

Weak Interactions and Neutrinos 2021
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Searches for new phenomena with the **ATLAS** detector

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In a nutshell

The SM is our best tool to understand nature...

...but it's not the ultimate one!

- Neutrino masses? LFV? Hierarchy problem? Dark Matter?
- This talk will present some of the most recent ATLAS results from the full Run-II Data

Type-III Seesaw

Vector-like quarks

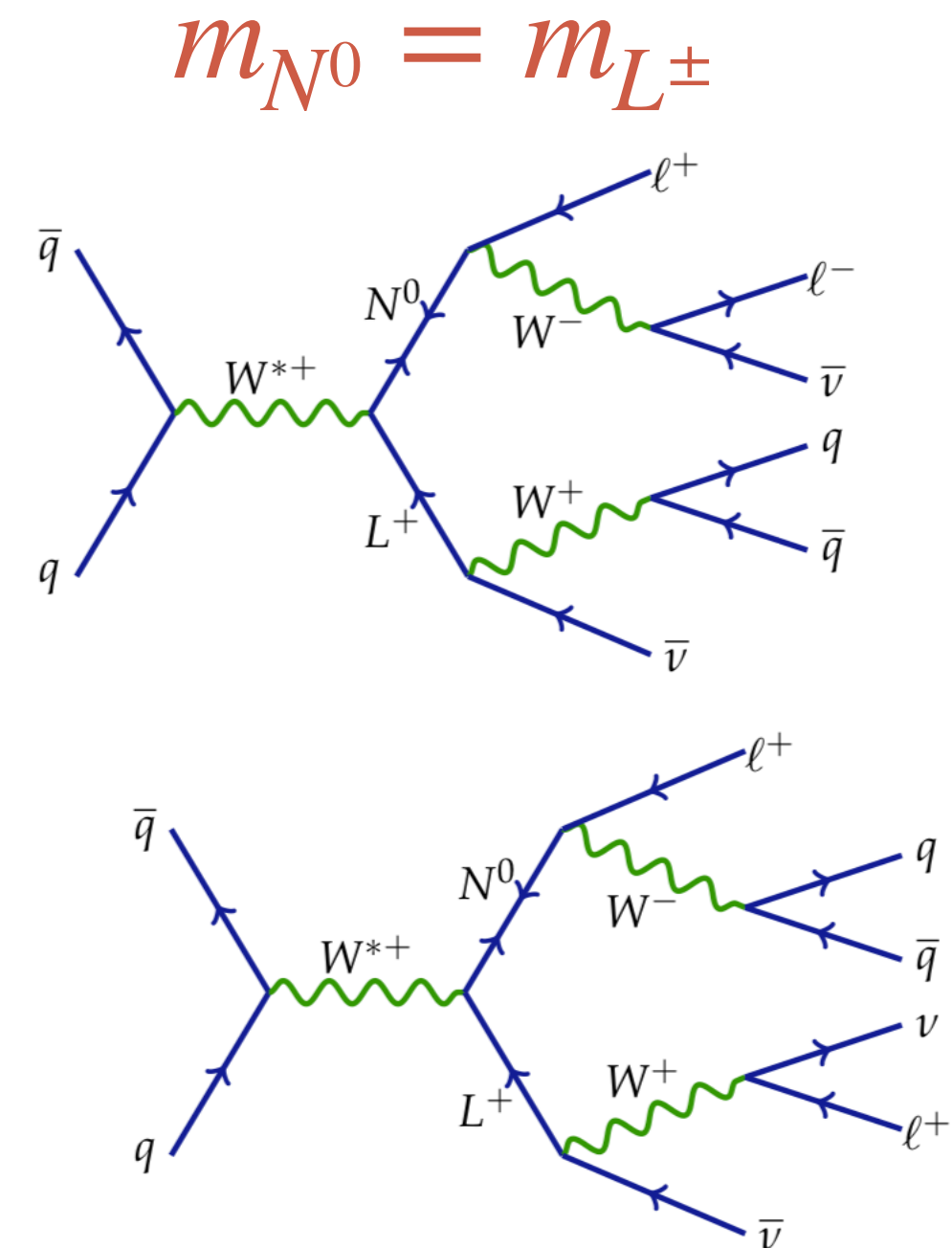
Long-lived particles

LFV in Z decays

Leptoquarks

Type III Seesaw (two leptons)

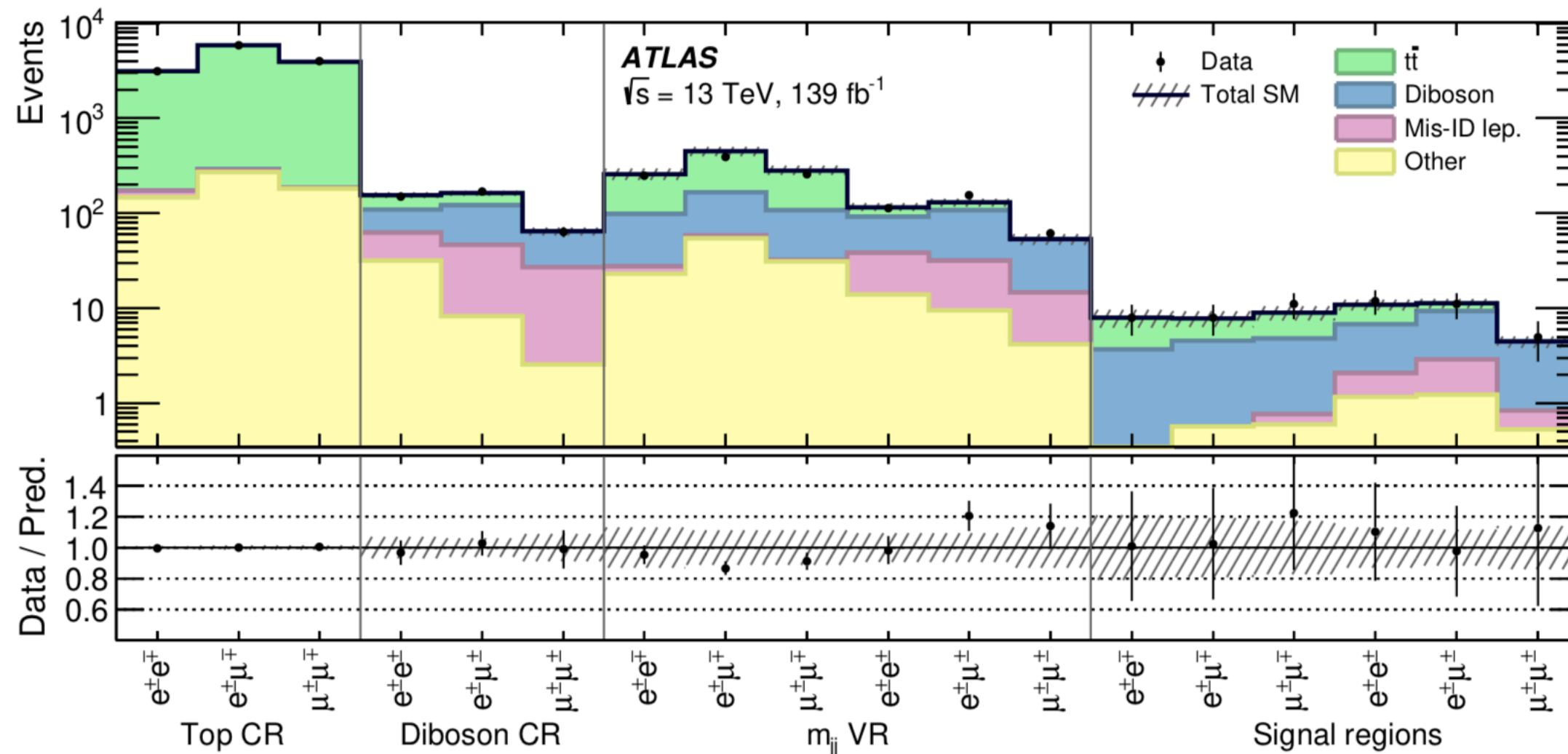
- Neutrinos are light partners of new heavy leptons: N^0 , L^\pm
- Pair production via EW gauge bosons
- Final states with 2 SS or OS leptons + missing E_T + jets
- Separate analysis channel for different lepton flavour & charge combination (**ee, $\mu\mu$, $e\mu$**) x (**OS,SS**)



