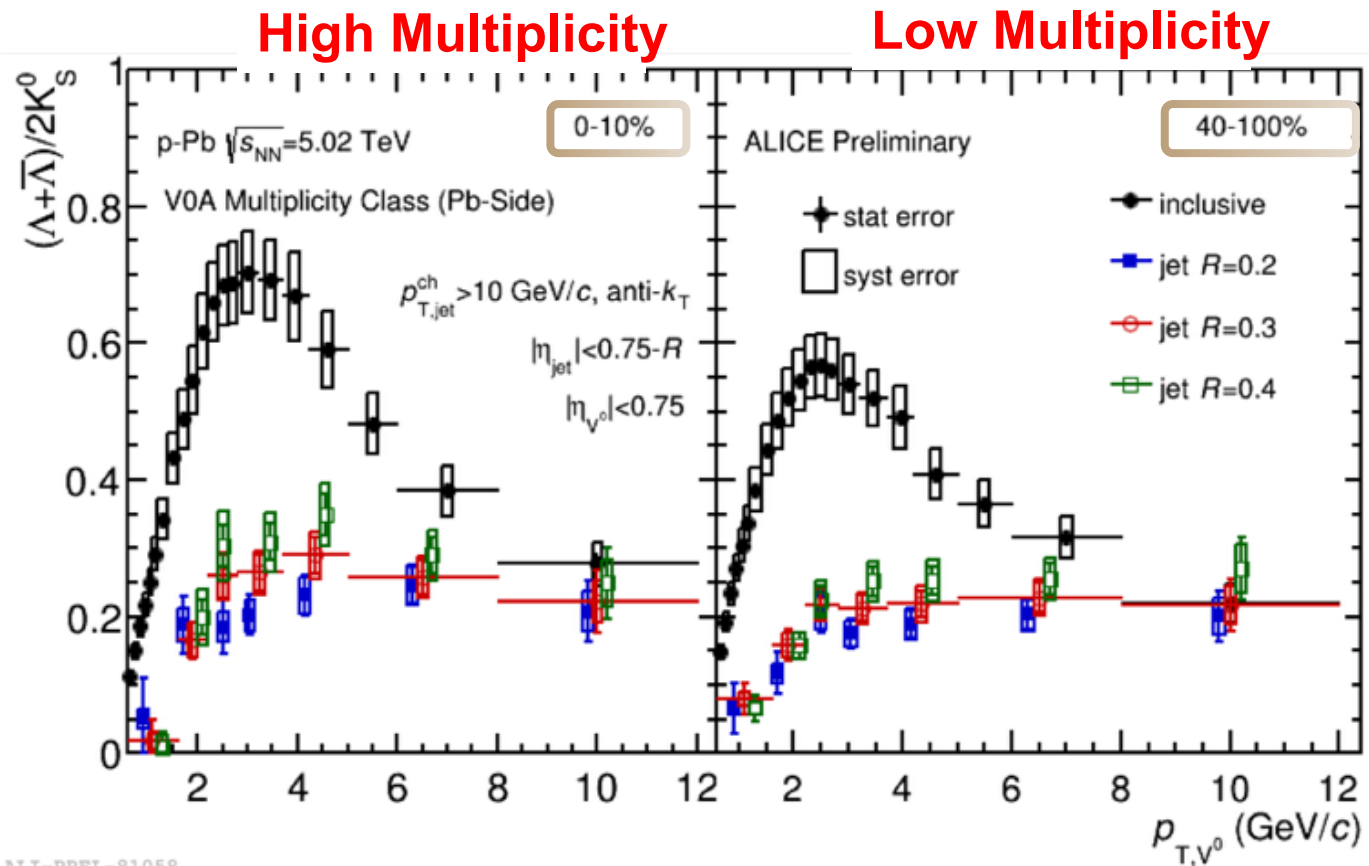


- Data is best described by PYTHIA with angular ordering



Λ/K^0_s Multiplicity Dependence in p-Pb

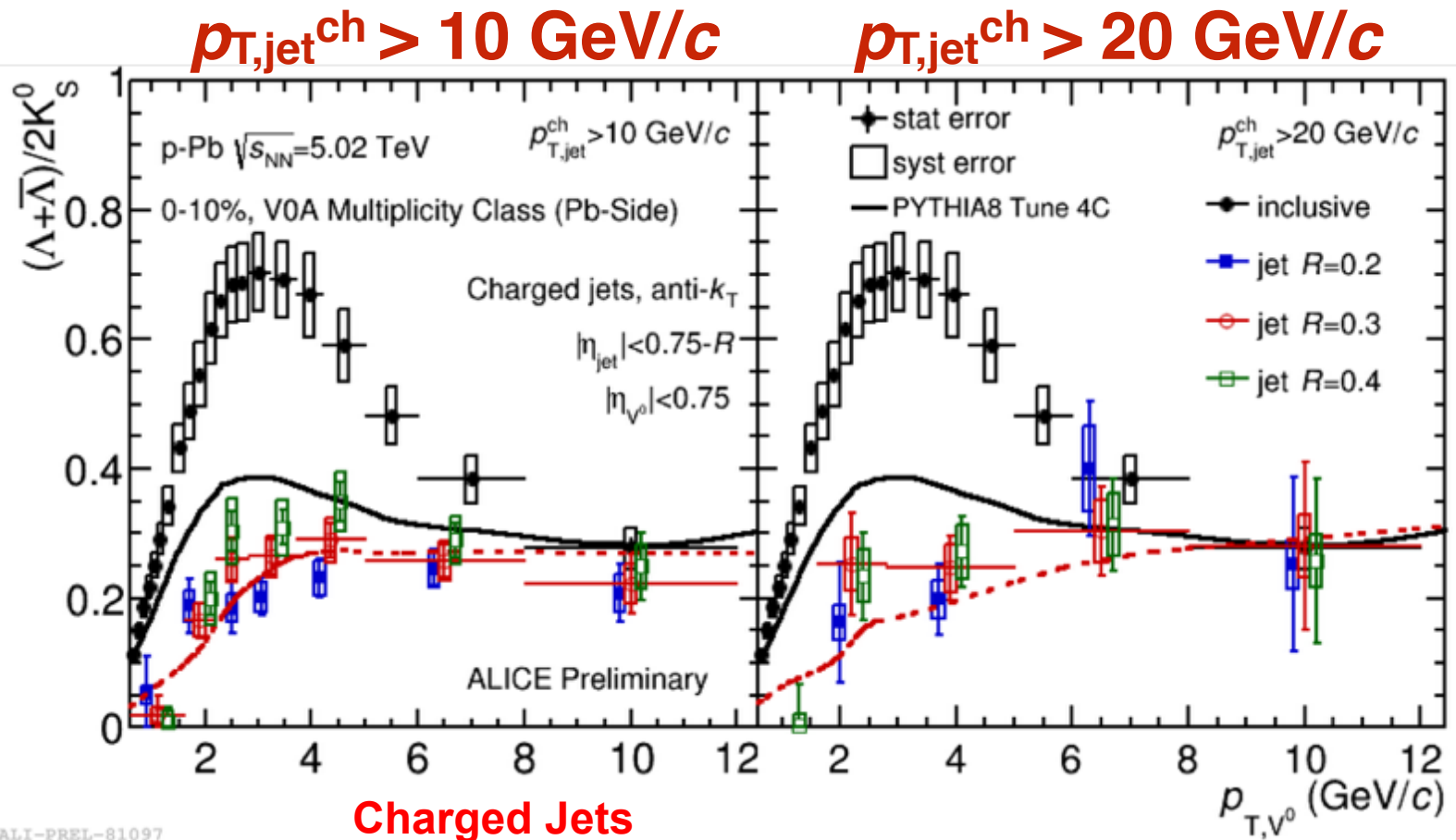
- Multiplicity dependence observed for inclusive Λ/K^0_s
- No multiplicity dependence for Λ/K^0_s ratio in jets
- Ratio within the jet lower than inclusive ratio



