



Measurement of Space Charge Effects in ProtoDUNE-SP

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On behalf of the DUNE Collaboration

40th International Conference on High Energy Physics July 28th, 2020







- Presented first measurement of space charge effects at ProtoDUNE-SP
 - Up to 35 cm of transverse spatial distortions from TPC edges
 - E field distortions as large as 25% of nominal E field near cathode
- ◆ SCE calibration for particle dE/dx presented performs well
- Results presented here summarized in forthcoming paper
 - "First results on ProtoDUNE-SP liquid argon time projection chamber performance from a beam test at the CERN Neutrino Platform" – arXiv:2007.06722 (submitting to JINST)
- Preparing dedicated SCE publication including improved 3D calibration, systematic uncertainty analysis, and time dependence studies

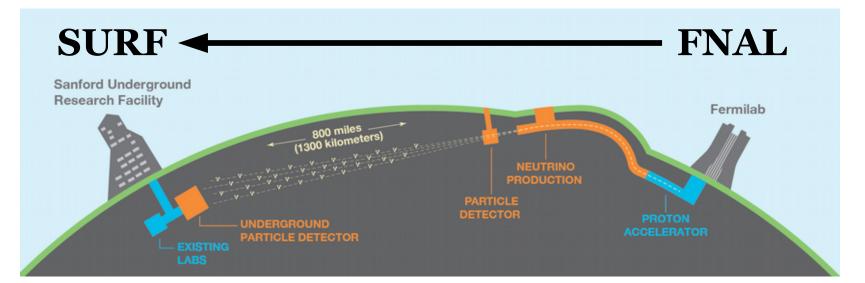


Introducing DUNE



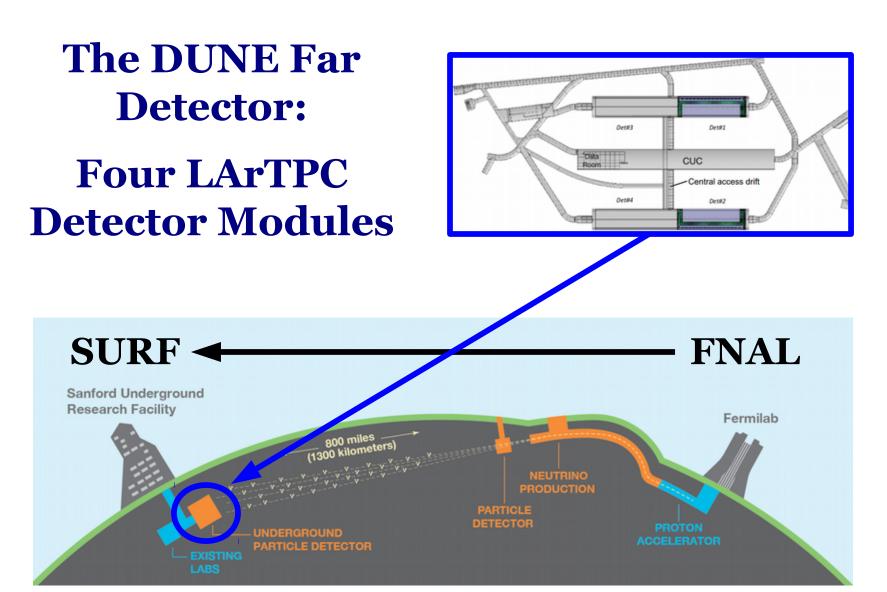
- "Deep Underground Neutrino Experiment"
 - 1300 km baseline
 - Large (70 kt) LArTPC far detector 1.5 km underground
 - Near detector w/ LAr component

- Primary physics goals:
 - v oscillations (v_{μ}/\bar{v}_{μ} disappearance, v_e/\bar{v}_e appearance)
 - $\boldsymbol{\delta}_{CP}, \boldsymbol{\theta}_{23}, \boldsymbol{\theta}_{13}$
 - Ordering of v masses
 - Supernova burst neutrinos
 - BSM processes (baryon number violation, NSI, etc.)





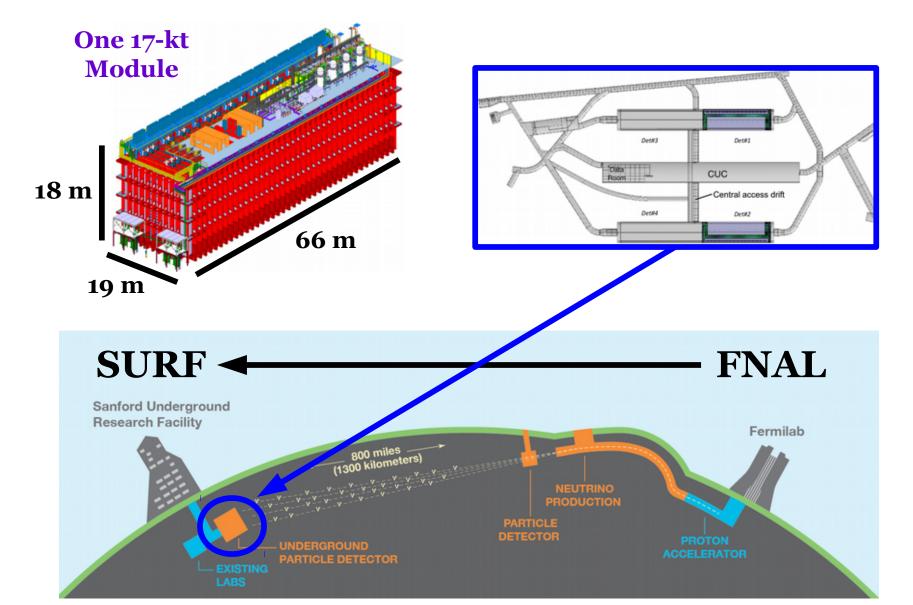






DUNE Far Detector (FD)

