

# Current Status of Dielectric Test Cavity and Wafer Test Cavity

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# TE<sub>01</sub> cavities aimed at creating short sample RF measurements.

Allen et al. MAG-18 1983

$f$ (GHz)	$A_{\text{Sample}}$	$A_{\text{rf}}$	$R_{\text{sens}}(\Omega)$	$B_{\text{max}}$
8.6	0.9 cm <sup>2</sup>	0.9 cm <sup>2</sup>	1 e-5	Very low

Kneisel et al. ASC 1986

$f$ (GHz)	$A_{\text{Sample}}$	$A_{\text{rf}}$	$R_{\text{sens}}(\Omega)$	$B_{\text{max}}$
3.5	127 cm <sup>2</sup>	127 cm <sup>2</sup>	1 e-9	2 mT

Moffat, Rubin et al. 1988

$f$ (GHz)	$A_{\text{Sample}}$	$A_{\text{rf}}$	$R_{\text{sens}}(\Omega)$	$B_{\text{max}}$
5.95	20 cm <sup>2</sup>	0.2 cm <sup>2</sup>	<1.5 e-5	?

Delaven. et al. J. Superconductivity. 3 1990

$f$ (GHz)	$A_{\text{Sample}}$	$A_{\text{rf}}$	$R_{\text{sens}}(\Omega)$	$B_{\text{max}}$
0.17 – 1.5	~1 cm <sup>2</sup>	~1 cm <sup>2</sup>	2e-6	64 mT

Liang, et al. RSI 1993

$f$ (GHz)	$A_{\text{Sample}}$	$A_{\text{rf}}$	$R_{\text{sens}}(\Omega)$	$B_{\text{max}}$
1.5	4.9 cm <sup>2</sup>	2.0 cm <sup>2</sup>	1 e-9	25 mT

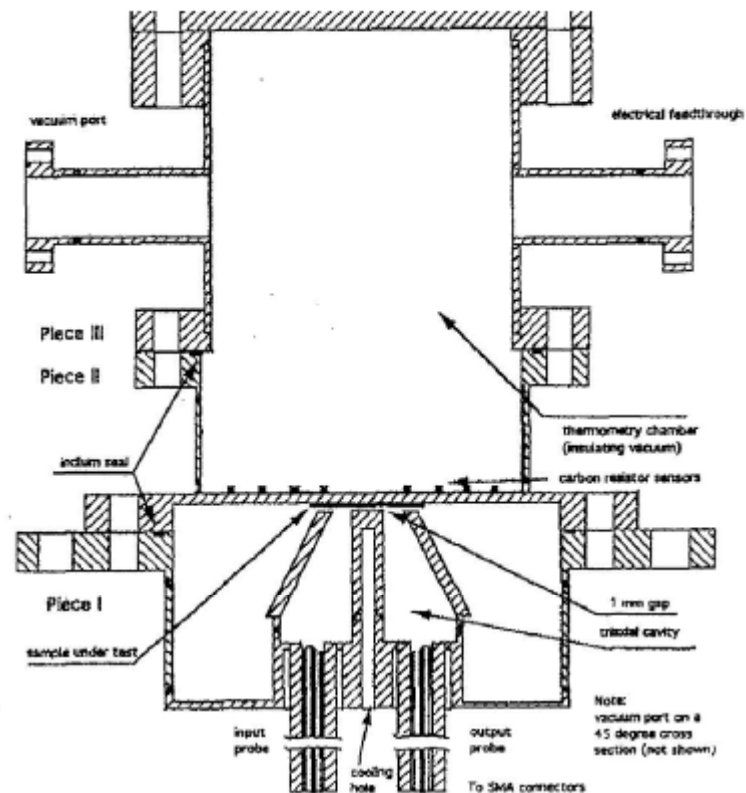


FIG. 1. The assembly consists of three pieces. Pieces I and II are made from reactor grade niobium, and Piece III from stainless steel. Vacuum port of the cavity is not shown.

# More TE<sub>01</sub> cavities aimed at creating short sample RF measurements

Mahner & Weingarten 8<sup>th</sup> SRF 1997

$f$ (GHz)	$A_{\text{Sample}}$	$A_{\text{rf}}$	$R_{\text{sens}}(\Omega)$	$B_{\text{max}}$
1.5	12 cm <sup>2</sup>	2 cm <sup>2</sup>	1e-6	60 mT

Andreone, et al. SRF Thin Film Wkshp 2006

$f$ (GHz)	$A_{\text{Sample}}$	$A_{\text{rf}}$	$R_{\text{sens}}(\Omega)$	$B_{\text{max}}$
7	1 cm <sup>2</sup>	1 cm <sup>2</sup>	1e-5	0.15 mT

Mahner, Haebel, et al. CERN RSI 2003

$f$ (GHz)	$A_{\text{Sample}}$	$A_{\text{rf}}$	$R_{\text{sens}}(\Omega)$	$B_{\text{max}}$
0.403	44 cm <sup>2</sup>	12 cm <sup>2</sup>	1e-9	0.15 mT

Nantista SLAC PAC 2005

$f$ (GHz)	$A_{\text{Sample}}$	$A_{\text{rf}}$	$R_{\text{sens}}(\Omega)$	$B_{\text{max}}$
11.4	19.6 cm <sup>2</sup>	~8 cm <sup>2</sup>	?	?

