

# Muon g-2/EDM experiment at J-PARC

Snowmass workshop on  
dipole moments

Sep. 17, 2020

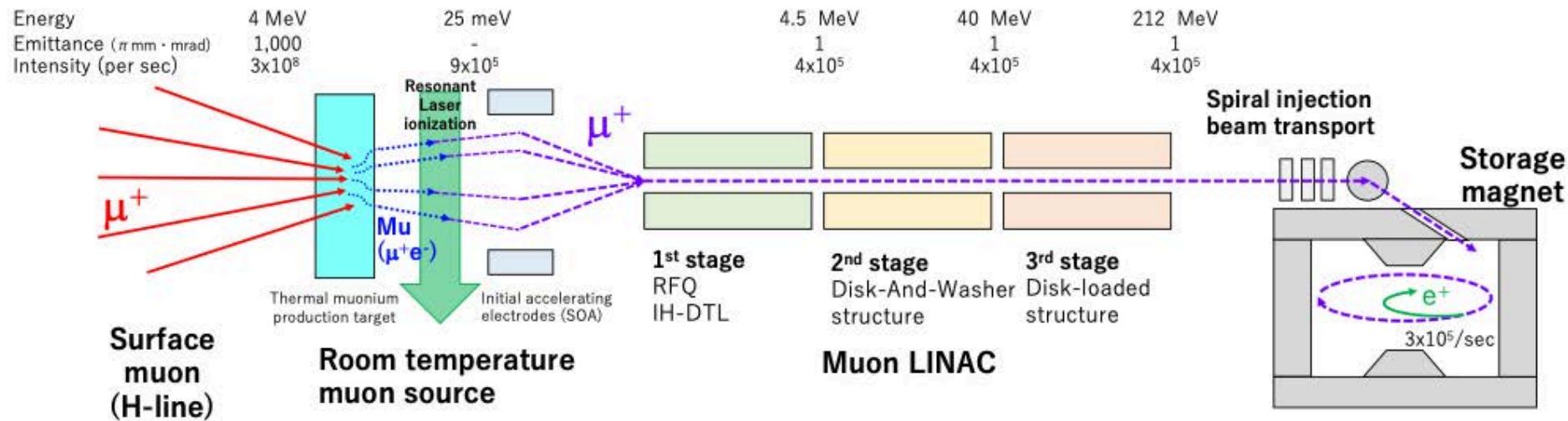
Tsutomu Mibe (KEK)

## Job opportunities:

- [1] Postdoc for J-PARC g-2/EDM experiment (<https://www.kek.jp/en/Jobs/2020/08/25/2002/>)
- [2] Postdoc for KEK IPNS (<https://www.kek.jp/en/jobs/ipns20-5e/>)

# Muon g-2/EDM experiment at J-PARC

Prog. Theor. Exp. Phys. 2019, 053C02

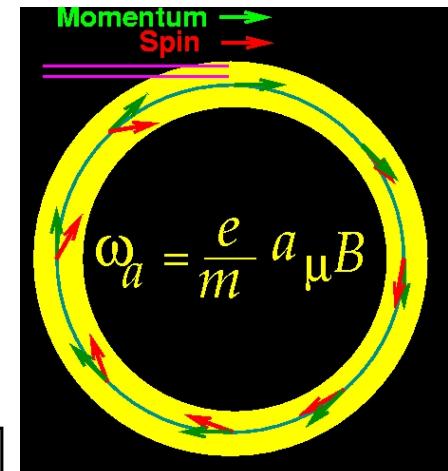


## Features:

- Low emittance muon beam (**1/1000**)
- No strong focusing (**1/1000**) & good injection eff. (**x10**)
- Compact storage ring (**1/20**)
- Tracking detector with large acceptance
- Completely new method (different from BNL/FNAL)

# muon g-2 and EDM measurements

In uniform magnetic field, muon spin rotates ahead of momentum due to  $g-2 \neq 0$



general form of spin precession vector:

$$\vec{\omega} = -\frac{e}{m} \left[ a_\mu \vec{B} - \left( a_\mu - \frac{1}{\gamma^2 - 1} \right) \frac{\vec{\beta} \times \vec{E}}{c} + \frac{\eta}{2} \left( \vec{\beta} \times \vec{B} + \frac{\vec{E}}{c} \right) \right]$$

BNL E821 approach  
 $\gamma=30$  ( $P=3$  GeV/c)

J-PARC approach  
 $E = 0$  at any  $\gamma$

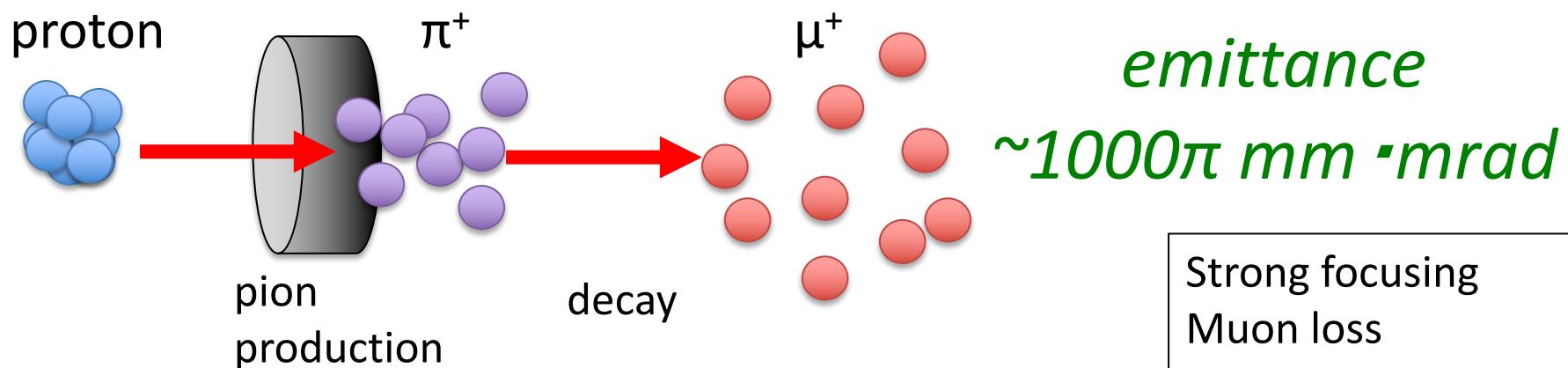
$$\vec{\omega} = -\frac{e}{m} \left[ a_\mu \vec{B} + \frac{\eta}{2} \left( \vec{\beta} \times \vec{B} + \frac{\vec{E}}{c} \right) \right]$$

FNAL E989

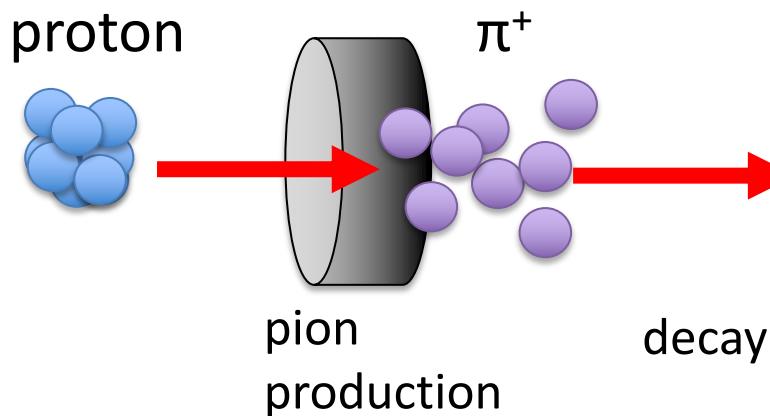
$$\vec{\omega} = -\frac{e}{m} \left[ a_\mu \vec{B} + \frac{\eta}{2} \left( \vec{\beta} \times \vec{B} \right) \right]$$

J-PARC E34

# Conventional muon beam



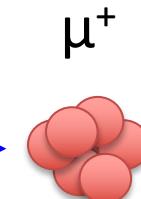
# Muon beam at J-PARC



*emittance*  
 $\sim 1000\pi \text{ mm} \cdot \text{mrad}$

Strong focusing  
Muon loss  
BG  $\pi$  contamination

cooling



*emittance*  
 $1\pi \text{ mm} \cdot \text{mrad}$

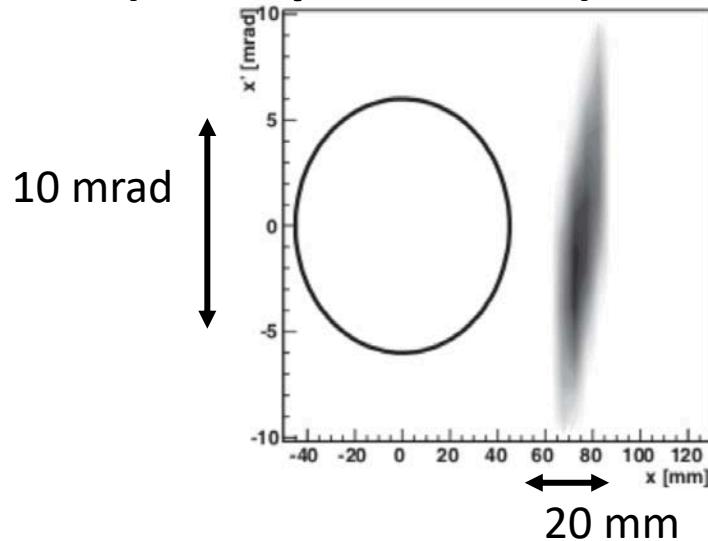
**Reaccelerated  
thermal muon**

Free from any of these

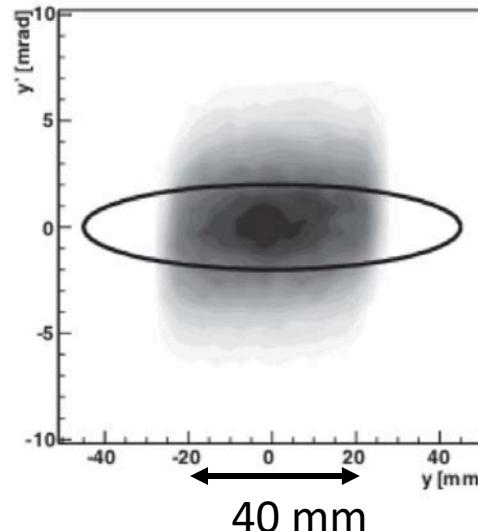


# Comparison of muon beam

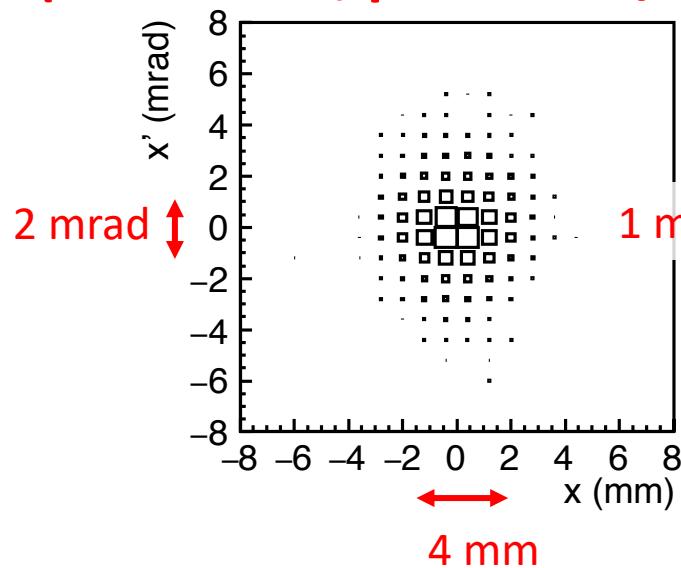
BNL E821 (data,  $p = 3 \text{ GeV}/c$ )