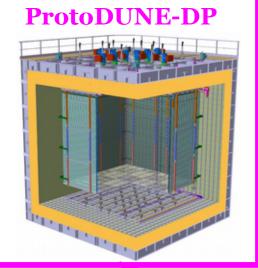






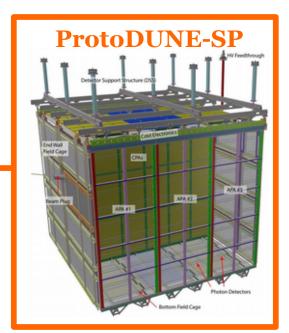
ProtoDUNEs





- Two 1-kt "ProtoDUNEs" in charged test beam at CERN (one per FD design)
- Test of component installation, commissioning, and performance
- ProtoDUNE-SP operating since 2018;
 ProtoDUNE-DP since 2019

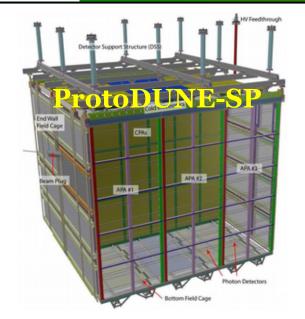






ProtoDUNEs





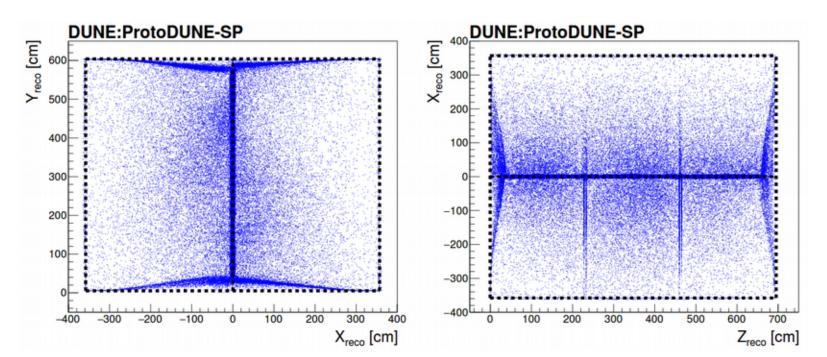
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Space Charge Effects (SCE)



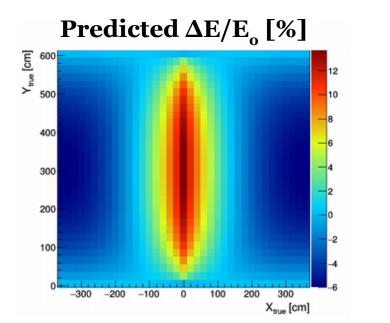
- Looking at first cosmic data, notice offsets in track entry/exit points from top/bottom of TPC
 - Very suggestive of space charge effects (SCE) **as expected** given that ProtoDUNE-SP is located near the surface
 - **Space charge**: build-up of slow-moving Ar⁺ ions due to e.g. cosmic muons impinging active volume of TPC (via ionization)

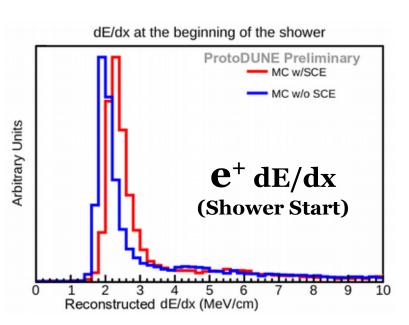






- SCE leads to E field distortions, distortions in reconstructed ionization position
- Can bias particle reconstruction in several ways:
 - Location of reconstructed charge from spatial distortions
 - Particle energies from E field distortions (recombination impact)
 - Particle dE/dx from both E field and spatial distortions