Delaven, Wang, Phillips

$f$ (GHz)	$A_{\text{Sample}}$	$A_{\text{rf}}$	$R_{\text{sens}}(\Omega)$	$B_{\text{max}}$
7.5	20 cm <sup>2</sup>	0.8 cm <sup>2</sup>	<1e-7	?

Romanenko Cornell SRF Wkshp 2005

$f$ (GHz)	$A_{\text{Sample}}$	$A_{\text{rf}}$	$R_{\text{sens}}(\Omega)$	$B_{\text{max}}$ (mT)
5.95	35 cm <sup>2</sup>	35 cm <sup>2</sup>	2e-6	45

Martens APL 1991

$f$ (GHz)	$A_{\text{Sample}}$	$A_{\text{rf}}$	$R_{\text{sens}}(\Omega)$	$B_{\text{max}}$ (mT)
34	35 cm <sup>2</sup>	12 cm <sup>2</sup>	2e-3	?

Oates, Moeckly ASC 2006

$f$ (GHz)	$A_{\text{Sample}}$	$A_{\text{rf}}$	$R_{\text{sens}}(\Omega)$	$B_{\text{max}}$ (mT)
0.6 × n to 10	<0.1 cm <sup>2</sup>	<0.1 cm <sup>2</sup>	< 1 e-7	?

Taber RSI 1990

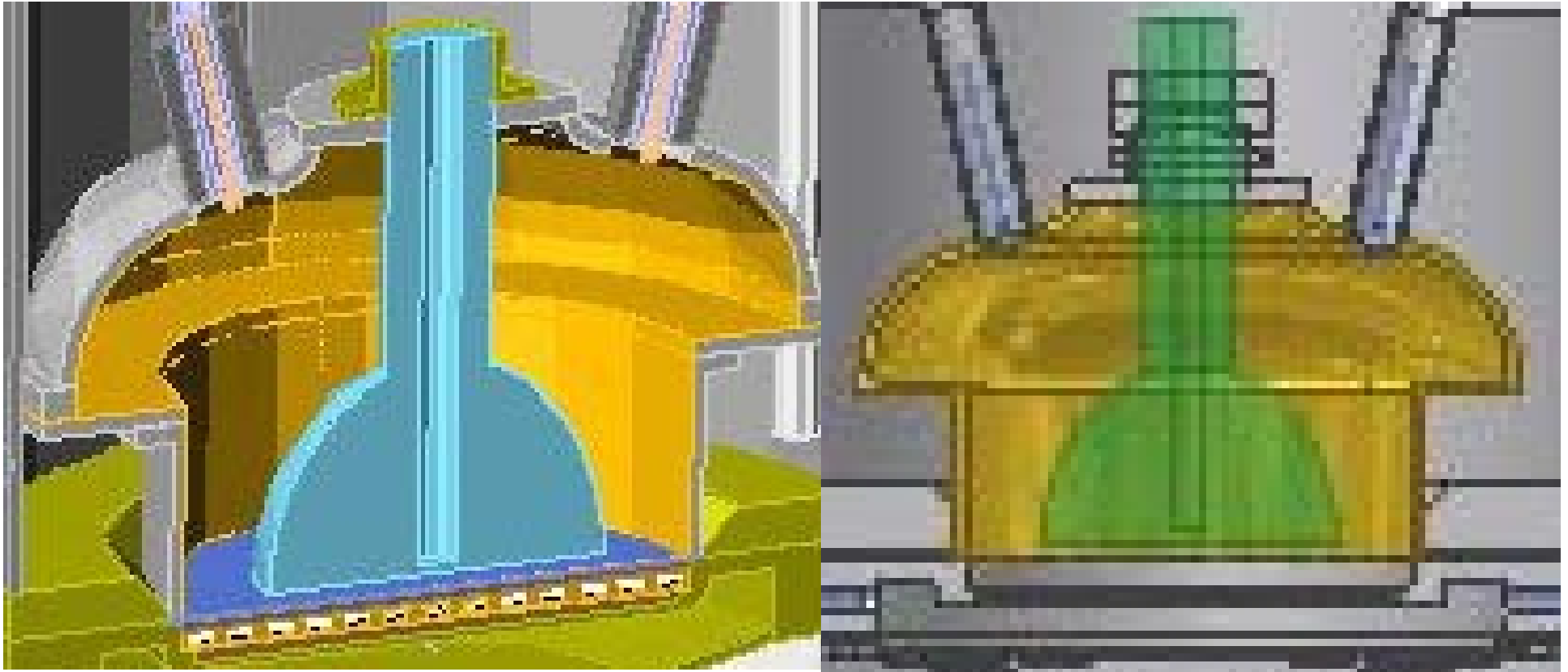
$f$ (GHz)	$A_{\text{Sample}}$	$A_{\text{rf}}$	$R_{\text{sens}}(\Omega)$	$B_{\text{max}}$ (mT)
10	1 cm <sup>2</sup>	1 cm <sup>2</sup>	1e-5	?

