



# Status and Prospects for Heavy-Ions Jet Physics

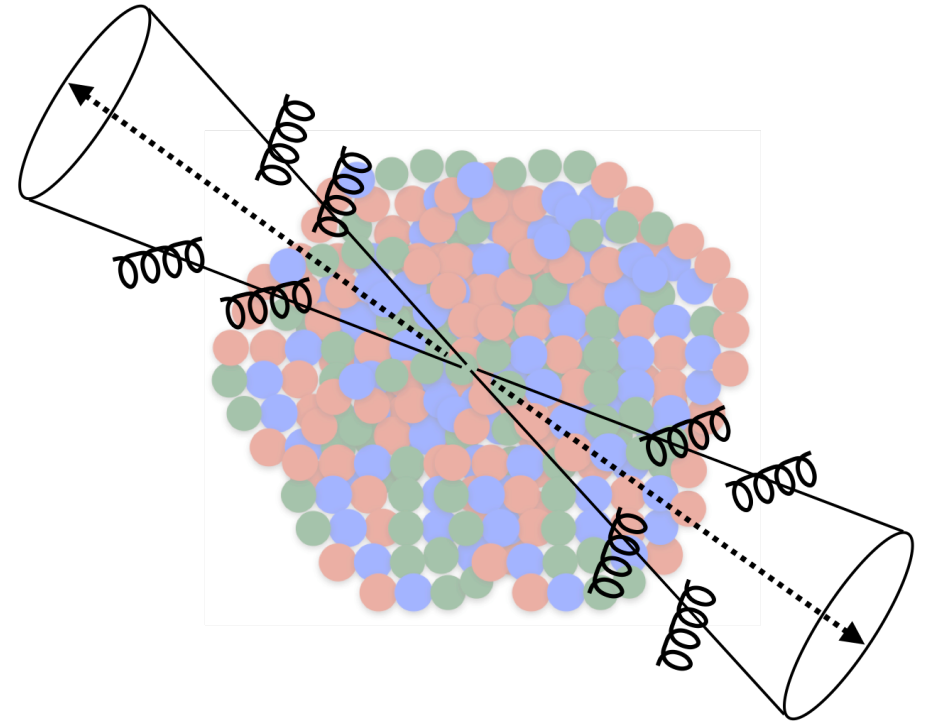
## A look at the LHC

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**Nima Zardoshti (CERN)**

# What are we trying to learn?

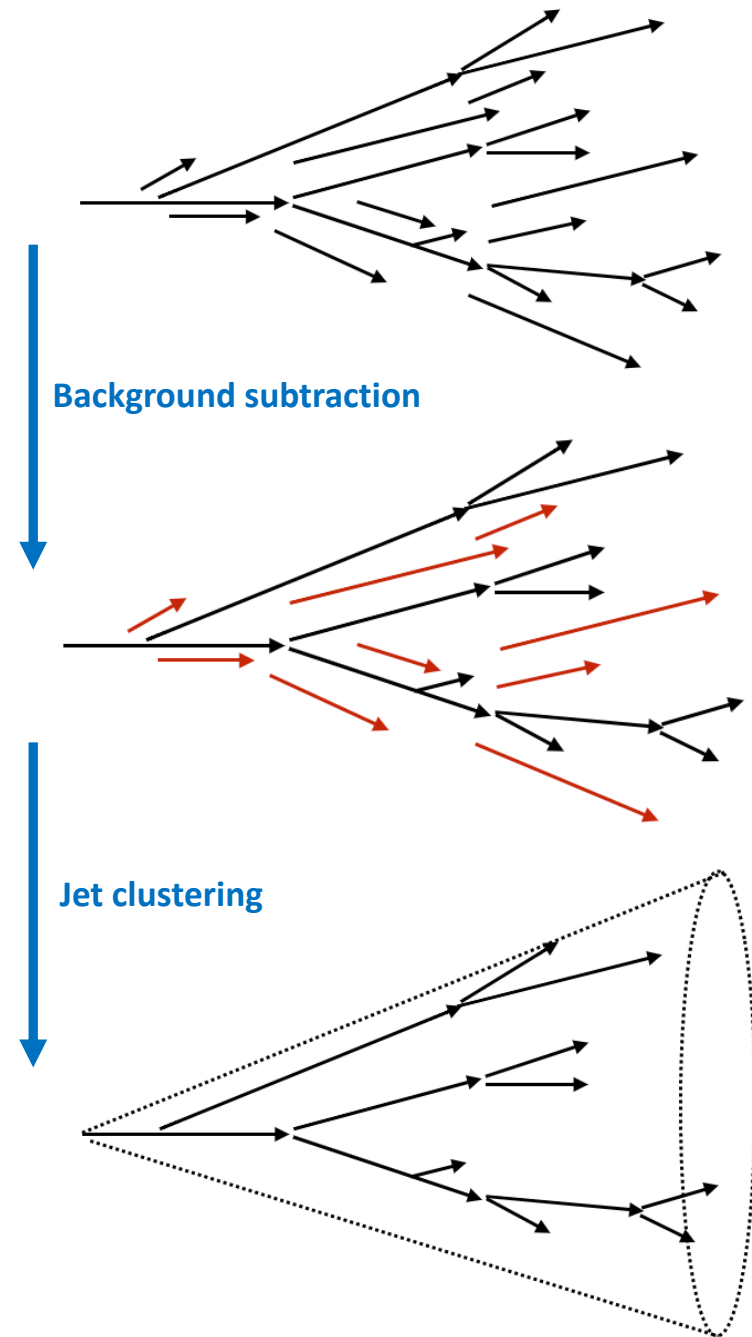
- Emergence of a strongly coupled system from a weakly coupled theory
  - ❖ need to probe with a wide range of resolutions
- Jets are well described probes with perturbative production
  - ❖ ideal tool to investigate the evolution of the system
- Jets interact with the medium constituents via collisional and radiative processes
  - ❖ modification of jets compared to the vacuum



## What can we learn about the medium through jet interactions?

# What tools have we developed?

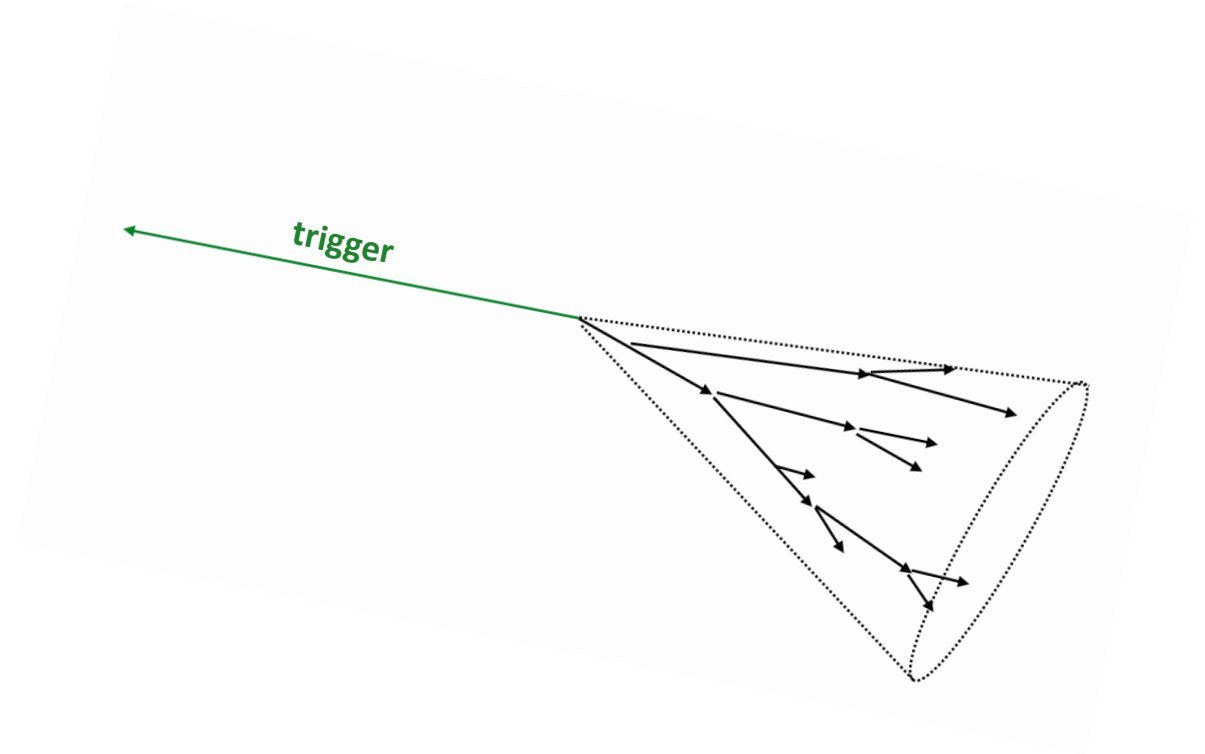
- Identifying jets in the medium



# What tools have we developed?

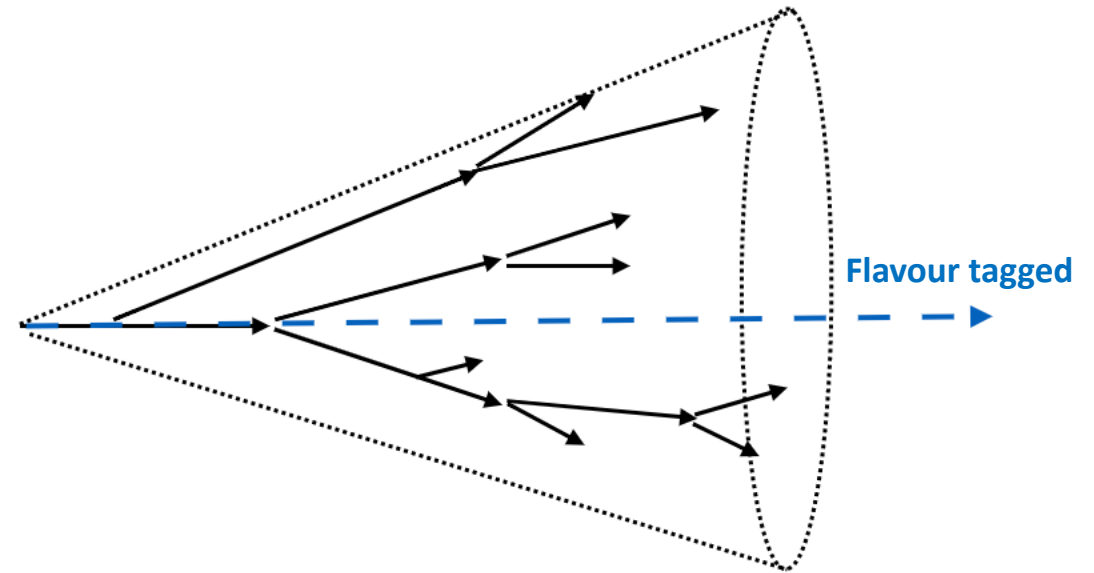
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- Identifying jets in the medium
- Unquenched reference to recoil from



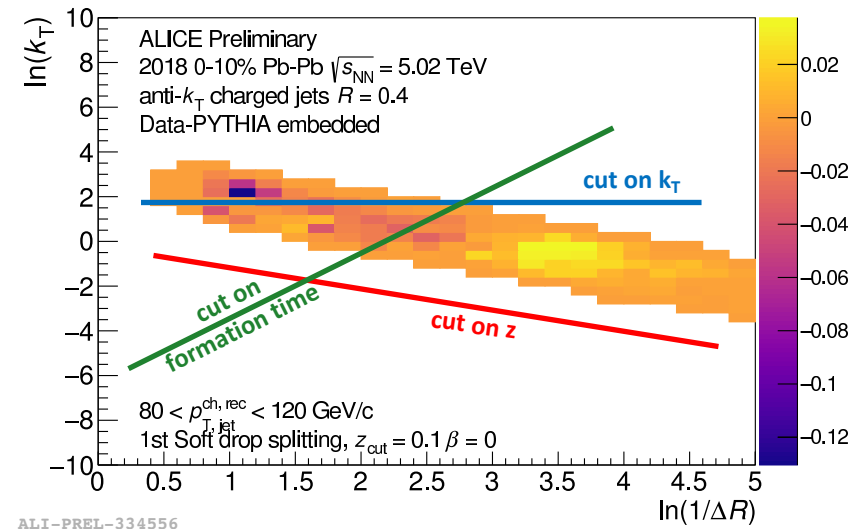
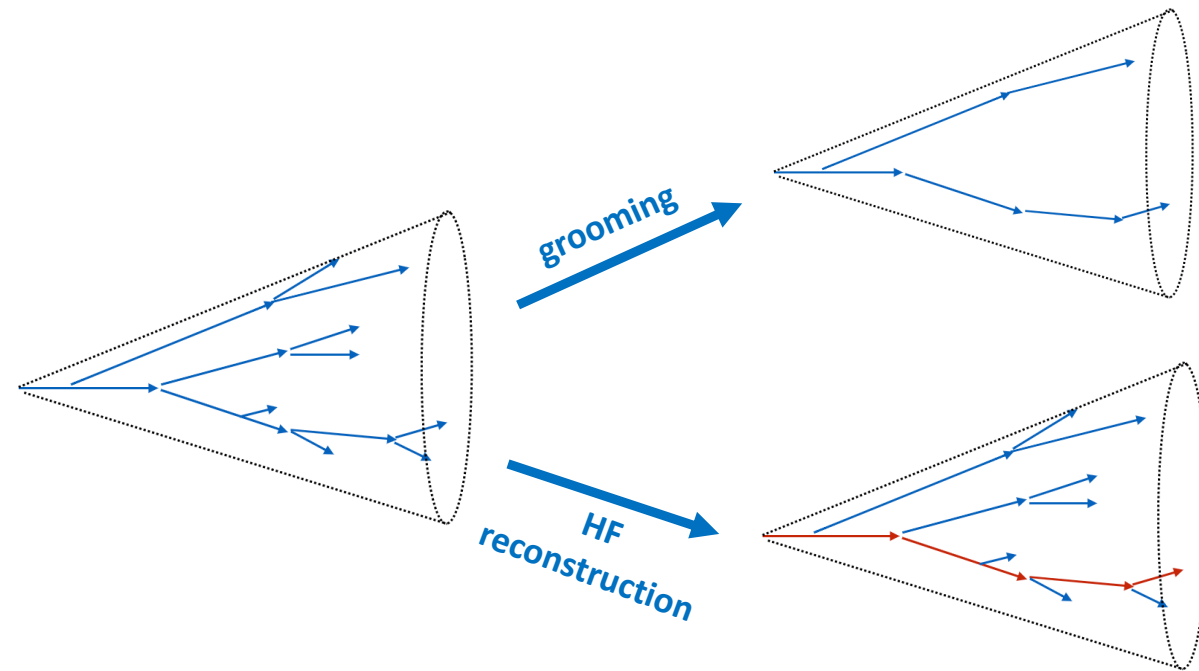
# What tools have we developed?

- Identifying jets in the medium
- Unquenched reference to recoil from
- Tag initiating parton flavour



# What tools have we developed?

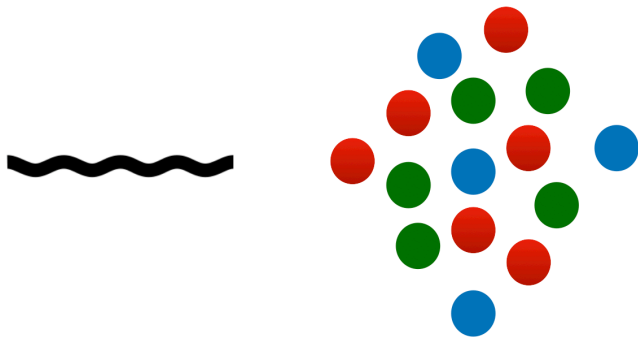
- Identifying jets in the medium
- Unquenched reference to recoil from
- Tag initiating parton flavour
- Jet substructure



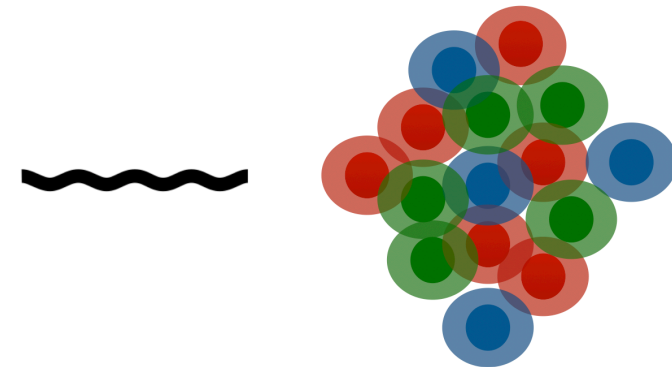
# What are the degrees of freedom of the medium under different resolutions?

