



# $\nu$ energy reconstruction based on Pandora And Interface for RegCNN

**DUNE Reconstruction Workshop** 

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Sept. 17, 2020

# Motivation

- ► UCI group is developing Convolutional Neural Networks for neutrino energy reconstruction
  - Both  $\nu_e$  and  $\nu_\mu$  energy can be reconstructed by CNN models
- ➤ In order to make "apple to apple" comparisons, we also reconstructed neutrino energy by the traditional method (kinematics-based method, <u>DUNE-doc-2278</u> by Nick Grant et al.)
  - Some preliminary results show that CNN models can outperform the traditional method for both  $\nu_e$  and  $\nu_\mu$  energy reconstruction (*DUNE-doc-13885* by Ilsoo Seong et al.)
  - The traditional method relies on reconstructed showers and tracks. Currently, default track and shower results come from *pmtrack* and *emshower* module
  - pandoraTrack and pandoraShower maybe more well-maintained modules for track and shower reconstruction
- > This report basically repeated the procedures in <u>DUNE-doc-2278</u> and focused on  $\nu_{\mu}$  energy reconstruction

### **Kinematics-based method**

$$E_{\nu} = E_{\rm lep}^{\rm cor} + E_{\rm had}^{\rm cor}$$

- >  $\nu_e$  CC energy: divide event into reconstructed shower with highest charge and hadronic energy
- >  $\nu_{\mu}$  CC energy: divide event into longest reconstructed track and hadronic energy
- Hadronic/Electron energy: electron lifetime (wire-by-wire) and recombination (constant) corrected calorimetric energy

### **Kinematics-based method**









#### Hadronic E







- Result for contained tracks in the tech note is re-produced
- pmtrack and pandoraTrack have similar performance on contained events



#### Numu E: energy dependency of energy resolution



Fit a gaussian to the resolution distribution for each energy bin

pandoraTrack tends to have lower Reco. E for all energies, may be further improved by fine tune the calibration parameters

### For events with exiting tracks Lepton P





#### Hadronic E



technote DUNE-doc-2278



- Result for contained tracks in the tech note is re-produced
- There is an obvious tail on the negative side which diminishes the resolution



pmtrack

pandoraTrack



- For large momentum muons, the MCS method fails to calculate the momentum and always give a value smaller than the true momentum
- ➤ Those events will fall into the negative region of the resolution distribution

► If we only interested on events with energies below 10 GeV

![](_page_12_Figure_2.jpeg)

- We can achieve comparable resolution as contained events for exiting events with energies smaller than 10 GeV
- pmtrack and pandoraTrack have similar performance

#### Numu E: energy dependency of energy resolution

![](_page_13_Figure_2.jpeg)

► Fit a gaussian to the resolution distribution for each energy bin

Similar performance for pmtrack and pandoraTrack

# Interface for RegCNN in LArSoft

- We developed an interface for RegCNN in LArSoft
  - Neural networks for  $\nu_e$  and  $\nu_\mu$  CC events are implemented

![](_page_14_Figure_3.jpeg)

- ► The implementation for 3D CNN is ongoing
  - For direction reconstruction

# Summary and prospect

- We evaluated the effect of different track reconstruction methods on the neutrino energy resolution
  - pmtrack and pandoraTrack give similar performance for both contained events and exiting events
  - pandoraTrack may be more well-maintained
- MCS method fails for high energy muon tracks, may need further investigation on this method
- The interface for CNN models for estimating  $\nu_e$  and  $\nu_\mu$  energy in LArSoft have been implemented
  - The interface for 3D CNN models is currently ongoing

# Backup

### **Calibration: MCS momentum**

pmtrack

![](_page_17_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_17_Figure_3.jpeg)

#### **Calibration: hadronic E with exiting tracks**

pmtrack pandoraTrack 0.9 Uncorrected hadronic energy [GeV] Jncorrected hadronic energy [GeV]  $\chi^2$  / ndf  $\chi^2$  / ndf 4.971 / 12 48.85 / 28 0.8 Intercept 0.089 ± 0.004094 Intercept -0.0195 ± 0.01039 Gradient 0.6179 ± 0.006445 Gradient 0.5781 ± 0.01253 0.7 0.8 0.6 0.6 0.5 0.4 0.4 0.3 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.6 1.2 1.4 1.6 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.2 1.6 0.8 0 0 0.4 1.4 True hadronic energy [GeV] True hadronic energy [GeV]