Simulation Results on Cryostat with Neutron Absorbing Materials & Geometry Validation

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Outline

- Reducing neutron backgrounds
- Geometry and simulation
- Previous results
- Changes to geometry and simulation
- Results for all configurations
- Conclusions

Reducing neutron backgrounds

- External neutrons are largest background to low-energy searches
- Juergen suggested shielding from neutrons by adding neutron absorbers to structures around detector
- Here we simulate effect of that





DUNE cryostat in LArSoft



wood density: 0.54591 g/cm³ thickness: 4.5 cm

polyurethane foam

density: 0.13 g/cm³ thickness: 74.5 cm

Neutron absorbers in DUNE cryostat



Simulation

- Full far-detector geometry
 - With different additions
 - DUNETPC v08_60_00
- Neutrons from 1-cm slabs around cryostat
- 10,000 events
- Look at first particles in detector that produce hits (eves)



Previous results

geometry	particles entering TPC	
standard	584	
5 w% B in PU foam	270	Loading foam
7.56 w% Li in PU foam	253	with B and Li reduces N particles
1.36 w% Gd in PU foam	1,125	
replace wood with 7.56 w% Li in PE	0 (?)	nothing gets inside detector

0 particles in simulation

- Several of following geometries included to understand this result
- Rerunning simulation produced 401 particles
- Reanalyzing existing simulation (96/100 files) resulted in 380 particles
 - Likely problem with copying files from dCache

New (old) geometry cryostat



wood density: 0.5 (0.54591) g/cm³ thickness: 2.4 (4.5) cm C:50, O:44, H:6 (C:6, O:5, H:10)

polyurethane foam

density: 0.09 (0.13) g/cm³ thickness: 77.48 (74.5) cm

Neutron spectrum

- Neutron spectrum used is too high energy
 - Expect more neutrons to get inside
- Expect neutrons closer to late U chain spectrum
 - Included in simulation



Results for all configurations

	particles entering TPC			
geometry	standard n spectrum		late U chain	
	old geometry	new geometry	old geometry	new geometry
standard	584	1,268	521	1,078
5 w% B in PU foam	270			
7.56 w% Li in PU foam	253			
1.36 w% Gd in PU foam	1,125			
replace wood with PE	453	848		
replace wood with 7.56 w% Li in PE	401	608		
replace wood with 7.56 w% Li in PE (2 x density)		508		
replace wood with 7.56 w% Li in PE, corrugation thickness x 3		584		
replace wood with PE, add 2-mm lithium between PE and PUF		721		
replace wood with 30.0 w% B in PE		614		569

Results for all configurations

new geometry: ~2x particles late U chain: ~0.9x particles n absorbers: ~0.5x particles

	particles entering TPC				
geometry	standard n spectrum		late U chain		
	old geometry	new geometry	old geometry	new geometry	
standard	584	1,268	521	1,078	
5 w% B in PU foam	270				
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replace wood with 7.56 w% Li in PE (2 x density)		508			
replace wood with 7.56 w% Li in PE, corrugation thickness x 3		584			
replace wood with PE, add 2-mm lithium between PE and PUF		721			
replace wood with 30.0 w% B in PE		614		569	

X origin of particles entering TPC



Conclusions

- Adding neutron absorbers to infrastructure around detector looks promising for reducing backgrounds
 - Previous incredible result for Li-loaded polyethylene was erroneous
- More realistic geometry results in worse (~2x) backgrounds
- Expect more realistic n spectrum to improve backgrounds

Backup slides



