



Design and simulation of Super Big Bite spectrometer magnet using MERMAID-3D

Stepan Mikhailov

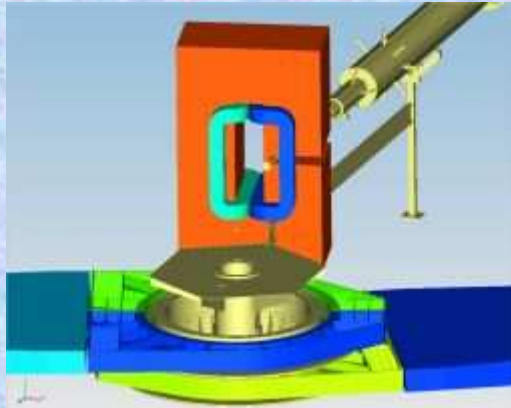
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Bogdan Wojtsekhowski

(Jefferson Lab, Newport News, USA)



SuperBigBite experimental program



- <http://hallaweb.jlab.org/12GeV/SuperBigBite/>

Experiment E02-013, approved by PAC21, will measure the neutron electric form factor at Q^2 up to 3.4 (GeV/c)^2 , which is twice that achieved to date. The main features of the new experiment will be the use of the electron spectrometer BigBite, a large array of neutron detectors, and a polarized ^3He target. We present the parameters and optimization of the experimental setup. A concept of an experiment for G_E^n where precision G_E^p data is used for calibration of the systematics of a Rosenbluth type measurement is also discussed.

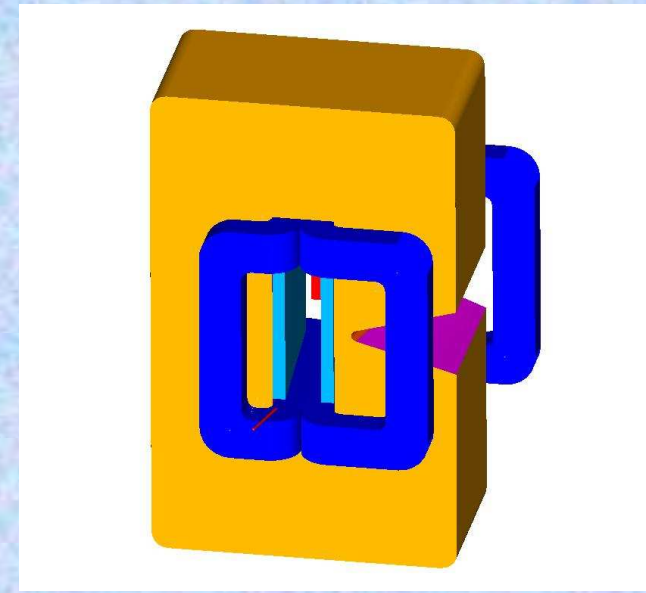
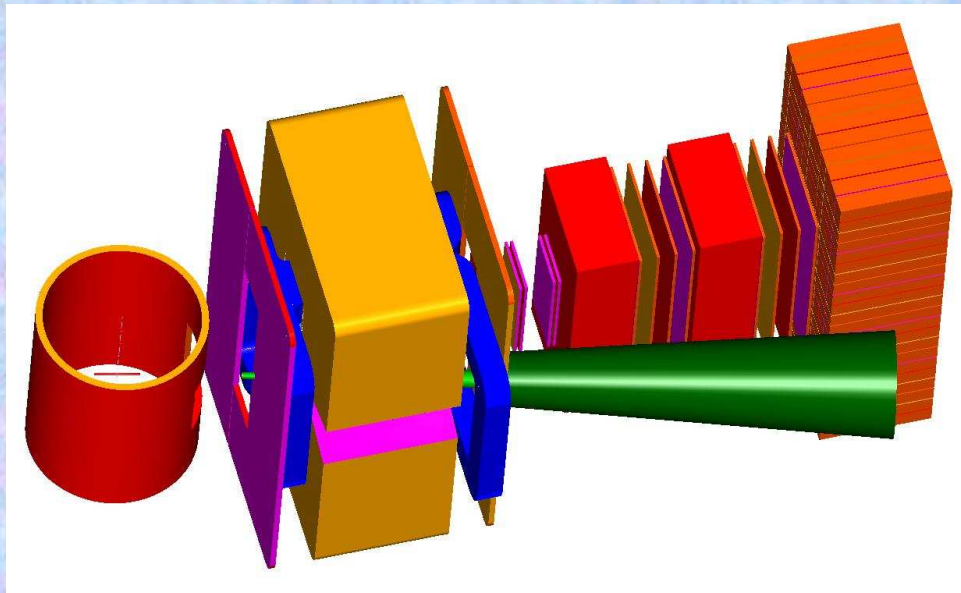
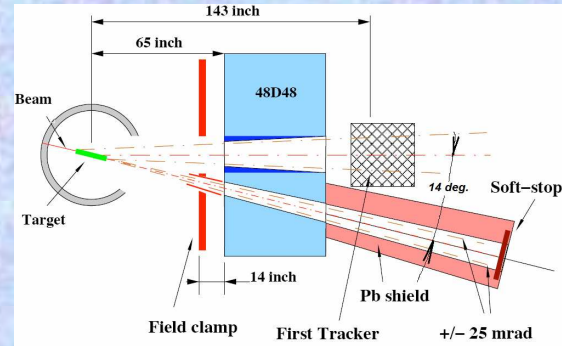
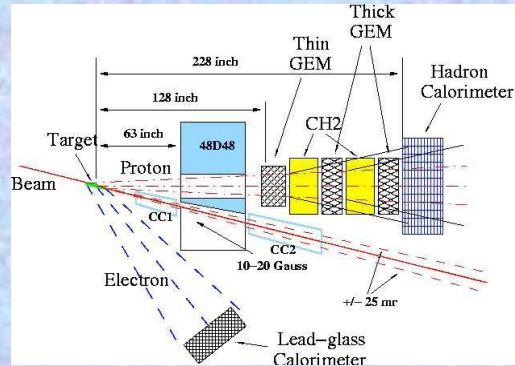
1. Introduction

Elastic electron scattering, which in the one-photon approximation is characterized by two form factors, is the simplest exclusive reaction on the nucleon. It provides important ingredients to our knowledge of nucleon structure. There are well-founded predictions of pQCD for the Q^2 dependence of the form factors and their ratio in the limit of large momentum transfer¹. Predictions of a fundamental theory always attract substantial attention from experimentalists. Recent surprising results on G_E^p show that the ratio G_E^p/G_M^p declines sharply as Q^2 increases, and therefore pQCD is not applicable up to 10 (GeV/c)^2 . According to^{2,3} the electric and magnetic form factors behave differently, starting at $Q^2 \approx 1 \text{ (GeV/c)}^2$. The same mechanisms causing this deviation should also be present in the neutron. It is an intriguing question, how the ratio G_E^n/G_M^n develops in this Q^2 regime, where confinement plays an important role.

