

**LARP Instrumentation**  
*in Perspective of*  
*the LHC Commissioning and Operation*

**R. Miyamoto (BNL)**  
**on behalf of many many contributors**

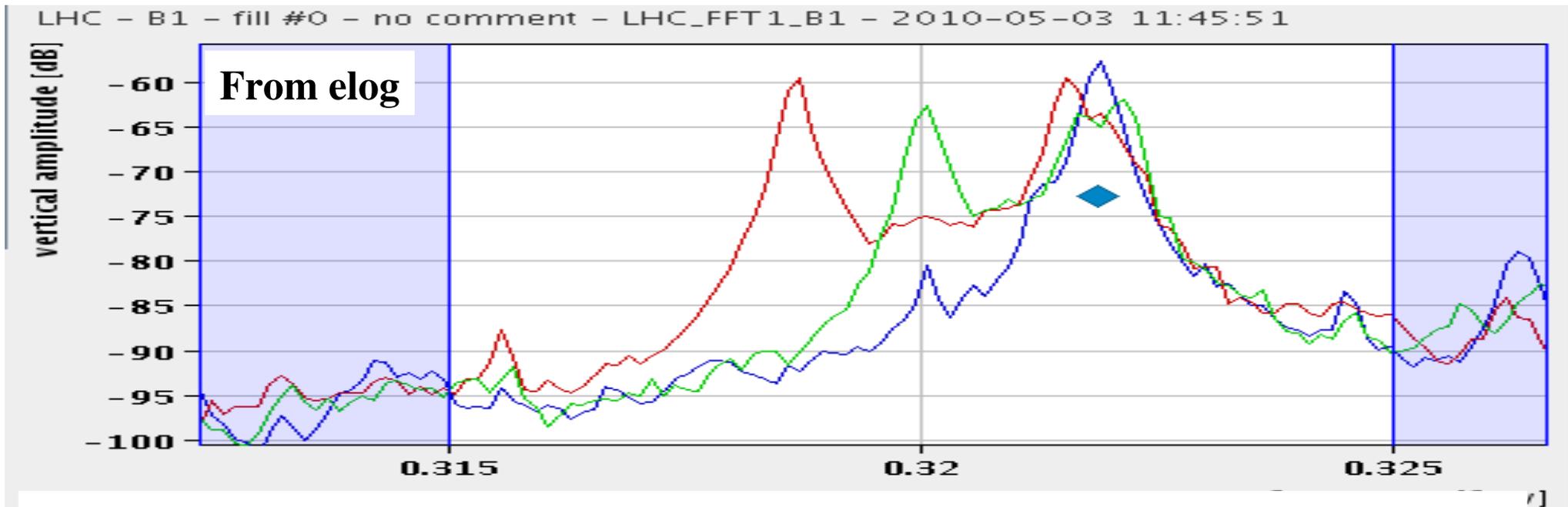
**LARP CM15 at SLAC (Nov 1<sup>st</sup> 2010)**

# Introduction

- LARP delivered/contributed to
  - BBQ (tune, chromaticity, coupling)
  - AC dipole (optics)
  - Synchrotron light monitor (profile, abort gap monitoring)
  - Luminosity monitor (luminosity, crossing angle)
  - Schottky monitor (tune, chromaticity, momentum spread)
- All taking data.
- Some are operational, some are getting ready.
- This talk presents examples of recent measurements during the commissioning and operation.
- Contributions from many people.
- Details of the synchrotron light monitor and luminosity monitors are given in talks of Alan and Alex on Tuesday.

# LHC base-band-tune (BBQ) system

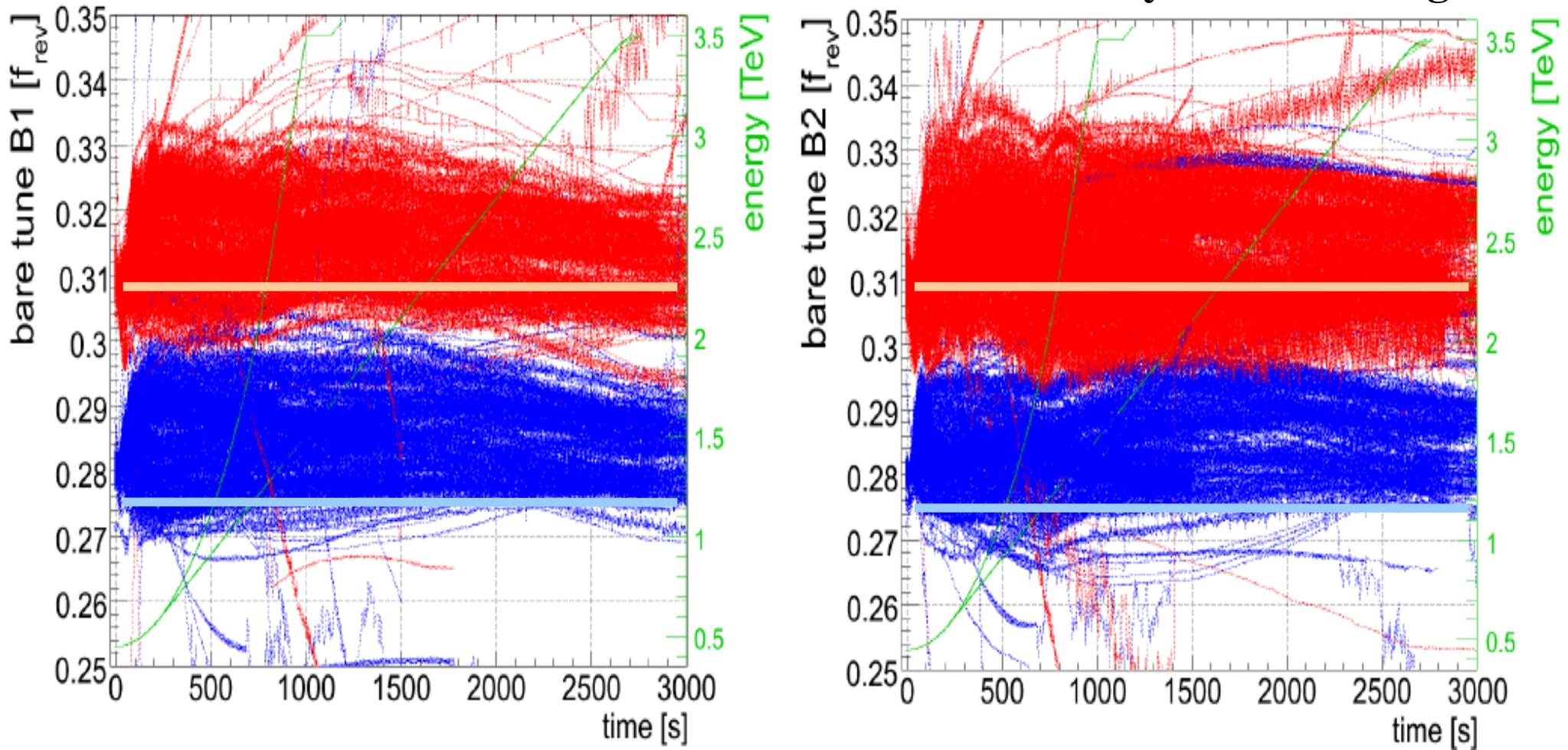
- Measure and control (feedback) tune and global coupling.
- Also measures chromaticity with RF-modulation.
- One of the most important instruments, must be ready from day 1 and always available.
- BNL lead the R&D and provided the ideal development site in RHIC, speeding up the commissioning (of not just BBQ but LHC itself).



- 2 Bunches per beam at 450 GeV (1<sup>st</sup> collisions of nominal bunches)
- **Bunch 1 collide at 1 and 5, no collision for bunch 2**
- **Bunch 1 collide at 1, no collision for bunch 2**
- **No collision for bunch 1 and 2**

# Tune feedback vital to the ramp

Courtesy of R. Steinhagen



$Q$ -feedback keep tunes  $\pm 0.003$  from the nominal values.