Ciovati, Kneisel JLab

$f$ (GHz)	$A_{\text{Sample}}$	$A_{\text{rf}}$	$R_{\text{sens}}(\Omega)$	$B_{\text{max}}$ (mT)
3.54	22 cm <sup>2</sup>	18 cm <sup>2</sup>	?	50

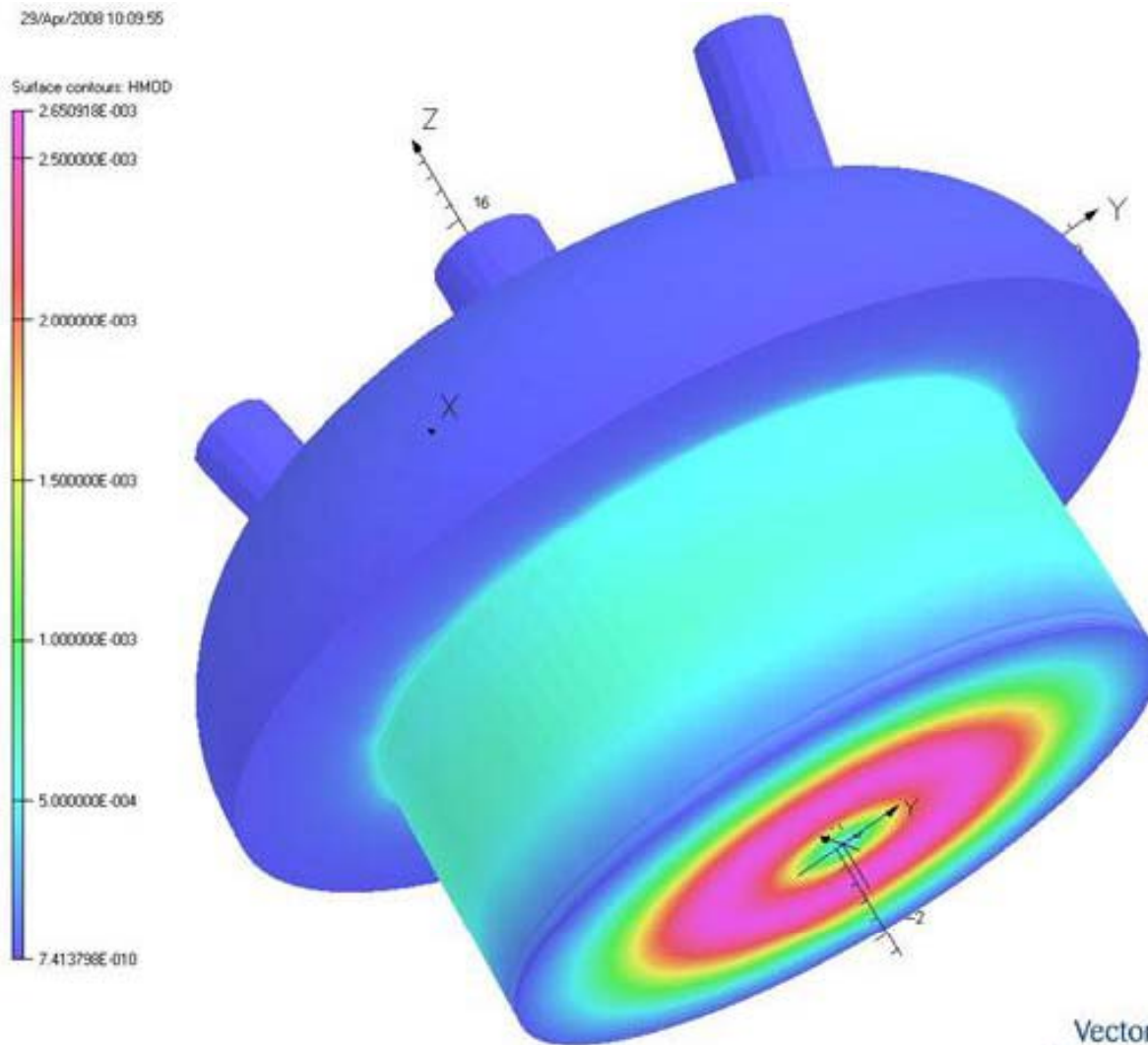
No robust solution is yet in hand, but the chase continues .. - Charlie Reece SRFM 07

