

Coherent- π production ~Experiments~

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Outline

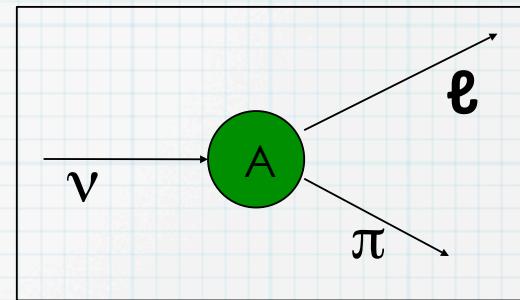
- Introduction
- Previous results
- Recent results at low energy
 - K2K, MiniBooNE, SciBooNE
- Future prospect
- Summary

Coherent pion production

- Neutrino interacts with nucleons *coherently*, producing a pion
- No nuclear breakup occurs

Charged Current (CC): $\nu_\mu + A \rightarrow \mu + A + \pi^+$

Neutral Current (NC): $\nu_\mu + A \rightarrow \nu_\mu + A + \pi^0$



Coherence requires:

$$t = (q - p_\pi)^2 < 1/R^2$$

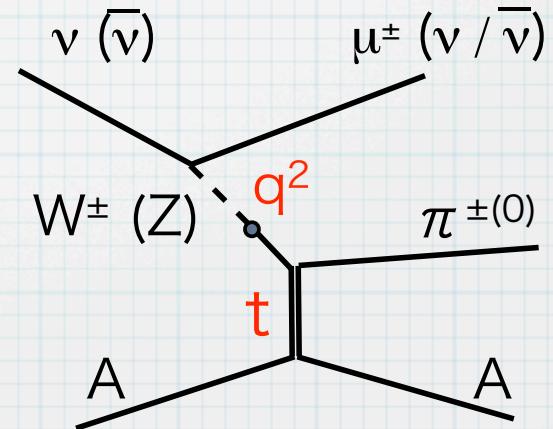
where R is the size of the nucleus.

From the Rein-Sehgal model:

$$1) \sigma(CC) = 2 \sigma(NC)$$

$$2) \sigma(A) \sim A^{1/3}$$

Characterized by a small momentum transfer to the nucleus, forward going π .

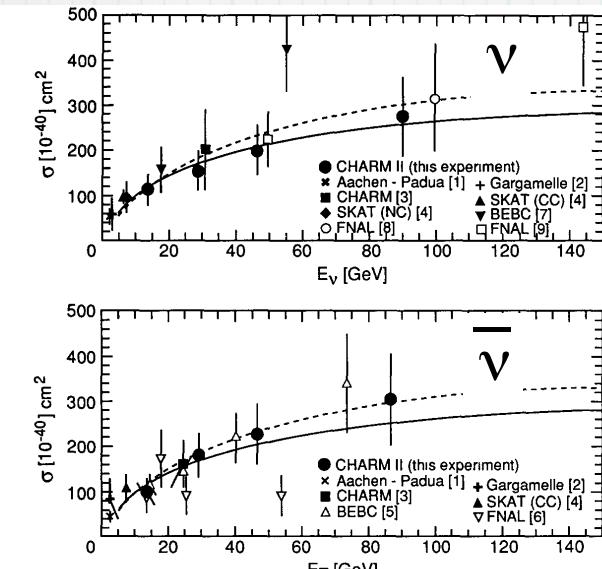


Measurements in past

- Measurements for $\nu, \bar{\nu}$ CC and NC modes
- High energy region: >7GeV (CC), >2GeV (NC)
- R&S model agrees with the high energy results (for various nuclear targets)

Assume:

- $A^{1/3}$ dependence
- $\sigma(\text{CC coherent}) = 2 * \sigma(\text{NC coherent})$



Plots from Phys.Lett. B313, 267-275 (1993)

Experiments	CC/NC	$\nu, \bar{\nu}$	E	Target $\langle A \rangle$
Aachen-Padova	NC	$\nu, \bar{\nu}$	2	Al <27>
Gargamelle	NC	$\nu, \bar{\nu}$	2	Freon <30>
CHARM	NC	$\nu, \bar{\nu}$	20-30	Glass <20.7>
CHARM II	CC	$\nu, \bar{\nu}$	20-30	Glass <20.7>
BEBC	CC	$\bar{\nu}$	5-100	Ne/H ₂ <20>
SKAT	CC, NC	$\nu, \bar{\nu}$	3-20	Freon <30>
FNAL 15-ft	NC	ν	2-100	Ne/H ₂ <20>
FNAL 15-ft E632	CC	$\nu, \bar{\nu}$	10-100	Ne/H ₂ <20>