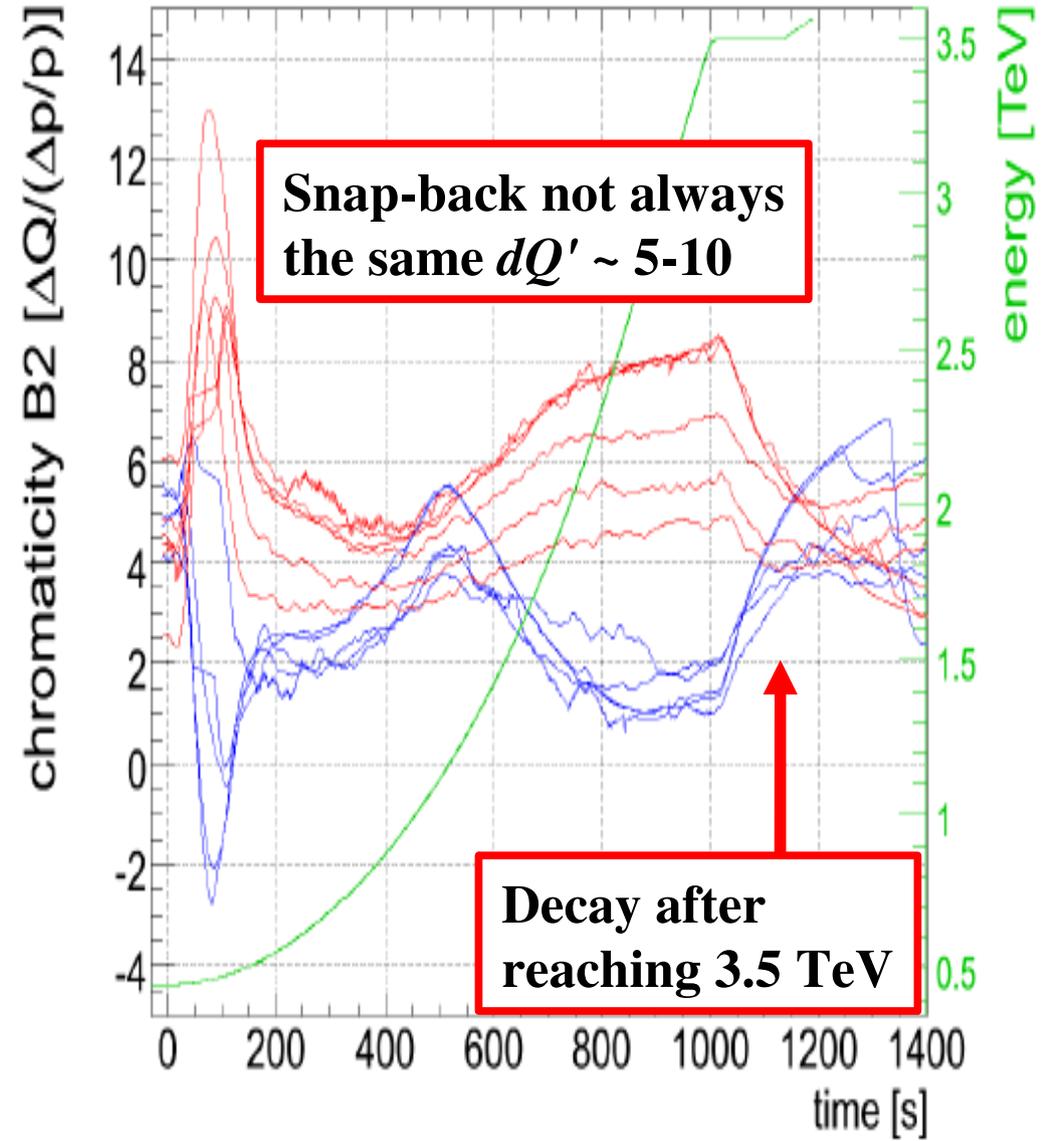
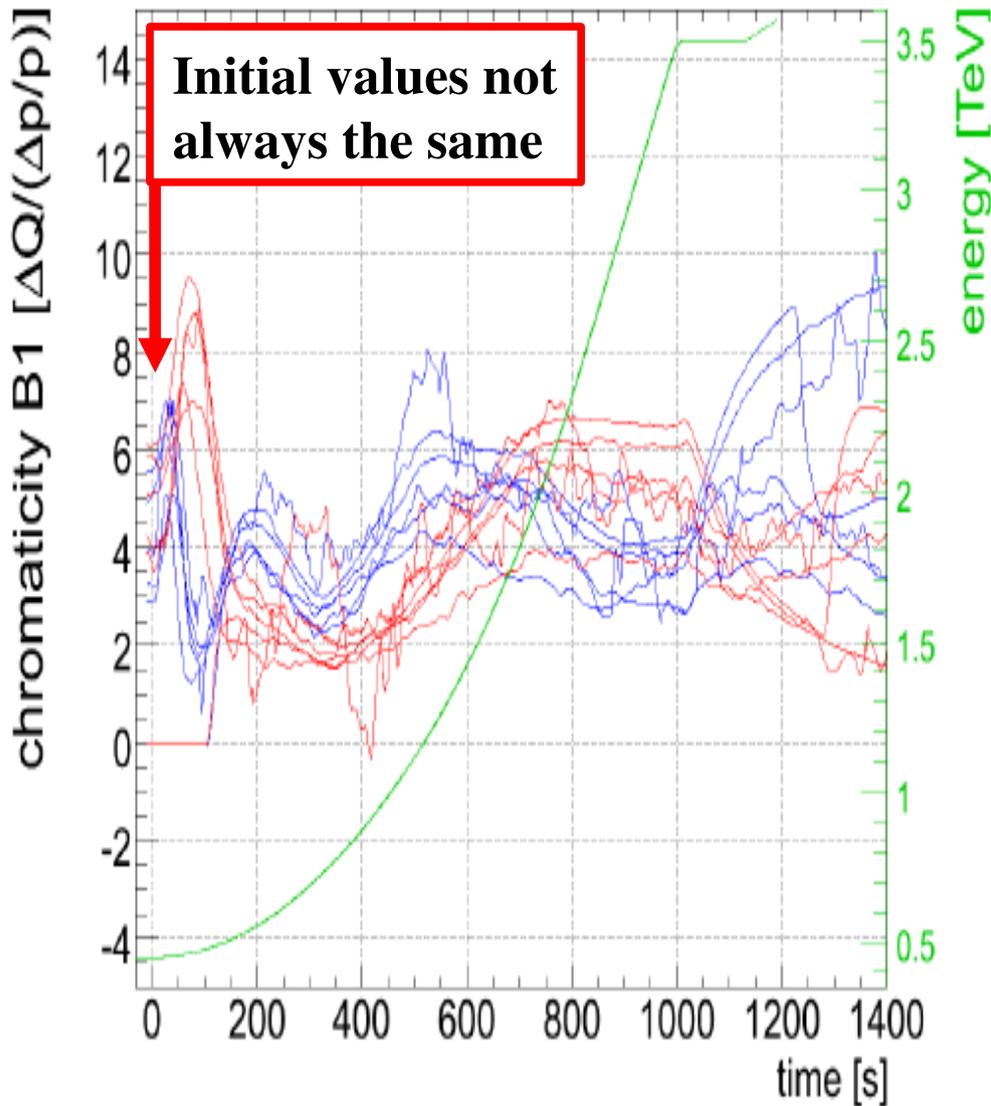
The plot shows **IF** without  $Q$ -feedback, out of **191** ramps

- **56** of B1 and **83** of B2 hit low order resonances (coupling, 3rd, 4th)

- **150** of B1 and **157** of B2 exceeded  $dQ = \pm 0.01$  (tolerance).

# Chromaticity during the ramp

Courtesy of R. Steinhagen



- Only several dedicated measurements.
  - $Q'$ -feedback demonstrated at RHIC but needs RF-modulation...
- 5

# AC dipole

## AC dipole:

- Exciter for optics measurement.
- **Almost non-invasive, no decoherence** ← perfect for the LHC.
- First demonstration in AGS, followed by RHIC, SPS, and Tevatron.

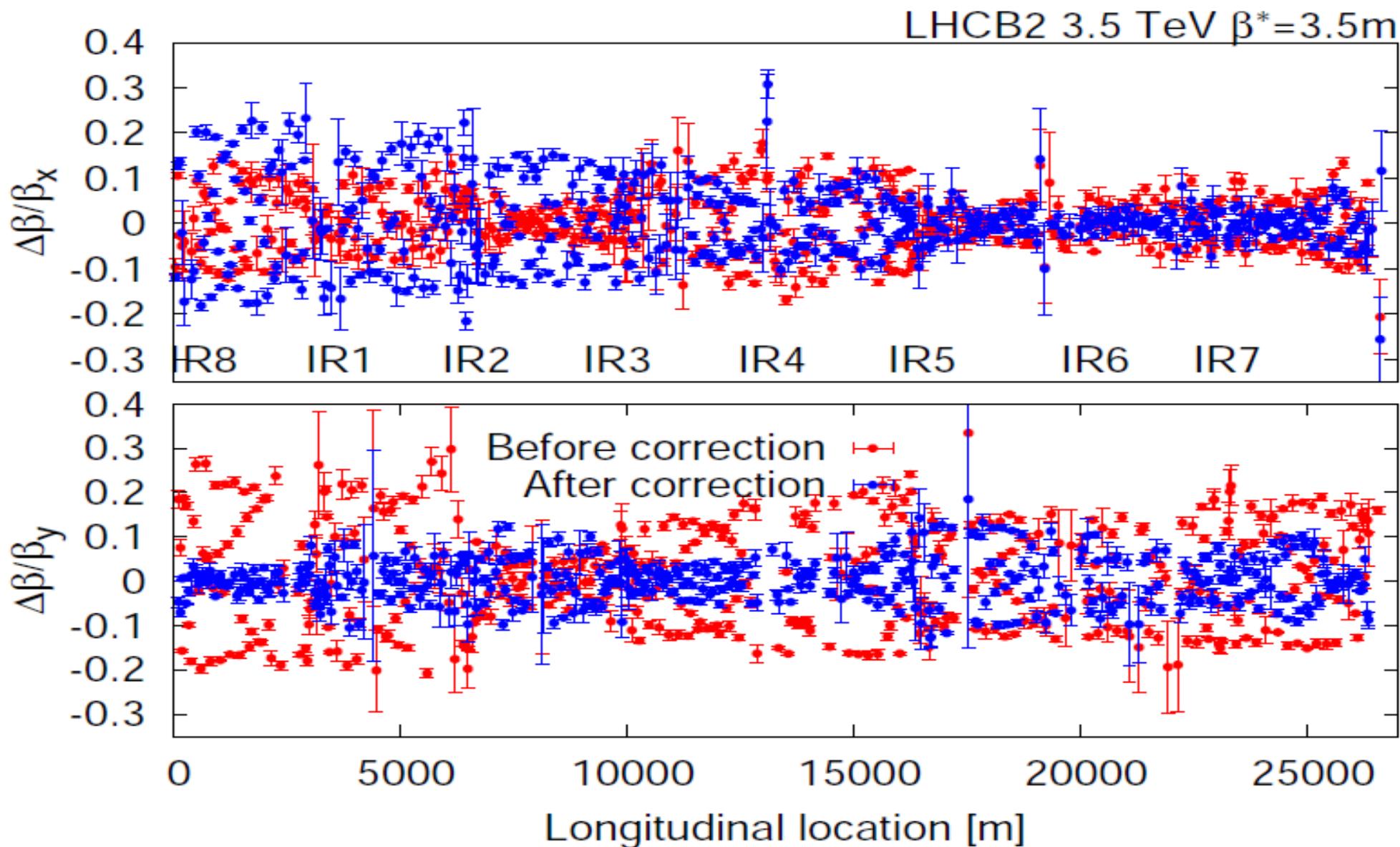
## LHC AC dipole:

- Total 4 (2 planes per beam) installed at IR4.
- FNAL solution (existing kicker + audio amp) further developed by CERN.
- Frequency tuning solutions provided by BNL.
- A Toohig fellow contributed commissioning, measurements, algorithm.
- **Primary probe to the beam optics.**
- Operational since March and handed over to TE-ABT Group.