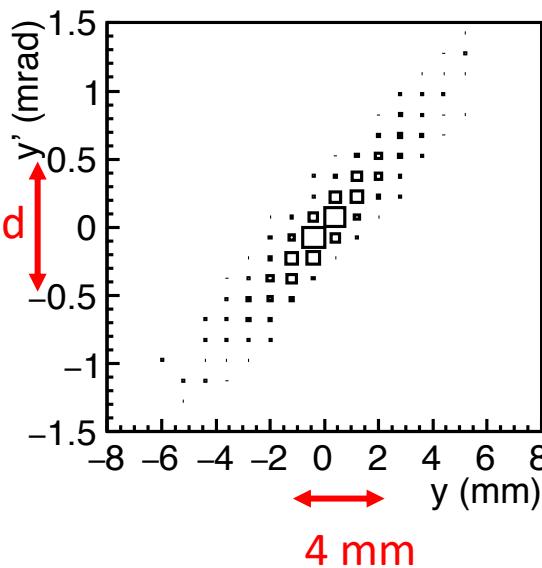
PRD 73, 072003 (2006)



J-PARC (simulation,  $p=0.3 \text{ GeV}/c$ )

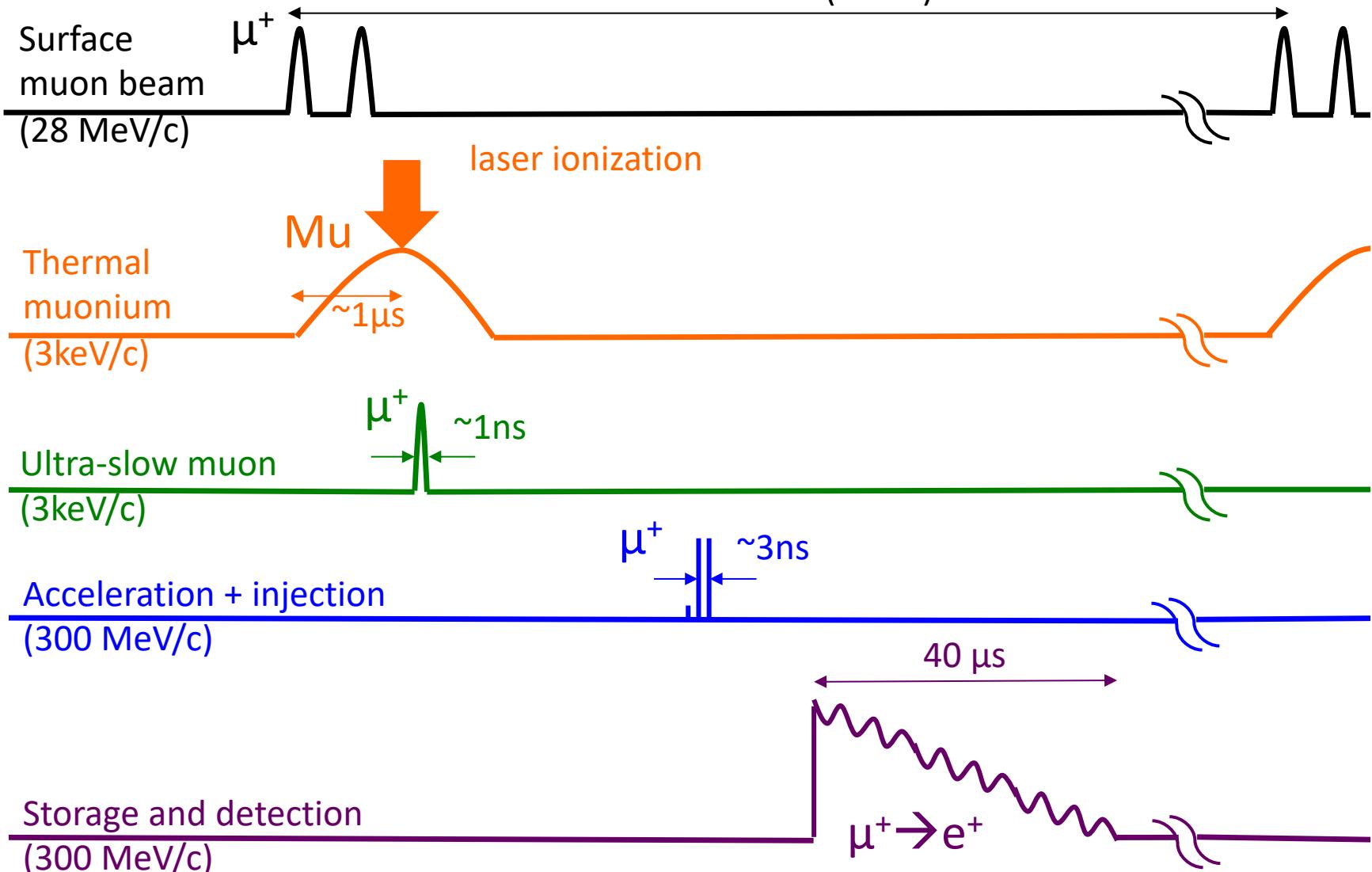


PTEP 2019, 053C02 (2019)



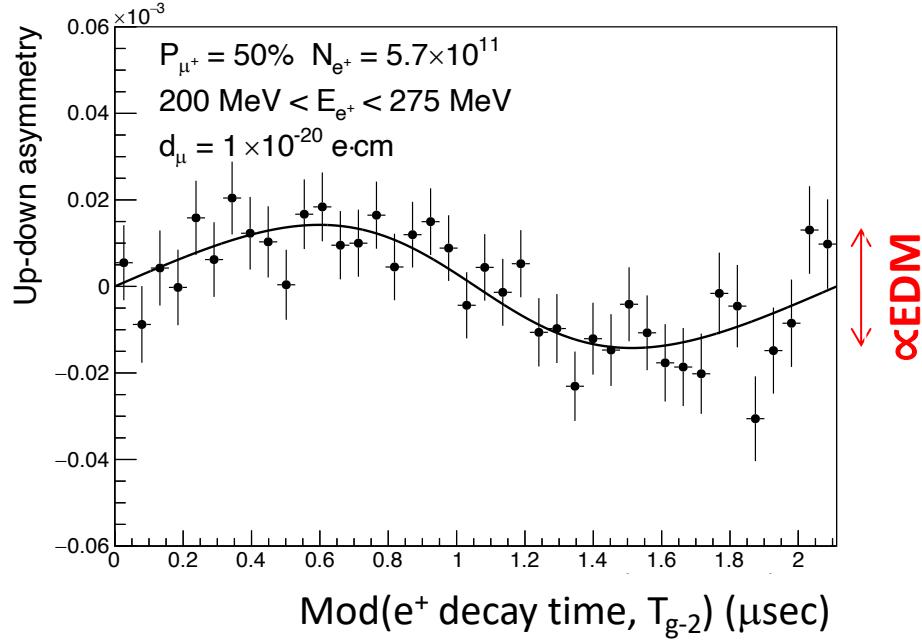
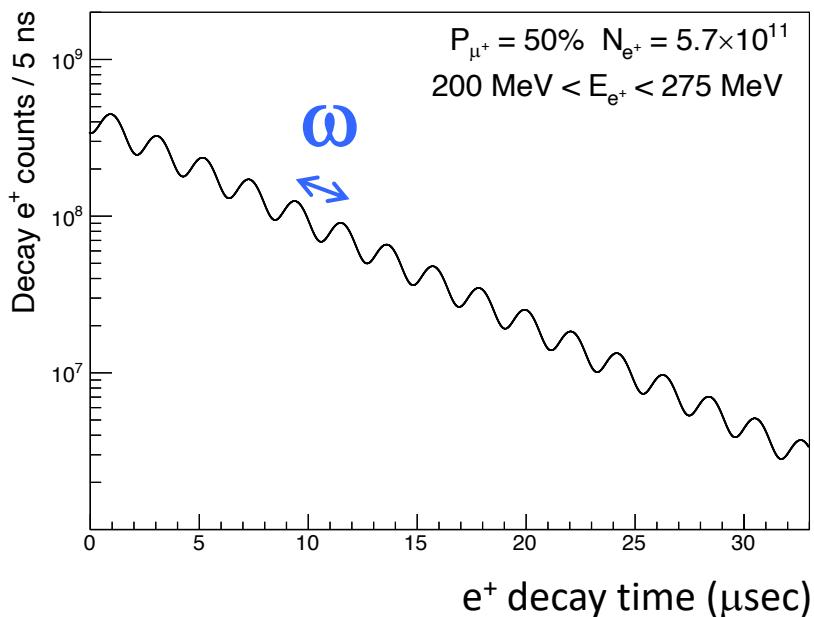
# Experimental sequence

40ms (25 Hz)



# Expected time spectrum of $e^+$ in $\mu \rightarrow e^+vv$ decay

$$\vec{\omega} = -\frac{e}{m} \left[ a_\mu \vec{B} + \frac{\eta}{2} (\vec{\beta} \times \vec{B}) \right]$$