Type II Seesaw (2I) – backgrounds

- **Backgrounds**

- $t\bar{t}$, Di-Boson (irreducible) → **Estimate from MC + normalisation from CRs**
- Fake non – prompt leptons → **Data driven estimate**
- Charge mis – id → **MC estimate + Scale factors from ZII events**

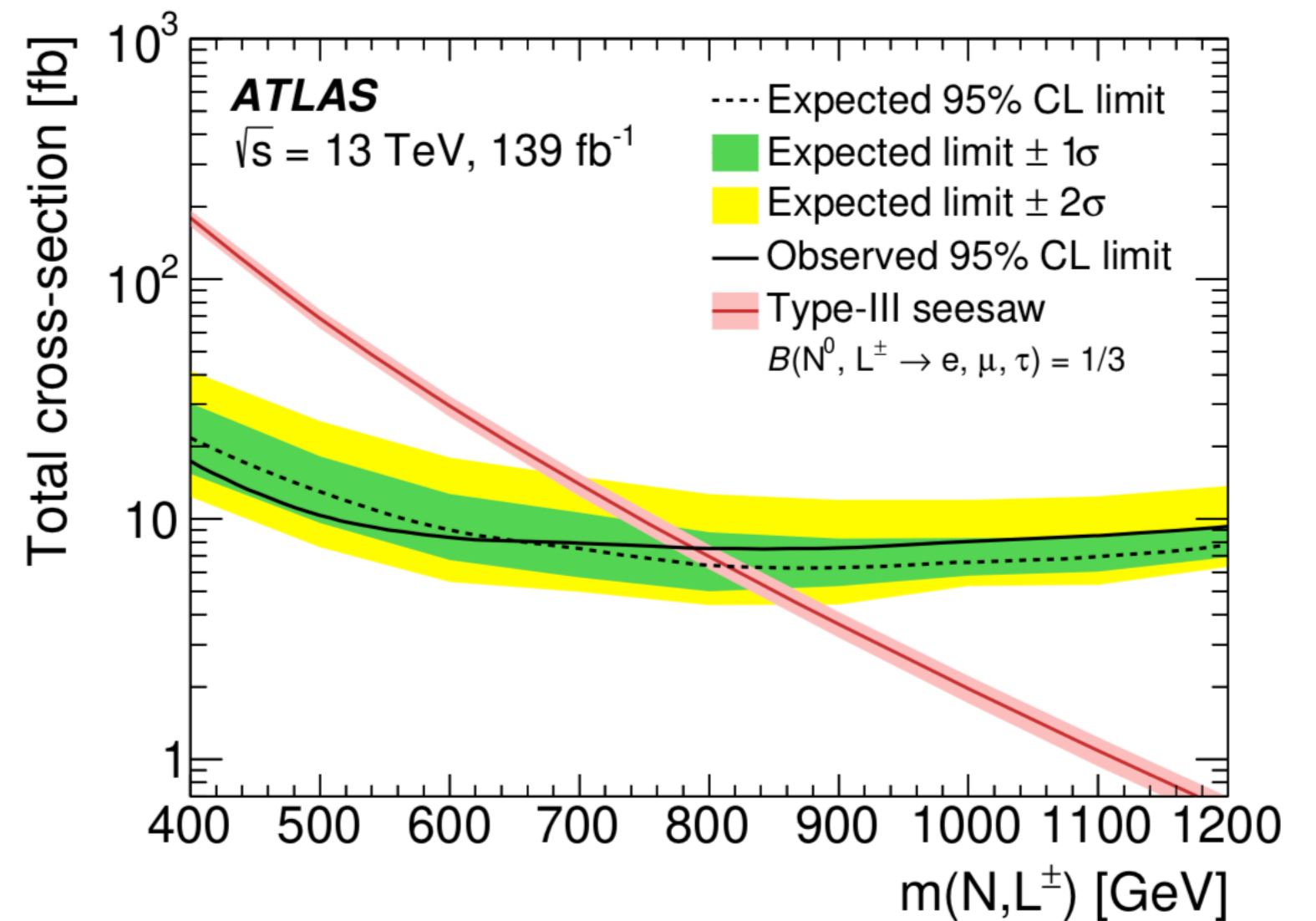


Type III Seesaw (2I) - limit setting

- No significant excess in data w.r.t. SM
- 95% CL upper limit on heavy lepton production cross section

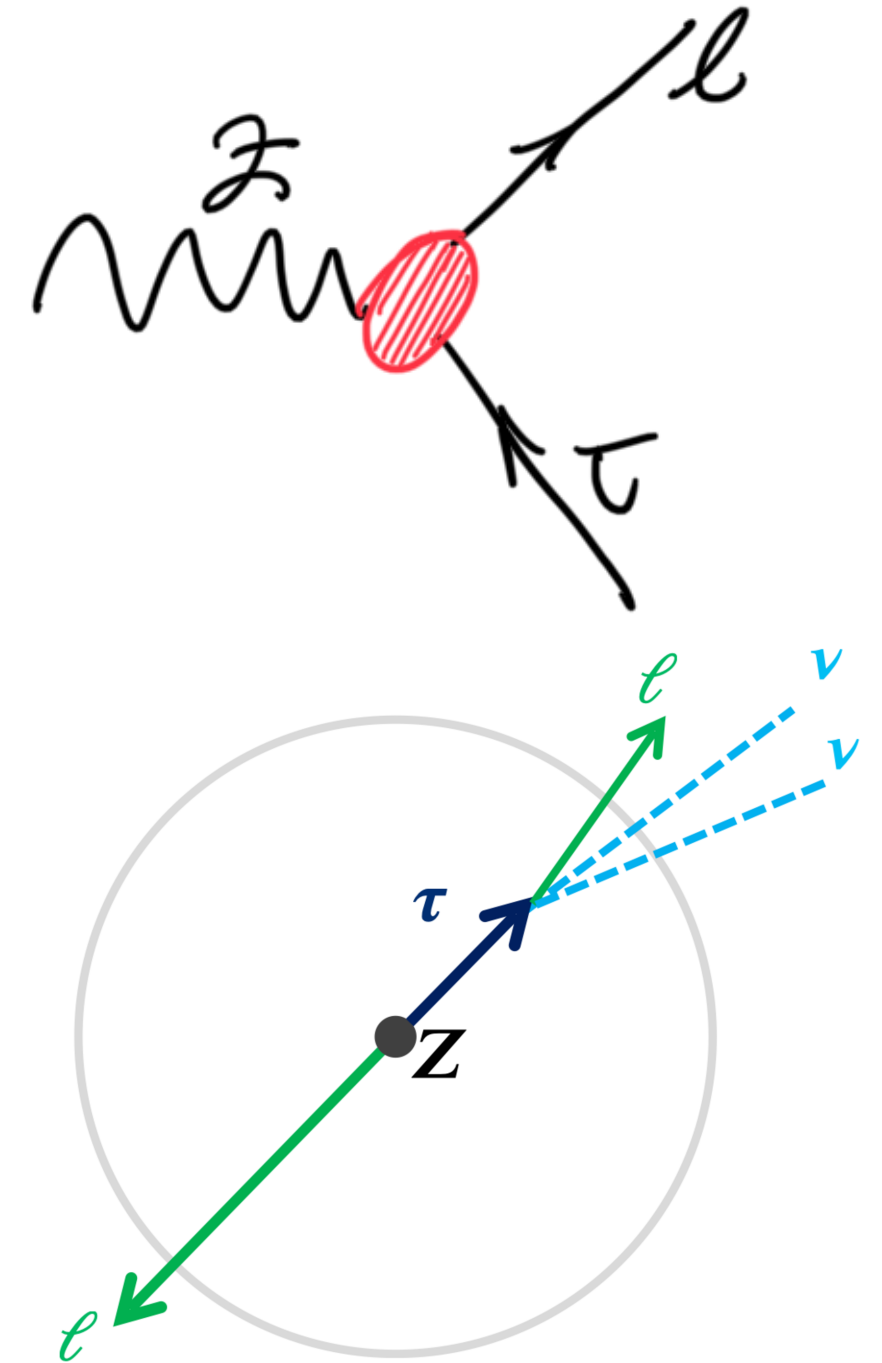
**Heavy leptons excluded below
820 GeV**