Charged Jets

Λ/K^0_s Ratio Compared to PYTHIA

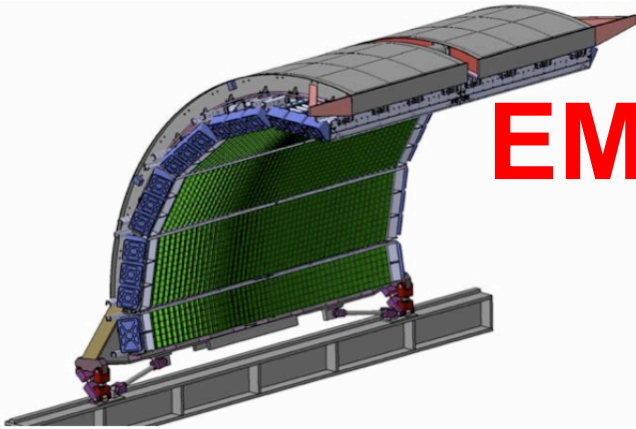
- Ratio within the **jet** consistent with **PYTHIA**
- Increased inclusive Λ/K^0_s ratio due to UE



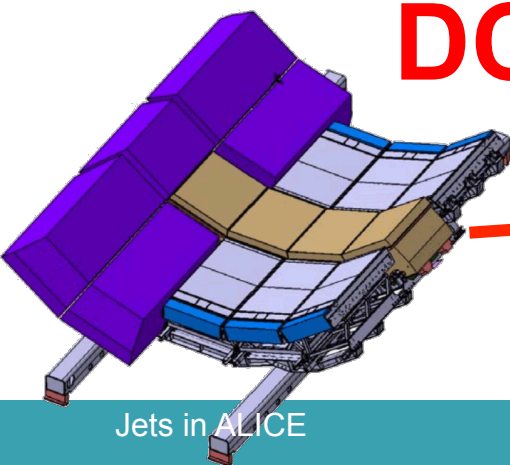
ALI-PREL-81097

New ALICE Capabilities in Run II

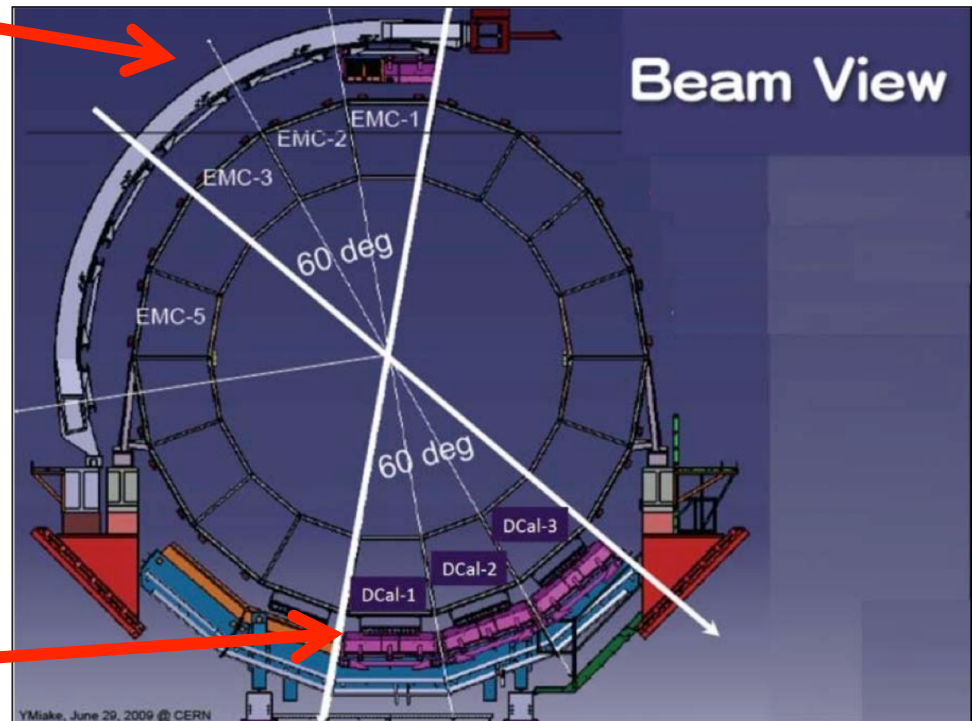
- New DCal calorimeter
 - Increased acceptance for jets
 - Allows for di-jet observables



