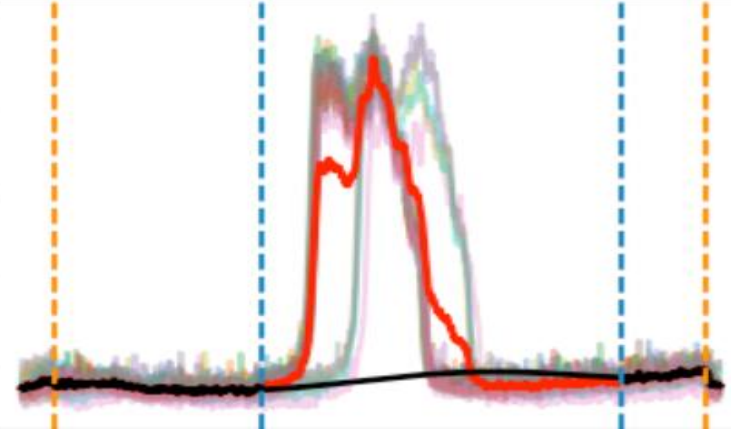


# GOAL OF UPGRADES & FIRST STAB AT SPECS (FOR DISCUSSION)



P. PIOT FOR THE AWA TEAM

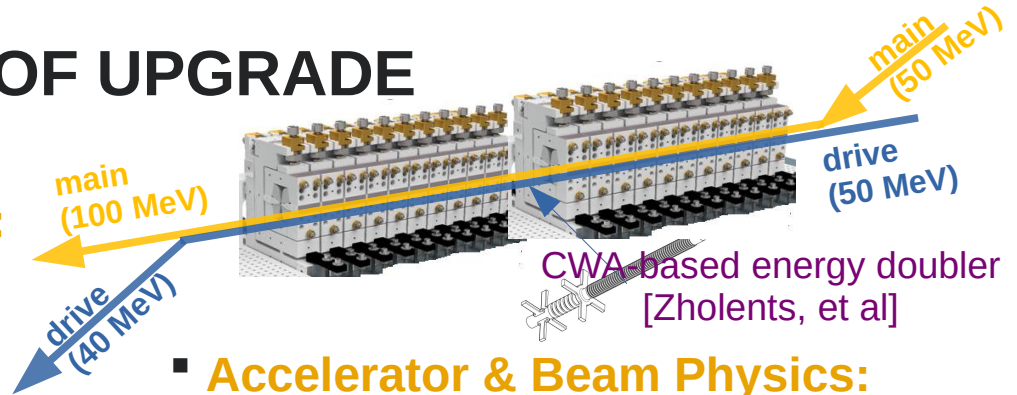
*AWA Upgrades mini-workshop  
Virtual, March, 25<sup>th</sup> 2021*

# ANTICIPATED BENEFITS OF UPGRADE

## Ultimate goals

### Advanced Accelerator Concepts:

- Enabling GV/m scale (sub-THz accelerating structures)
- Stable focusing/transport
- Precise synchronization of two independent electron beams