Signal simulation at NLO

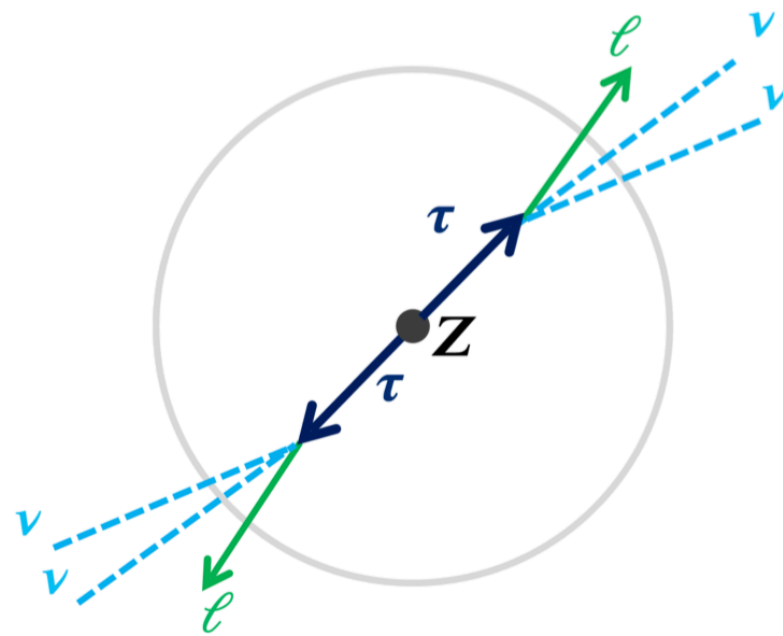


Lepton Flavour Violation in $Z \rightarrow \ell \tau$

- Neutrino oscillation \rightarrow LFV observed in nature
- Accidental symmetry violated in many bSM theories
- First LHC search with leptonically decaying τ , extending searches with hadronic τ decays
- Selecting **OS** leptons with **different flavour**
- 2 analysis channels, both divided in high & low p_T :
 - $e\tau_\mu$ channel \rightarrow Selected by the flavour of the leading lepton
 - $\mu\tau_e$ channel



LFV in $Z \rightarrow l\tau$ — Backgrounds

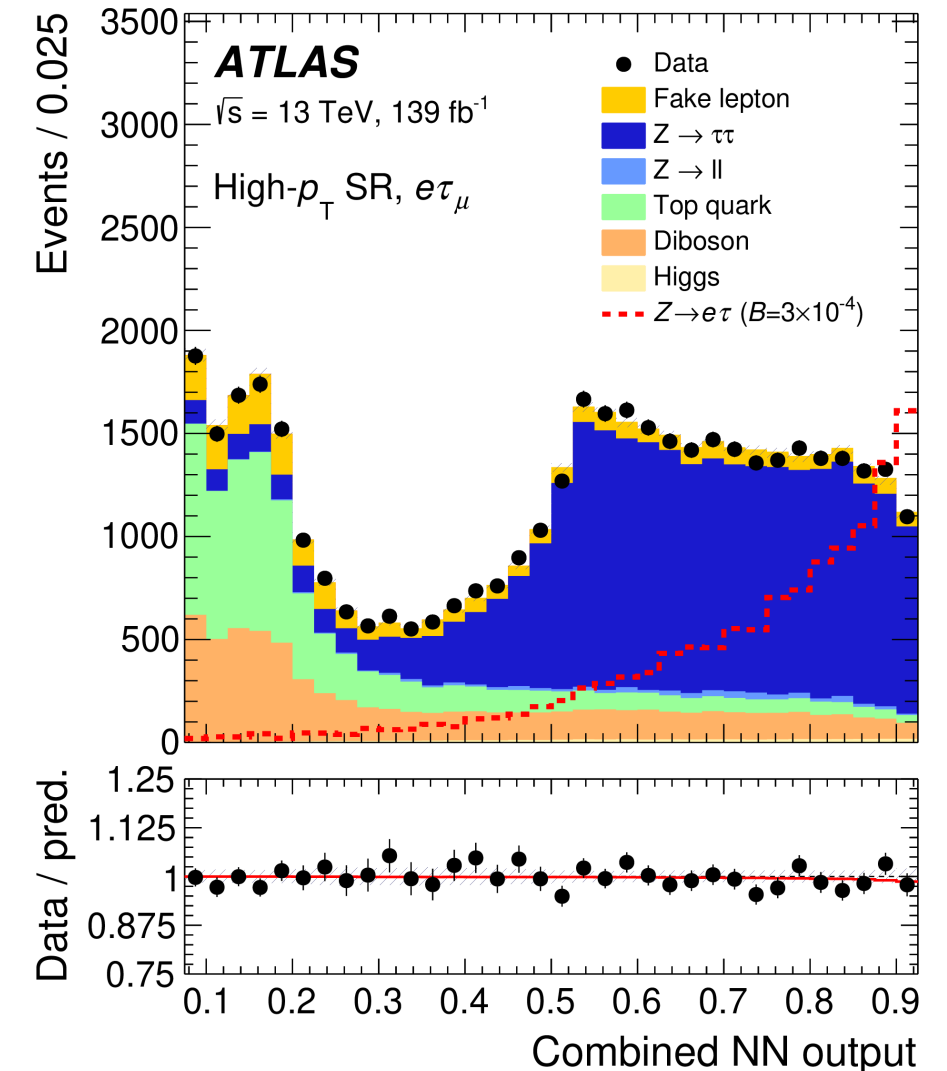
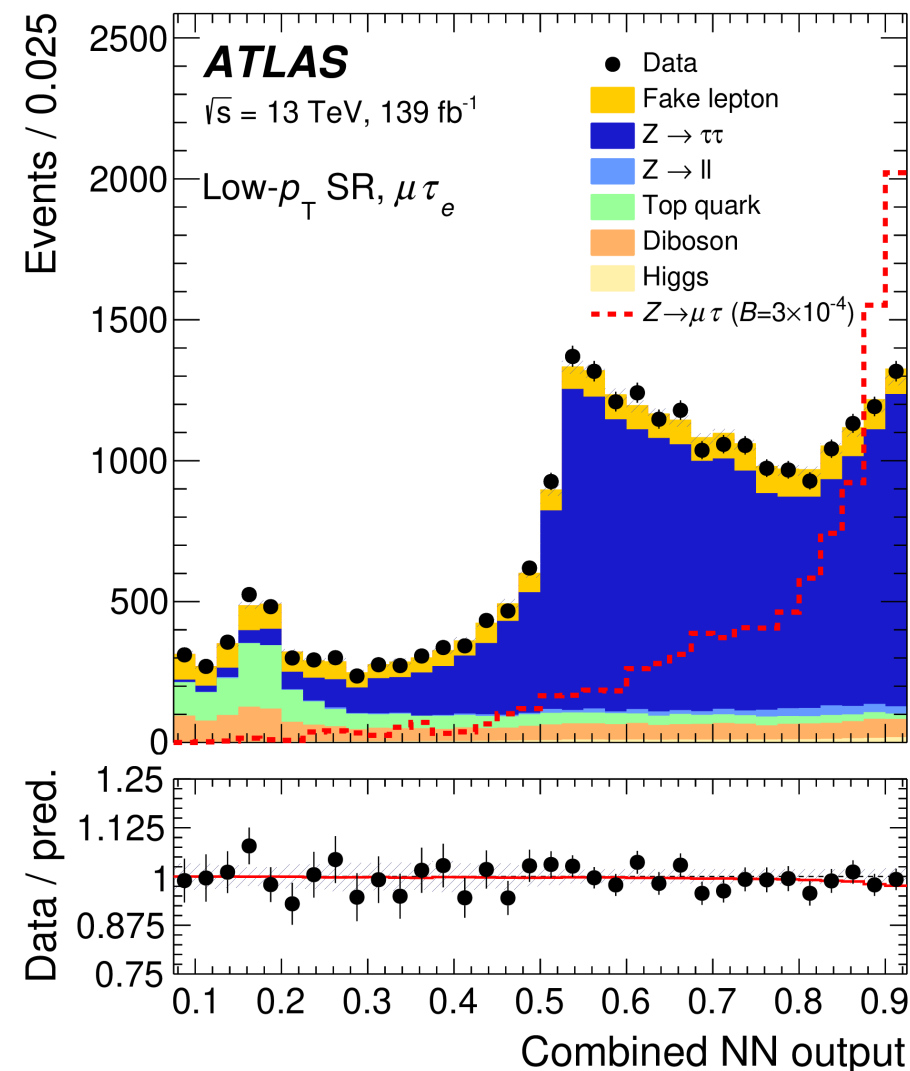


