### **Cross-Network (Inter-Domain) Interoperability**

Joe Mambretti, Director, (j-mambretti@northwestern.edu) International Center for Advanced Internet Research (www.icair.org) Director, Metropolitan Research and Education Network (www.mren.org) Partner, StarLight/STAR TAP, PI-OMNINet (www.icair.org/omninet)



**iCAIR** 

US-LHC End-to-End Networking Meeting Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory

October 25, 2006

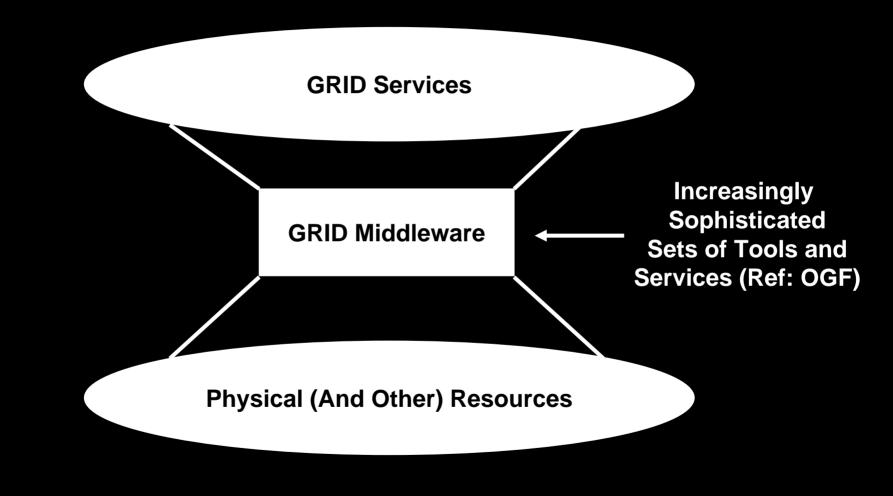


### Concepts

- Multilayer Network Virtualization
- L1/L2 Supplements to L3
- Distributed Control and Management Including To Edge Processes
- Architecture
- Tools and Methods
- Network Description Language
- Implementations



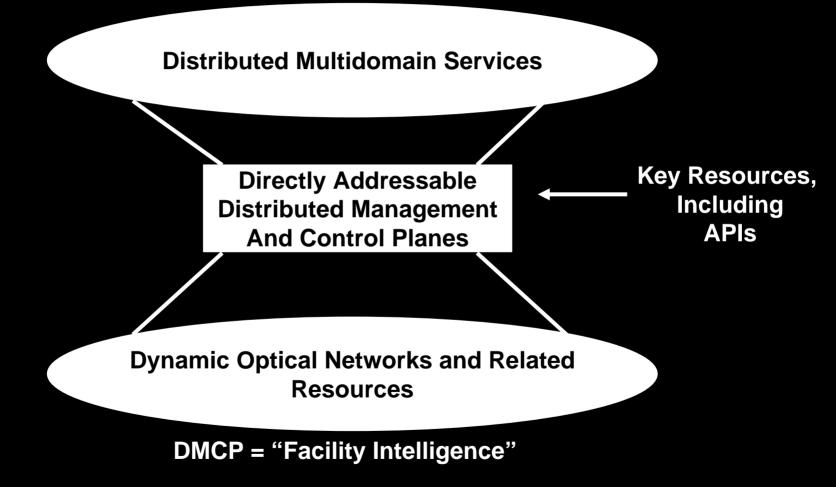
### **GRID "Hour Glass" Design (Ref Internet Architecture)**







# **Global Lambda Integrated Facility (GLIF)**







## **Standards Organization Activities**

- IEEE Developing Hierarchical Architecture
  - Ethernet Architecture = Current Lack of Hierarchy
  - Network Partitioning (802.1q, vLAN tagging)
  - Multiple Spanning Trees (802.1s)
  - Segmentation (802.1ad, "Provider Bridges")
  - Enables Subnets To be Characterized Differently Than Core
- IETF Architecture for Closer Integration With Ethernet
  - GMPLS As Uniform Control Plane
  - Generalized UNI for Subnets
  - Link State Routing In Control Plane
  - TTL Capability to Data Plane
  - Pseudo Wire Capabilities





