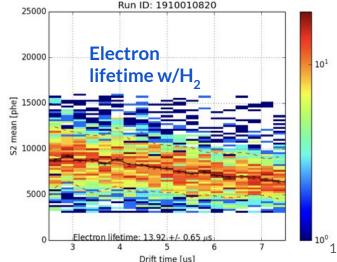
## Upgrade to LXe TPC for low mass dark matter

- Hydrogen is the lightest nuclei available to probe light dark matter
  - Sensitive to both spin-independent and spin-dependent
  - $H_2$ -proton;  $D_2$ -neutron
- Run in LZ after main WIMP search Extremely well characterized low background environment
- First steps at Fermilab (PAB): TPC still works with H<sub>2</sub>!
- Major R&D still needed
  - Potential increase in signal from H-recoils
  - Potential losses from quenching on  $H_2$
  - How much  $H_2$  can be loaded into LXe?
  - Cryogenic implications

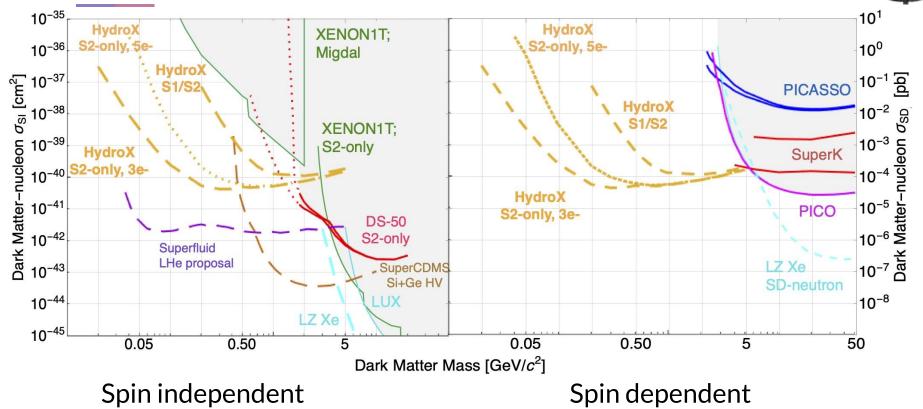




HydroX

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## HydroX sensitivity



## HydroX May 2020



## Content of a White Paper (very preliminary)

- R&D Program: Answers needed to quantitatively validate HydroX physics reach
  - How much  $H_2$  can we put in LZ? Need to understand:
    - $H_2$  solubility in xenon
    - $H_2^-$  + Xe cryogenics
    - TPC performance of  $H_2$  + Xe
  - What is XeTPC response to proton / deuteron recoils?
    - S1 + S2 response (keV-scale calibrations)
    - S2-only response (10eV-scale calibrations)
- Cosmic Program:
  - Physics case for HydroX
  - $\circ$  What does it take (time and money) to make HydroX happen in LZ
- HydroX institutions (from last year's New Initiatives proposal):
  - UCSB (lead), Fermilab, Northwestern, SLAC, LBNL, SDSTA (SURF), Michigan, Penn St, Wisconsin
  - ^ includes current LZ spokesperson, 2 past LZ spokespeople, and LZ lead lab (LBNL)