## LHC optics:

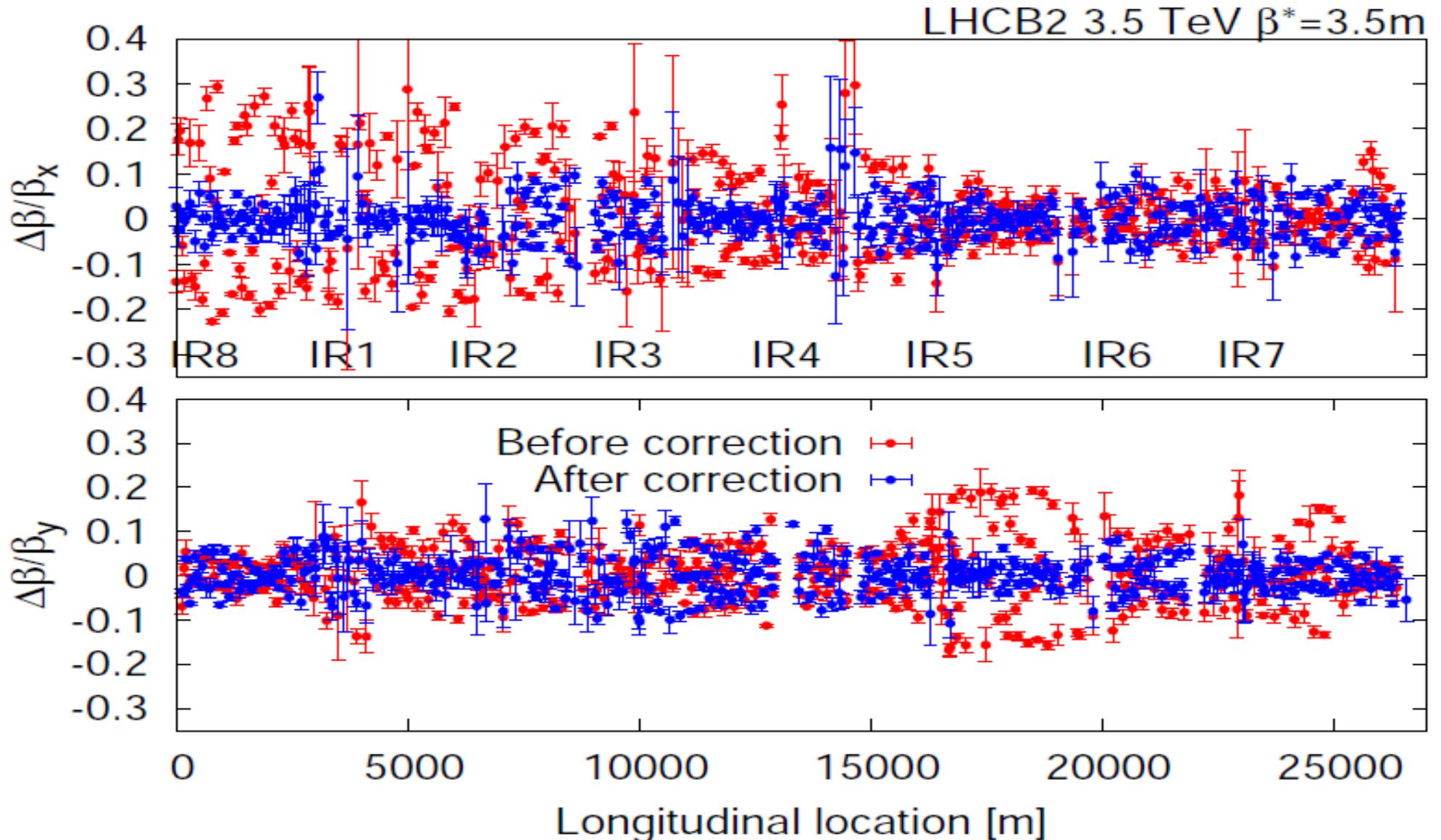
- IR corrections for the injection and squeeze.
- Global corrections for the squeeze →  $\sim < 15\%$   $\beta$ -beating (on the spec).
- Measurement during the ramp.
- Agreement with magnet/alignment (re)measurements:
  - Hysteresis of warm magnets at IR3 and 7.
  - Quad roll at IR5.
- Next year and beyond?

# Beam2 $\beta$ -beating: as far with local corrections



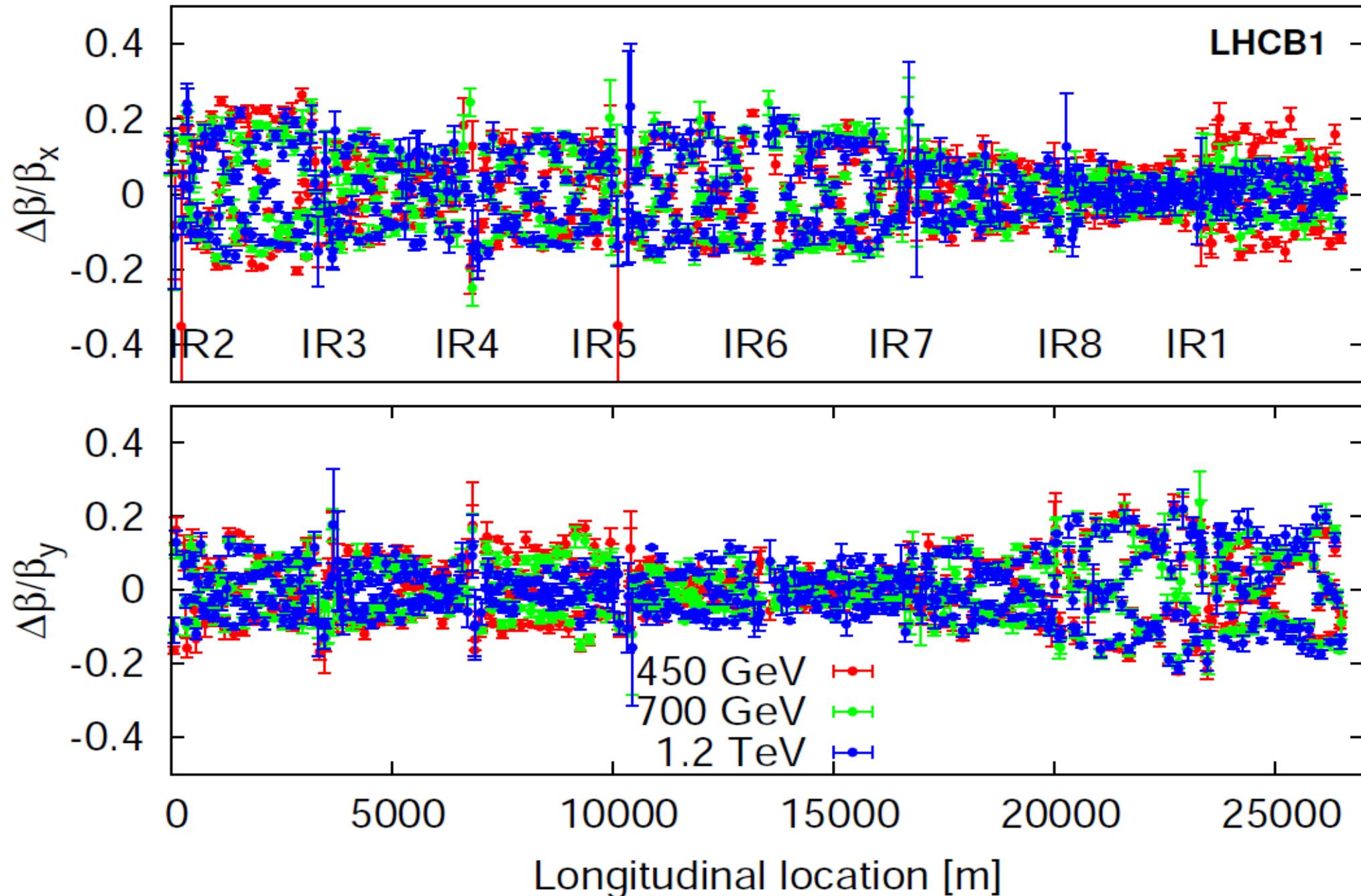
- Local corrections at IR1, 5, 2, 8, and 6.
- Need the global correction at some point...

# Beam2 local + global corrections

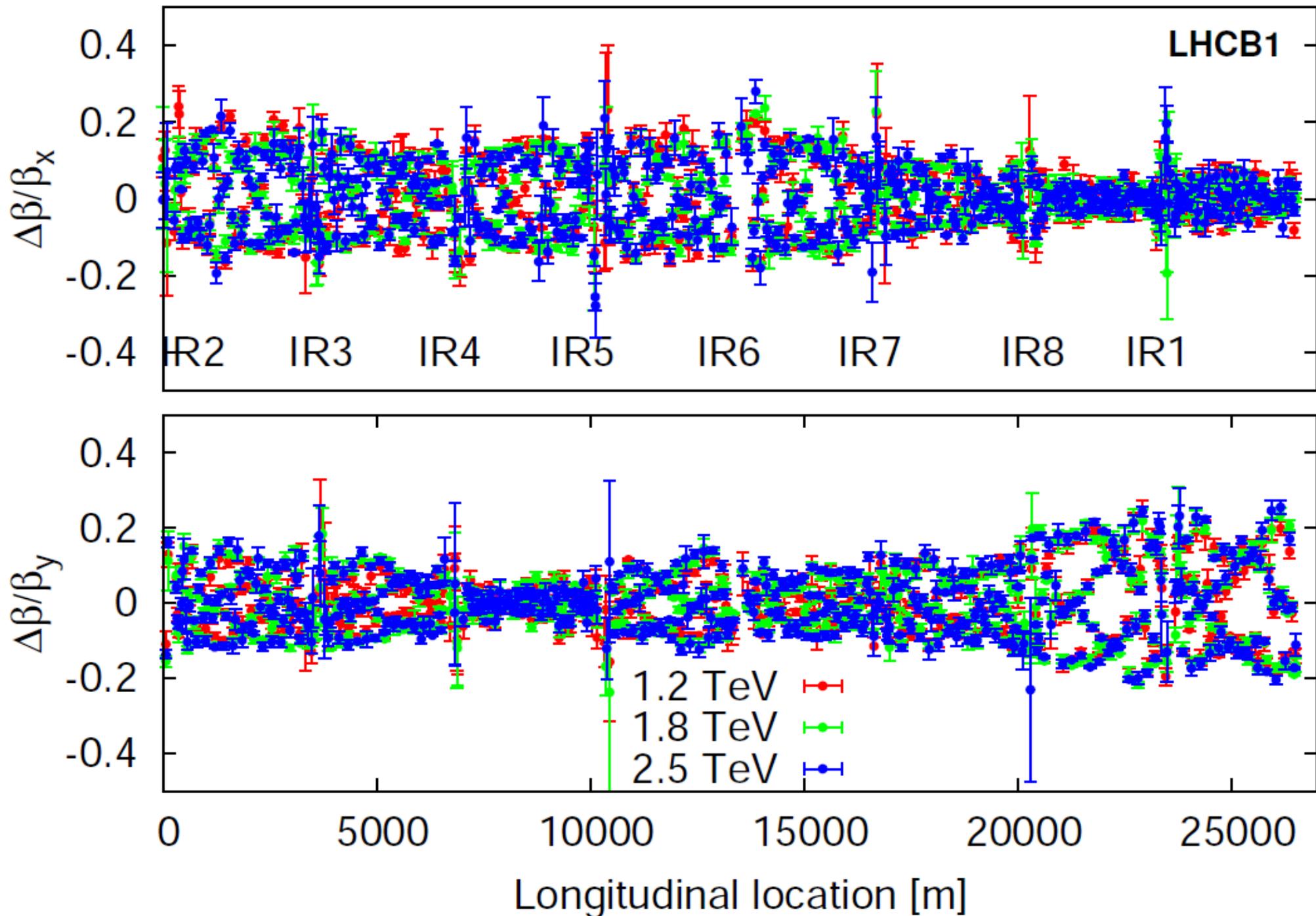


- On the level of the specification ( $\sim <15\%$ )
- Fight for the signal quality?