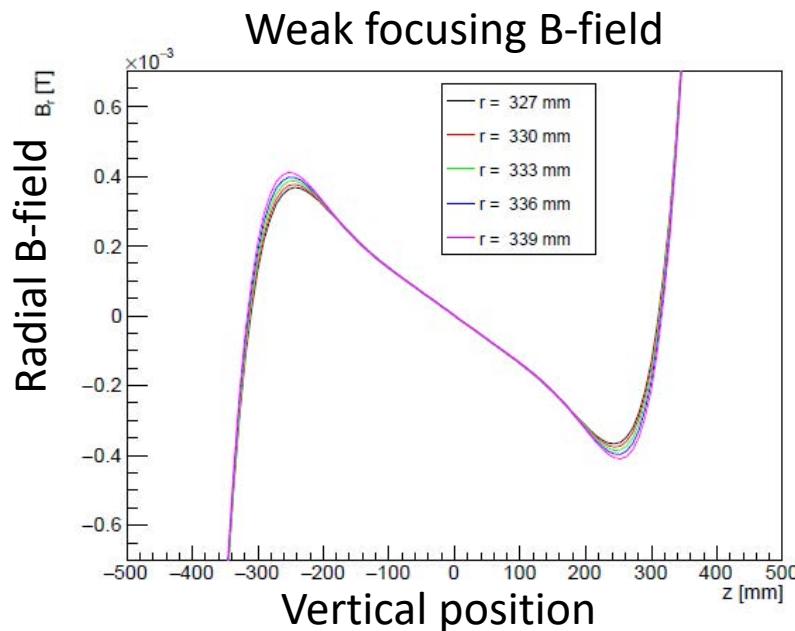


# Very weak magnetic focusing

- **Radial magnetic field** can be a major source of systematics on EDM since the g-2 term mixes to the EDM term.

$$\vec{\omega} = -\frac{e}{m} \left[ a_\mu \vec{B} + \frac{\eta}{2} (\vec{\beta} \times \vec{B}) \right]$$

- **Very weak magnetic focusing**
  - Bill Morse, Yannis Semertzidis (2010)
  - Field index  $n = 1E-4$  (1ppm/cm)
  - Vertical position of muon beam will be **self-adjusted to find  $B_r = 0$ .**
  - Also very powerful to **suppress the “pitch effect” on g-2** ( $\sim 10$  ppb).



# Comparison of experiments

Prog. Theor. Exp. Phys. **2019**, 053C02 (2019)

	BNL-E821	Fermilab-E989	Our experiment
Muon momentum	3.09 GeV/c		300 MeV/c
Lorentz $\gamma$	29.3		3
Polarization	100%		50%
Storage field	$B = 1.45$ T		$B = 3.0$ T
Focusing field	Electric quadrupole		Very weak magnetic
Cyclotron period	149 ns		7.4 ns
Spin precession period	4.37 $\mu$ s		2.11 $\mu$ s
Number of detected $e^+$	$5.0 \times 10^9$	$1.6 \times 10^{11}$	$5.7 \times 10^{11}$
Number of detected $e^-$	$3.6 \times 10^9$	—	—
$a_\mu$ precision (stat.)	460 ppb	100 ppb	450 ppb *
(syst.)	280 ppb	100 ppb	<70 ppb
EDM precision (stat.)	$0.2 \times 10^{-19} e \cdot \text{cm}$	—	$1.5 \times 10^{-21} e \cdot \text{cm}$
(syst.)	$0.9 \times 10^{-19} e \cdot \text{cm}$	—	$0.36 \times 10^{-21} e \cdot \text{cm}$

Completed

Running

In preparation

\* w/o muon source upgrade

J-PARC Facility  
(KEK/JAEA)

Neutrino Beam  
To Kamioka

LINAC

3 GeV  
Synchrotron

Material and Life Science  
Facility

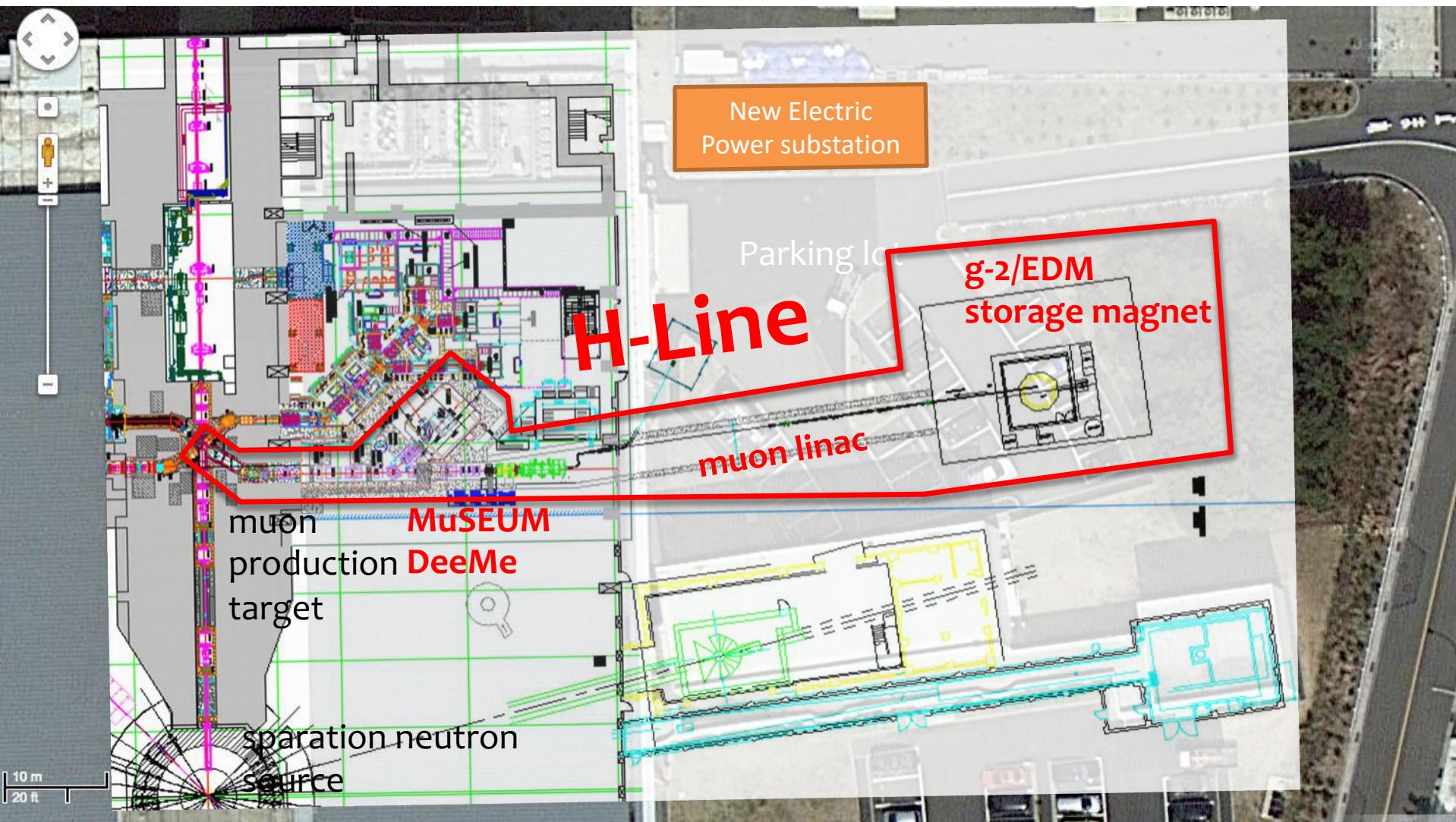
Main Ring  
(30 GeV)