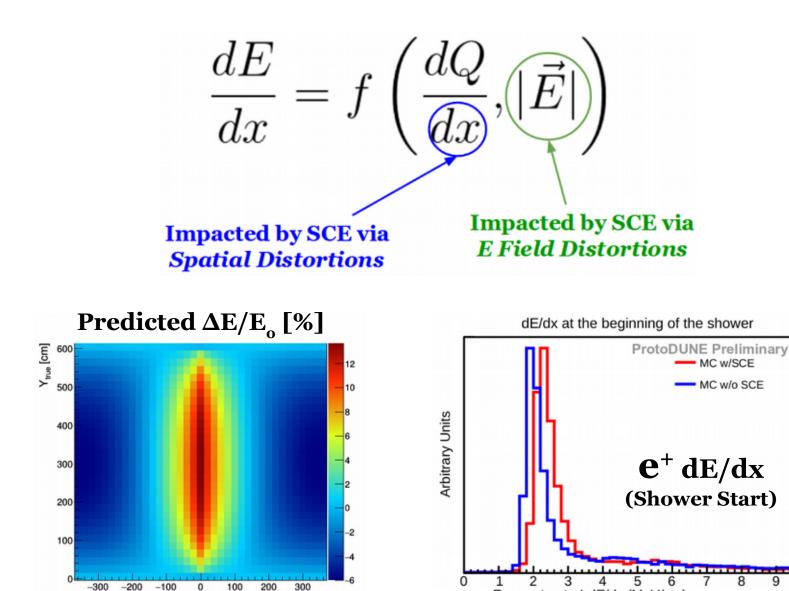






Impact of SCE





Xtrue [cm]

10

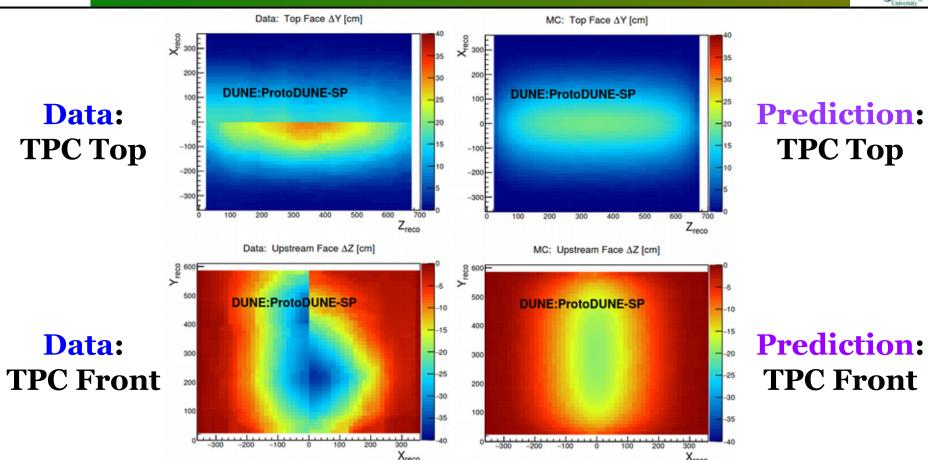
9

Reconstructed dE/dx (MeV/cm)

10

Space Charge @ TPC Faces

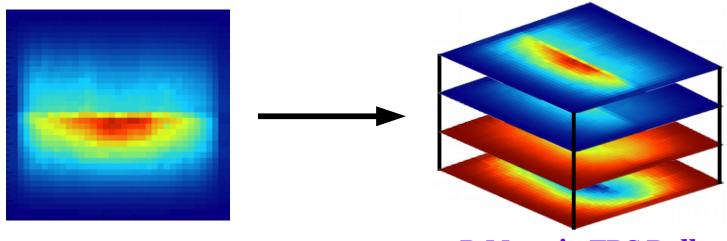




- Probe spatial offsets at TPC faces w/ cosmic track entry/exit points
- ◆ SCE **50-75% larger** than initial prediction up to 35 cm
 - Asymmetries likely due to argon flow (not included in prediction)

3D SCE Calibration Method

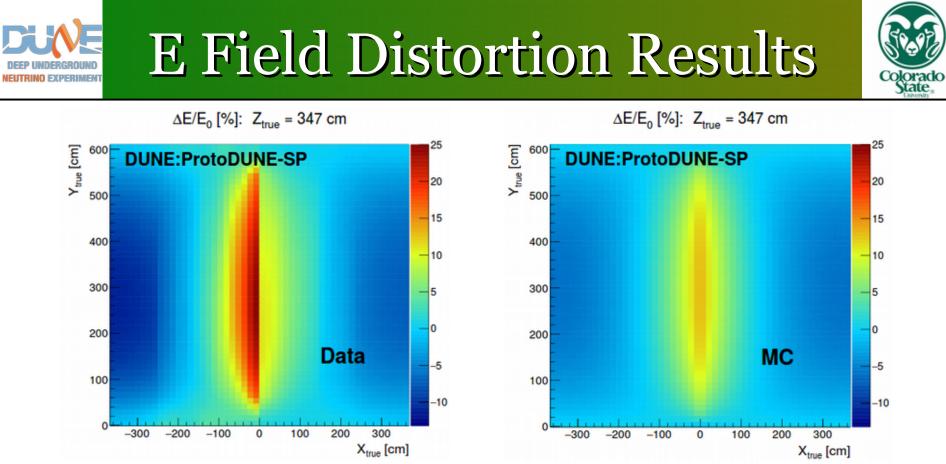




2D Maps at TPC Faces

3D Maps in TPC Bulk

- Have robust estimation of spatial offsets at TPC faces (2D) using cosmic muon entry/exit points
- Scale **predicted** 3D spatial distortion map with data/MC scale factors at TPC faces, linearly interpolated across TPC
- With 3D spatial distortion map in hand, simple to calculate local drift velocity everywhere (ADD REFERENCE)
 - Then use drift velocity model, v(E), to extract E field distortions