- A vigorous nuclear physics experimental program
- QCD is challenged



SBS Layout



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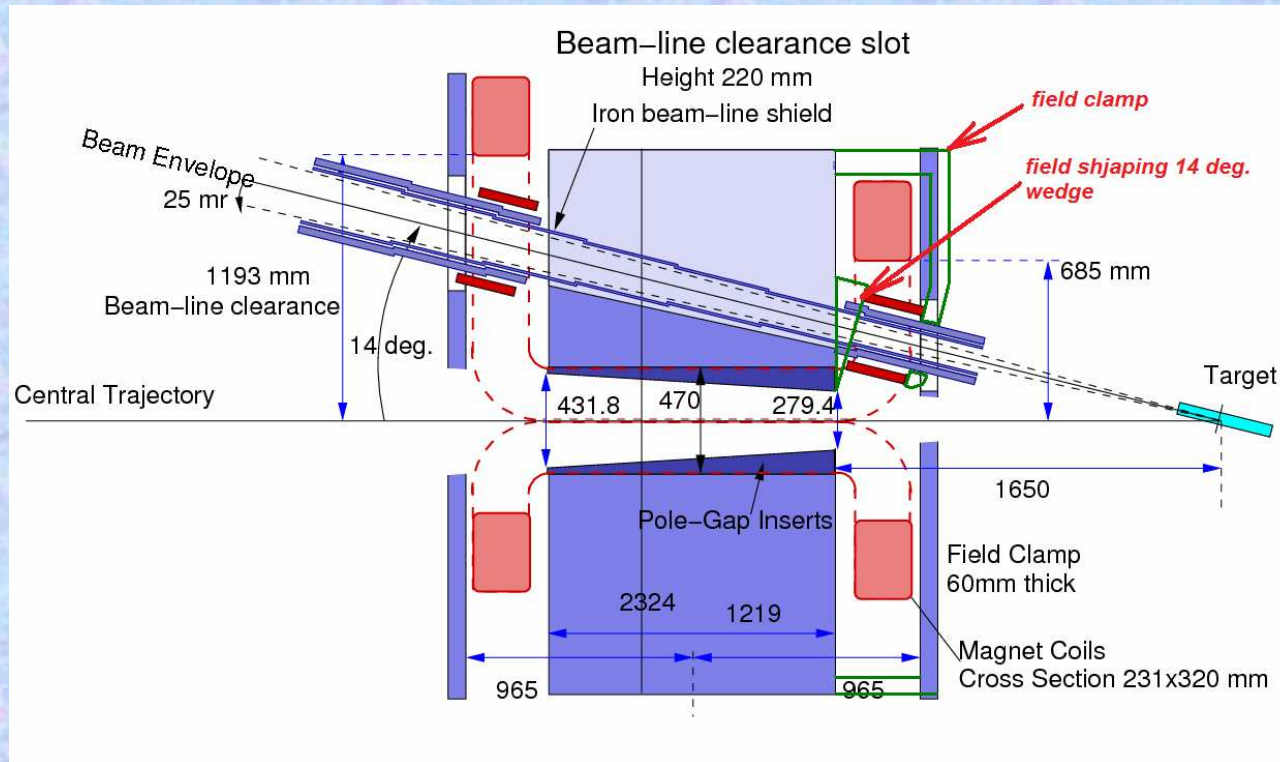
The 48D48 magnet at BNL



- The main component of SBS is the 48D48 dipole, which was previously used at Brookhaven's AGS accelerator 100 tons, 18.5" x 48" x 48" field volume
- No stray field allowed: both the target and the outgoing beamline are supposed to be shielded from the SBS fields



Proposed SBS front concept solution



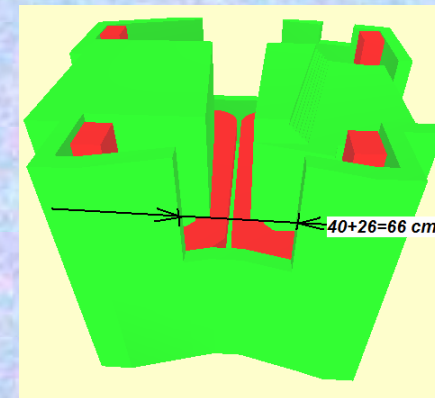
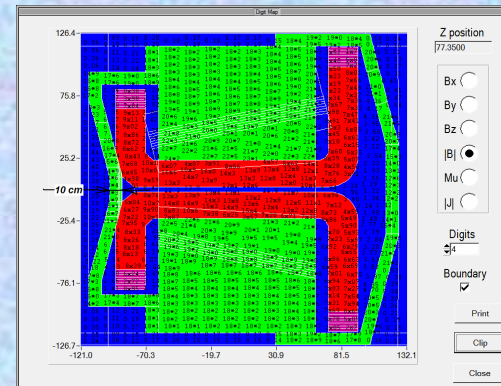
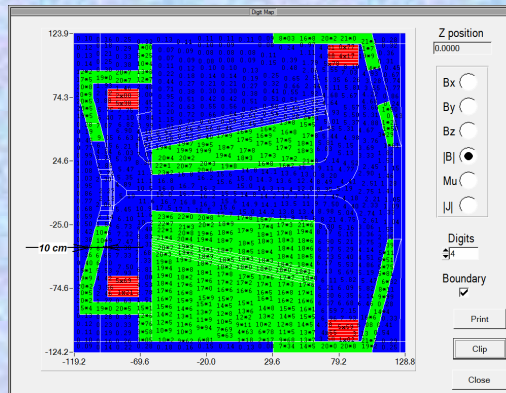
- The field integral along the central trajectory : $> 2.0 \text{ T}\cdot\text{m}$ (2.0-3.0)
- The field transversal to the beam line (14° line) B_t should be as low as possible to eliminate the background



Design iterations....

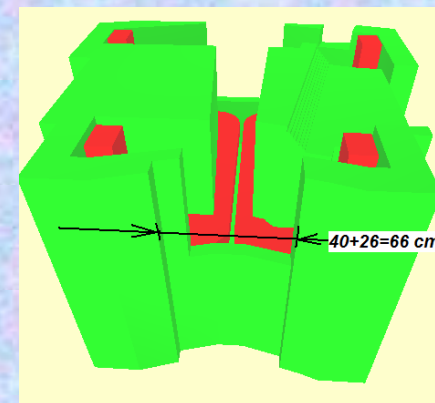
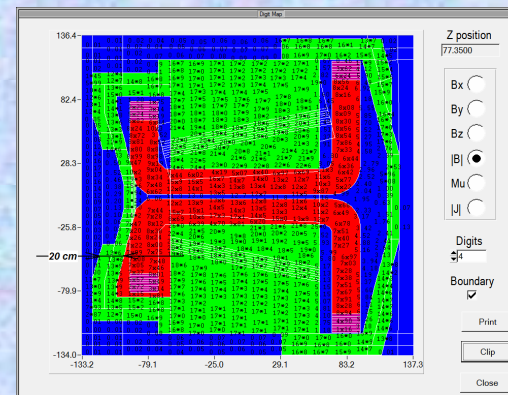
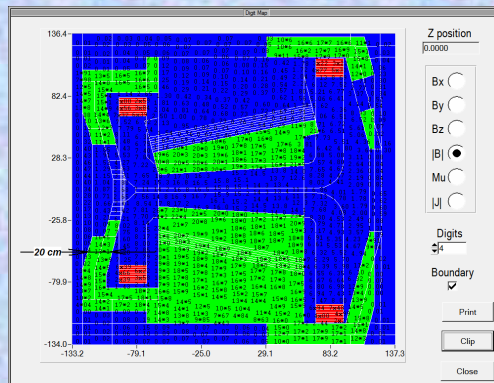
- encapsulated field concept:

A:



The field clamps and flux return are saturated...