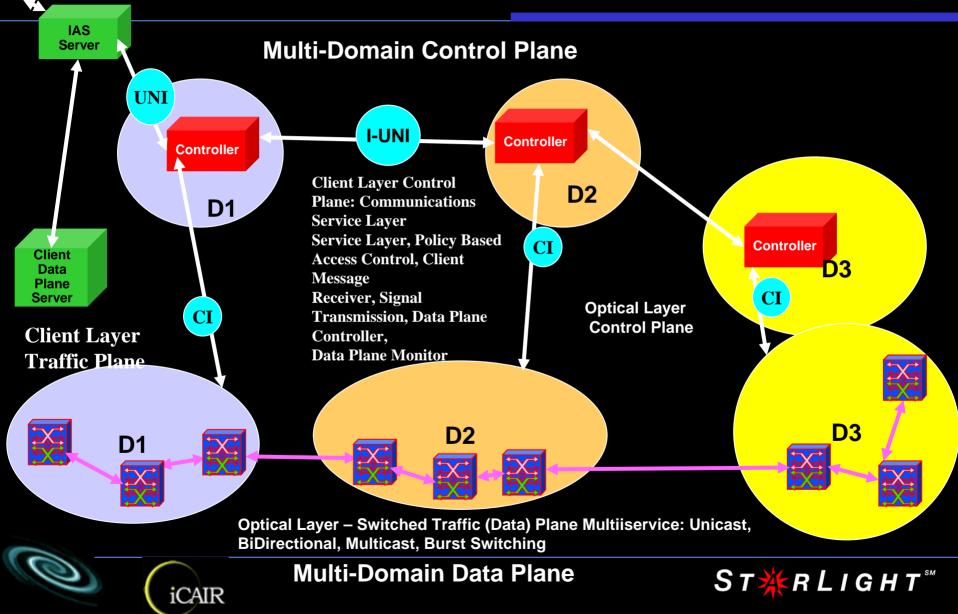
# L1 10 Gbps

- APIs
- Discovery Mechanisms
- Policy-Based Access
- Control Protocols
- GMPLS
- IETF GMPLS UNI (vs ONI UNI, Implications for Restoration Reliability)
- Services
  - Lightpaths with Attributes, Uni-directional, Bi-directional
  - Highly Secure Paths
  - OVPN
  - Optical Multicast
  - Protected Through Associated Groups
- ITU-T SG Generic VPN Architecture (Y.1311), Service Requirements (Y.1312), L1 VPN Architecture (Y.1313)



#### → Intelligent Application/Process Signaling

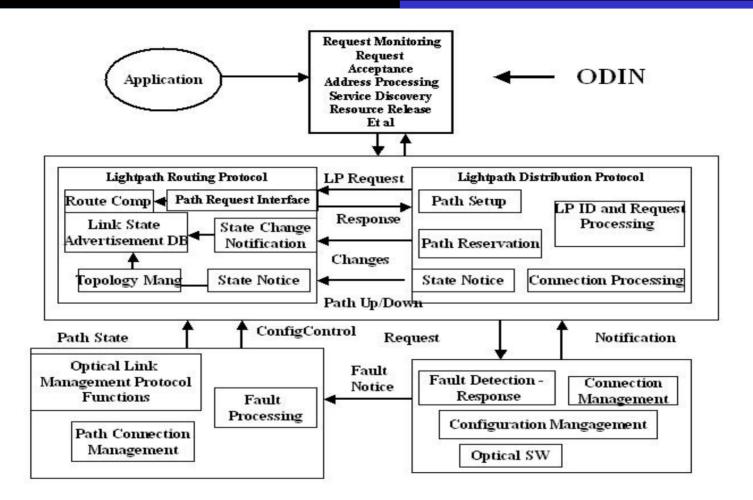
### **Multi-Domain L1 Dynamic Provisioning**