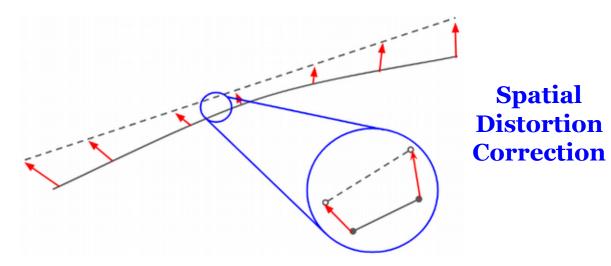


- Product of 3D calibration: E field map throughout TPC
 - Use this "data-driven" E field map in **improved MC simulation**
- Nearly 25% higher E field near cathode than nominal E field
 - <u>Reminder</u>: nominal E field is 500 V/cm
 - That means E field near cathode **greater than 600 V/cm!**

SCE Corrections to dE/dx



- ◆ <u>Case study</u>: SCE corrections to particle dE/dx
 - dE/dx vs. residual range used for particle ID important to eliminate bias in this quantity
- Correct two separate impacts of SCE:
 - **Spatial distortions** correct for spatial "squeezing/stretching" of reconstructed charge (impacts "dx" in calculation)
 - **E field distortions** correct for E field dependence of electronion recombination (reduces "free charge" that drifts to wire)







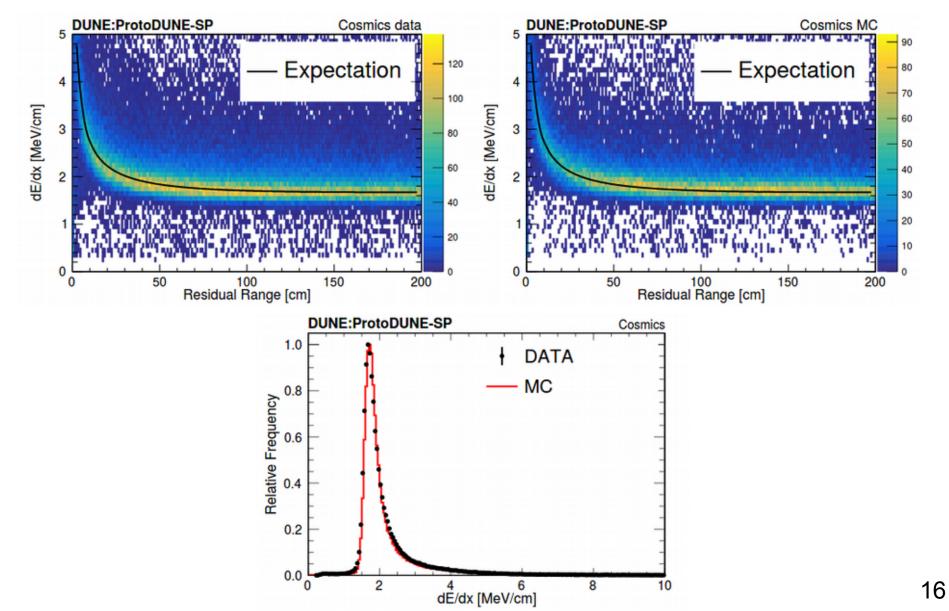
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$$\frac{dE}{dx} = f\left(\frac{dQ}{dx}, \vec{|\vec{E}|}\right)$$
Impacted by SCE