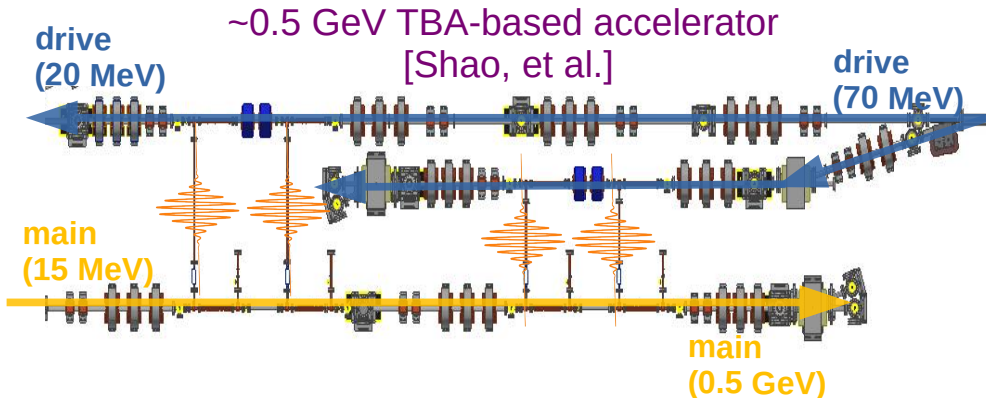


### Accelerator & Beam Physics:

- Bright e- sources (high gradient)
- Advanced beam shaping

### Enabling new opportunities:

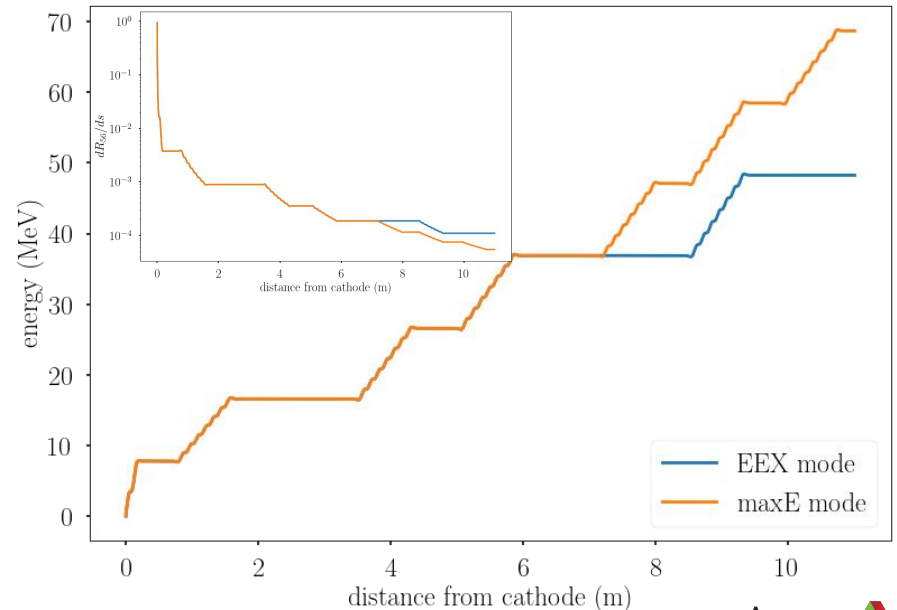
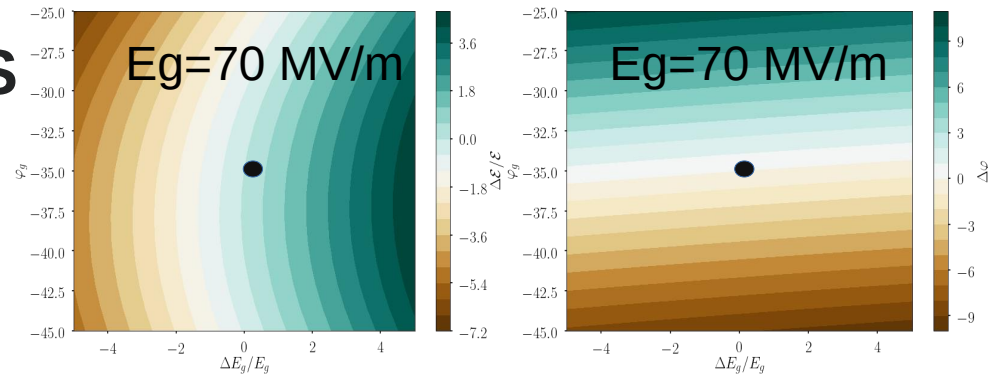
- Laser-beam interaction
- New diagnostics R&D, ML/AI
- Higher experiment throughput
- Better streamlining (e.g. scripts,...)
- Automatic tuning/correction algo.



# LONGITUDINAL DYNAMICS

## Drive-Beam Accelerator (70 MeV)

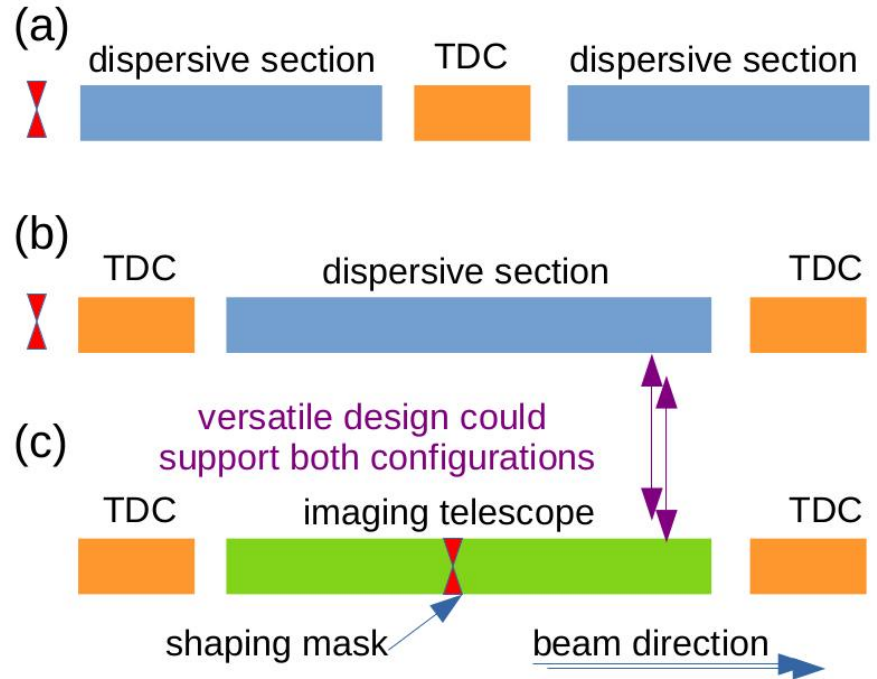
- The photoinjector configuration is conventional
- The longitudinal beam dynamics is "rigid" downstream of the gun (R56~0)
- The gun-laser phase is operated for the best emittance and correspond to a compression factor  $\frac{\Delta\varphi_0}{\Delta\varphi_g} \sim 1$ 
  - Jitter in laser  $\Delta\varphi_g$  translates into jitter in beam arrival time  $\Delta\varphi_0$
  - Gun amplitude jitter mostly produces energy jitter  $\Delta\mathcal{E}$