B:



The field clamps and flux return are saturated...

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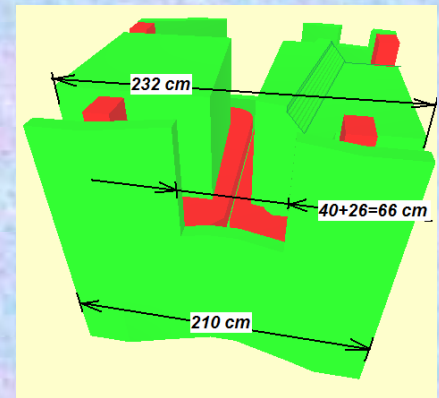
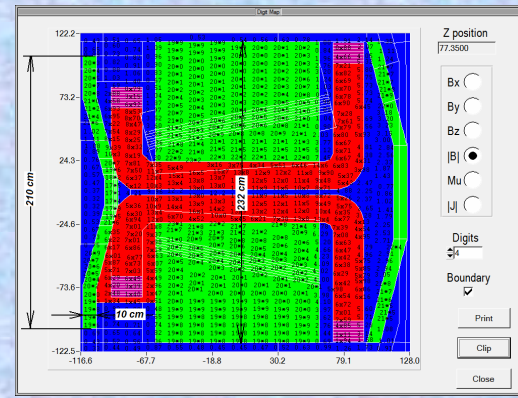
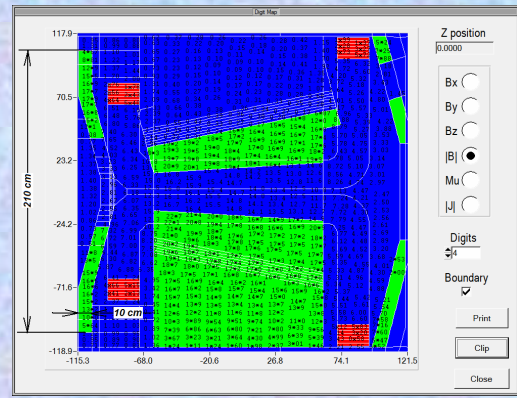




Design iterations....

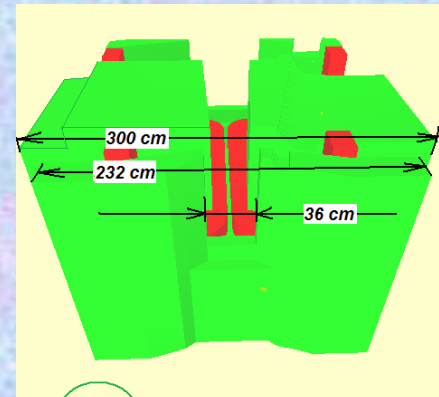
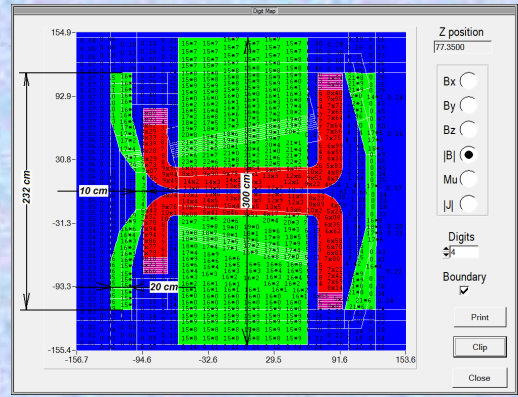
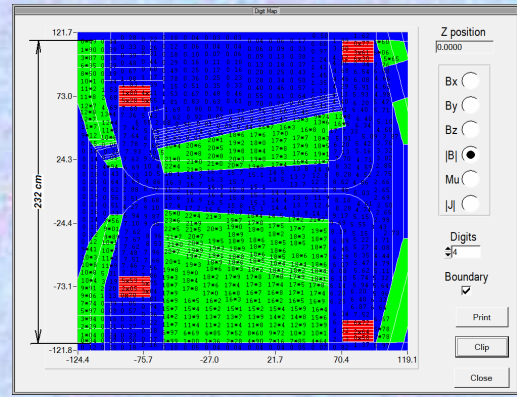
- open clamp concept:

C00:

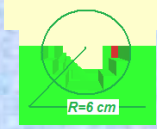


The field clamps and flux return are still saturated...

C03:



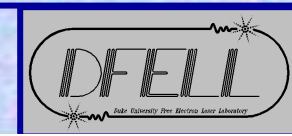
The field clamps and flux return are not saturated



Entrance hole

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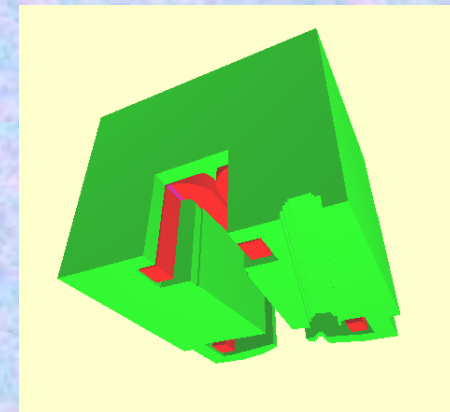
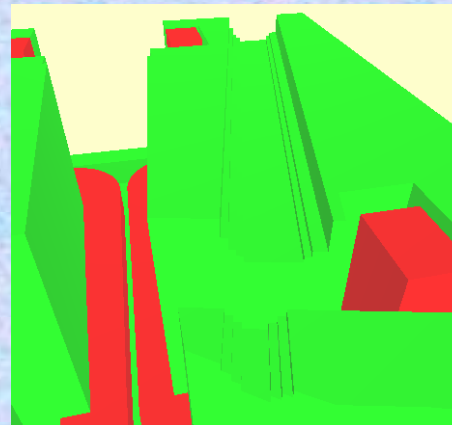
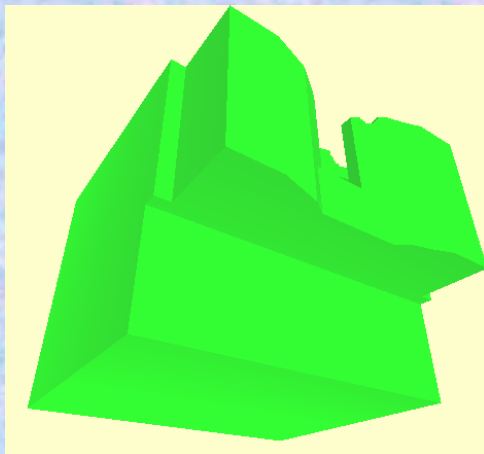
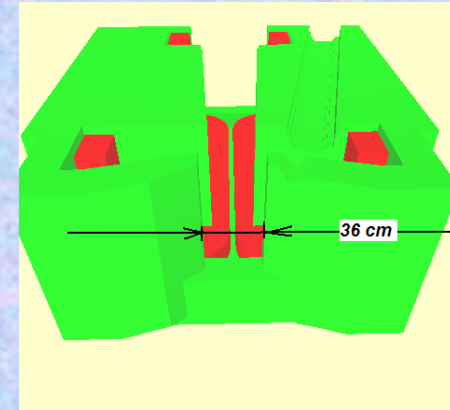
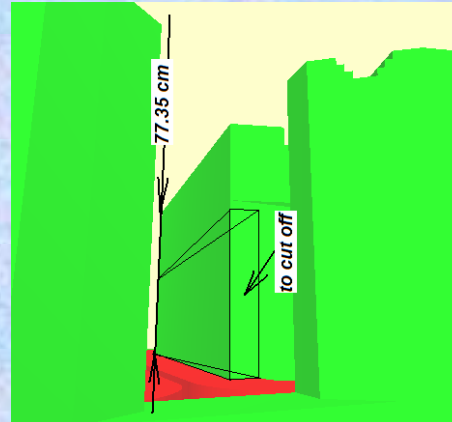
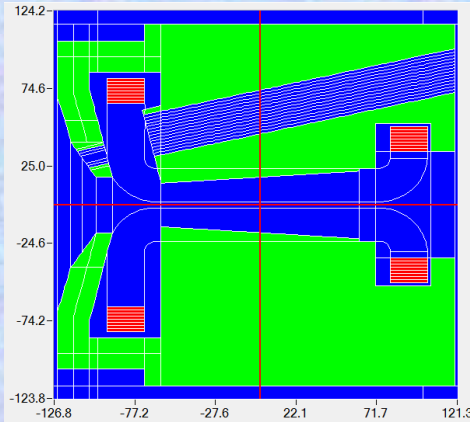