# Our solution

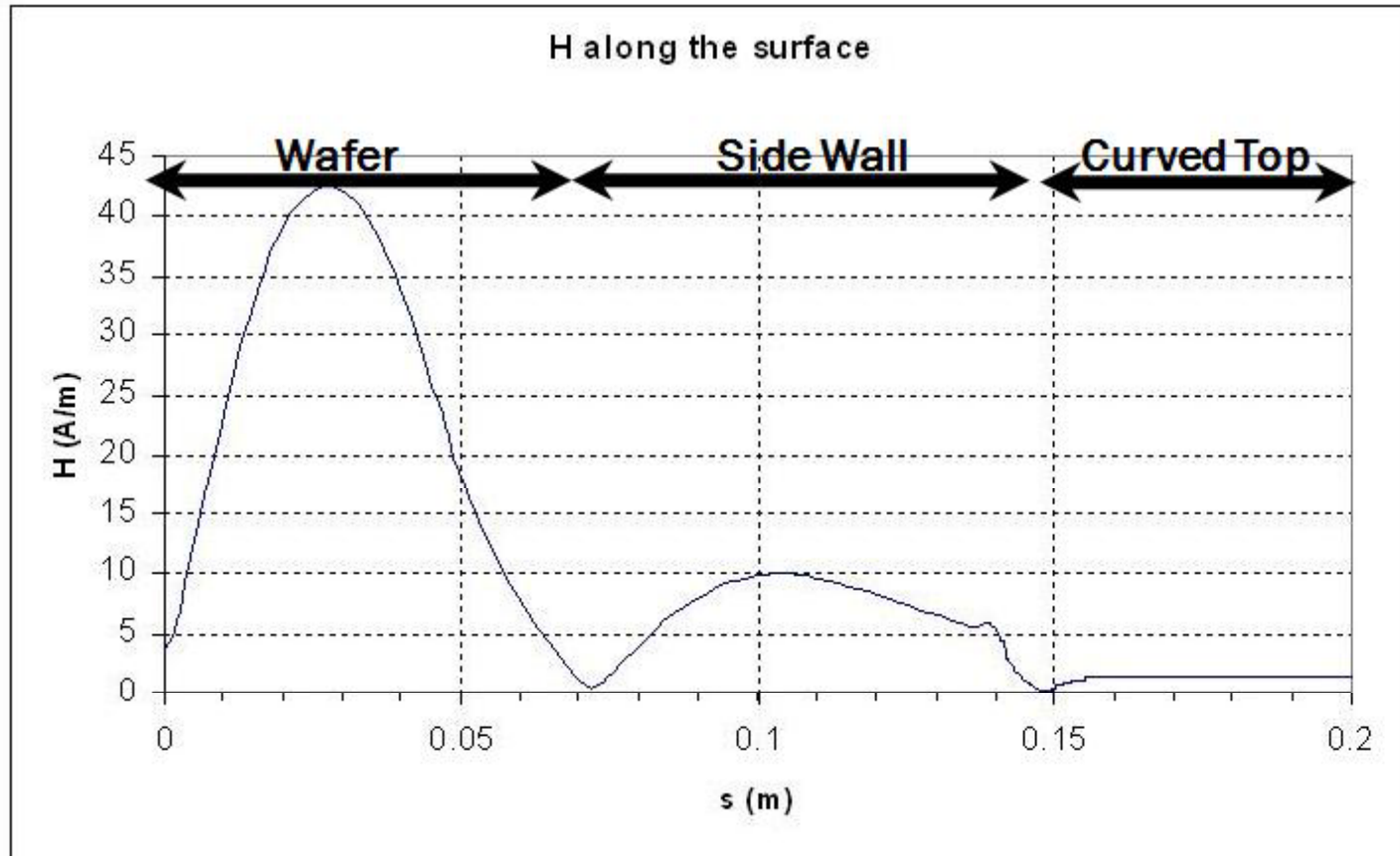


$f$ (GHz)	$A_{\text{Sample}}$	$A_{\text{rf}}$	$R_{\text{sens}}(\Omega)$	$B_{\text{max}}$
1.3	182 cm <sup>2</sup>	163 cm <sup>2</sup>	10 <sup>-9</sup>	>200 mT