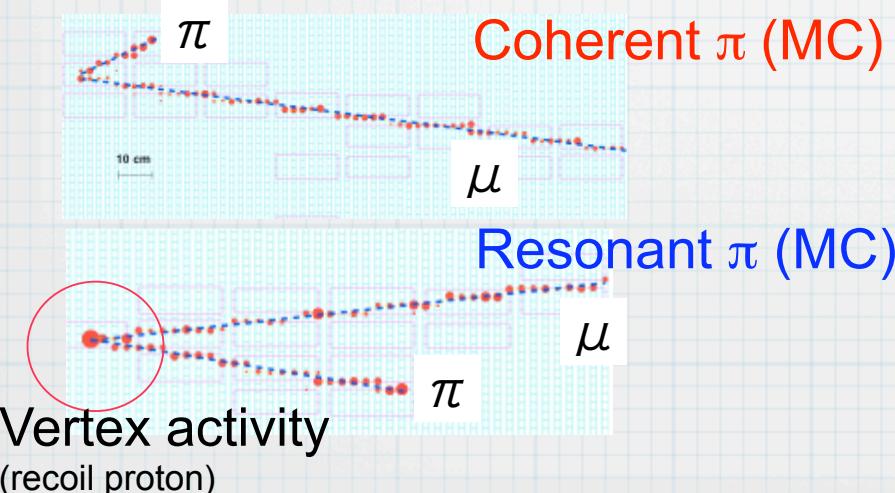
Recent results at low energy ($\sim 1\text{GeV}$)

ν CC coherent π^+

K2K-SciBar

Phys.Rev.Lett. 95,252301 (2005)

- $\langle E\nu \rangle = 1.3\text{ GeV}$
- Target: Scintillator (CH)
- Tracking detector
- Experimental signature:
 - Two MIP-like ($\mu + \pi$) tracks
 - By looking at recoil proton (vertex activity) isolate coh- π

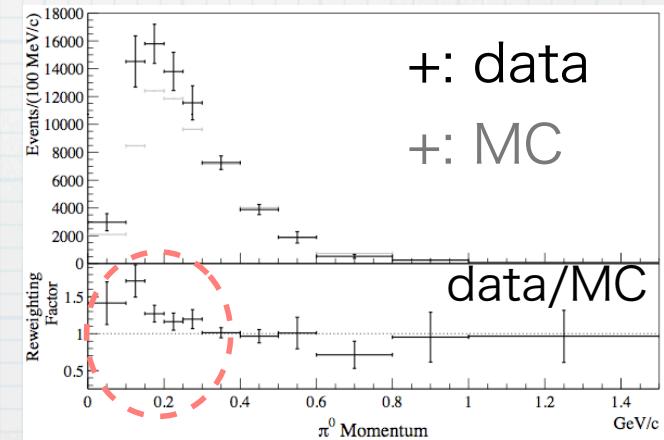


ν NC coherent π^0

MiniBooNE,

Phys.Lett. B664,41 (2008)

- $\langle E\nu \rangle = 1.1\text{ GeV}$
- Target: Mineral oil (CH_2)
- Cherenkov detector
- Experimental signature:
 - Two e-like ring ($\pi \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$) events
 - Higher production rate than prediction at low π^0 momentum
→ weighting factor for MC

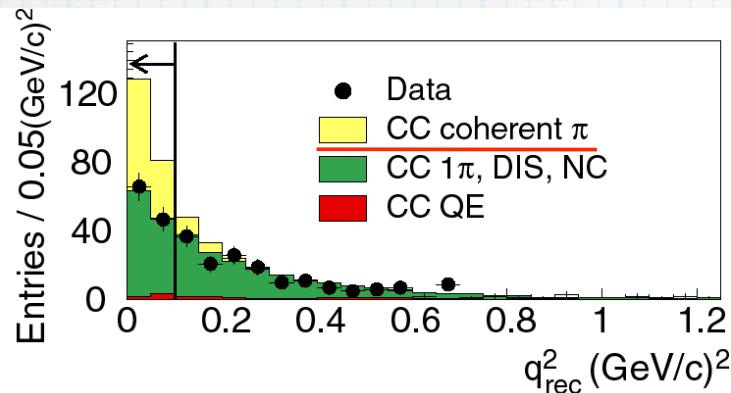


Recent results at low energy ($\sim 1\text{GeV}$)

ν CC coherent π^+

K2K-SciBar

Phys.Rev.Lett. 95,252301 (2005)



Cross section ratio:

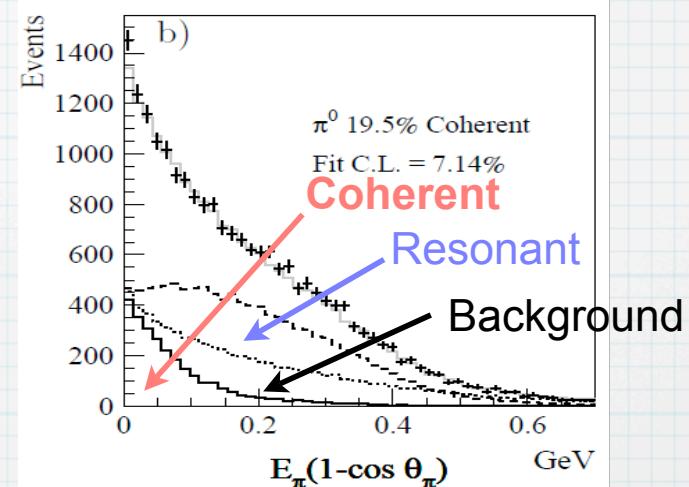
$$\begin{aligned} \sigma(\text{CC coh-}\pi) / \sigma(\text{CC}) \\ = (0.04 \pm 0.29 \text{ (stat.)})^{+0.32}_{-0.35} \text{ (sys.)} \times 10^{-2} \end{aligned}$$

No evidence of CC coherent π prod.

