

# Linear Collider Physics Analysis in Jupyter

# Let's get started

- Log on to your computer
  - For OSG: `ssh -L 80xy:localhost:80xy login.snowmass21.io`
  - `x=0 y=9` is mine.
  - Pick your own `x` and `y`.
- Download julia
  - For OSG: `wget https://julialang-s3.julialang.org/bin/linux/x64/1.5/julia-1.5.0-linux-x86\_64.tar.gz`
  - `tar xzf julia-1.5.0-linux-x86_64.tar.gz`
  - `julia-1.5.0/bin/julia`
- Start julia – this is the REPL (read-eval-print loop)
  - Powerful support for different modes: e.g., shell, package, julia, C++ modes
  - `] add IJulia # ]` starts the package mode
  - build IJulia
  - Backspace to get back to julia mode
- Start the notebook
  - On your laptop
    - using IJulia
    - `notebook()`
  - On OSG
    - `source /cvmfs/belle.cern.ch/tools/b2setup release-04-02-08`
    - `jupyter notebook --no-browser --port=8009`

# Running the notebooks

- Run the notebooks from here: [https://github.com/jstrube/LC\\_with\\_Julia\\_examples/blob/main/Snowmass/higgs\\_recoil.ipynb](https://github.com/jstrube/LC_with_Julia_examples/blob/main/Snowmass/higgs_recoil.ipynb)
- You will see that it won't run!
- Not all necessary packages have been installed. The error message will tell you what to do. Click on the + symbol to add a new cell and copy and paste the code that the error message suggests.
  - This is how you add new packages.
- Add all packages that you see in the notebook (using xxx)
  - If you follow in the REPL instead of the notebook, replace "StatsPlots" with "UnicodePlots"
- Run again
  - You will see messages like "Precompiling...". This will take a while, but it's only necessary after installing or updating packages.
- In the meantime, let's move on with the slides.

# Julia – the "ju" in Jupyter

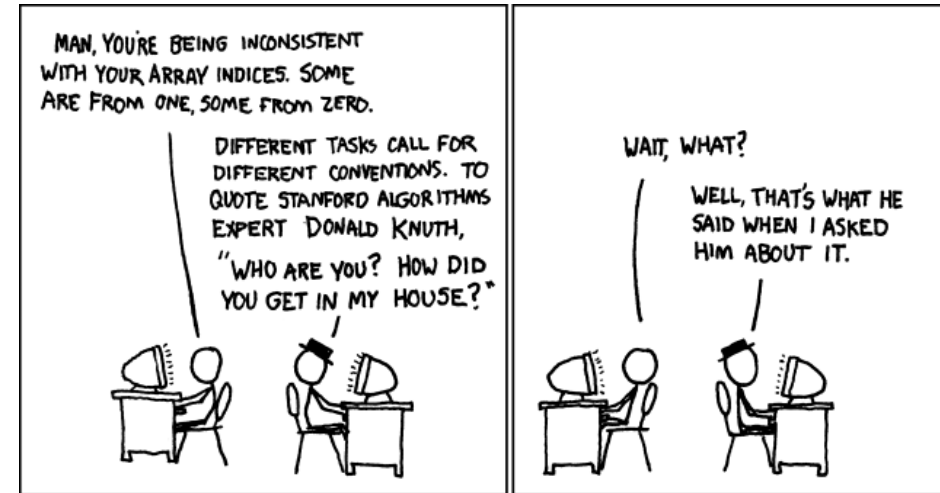
- Support for multithreaded, concurrent, and distributed processing
- Unicode support for variables
- Interactive programming
- Multi-dimensional arrays (like numpy, but built-in)
- Rich ecosystem for technical computing
  - Statistics: Distributions.jl, Turing.jl (probabilistic programming), ...
  - Differential Equations: DifferentialEquations.jl, SciML.ai
  - Deep Learning: Flux.jl, Knet.jl
  - Plotting: Plots.jl (with different backends), PyPlot.jl (wrapper around matplotlib)
- Salespoint for me: Allows me to explore the data, and when I need a fast function for serious work (e.g. a new calorimeter clustering), I can write it in the same language I use for interactive exploration.

# First steps in Julia

- Julia supports unicode: Enter `\mu<TAB>`
  - UTF-8 is fully supported, but not everything has a `\`-shortcut
- Full support for matrices
  - `X = randn((20, 10))` # makes a 20x10 matrix
  - `Y = X'` # transposes the matrix
- Iterations and printing similar to python
  - `for x in 0:10 println(x) end`
  - Note: no `:"`, but `"end"` to delimit blocks
- Functions don't need type parameters (but you can use them)
  - `F(x) = sin(x)` is a function
  - `function F(x::Int64) sin(1.5x) end` is another function with the same name.
  - Return is optional. The value of the last statement in the function is returned.  
`function F(x::Float64) return sin(0.5x) end` is also fine.

# Some noteworthy differences to languages you may be familiar with

- 1-based indexing by default
  - [Or, random, if you want](#)
- Structs, yes, but no member functions
  - [Multiple dispatch instead](#)
  - Use the object as the first parameter of the function instead.  
Example: C++: `vec.size()`   Julia: `length(vec)`
- No semicolon required, no indentation or `{}` to delimit blocks
  - `If ... end; for ... end, function ... end`



# Further information about Julia

- Starting point: <https://julialang.org>
  - Documentation: <https://docs.julialang.org/en/v1/>
    - Note that things that run in v1.0 are guaranteed to run in any v1.x, but do choose the latest version to get more features.
  - Other learning resources: <https://julialang.org/learning/>
- The recent community conference online has a good mix of introductory and overview material <https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLP8iPy9hna6Tl2UHTrm4jnIYrLklcAROR>

# LCIO

- Common event data model for linear collider detector data
  - SiD, ILD, CLICdp can freely share data and code and have done so extensively
- Used by Whizard to implement features that aren't supported by stdhep (e.g. polarization)
- Open source <https://github.com/ilcSoft/LCIO>
- Implementations / bindings in C++, Python, go, Java, Fortran, Julia
- API  
Documentation: [https://ilcsoft.desy.de/LCIO/current/doc/doxygen\\_api/html/namespaceEVENT.html](https://ilcsoft.desy.de/LCIO/current/doc/doxygen_api/html/namespaceEVENT.html)
  - If LCIO uses `obj.method(par1, par2)`, Julia uses `method(obj, par1, par2)`
  - Not all methods are implemented or exported, yet. If you are missing anything, please file an issue: <https://github.com/jstrube/LCIO.jl/issues>