



Neutrino physics with muon-decay medium-baseline neutrino beam facility(MOMENT)

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Collaborators: Jing-Yu Tang's team at IHEP,
Sampsa Vihonen, Tse-Chun Wang and Yibing Zhang at SYSU...

Snowmass NF09 workshop

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Table of contents

- Motivations
- Overview of the MOMENT project
- Precision measurements and new physics searches
- Summary

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- Precision measurements and new physics searches
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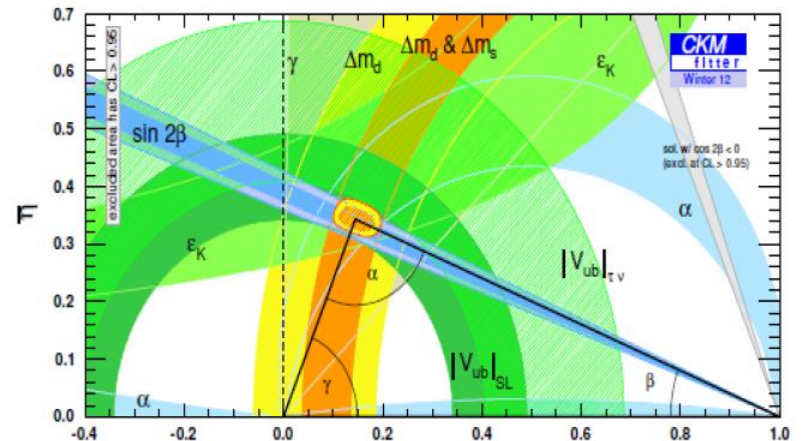
Motivations

$$U_{\text{PMNS}} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & c_{23} & s_{23} \\ 0 & -s_{23} & c_{23} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} c_{13} & 0 & s_{13} e^{-i\delta} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -s_{13} e^{i\delta} & 0 & c_{13} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} c_{12} & s_{12} & 0 \\ -s_{12} & c_{12} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$



Parameter	Value	Precision (%)
Δm_{21}^2	$7.37 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ eV}^2$	2.3
θ_{12}	34°	5.8
Δm_{32}^2	$2.52 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ eV}^2$	1.6
θ_{23}	42°	~ 9
θ_{13}	8.4°	4

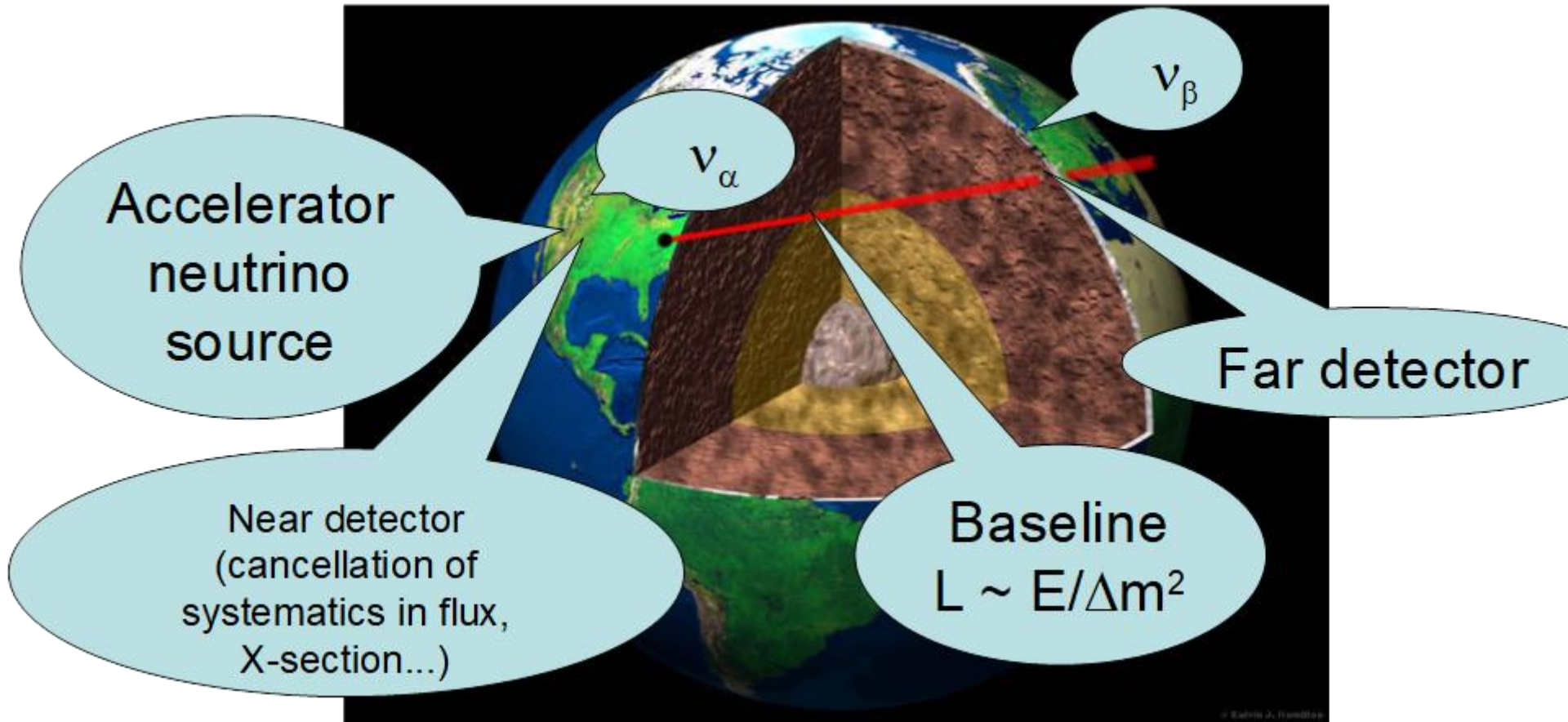
Capozzi et al.
PRD 95, 096014 (2017)



