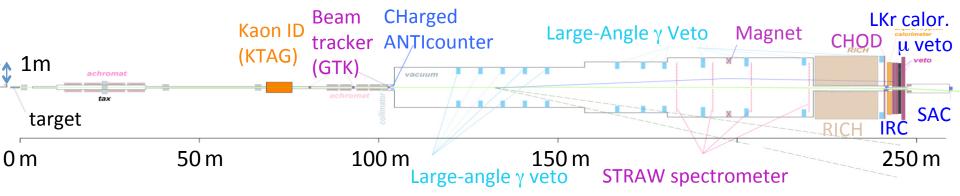
Dark sector searches at the CERN highintensity kaon beam facility

T. Spadaro (LNF – INFN) on behalf of the NA62 and KLEVER collaborations

NA62: a high-intensity setup

High-intensity secondary charged hadron beam produced from SPS proton beam: 1.1 10¹² 400-GeV protons/s from ~3 s SPS spills onto a Be target

Secondary 75-GeV beam selected: 1% momentum bite, X,Y divergence < 100 μrad



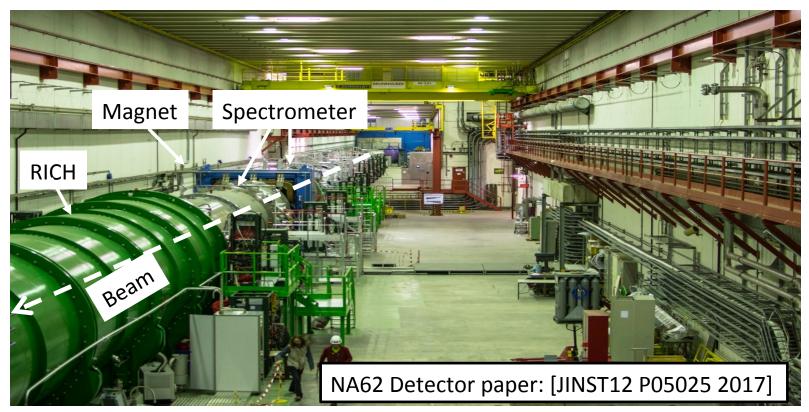
Can track 750 MHz beam (6% K⁺) and sustain ~5 MHz K⁺ decay in a 60-m long FV in vacuum Kinematics, rejection of main K modes $10^4 - 10^5$ via kinematic reconstruction

PID capability, μ vs π rejection of O(10⁸) for 15 < p(π ⁺) < 35 GeV

High-efficiency veto of additional photons, O(10⁸) rejection of $\pi^{0'}$ s for E(π^{0}) > 40 GeV

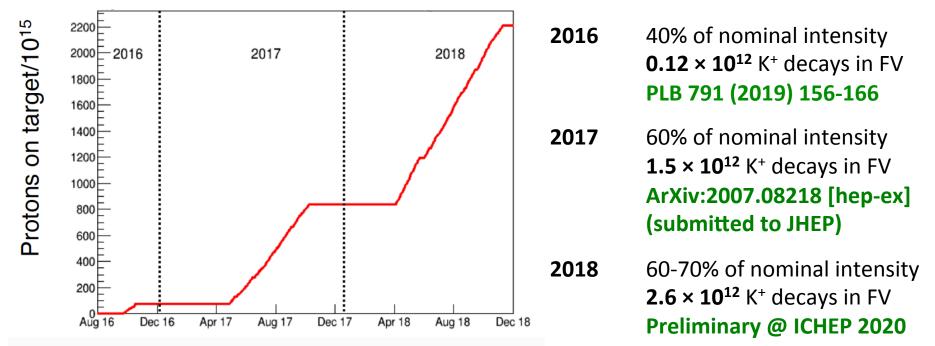
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NA62: a high-intensity setup



The NA62 data taking

Overall ~2.2 × 10¹⁸ protons on target (POT) in Run 1, three rounds of K $\rightarrow \pi v v$ analysis



Physics goal of the Lol

Exploring dark-sector scenarios in the MeV-GeV from the high-intensity NA62 setup