# Beam1 beta-beating 0.45 – 1.2 TeV



# Beam1 Beta-beating 1.2 – 2.5 TeV



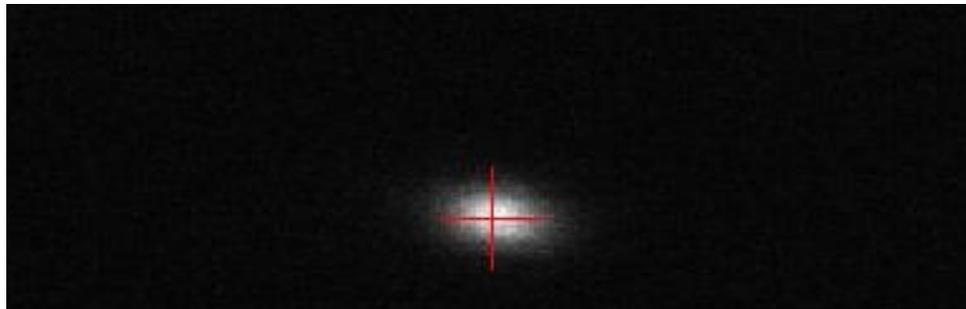
# Synchrotron light monitor

- Applications:
  - Transverse beam profiles (**non-invasive, bunch-by-bunch, up to the full intensity**)
  - Abort-gap monitor (10% of light is detected by gated PMT)
  - Longitudinal density monitor (in development)
  - Halo monitor (future)
- Three light sources, changing during the ramp:
  - Undulator radiation at injection (0.45 - 1.2 TeV)
  - Dipole edge radiation at intermediate energy (1.2 - 3 TeV)
  - Central dipole radiation at collision energy (3 - 7 TeV)
- For both protons and heavy ions.
- Main contribution from SLAC.
- Details in Alan's talk on Tuesday.

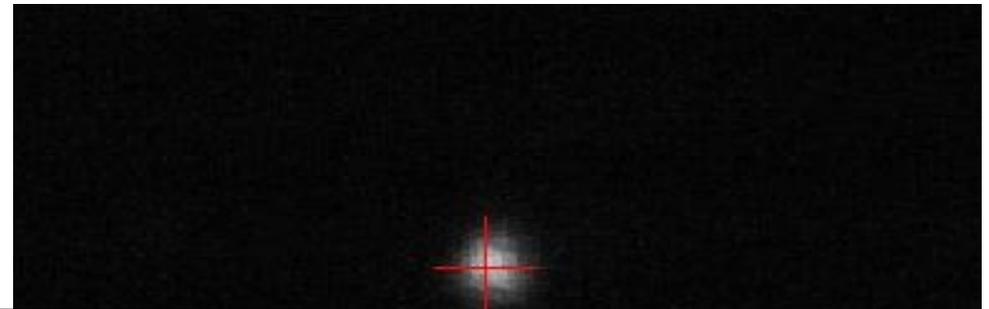
# Abort gap cleaner / monitor

- 3  $\mu\text{s}$  abort gap for the abort kicker rise time.
- Particles uncaptured or out of the bucket may cause quench when the beam abort.
- Former successes in RHIC (stripline) and Tevatron (e-lens).
- Use dampers to excite on tunes.
- Tests ongoing:
  - Successful tests in October.
  - Not tested with tune feedback yet.
  - Vital for 30 MJ?
- Contributions from LTVs from FNAL and SLAC (tracking simulation and monitoring).
- Measurements of 2<sup>nd</sup> order chromaticity and detuning help?

# Beam profile measurements at 3.5 TeV

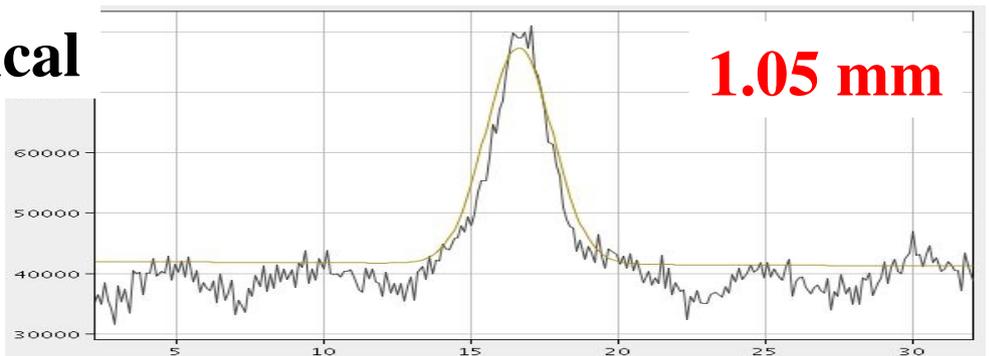
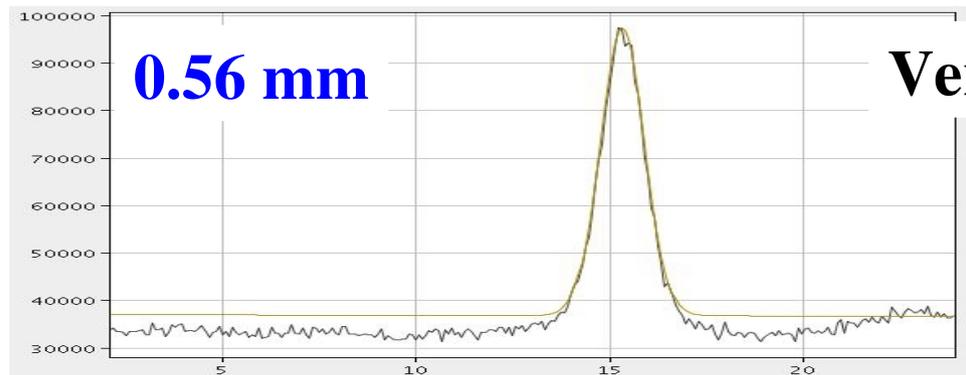
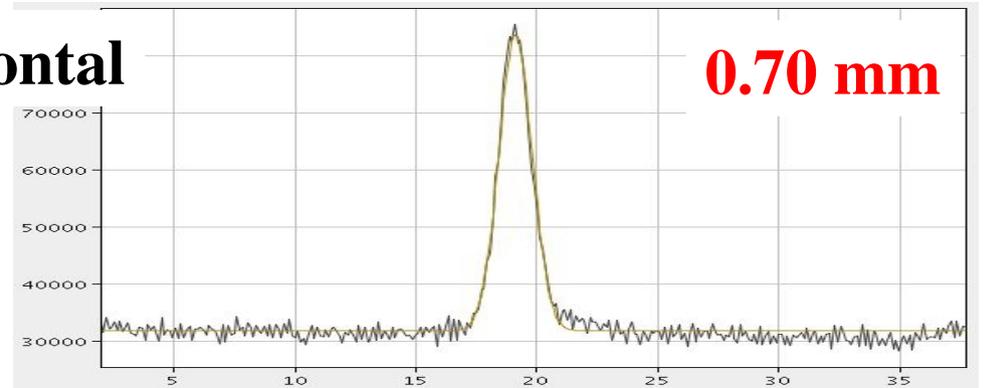
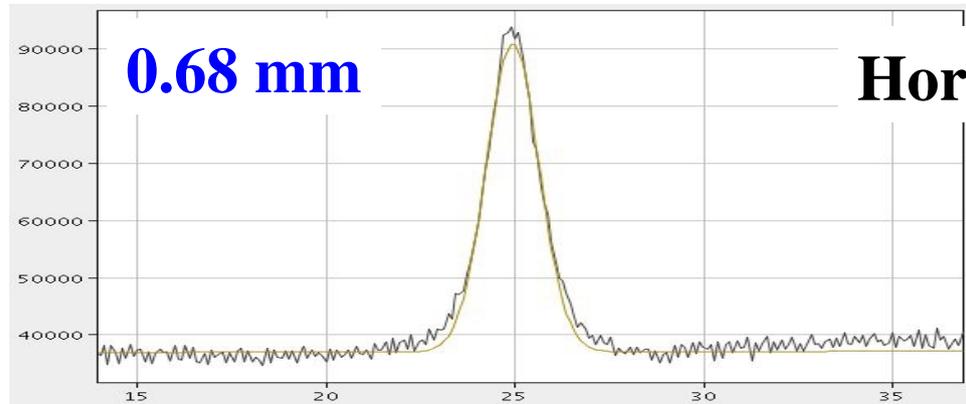


**Beam1**



**Beam2**

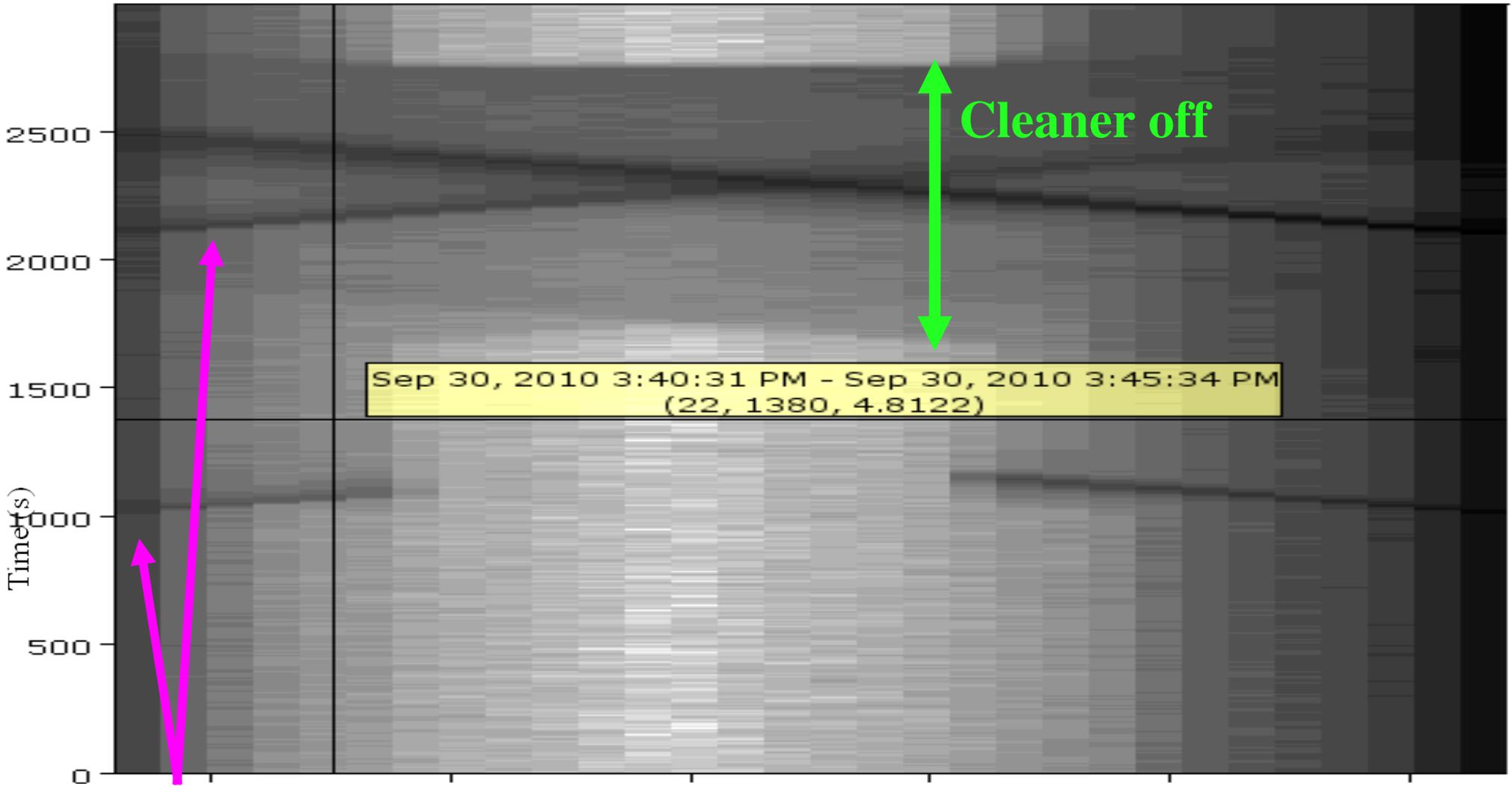
Light from D3 dipole.  
Blue filter. Narrow slit.