HP-PPFS	HP-APP2		HP-APP3		HP-APP4	
VS	VS		VS		VS	
Pre	viously OGSA/OGSI,			6 WSRF		
tcp		Create new path Traffic engineering	very, DB of physical n, optimize path sele ng	links ction	chitect	ure
ODIN Server Creates/Deletes ←→ LPs, Status Inquiry Pr	Access Policy (AAA) Process Registration Constraint-based routing O-UNI interworking and control inter Path selection, protection/restoration				3	
Discovery/Resource Manager, Incl Link Groups Addresses	Process Instantiation Monitoring	LDP) LP Signal Attribute Uni, Bi dir LP Labeli			System Manager Discovery Config Communicate Interlink Stop/Start Modu	le
ConfDB					Resource Balance Interface Adjustr	
Data Plane	Physical Processing	Monitoring	g and Adjus	stment		
Resou	irce Resource		Resource	Re	source	

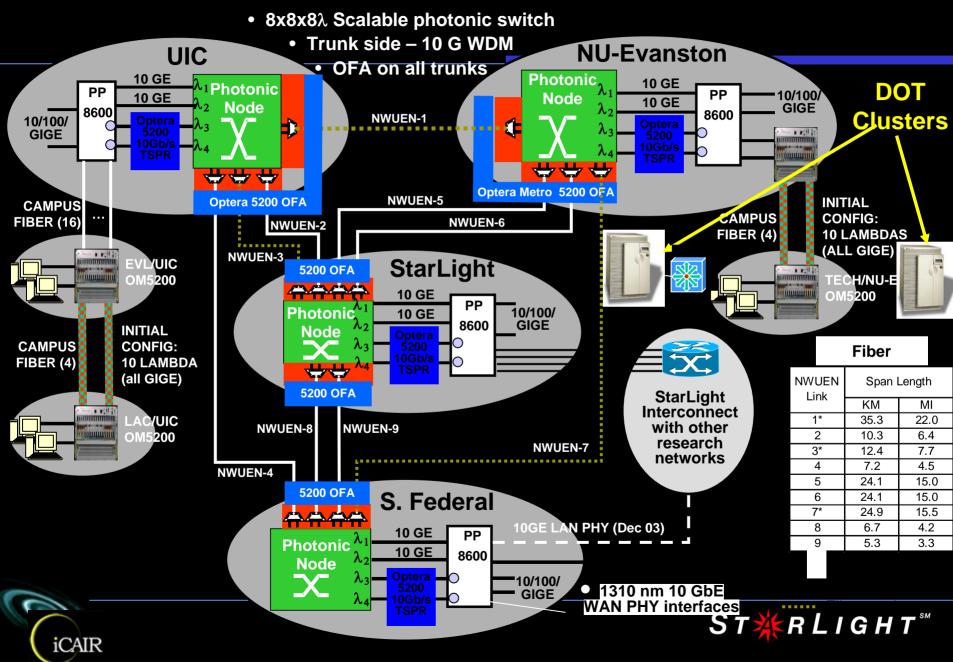
Control Channel monitoring, physical fault detection, isolation, adjustment, connection validation est T 🔆 R L I G H T