# SPECIAL BEAMLINES (NOW AND PLANNED)

## Accelerator & Beam Physics

- AWA beamline incorporate 4 transverse-deflecting cavities (TDC)
  - Diagnostic purpose
  - Phase-space exchanger/shaper
- EEX beamlines:
  - Single  $(x, x') \leftrightarrow (\zeta, \delta)$
  - Double  $(x, x') \leftrightarrow (\zeta, \delta) \leftrightarrow (x, x')$
- Shapers (under consideration):
  - Double-TDC shaper [Ha, 2020]
  - Chirper (w/ LANL) [Yampolsky, 2020]



# LONGITUDINAL DYNAMICS

## Requirements from TDC-based beamlines (general considerations)

- Synchronization with 1.3-GHz deflecting cavities (at zero Xing  $\varphi_{\perp} = 0$ )
  - Control over the  $\langle x'z \rangle$  correlation i.e.  $\kappa \equiv \frac{dx'}{d\zeta} \simeq \frac{ekV_{\perp}}{\mathcal{E}}$
  - Assume RMS phase jitter  $\Delta\varphi_{\perp} \simeq k\sigma_z \ll 1$  so that  $\Delta\varphi_{\perp} \sim 0.5\text{deg}$
  - Deflecting strength requirement  $\Delta\kappa/\kappa \leq 0.01$  (coupling term dominated by cavity thick length effect) so

$$\frac{\Delta\mathcal{E}}{\mathcal{E}} \leq 5 \times 10^{-3}$$

and

$$\frac{\Delta V_{\perp}}{V_{\perp}} \leq 5 \times 10^{-3}$$

- TDCs are sometime used downstream of dispersive beamlines so that energy jitter causes of change in time of flight (and timing error in the TDC) imposing

$$\frac{\Delta\mathcal{E}}{\mathcal{E}} \leq \frac{\Delta\varphi_{\perp}}{kR_{56}} \text{ i.e.}$$

$$\frac{\Delta\mathcal{E}}{\mathcal{E}} \leq 5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ (for our standard EEX)}$$

# LONGITUDINAL DYNAMICS

## Requirement on timing

- Phase jitter are principally introduced by the laser so  $\Delta\varphi_g \sim 0.5 \text{ deg}$
- Some beamlines require the chirp  $h$  to be set (and stable) to a precise value – typically  $h = -1/R_{56}$ :
  - EEX beamlines
  - Bunch compressor (e.g. as part of AWA-II or combined with TDC-shaper)
- One can estimate the error on the chirp to be

$$\frac{\Delta h}{h} = \left| \frac{\Delta V}{V} \right| + \left| \frac{\Delta \mathcal{E}}{\mathcal{E}} \right| + |\Delta\bar{\varphi} \times \tan \bar{\varphi}|$$