Courtesy of A. Fisher

# Test of abort gap cleaning

2 bunches 3  $\mu$ s apart (darker = more protons)



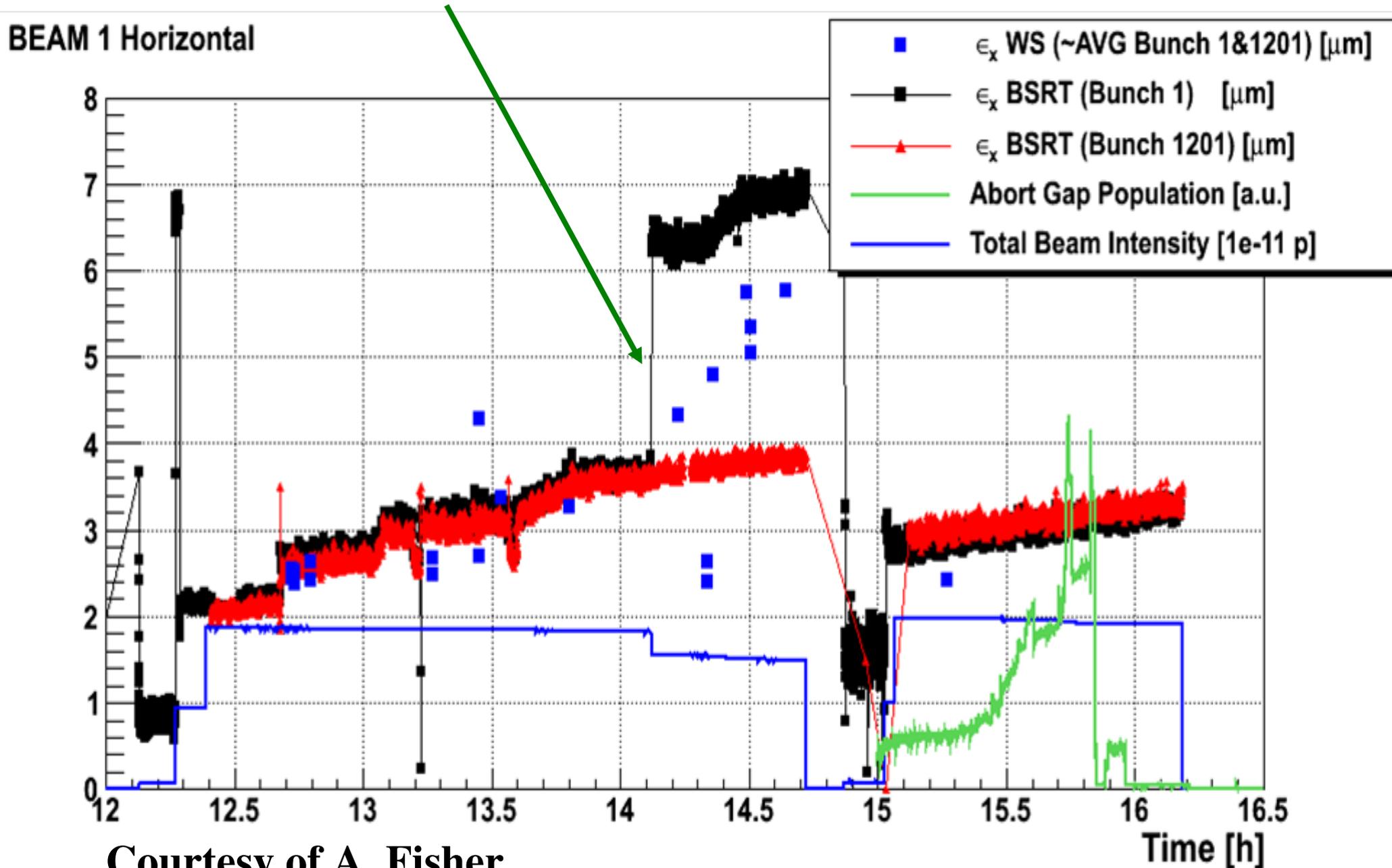
**RF voltage lowered**

**→ high / low momentum particles leak into the abort gap**

Courtesy of A. Fisher

# Emittance growth during the cleaning

Wider cleaning pulse blew up bunch 1 (trailing edge effect?)



# Luminosity monitor

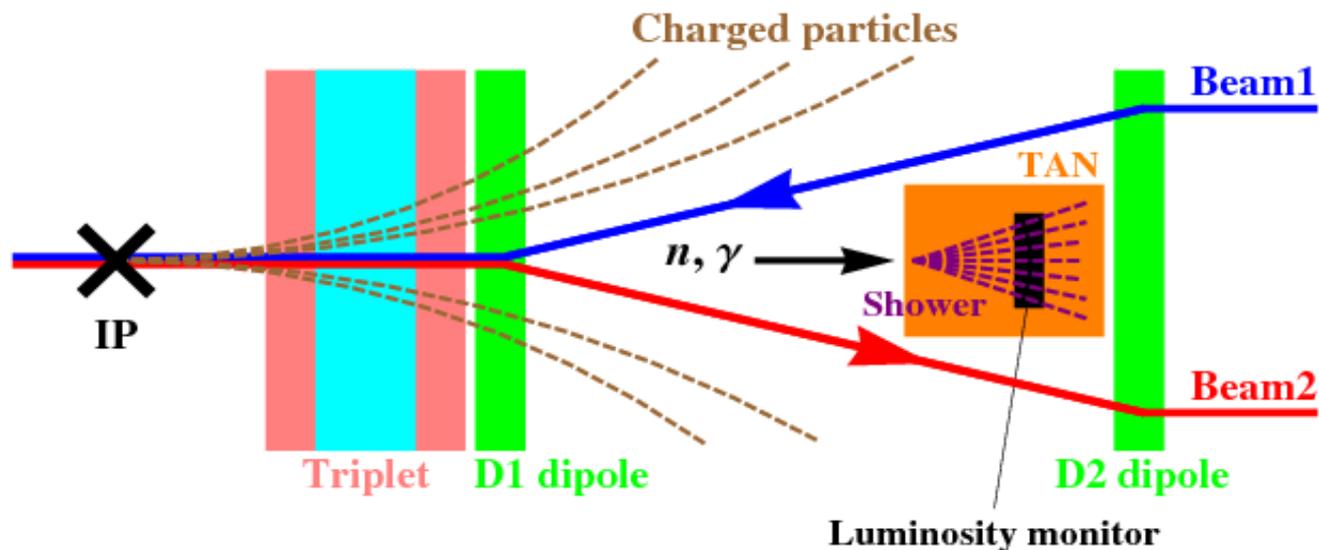
LHC luminosity monitor:

- 4 ionization chambers in both sides of IR1 and 5.
- **Bunch-by-bunch** measurements of neutral particles'
  - Rate (low multiplicity)
  - Average intensity (high multiplicity).
  - Coincidence
- Quadrant structure → **sensitive to the crossing angle.**
- **Only forward monitor at high luminosities.**
- Detectors provided by LBL. Application provided by CERN.

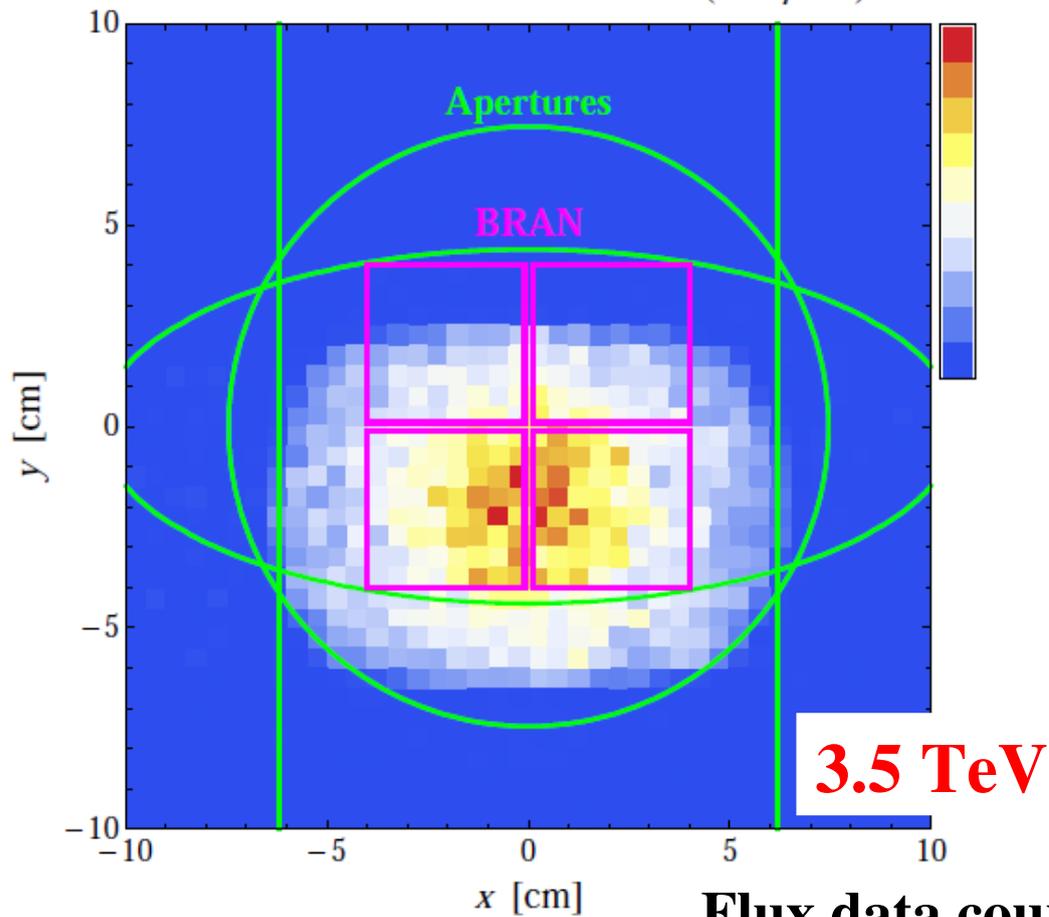
Status:

- All chambers installed and taking data.
- Minor issues (some in software, attenuation, ...)
- Understand multiplicity important?
- Details in Alex's talk on Tuesday.