Three NN taggers trained against $Z\tau\tau$, $t\bar{t}$ and diboson
 → combined score

Fit SRs + CRs for $Z\tau\tau$ and top backgrounds

• Backgrounds

- $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$ ($Z \rightarrow ll$ with mis-id leptons) → MC events with data driven correction
- $t\bar{t}$, di-boson, H decay → MC events with data driven correction
- Fake non-prompt leptons → Data driven estimate



LFV in $Z \rightarrow l\tau$ — Results

Prediction implied by ν
oscillation: **BR ($Z \rightarrow l\tau$) $< 10^{-54}$**



Far from the reach of ATLAS & CMS
Still worth searching for disagreement

- This ATLAS search found **agreement with SM** \rightarrow limit on BR @95% CL
 - $e\tau_\mu \rightarrow$ BR $< 7 \times 10^{-6}$
 - $\mu\tau_e \rightarrow$ BR $< 7.2 \times 10^{-6}$

- $e\tau_\mu \rightarrow$ BR $< 5 \times 10^{-6}$
- $\mu\tau_e \rightarrow$ BR $< 6.5 \times 10^{-6}$



After combination with
 $Z \rightarrow l\tau$ (hadronic τ decays)
using Run2+Run1 data: [arxiv:2010.02566](https://arxiv.org/abs/2010.02566)

Results are superseding previous LEP limits

Leptoquark to $\tau + b$ -jets + E_T^{miss}

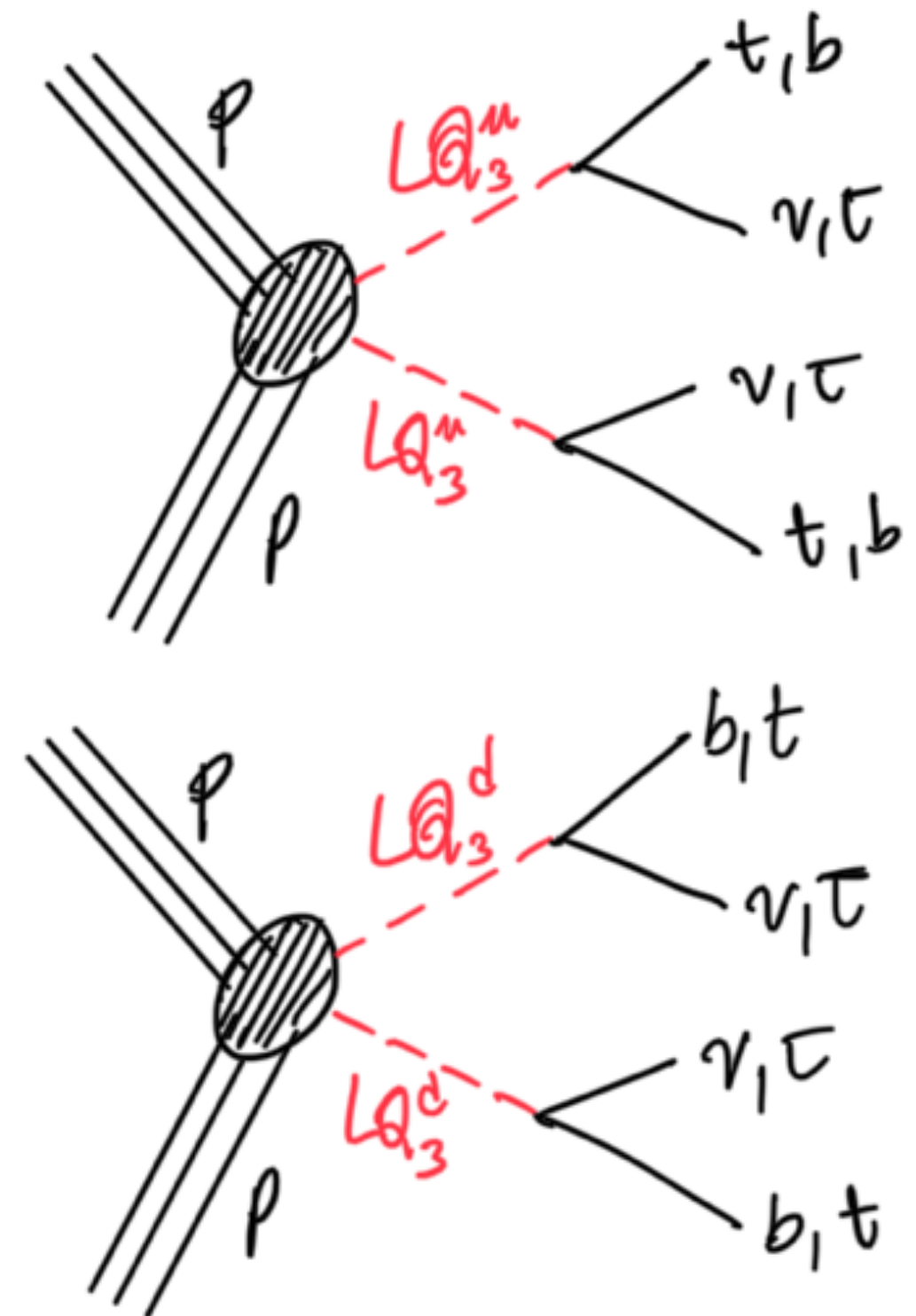
- LQ are predicted by many bSM theories
 - coupling to both quarks and leptons (LFV)
 - pair production at LHC
- Two LQ types (u,d) coupling with 3rd gen. leptons
- Model parameters are m_{LQ} and BR ($LQ \rightarrow ql^\pm$)
- Two analysis channels:
 - $\tau \rightarrow \text{had.} + 2 \text{ b-jets}$ and missing E_T
 - di-tau channel (SUSY searches)

Other recent ATLAS searches targeting LQ models:

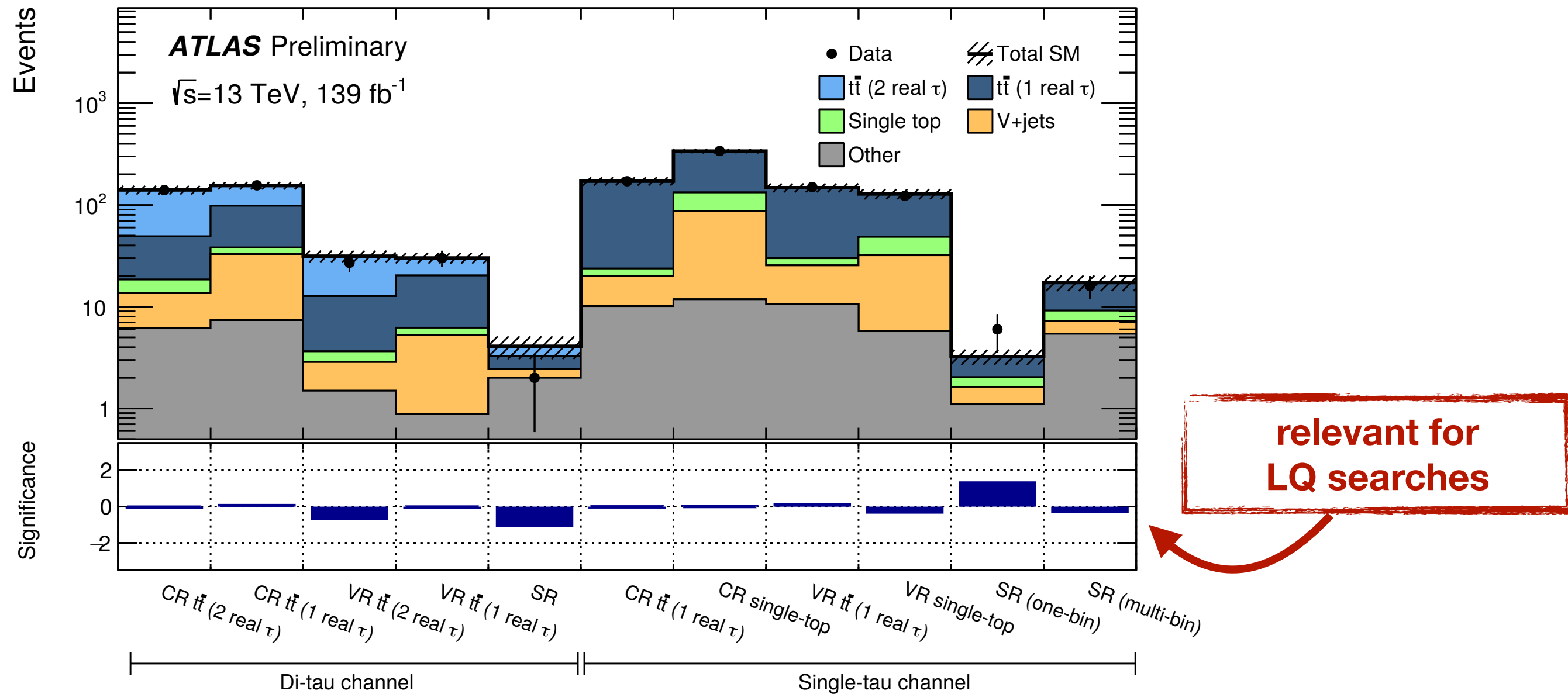
[arXiv:2101.11582](https://arxiv.org/abs/2101.11582)