# Field Design: H-field Modulus

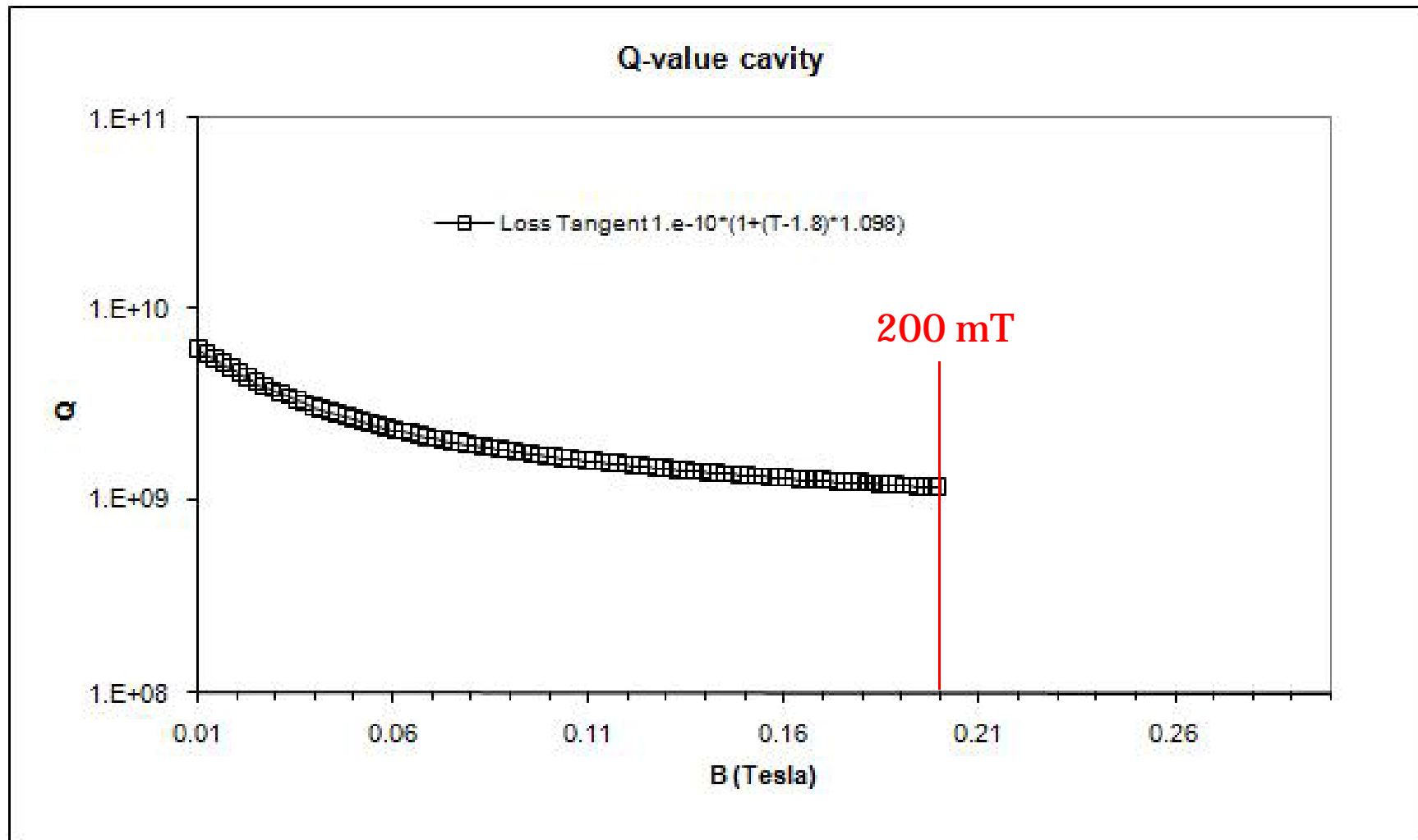


# Field Profile



**Four times the field on the sample than on the cavity walls.**

# Properties: Q-Value vs. H Field





Temperature  
deg C



Time: 0 s

Time Step: 0 of 80

Maximum Value: 1.8 deg C

0.000

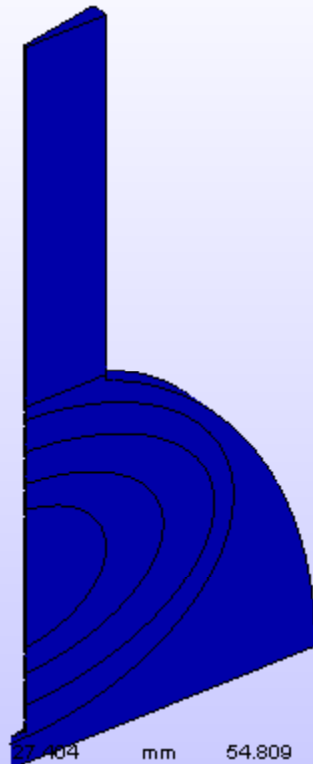
27.464

mm

54.809

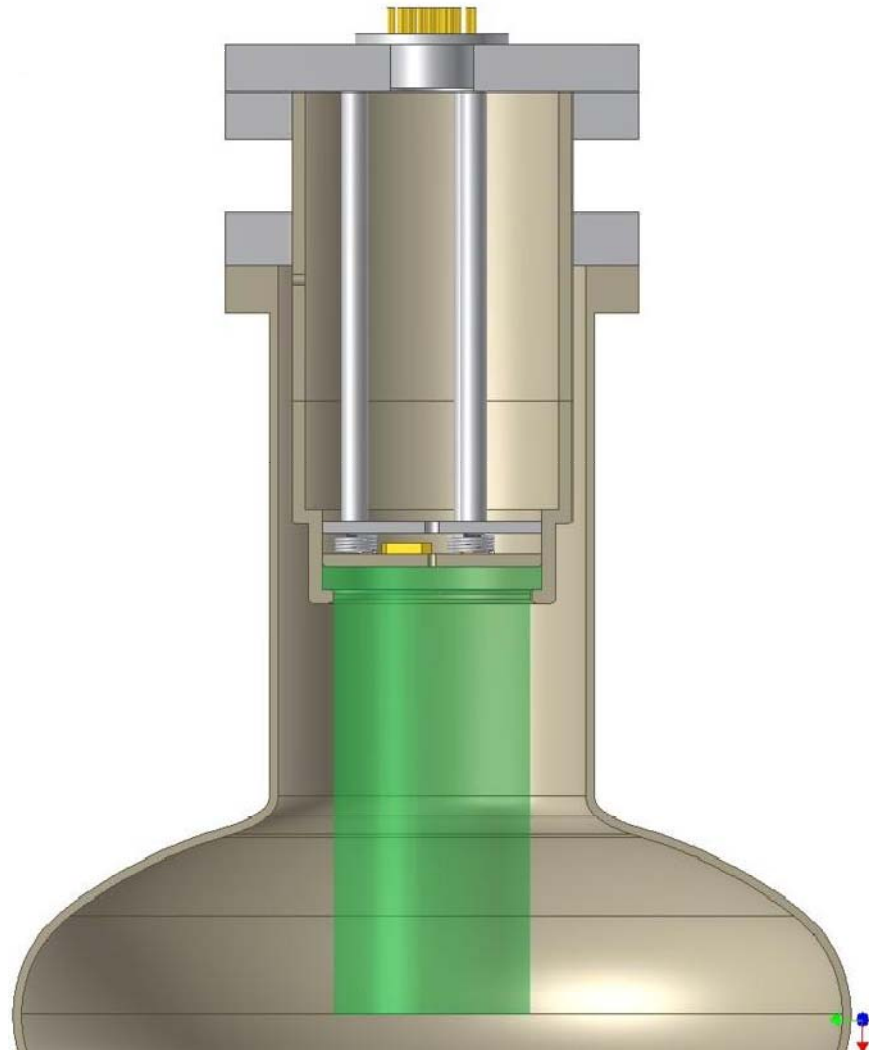