- PMNS precision $\sim O(1) \%$
- New physics might be hidden there

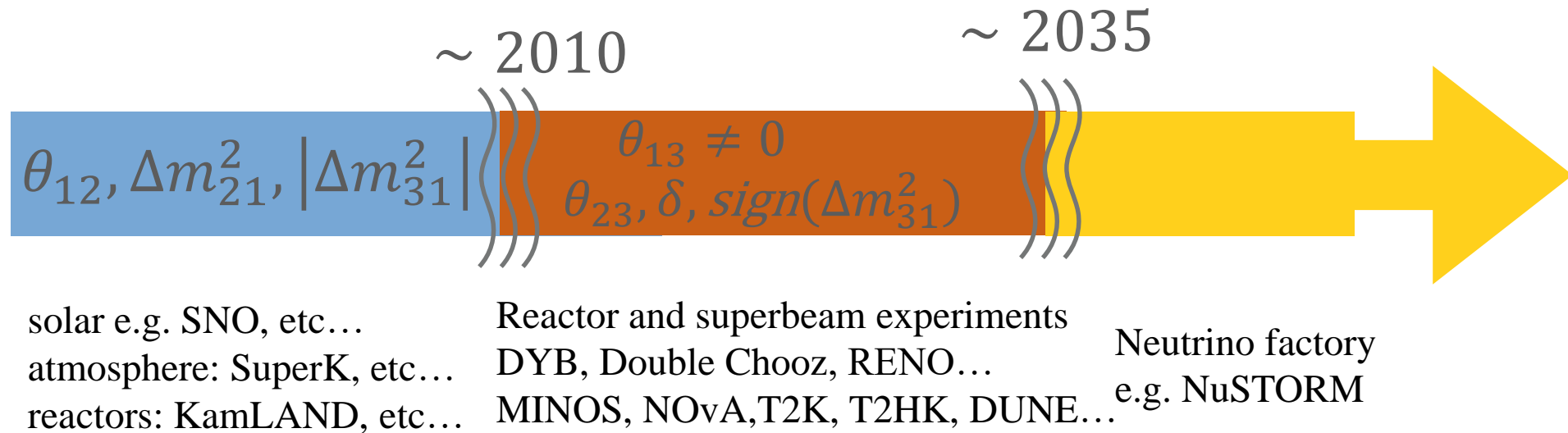
- CKM precision $\sim O(\bar{\Gamma}) \%$
- Previous discovery used as a tool to probe new physics

Precision measurement and new physics searches by accelerator neutrino oscillations



- Get the neutrino source as clean as possible. Muon decay v.s pion decay beams.
- Deploy the best detector to reconstruct the oscillated neutrino spectra: Gd-WC, LAr TPC, scintillator detector with charge identifications...
- Data mining: precision measurement & discovery of new physics...

International efforts



It is important to upgrade the neutrino source:

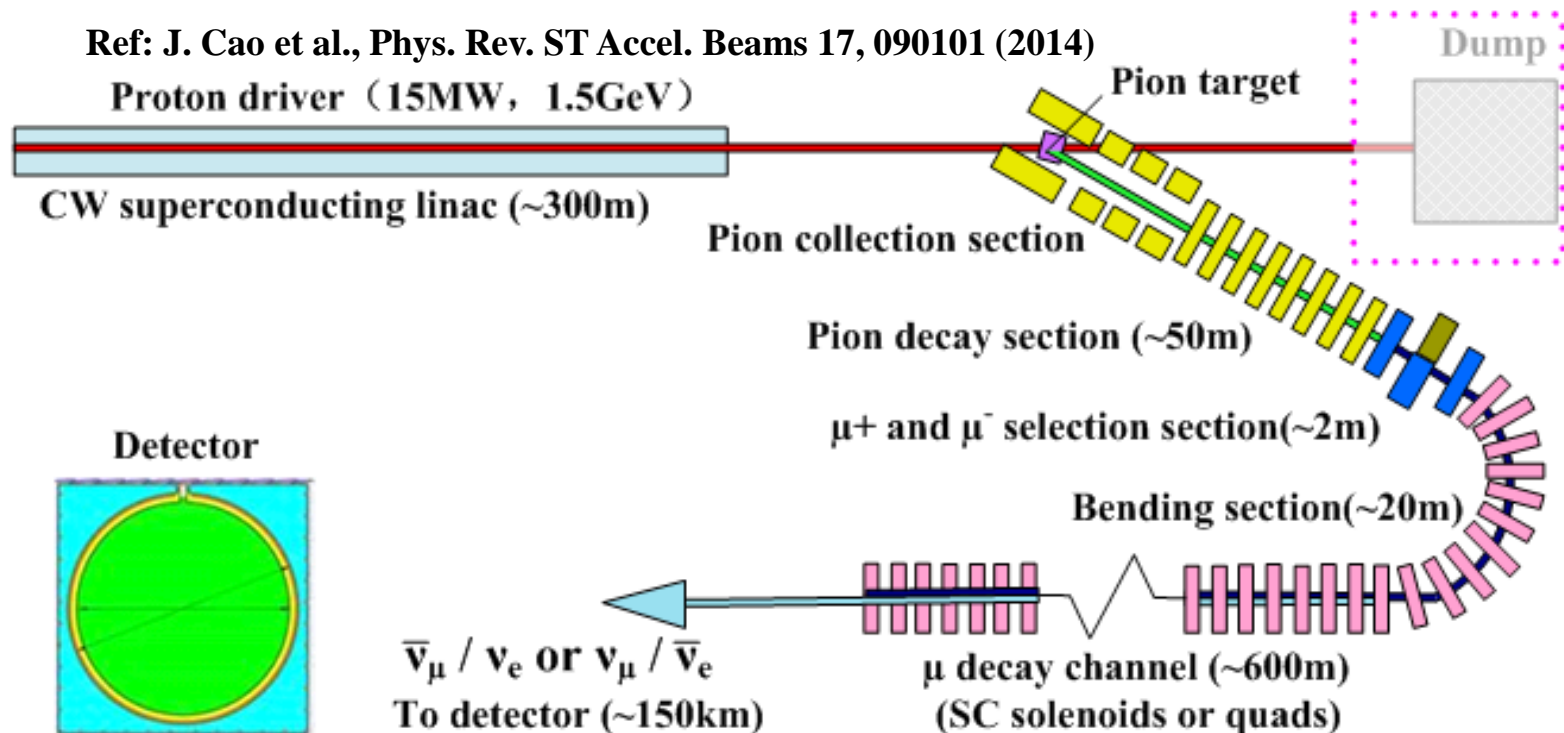
1. decrease the statistical uncertainties, i.e. enhance the ν flux intensity;
2. decrease the systematic uncertainties from the source;
3. reduce backgrounds from the source...

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History of the MOMENT project

- As DYB-III, the original goal is to measure the leptonic CP phase.
- Features: ADS or ADS-like linac, High-field SC solenoids + fluidized target, DC muon beam for neutrinos, medium energy neutrinos.
- Three working areas: accelerator muon source, target station, detector and physics.