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Can we identify point like scattering centres in the medium?



Weakly coupled



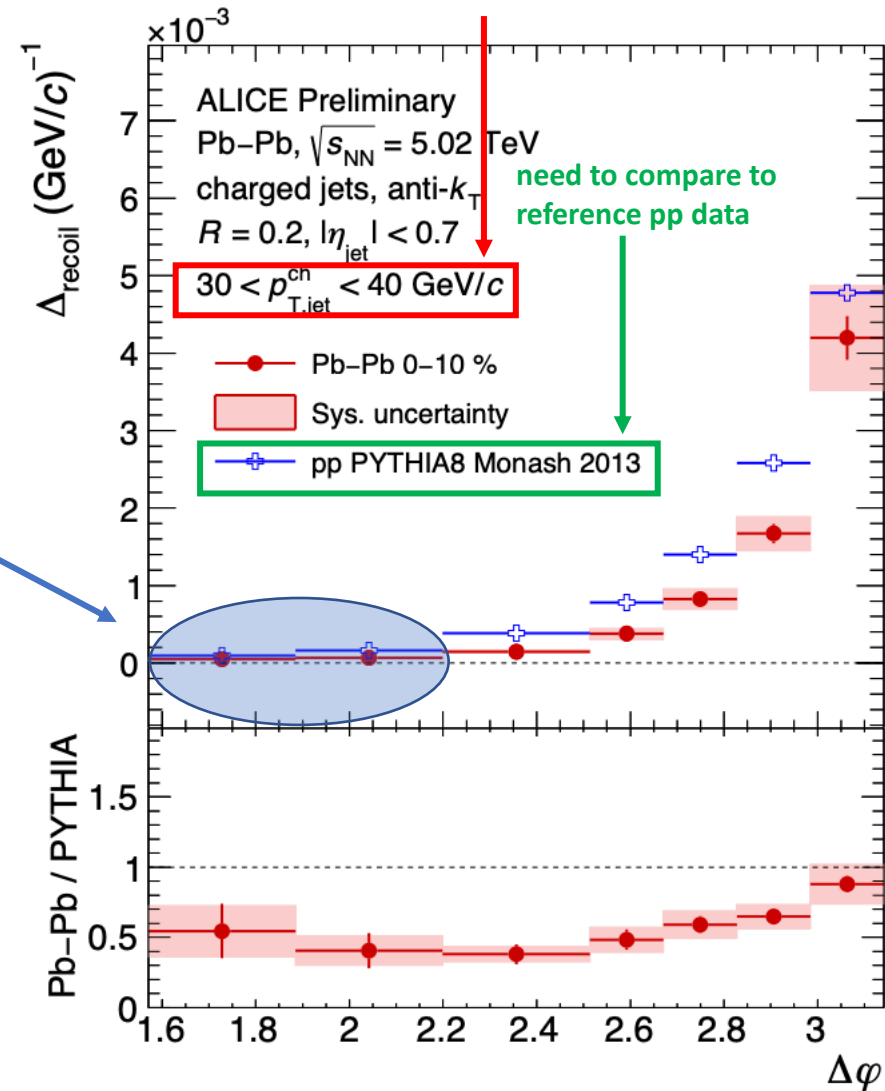
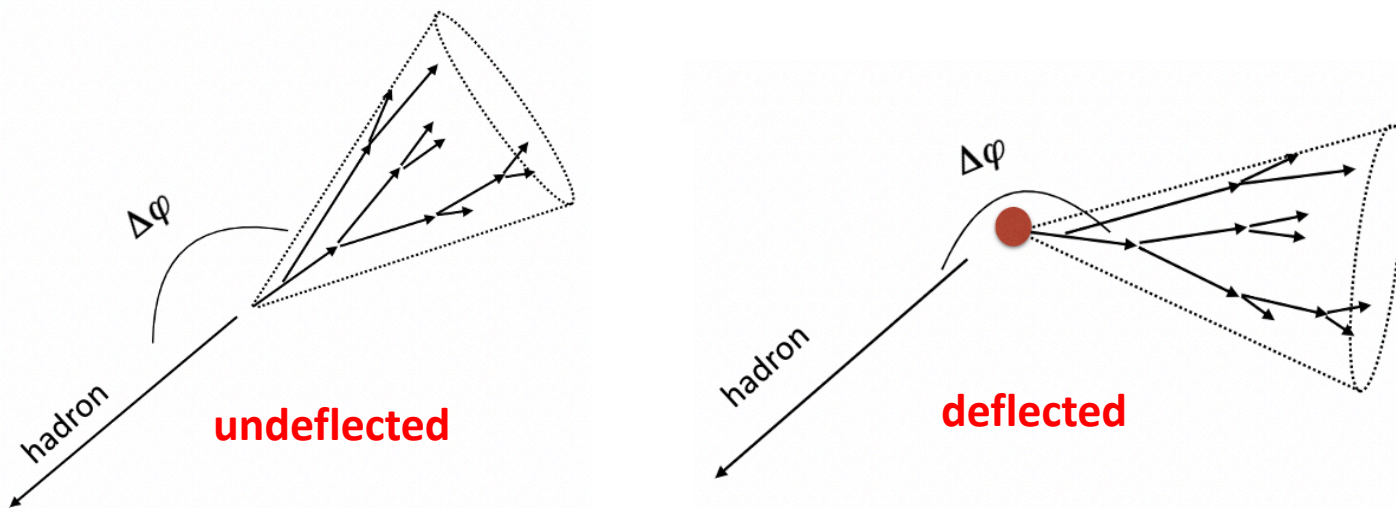
Strongly coupled

# Point like scattering in the medium - dijets

$$\Delta_{\text{recoil}} = \frac{1}{N_{\text{trig}}^{\text{AA}}} \left. \frac{d^2 N_{\text{jet}}^{\text{AA}}}{dp_{T,\text{jet}}^{\text{ch}} d\eta_{\text{jet}}} \right|_{p_{T,\text{trig}} \in \text{TT}_{\text{Sig}}} - c_{\text{Ref}} \cdot \frac{1}{N_{\text{trig}}^{\text{AA}}} \left. \frac{d^2 N_{\text{jet}}^{\text{AA}}}{dp_{T,\text{jet}}^{\text{ch}} d\eta_{\text{jet}}} \right|_{p_{T,\text{trig}} \in \text{TT}_{\text{Ref}}}$$

A jet recoiling from a trigger hadron

Can we observe large angle deflections of the jet axis off of medium constituents (moliere scattering)?

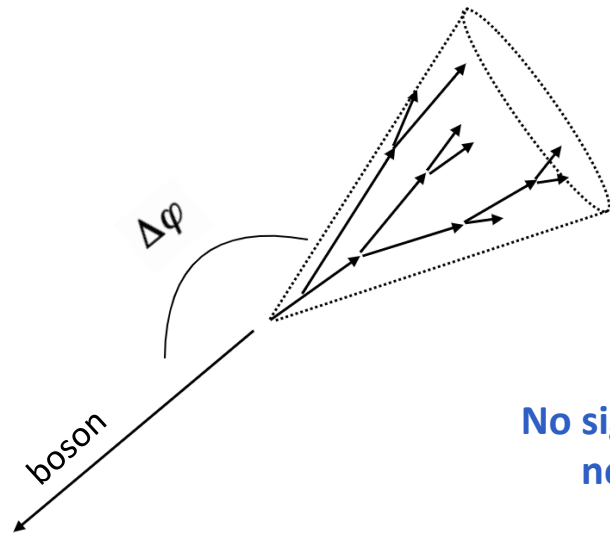


ALI-PREL-353019

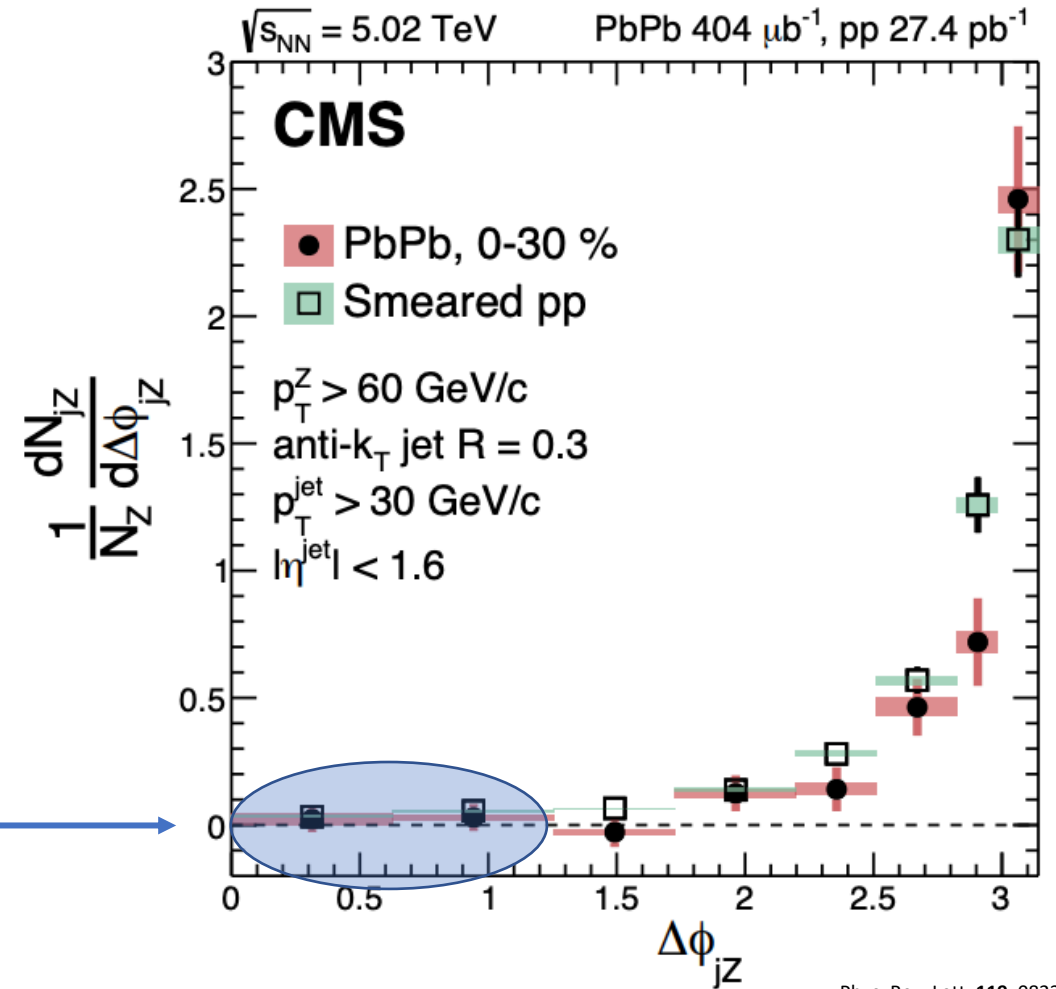


# Point like scattering in the medium – boson + jet

Can we find a cleaner proxy for the initial jet direction?  
 Jets recoiling from non-coloured objects



No significant modification  
 need more statistics



Phys. Rev. Lett. **119**, 082301

# Point like scattering in the medium - substructure

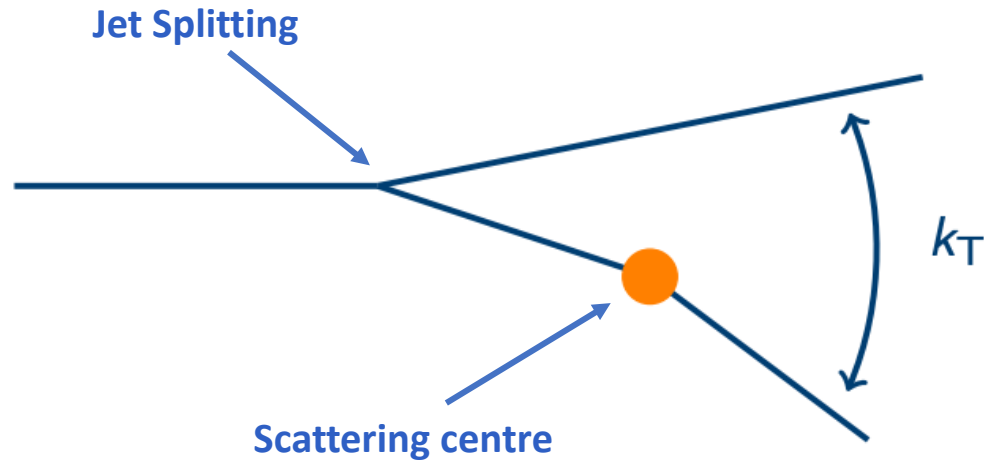
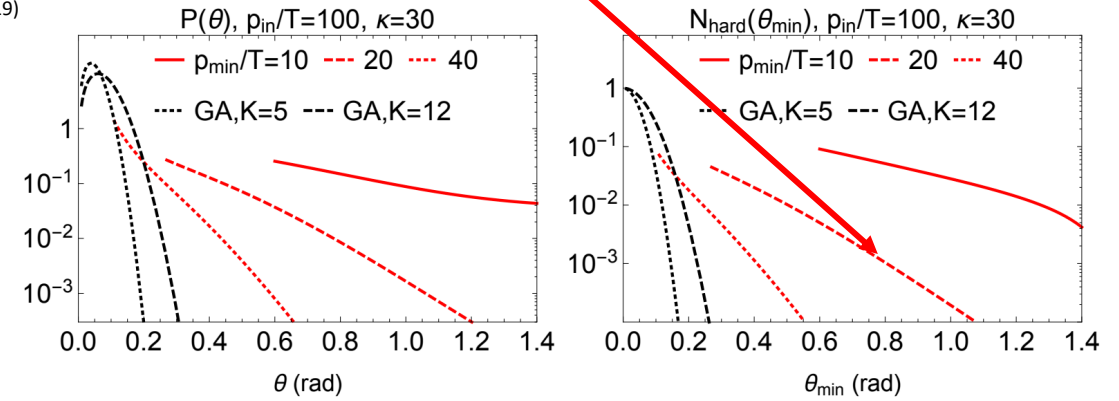
*J. High Energ. Phys.* **2019**, 172 (2019)

Can we look into substructure?