EMCal



DCal



$\Delta\eta=1.4, \Delta\phi=60^\circ$

Ready for Run II

Summary

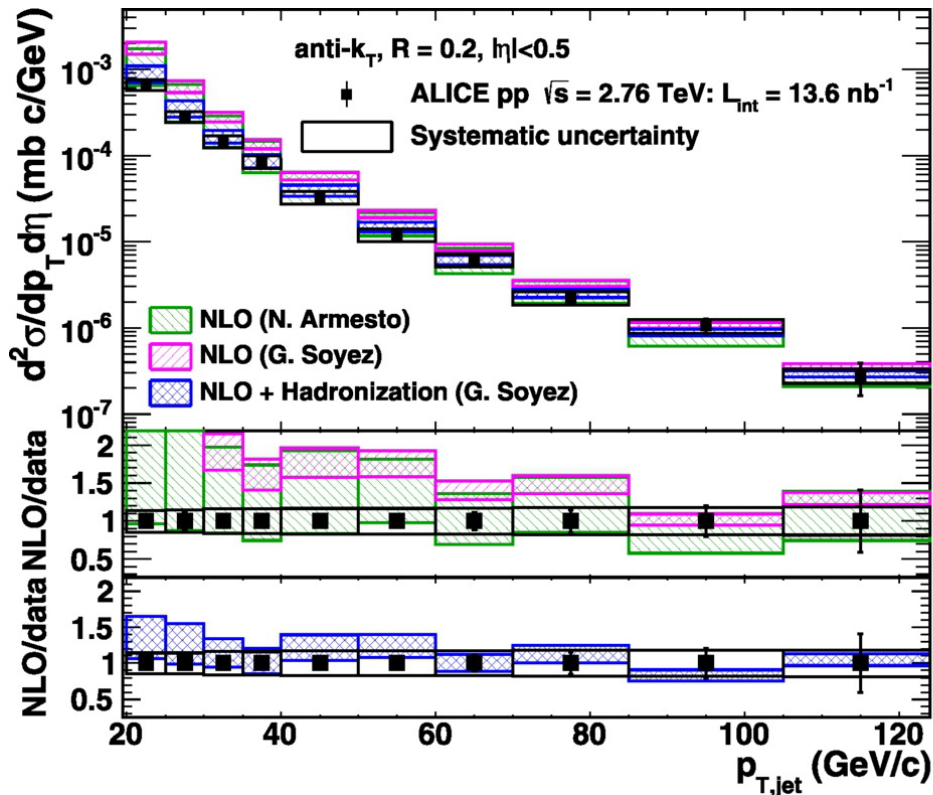
- Jet quenching observed in central Pb-Pb collisions
- p-Pb consistent with model calculations for 5.02 TeV pp
 - Need 5.02 TeV pp data to reduce uncertainties
 - CNM effects cannot account for strong suppression of Pb-Pb
- Jet substructure or particle ratios in p-Pb collisions consistent with pp expectations
- Energy loss models reproduce Pb-Pb suppression
 - Additional observables will provide more constraints to energy loss models
- Looking forward to measuring jets in Run II
 - Increased energy and statistics
 - New (di-)jet capabilities with the DCal

Jet Cross-Section (pp)

$\sqrt{s} = 2.76$ TeV, $R = 0.2$

arXiv:1301.3475

PLB: 10.1016/j.physletb.2013.04.026



Hadronization needed for theory-data agreement!

- **Important reference** for Pb-Pb collisions

- Good agreement between data and NLO calculations

- Many orders of magnitude

- Jets are a well

calibrated probe for the QGP

Agreement with Models

- Good agreement with energy loss models

JEWEL: JHEP 1303 (2013) 080, Eur. Phys. J. C74 (2014) 2762

YaJEM: Phys. Rev. C78 (2008) 034908, Phys. Rev. C84 (2011) 067902