Hadron Hall

Bird's eye photo in Feb. 2008

# Proposed experimental site

Material and Life science Facility in J-PARC



# H-line being constructed!

Photo by T. Yamazaki

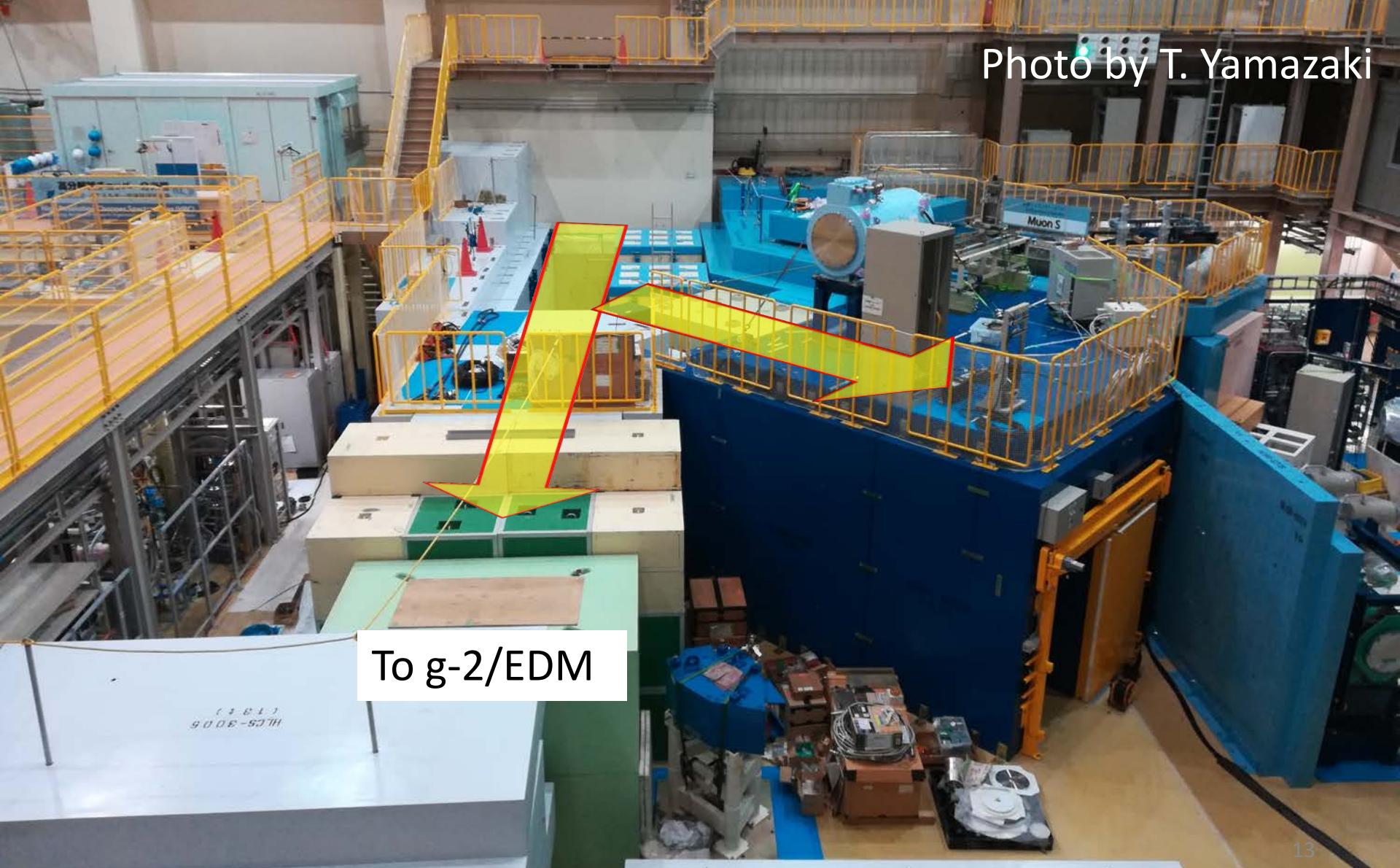


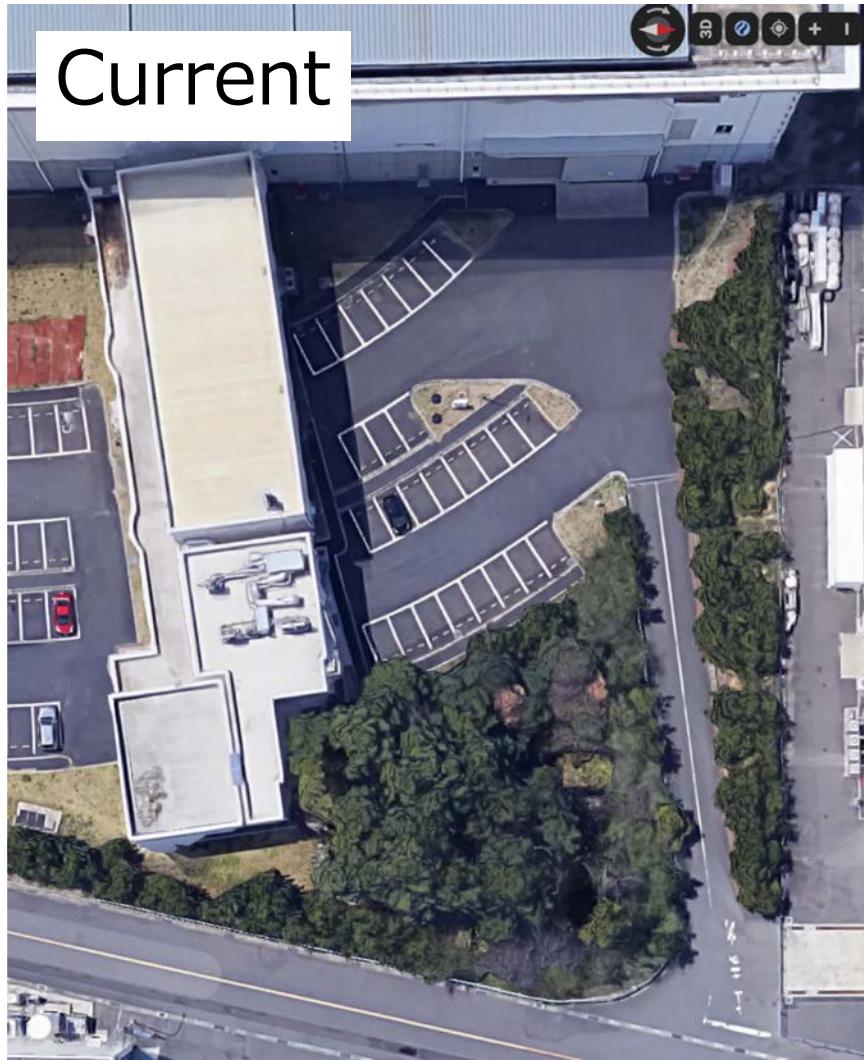
Photo by T. Yamazaki

# H-line being constructed!

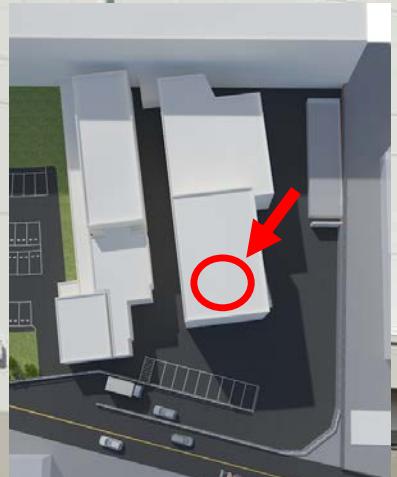


# H-line extension

The J-PARC center taskforce endorsed the plan and construction procedure (Jan 2020).



# Ground survey in progress this week



# Re-accelerated thermal muon

## surface muon

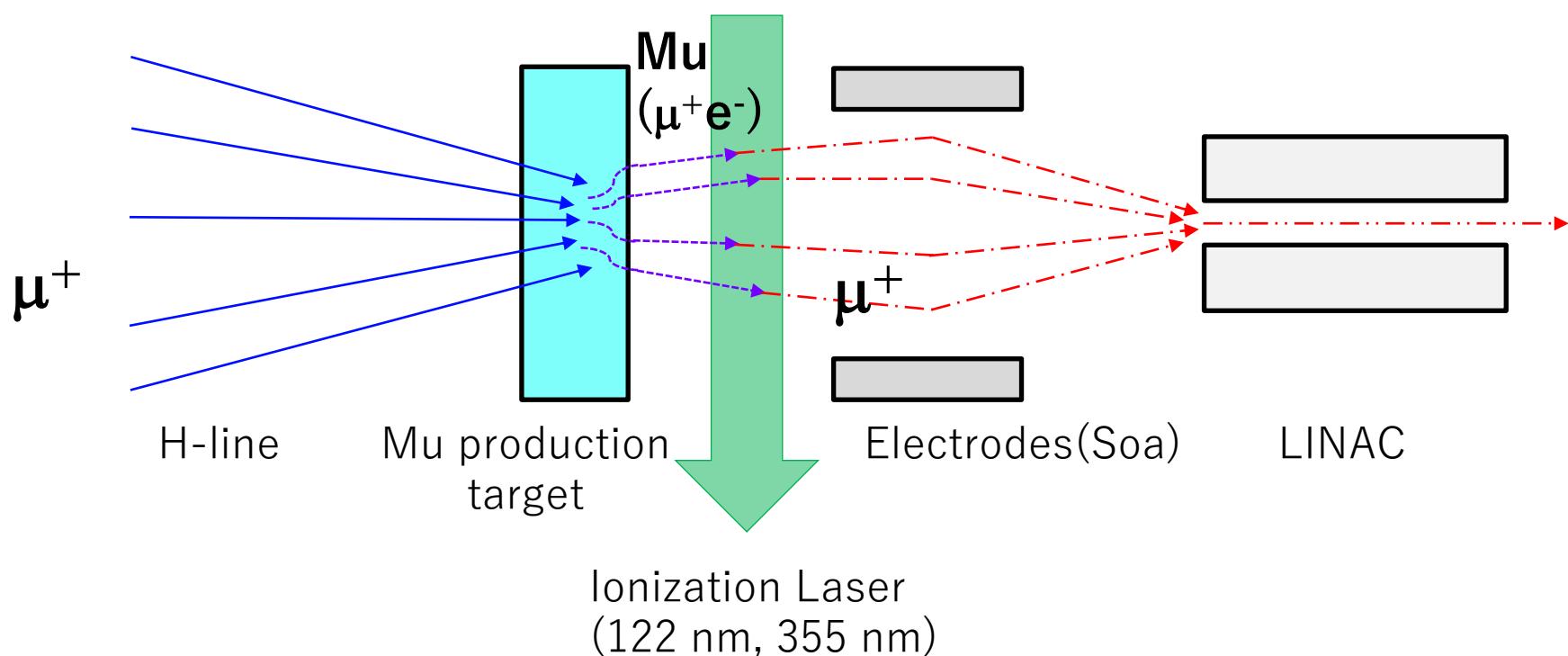
E	3.4 MeV
p	27 MeV/c
$\Delta p/p$	0.05

## thermal muon

30 meV
2.3 keV/c
0.4

## accelerated muon

212 MeV
300 MeV/c
$4 \times 10^{-4}$



# Production of thermal energy muon

Photo by S. Kamal

Silica aerogel with  
laser-ablated surface  
( $\text{SiO}_2$ , 30 mg/cc)

surface  
muon beam

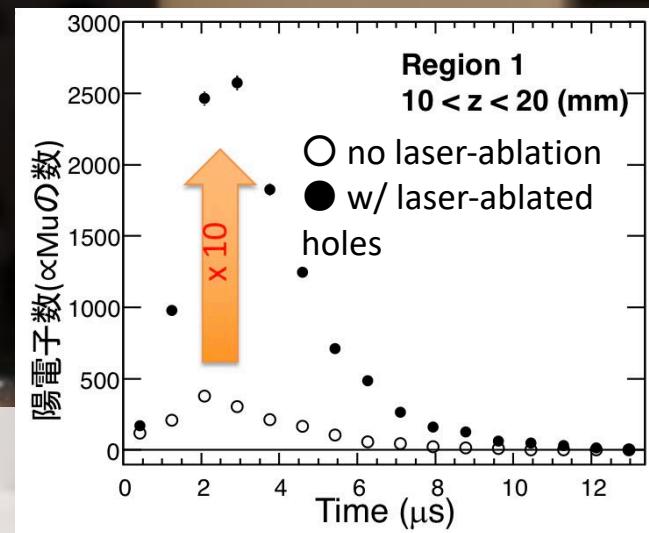
$\mu^+$  (4 MeV)

8 mm

Muonium ( $\mu^+e^-$ )  
30 meV

Efficiency  
 $3 \times 10^{-3}/\mu$   
(laser region 5mm x 50mm)