Large  $k_T$  kicks in the splitting tree from point like scattering

Parton incident upon a weakly coupled brick of QGP

Tails from scattering off of QGP partons

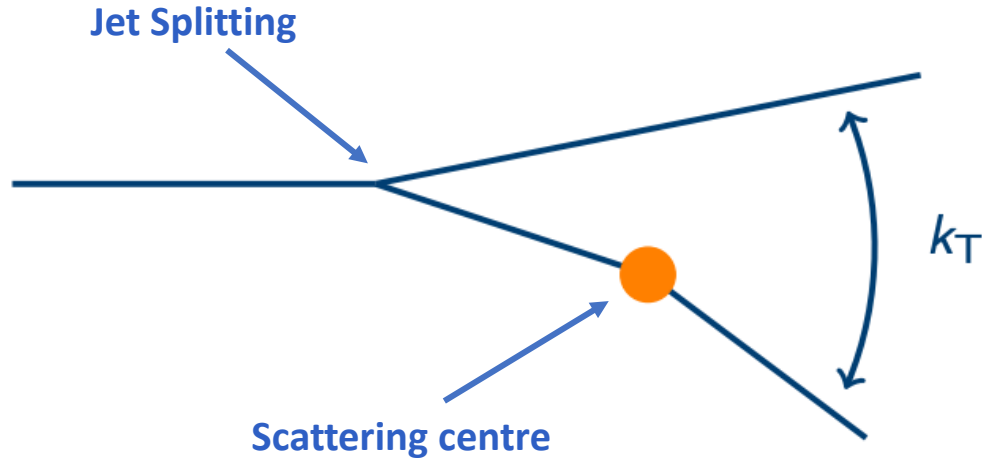


# Point like scattering in the medium - substructure

*J. High Energ. Phys.* **2019**, 172 (2019)

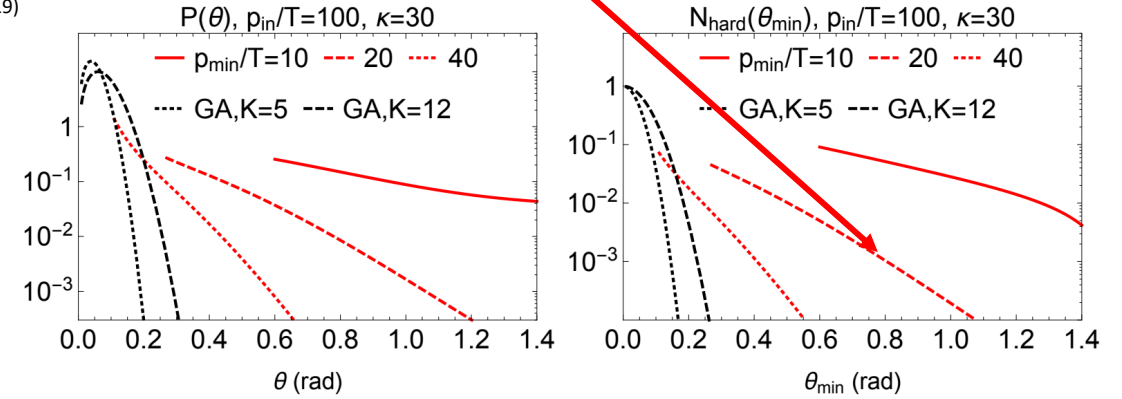
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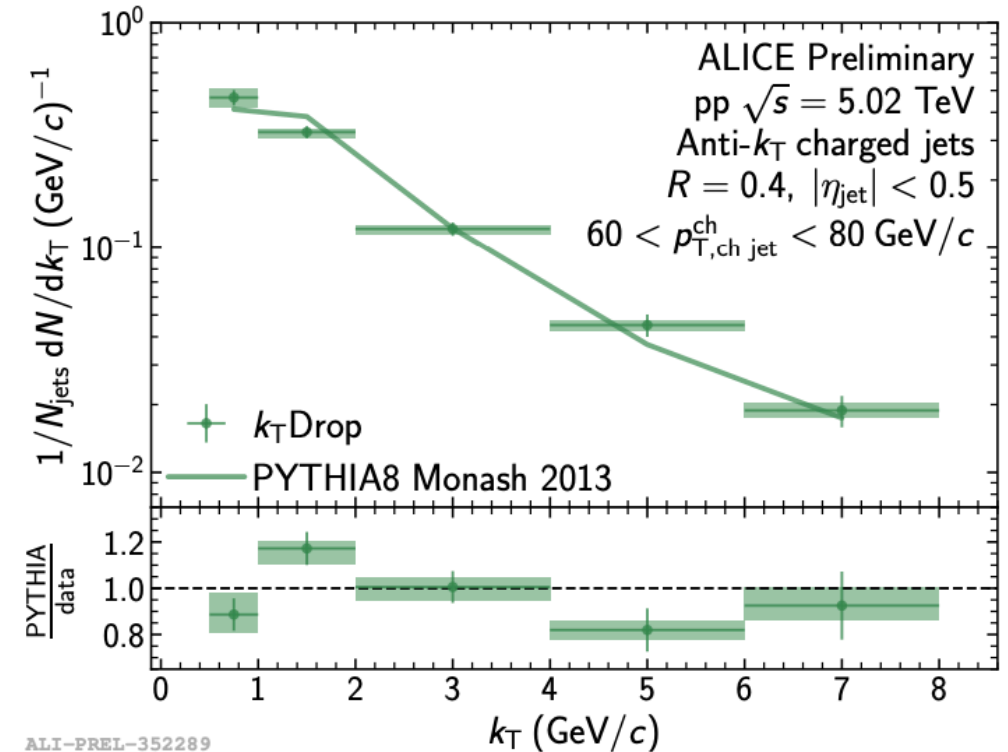


Parton incident upon a weakly coupled brick of QGP

Tails from scattering off of QGP partons

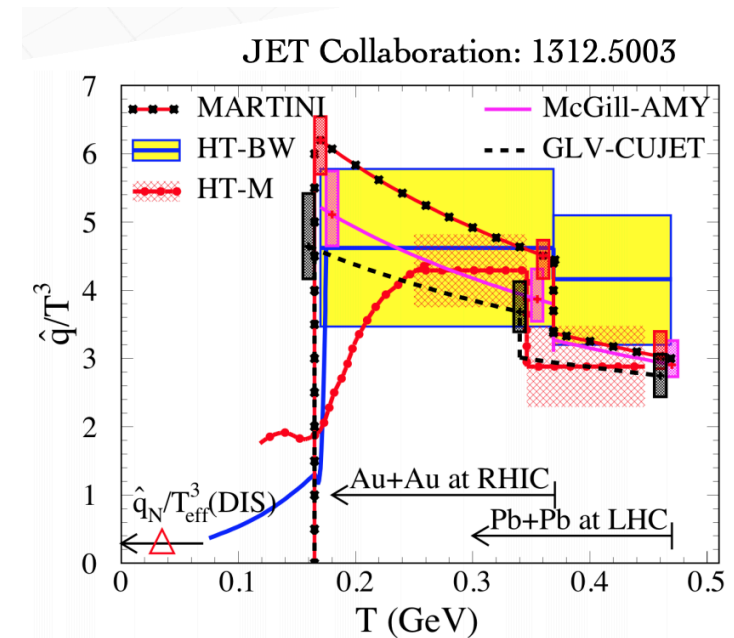
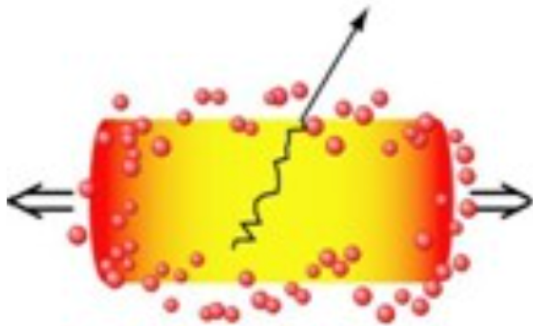


Measurement to be made in PbPb



# Can we learn about the transport properties of the medium?

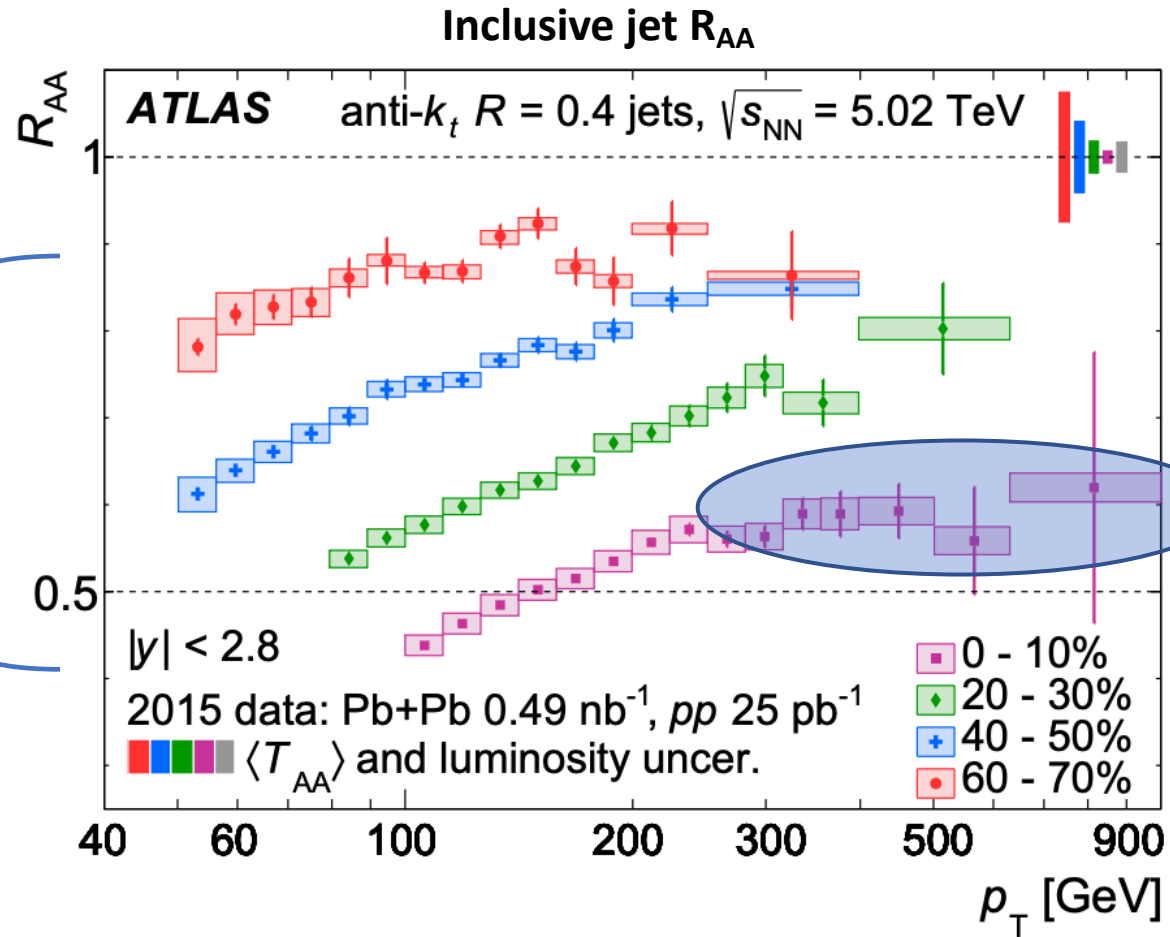
Characterise the energy loss of jets traversing the medium



Phys. Rev. C 90, 014909 (2014)