ν NC coherent π^0

MiniBooNE,

Phys.Lett. B664,41 (2008)



Coherent fraction in NC-1 π^0 :

$$N_{\text{coh}}/(N_{\text{coh}} + N_{\text{res}}) = (19.5 \pm 1.1 \pm 2.5)\%$$

→ 65% of R&S model prediction

Clear evidence of NC coherent π prod.

More NC- π^0 from MiniBooNE

C.E. Anderson at Nulnt09

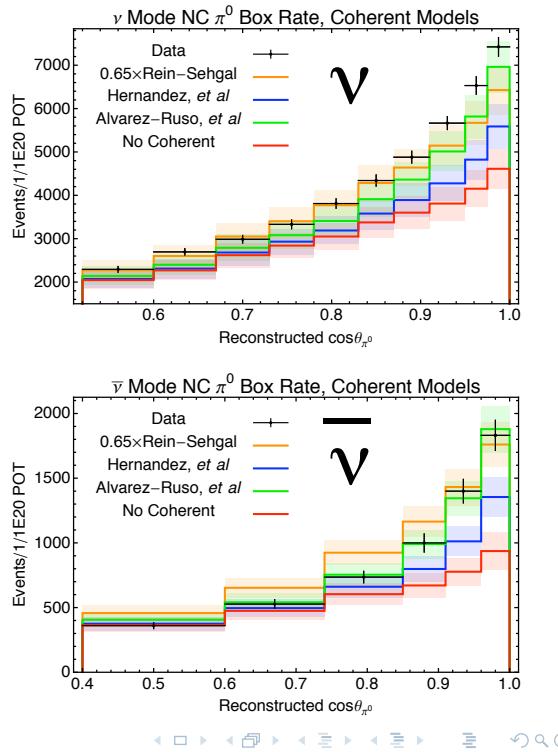
Coherent Production Models

- Models for NC coherent π^0 production demonstrate wide variabilities in their predictions
- Forward angular distribution (particularly for antineutrino mode) is very sensitive to predictions
- MiniBooNE uses the Rein–Sehgal^a prediction scaled by 0.65 by default in MC; also incorporated predictions from Hernandez, et al^b, and Alvarez-Ruso, et al^c

^aNud. Phys. B223, 29, (1983)

^barXiv:0903.5285v1; thanks to Juan Nieves for predictions

^cPhys. Rev. C 76, 068501 (2007); thanks to Luis Alvarez-Ruso for predictions



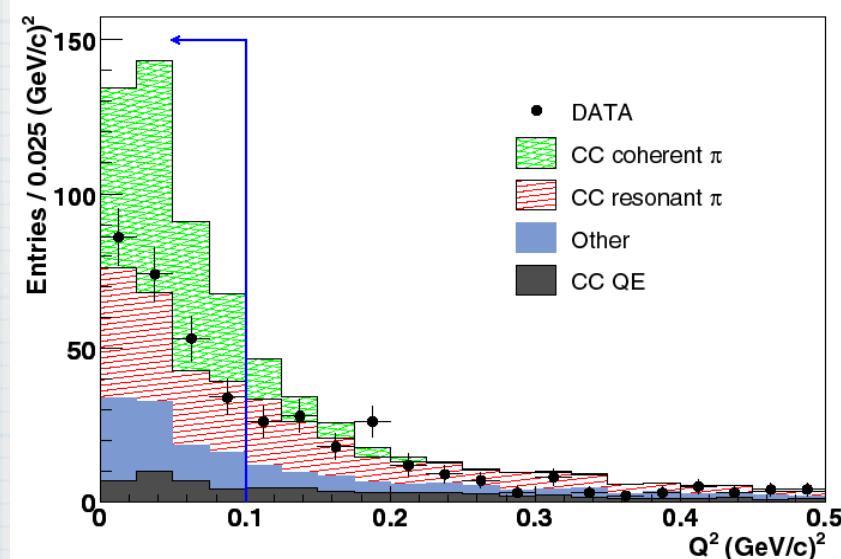
- New NC- π^0 results for both ν and $\bar{\nu}$ beam modes.
- Demonstrated comparison between data and models
- ν and $\bar{\nu}$ data suggest:
 - Clear evidence of non-zero NC coh- π
 - Forward angular distribution is sensitive to model predictions