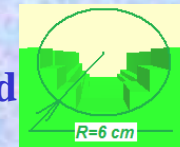
Design iterations....

- back to the encapsulated concept:

D00:



The field clamps and flux return are not saturated



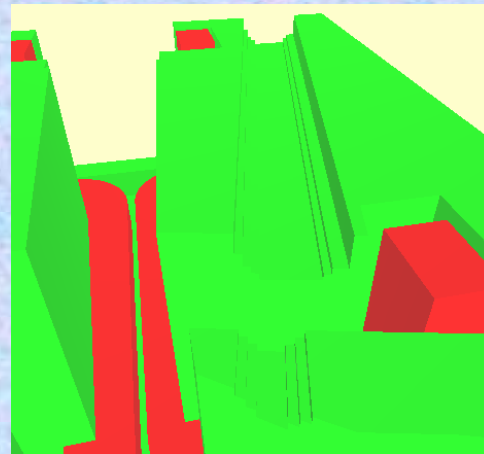
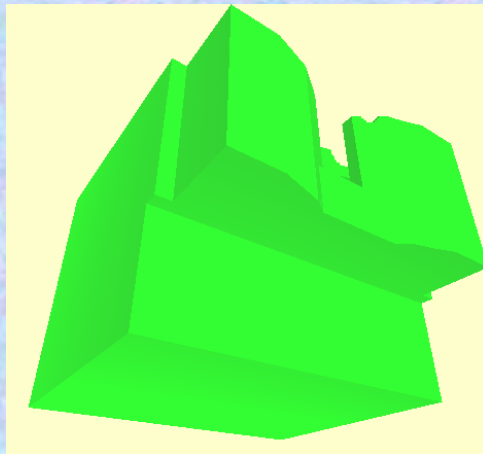
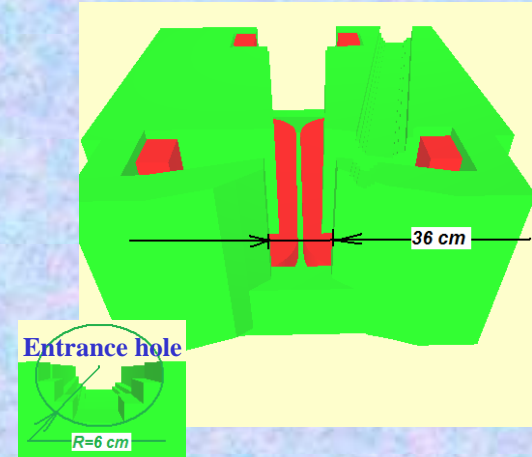
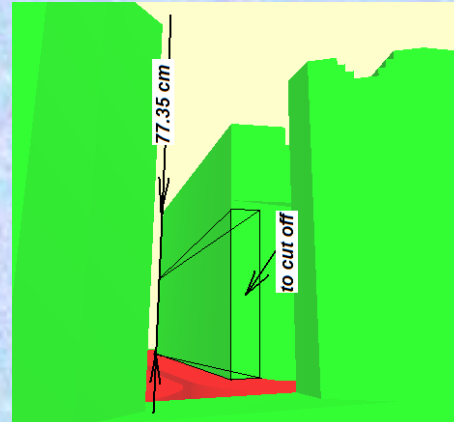
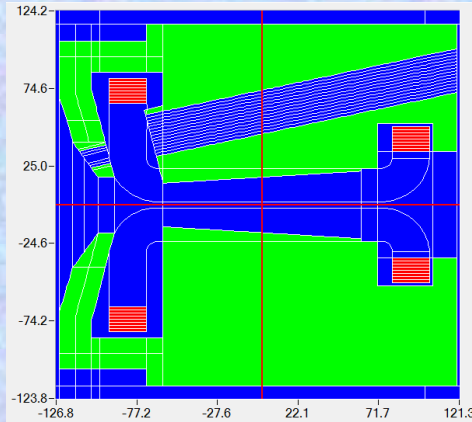
Entrance hole



Design iterations....

- back to the encapsulated concept:

D00:



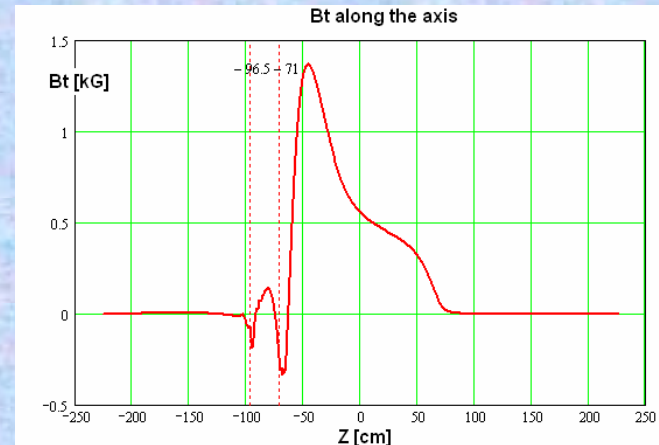
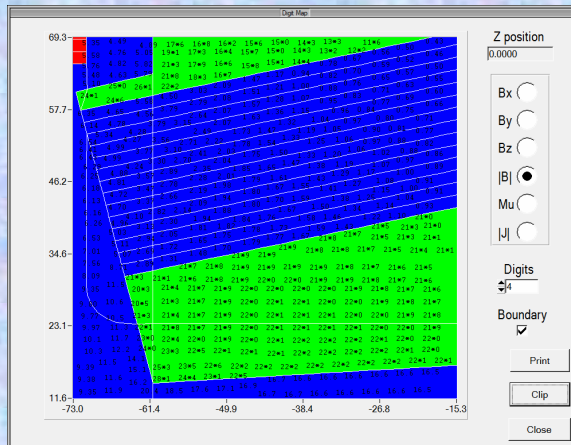
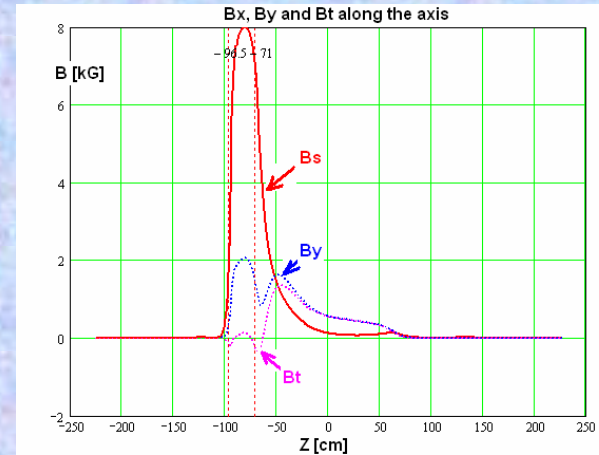
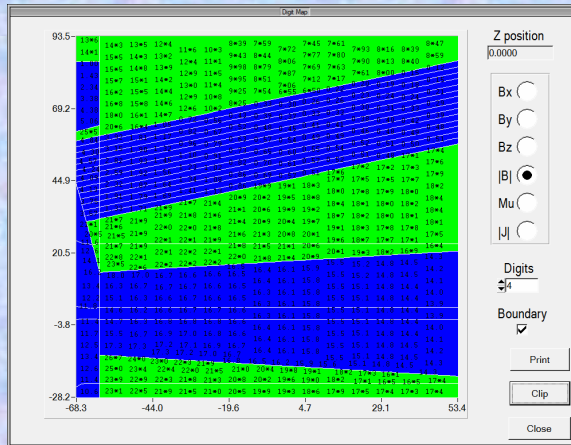
The field clamps and flux return are not saturated



Design iterations....

- back to the encapsulated concept:

D00:



B_t field at the entrance to the beam opening is ~ 1.5 kG – too much!

And inside the opening (the beam hole) - ~ 0.5 kG – way too much!

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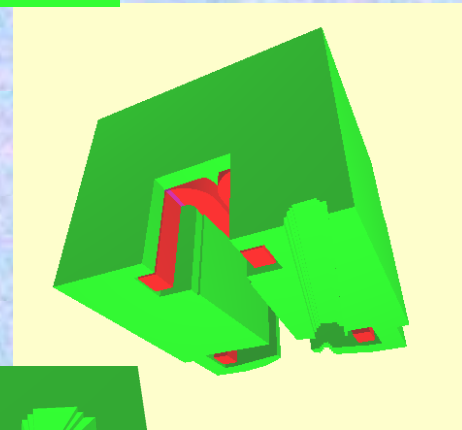
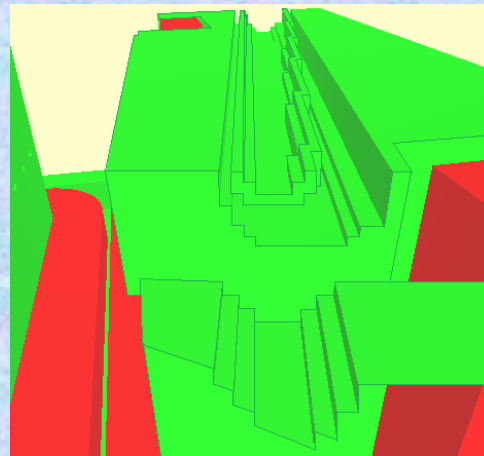
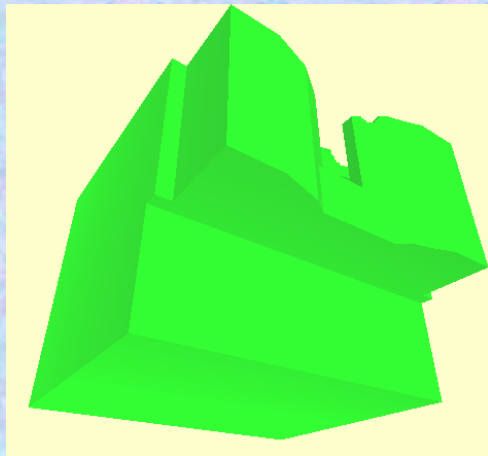
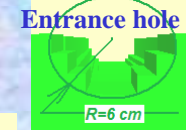
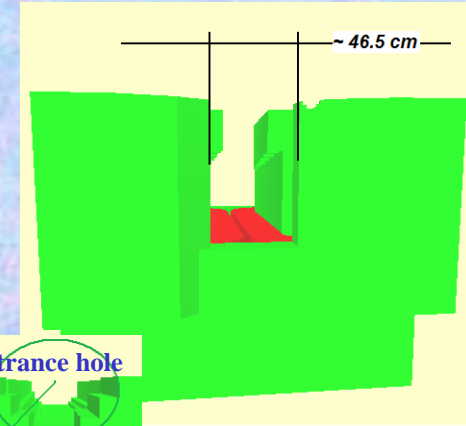
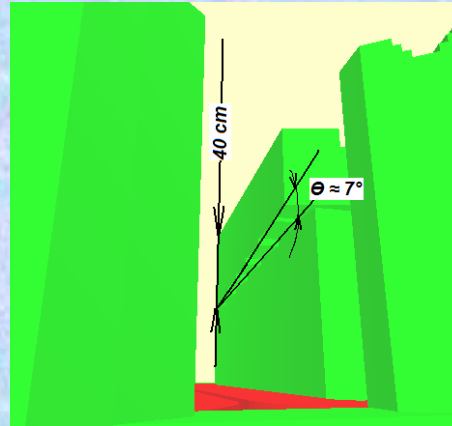
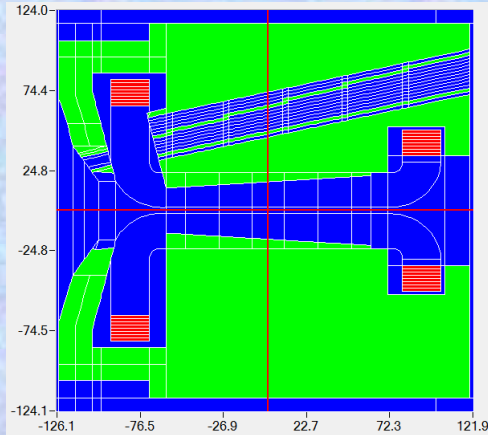




Design iterations....

