

Tevatron searches for charged and doubly-charged Higgs

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(on behalf of CDF and DØ Collaborations)

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TALK OUTLINE

- ▶ Several extensions to the SM predict additional Higgs Bosons
 - ▶ Charged Higgs (H^+)
 - ▶ Doubly charged Higgs (H^{++})
- ▶ Experimental searches at CDF and DØ
- ▶ Summary



```

if (SM Higgs) { Great! }
else if (SUSY) {
  switch (SUSY) {
    case MSSM :
      ...
      break;
    case Another one?
      ...
      ...
  }
}
else {
  Choose your favorite model...
}

```

CHARGED HIGGS BOSONS

▶ Singly charged Higgs

- ▶ Arise in models with two Higgs doublets - SUSY and some GUT
- ▶ Different models to avoid FCNC
- ▶ Typically depends on M_{H^+} and $\tan\beta$:
 - either direct production $p\bar{p} \rightarrow H^+ \rightarrow t\bar{b}$ or
 - top quark decays $p\bar{p} \rightarrow t\bar{t} \rightarrow (H^+ b)(W^- \bar{b})$

▶ Doubly charged Higgs

- ▶ Exotic extensions of the Higgs sector (Left/Right symmetric models, Higgs triplet, Little Higgs)
- ▶ Depend on $M_{H^{++}}$ and Higgs couplings
 - direct production $p\bar{p} \rightarrow H^{++}H^{--} \rightarrow l^+l^+l^-l^-$

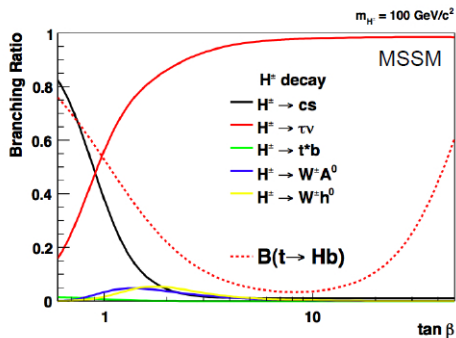
MSSM

MSSM Higgs sector needs 2 Higgs doublets which leads to 5 Higgs bosons ($h/H/A, H^\pm$)

At the tree level, two parameters $\tan \beta$ (v_u/v_d vev ratio) and M_{H^\pm}

$\tan \beta$ controls the H^\pm decay:

- ▶ $H^\pm \rightarrow \tau\nu$ (high $\tan \beta$)
- ▶ $H^\pm \rightarrow c\bar{s}$ (low $\tan \beta$)

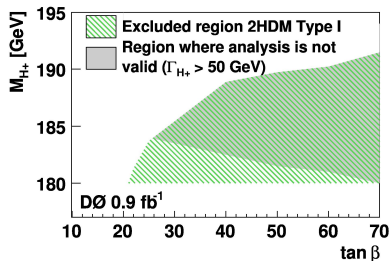
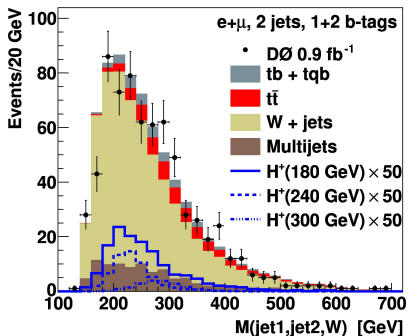


$M_H > M_t$: DIRECT PRODUCTION

Search for high mass $180 < M_H < 300$ GeV Higgs boson reconstructed in $H^+ \rightarrow t\bar{b} \rightarrow W^+ b\bar{b} \rightarrow l^+ \nu b\bar{b}$ - selection similar to single top analysis.

Discriminating variable - the $M(t\bar{b})$ spectrum - $M(\text{jet1, jet2, } W)$

No evidence \rightarrow limits in two-Higgs-double models (2HDMs)

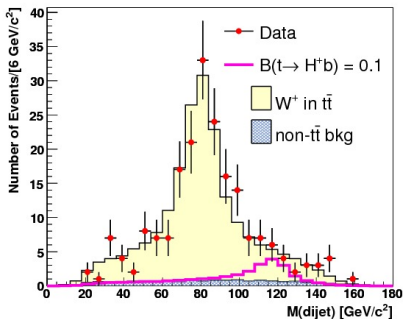
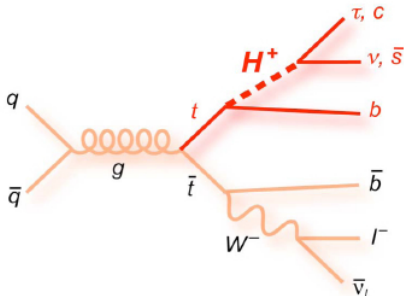