[EPJC 81 \(2021\) 313](#)

[JHEP 10 \(2020\) 112](#)



LQ \rightarrow τ + b-jets + E_{miss}^T — Background



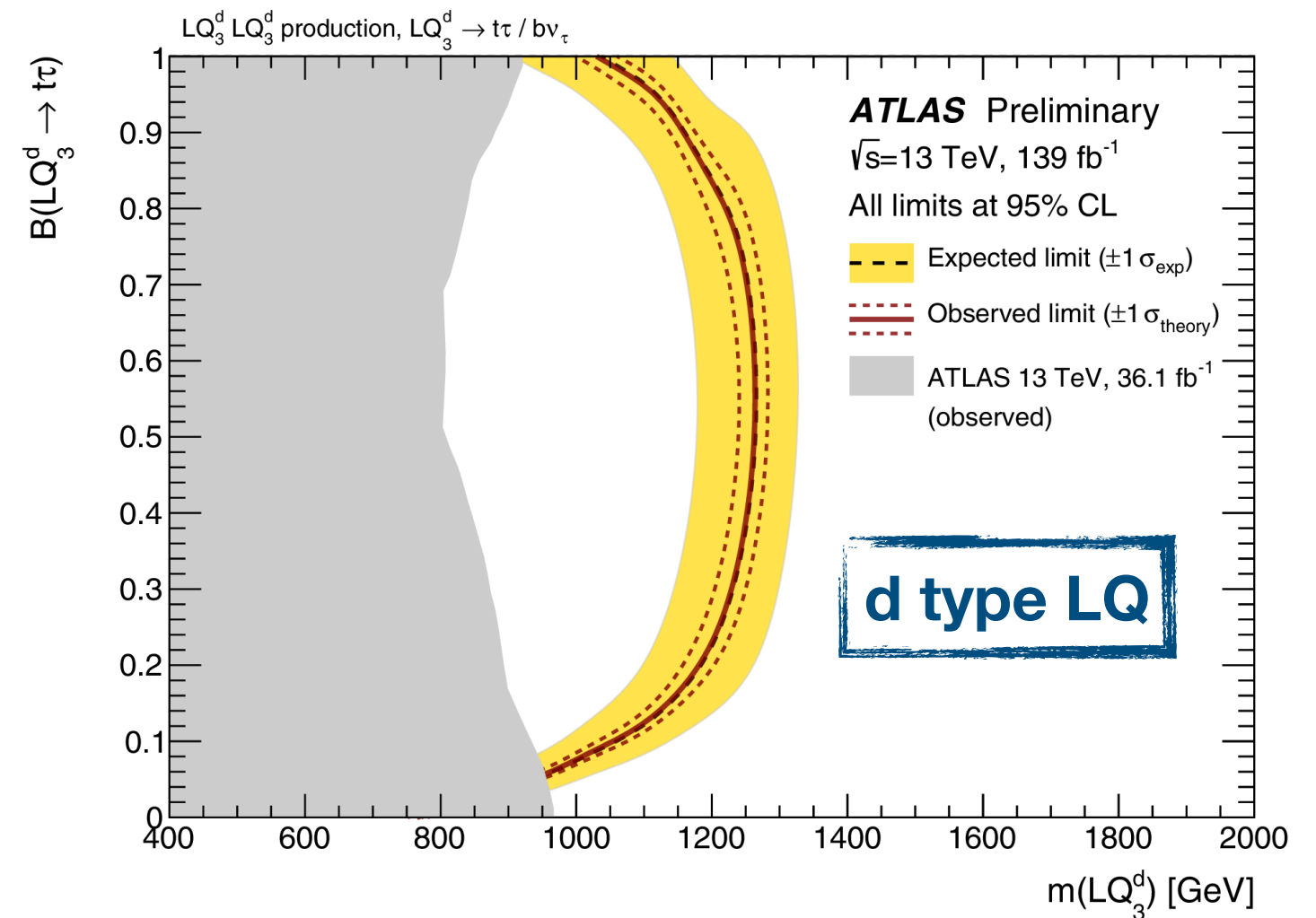
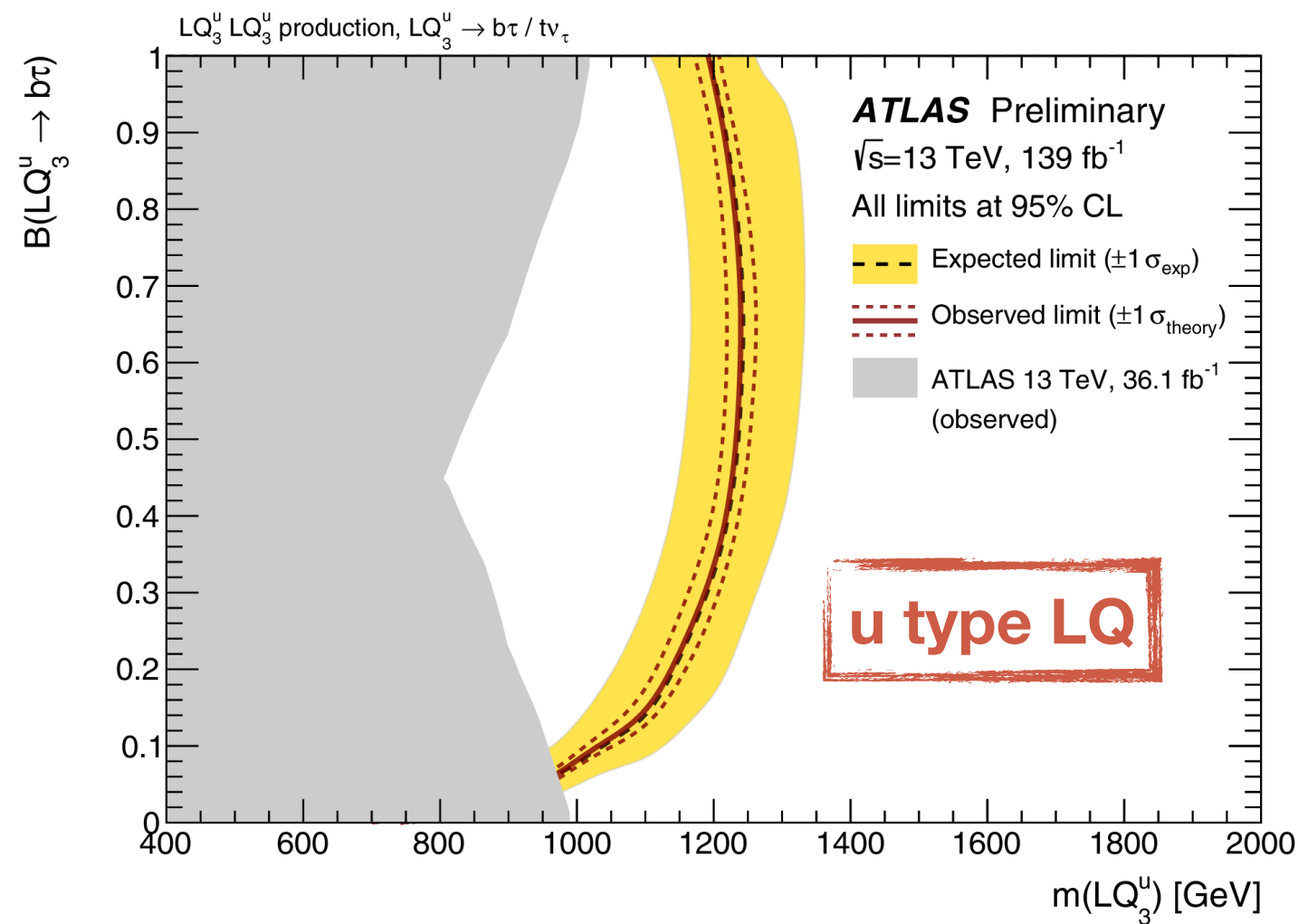
- **Main backgrounds:** $t\bar{t}$, single-t, V+jets \rightarrow estimated from MC (normalisation in CRs)
- Many different SRs are exploited in the SUSY searches, while a p_T —binned SR is optimised for LQ models