Overview of MOMENT

(Muon-decay MEdium baseline NeuTrino beam facility)

- **MOMENT**: the proposal is still in an early stage ; the details have not been completely fixed.

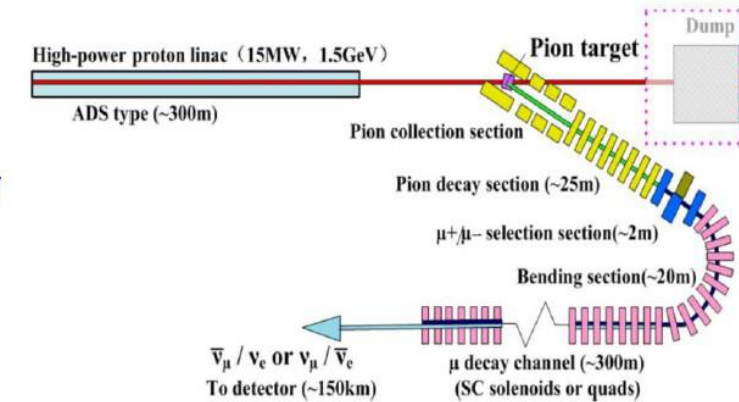
- **Peak energy**: 200 MeV

Neutrino energy range: 100MeV—800MeV

- **The lower beam energy at ~ 300 MeV:**
free from π^0 background

- **Baseline**: $L=150$ km

In the MOMENT: the neutrino flux peak at low energies
require a very massive detector to compensate
the low interaction cross section



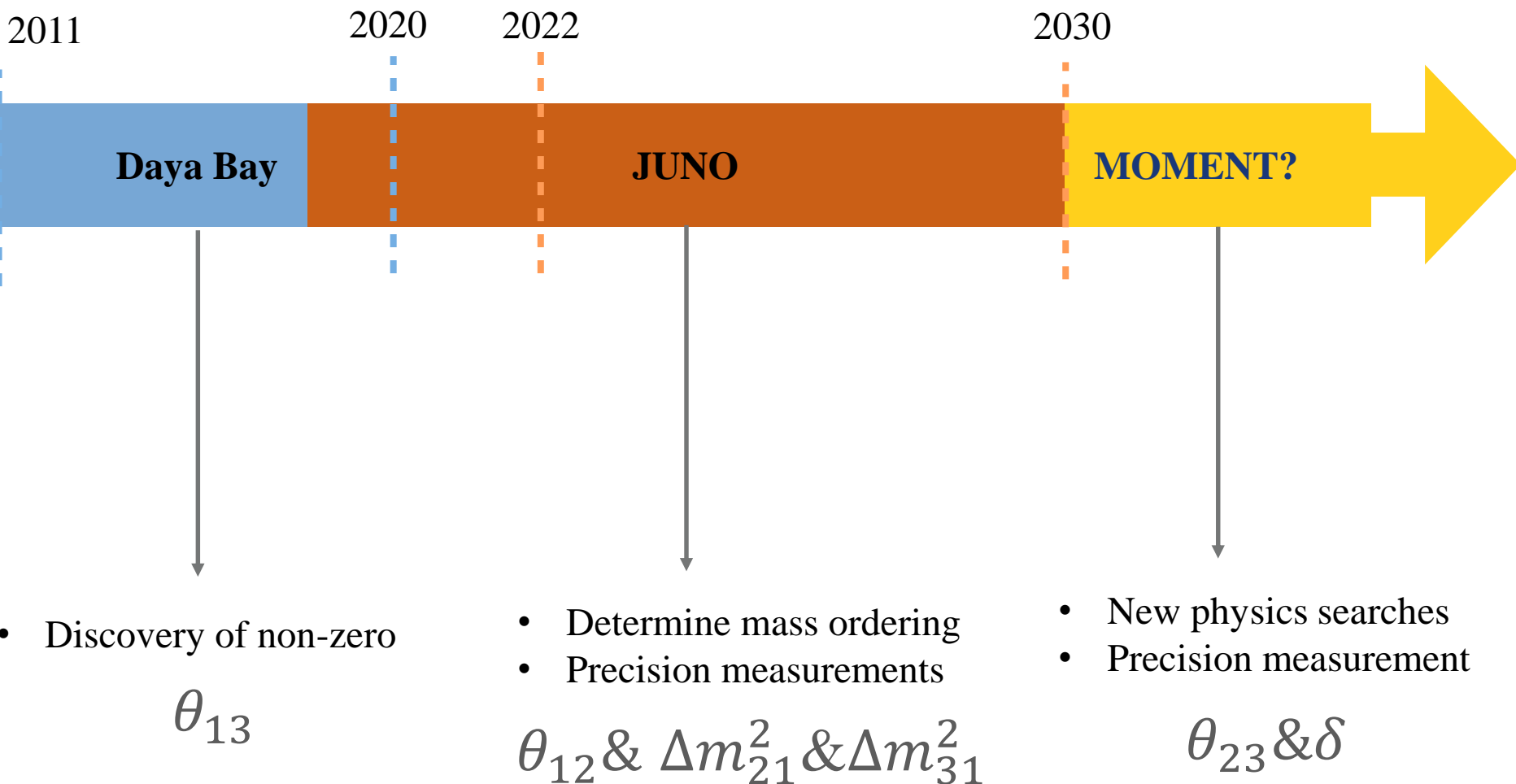
$$N_\nu(E) \sim \Phi_\nu(E) \times \sigma_\nu(E) \times \text{target}$$

ν flux (# neutrinos)
depends on your ν source
make this large!

detector (# targets)
make this large!