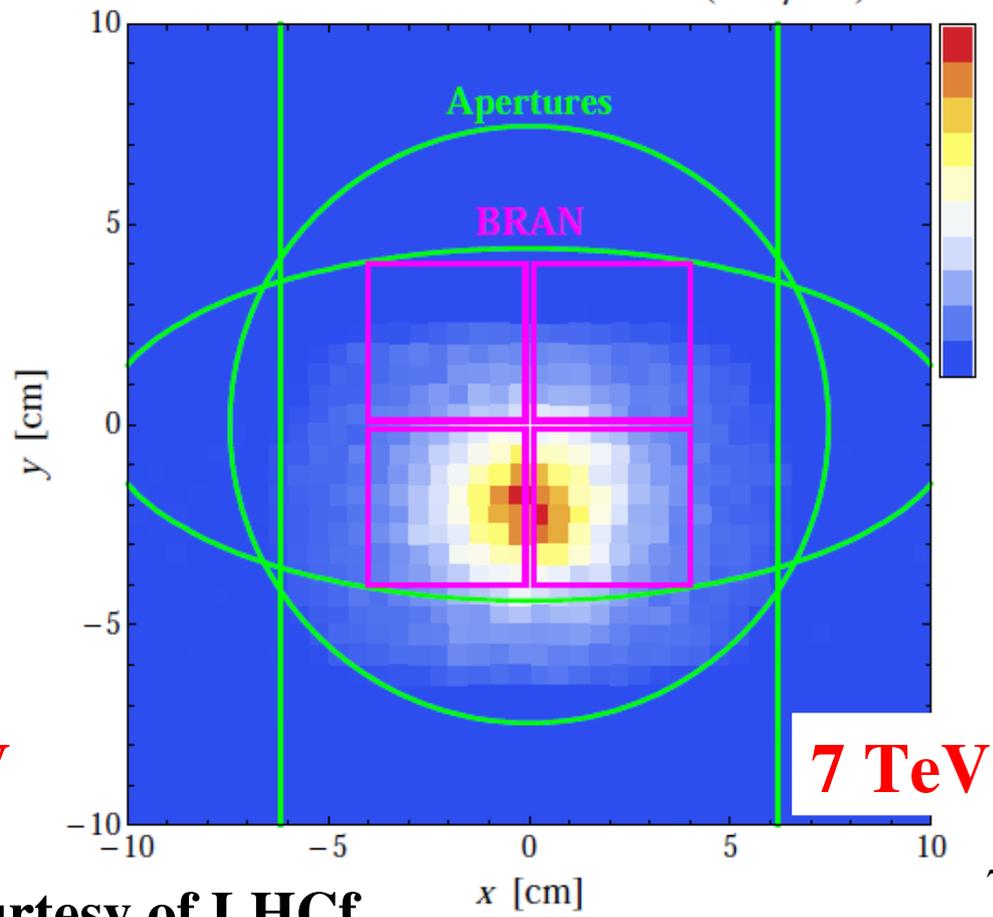
# Lumi monitor concepts



IR1 neutral flux on TAN surface (285  $\mu$ rad)



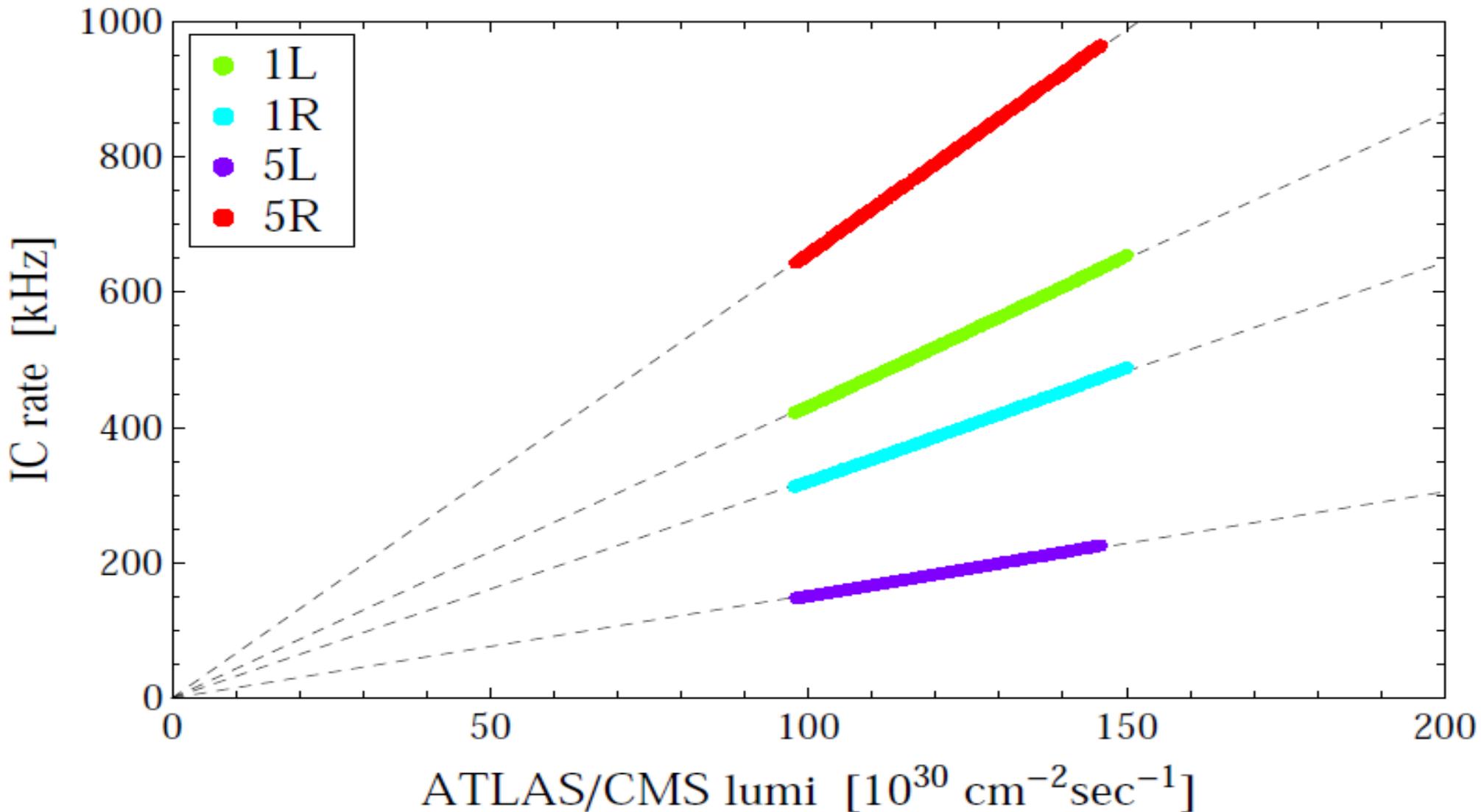
IR1 neutral flux on TAN surface (285  $\mu$ rad)



Flux data courtesy of LHCf

# Correlations with experiments

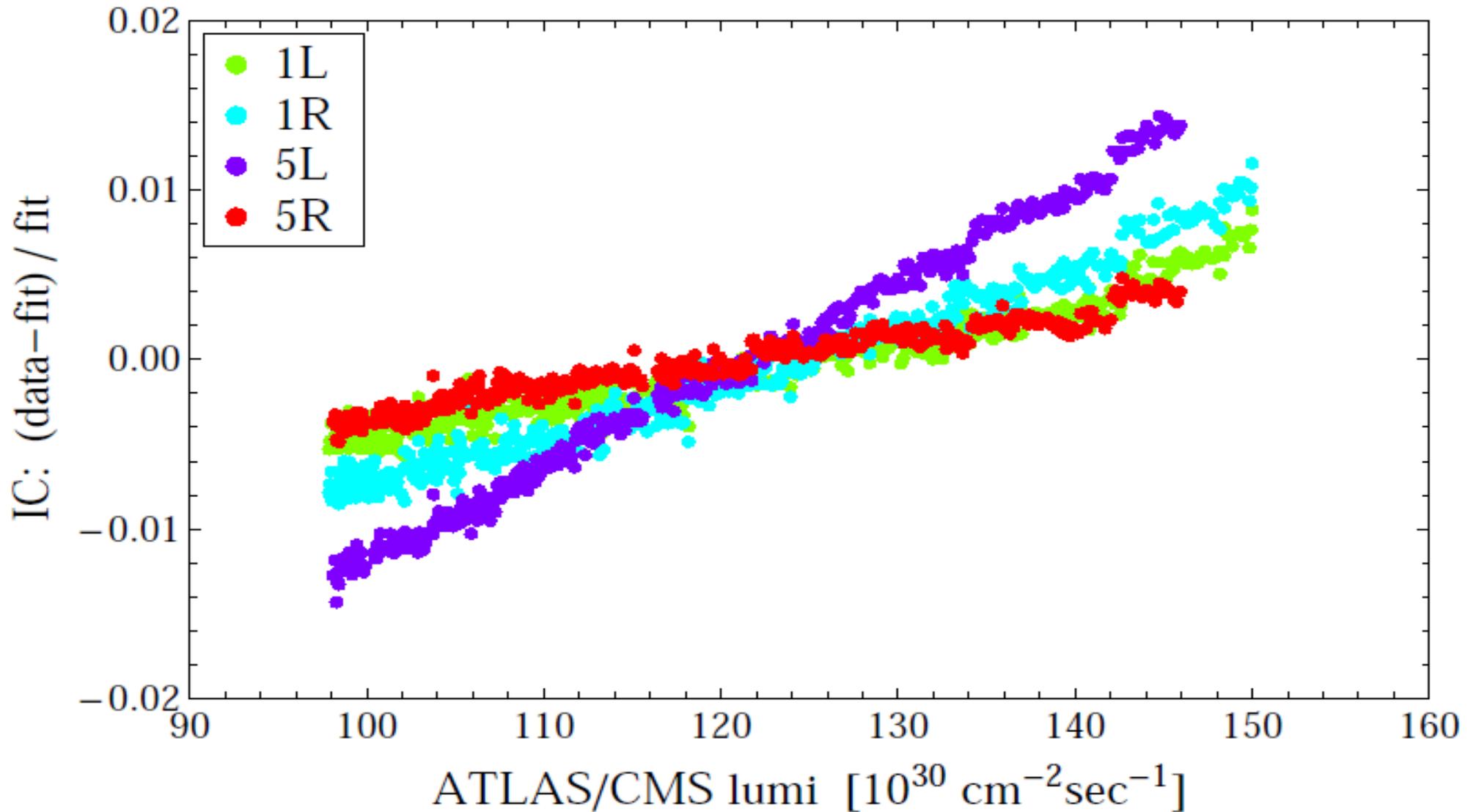
1439



Assuming 60 mb:  $L \sim 10^{32} \rightarrow R \sim 6 \text{ MHz}$ ,  
295 bunches  $\rightarrow$  multiplicity  $\sim 1.8$ , efficiency 1.5-5% per  $pp$  col.