Data taken at TRIUMF

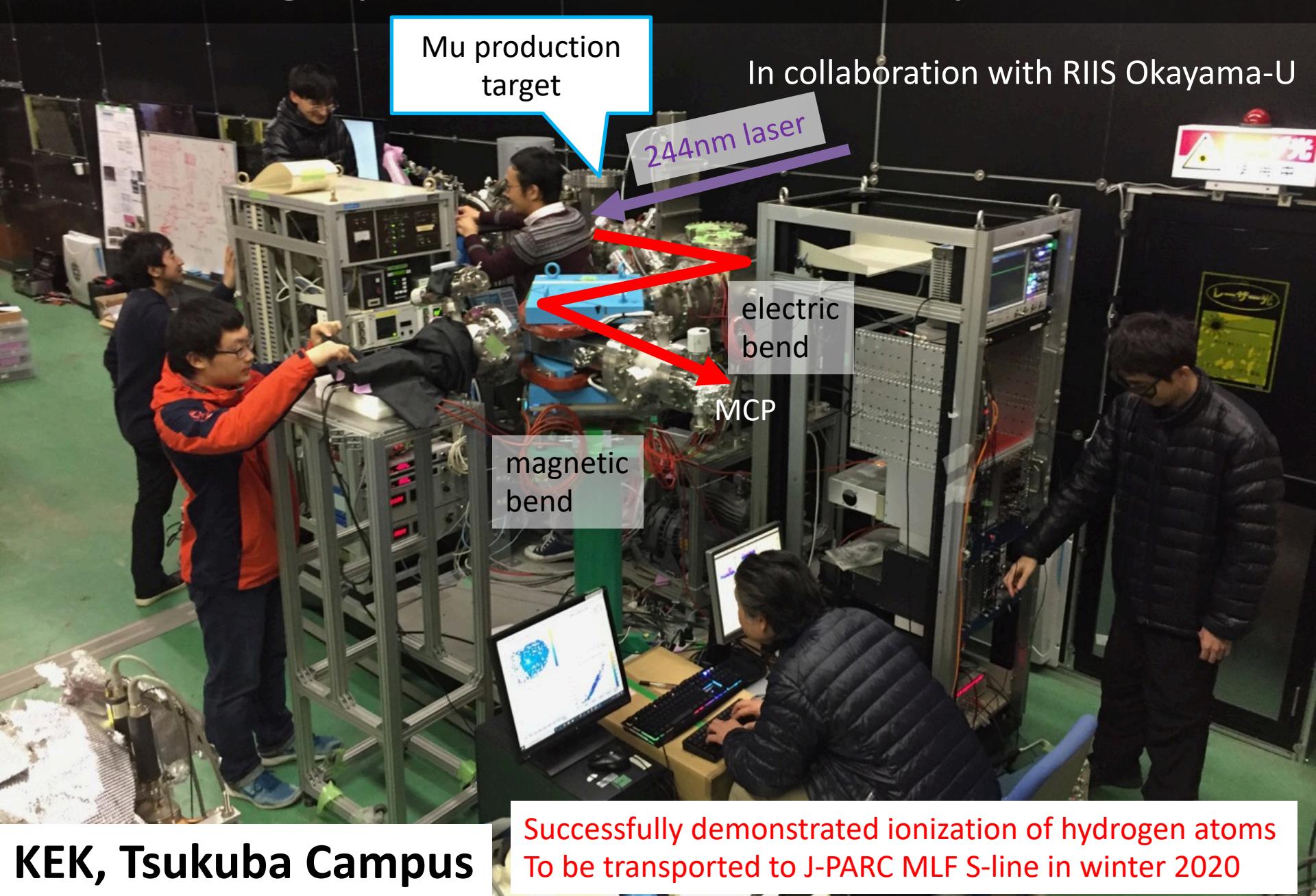


P. Bakule et al., PTEP 103C0 (2013)

G. Beer et al., PTEP 091C01 (2014)

J. Beare et al., arXiv:2006.01947 (2020) (to be published in PTEP)

# Setting up the Mu ionization experiment



# Demonstration of muon RF acceleration

J-PARC MLF D2 area, October 2017

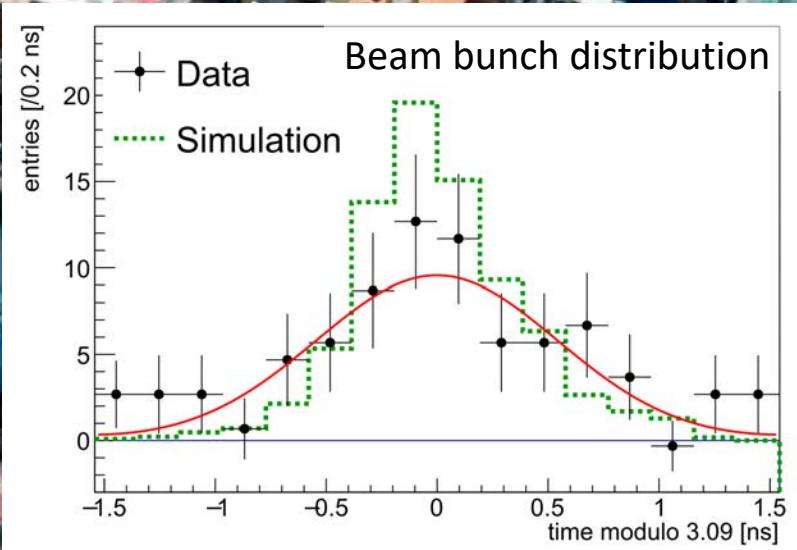
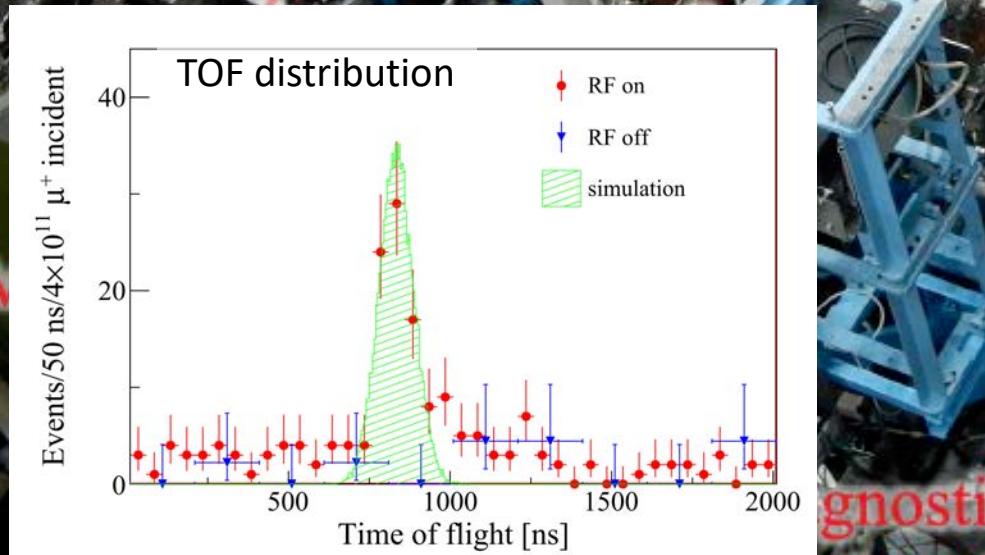
Slide by M. Otani



# Demonstration of muon RF acceleration

J-PARC MLF D2 area, October 2017

Slide by M. Otani



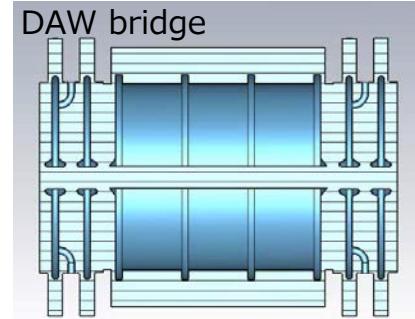
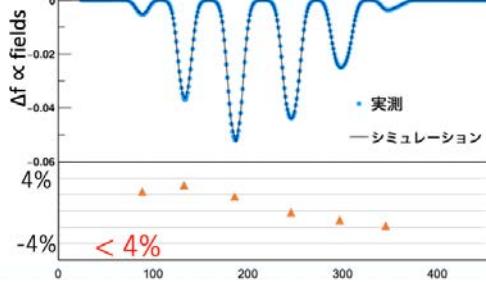
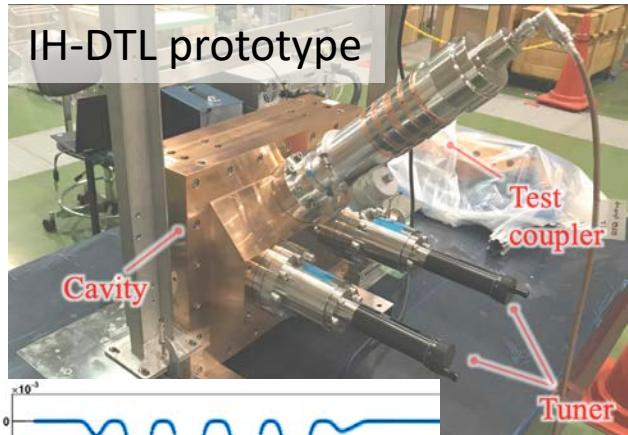
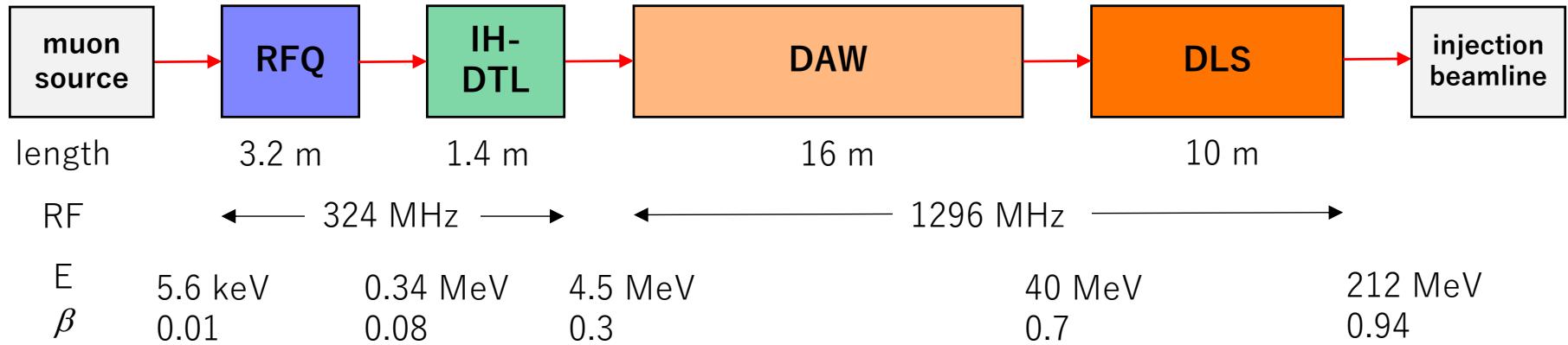
Phys. Rev. AB 21, 050101 (2018)

(Quadrupole pair  
and bending)