NOTE: MC distributions
are absolutely normalized

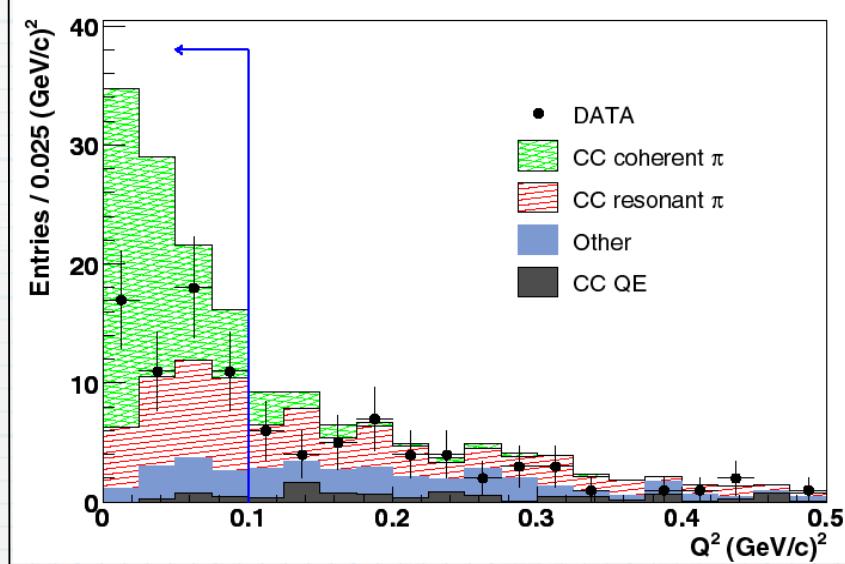
CC coh- π results from SciBooNE

Phys . Rev. D78 112004, 2008

MRD stopped sample
 $\langle E\nu \rangle = 1.1 \text{ GeV}$



MRD penetrated sample
 $\langle E\nu \rangle = 2.2 \text{ GeV}$

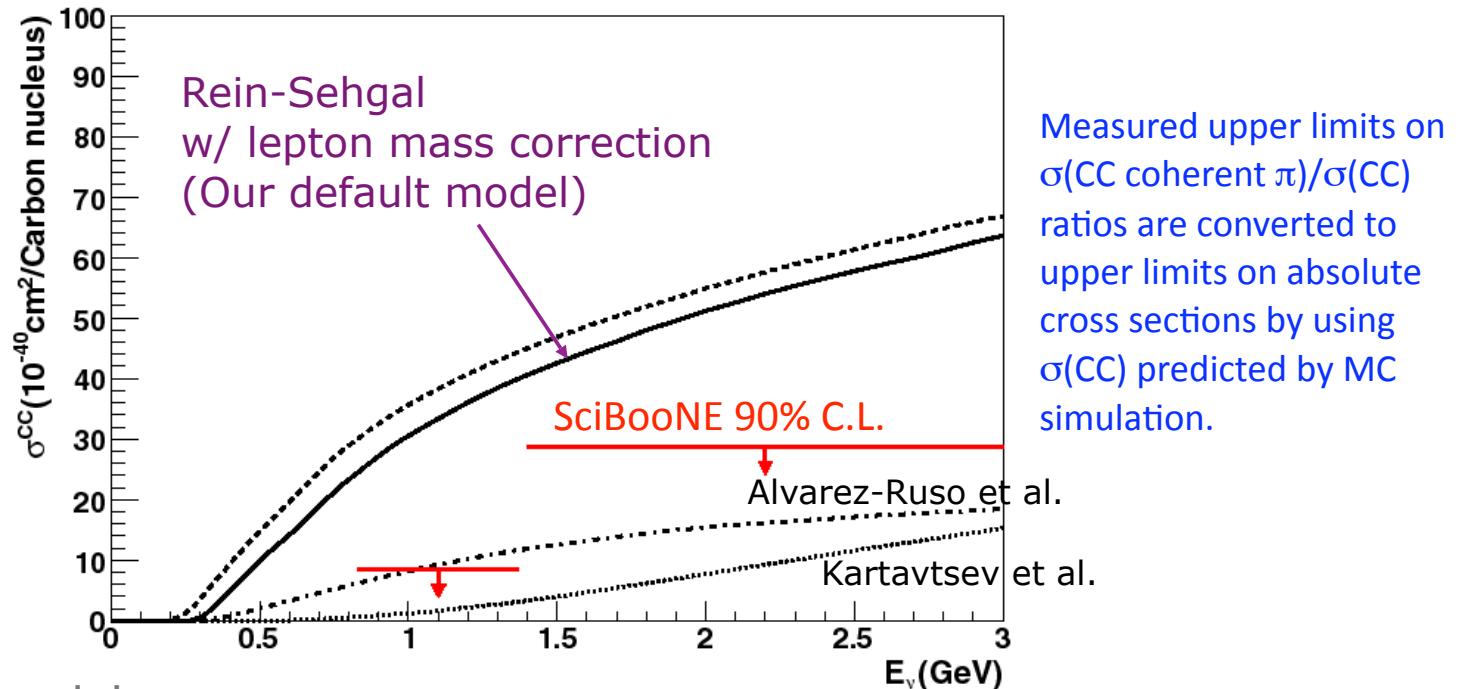


$$\begin{aligned} & \sigma(\text{CC coherent } \pi) / \sigma(\text{CC}) \\ &= (0.16 \pm 0.17(\text{stat})^{+0.30}_{-0.27}(\text{sys})) \times 10^{-2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \sigma(\text{CC coherent } \pi) / \sigma(\text{CC}) \\ &= (0.68 \pm 0.32(\text{stat})^{+0.39}_{-0.25}(\text{sys})) \times 10^{-2} \end{aligned}$$