- back to the encapsulated concept:

D04:



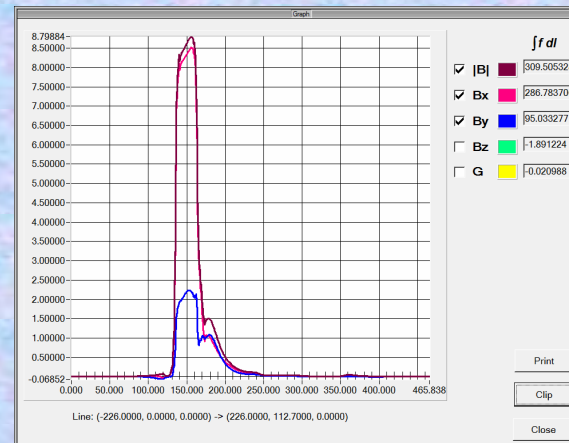
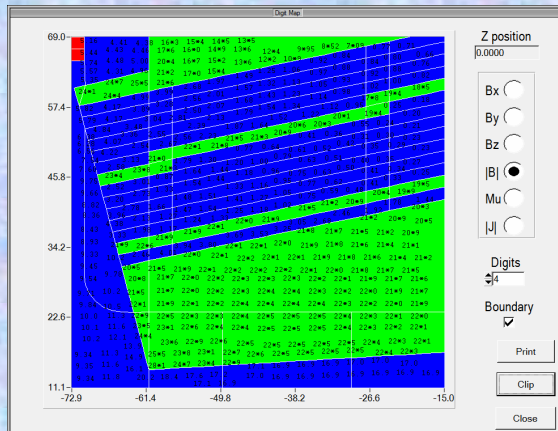
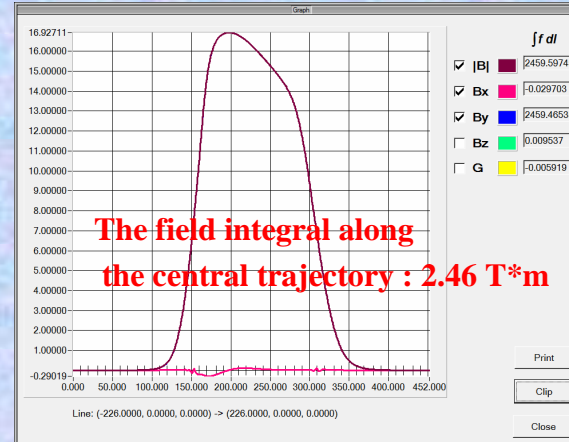
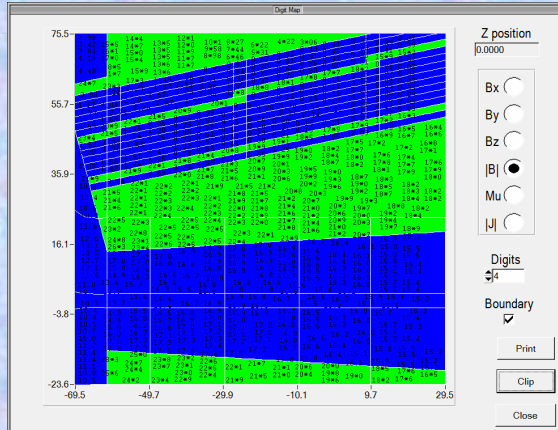
The field clamps and flux return are not saturated



Design iterations....

- back to the encapsulated concept:

D04:



B_z field at the entrance to the beam opening is ~ 2.0 kG – way too much!

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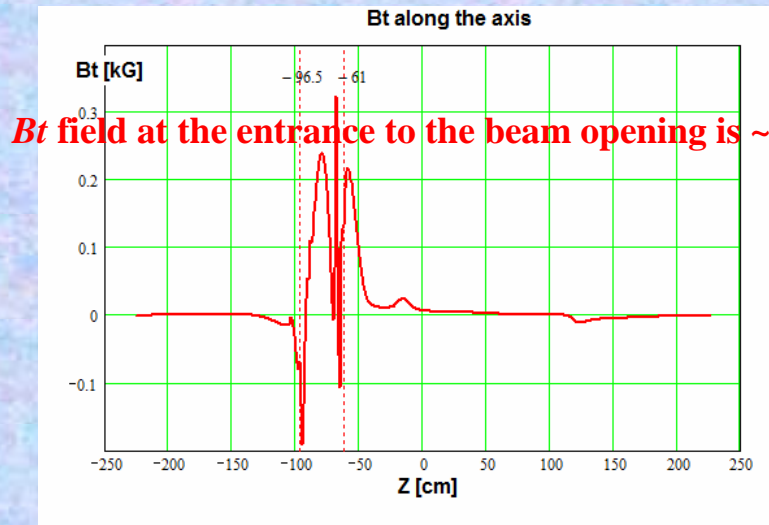
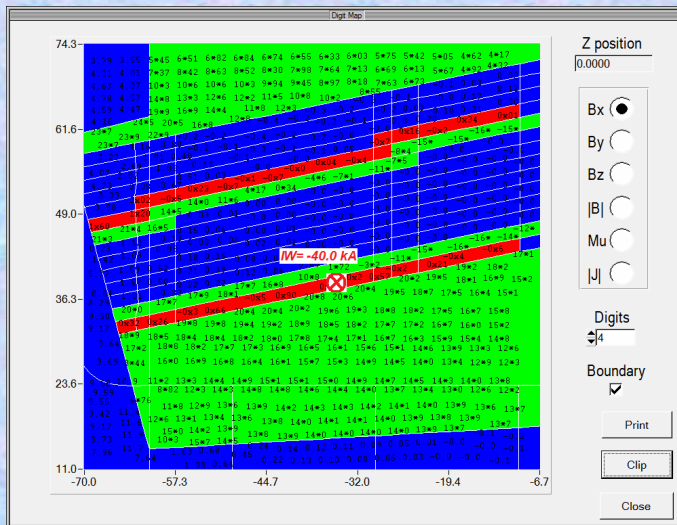
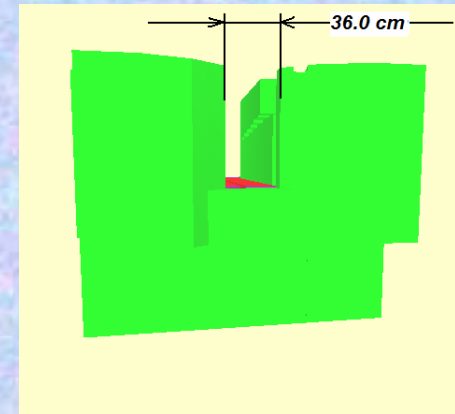
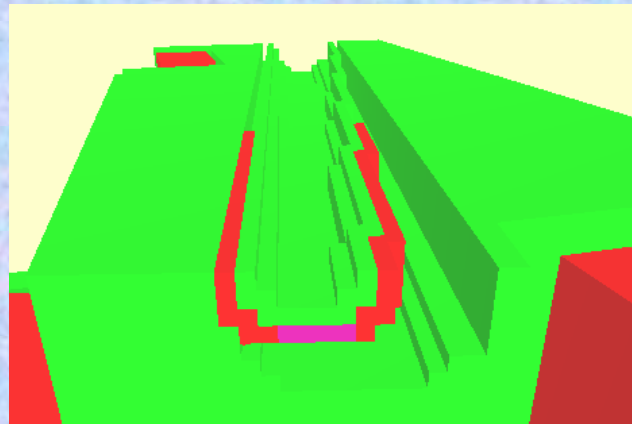
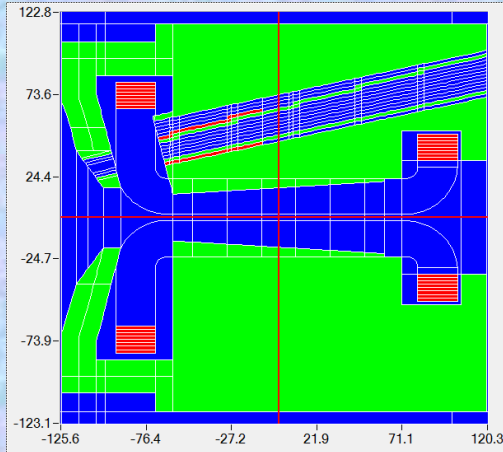
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Design iterations....

