

# 12 GeV Upgrade Cavities

- **Production process – press for reliable efficiency**

- **160  $\mu\text{m}$  BCP** and pre-tuned **by vendor**
- Receipt inspection – mechanical and rf
- US >> Bake: **600 C, 10 hrs**
- US >> EP: **30  $\mu\text{m}$ , @20°C** regulated by external water spray
- US >> **Tune**
- Helium vessel welding
- Flange lapping
- **HPR**
- Partial assembly
- **HPR** >> dry in Class 10 cleanroom
- Final assembly, leak check
- Bake: **120° C, 24 hrs**
- **Vertical test @ 2.07 K**
- **HPR** >> dry in Class 10
- String assembly

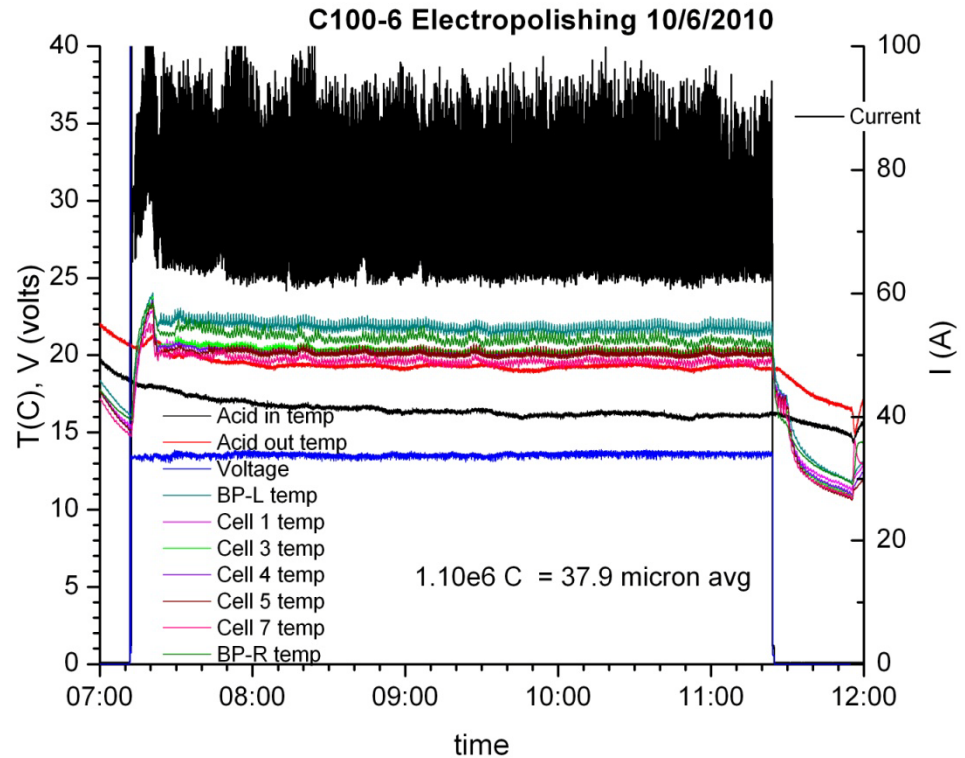
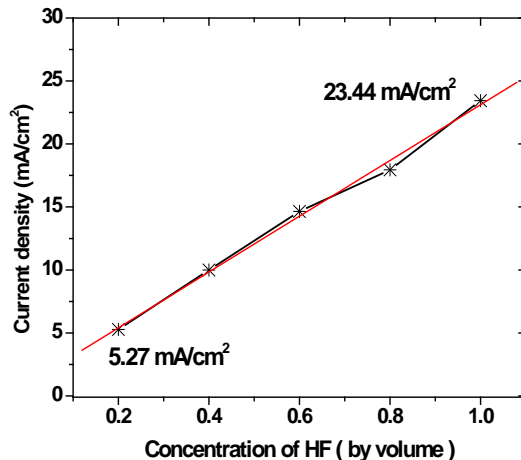
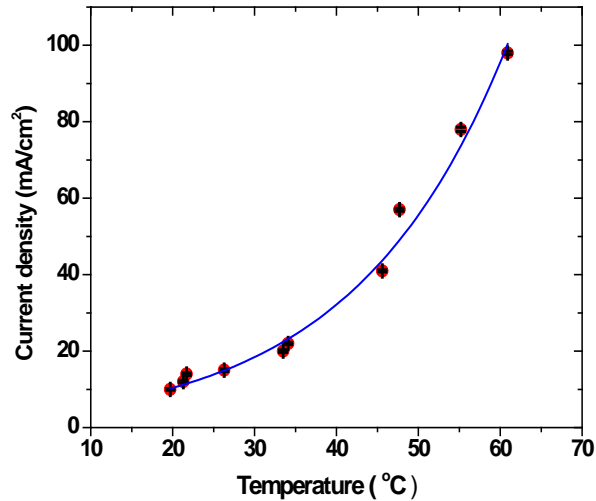
No benefit from bulk EP, BCP is quite sufficient (as would be CBP)