No evidence of CC coherent pion production was found.
→ Confirmed K2K results

Upper limit on cross section



New theoretical models:

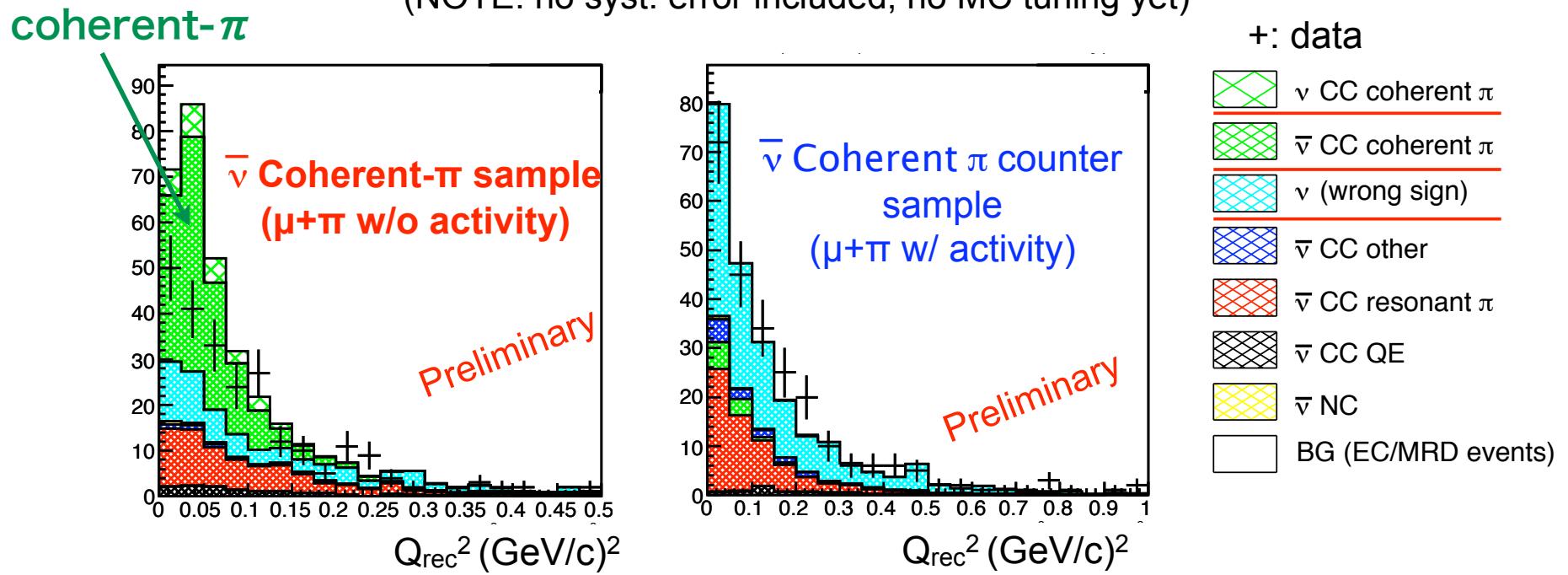
- [1] Phys.Rev.D79:013002,2009.
- [2] arXiv:0812.2653 [hep-ph]
- [3] arXiv:0901.2837 [nucl-th]
- [4] arXiv:0901.2366 [nucl-th]
- [5] ...

Recently proposed CC coherent π models predict production of CC coherent π events just below our upper limit.

→ Search for $\bar{\nu}$ CC coherent pion production,
since $\bar{\nu}$ data is expected to be more sensitive
to look at CC coherent π production than ν data.