ν cross section
tiny ($\sim 10^{-38}$ cm²)
 $\sigma_{\nu}^{\text{tot}} \sim E_\nu$
go to higher energies

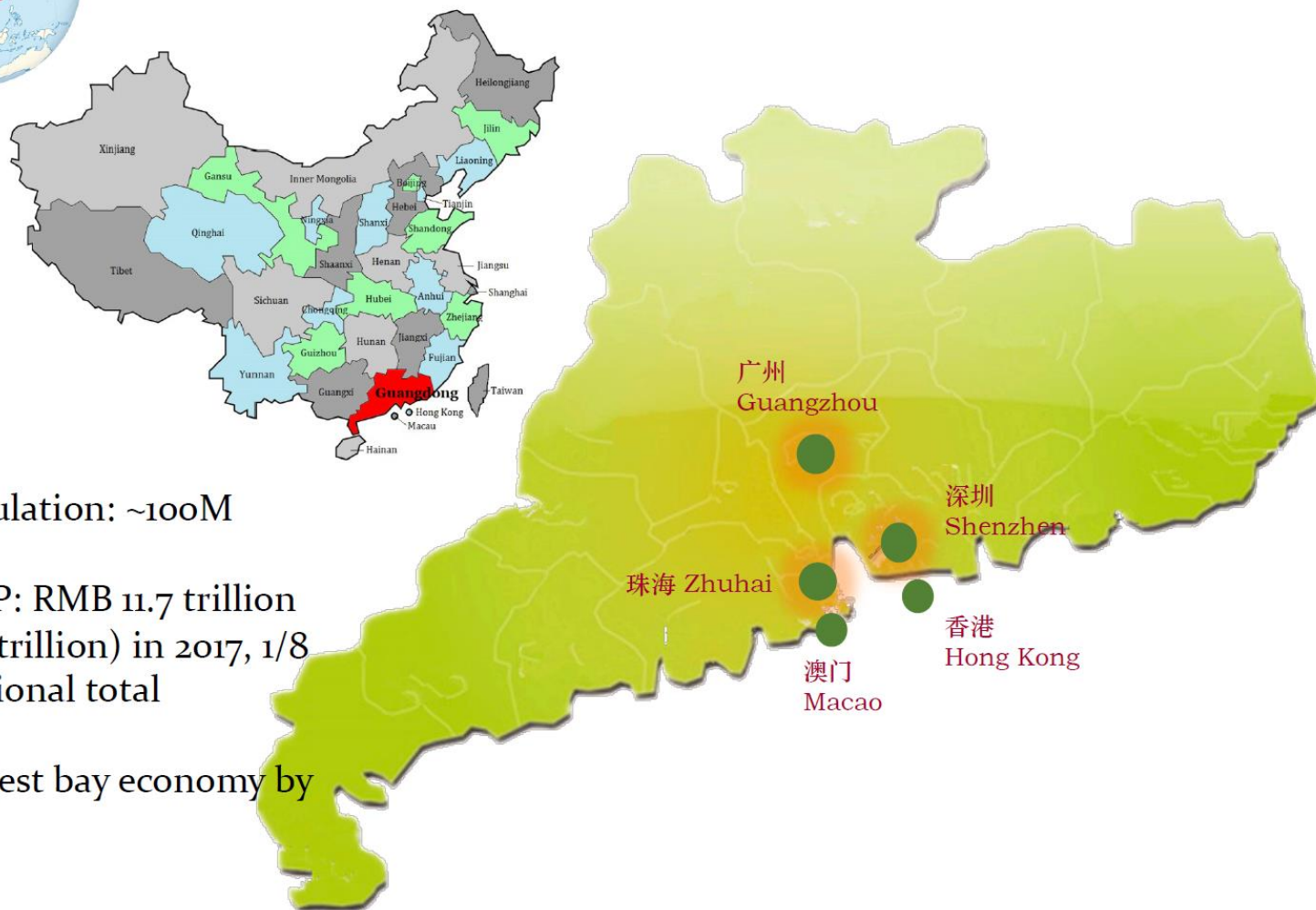
Roadmap of Chinese efforts



Guangdong-Hongkong-Macao Greater Bay Area



Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao Greater Bay Area

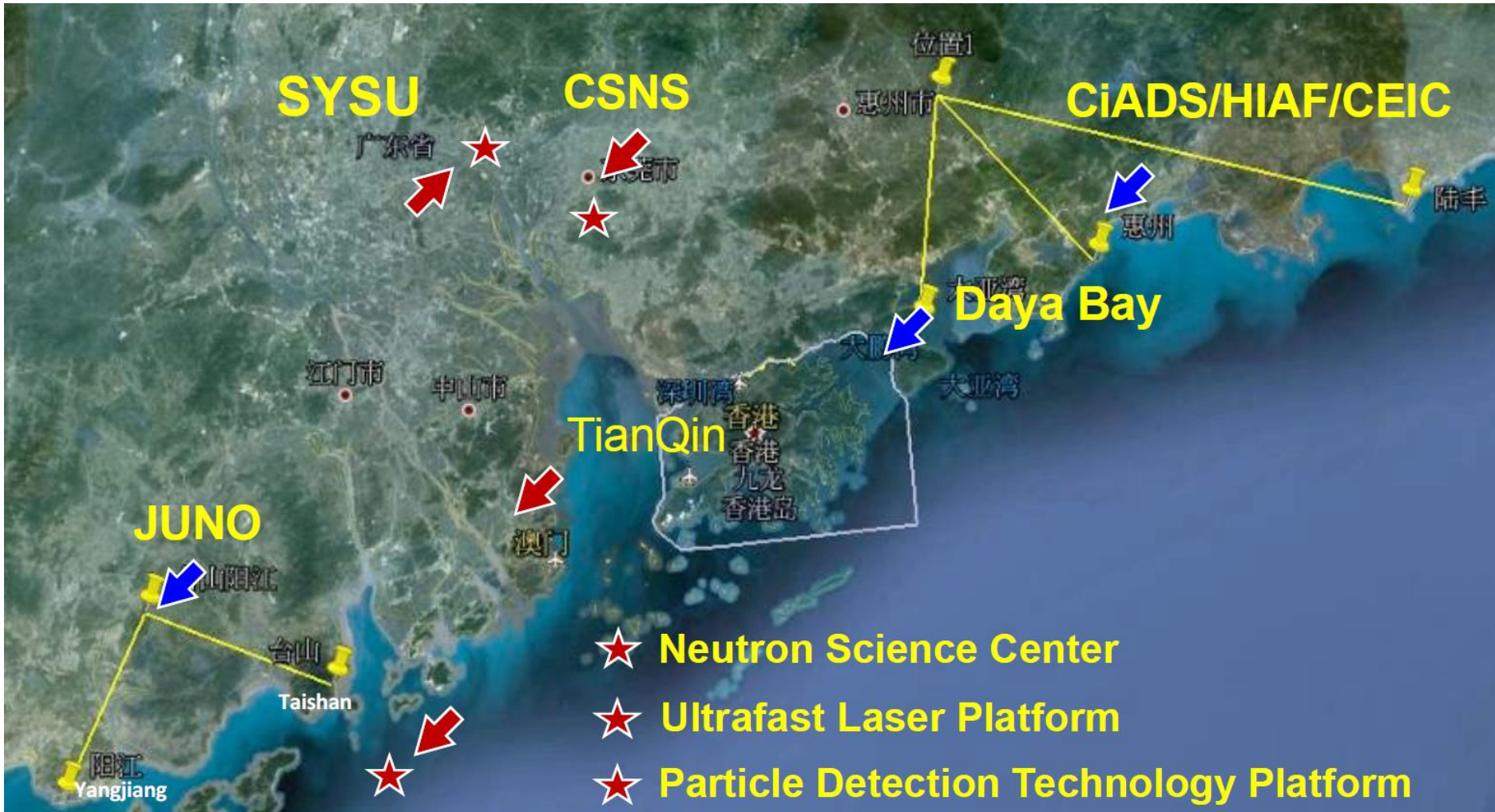


● Population: ~100M

● GDP: RMB 11.7 trillion
(\$1.83 trillion) in 2017, 1/8
of national total

● Largest bay economy by
2020

High-intensity facility center in Greater Bay Area

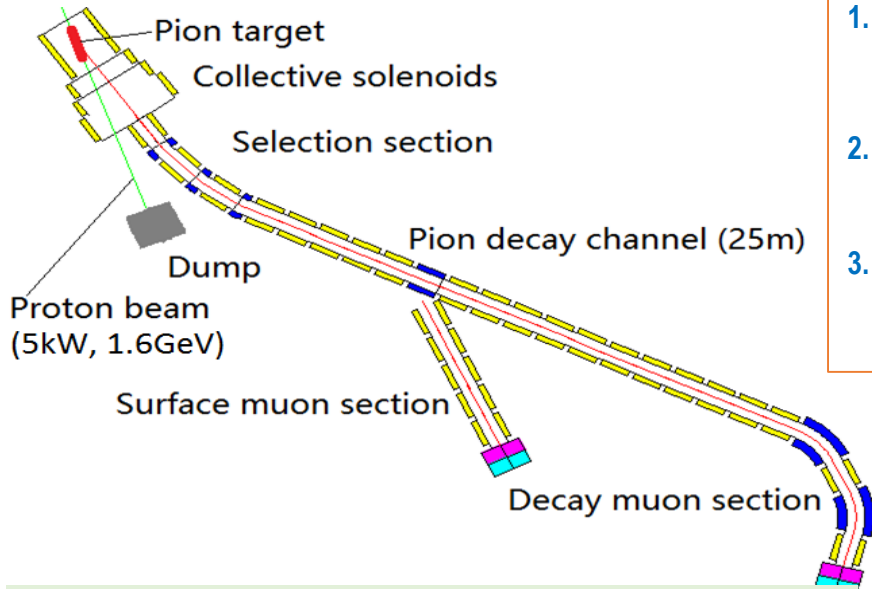
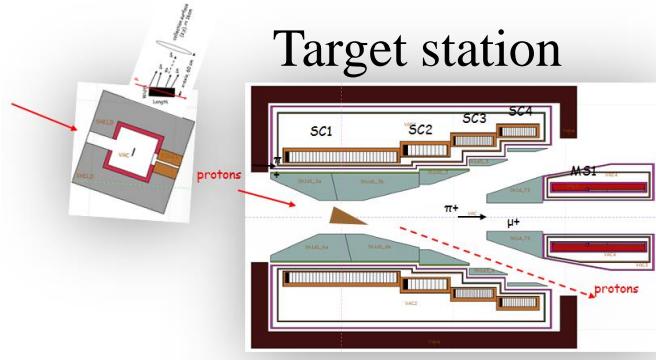
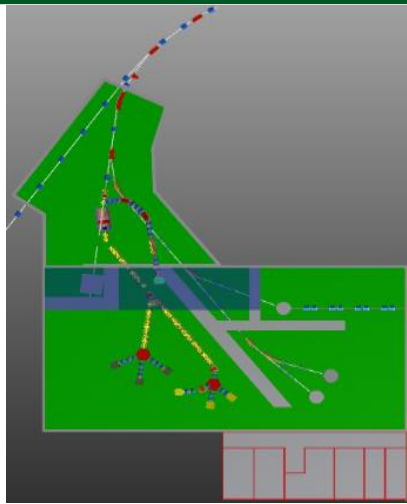


A nice place to conduct research in high-intensity frontier in this area.

Recent activities of MOMENT

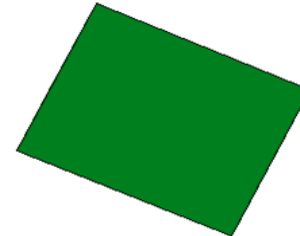
- Organize domestic workshop annually to coordinate the accelerator neutrino physics in China: develop local accelerator neutrino beam techniques, detector and physics performance studies, new physics ideas ...
- Accelerator: CiADS project at Huizhou under civil constructions, 500 MeV, 2.5 MW DC proton beam. CSNS on service in 2 years: 1.6 GeV, 100 kW pulsed proton beam(design power reached) → 500 kW upgrade on the way.
- Muon beamline: Experimental Muon Source (EMuS) to be built in China Spallation Neutron Source (CSNS), pass the international review of CDR in November, 2018.
- EMuS is the first R&D effort towards MOMENT. Ref: [talk at NuFact2019 by Nikolaos Vassilopoulos](#), [poster at NuFact2019 by Nitin Yadav](#) and [Guang Zhao](#).
- Target station: further development on the waterfall target concept.
- Neutrino detector: not decided yet and welcome advanced technologies. Take a Gd-WC detector as the benchmark.
- Physics study: search for NSIs, neutrino scatterings, precision measurement of the CP phase, test flavor symmetry models, neutrino invisible decays ...