LQ → τ + b-jets + E^T_{miss} – Limits

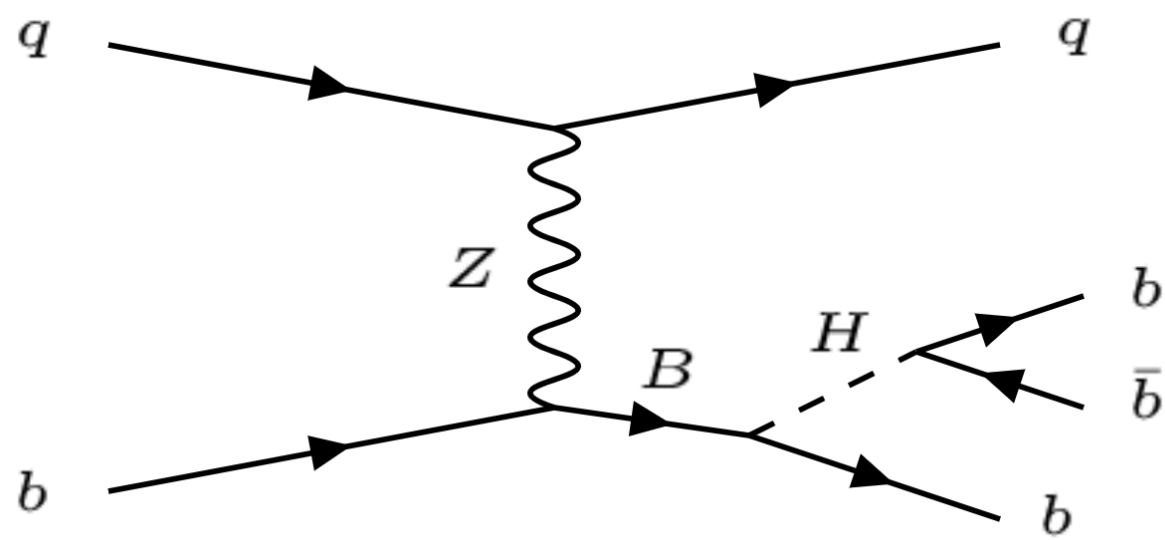
No significant disagreement with SM prediction
 → limits on LQ models

Best exclusion power for intermediate BR values

Results are complementary to other
 ATLAS SUSY searches
[EPJC 80 \(2020\) 737](#)
[JHEP 05 \(2021\) 093](#)



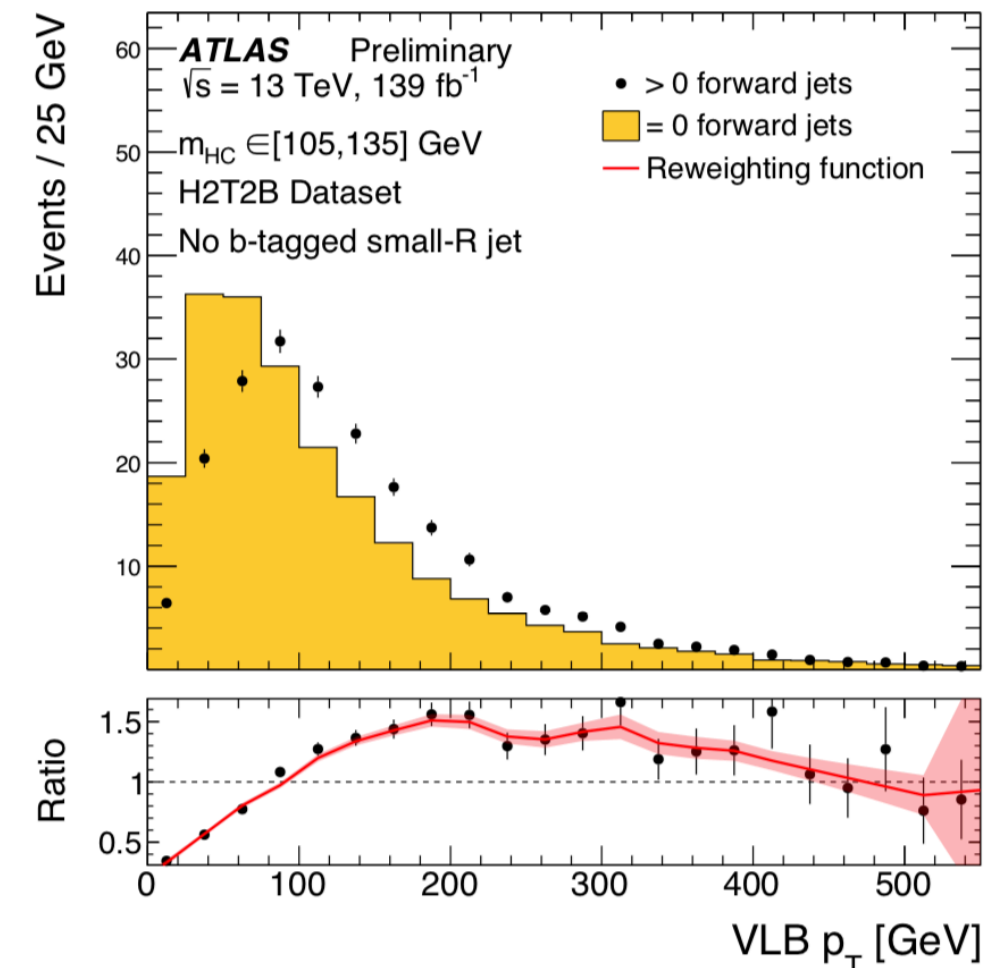
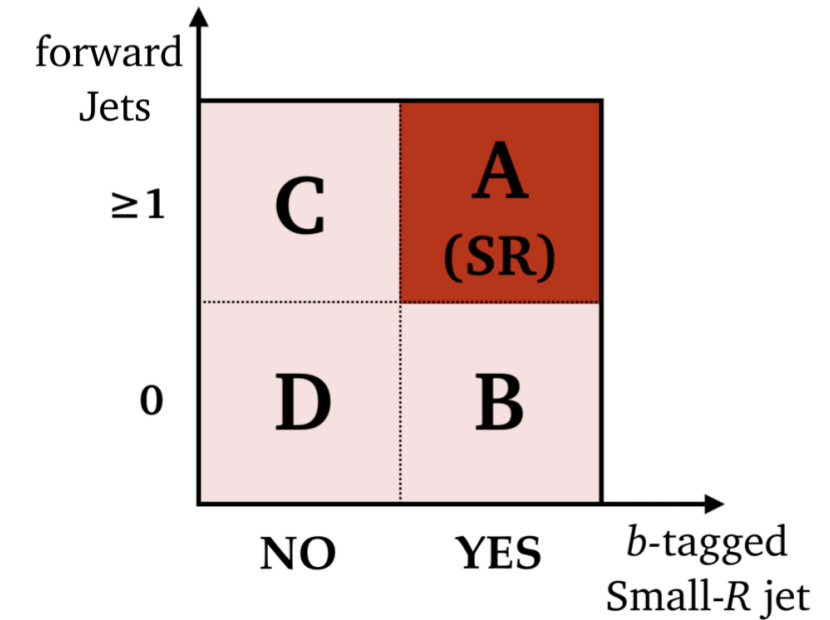
VLQ \rightarrow bH(bb)