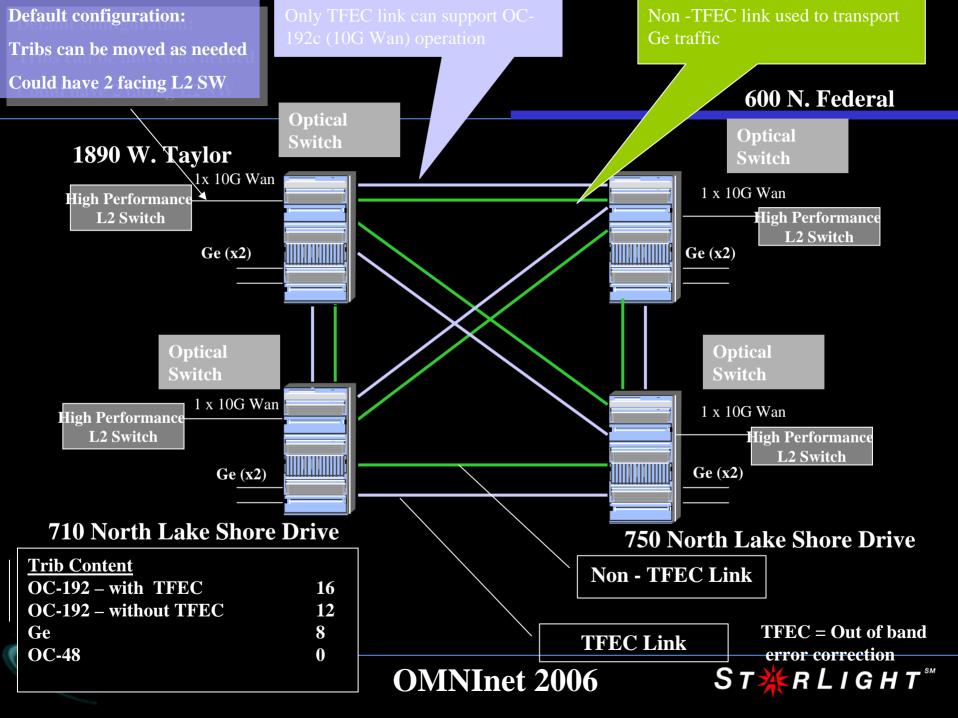
# **Optical Dynamic Intelligent Network (ODIN)**



Ref: IEEE Communications Magazine, March 2006, Vol 44, Issue 3 ST 🔆 RLIGHT<sup>™</sup>

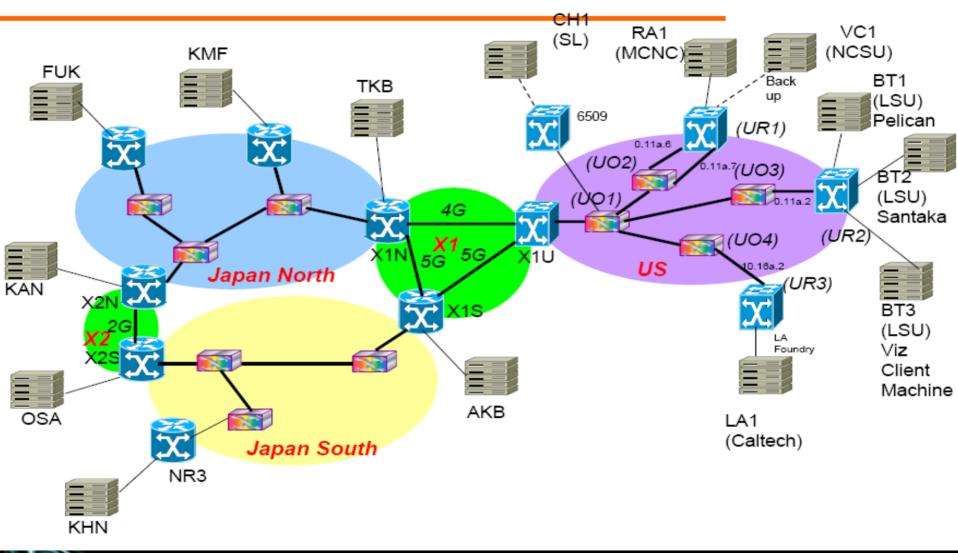
### OMNInet Network Configuration Phase 2 (Extended Via Demonstrations Nationally and Internationally)