Phys. Rev. Lett. 102 , 191802 (2009)

$M_H < M_t$: CHARGED HIGGS IN TOP DECAY

Search for H^\pm using top pair production:

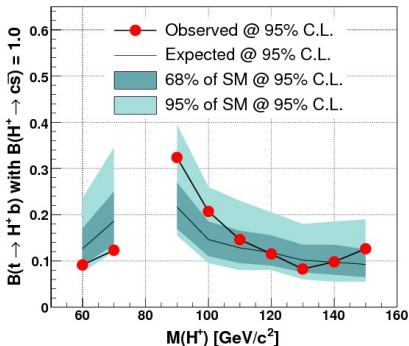
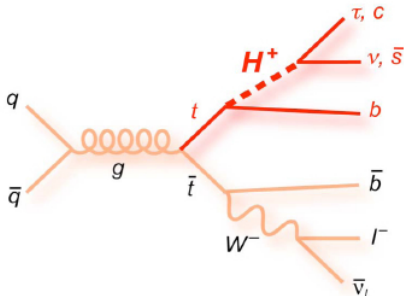
CDF - in MSSM @low $\tan \beta$ - search for $H \rightarrow c\bar{s}$ second peak in the invariant mass of two light jets



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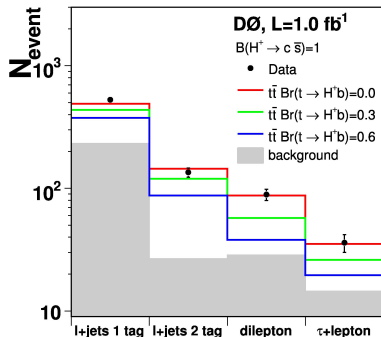
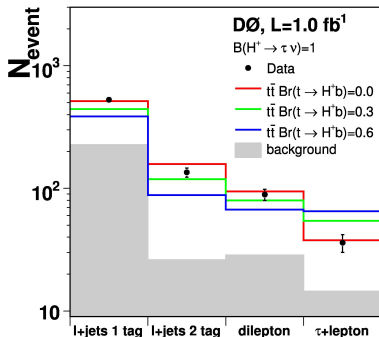
CDF - in MSSM @low $\tan \beta$ - search for $H \rightarrow c\bar{s}$ second peak in the invariant mass of two light jets



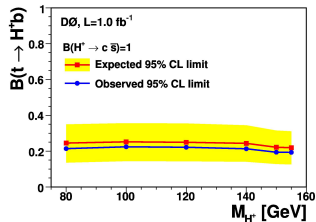
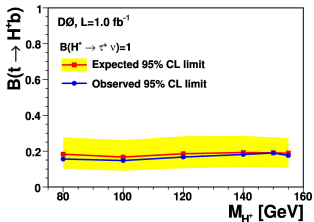
Phys. Rev. Lett. 103, 101803 (2009)

CHARGED HIGGS IN TOP DECAY

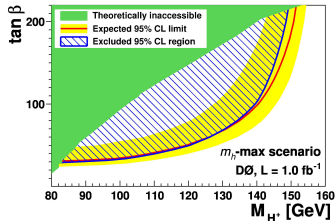
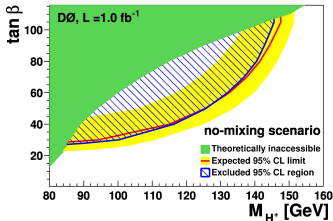
$D\emptyset$: search for H^\pm using top pair production, consider either purely tauonic or purely leptophobic decay
 Maximum likelihood fit to the number of events



CHARGED HIGGS IN TOP DECAY - $D\emptyset$ LIMITS



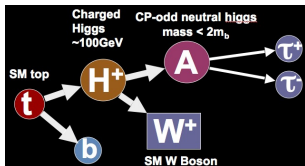
We also extract limits assuming $B(H \rightarrow \tau \nu) + B(H \rightarrow c \bar{s}) = 1$:
 various CPX scenarios



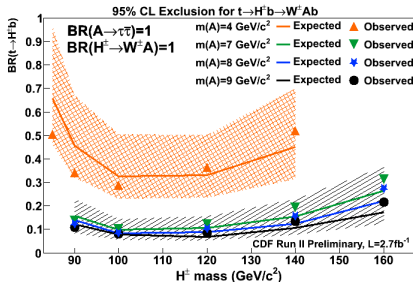
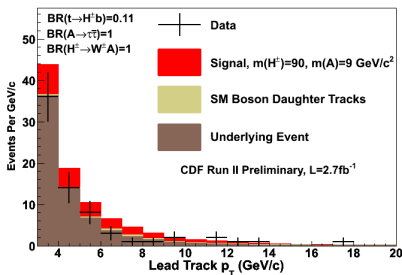
Phys. Lett. B 682, 278 (2009)