# Using jets to quantify energy loss

Strong centrality dependence observed

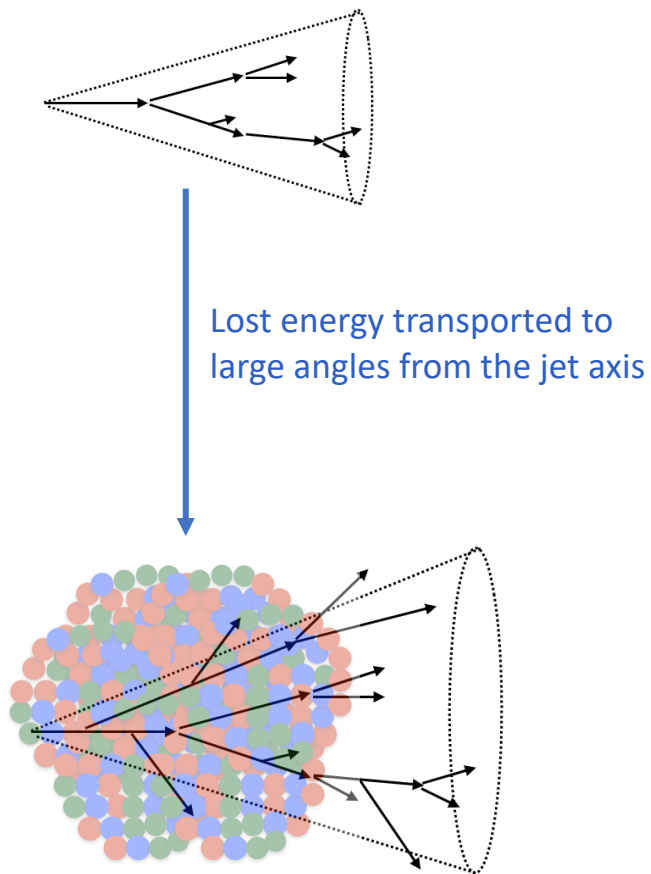


Jets lose significant energy up to TeV scales – medium is opaque to the jet

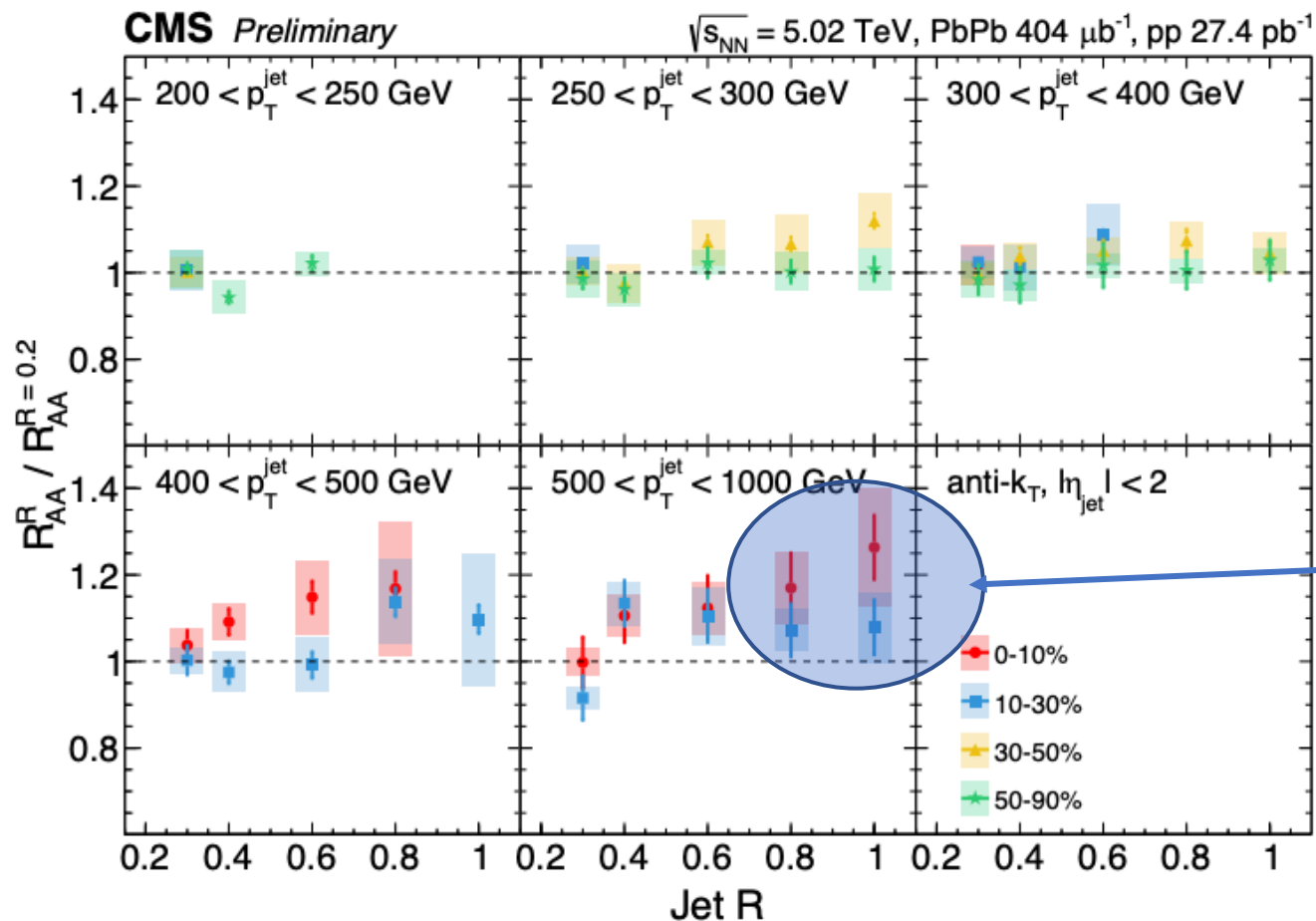
Phys. Lett. B 790 (2019) 108

# Can we recover the lost energy?

Extend the phase space of jet measurements



Inclusive jet  $R_{AA}(R=x) / \text{Inclusive jet } R_{AA}(R=0.2)$

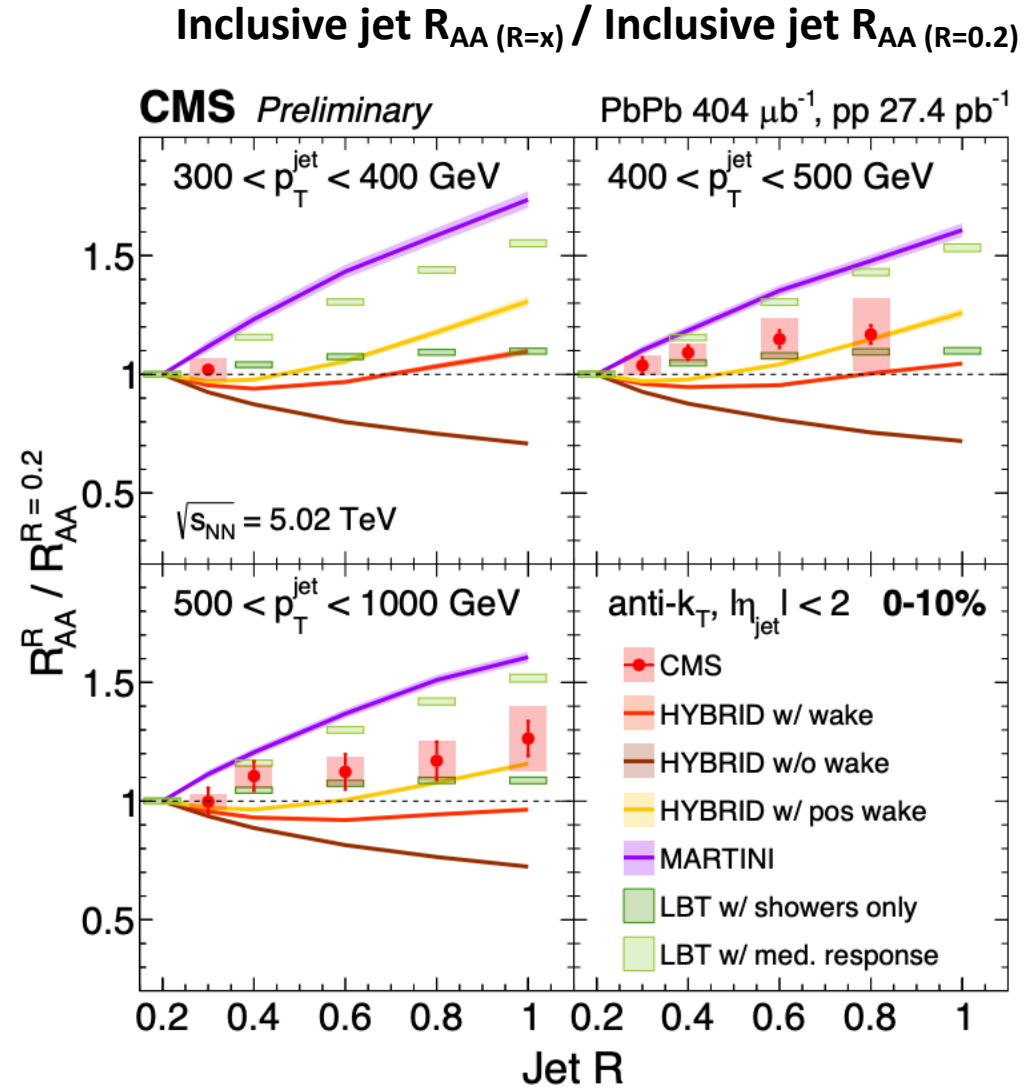


Hints of energy recovery at large angles  
need more stats

# Can we recover the lost energy?

Extend the phase space of jet measurements

Differentiate between models with different energy loss mechanisms and implementations of medium response



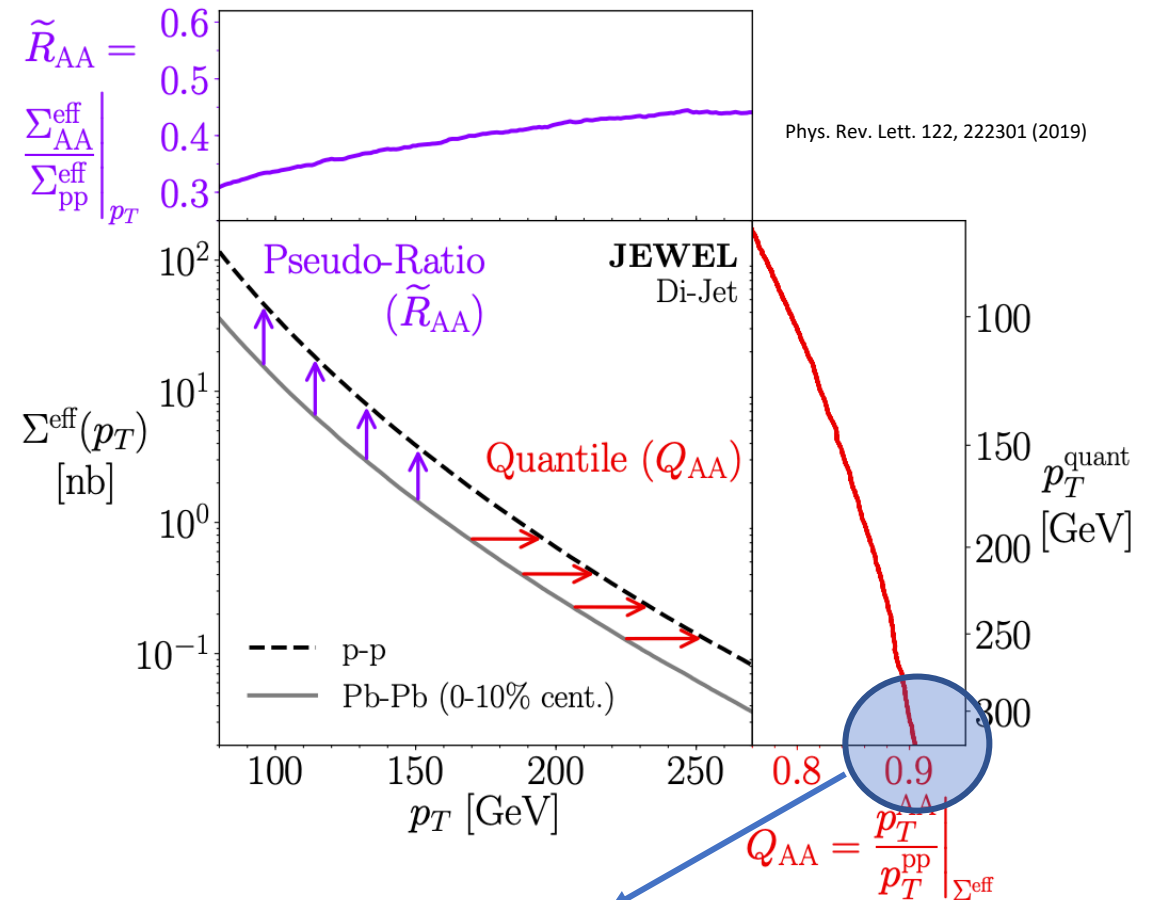
# Are we comparing the correct jets in the medium and vacuum?

Steeply falling jet spectrum biases  $p_T$  bins with unmodified jets

**Quantile matching** : statistically match jets between HI and reference collision systems

$$R_{AA} = \frac{\sigma_{AA}^{\text{eff}}}{\sigma_{PP}^{\text{eff}}}\bigg|_{p_T} \longrightarrow Q_{AA} = \frac{p_T^{AA}}{p_T^{pp}}\bigg|_{\Sigma^{\text{eff}}}$$

Compare quenched jets with original population

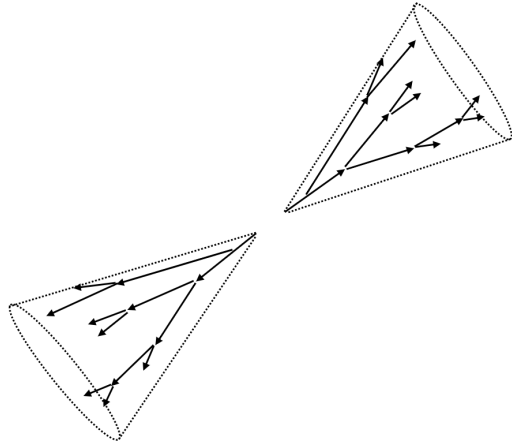


Highest  $p_T$  jets lose a small fraction of their energy



# Can we measure energy loss on an event by event basis?

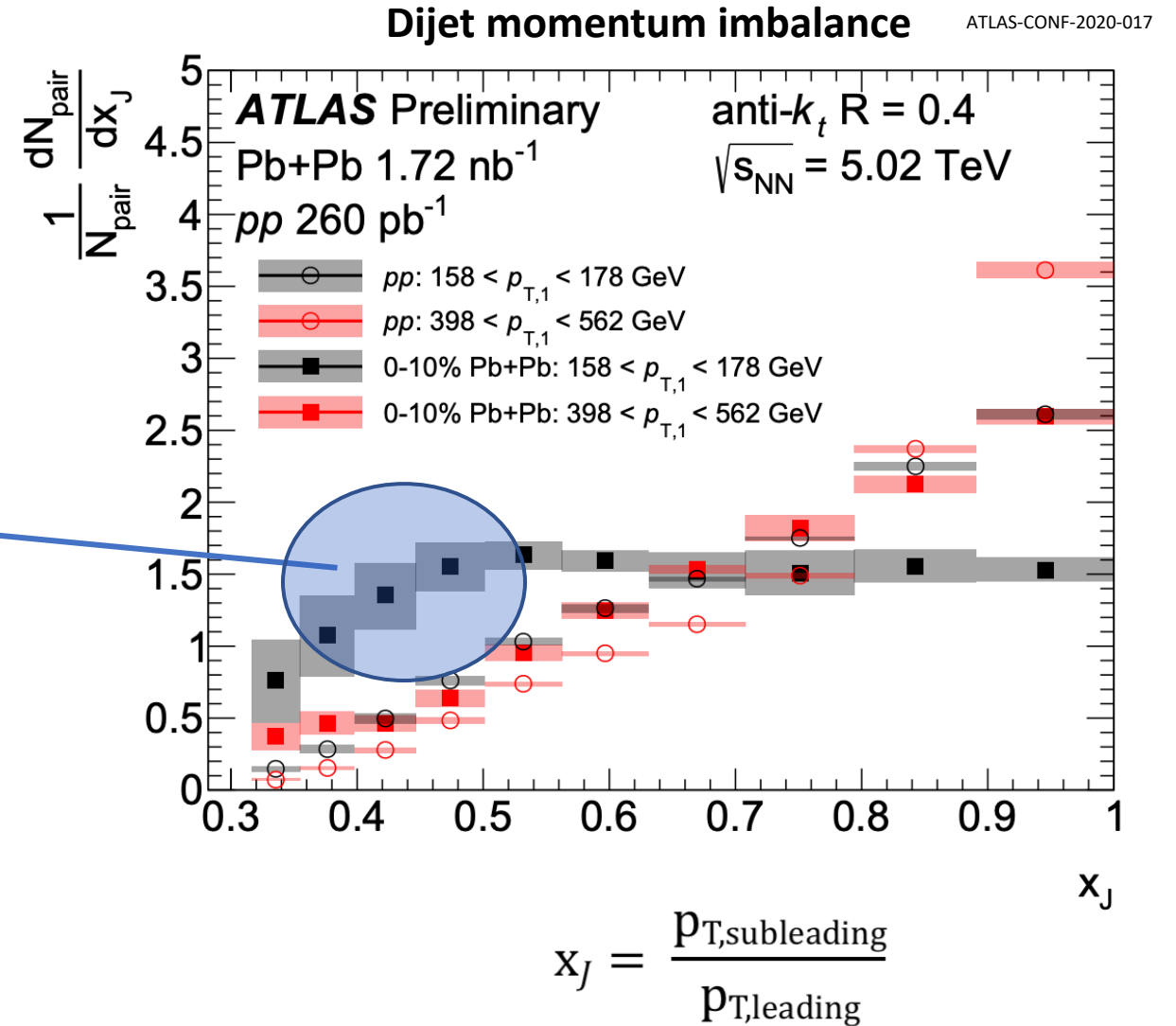
Find a proxy for the original jet energy – dijet system



Significant asymmetry in dijet populations in central HI collisions

Recoiling jet loses more energy

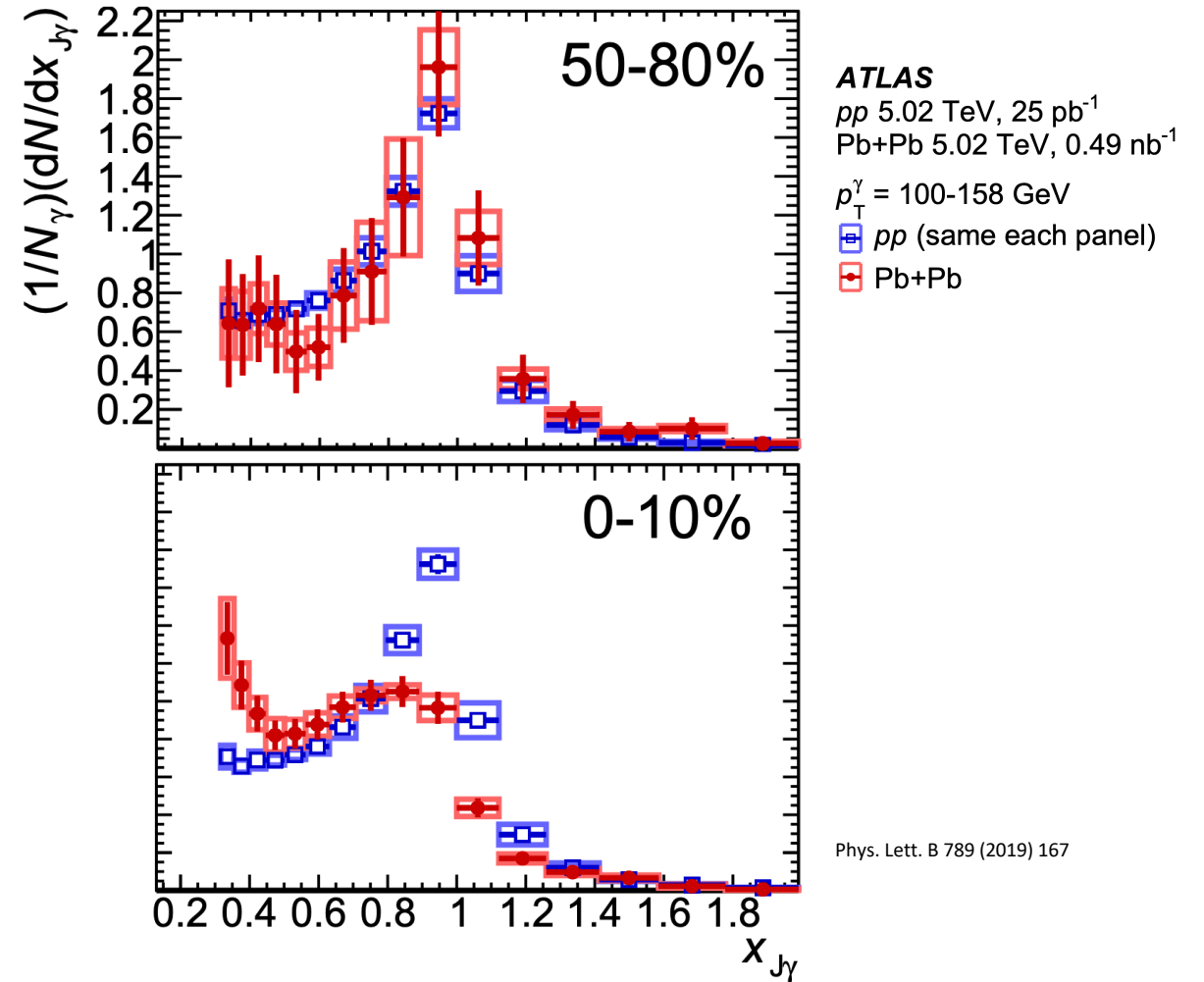
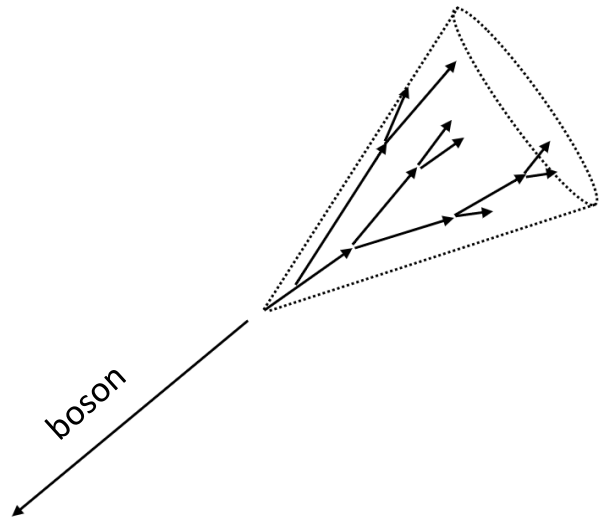
Imbalance reduced with increasing  $p_T$