# Multiplicity?

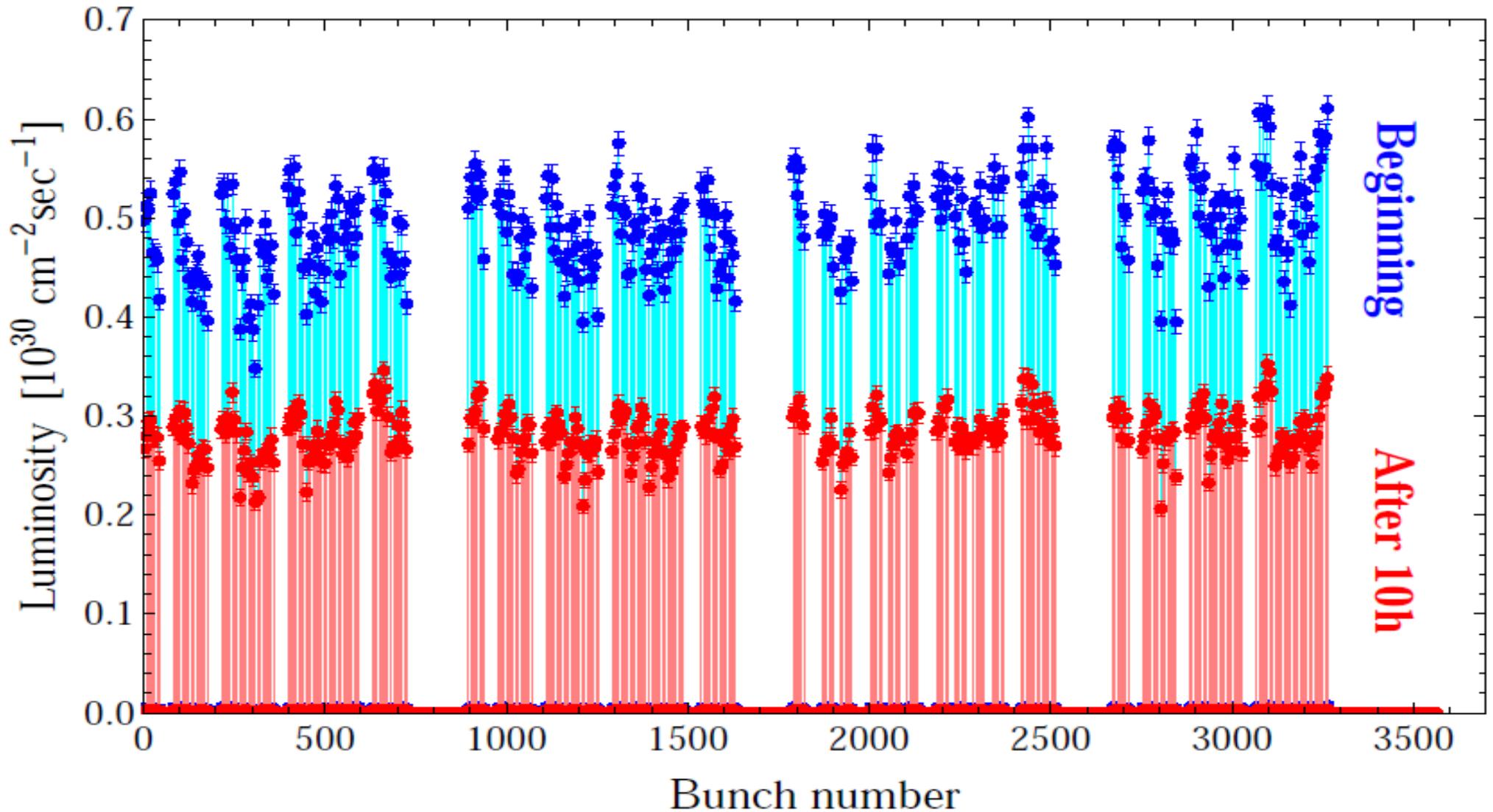
1439



- For low multiplicities, two competing effects on the rate .
- Deviations not quantitatively explained.

# Bunch-by-bunch measurement

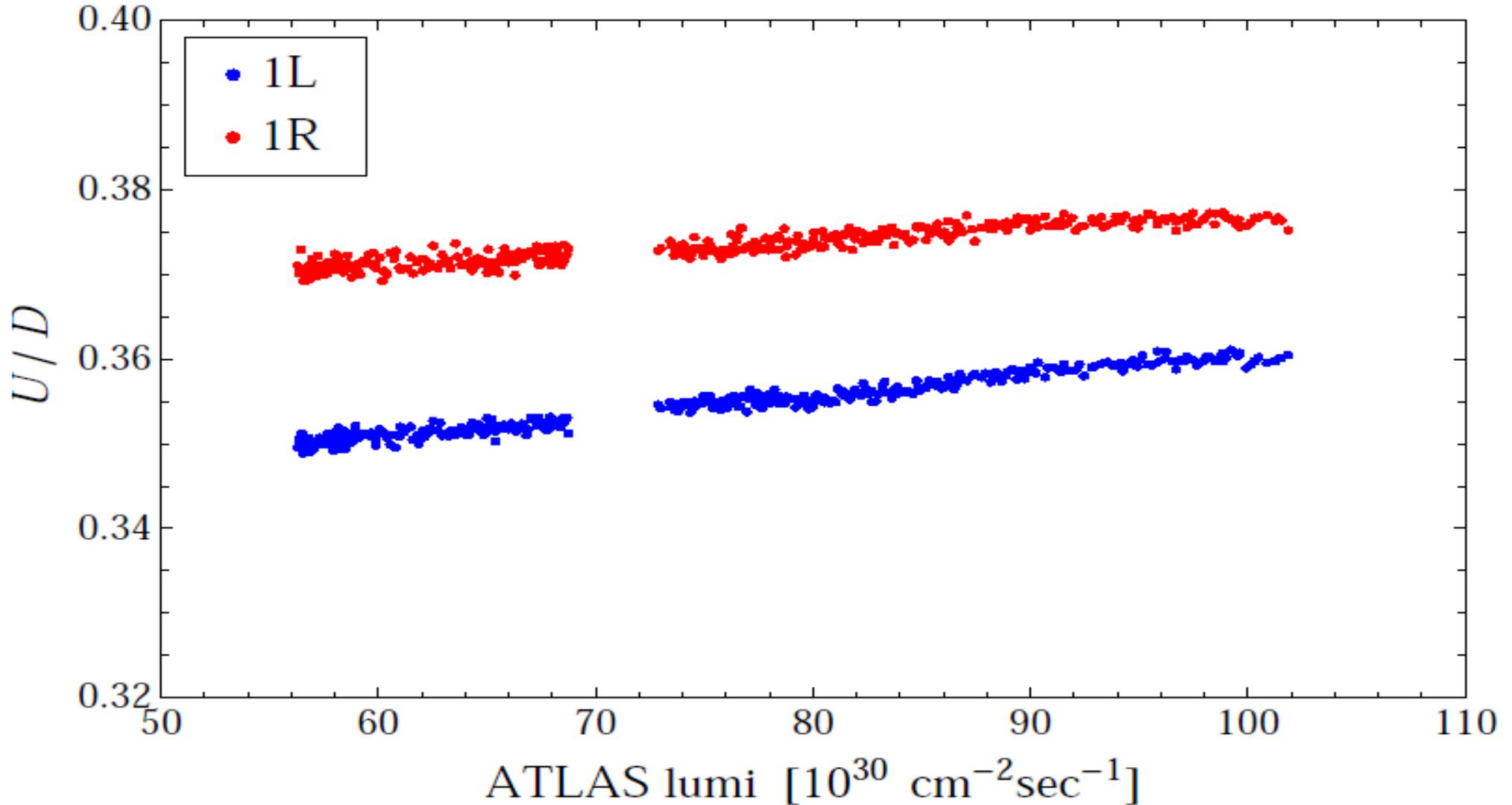
1L (1450)



- Interesting to see correlations with intensities, emittances, ...
- Data can be checked on live and easily accessed.

# Up-down asymmetry at IR1

1418



- Drift real? (Multiplicity?)
- Crossing angle scan possible?

# Schottky monitor

LHC 4.8 GHz schottky:

- **Non-invasive bunch-by-bunch** measurements of tune, chromaticity,  $dp/p$ , ...
- Inspired by success of the Tevatron's system.
- 4.8 GHz chosen for impedance and bandwidth.
- Led by FNAL, delivering the electronics and software (through LAFS). CERN built the beamline hardware.