82.213

Minimum Value: 1.8 deg C





# Sapphire Test Cavity



# Components

Side Port



Sapphire



Sapphire for indium seal test



Half cells

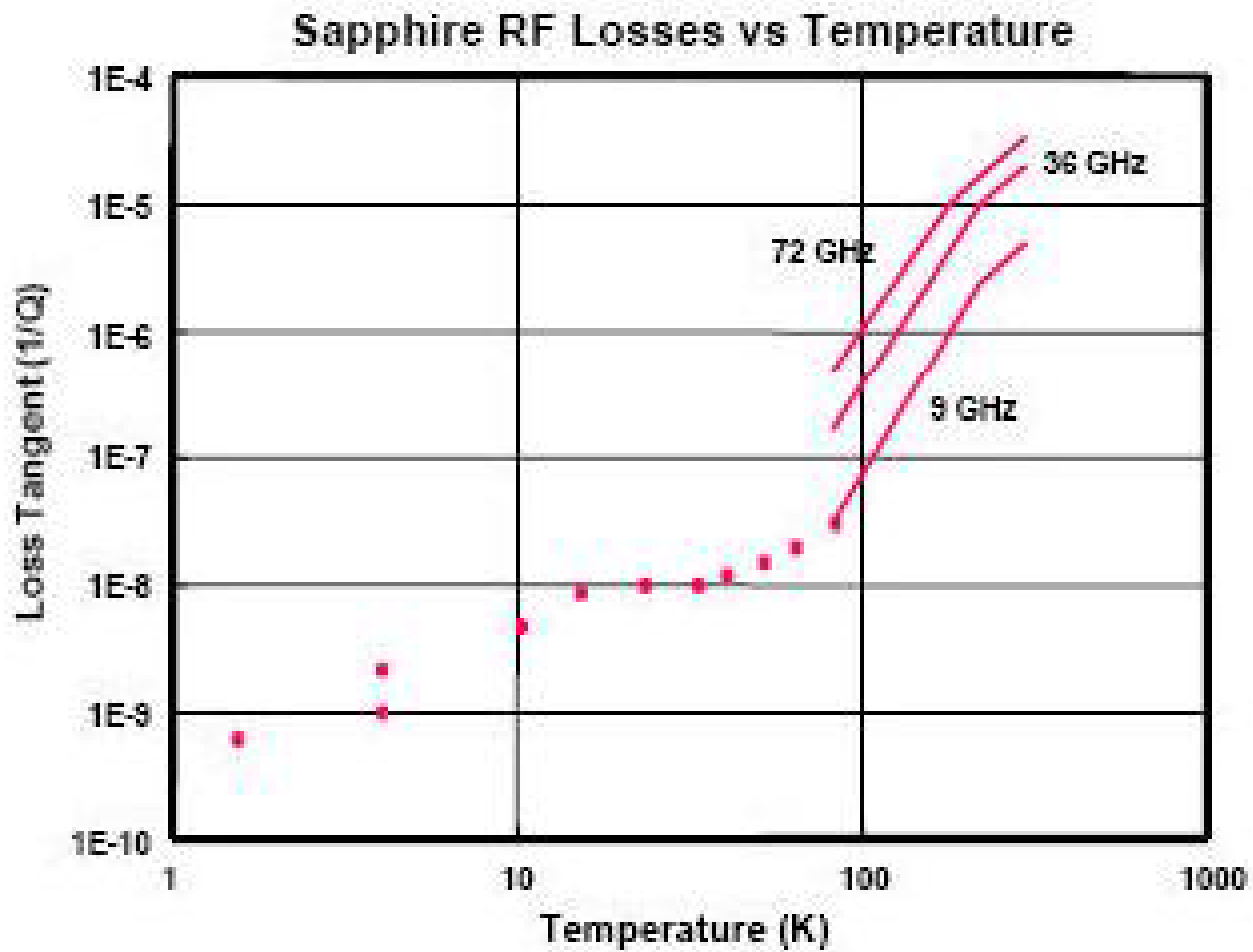


Beam Tube



Sapphire is 10.20 cm tall  
Outer Diameter 5 cm  
Inner diameter 4.5cm

# Goals



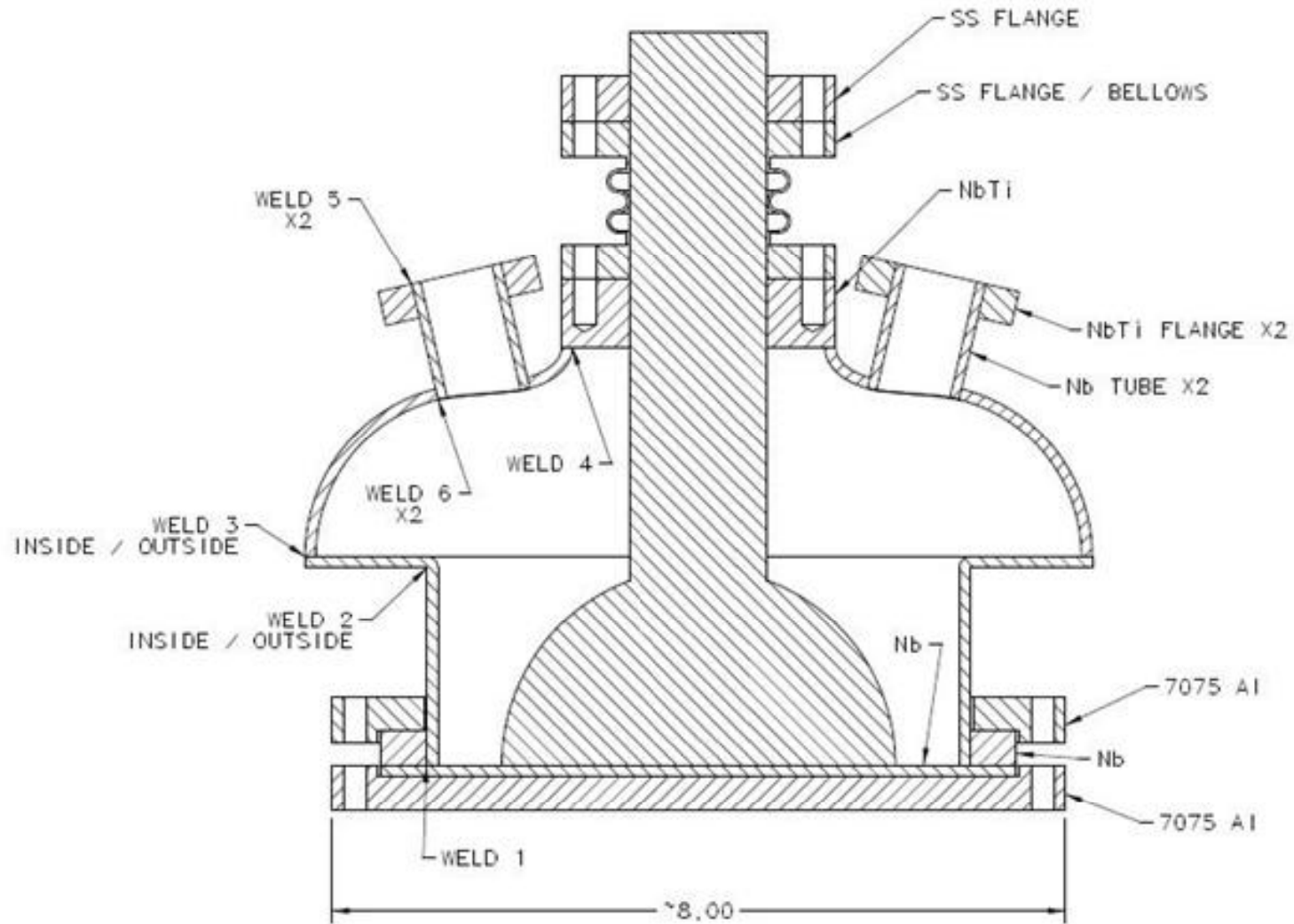
start losstan	1.00E-07	1.00E-08	1.00E-09	1.00E-10	1.00E-11
T					
2	99.999	99.995	99.946	99.463	94.874
4	99.995	99.951	99.508	95.285	66.897
9	99.991	99.914	99.148	92.085	53.775
10	88.304	43.021	7.02	0.749	0.075
ratio sapp/total	in percent				

Taking into account the superconducting transition of indium (over estimated) and niobium. It also takes into account the temperature dependence of niobium's resistance.

