

# Installing and managing GUMS

<http://fermigrid.fnal.gov>

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# GUMS Install Introduction

- The bare steps to install GUMS are in the Twiki at <https://twiki.grid.iu.edu/bin/view/ReleaseDocumentation/GUMSHandsOn>
- In the next hour our goal is to get you to have a single working GUMS server.
- We will go through the steps in the Twiki one by one and explain why.
- Then we will go over a few of the finer points of managing a GUMS server.
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# What is GUMS

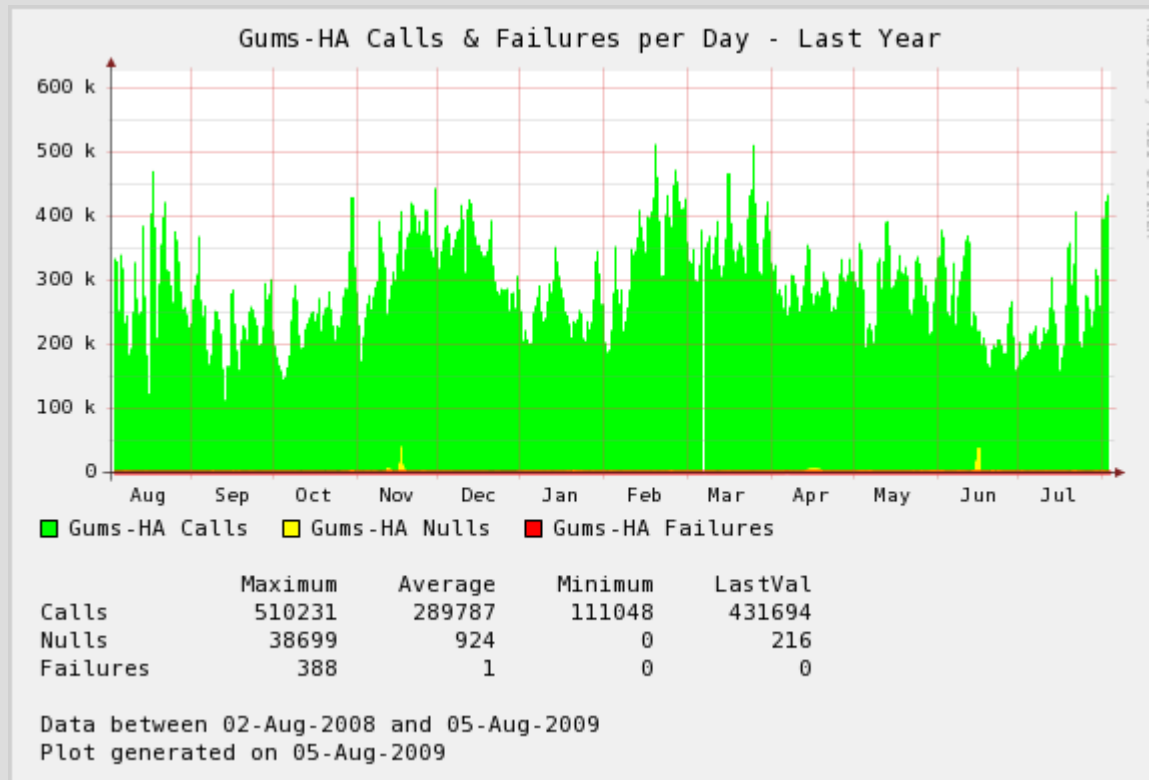
- Grid User Management System
- Given a Distinguished Name (DN) from a certificate and an optional FQAN (Fully Qualified Attribute Name) it returns a username—usually a unix username.
- Also produces the osg-user-vo-map.txt which maps username to VO.
- Can be used to produce grid-mapfiles.
- GUMS is a web service, runs under Tomcat.
- Developed mostly at Brookhaven National Laboratory
- GUMS developer documentation:  
<https://www.racf.bnl.gov/Facility/GUMS/1.3/index.html>
- Required by most big VO's that use roles
- Faster than a grid-mapfile
- If you are not running GUMS you should be.
- GUMS can map to group accounts or pool accounts
- Pool accounts by default are never recycled.

# Planning a GUMS server



- CPU load depends on rate of jobs through the gatekeeper, 1 call per job.
- Small cluster--60 core cluster \* 2 hrs/job means 720 calls/day
- Big cluster (FermiGrid) average 289K calls/day, all-time record is 3M calls/day.
- Glexec can make 50-100Hz of calls.

# FermiGrid GUMS-HA



2 Virtual servers

1 core each of Xeon E5430 (Dell Poweredge 2950)

2GB RAM

Mean load >0.1

Since GUMS 1.3 upgrade. RSS ~350MB

# Get pacman

- Note, we are following the steps in
- <https://twiki.grid.iu.edu/bin/view/ReleaseDocumentation/GUMSHandsOn>
- `cd /usr/local`
- `wget http://atlas.bu.edu/~youssef/pacman/sample_cache/tarballs/pacman-latest.tar.gz`
- `tar xvfz pacman-latest.tar.gz`
- `cd pacman-3.29`
- `. setup.sh`
- `cd ..`
- `mkdir vdt-2.0.0`
- `ln -s vdt-2.0.0 vdt`
- `cd vdt-2.0.0`
- Notes—keep your pacman outside of your vdt dir
- Check for a clean PATH, watch out for old perl, java
- Use a versioned vdt directory, make a symlink.