### **EnLightened/G-Lambda Demo at GLIF**

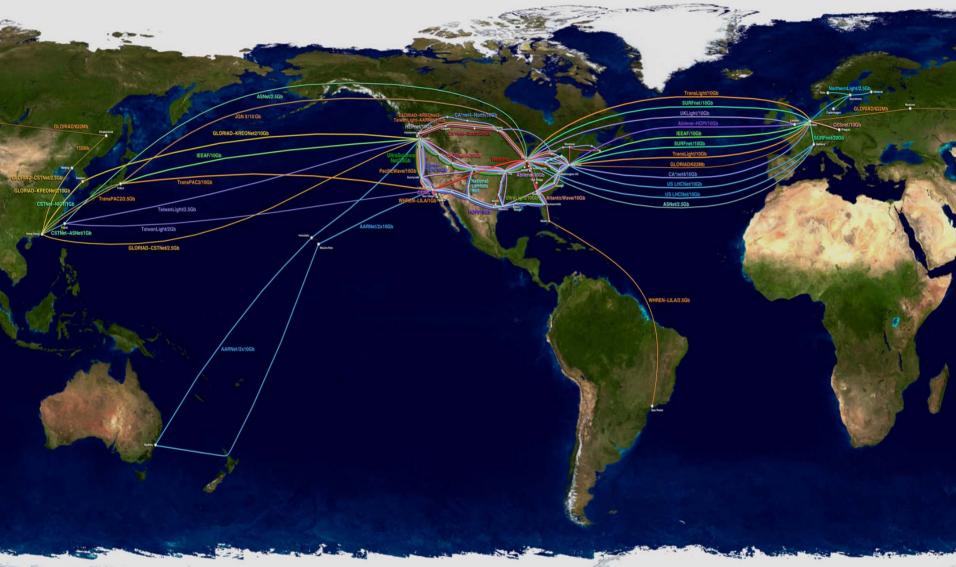
### Resource map of the demo



Source: EnLightened;G-Lambda



### **Global Lambda Integrated Facility (GLIF)**







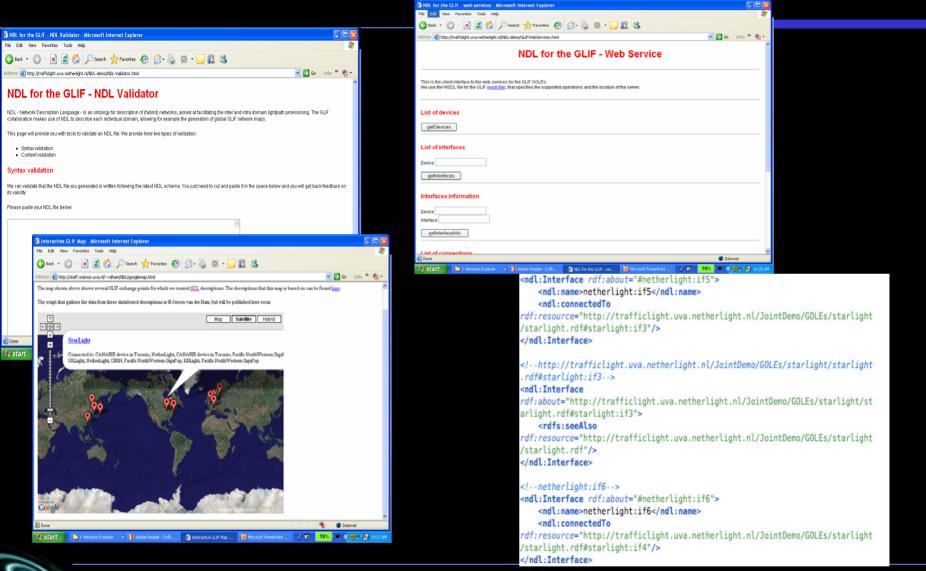
### **Network Description Language for the GLIF**

NDL for the GLIF - NDL Generator - Microsoft Internet Explorer						
File Edit View Favorites Tools Help						
🚱 Back 🔹 🔊 🔹 😰 🏠 🔎 Search 👷 Favorites 🤣 🔗 - 🌺 🔯 🔹 🗔 🐇						
Address 🧃 http://trafficlight.uva.netherlight.nl/NDL-demo/NDL-Generator.html	s » 🔁 🕶					
NDL for the GLIF - NDL Generator						
NDL - Network Description Language - is an ontology for description of (hybrid) networks, aimed at facilitating the inter and intra domain lightpath provisioning. The GLIF collaboration makes use of NDL to describe each individual domain, allowing for example the generation of global GLIF network maps.						
This page will guide you through the generation of a NDL file that describe your network.						
Step 1 - Location						
Indicate the identifier and the human readable name of the network that is going to be described in NDL.						
Identifier (Human-readable) Name						
Provide also the latitude and the longitude of this location. Both latitude and longitude should use floating point notation.						
Latitude						
Step 2 - Devices						
Indicate the name of the devices present in the network. If you need to describe more devices just press "Add a Device"						
Device						
Device						
Device						
Add a Device						
🙆 Done	¥					
	) 🕞 10:23 AM					