Search for $\bar{\nu}$ CC coherent π at SciBooNE

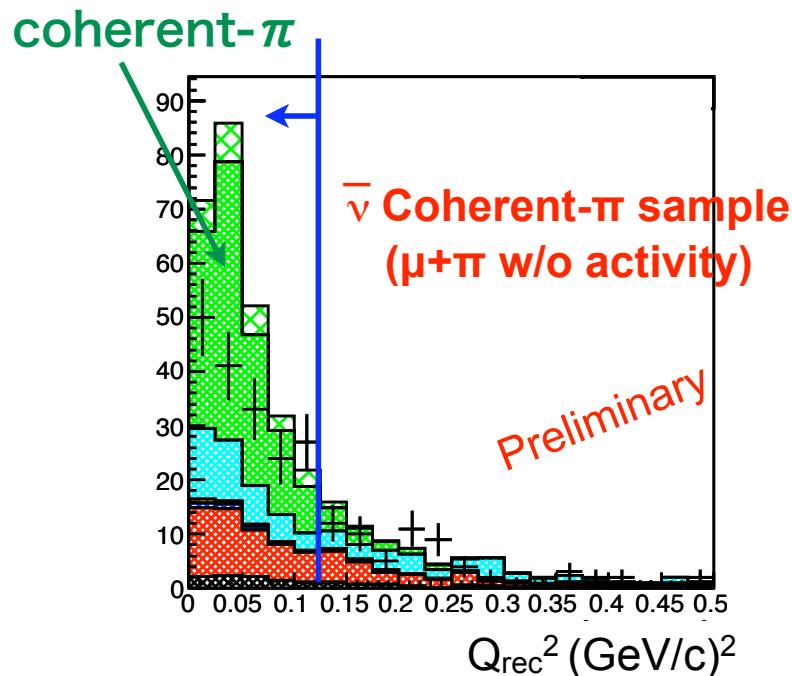
Used the same selection criteria as ν coherent π
 (NOTE: no syst. error included, no MC tuning yet)



$\bar{\nu}$ coherent π sample also show data deficit at low Q^2 region.

But data suggest non-zero CC coherent π component.

Search for $\bar{\nu}$ CC coherent π at SciBooNE



Preliminary & stat. error only

Define signal region: $Q^2 < 0.1$

- 139 events observed
- 80 non-coh π evts (BG)

→ Data - BG: 59 ± 14 (stat)

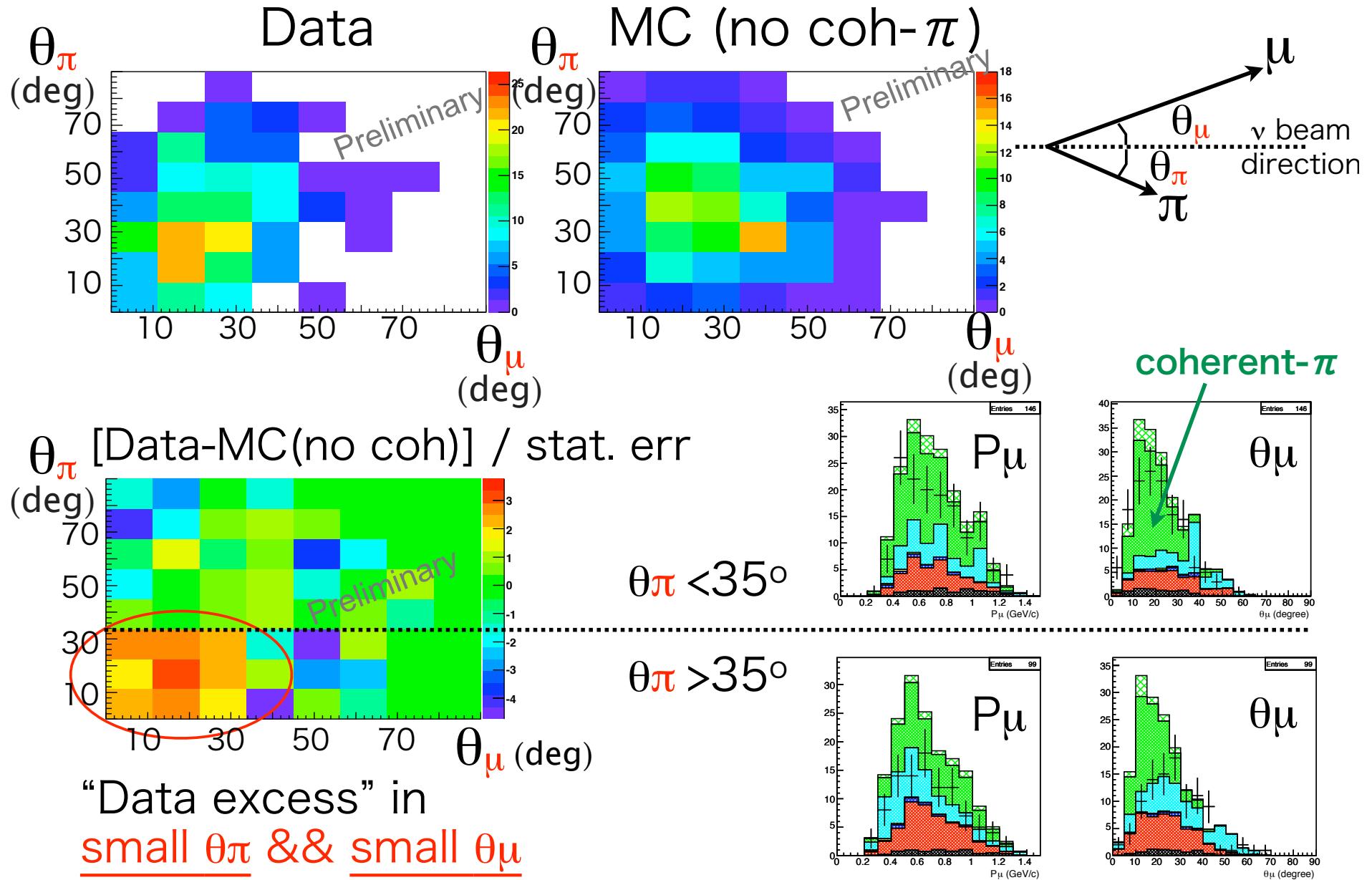
R&S prediction: 151 ($\bar{\nu}$:130 ν :21)