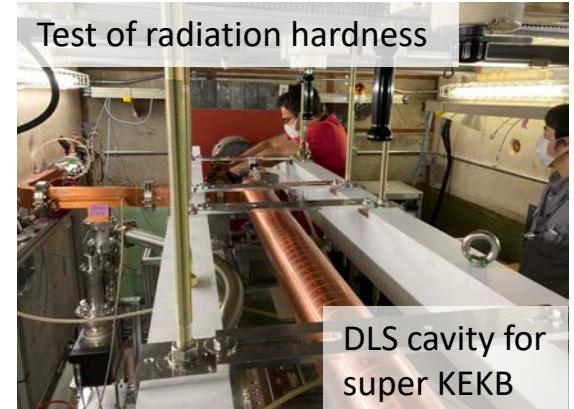
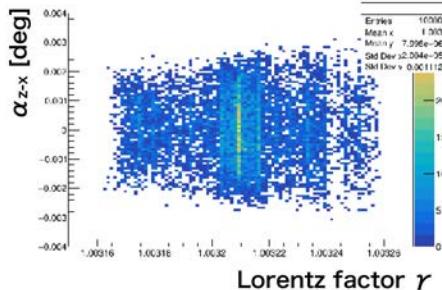
Phys. Rev. AB 23, 022804 (2020)

Detector

# Muon LINAC

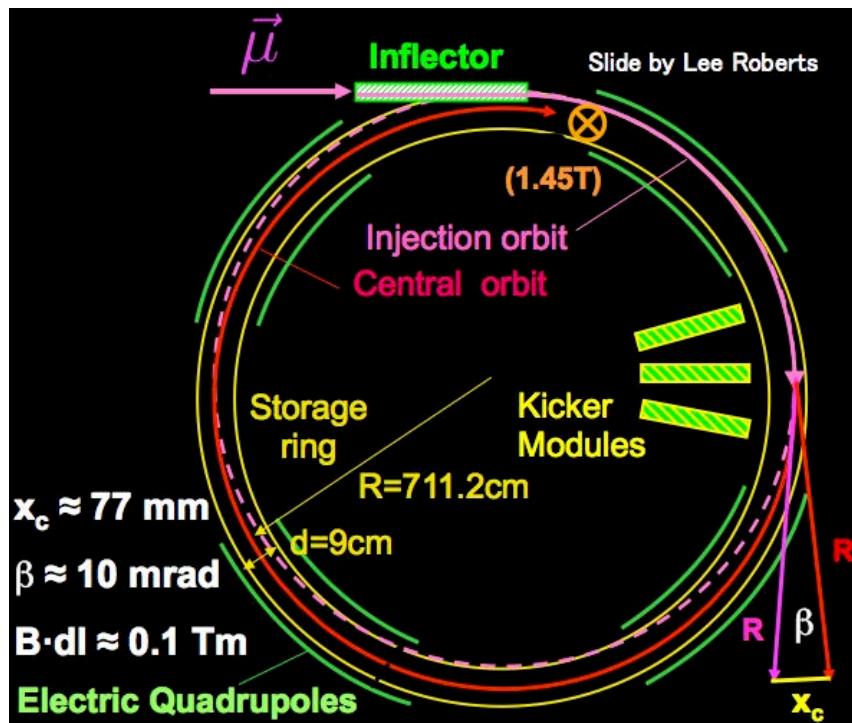


Simulated spin direction and momentum



# Muon beam injection and storage

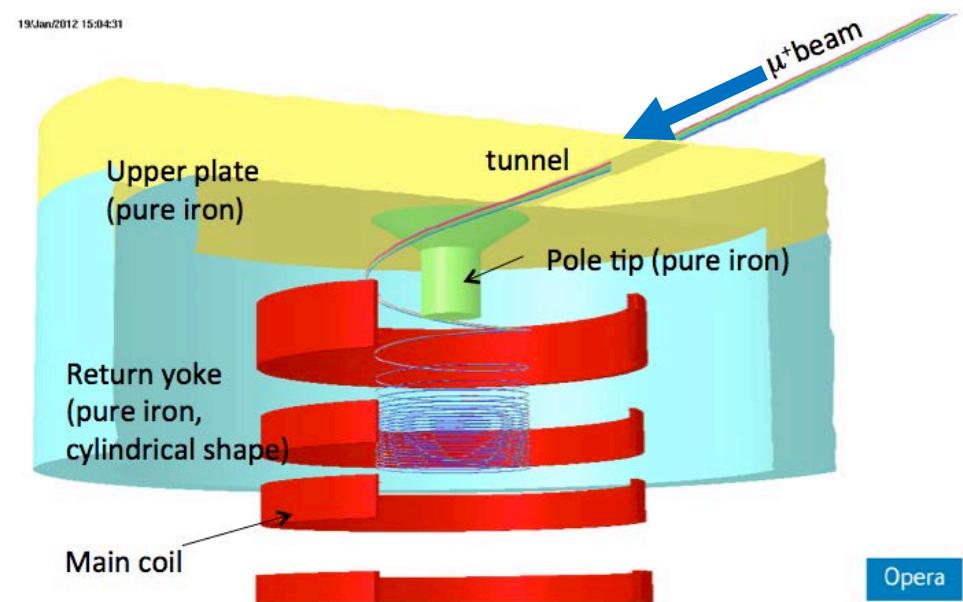
Horizontal injection + kicker  
(BNL E821, FNAL E989)



Injection efficiency : 3-5%<sup>(\*)</sup>

(\*) PRD73,072003 (2006)

3D spiral injection + kicker  
(J-PARC E34)

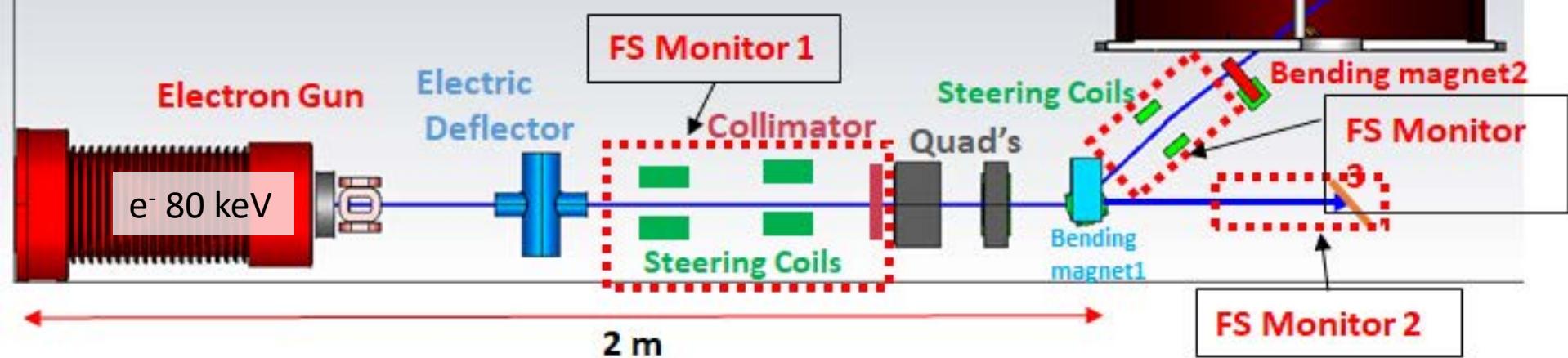
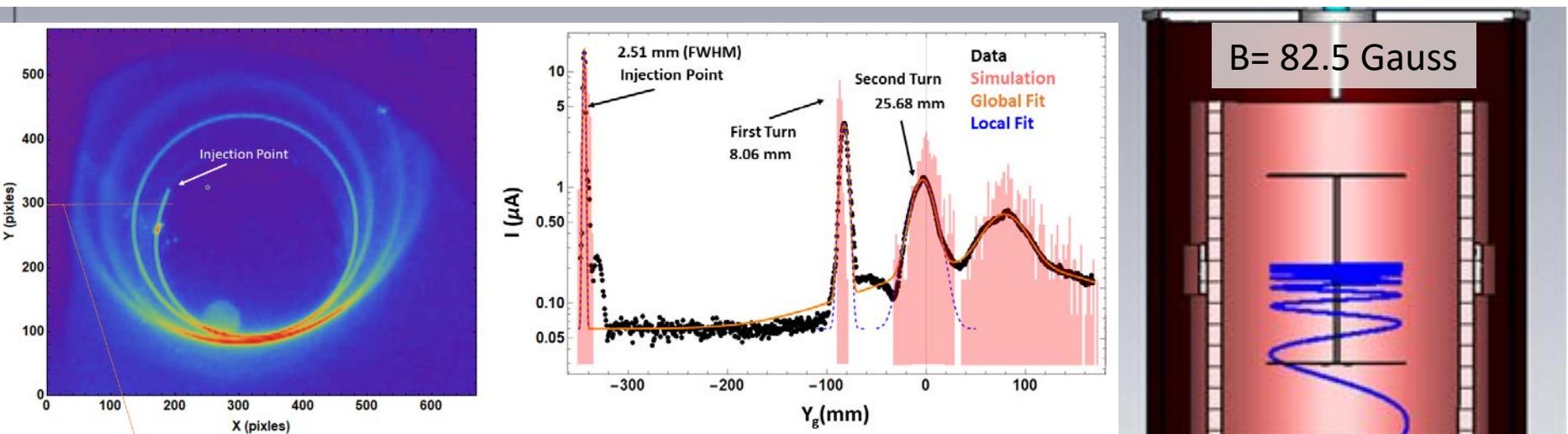