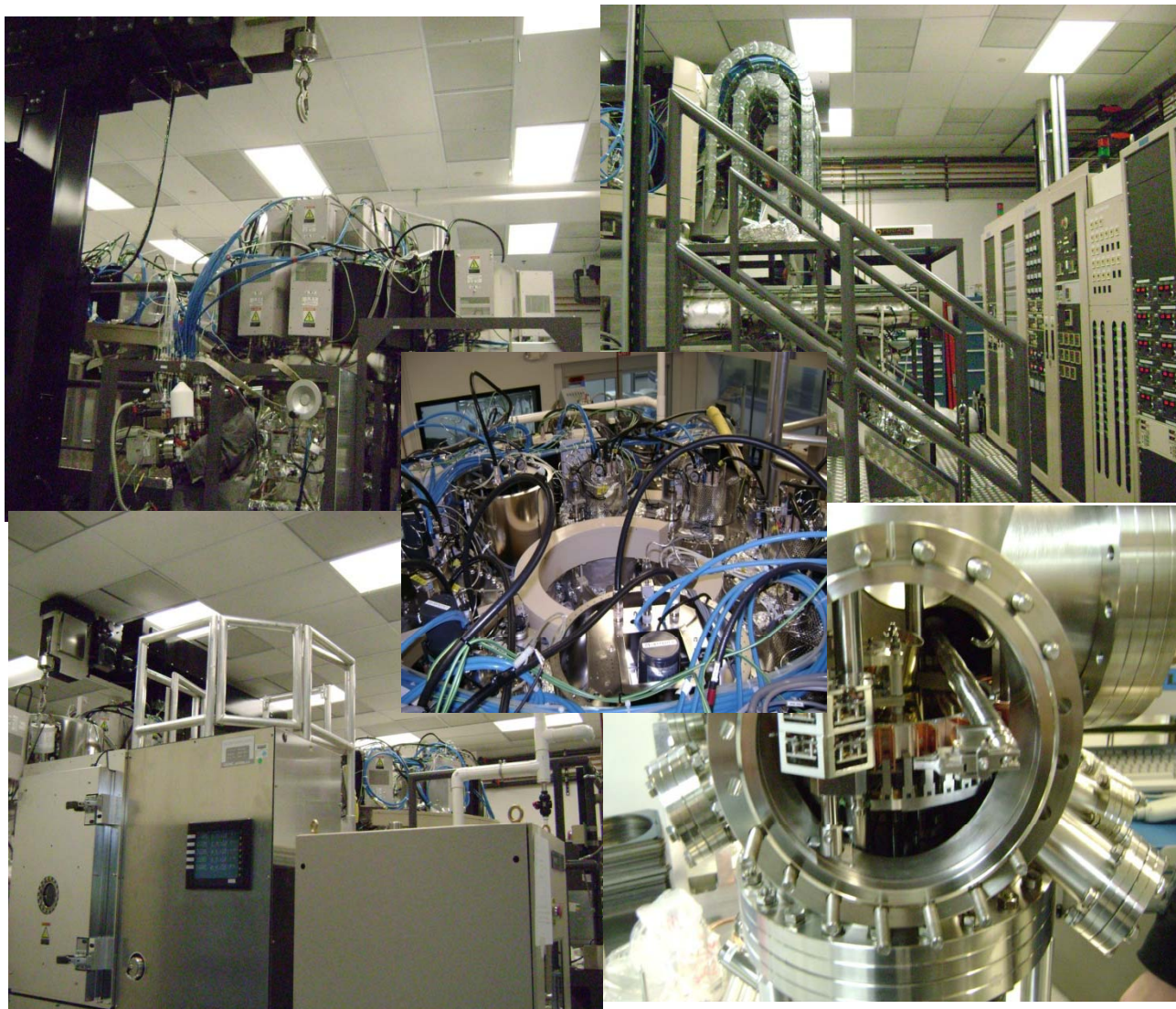
Different frequencies

Different materials

# Wafer Cavity



# ULVAC



# Projected Schedule

<b>Date</b>	<b>Milestone</b>	<b>Outcome</b>	<b>Comp. Date</b>
10/09	Initiate mechanical and electromagnetic design of system for loss tangent measurement of large sapphire dielectric	Measurement of loss tangent of HEMEX sapphire at L-band frequencies	05/10
12/10	Initiate fabrication of Test Cavity per TAMU design	TAMU Test Cavity ready for initial testing	05/11
05/11	Begin commissioning Test Cavity with TAMU staff	TAMU Test Cavity functional for material characterization	12/11
02/12	Begin characterization of 6" samples using Test Cavity	High-H-field characterization of SRF sample surfaces	09/12