Note that tuning and HV welding follow final EP

and

24 hr 120 C bake is quite adequate

# Anode Current Density Strongly Depends on Local Electrolyte Temperature & HF Concentration



**The Nb anode plateau current density is directly proportional to the bulk F concentration, increases with temperature, and is independent of the amount of dissolved Nb.**

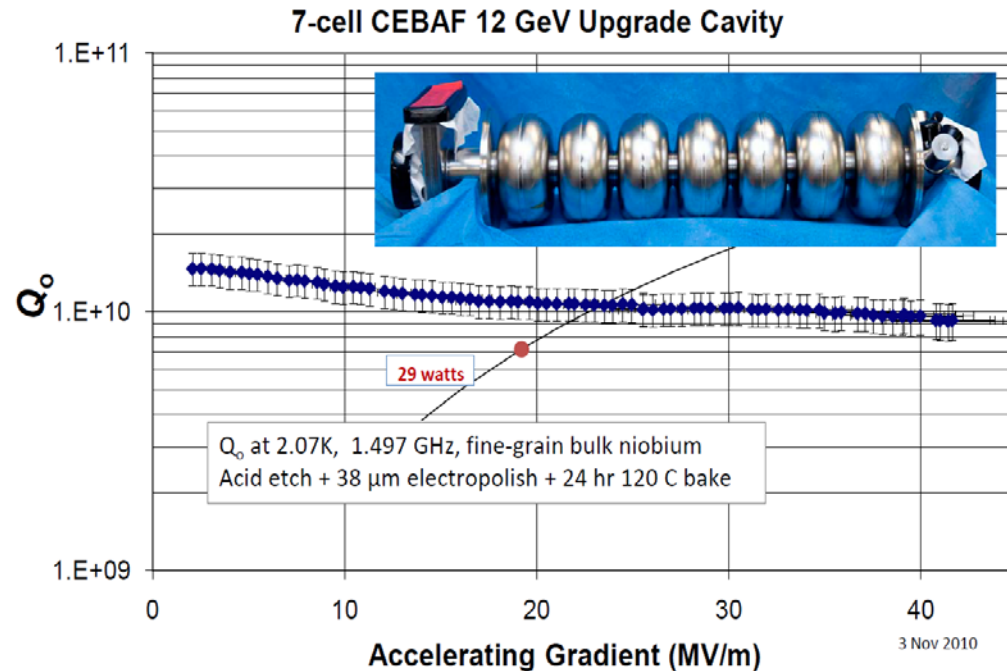
Courtesy of 1) F. Eozénu et al. CARE-report-2008-022-SRF, 2) H. Tian, C. Reece, et al. J. Electrochem. Soc. 155(2008), p. D563

# Implications of basic understanding of EP

## Positive Results from Controlled Light EP After BCP

For a well controlled, high reproducibility, efficient, reliable EP process.

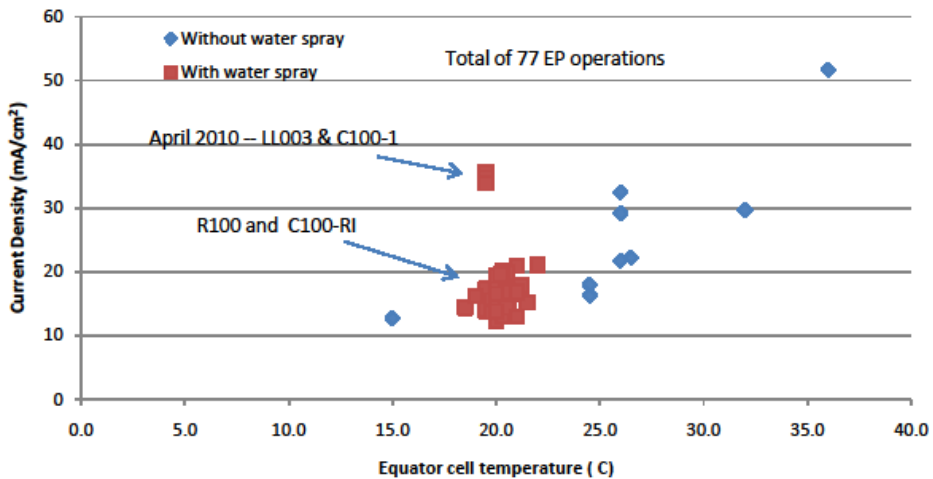
- ✓ Control and “minimize” the temperature as much as is practical.
- ✓ Minimize cathode current density, and over-potential (increase cathode surface area, improve reaction kinetics for hydrolysis).
- ✓ Start with surfaces that are consistently smooth below the scale of diffusion layer thickness, such as CBP (if objective is maximally smooth surfaces with minimum chemistry).
- ✓ Manage hydrogen bubbles and other forced or natural convection for maintaining a controlled local surface flow dynamics .