- **Vector-like quarks** are predicted in bSM theories attempting to solve the **hierarchy problem**
- **This search targets vector like B quarks:**
 - Single VLB production mediated by Z boson
 - Decay to b+H(bb)
- The analysis exploits the **large boost** of H searching for large radius jets and **b-jet identification**

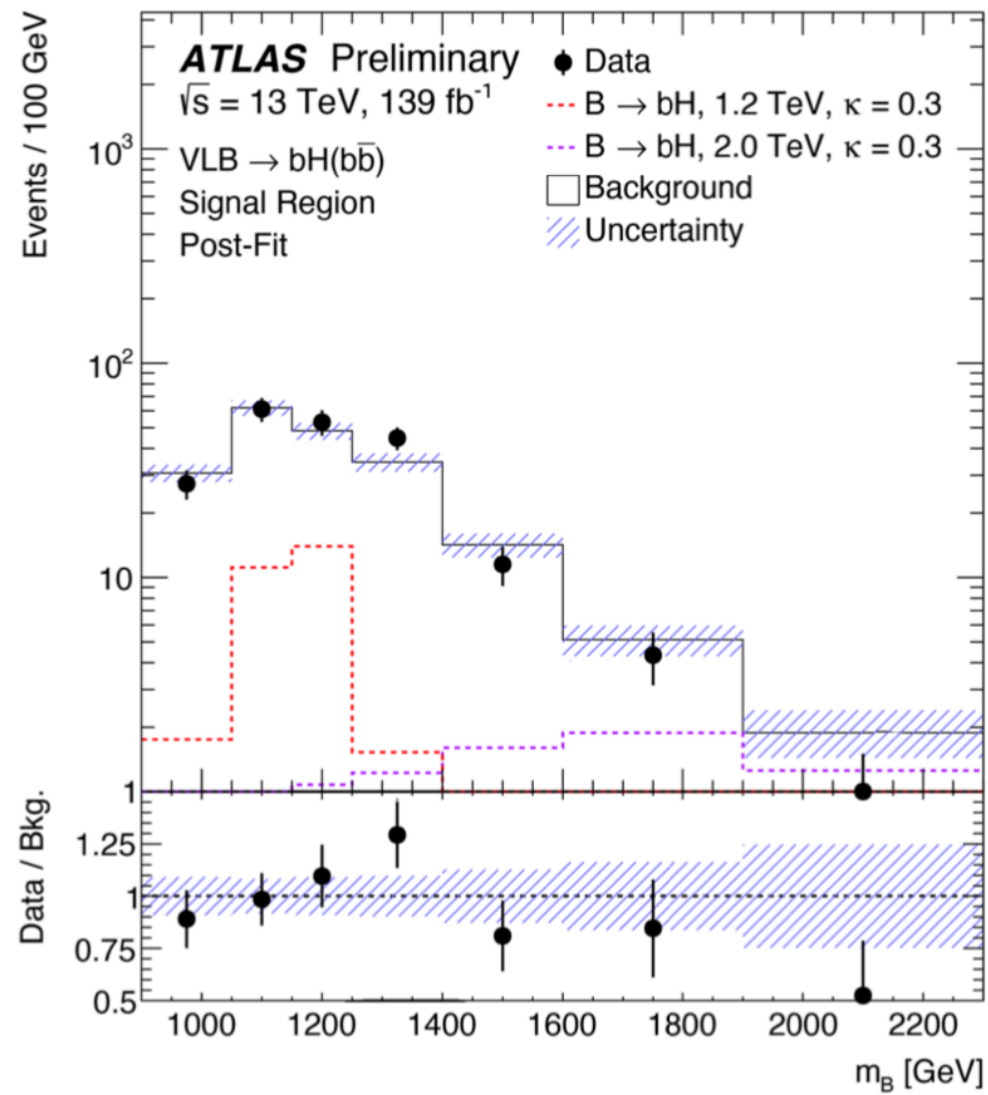
VLQ \rightarrow bH(bb) – Background strategy

- Target: One large-R jet with at least 2 matching b-tagged track-jet + 1 b-jet + 1 light-jet
- **All hadronic final state**
 → **large background from QCD multi-jet events**
- Data driven “**ABCD**” background estimation
 → validated with CRs
- Correlation in ABCD plane propagated with k-factors, weighting to adjust kinematic differences in the BCD sub-regions