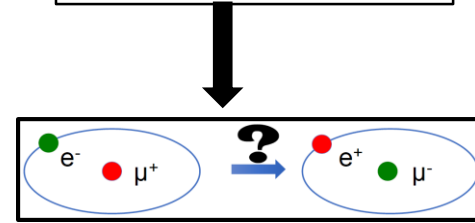


- Working modes (indep.):**
- Surface μ mode**
 - $\Delta p/p: < \pm 5\%$
 - Ref. $P_\mu = 29 \text{ MeV/c}$
 - Decay μSR mode**
 - $\Delta p/p: < \pm 10\%$
 - Ref. $P_\mu = 40\text{-}150 \text{ MeV/c}$
 - High-momentum μ mode**
 - μ imaging, neutrinos
 - Ref. $P_\pi = 200\text{-}450 \text{ MeV/c}$

Neutrino Detector



cLFV proposal:
MACE@EMuS
Muonium physics



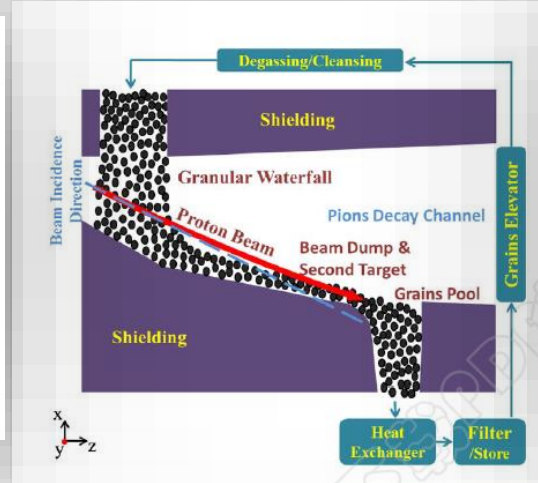
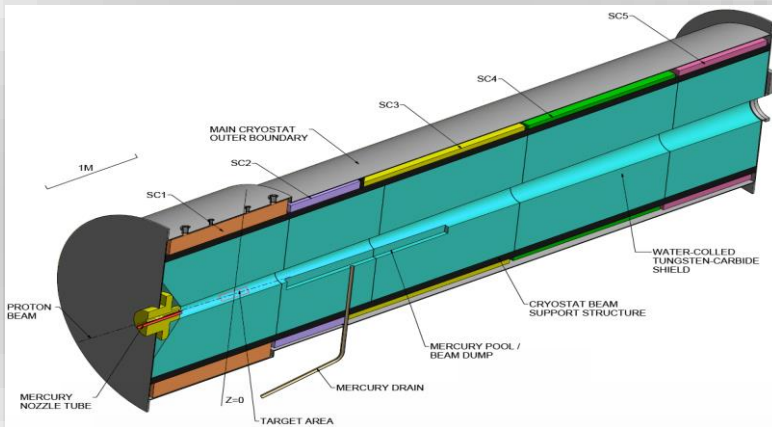
Ref: LOI@RF05-126

Planning for future: slow muons

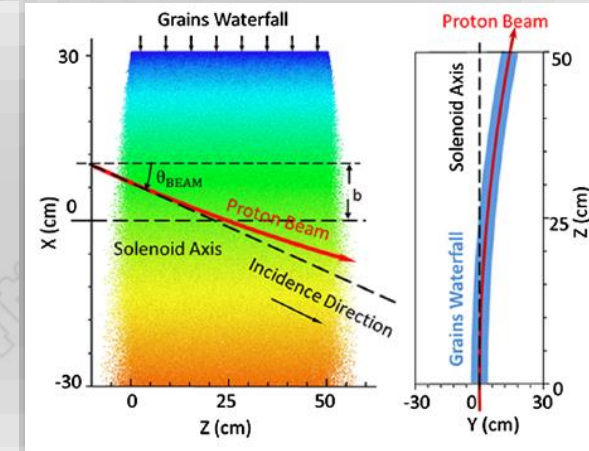
Credits: Jing-Yu Tang, Ye Yuan, Guang Zhao...

Granular waterfall target as an alternative to Hg-jet at MOMENT

MOMENT's capture solenoid (14 T \rightarrow 3 T)



Beam - Target geometry



target solution for multi-MW neutrino and muon beams:

- similar π^\pm yields to Hg-jet as predicted by FLUKA and Geant4 + DEM, it does not act as an absorber for mesons in the adiabatic field
- higher mass flow rates and lower induced temperatures for heat exchange than Hg/W-jets (Geant4 + DEM simulation for 4 MW)
- initial tests for the waterfall target at 5 T
- complete tests in future to verify its stability, mass flow rates and effective densities

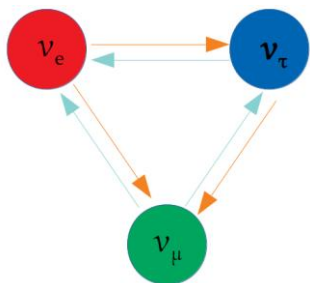
Presented at NuFact16/17, Phys.Rev.Accel.Beams 20 (2017) no.2, 023401, NBI2019

Credits: Hai-Jie Cai, Jing-Yu Tang, Nitin Yadav, Lei Yang, Ye Yuan, Nikos Vassilopoulos...

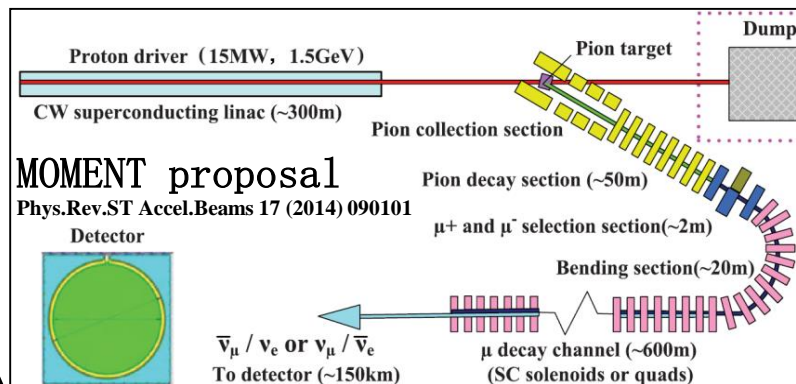
Table of contents

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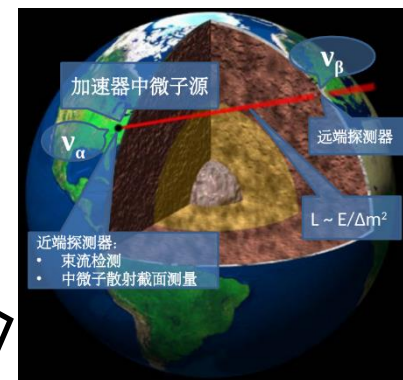
Precision measurements and new physics searches



Precision measurement of δ_{CP}
JHEP 1912 (2019) 130.



+EMuS proposal



Constraints on ν mass models
Nucl.Phys. B952 (2020) 114915.
Phys.Rev. D100 (2019) 5, 055022.