An effective phase for the full linac

- Requiring  $\frac{\Delta h}{h} \leq 0.01$  implies

$$\frac{\Delta V}{V} \leq 5 \times 10^{-3}$$

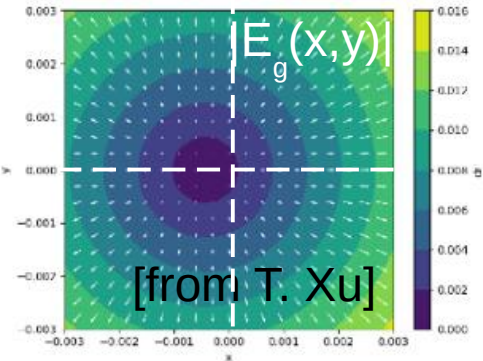
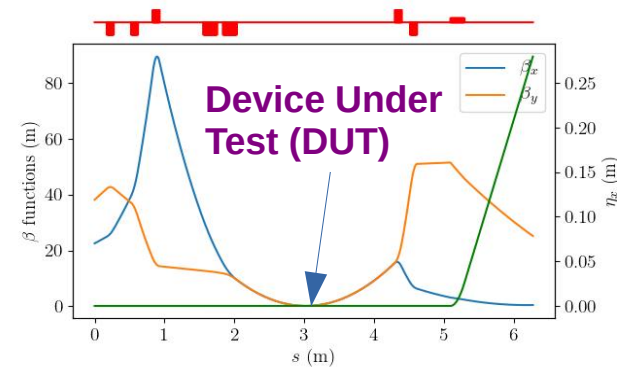
$$\frac{\Delta \mathcal{E}}{\mathcal{E}} \leq 5 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\bar{\varphi} \sim 0.5 \text{ deg} \\ \text{accommodates } |\bar{\varphi}| \leq 20^\circ$$

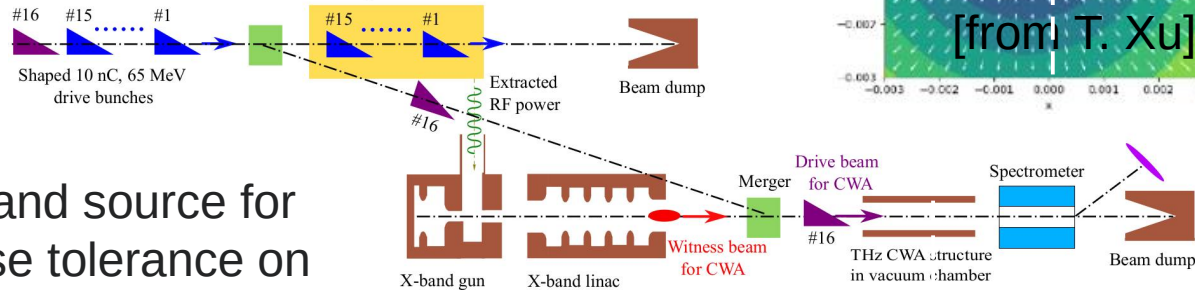
# OTHERS CONSIDERATIONS (TO LIST)

## Requirement from transverse dynamics & other

- Final focus
  - Energy jitter impact final spot in DUT (not quantified but estimate based on chromatic functions show that previous energy jitter requirement is OK)
- Transverse kick
  - Asymmetric power couplers in gun and linac introduce a time-dependent kick (not quantified)



- So far focused on 1.3 GHz, we have a proposal to use an independent X-band source for sub-THz CWA (phase tolerance on 1.3 GHz would be tighter by factor 9!)



[from NIU/IIT proposal using Euclid X-band gun]

# SUMMARY & ON-GOING WORK

## Trying to generate a PDR à la APS

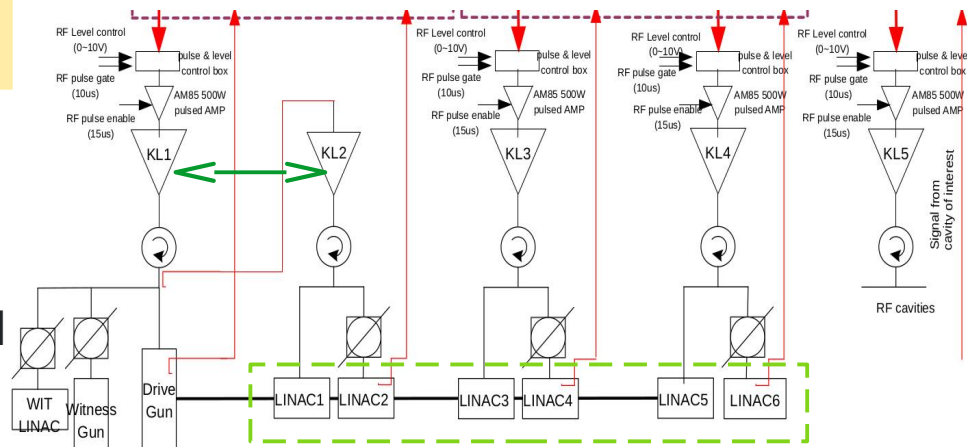
- Develop some simple model to estimate "macroscopic" requirements on phase/amplitude jitters the estimated phase and amplitude tolerances are

$$\frac{\Delta V}{V} \leq 5 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\Delta \bar{\varphi} \sim 0.5 \text{ deg}$$

- Will use TWICE (python version of LiTrack [by W.H. Tan]) to perform a statistical analysis and provide phase and amplitude tolerances on individual components for RF configuration

- Any else we should do to specify system?



$$V \bar{\varphi}$$