



Collider data analysis strategies: Thoughts on object identification and event classification

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Setting the scene

- It is still extremely exciting to be in Particle Physics [& in Collider Physics]
 - ◆ LHC: Discovery of a Higgs boson; exhaustively studying its properties
 - Many more to learn; Higgs becomes an exploration tool for BSM physics
 - ◆ Unique opportunity: direct impact on the choice & design of next generation particle collider(s)
 - Various options: e^+e^- linear vs. circular (even $\mu^+\mu^-$) and/or hadrons

- Main physics priorities:

e^+e^- (focus on low/med E_{cm})

- Measure EW/H/top properties $< 1\%$
[necessary to probe $M_{NP} > O(1\text{TeV})$]
- Flavor physics (e.g. FC violation)
- Very weakly coupled particles
(e.g., RH neutrinos, dark photons)

hh (e.g., $E_{cm} \sim O(100)\text{TeV}$)

- Direct search of particles with $M \sim 30\text{TeV}$
- Usual suspects: DM, SUSY, ..
- EW/H/top physics and rare processes

- Success of the physics program requires coherent effort in all areas
 - ◆ detector design, triggers/DAQ, event reconstruction & ID, analysis techniques + TH
- This talk: focus more on thoughts/challenges related to future colliders
 - ◆ yet, many relevant for the upcoming LHC and HL-LHC runs

Some thoughts

■ Detector optimization:

- ◆ **e⁺e⁻**: Tracking: as low material as possible
- ◆ **hh**: TRK/Calo granularity for ultra high-p_T objects and PU

■ Object reconstruction:

- ◆ e.g., e⁺e⁻: goal max efficiency and precision
 - jet clustering: inclusive, exclusive, full evt?

■ Object identification:

- ◆ Heavy flavor (b/c) ID: extend to s/ud/gluons
- Also: soft &/or displaced particles

■ Key player: Advanced ML

[e.g. lower-level info (particles → hits/clusters)]

- ◆ But: understand what ML learns:
 - need uncertainties under control/calibration
 - EXP-TH x-talk: tune/develop MC GEN

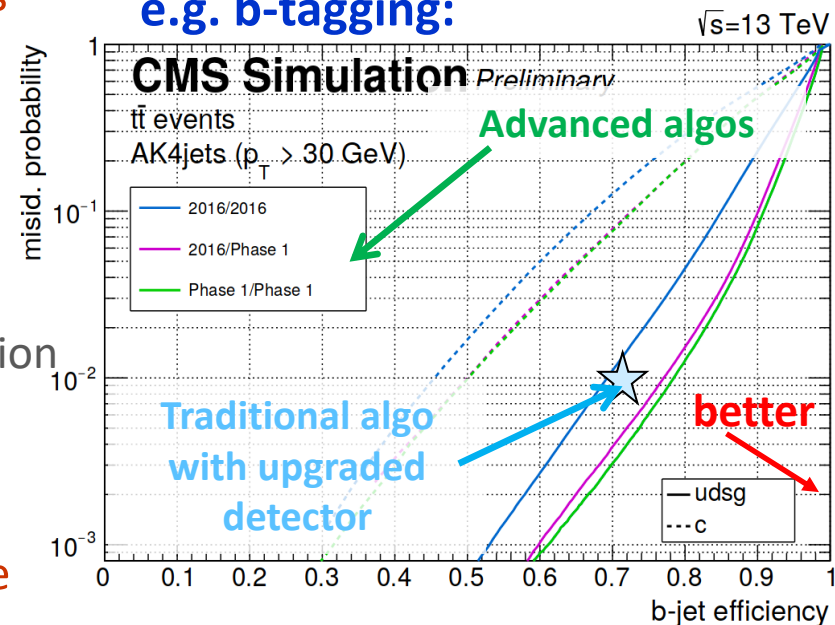
■ Other considerations: Cost

- ◆ Absolute performance vs. cost-performance
- ◆ Can improvements in algos/computing compensate more affordable detectors?

Successful LHC recipe

- Detector capabilities
- Theory/Pheno input
- Ingenuity in algo design
- Advanced tools (e.g., ML)
- Computing (GPU, HPC..)

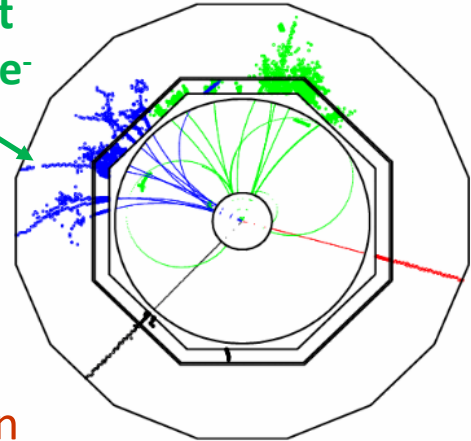
e.g. b-tagging:



Some thoughts (II)

$e^+e^-: Z(-\rightarrow\mu\mu)H(-\rightarrow bb)$

Full event
reco in e^+e^-

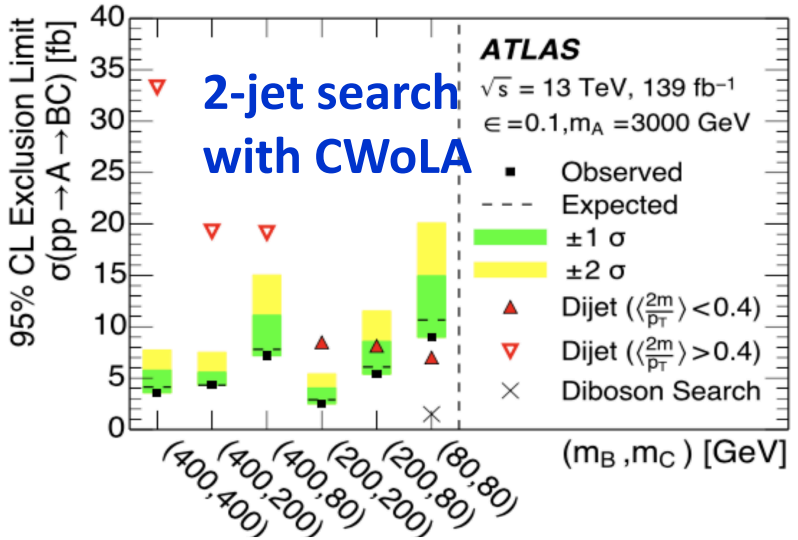


- Improving event categorization:
 - ◆ Novel techniques DL, multi-class evt categorization
 - ◆ Novel observables [e.g. track-based ones]
- Generally:
 - ◆ Increase effort on more complex topologies [LLP, dark sector]
 - ◆ Challenge [particularly in e^+e^-]:
achieve systematic uncertainties similar to statistical precision

■ Current LHC results do not concretely point to any BSM scenario/ mass scale

Explore the unknowns:

- ◆ Alternative methods: VAE, CWoLA, ...
- ◆ e.g. Train on “known” jets types [QCD, top, H, Z, W] look for outliers: unconventional jets
 - Similarly in event classification [probably more relevant for hh colliders]



■ All these strongly coupled to the advancements in computing

- ◆ FPGAs for HPC, Quantum computing, ..