Impacted by SCE via *E Field Distortions*

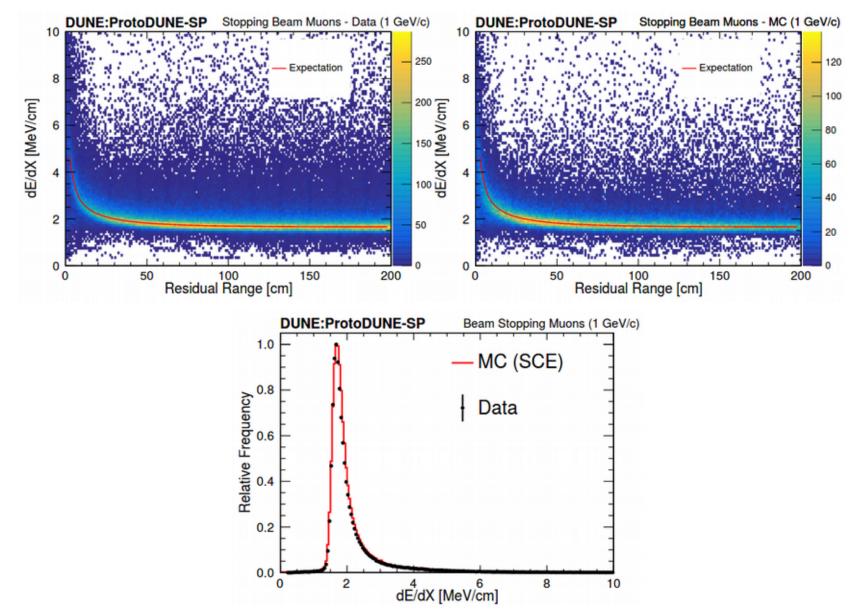
dE/dx Results: Cosmic Muons





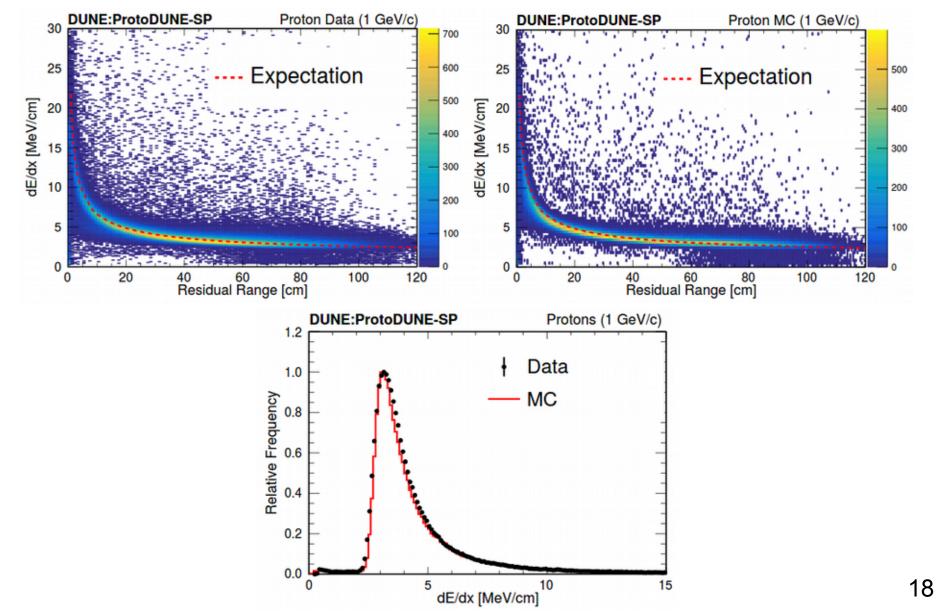
dE/dx Results: Beam Muons





dE/dx Results: Beam Protons









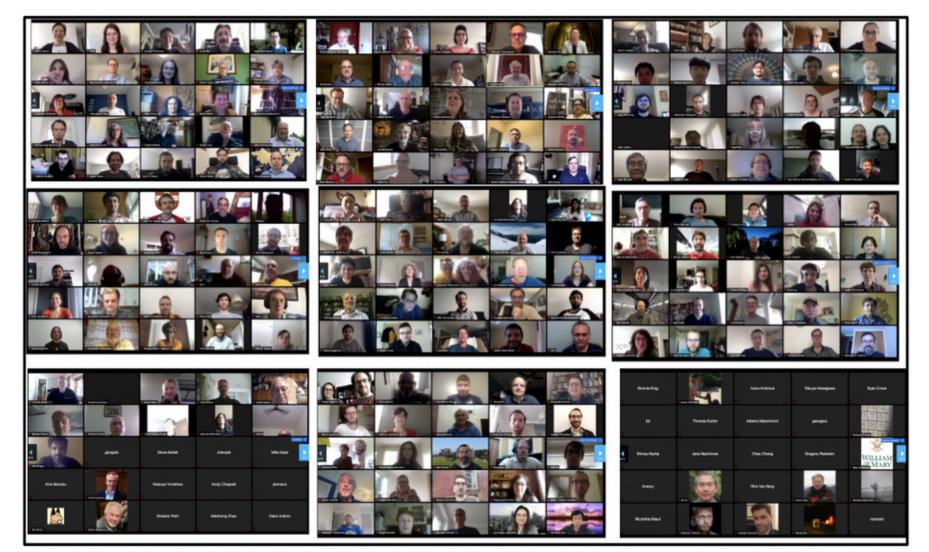


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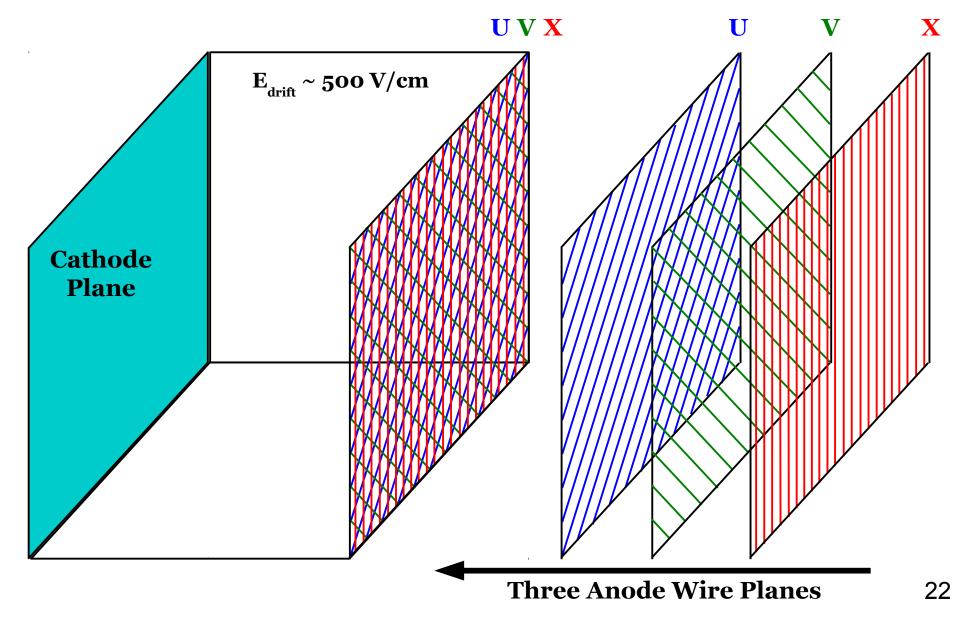