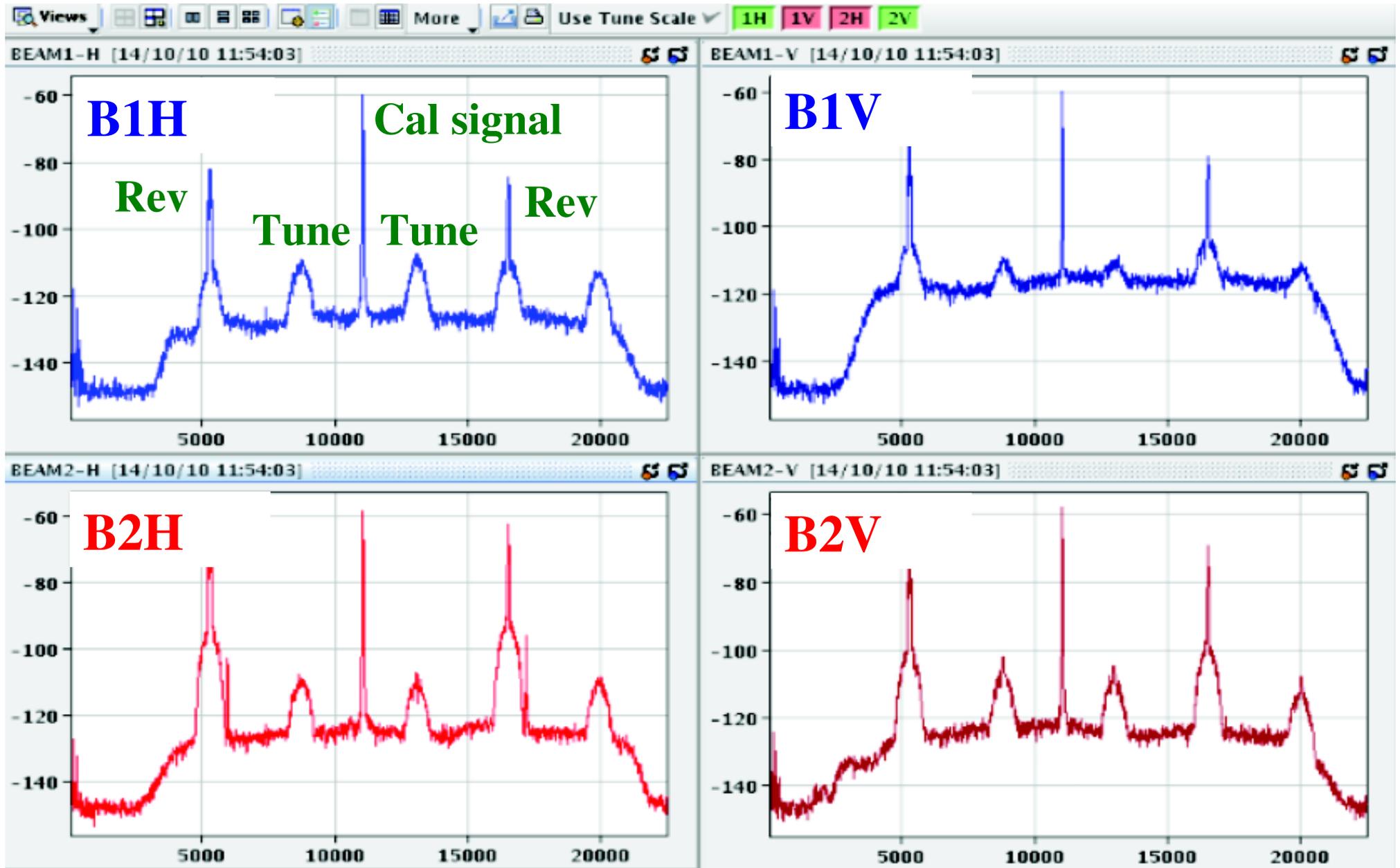
Status:

- Hardware completed in Oct. 2010.
- Application improvement ongoing at FNAL.
- A CERN fellow working on it.

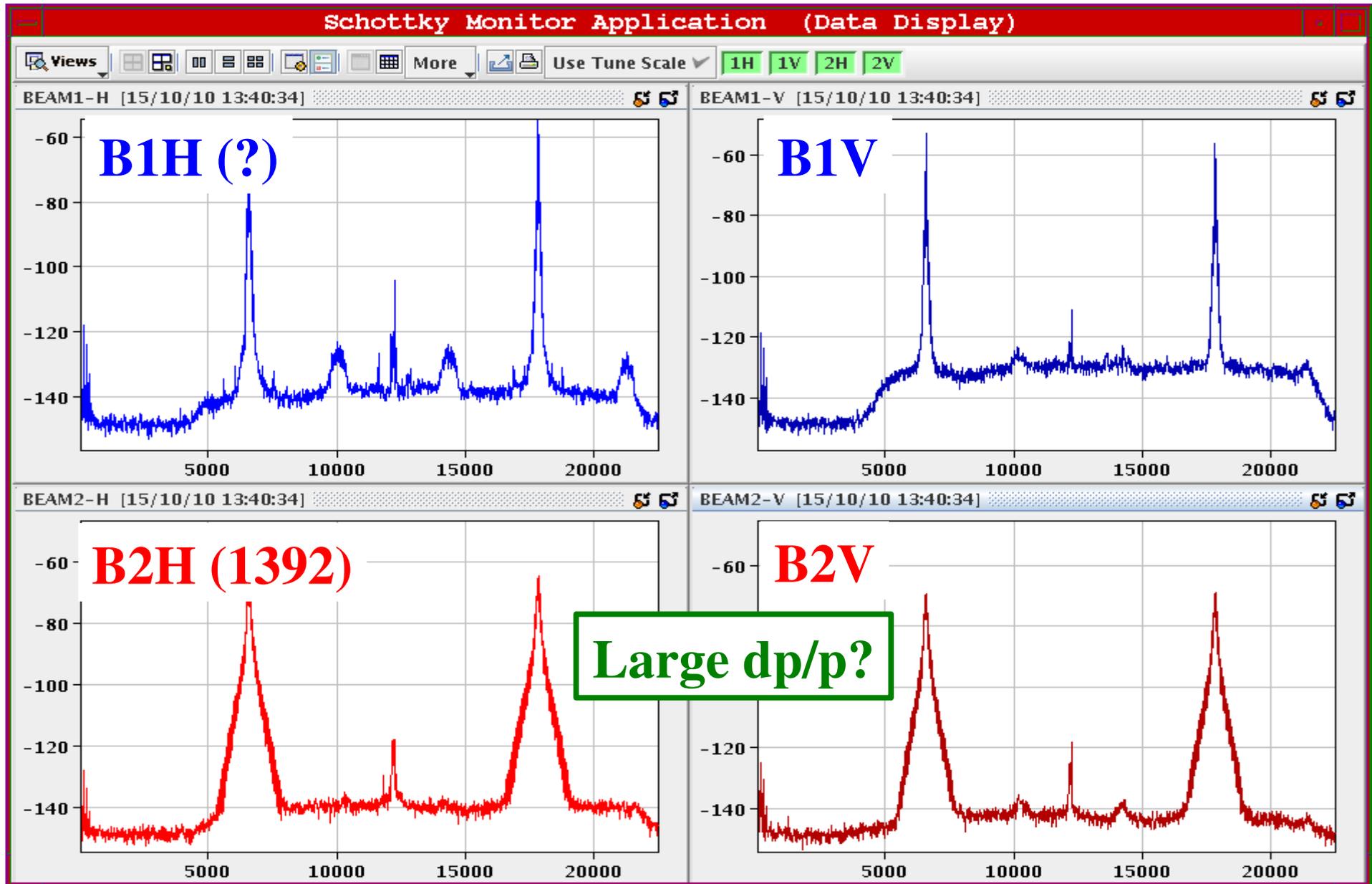
From now:

- Correlation with BBQ.
- Strong interest from beam-beam side.

# Typical schottky signals



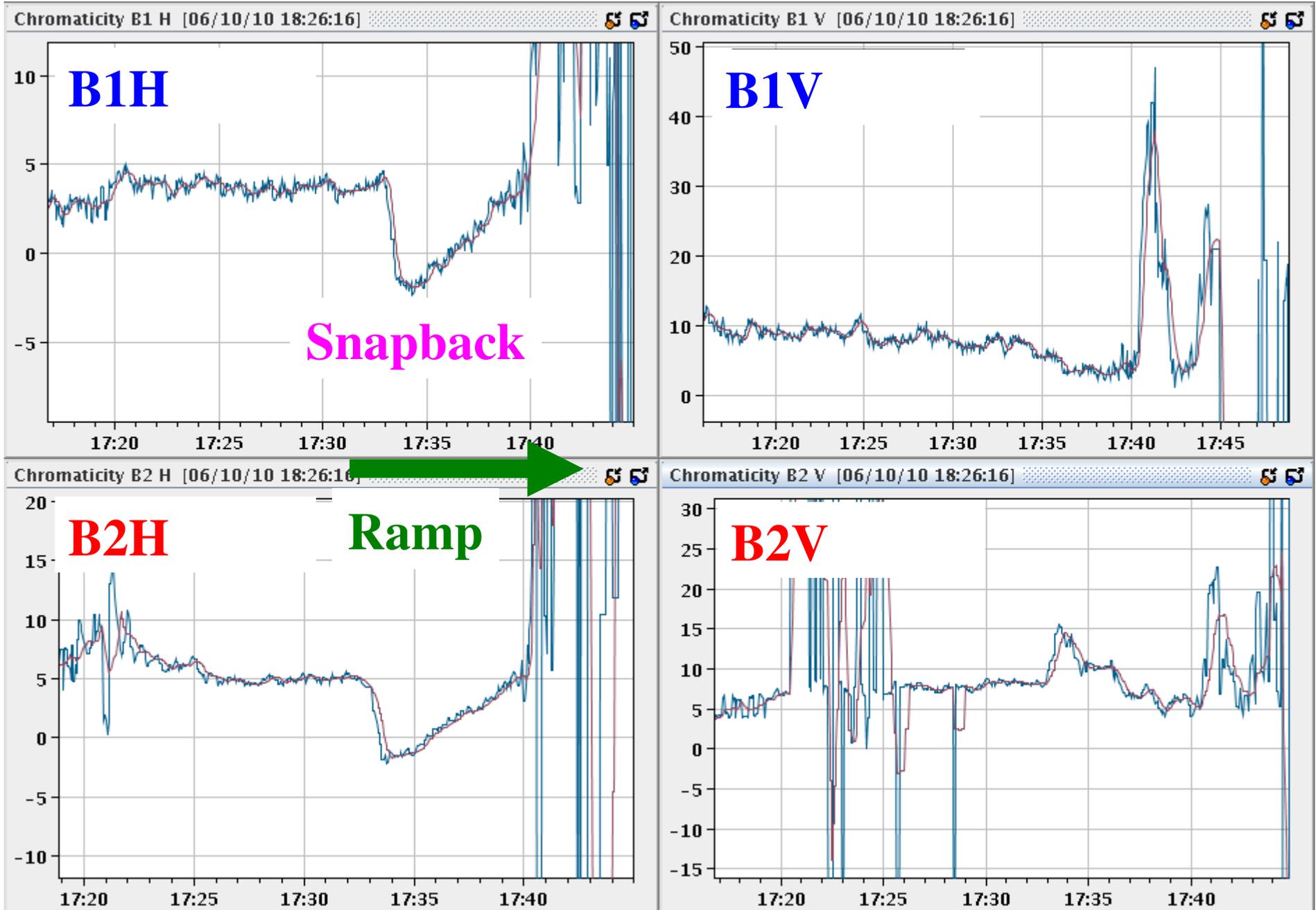
# Another example (single bunch @ 3.5 TeV)



From LHC elog

Fat revolution lines observed **only for one bunch** of Beam2

# Chromaticity measurement



# Conclusions

- LARP delivered and contributed to many instruments that are at the core of LHC's beam commissioning and operation: BBQ, AC dipole, synchrotron light monitor, luminosity Monitor and schottky monitor.
- Many made contributions from the early stage of the commissioning and all are operational now.
- Instruments are now handed over to CERN while LARP continues to support their development.
- LHC will have bunch-by-bunch measurements of luminosity, profile, tune, and intensity. Such information is vital in the next year's commissioning / operation.
- LARP instruments are an excellent opportunity to participate in the LHC's commissioning, operation, and development.