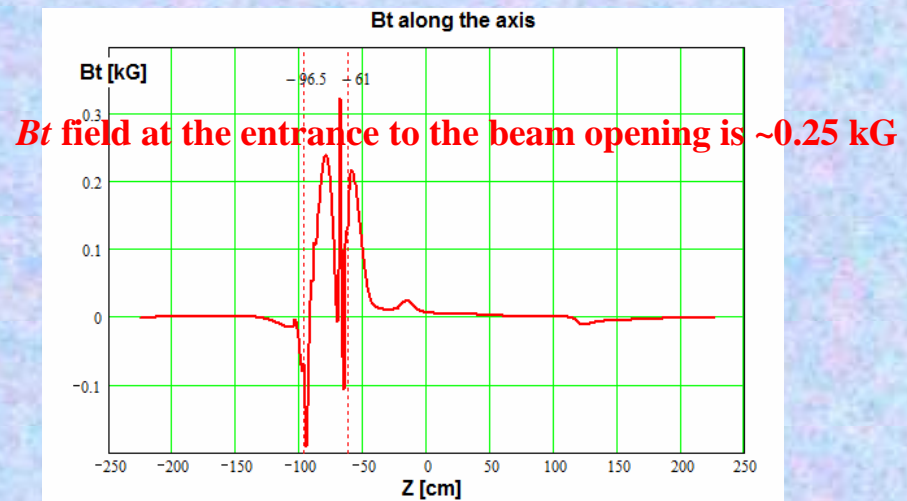
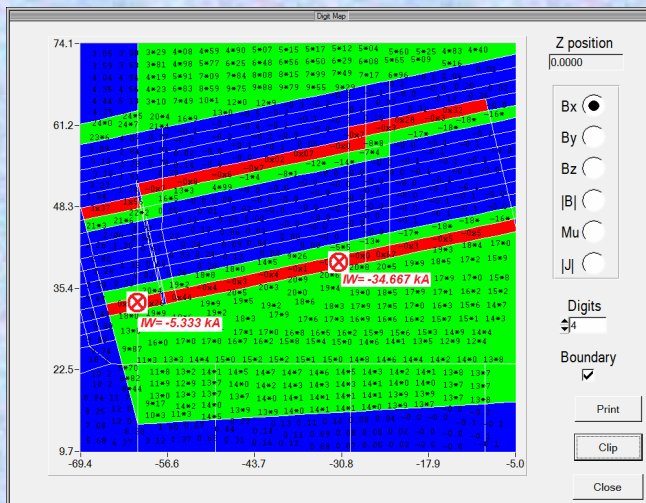
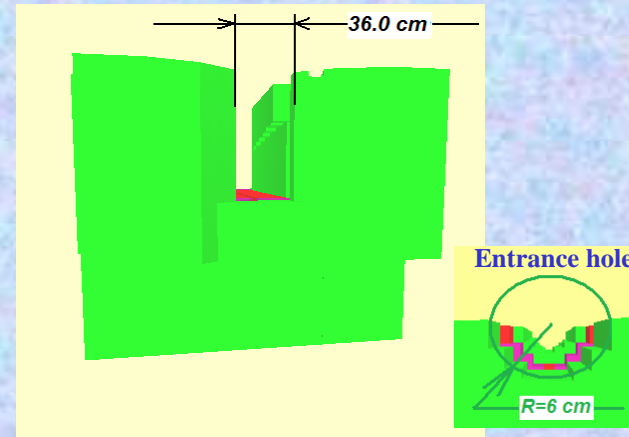
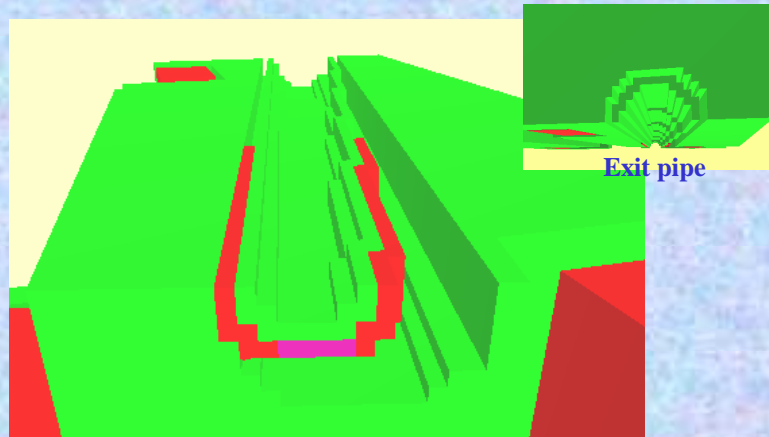
- encapsulated concept: **D73_40:**





Design iterations....

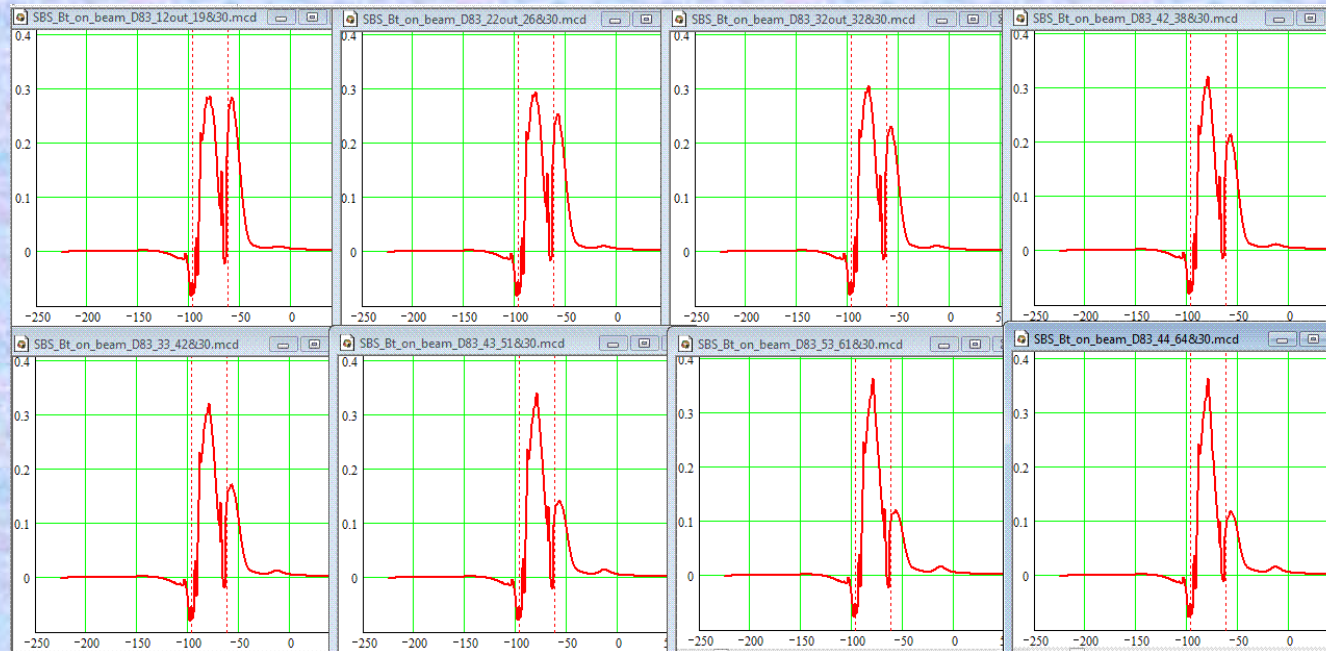
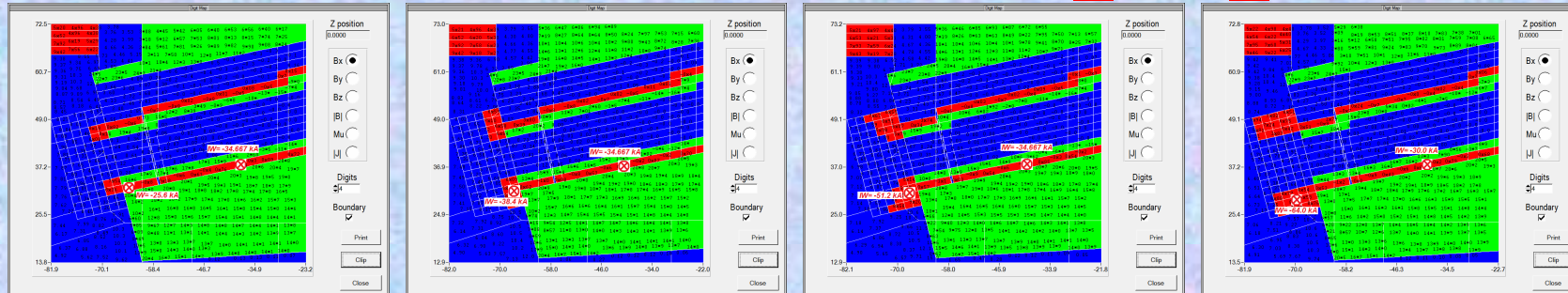
- encapsulated concept: **D83_00_05&35:**