→ 33% of R&S: 50 ($\nu + \bar{\nu}$)

4σ level “data excess”.

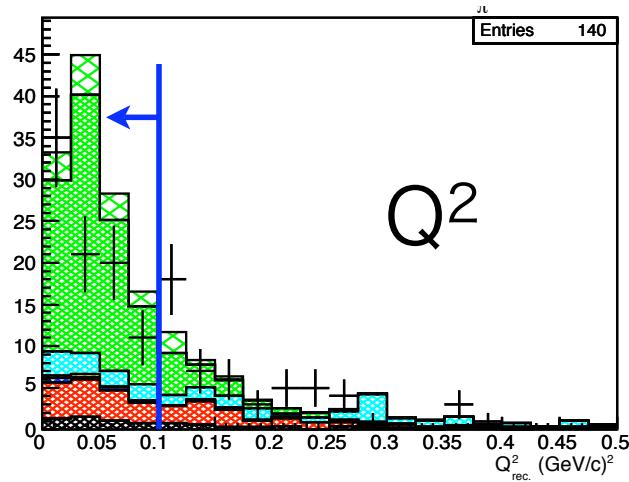
But consistent with ν CC coh- π upper limit (33% of R&S) within stat error.

$\bar{\nu}$ CC coherent π sample in θ_π vs θ_μ

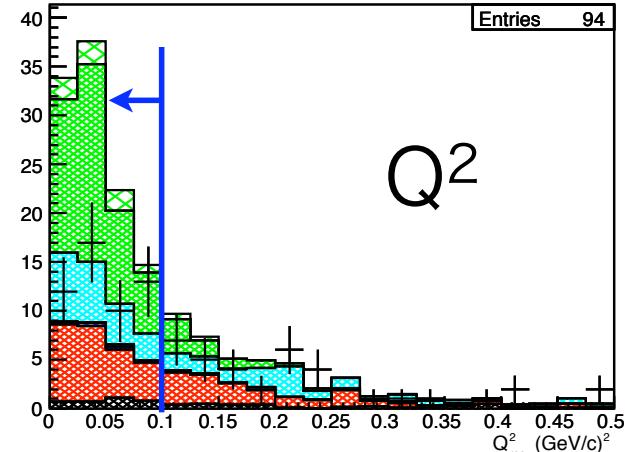


Significance

$\bar{\nu}$ coh- π , $\theta\pi < 35^\circ$



$\bar{\nu}$ coh- π , $\theta\pi > 35^\circ$



Preliminary & stat. error only

Signal region: $Q^2 < 0.1$

- 87 events observed
- 31 non-coh π evts (BG)
- Data - BG: 56 ± 11 (stat)