# Can we increase the sensitivity?

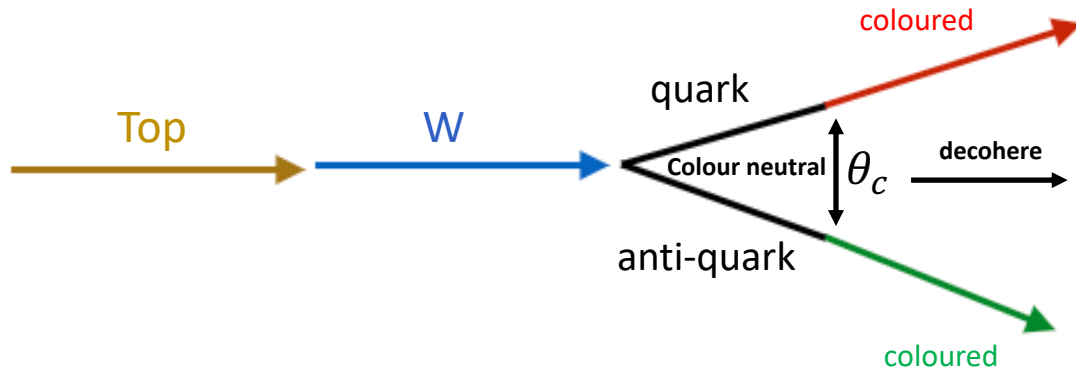
Accessing the initial energy of the jet - unquenched Boson + jet

Strong centrality dependent asymmetry observed  
path length dependence of energy loss?



# Can we control the path length?

Selecting substructure configurations that allow to tune the onset of quenching

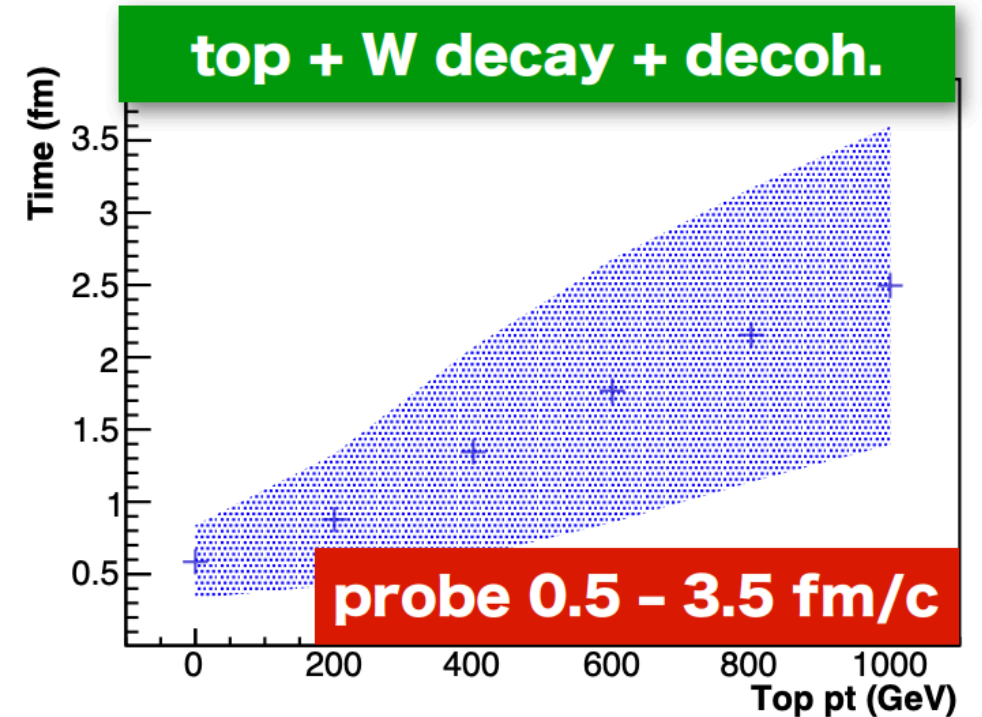


Quenching starts once quarks decohere

$$\tau_d = \left( \frac{12}{\hat{q}\theta_{q\bar{q}}^2} \right)^{1/3}$$

Decoherence time in the medium

Phys. Rev. Lett. 120, 232301 (2018)

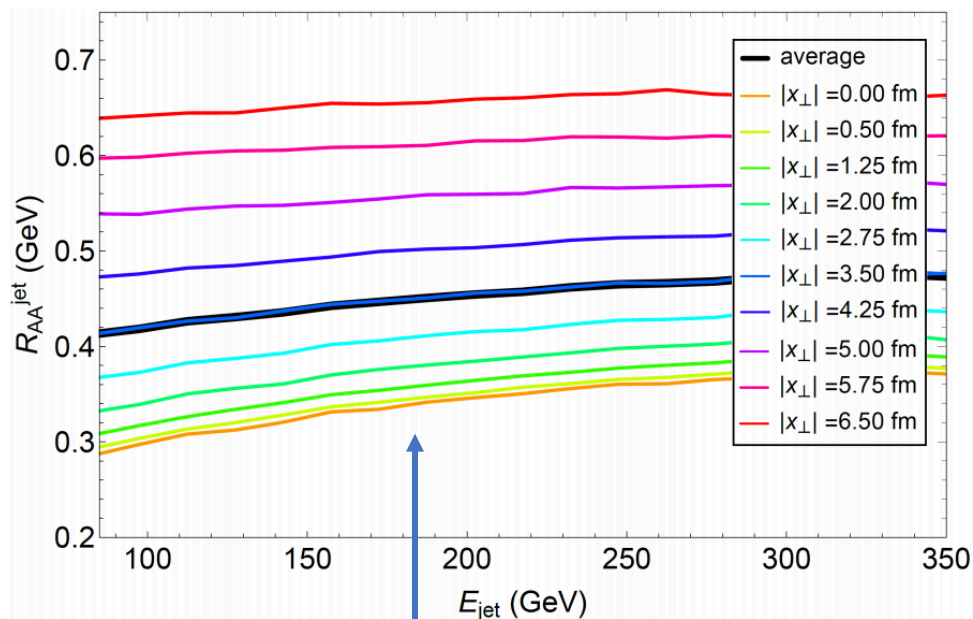


Top quark boost sets quenching time

# Is quenching sensitive to in medium path length?

## jet $R_{AA}$

arXiv:1809.10695



$R_{AA}$  shows sensitivity to in medium path length

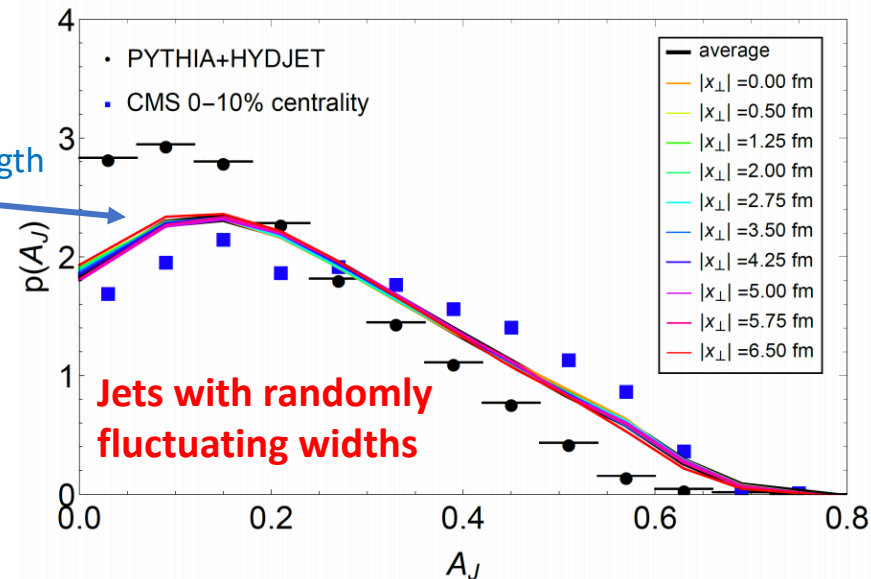
Do these observations point to coherence effects?

In insensitive to path length

In medium path lengths

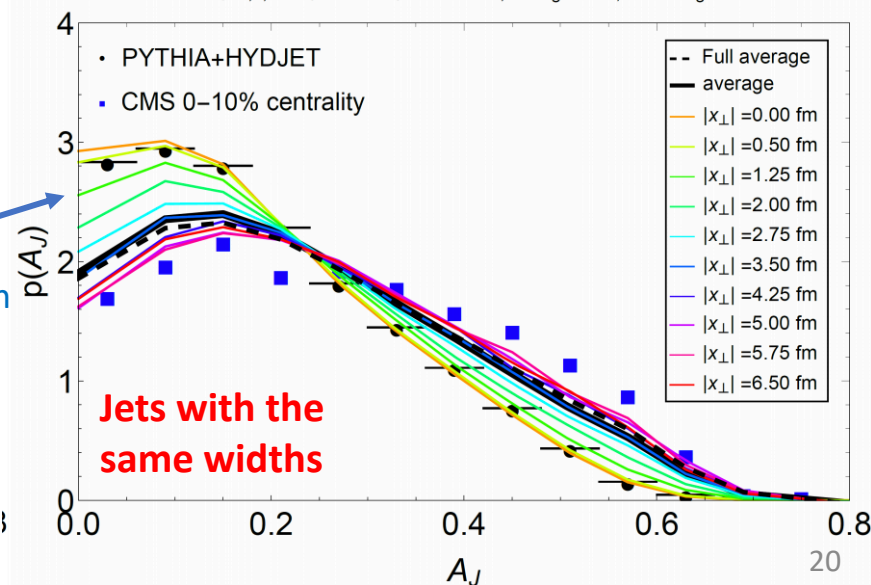
Sensitive to path length

$p_{T,1,2} > (120, 30)$  GeV Dijet momentum imbalance

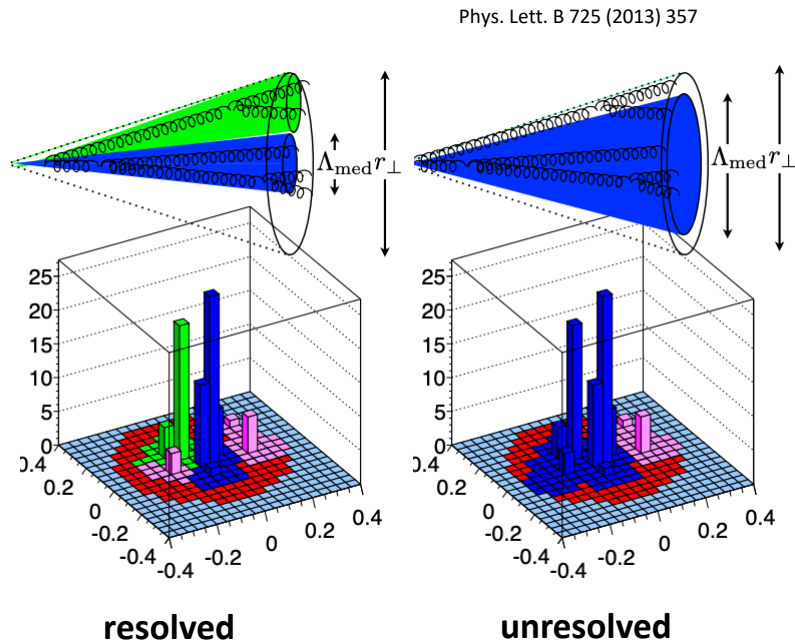


In medium path length sensitivity overshadowed by jet width fluctuations

$p_{T,1,2} > (120, 30)$  GeV,  $\sigma_{0,\text{leading}} = \sigma_{0,\text{subleading}}$



## What is the resolving power of the medium?

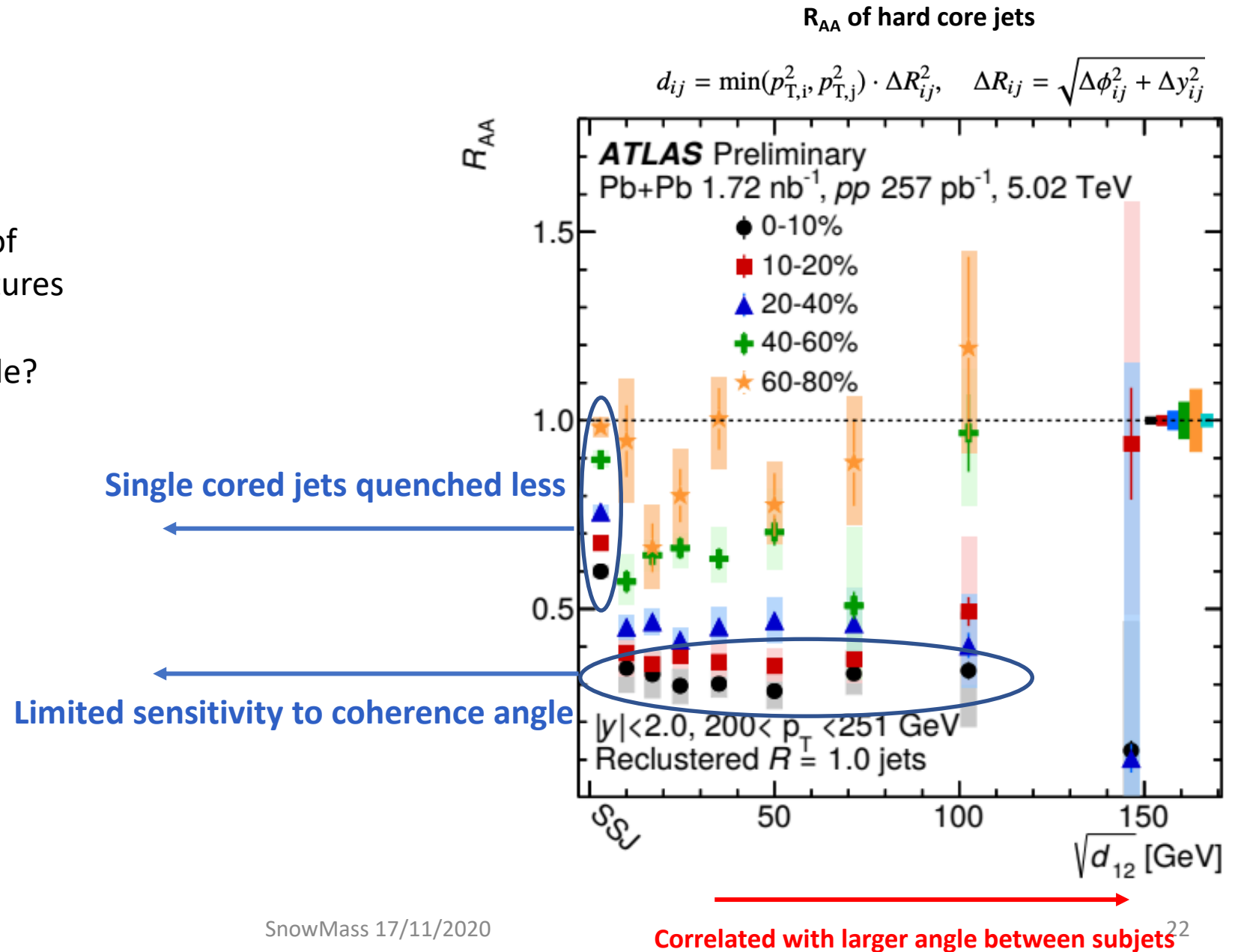


$$\Delta_{\text{med}} \simeq 1 - e^{-\frac{1}{12} \hat{q} L r_{\perp}^2} \equiv 1 - e^{-(\Theta/\theta_c)^2}$$

# Can jet substructure probe colour resolution?

Evaluate quenching as a function of angular separation of jet substructures

Can we extract the coherence angle?