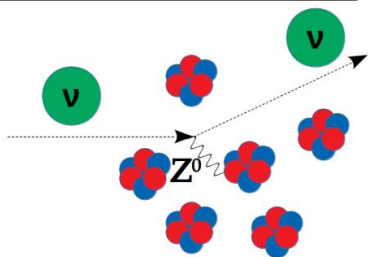
Opaque scintillator detector
Phys.Rev.D 102 (2020) 1, 013006.

Neutrino CC-NSI
Phys.Rev. D97 (2018) 3, 035018.

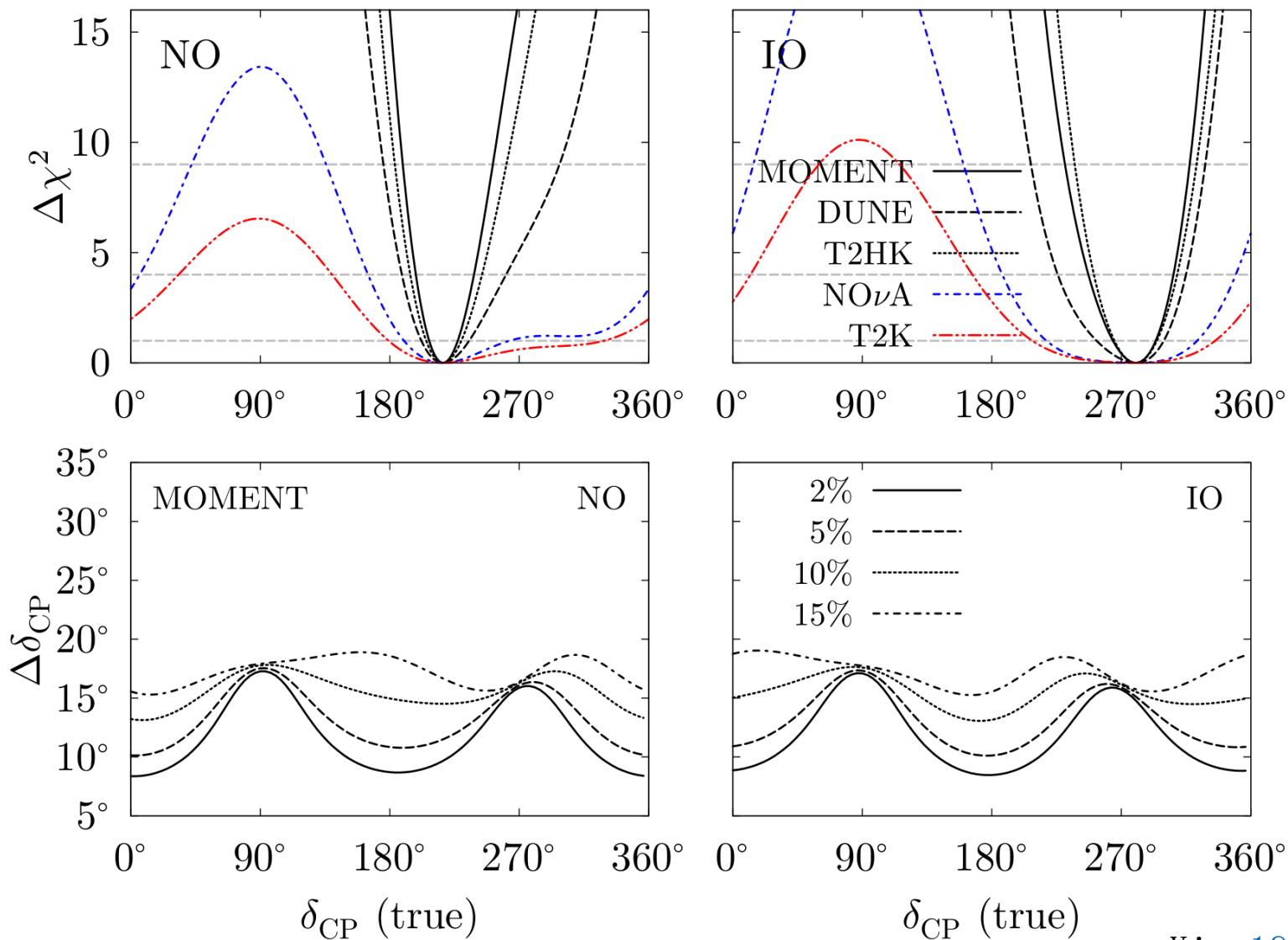
ν Invisible decays
JHEP 1904 (2019) 004.

Unitarity violations
Phys.Lett. B774 (2017) 217-224.

CEvNS at a near detector
Phys.Rev.D97(2018)11,113003.



Precision measurement of δ_{CP}



arXiv:[1909.01548](https://arxiv.org/abs/1909.01548)

If a neutrino decays?

- Visible decays:

If the decay products are active, interact at the detector and give a visible signal.

→ Increase/depletion of event rates.

- Invisible decays:

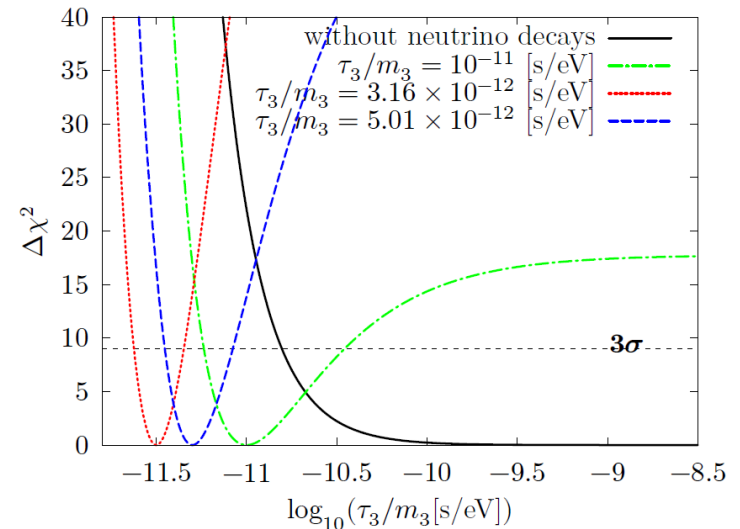
Sterile states, below the detector threshold, depletion of event rates...