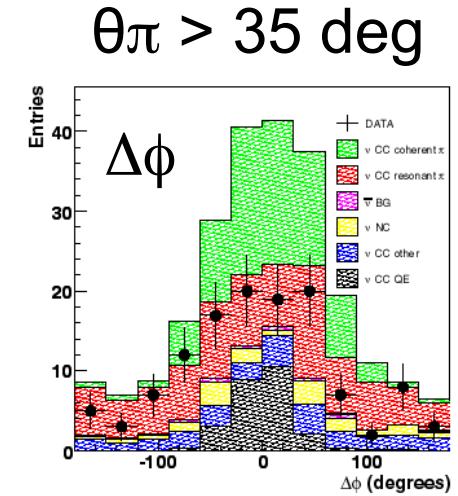
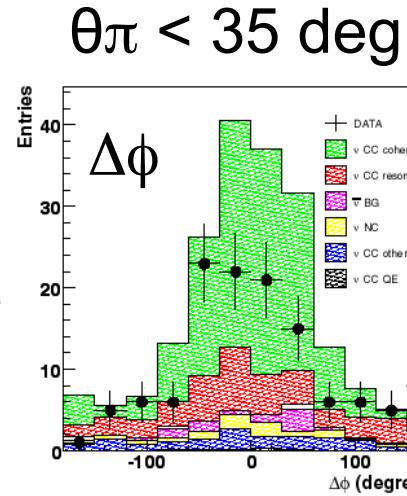
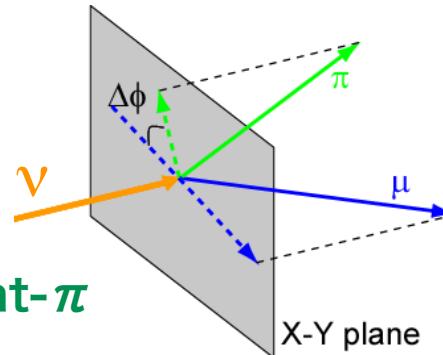
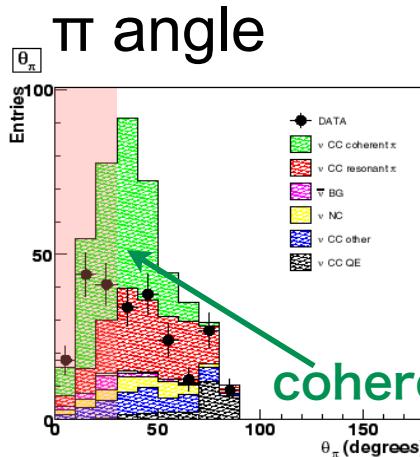
R&S prediction: 92 ($\nu + \bar{\nu}$)

Signal region: $Q^2 < 0.1$

- 52 events observed
- 49 non-coh π evts (BG)
- Data - BG: 2.6 ± 8.5 (stat)

R&S prediction: 59 ($\nu + \bar{\nu}$)

ν CC coherent π

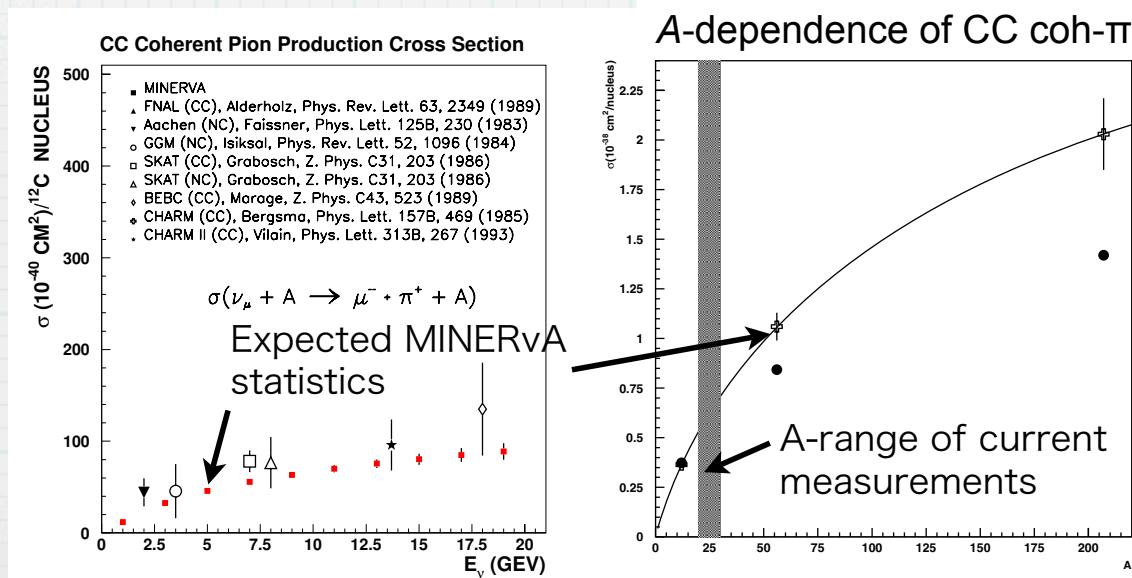


K. Hiraide at NuInt09

- Similar enhancement in ν data
 - Pions from CC coh- π production tend to be produced more forward than prediction.
- Pion kinematics can be a responsible to improve coherent pion model.

Future prospect

- MINERvA has excellent capability for CC and NC coherent π productions
 - Wide energy range: $E_\nu \sim 2\text{-}20 \text{ GeV}$
 - Several nuclear targets: H, He, C, Fe, Pb
 - Data taking starts soon.
 - Have been running with the full Tracking Prototype in the ν beam since mid April 2009!



Summary

- Several measurements on coherent pion production.
- Recent results on CC/NC coherent π at low energy, $\sim 1\text{GeV}$.
 - Although good agreement between high energy results and R&S model, the results at low energy do not.
 - Data suggest: pions from coherent π (CC and NC) tend to be produced more forward than R&S model prediction.
 - A variety of models has been proposed.
 - New experimental results will be published shortly.
 - Experimental & theoretical studies are in progress.