NMSSM

Includes additional CP-even and CP-odd neutral Higgs bosons and an additional neutralino - search H^+ if $M_A < 2M_b$



The τ s from the A boson typically have low p_T , bad for efficient τ identification \rightarrow search instead for isolated low p_T track in lepton+ 3+ jets sample with b -tag and missing E_T .



CDF Note 10104

DOUBLY CHARGED HIGGS

- ▶ Higgs triplet, $SU(3)_c \times SU(3)_L \times U(1)_Y$, Little Higgs, Left-Right symmetric models, ...
- ▶ Search for H^{++} in $q\bar{q} \rightarrow H^{++}H^{--}$ decaying through $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \tau^{\pm}\tau^{\pm}, \mu^{\pm}\tau^{\pm}, \mu^{\pm}\mu^{\pm}$ (Preferred decay modes depend on a model)
- ▶ Select events with at least 1 muon and at least 2 hadronically decaying τ candidates, sum of charges $Q = \sum_{i=\mu, \tau_1, \tau_2} = \pm 1$

- Divide sample into 4 non-overlapping samples depending on the charges of the leptons:

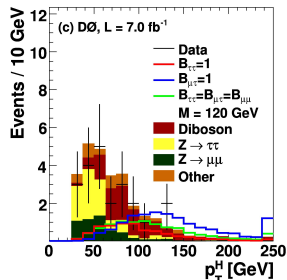
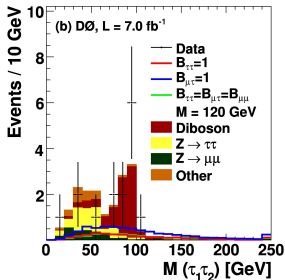
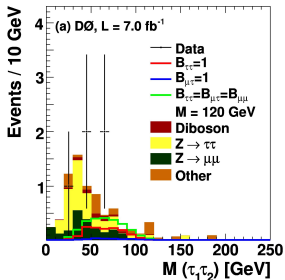
1. $N_\mu = 1, N_\tau = 2$ and $q_{\tau_1} = q_{\tau_2}$
2. $N_\mu = 1, N_\tau = 2$ and $q_{\tau_1} = -q_{\tau_2}$
3. $N_\tau = 3$
4. $N_\mu = 2$

- Discriminating variables: for 1,2 $M(\tau_1, \tau_2)$, for 3,4 N_{evt}

$$q_{\tau_1} = q_{\tau_2}$$

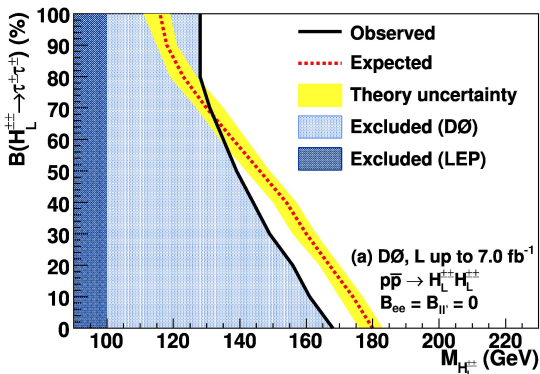
$$q_{\tau_1} = -q_{\tau_2}$$

all 4 samples



DOUBLY CHARGED HIGGS LIMITS

Branching fraction	obs (exp) limits
$B(H \rightarrow \tau\tau) = 1$	$M_{H_L^{++}} > 128(116) \text{ GeV}$
$B(H \rightarrow \mu\tau) = 1$	$M_{H_L^{++}} > 144(149) \text{ GeV}$
$B(H \rightarrow \tau\tau) = B(H \rightarrow \tau\mu) = B(H \rightarrow \mu\mu) = 1/3$	$M_{H_L^{++}} > 138(130) \text{ GeV}$
$B(H \rightarrow \tau\tau) + B(H \rightarrow \mu\mu) = 1$	below



arXiv:1106.4250, Submitted to Phys. Rev. Lett.

SUMMARY

- ▶ Charged Higgs boson is a clear sign of physics beyond the Standard Model
- ▶ No excess observed - set limits on singly and doubly charged Higgs boson production in various models
- ▶ Tevatron giving the baton to LHC now