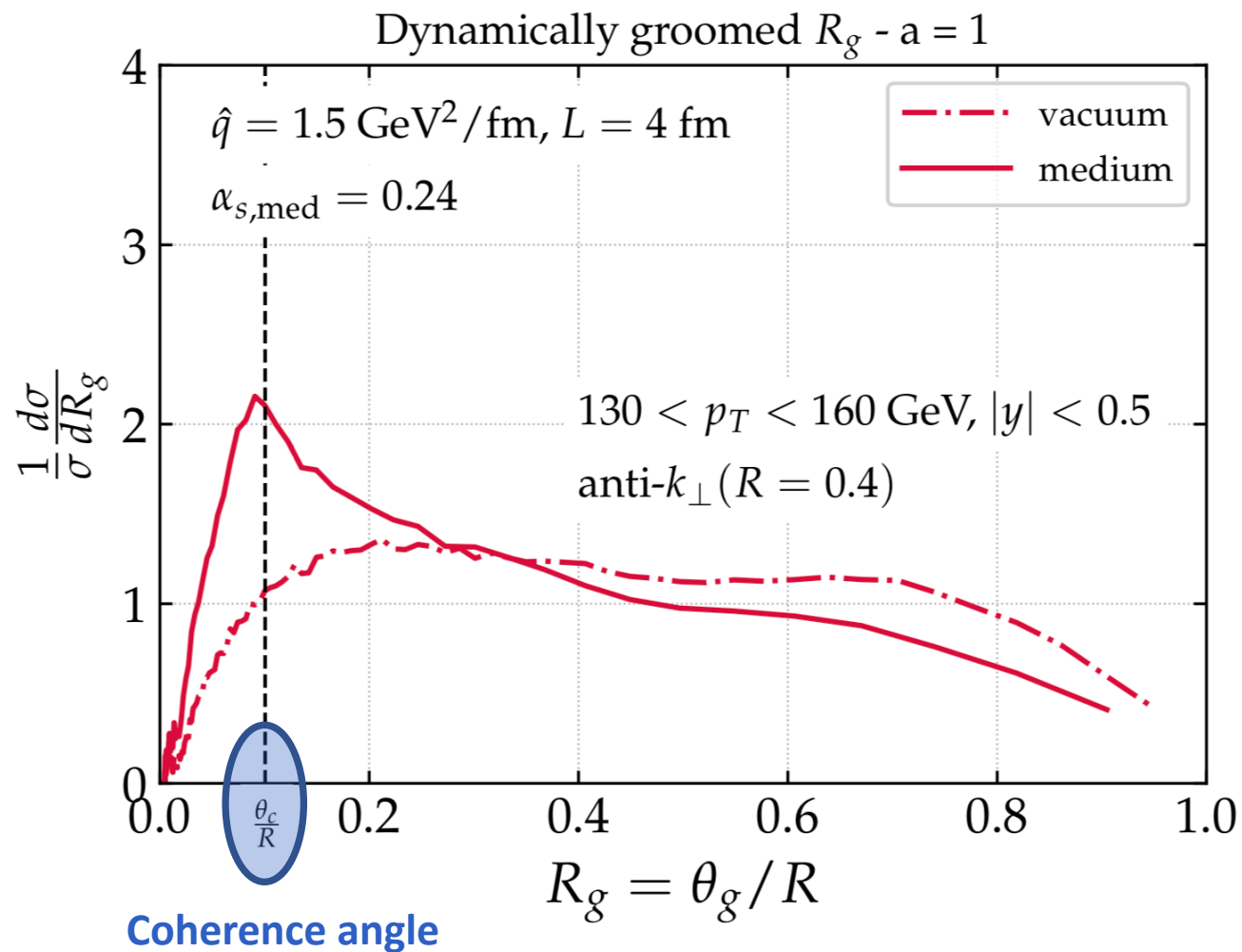
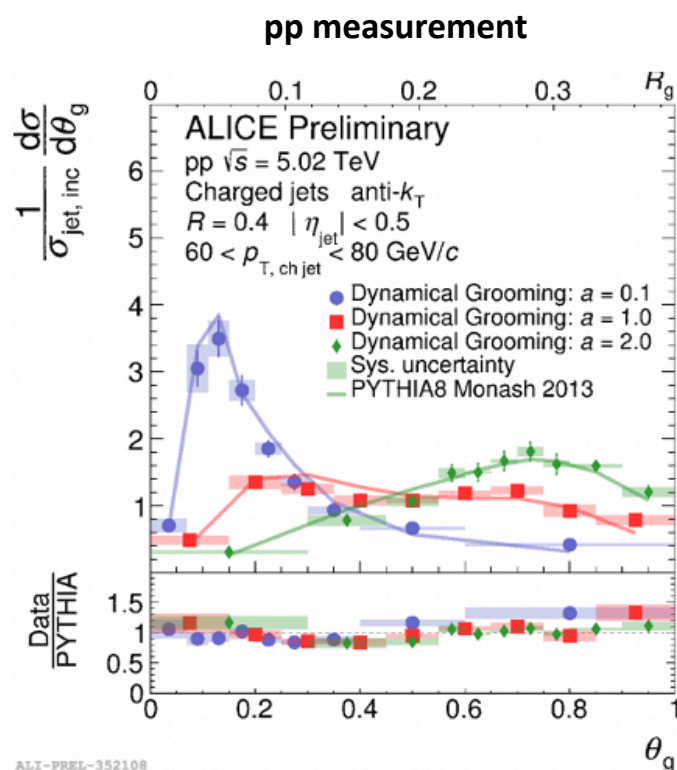


# Can we directly measure the coherence angle?

## Dynamical grooming

Find perturbative splittings using grooming methods

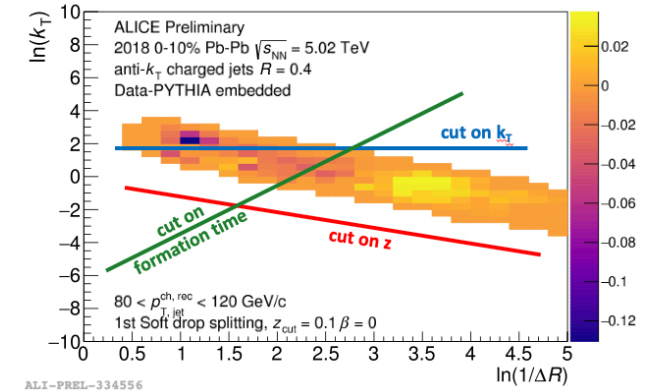
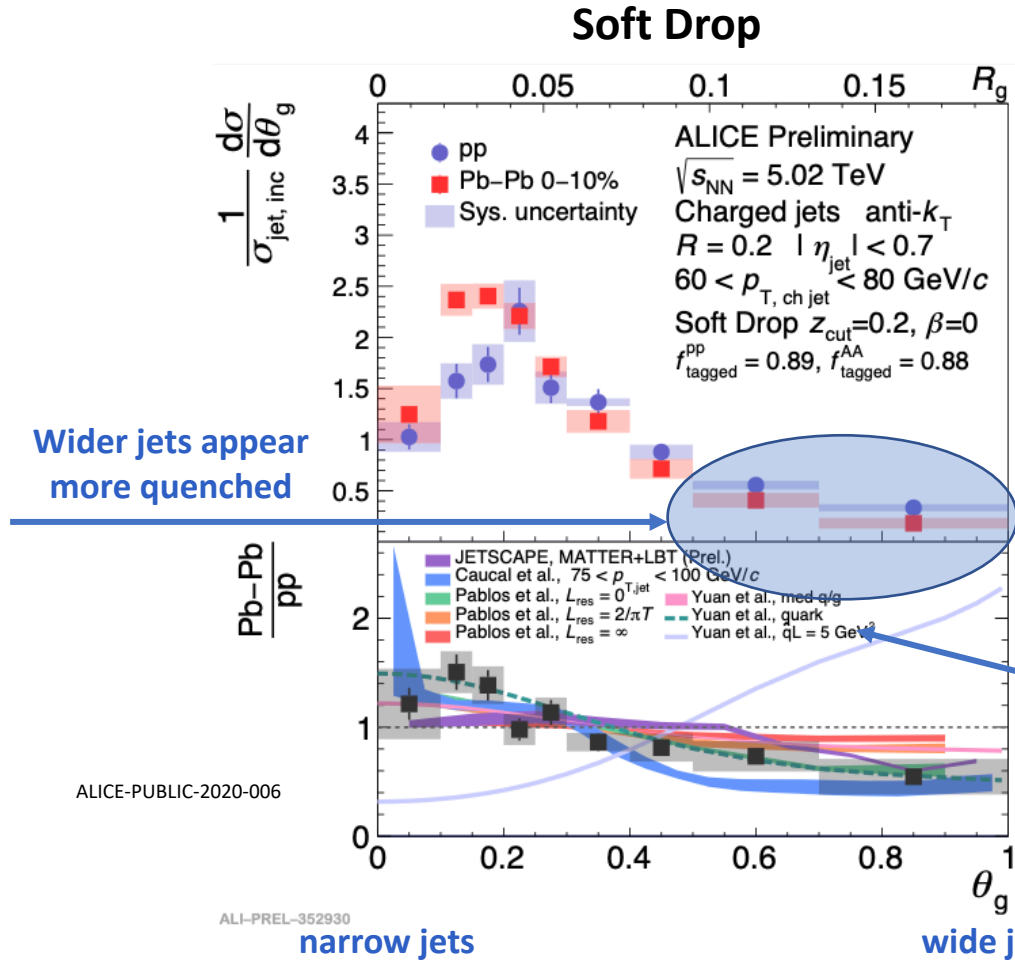
Isolate particular regions of the phase space



# Can we directly measure the coherence angle?

Find perturbative splittings using grooming methods

Isolate particular regions of the phase space



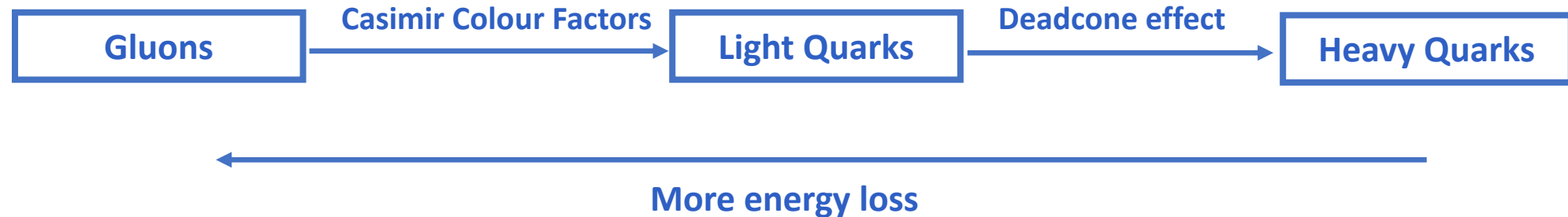
Can we make substructure based selections on dijet populations? Differential measurements of momentum asymmetry

Coherence effects or changes in q/g ratio?



## Is there a flavour dependence of energy loss?

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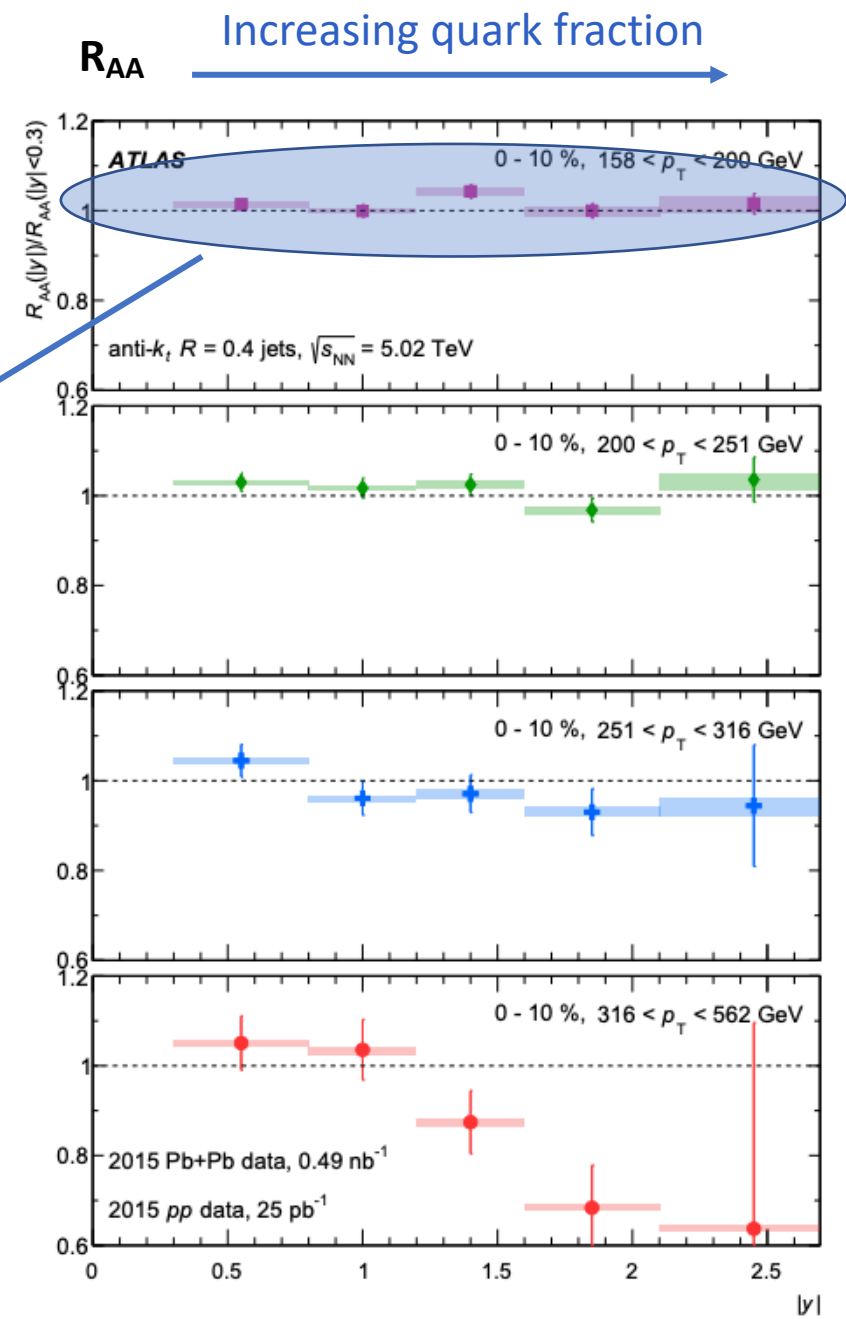