Backup

Signal Formation

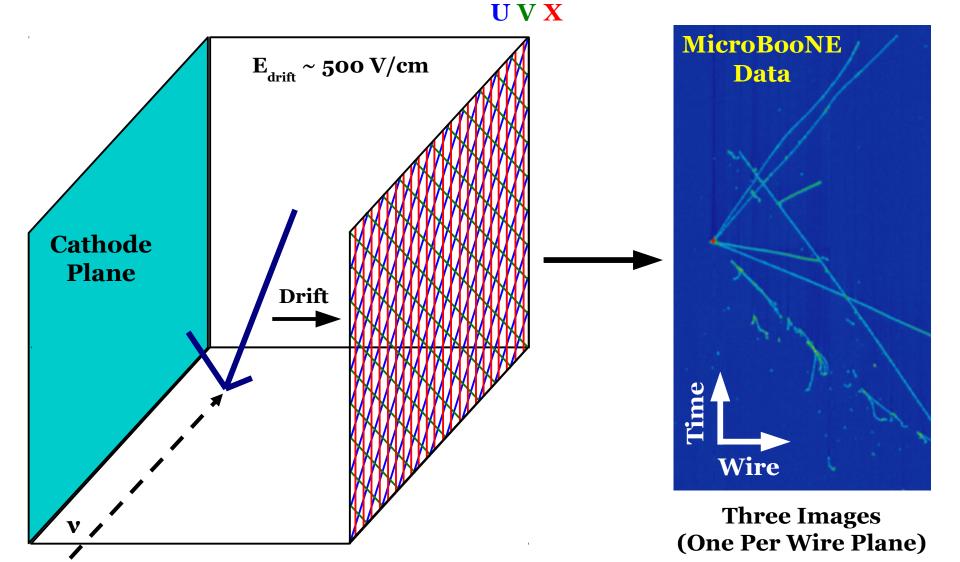






Signal Formation



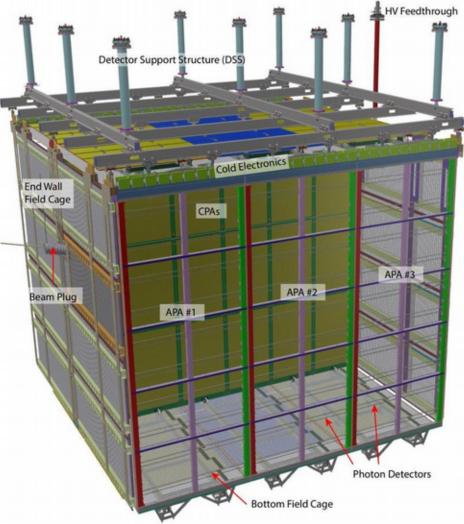




ProtoDUNE-SP Geometry



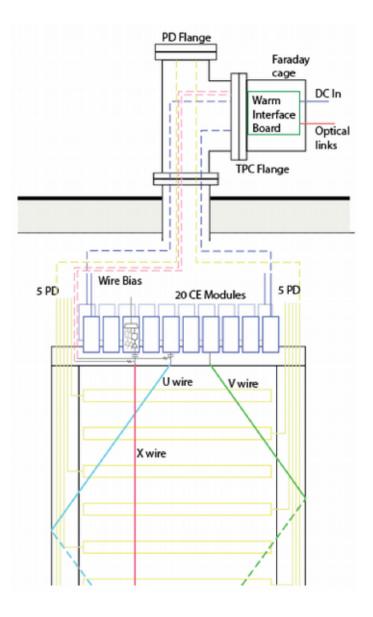
- ♦ 1/20 of full 10-kt FD module
 - 0.77 kt total LAr mass
 - Components are 1:1 scale
- Six APAs (three per side)
 - 2,560 channels per APA
- Central cathode plane (CPAs) divides active volume into two separate drift volumes
 - 3.6 m max drift length
 - E field of 500 V/cm
- Field cage for keeping E field uniform (up to space charge)
- Cryogenic TPC electronics