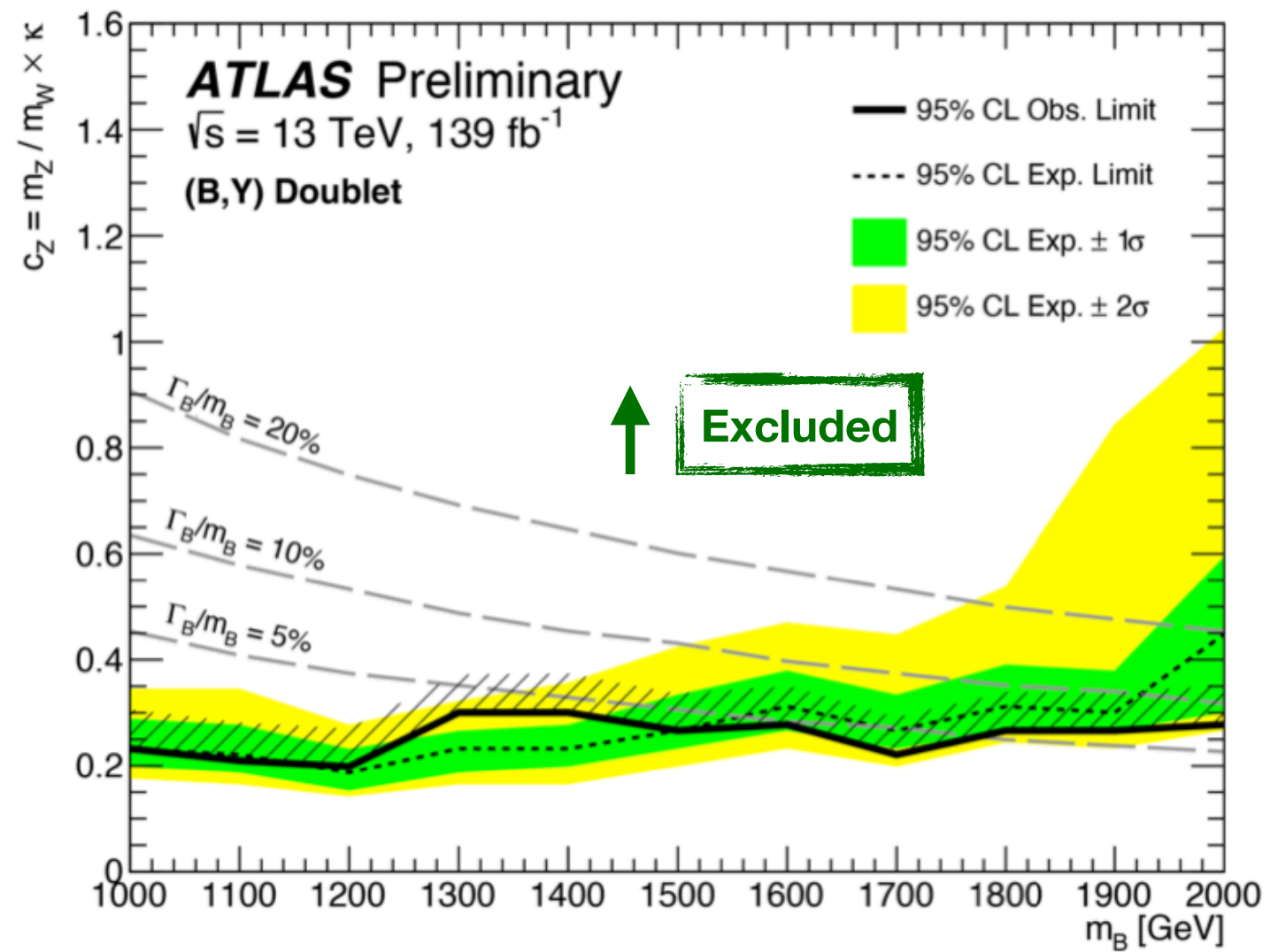
VLQ \rightarrow bH(bb) — Results

No significant deviation from SM
 \rightarrow limits on VLQ production



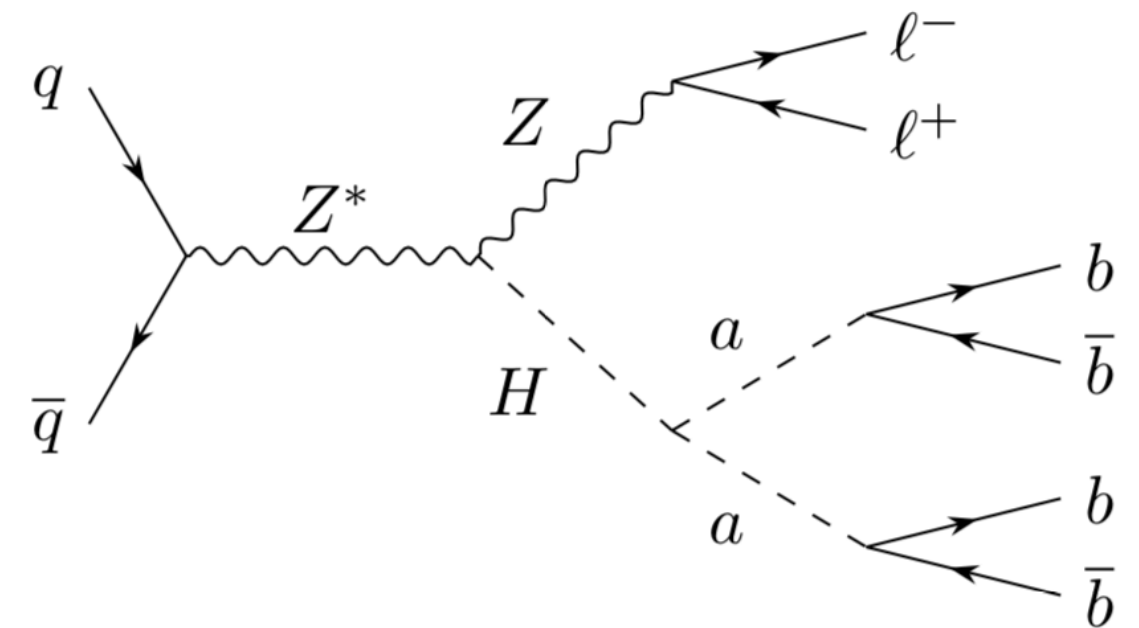
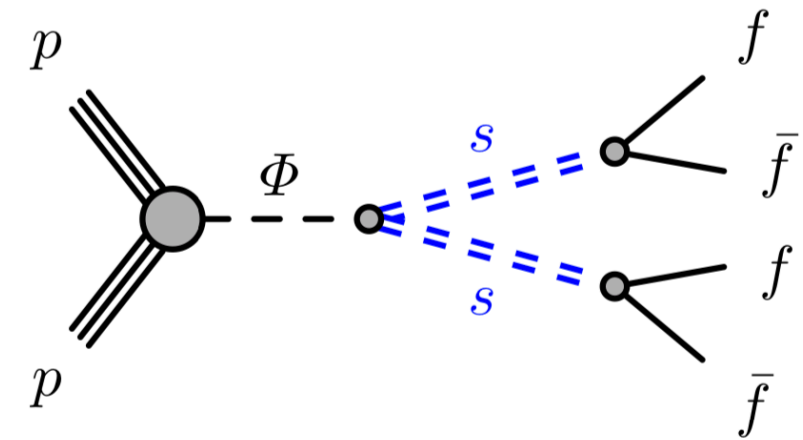
$$m_B = m_H \text{ candidate} + m_{b\text{-jet}}$$

Limits on σ are interpreted in terms of the VLQ
 coupling with Z boson



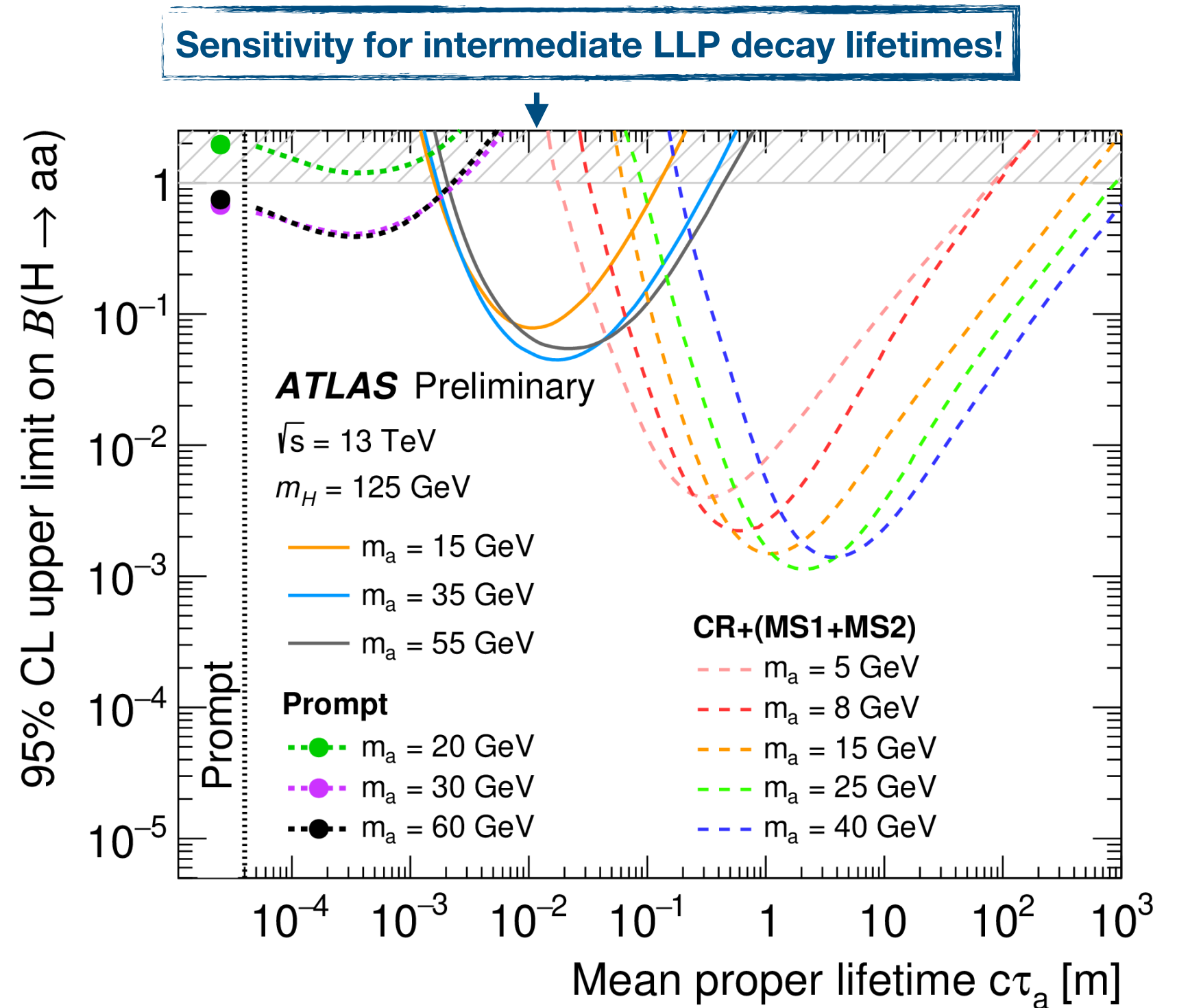
$H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow 4b$ in the ID

- Long lived particles are predicted by many bSM models
- Higgs decay in pair of neutral long-lived bosons (a), decaying in $b\bar{b}$
- Z-associated Higgs production considered to alleviate trigger challenges
- Selection targeting 2 ID displaced vertices, with dedicated reconstruction algorithm



$H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow 4b$ in the ID – strategy & results

- Dedicated SM background estimation, exploiting **DV reconstruction probability**
- **Zero events observed** (compatible with SM prediction)
- **$c\tau$ –dependent Limits on Higgs BR to LLPs**
- Complementary results w.r.t analyses exploiting prompt production or displaced jets in ATLAS calorimeter or MS



Conclusions

- Many different scenarios have been explored by these searches
- But no disagreement with SM is found...
...yet!
- But additional constraint on different theoretical models are given by these analyses

The SM is our best tool to understand nature...

... but we have to keep searching!

**There's still a lot to learn from Run 2 data,
and even more from the upcoming Run 3!**