# Can we vary the q vs g ratio?

Quark vs Gluon quenching can be studied by varying their measured fractions

No discernable difference between q vs g quenching

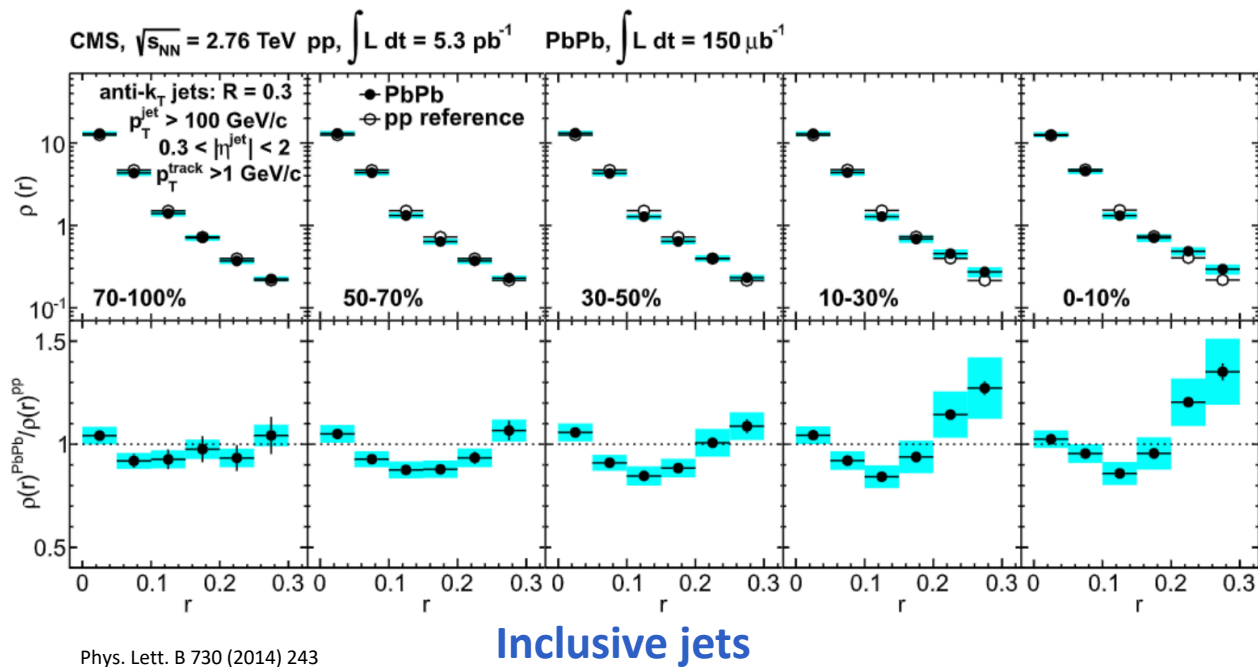
Masked by the steeply falling spectrum?



# Can we vary the q vs g ratio?

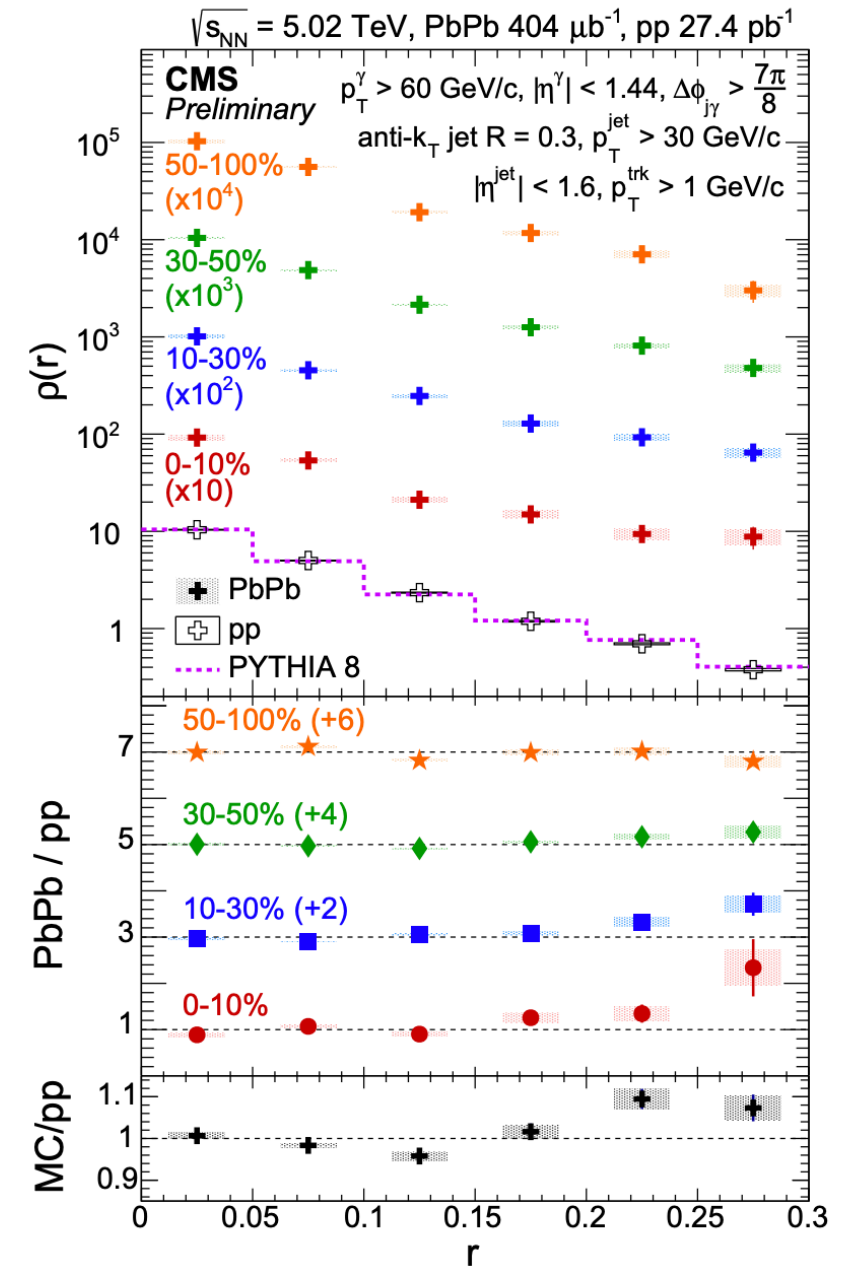
Quark vs Gluon quenching can be studied by varying their measured fractions

**Inclusive jets show larger modification to radial profile**



$$\rho(r) = \frac{1}{\delta r} \frac{\sum_{\text{jets}} \sum_{\text{trk} \in [r_a, r_b]} (p_T^{\text{trk}} / p_T^{\text{jet}})}{\sum_{\text{jets}} \sum_{\text{trk} \in [0, r_f]} (p_T^{\text{trk}} / p_T^{\text{jet}})}$$

## Photon-tagged recoil jets



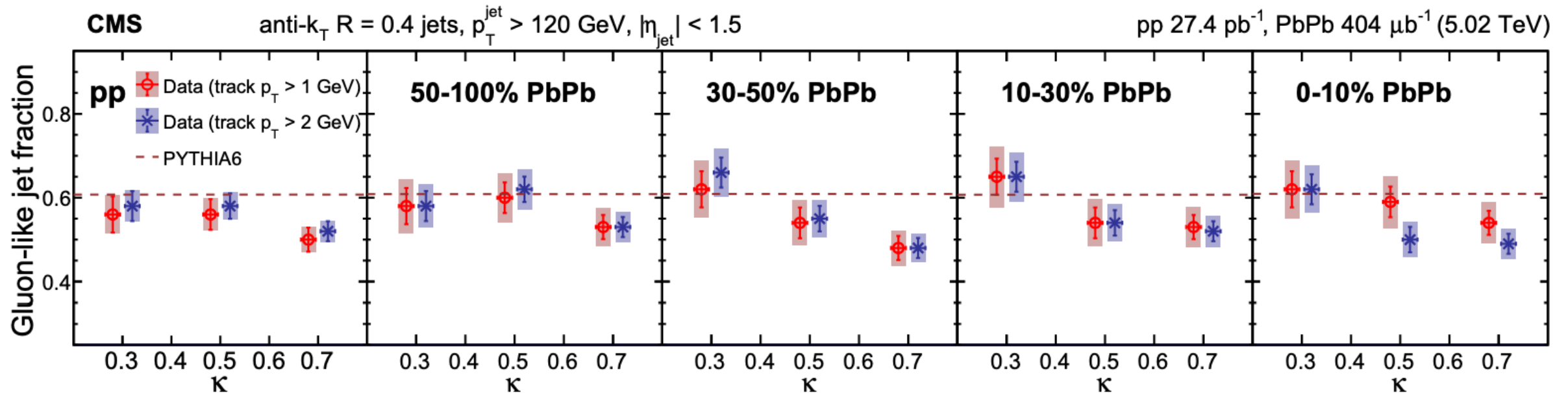
# Can we directly measure the q vs g ratio?

Use jet substructure to tag quark and gluon jets – jet charge

Measure fraction surviving after quenching

$$Q^\kappa = \frac{1}{(p_T^{\text{jet}})^\kappa} \sum_{i \in \text{jet}} q_i p_{T,i}^\kappa$$

Jet charge measurements show no variation in the gluon fraction from pp to Heavy-Ions



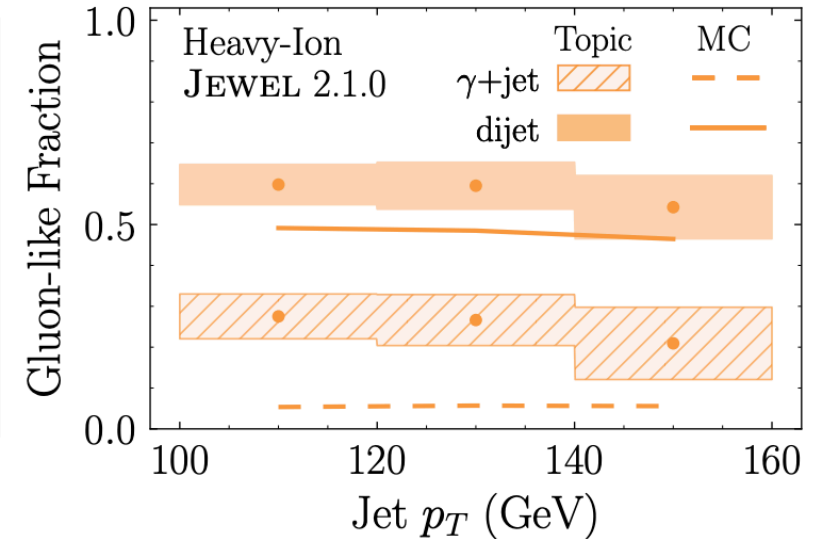
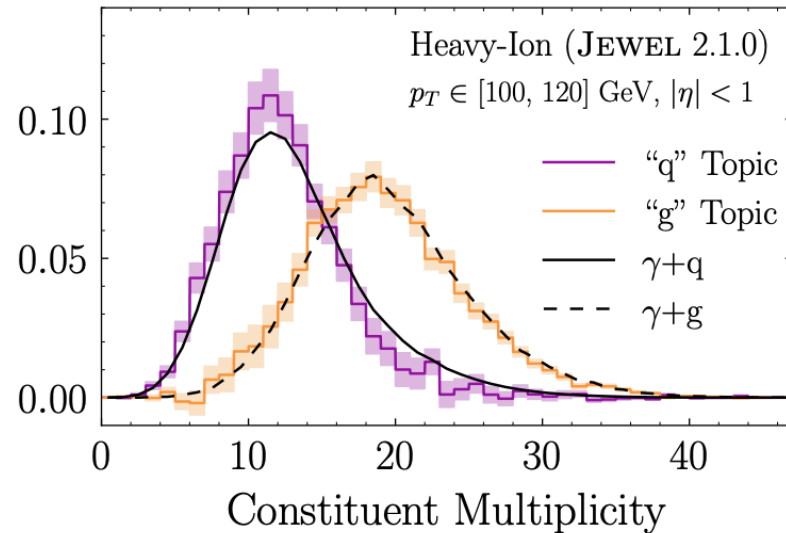
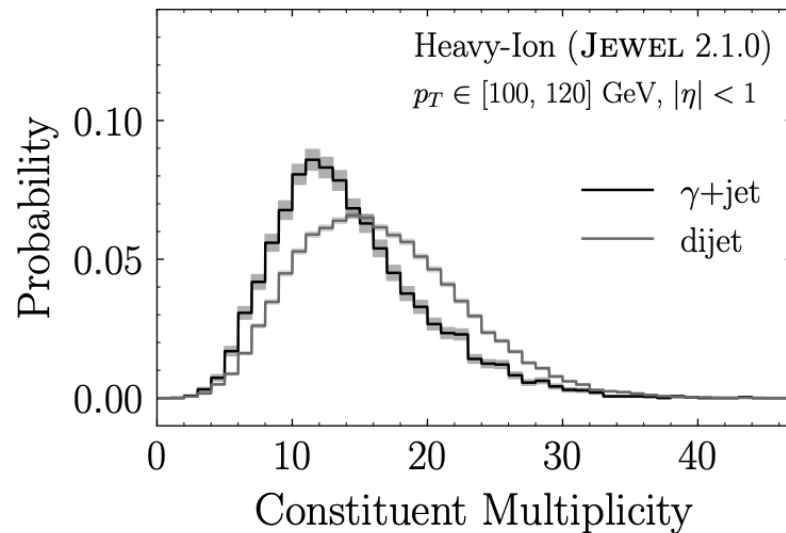
# Can we directly measure the q vs g ratio?

Use jet substructure to tag quark and gluon jets

Measure fraction surviving after quenching

Model independent?