Design iterations....

- encapsulated concept: **D83_NN_NN&NN:**



***Bt* field at the entrance to the beam opening is ~0.2-0.35 kG**

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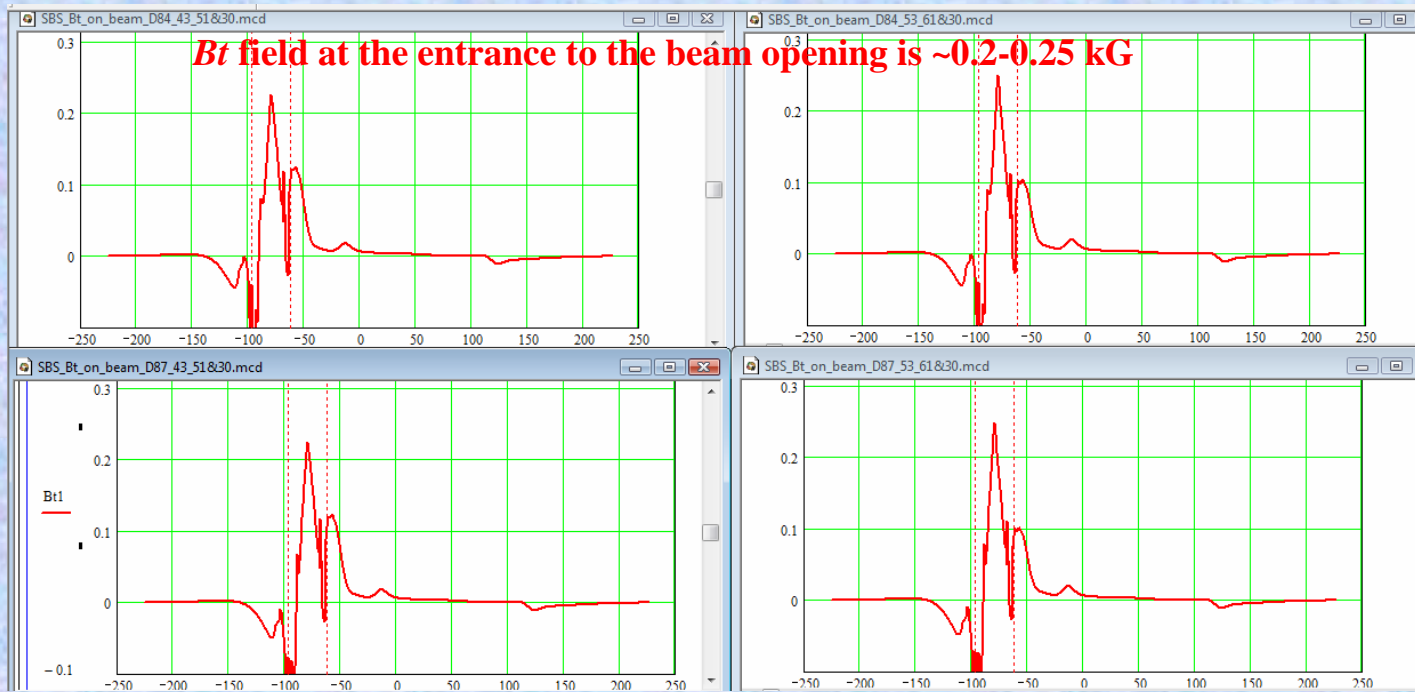
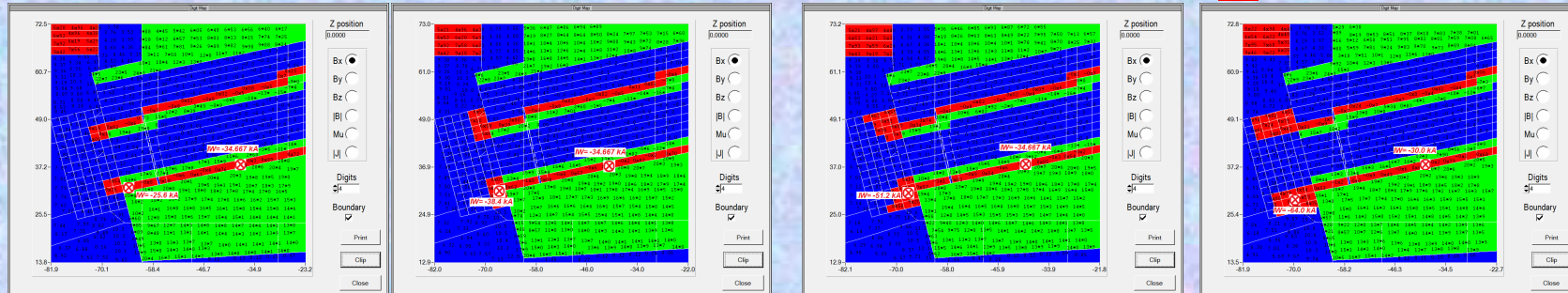
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Design iterations....

- encapsulated concept: **D84&87**



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Summary of magnetic simulations of SBS magnet with MERMAID 3D:

- **54 versions/runs done!!**
- Mesh of $\sim 10^7$ nodes;
- 25-45 min per version/run – all dramatically non-linear!
- To be continued ...