Injection efficiency : ~85%

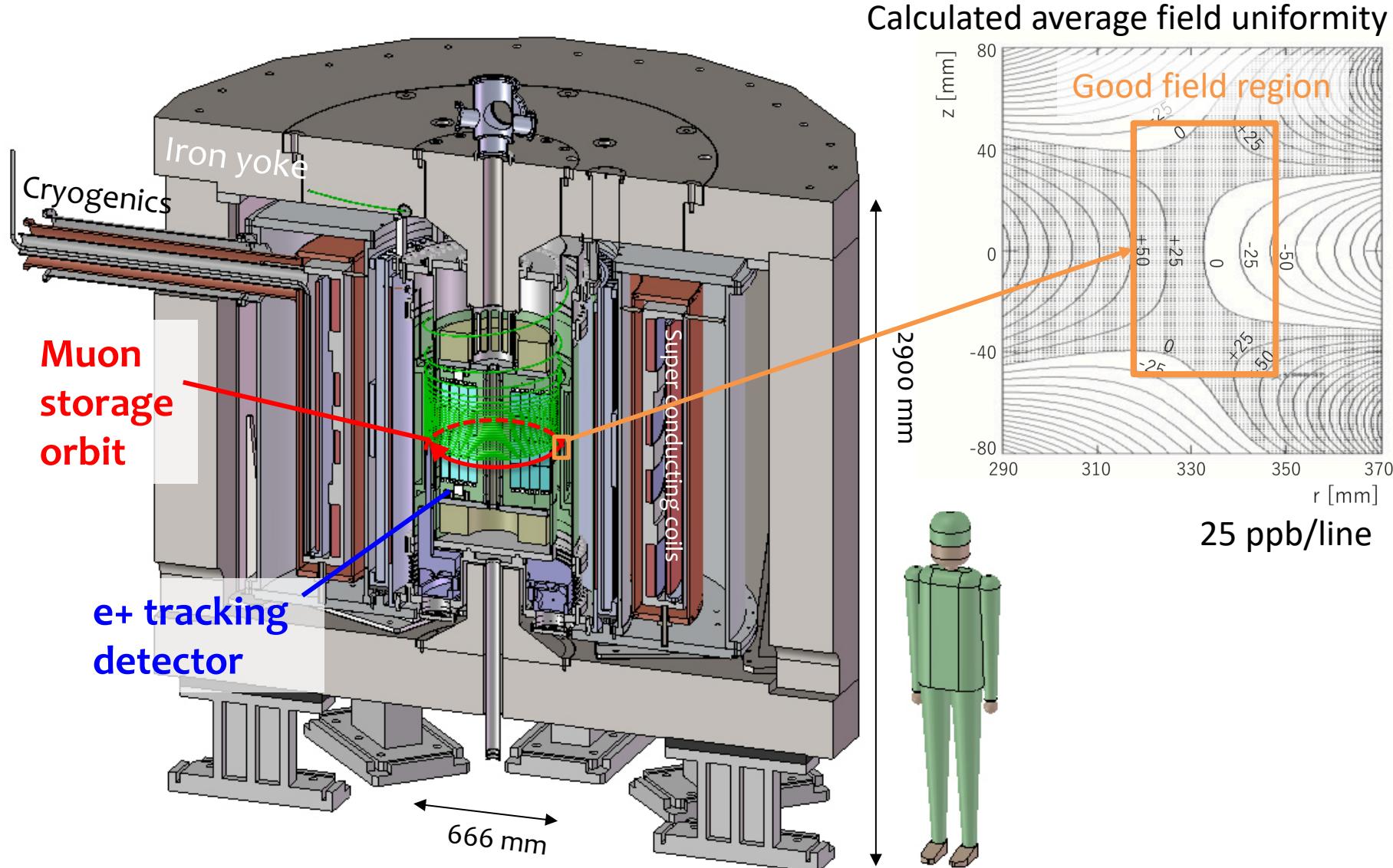
H. Iinuma et al., Nucl. Instr. And Methods. A 832, 51 (2016)

# Spiral Injection Test Experiment with low-energy electron beam

M. A. Rehman (PhD thesis, Sokendai 2020)

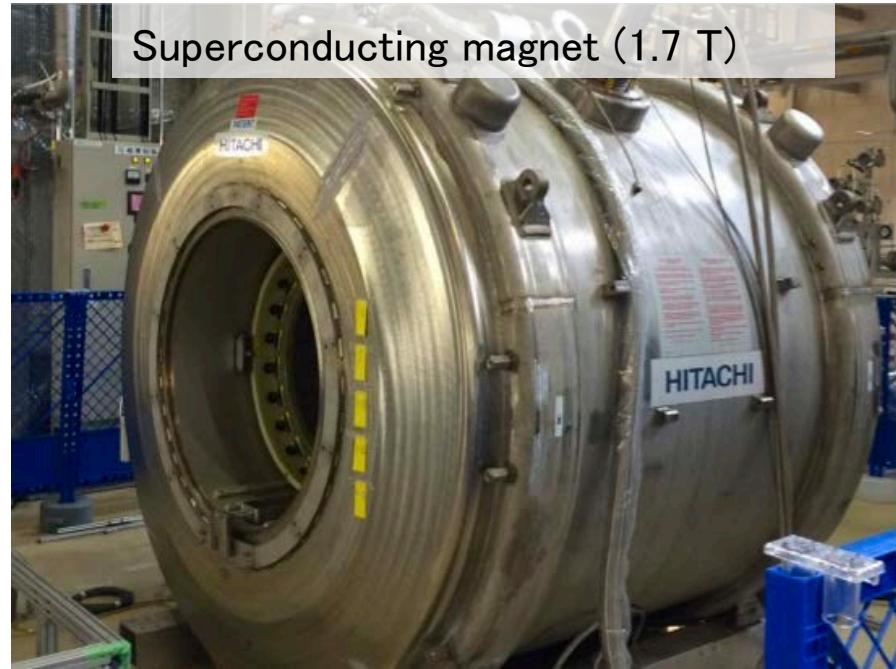


# Muon storage magnet and detector

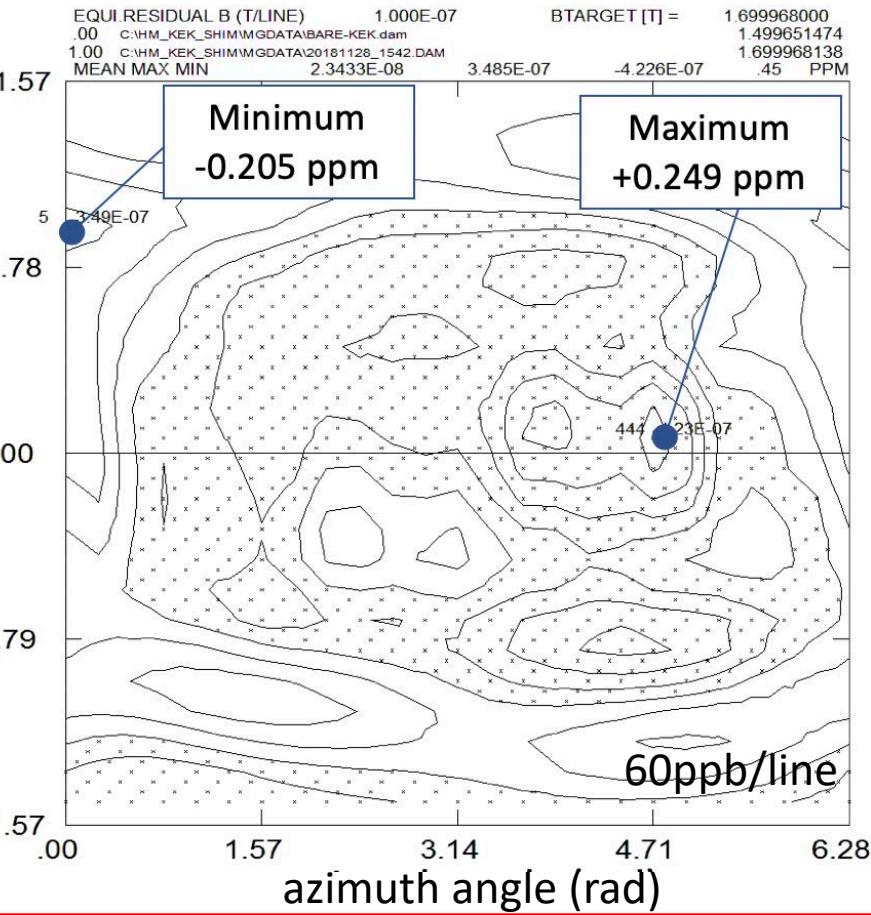


# Magnet shimming test

Superconducting magnet (1.7 T)



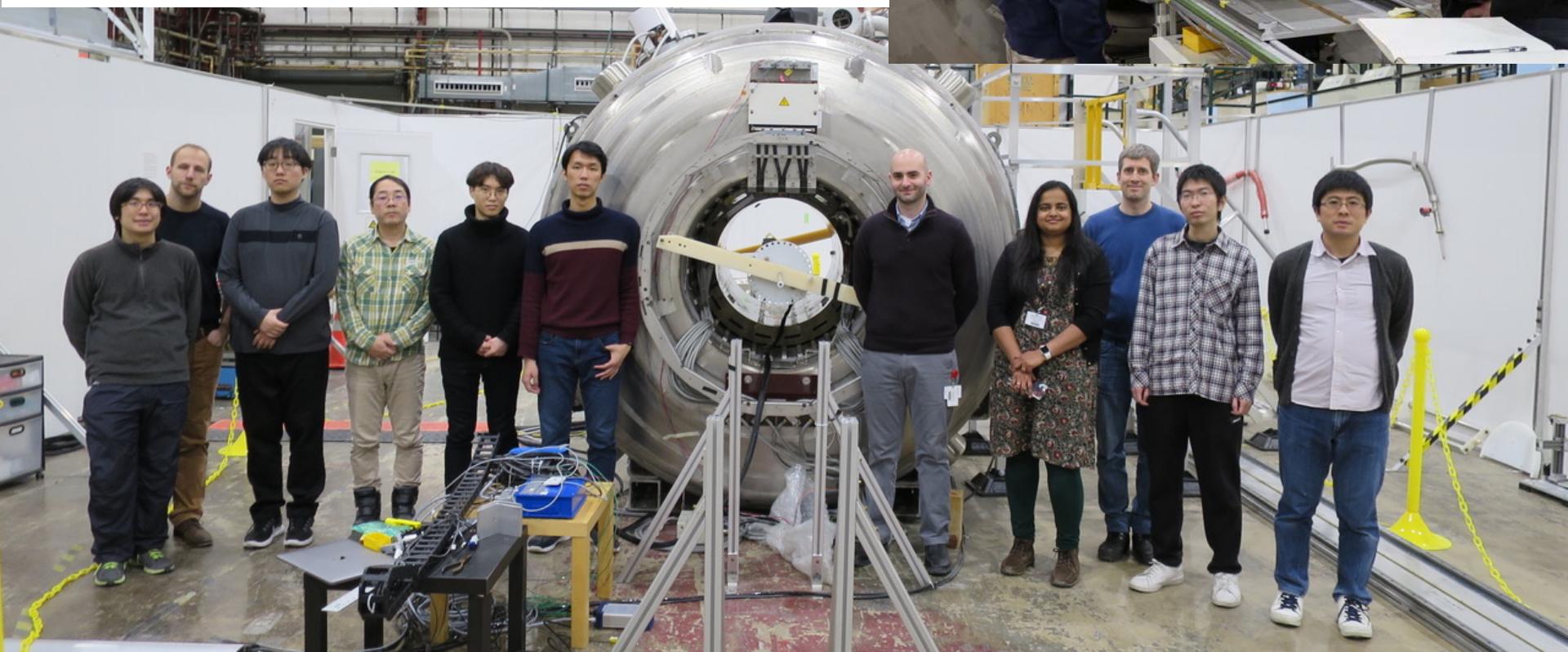
Residual field contour after shimming



Field uniformity: 0.454 ppm (peak-to-peak)  
on the surface of sphere  $r=15$  cm