Source: GLIF/SURFnet/GigaPORT



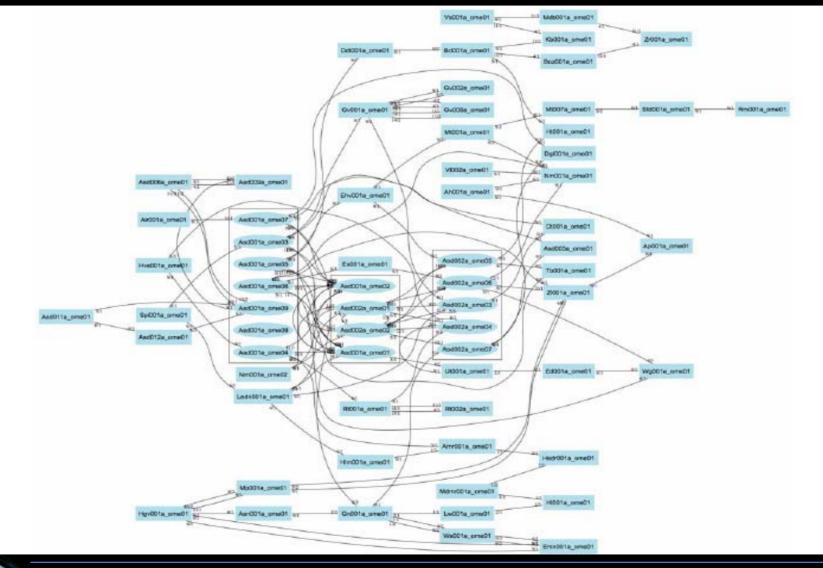
### NDL WS, Validator, Maps, GOLE Description



Source: GLIF/SURFnet/GigaPORT



### **NDL Resource Visualization**



Source: GLIF/SURFnet/GigaPORT



## **Further Information**

### • <u>www.glif.is</u>

- Optical Network Testbeds Workshops (ONT)
- The ONT Workshop Presentations Are on the Site
- www.nren.nasa.gov/workshop9
- (ONT3)
- www.nren.nasa.gov/workshop8
- (ONT2)
- www.nren.nasa.gov/workshop7
- (ONT1)





IEEE Communications March 2006 Special Issue on "An Optical Control Plane for the Grid Community"



**Radio Communications** 

Topics in Network and Service Management

A Publication of the IEEE Communications Society



## **FGCS Oct 2006**

Special issue on iGrid 2005: The Global Lambda Integrated Facility
27 referred papers!

•Smarr, Larry, Maxine Brown, Tom DeFanti and Cees de Laat (guest editors)

•Future Generation Computer Systems, Volume 22, Issue 8, Elsevier, October 2006, pp. 849-1054 ELSEVIER

Volume 22, issue 8, October 2006

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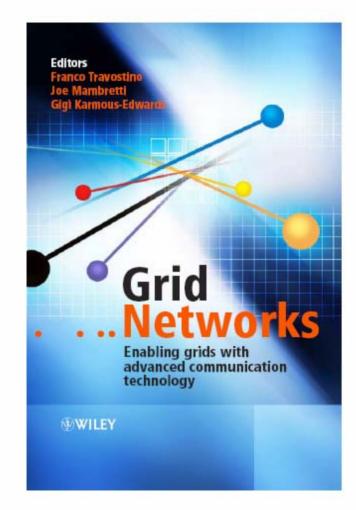
Also available on





### **Grid Networks**

Themes: Network Resources at All Levels As "First Class" Grid Resources







### www.startap.net/starlight