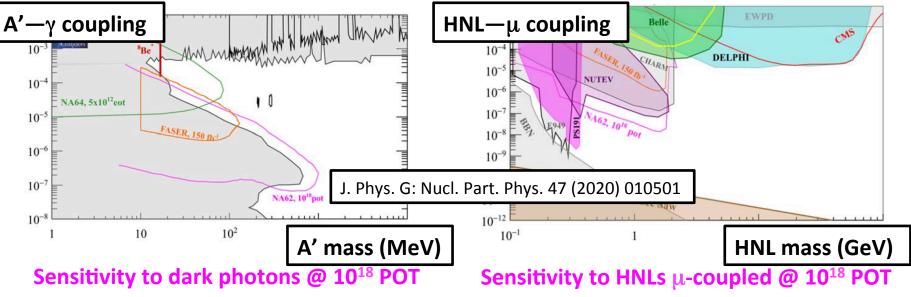
- 1. From K⁺ decays: ~ 5 × 10¹² in the FV from Run 1, expect × 3 from Run 2
- production of a dark scalar S in $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ S$ decays;
- production and decay of a MeV-scale ALP: $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ a$, $a \rightarrow e^+ e^-$ prompt;
- production of dark scalar or vector particles in $K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu X$, X invisible or $X \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$, e^+e^- , or $\gamma\gamma$ prompt;
- production of massless dark photons or invisible light ALPs in $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0 X$;
- production of long-lived heavy neutral leptons in $K^+ \rightarrow (\pi^0) e^+N$ and $K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+N$;
- production and decay of short-lived heavy neutral leptons, e.g. $K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ N$, $N \rightarrow e^+ e^- v$ with a displaced vertex

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Physics goal of the Lol

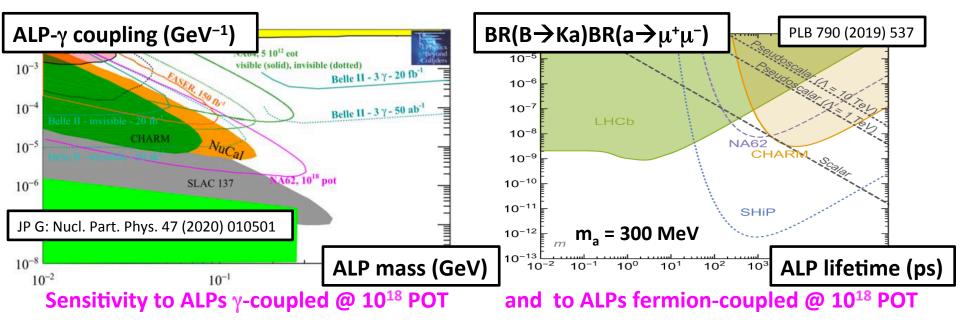
Exploring dark-sector scenarios in the MeV-GeV from the high-intensity NA62 setup **2. From ultra-rare K decays** \rightarrow **See M. Moulson's talk in RF2**

- 3. With dedicated runs in beam-dump mode: sensitivity to most final states
- 4. With dedicated parasitic triggers: sensitivity to di-muon, lepton-muon final states



Physics goal of the Lol

Exploring dark-sector scenarios in the MeV-GeV from the high-intensity NA62 setup **3. Data taken in beam-dump mode:** 2×10^{16} POT in Run 1, 10^{18} POT foreseen in Run 2 **4. Parasitic mode:** 7×10^{17} POT for $\mu\mu$, 2×10^{17} POT for $\pi\mu$ final states in Run 1



Rare Processes and Precision Frontier Townhall Meeting - RF6 parallel session

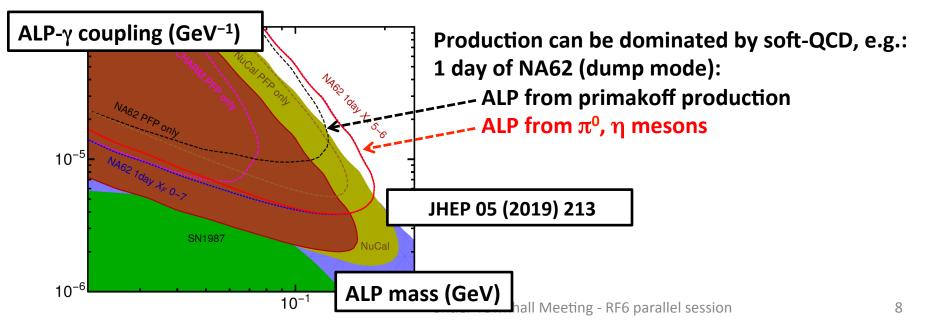
The production mechanism

The proton beam interacts in a dump producing mesons, strange, charmed, beauty particles which decay producing dark-sector particles...