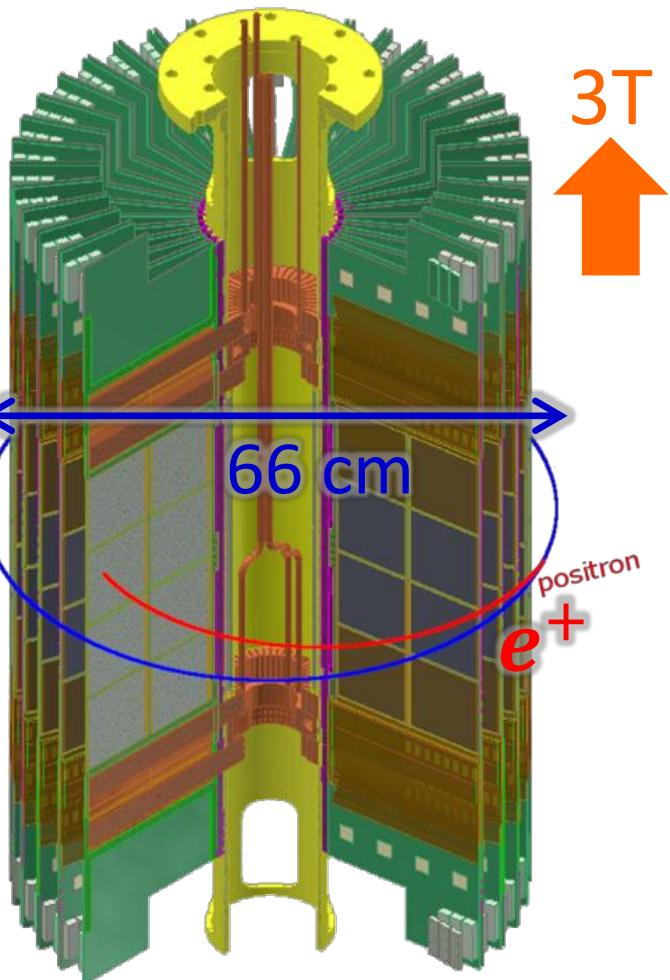
# Cross-calibration of absolute probe

- Absolute probes from **Fermilab g-2** and **J-PARC** are compared in the magnet at ANL for cross calibration.
- Data taking completed at **B=1.45 T (Fermilab)** and **1.7 T (MuSEUM)**. Planned another data taking at **3.0 T (J-PARC)**.
- Supported by the US-Japan cooperative program (2017-2020), P. Winter (US-PI), K. Sasaki (JP-PI)

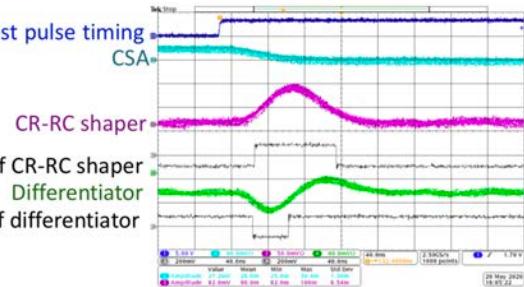
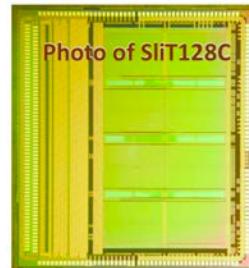


# Positron tracking detector

IEEE, TNS 67, 2089 (2020)

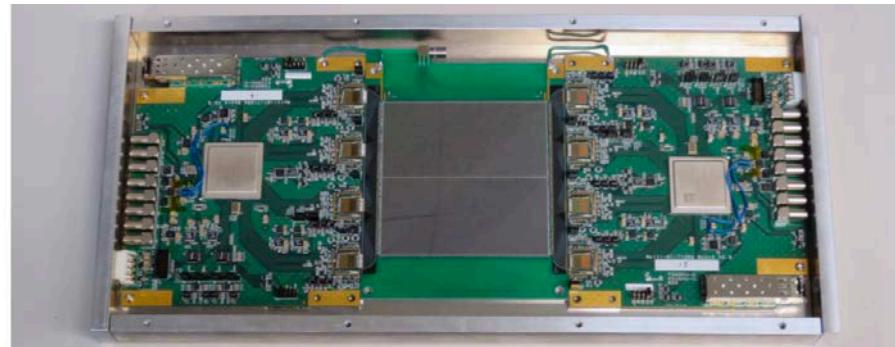


## New frontend ASIC

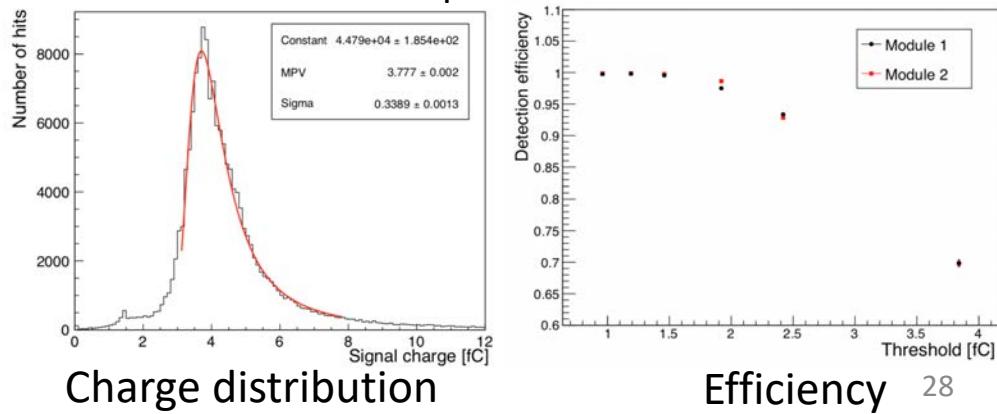


## Test module

JINST 15 P04027 (2020)



# Test results with positron beam at Tohoku U



# Schedule and milestone

29

Data taking

First result

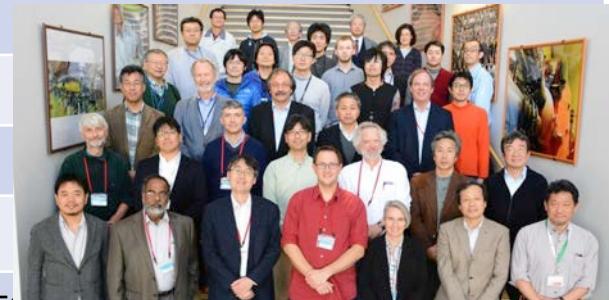
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
KEK Budget							
Surface muon		★ Beam at H1 area		★ Beam at H2 area			
Bldg. and facility	Pre-inspection				★ Completion 0.2		
Muon source		★ Ionization test @S2		★ Ionization test at H2			
LINAC		★ 1 MeV acceleration@S2		★ 4.5 MeV@ H2	★ 210 MeV ★ 10 MeV		
Injection and storage		★ Completion of electron injection test				★ muon injection	
Storage magnet			★ B-field probe ready	★ Install		★ Shimming done	
Detector		★ Mass production ready			★ Installation		
DAQ and computing				★ Ready			
Analysis				★ Analysis software ready ★ Analysis environment ready			

Commissioning

Data taking

# History

Date	Events
July, 2009	LOI submitted to PAC8
Jan, 2010	Proposal submitted to PAC9
Jan, 2012	CDR submitted to PAC13, Milestones defined.
July, 2012	Stage-1 status recommended by PAC15, granted by the IPNS
May, 2015	TDR submitted to PAC
Oct, 2016	Revised TDR submitted to PAC and FRC
June, 2016	Selected as a KEK-PIP priority project
Nov, 2016	<b>Focused review on technical design</b>
Dec, 2017	Responses and Revised TDR submitted to PAC
July, 2018 Nov, 2018	Stage-2 status recommended by IPNS-PAC Stage-2 status granted by the IPNS director
Jan, 2019	Stage-2 status recommended by IMSS-PAC Stage-2 status granted by the IMSS director
Mar, 2019	KEK-SAC endorsed the E34 for the near-term priority
June, 2020 July, 2020	KEK prepares for a funding request to MEXT Collaboration received a grant-in-aid funding for detector + field monitor + injection BT + a part of acc. cavities



# The collaboration

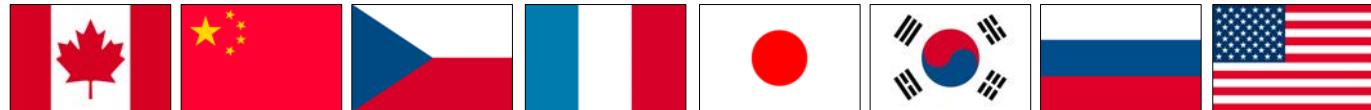


**Collaboration board (CB)**  
Chair: Seonho Choi



**Executive board (EB)**  
Spokesperson: T. Mibe

110 members from Canada, China, Czech, France, India, Japan, Korea, Russia, USA



## Subgroups

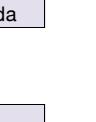
### Surface muon beam

leader: T. Yamazaki, N. Kawamura



### Ultra-slow muon

leader: K. Ishida, G. Marshall



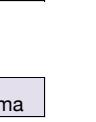
### LINAC

leader: Y. Kondo, M. Otani



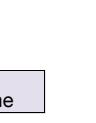
### Injection and storage

leader: H. Iinuma



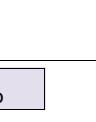
### Storage magnet, field measurements

leader: T. Kume



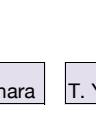
### Detector

leader: T. Yoshioka



### DAQ and computing

leader: Y. Sato, S. Lee



### Analysis

leader: T. Yamanaka (K. Hayasaka)

## Interface coordinators



## Committees

### Speakers committee

chair: K. Ishida, E. Won

### Publication committee

chair: S. Eidelman

## Domestic institutes:

Kyushu, Nagoya, Tohoku, Niigata, Tokyo, Ibaraki, RIKEN, JAEA, etc.

KEK: IPNS, IMSS, ACC, CRY, MEC



# Summary and outlook

- **The J-PARC experiment** aims to measure muon g-2 and EDM with the reaccelerated thermal muon beam with compact storage ring.
  - **New method (complementary to magic gamma experiments)**
  - **EDM sensitivity  $\sim 1E-21 \text{ e}\cdot\text{cm}$** 
    - All-tracking detector set up
    - Very weak magnetic focusing
- **Important contributions and supports** from the US physicists in the past.
  - Experimental design (initial design, technical review)
  - Cross calibrations
- The experiment is under preparation aiming for data taking from 2025.