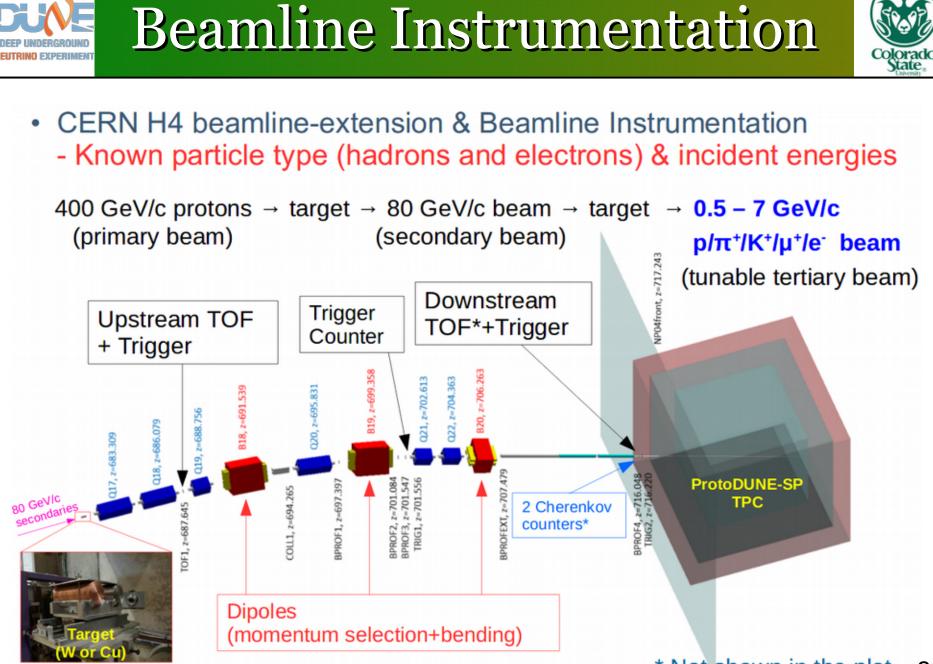


Cryogenic TPC Electronics





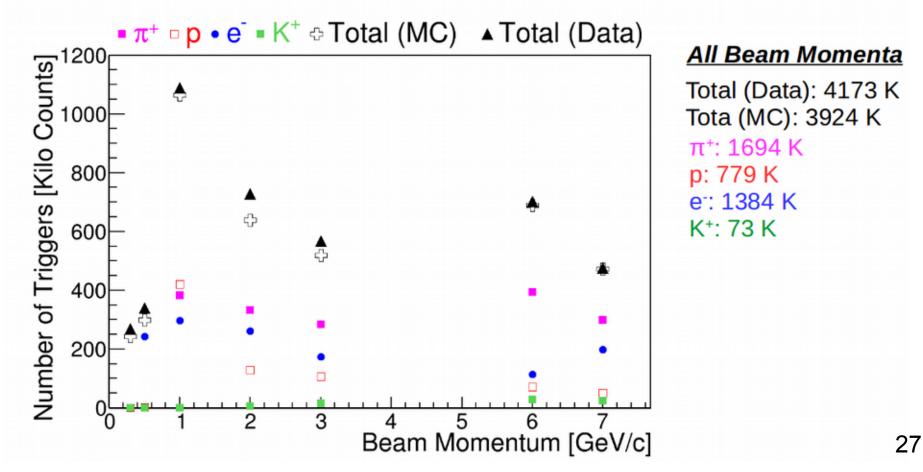
- Cold electronics (in LAr) directly attached to APA → low noise levels
- APA → 20 Front-End Mother Boards (FEMBs)
 - 128 channels/FEMB
- FEMB holds 8 Front-End (FE) ASICs (16 channels/ASIC) and 8 ADC ASICs (16 channels/ASIC)
- FE ASIC performs two tasks:
 - Pre-amplification of signals
 - Signal shaping (0.5-3 μs)
- Each FEMB multiplexed to 4 outputs (via FPGAs)

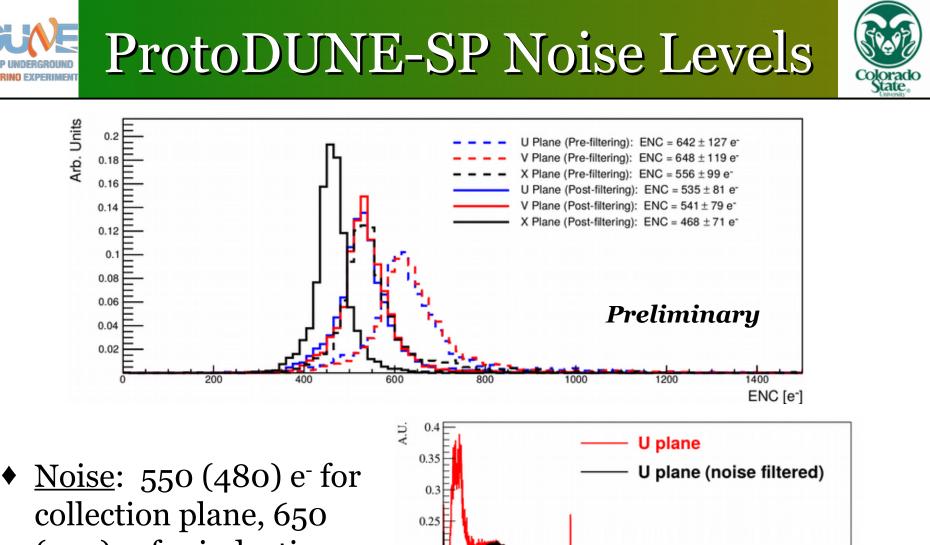




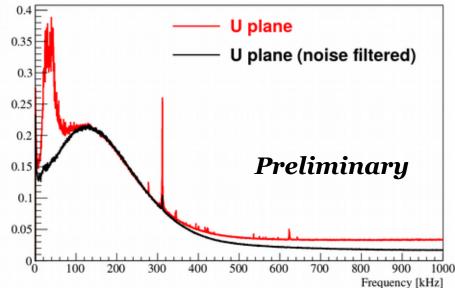


- Beam data taking: from 09/21/2019 to 11/12/2019
- Beam momentum: 0.5-7 GeV/c (p/π⁺/K⁺/μ⁺/e⁻)
- Over 4 million beam events (all momenta) collected
- Successful data collection as designed