# Get a host and http certificate

- See <https://twiki.grid.iu.edu/bin/view/ReleaseDocumentation/GetGridCertificates>
- That will give you instructions on how to request host and http certs from the command line using the cert-request tool.
- If you've got several of these it is worth becoming a GridAdmin for your site.
- See <https://twiki.grid.iu.edu/bin/view/Security/OsgRaOperations>, the GridAdmins section, for info on how to become a grid-admin
- There are a couple of OSG Registration Agents in the building who should be able to approve your request on the spot.
- You should make a host cert and an http cert.
- Only the http cert is actually used by the GUMS server.
- Make sure http cert is in /etc/grid-security/http, and directory and files are owned by daemon.
- It is OK to go ahead and do the rest of the GUMS install while waiting for the cert.

# Pacman -get

- `pacman -get http://software.grid.iu.edu/osg-1.2:gums`
- Answer yes to the trusted caches questions
- Wait about 10 minutes.
- `source setup.sh`
- `Vdt-post-install`
- `vdt-ca-manage setupCA --location local --url osg`
- `ln -s /usr/local/vdt-2.0.0/globus/TRUSTED_CA /etc/grid-security/certificates`
- `vdt-control --enable fetch-crl vdt-rotate-logs mysql5 apache tomcat-55 vdt-update-certs`
- `vdt-control -on`
- Congratulations, GUMS is up!
- Check with browser `https://yourgums.yourdomain:8443/gums`
- Now we have to make it work.
- **Note** if anything goes wrong with pacman, you can always remove everything in the top level directory and start from scratch.



# GUMS post-configuration

- Define a GUMS admin or admins:
  - `cd tomcat/v55/webapps/gums/WEB-INF/scripts`
  - `./gums-add-mysql-admin "YOUR DN"`
  - Once this is done, you should be able to look at persistence factories on the web ui menu.
- Import the OSG template
  - `./gums-create-config --osg-template`
  - Once this is done you should be able to generate a grid-mapfile
- Or bring your old gums config along from previous version of GUMS.
- GUMS will automatically upgrade it to the later version the first time you make a change from the Web UI

# Using the Web UI

- **Important**—use the Web UI to make changes!
- One missed XML bracket in gums.config can break everything!
- Nifty features
  - Merge button—merge the latest OSG GUMS template with your current configuration.
  - “Shortcut” for adding a VO
    - In one form gives you all you need to add a new VO
  - Long way for adding a VO:
    - VOMS server
    - Account mapper
      - Manual, pool, group, ldap
      - Most common in OSG is group, CMS uses pool.
    - User Group
      - Sets of users from a VOMS server with group and role
    - Group to account mappings
      - Binds User Group above, with account mapper above
    - Host to group mappings
      - Order is important here
      - Can define different mappings for different hosts.

# Troubleshooting

- Logs will be in `$VDT_LOCATION/tomcat/v55/logs`
- Look at `catalina.out` and `gums-service-admin.log`
- Some logs from my production server today:

10 Aug 2010 06:17:37,719 [WARN ]: Automatic group update had failures - Some user groups weren't updated correctly:

dosar-admin - Couldn't retrieve users: (404)Not Found

icecubeadmin - Couldn't retrieve users: org.glite.security.voms.admin.common.VOMSSyntaxException: Syntax error in container name: icecube/Role=icecubeadmin

icecubeopro - Couldn't retrieve users: org.glite.security.voms.admin.common.VOMSSyntaxException: Syntax error in container name: icecube/Role=Production

# Troubleshooting continued

- Open voms-admin of the relevant VO
- <https://grid-voms.desy.de:8443/voms/icecube>
- Browse the VO
- Look—in this case a group name is misspelled, I have icecubeadmin where it should be lcgadmin
- Also I have /Role=Production where it should be /Role=production
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# Troubleshooting--Null Mappings

- Null mappings—can fail to map for 3 reasons
  - VO requires a voms-qualified proxy and user doesn't have one
  - User is not in any VO.
  - The voms is malformed and the grid-mapfile or gums server is not picking up the user even though he is there

## NO VOMS PROXY:

08 Aug 2010 05:42:44,298 [INFO ]: GridID[/DC=org/DC=doegrids/OU=Services/CN=fnpcosg1.fnal.gov]  
- Mapped on host '/DC=org/DC=doegrids/OU=Services/CN=fnpcosg1.fnal.gov' the user  
'/DC=gov/DC=fnal/O=Fermilab/OU=People/CN=Timothy Ma/CN=UID:timothym' / 'null' to 'null'

## User not in VO YET:

02 Aug 2010 14:04:14,840 [INFO ]: GridID[/DC=org/DC=doegrids/OU=Services/CN=fermigridosg1.fnal.gov] - Mapped  
on host '/DC=org/DC=doegrids/OU=Services/CN=fermigridosg1.fnal.gov' the user  
'/DC=org/DC=doegrids/OU=People/CN=Steven Cox 318595' / '/Engage/Role=NULL/Capability=NULL' to 'null'

## Browse a VOMS-ADMIN

•[https://voms.fnal.gov:8443/voms/cdf/services/VOMSAdmin?  
method=listUsersWithRole&container=/cdf/glidecaf&role=Role%3dnamcaf](https://voms.fnal.gov:8443/voms/cdf/services/VOMSAdmin?method=listUsersWithRole&container=/cdf/glidecaf&role=Role%3dnamcaf)

# Manual mapping

- Common usage—
  - Map one DOEGrids cert to a personal account
  - Map one cert to the rsvuser account.
- See  
<https://twiki.grid.iu.edu/bin/view/MonitoringInformation/MapServiceCert>