- Consider the decay mode:

$$\nu_3 \rightarrow \nu_4 + J$$

J is a majoron.

$$\begin{pmatrix} \nu_\alpha \\ \nu_s \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} U & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \nu_i \\ \nu_4 \end{pmatrix}$$

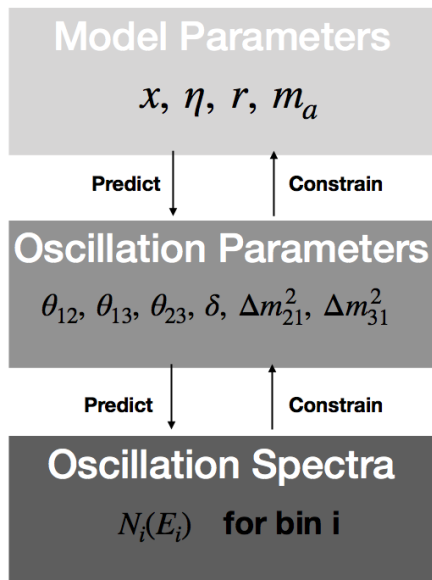


$$H = U \left[\frac{1}{2E} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \Delta m_{21}^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \Delta m_{31}^2 \end{pmatrix} - i \frac{m_3}{2E\tau_3} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \right] U^\dagger + \begin{pmatrix} 2\sqrt{2}G_F N_e E & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

arXiv: [1811.05623](https://arxiv.org/abs/1811.05623)

Constraints on flavor-symmetry neutrino models

Flavour Symmetry Embedded -- GLoBES
(FaSE-GLoBES) arXiv: [2006.14886](https://arxiv.org/abs/2006.14886)

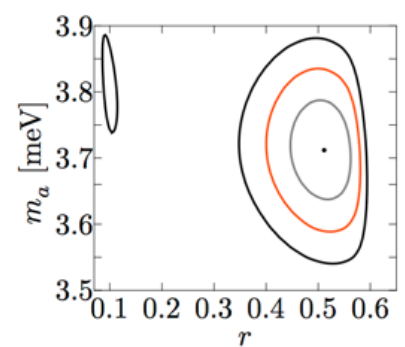
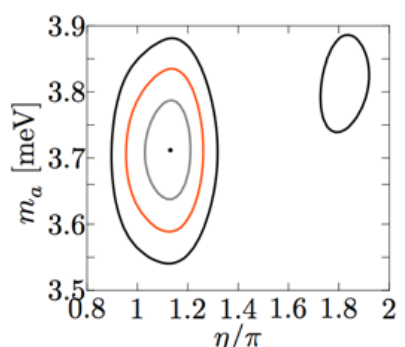
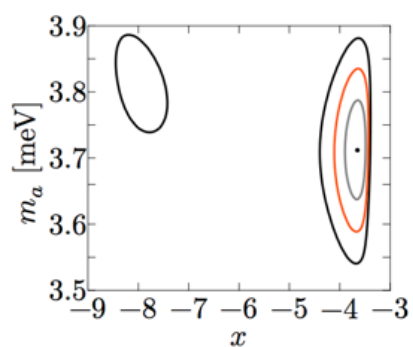
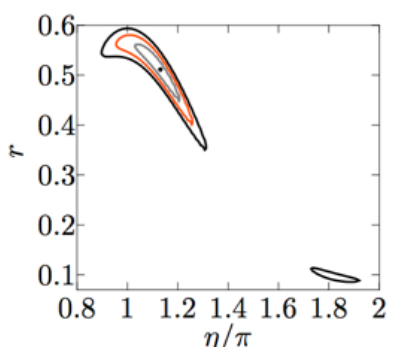
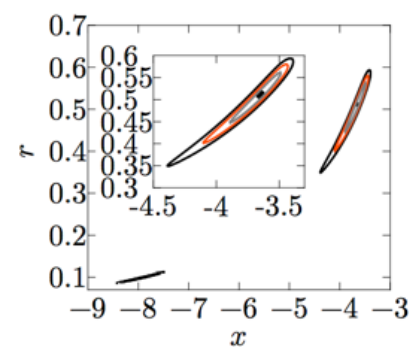
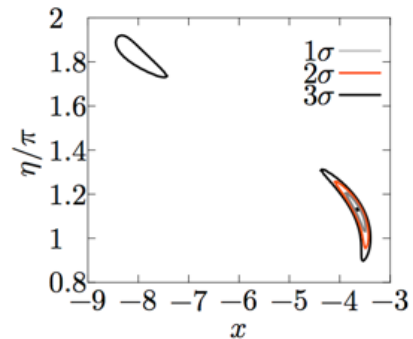


$$\vec{\mathcal{M}} = \{x, \eta, m_a, r\}$$

$$\chi^2(\vec{\mathcal{M}}) = \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{[\mu_i(\vec{\mathcal{O}}(\vec{\mathcal{M}})) - n_i]^2}{\sigma_i^2}$$

$$\vec{\mathcal{O}} = \{\theta_{12}, \theta_{13}, \theta_{23}, \delta_{\text{CP}}, \Delta m_{21}^2, \Delta m_{31}^2\}$$

$$\chi^2(\vec{\mathcal{O}}) = \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{[\mu_i(\vec{\mathcal{O}}) - n_i]^2}{\sigma_i^2}$$



[arXiv:1907.01371](https://arxiv.org/abs/1907.01371)

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Summary

- Push forward muon and neutrino physics based on accelerator muon beams in China.
 - Detector of MOMENT not fixed yet. Benchmark: Gd-WC.
 - Prototype of MOMENT: EMuS@CSNS in a good shape.
 - Lots of physics to be done with accelerator muons/neutrinos: NSIs, neutrino decays, tests of flavor-symmetry models...
 - Welcome new ideas in muon and neutrino physics...
 - Welcome international cooperation...
 - Still dream of neutrino factory...
-
- ◆ Job openings in our group for muon/neutrino physics: **~2K euros/month after tax + bonus + on-campus housing + funding** supported by local province.
 - ◆ Please contact me by email for more info: tangjian5@mail.sysu.edu.cn

The background features a large, light green watermark of the Tsinghua University logo. The logo is circular and contains the university's name in Chinese characters '清華大學' at the top and 'TSINGHUA UNIVERSITY' at the bottom. In the center of the logo is a detailed illustration of a building with a central tower and a dome, with the year '1924' inscribed below it. Two dark green rectangular shapes are positioned on the left and right sides of the slide, partially overlapping the watermark.

THANK YOU