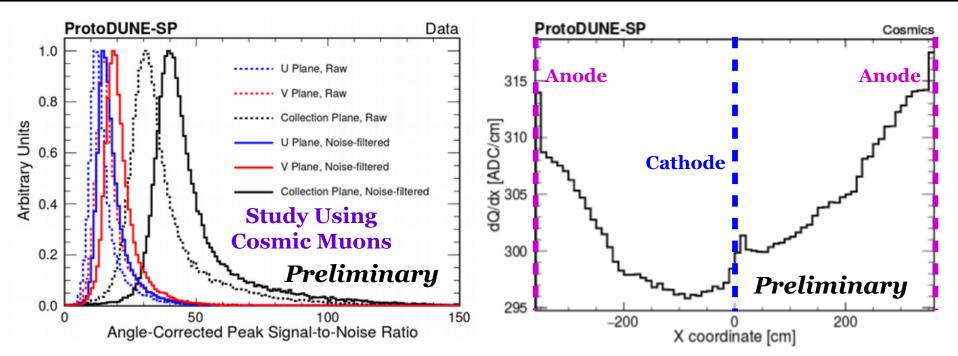




collection plane, 650 (550) e⁻ for induction planes without (with) coherent noise filtering







- Signal-to-noise ratio very high (**before or after** noise filtering)!
 - U Plane: $16 \rightarrow 18$
 - V Plane: $19 \rightarrow 21$
 - Y Plane: $38 \rightarrow 49$
- After corrections for space charge effects, electron lifetime observed to be very high: > 20 ms

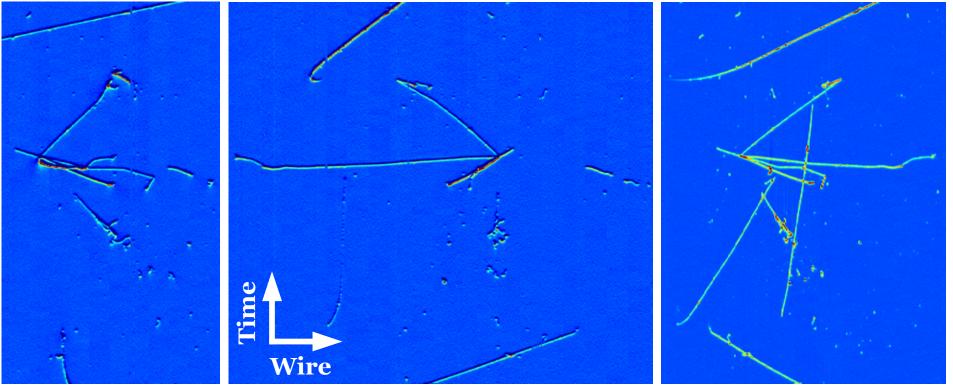
First ProtoDUNE-SP Events



Induction 1

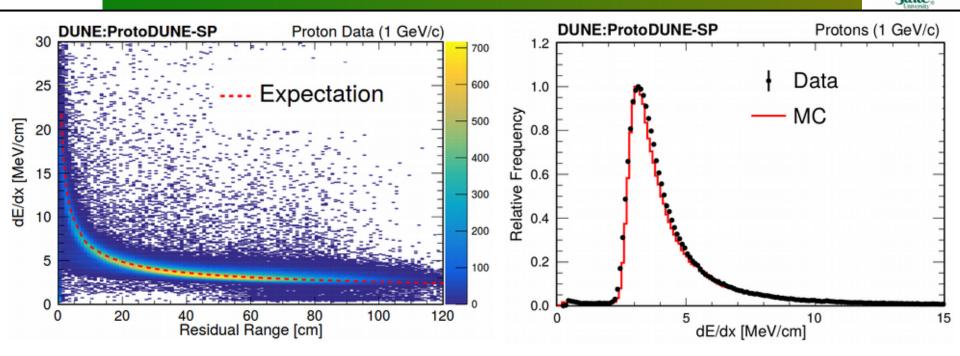
Induction 2

Collection



- First beam data events: **noise levels low** on all three planes
- S/N ratio > 10 in all cases (> 40 for collection plane)
- **Stable running** since first operations began in 2018

First ProtoDUNE-SP Results



- First results from ProtoDUNE-SP informing calibrations and reconstruction for single phase DUNE FD
 - <u>Above left</u>: dE/dx vs. residual range for 1 GeV protons (data)
 - <u>Above right</u>: dE/dx distribution of 1 GeV protons (data vs. MC)
 - Upcoming paper on arXiv soon: "First results on ProtoDUNE-SP LArTPC performance from a beam test at the CERN Neutrino Platform"