Newly proposed statistical method to extract quark or gluon fraction from two mutually irreducible distributions

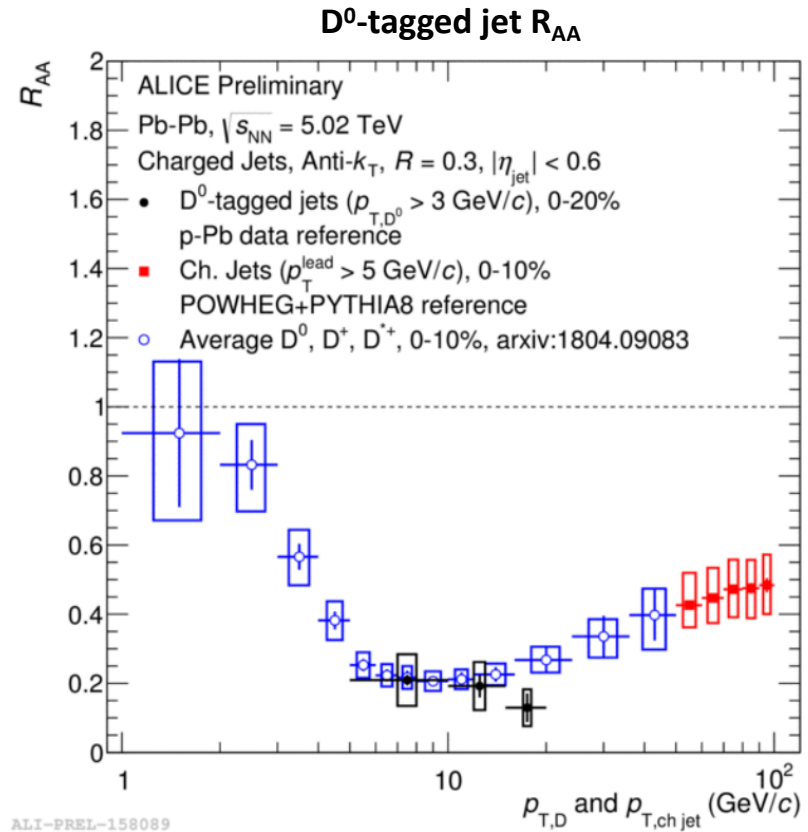


arXiv:2008.08596

# Looking to heavy-flavour jets

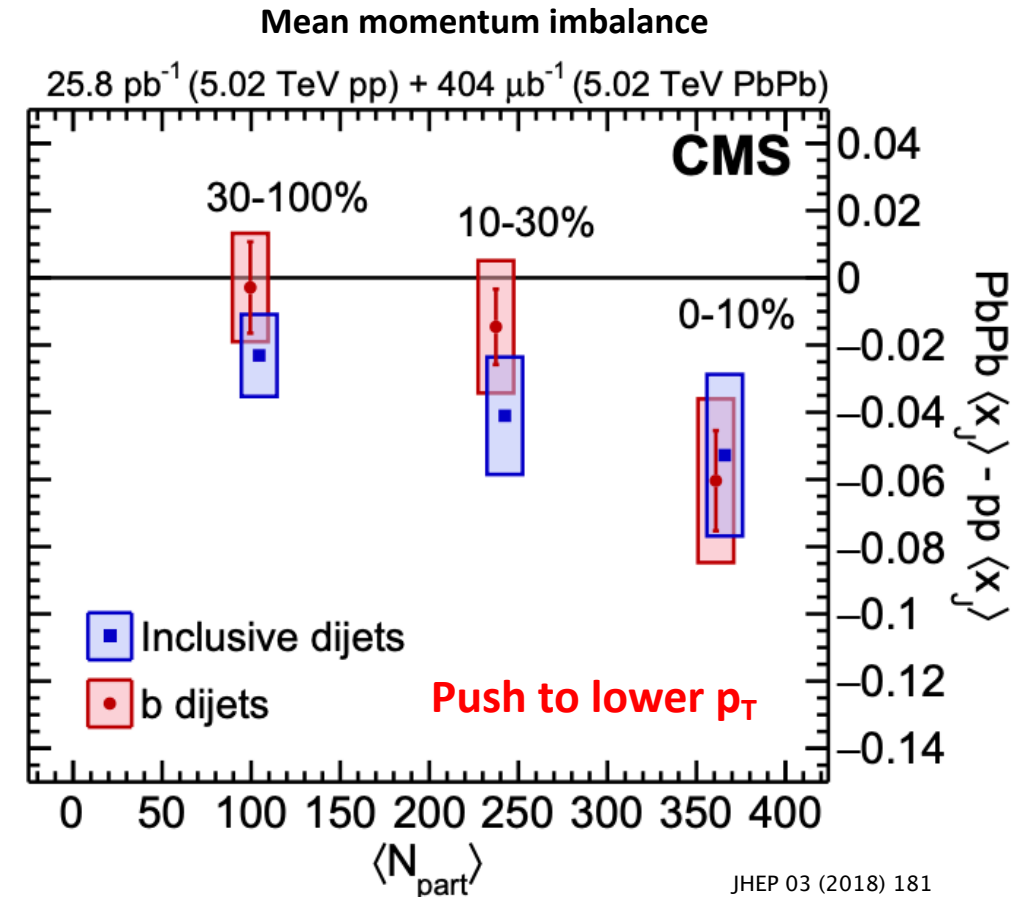
enriched quark sample + deadcone

Do heavy-flavour jets lose less energy?



Need more statistics

No significant differences in momentum imbalance between inclusive and beauty dijets



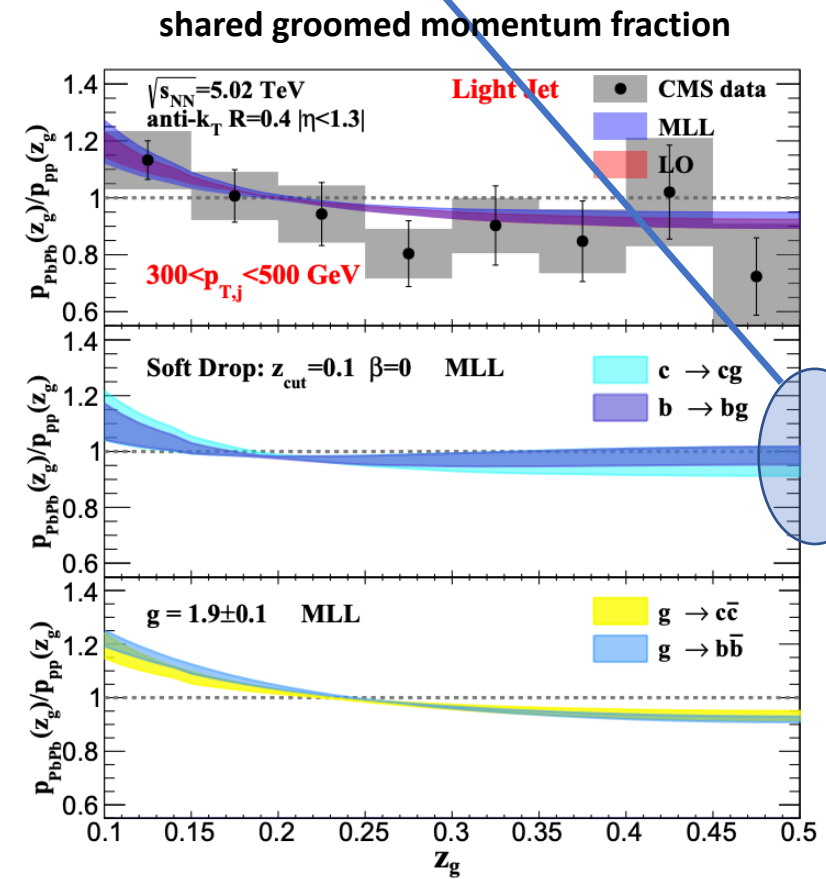
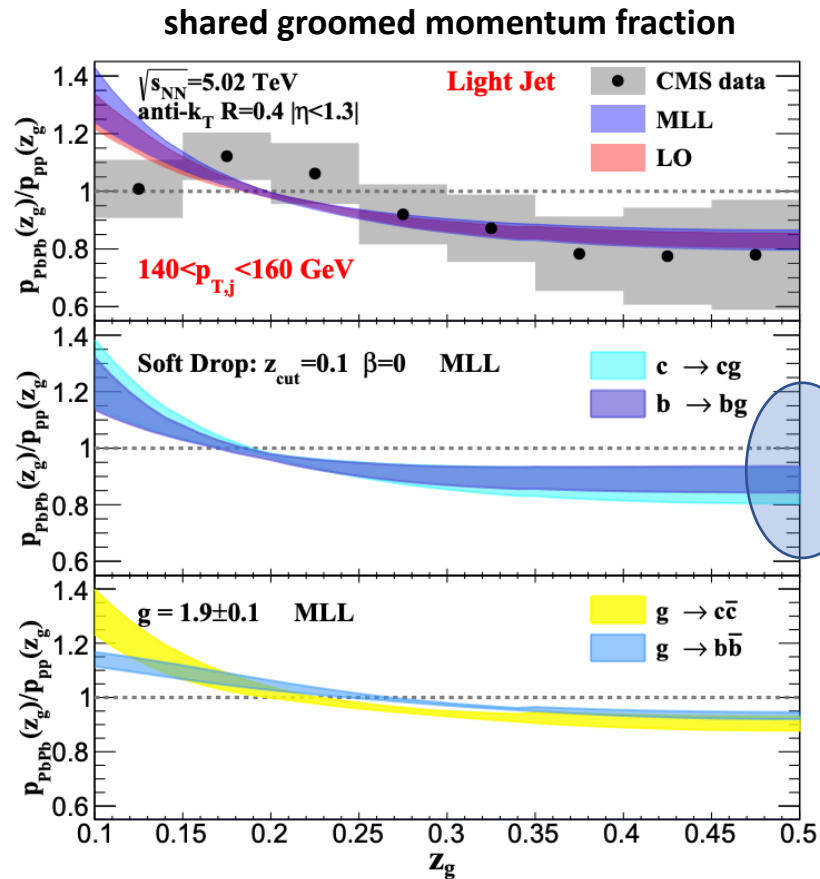
Need to extend measurements to overlapping regions

# Heavy flavour substructure

Heavy flavour substructure sensitive to flavour differences of energy loss

Measurements can give better control on mass corrections of the in medium parton shower

Mass effects predicted to vanish at high  $p_T$   
 Low  $p_T$  regime is an interesting phase space for heavy-flavour jets



# Can we use the deadcone?

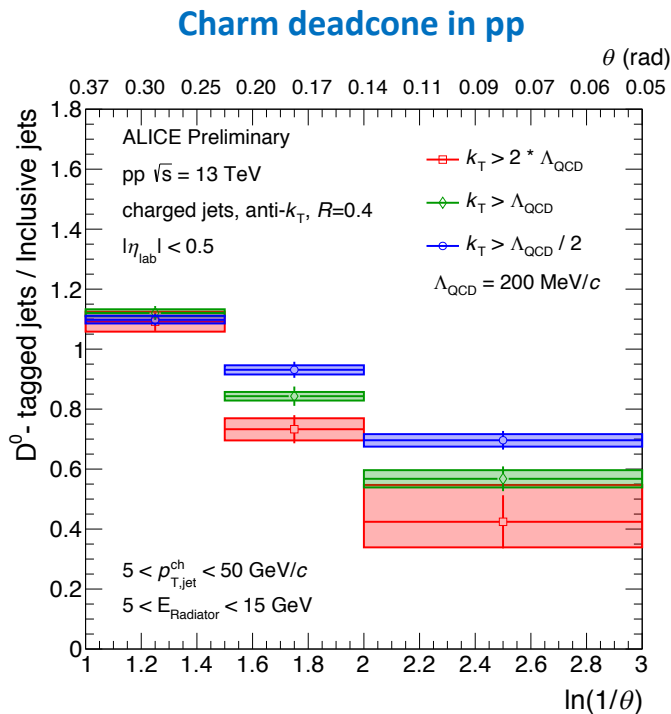
Vacuum emissions are suppressed in the deadcone region of heavy quarks

Medium induced gluon radiation is expected to fill the deadcone – can it be isolated?

Phys.Rev.D69:114003,2004

## Calculations of medium induced gluon transverse momentum distributions

$$(n_0 L)^{-1} \omega dI(N=1) / d\omega d\bar{k}^2$$

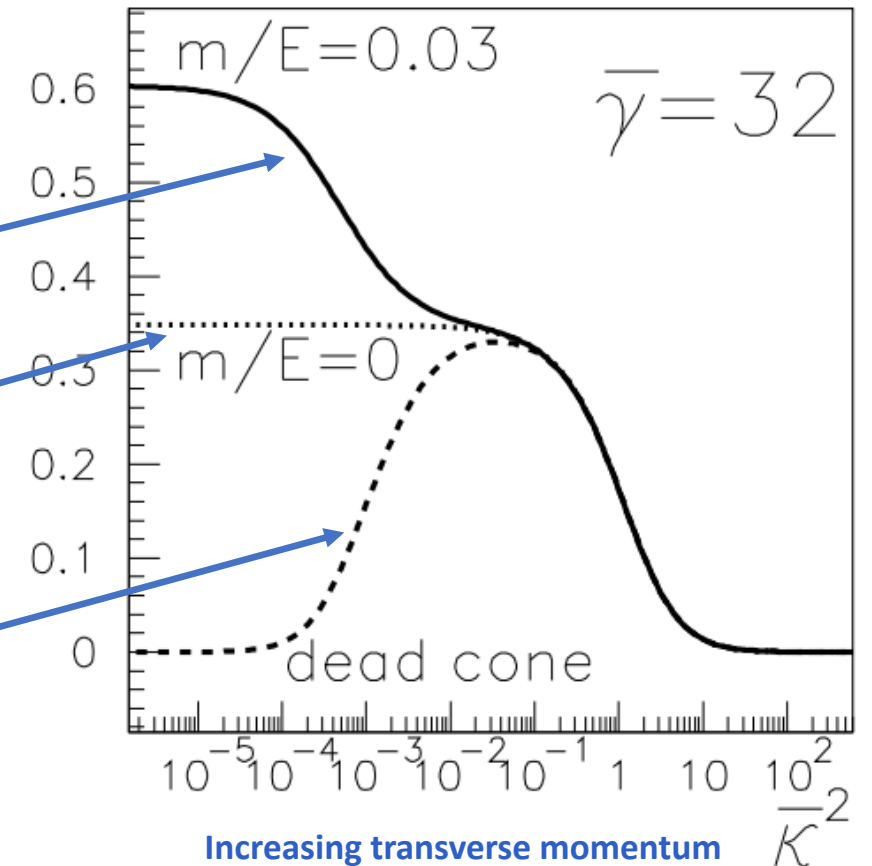


Extend measurement to PbPb

Massive quarks

Massless quarks

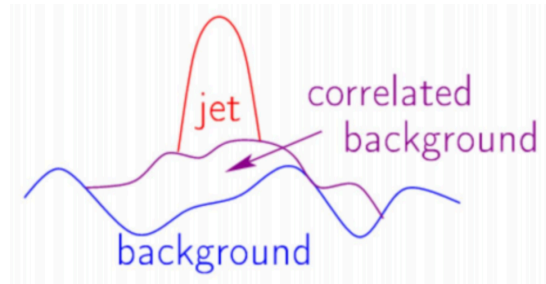
Naive deadcone implementation





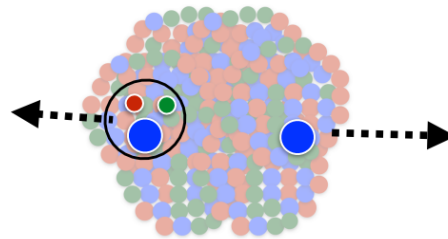
# What is the medium back reaction?

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# How is hadronisation modified in the presence of the medium?

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## What are the new detector capabilities to look forward to at the LHC?

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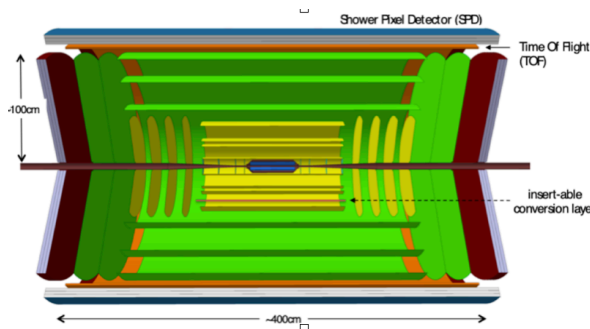
# What upgrades will the next two LHC runs bring?

## ALICE – Run 3

- New inner tracker to improve pointing resolution
- GEM readouts for TPC allowing 50kHz data taking
- Muon forward tracker
- Increased heavy flavour capabilities down to low  $p_T$

## CMS – Run 4

- Upgraded inner tracker up to  $|\eta| < 4$
- New MIP timing detector allows for particle ID down to low  $p_T$
- Increased heavy flavour and high multiplicity capabilities



New ALICE and LHCb detectors in run5?

Lighter ions?

SnowMass 17/11/2020

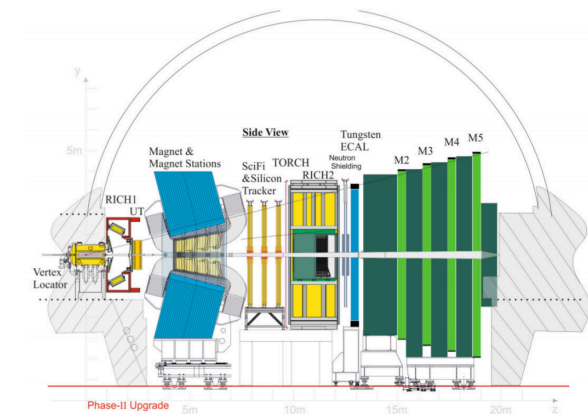
Heavy flavour will be the name of the game  
Larger statistics will allow for more differential boson + jet

## ATLAS – Run 4

- New all silicon tracker up to  $|\eta| < 4$
- High granularity timing detector
- Increased charged jet and heavy flavour capabilities

## LHCb – Run 3

- Upgrades to all trackers
- Vertex locator moved to within 5mm of the nominal beam spot
- Improved PbPb performance



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