12 GeV Upgrade Project adopts it as an alternated baseline for the 80 cavities, the ongoing production progresses steadily.

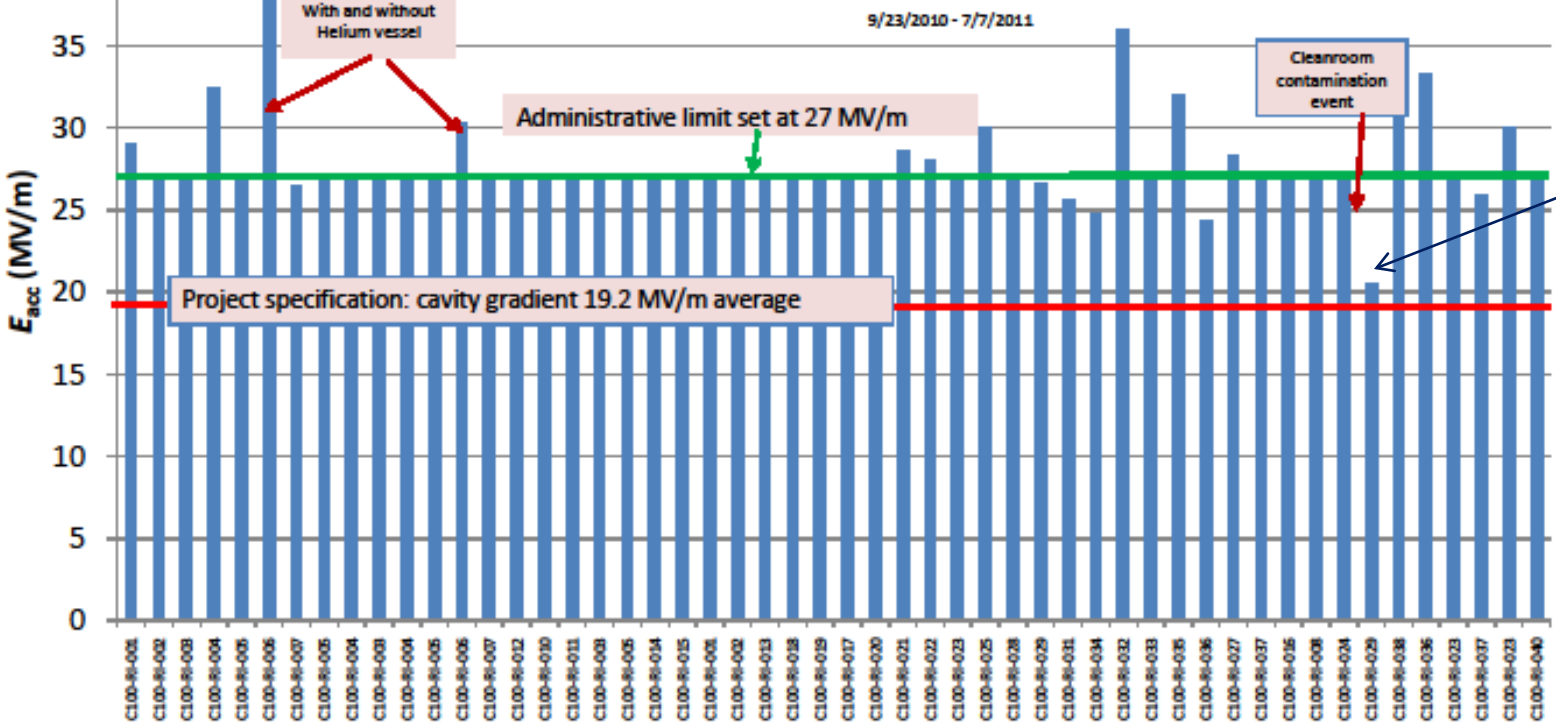
*“Preparation and Testing of the SRF Cavities for the CEBAF 12 GeV Upgrade”, A. Reilly, T. Bass, A. Burrill, K. Davis, F. Marhauser, C.E. Reece and M. Stirbet.*

### 7-cell Cavity EP Current Density 8/08 - 6/11



Production results to date for 12 GeV Upgrade

### 12 GeV Upgrade Production Cavities Acceptance Test: Maximum Gradient



FE limited – to be HPR and retested