... feebly interacting enough to reach and decay a sensitive volume beyond beam dump

Feeble interaction: ultra-suppressed production rate, very long-lived states

E.g.: M(HNL) = 1 GeV, $\tau \simeq 10^{-5}$ --10⁻² s, $\lambda \simeq 10$ --10000 Km at SPS, production suppression 10⁻⁷--10⁻¹⁰



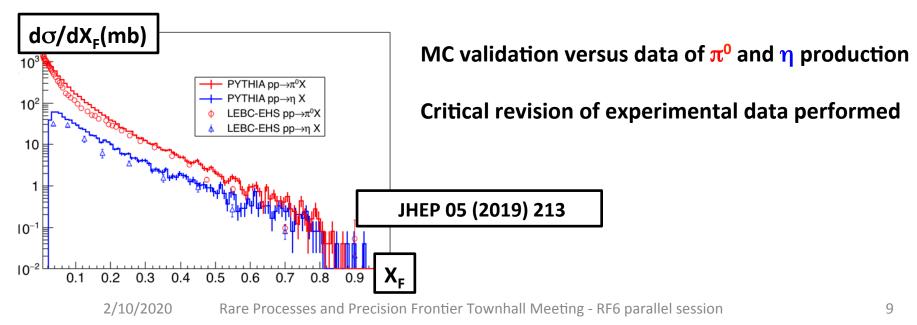
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A joint phenomenological effort

Expected production cross section usually evaluated on a case-by-case basis for each proposal

A common framework would allow a coherent comparison of the expected sensitivities: Soft-QCD effects Secondary/tertiary production of strange, charmed, beauty particles in hadronic showers Polarization effects

A validation campaign for any MC in low-energy regime (Vs < 30 GeV) would be useful

Existing proposals/running experiment with sensitivity in the MeV-GeV from the use of fixedtarget hadron beam would profit of such an effort, e.g.: 1, 10, 120, 400 GeV proton beams

Perspectives and timeline

Results from NA62 Run 1 expected for Q2 2021, e.g.: γ -coupled ALP $\rightarrow \gamma\gamma$, fermionic ALP $\rightarrow \mu\mu$ Basis for exotics searches in Run 2, with 10¹⁸ POT planned in beam-dump mode Parasitic trigger lines will be kept insofar compatible with the main physics programme

Major hardware improvements in the NA62 setup for Run 2:

Installation of an anti-halo hodoscope just upstream of the decay region Improved redundancy and sweeping performance of second achromat for K beam tracking Installation of an additional veto calorimeter just upstream of the Kaon-beam dump

Continuation of exotics searches with parasitic triggers possible, depending on results from other dedicated experiments and compatibility with main programme

Future program with high-intensity K's and the KLEVER project, see M. Moulson @ RF2

Spare slides

2/10/2020

Rare Processes and Precision Frontier Townhall Meeting - RF6 parallel session

Future plans after Run 2

NA62 high-intensity K⁺ discussion, Jan 19:

- Goal: Measure BR($K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ vv$) to 5%
- 4x primary intensity ("NA62x4"), based on feasibility studies for KLEVER beam
- Technological challenges, esp. beam and spectrometer tracking Adopt calorimetry and veto designs from KLEVER
- Significant interest from NA62 collaboration and community

Outcome of European Strategy Update:

- Support for intensity frontier physics reaffirmed Rare kaon decays explicitly mentioned in supporting document
- Physics Beyond Collider programs generally supported
- SPS beam dump facility judged to be to expensive

CERN-ESU-014 June 2020

Many of the proposals for new experiments at CERN are on a scale such that they could be considered for approval in the usual manner by the scientific committees and the Research Board. Among the proposals for larger-scale new facilities investigated within the Physics Beyond Colliders study, the Beam Dump Facility at the SPS emerged as one of the frontrunners. However, such a project would be difficult to resource within the CERN budget, considering the other recommendations of this Strategy.