



Advanced Ionisation Cooling



Science & Technology Facilities Council

ISIS Neutron and Muon Source

C. T. Rogers on behalf of Lol signees
and
Muon Collider Collaboration

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Muon Collider Facility

- **Muon beam physics** highlighted as **high priority initiative** by European strategy update
 - ~10 TeV Muon Collider has **physics reach comparable to FCC-hh**
 - **Footprint** is considerably **smaller**
 - Many technical risks mitigated by previous studies and prototypes
- CERN-led Muon Collider Collaboration formed in June
- Reminder – muon collider facility (proton-based)
 - Protons on target → pions, muons et al.
 - **Transverse and longitudinal cooling**
 - Acceleration
 - Collider ring
- **Ionisation Cooling** is **key technology** to deliver luminosity
 - Needs to work in muon lifetime (2 μ s)



Muon Cooling

- **Muon ionisation cooling** has been **demonstrated**
- Now understand potential issues
 - Longitudinal emittance
 - Very high field solenoids
 - “Conventional” intensity effects
 - Absorber heating
 - Plasma loading of cavities
 - Day-to day operation
 - ...
- Propose **program** of
 - **Prioritisation** using simulation
 - Hardware **prototyping**
 - **Beam tests** where necessary

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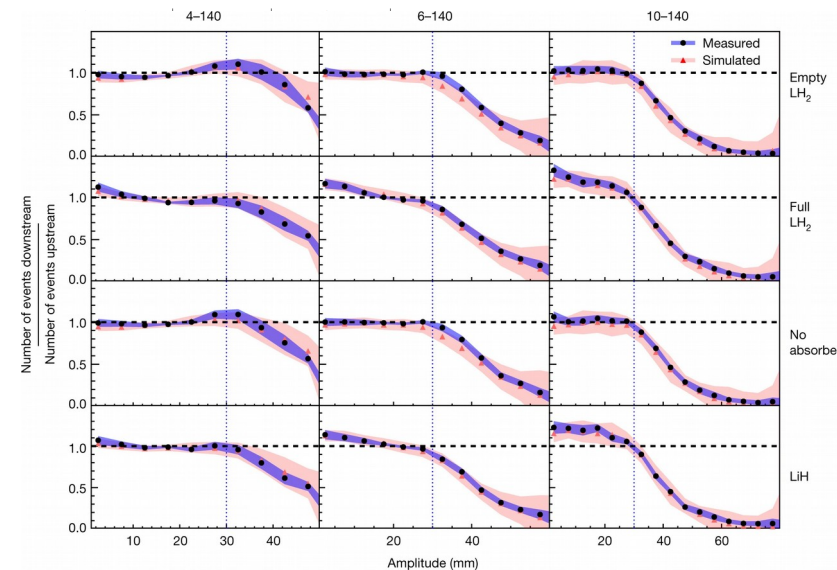
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Demonstration of cooling by the Muon Ionization Cooling Experiment

MICE collaboration

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Beam Tests

- Single-pass (linac) prototype
 - Measurement of cooling challenging
- Ring prototype
 - Multi-turns → bigger cooling signal
 - May be more expensive
- Muons
 - Difficult to get to high intensities
- Protons
 - High intensities available
 - Energy loss regime is quite different → thin absorbers
 - Nuclear effects may also contribute
- **Phased approach** may be productive
 - Build a ring segment for protons; add more segments for muons
- Aim to **reliably build, and operate**, muon collider source
 - Deliver unprecedented physics reach of the muon collider

