

The option for Pythia 8 decays of tau and charm-hadrons in non-Legacy LArG4

GENIE, Geant 4, Pythia { 6,8 }: tau and charm hadron decays

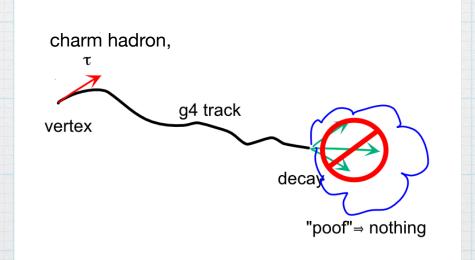
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LArSoft Coordination Mtg 2021-08-10

Past



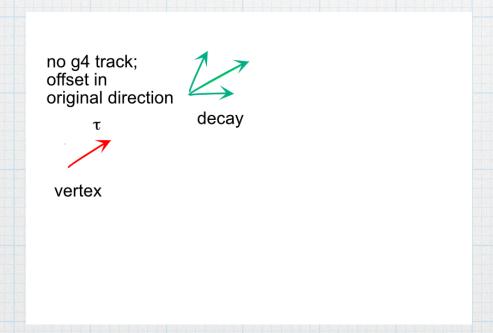
- For a high enough energy in the flux spectrum, GENIE will produce charm hadrons in final state.
- Additionally for an oscillated flux, tau leptons.
- The default handling would be to hand these over to Geant 4 for propagation and decay.
- circa ~ 2012 users were surprised to find that Geant4 didn't generate secondaries for charm or taus...



Cheap Solution



- Let GENIE decay the particle, using already integrated pythia6, before hand-off to Geant4.
- This can be controlled by a GENIE XML configuration file
 - o packaged as genie_phyopt UPS product
 - o either dkcharmtau or dkcharm qualifier



Limits to this Solution



- This was sufficient for NOvA -- offset was small, in general, due to low momenta of tau or charm; and energy was once again conserved.
- NOvA's spatial resolution wasn't sufficient to see such offset.
- Then LArSoft came along and the solution was similarly available to them.
 - O eventually used by DUNE (upon Robert's insistence).
 - o apparently not implemented by microBooNE
 - > perhaps not an issue if never tau or charm production
 - o ?? other LArSoft experiments ??

Present

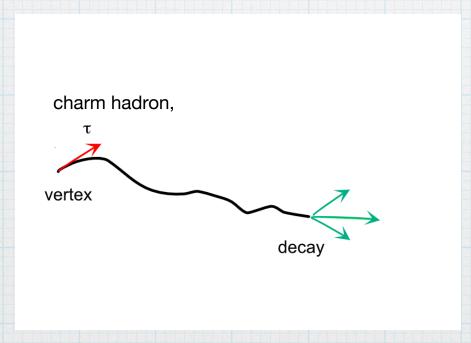


- At some point, Geant4 implemented a rudimentary tau decay (but still not charm hadrons)
 - not sophisticated (phase space only?)
- And ... apparently ... broken in some cases
 o occasionally generate absurd momenta
- Noticed when running without genie_phyopt UPS product setup.
- At about the same time other parties also took notice of this "gap" issue for tau/charm

Future: Better Solution



- Much better would be let Geant4 do it's job, but use Geant4's ability to plug in alternatives to do the decays of charm and tau.
- Ideally this would be semi-automatic or easy to generalize and configure with little coding on the LArSoft side.



Future: Better Solution



- Much better would be let Geant4 do it's job, but use Geant4's ability to plug in alternatives to do the decays of charm and tau.
- Ideally this would be semi-automatic or easy to generalize and configure with little coding on the LArSoft side.
- Make use of the G4 extensible physics list factory to supplement regular standard physics lists.

OFTFP_BERT ⇒
FTFP_BERT+PY8TAUDK+PY8CHARMDK

What Does PY8TAUDK Do?



- Removes Geant4's default decay table for taus
- Register taus to be decayed by Py8TauDecayer which is a G4VPhysicsConstructor with an interface to pythia8
 - o via an instance of a G4VExtDecayer: Py8Decayer
 - o code lives in nug4/AdditionalG4Physics
- Similarly PY8CHARMDK does that same for PDG code signaling charm (or bottom) quarks
 - o e.g. $411 = D^+$, $4122 = \Lambda_c^+$
- Both also register any other particles that don't already have a decay table in Geant4 to use pythia8 as well

Limitations



 Only works in non-Legacy LArG4 because it relies on the extensible physics list factory supplied by Geant4 (not integrated into LegacyG4)

- O FTFP_BERT+PY8TAUDK == FTFP_BERT+PY8TAUDK+PY8CHARMDK
- O FTFP_BERT+PY8CHARMDK != FTFP_BERT+PY8TAUDK+PY8CHARMDK

Limitations - changes to fcl

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```
larg4Main: {
      enableVisualization: false
     macroPath: ".:./macros"
     module label: "larg4Main"
     module type: "larg4Main"
      visMacro: "vis.mac"
   largeant: {
      CheckOverlaps: false
      DebugVoxelAccumulation: 0
      DumpLArVoxelList: false
      DumpParticleList: false
      GeantCommandFile: "LArG4.mac"
      KeepParticlesInVolumes: []
      SmartStacking: 0
      UseModLarqlRecomb: false
     VisualizeEvents: false
     module label: "largeant"
     module type: "LArG4"
simulate: [
   "rns",
   "larg4Main"
   "largeant"
```

```
-##### start added services for larg4Main
    ActionHolder: {
       service type: "ActionHolder"
   DetectorHolder: {
       service type: "DetectorHolder"
    ExampleGeneralAction: {
      name: "exampleGeneral"
       service type: "ExampleGeneralAction"
   LArG4Detector: {
      category: "world"
      gdmlFileName_: "dune10kt_v4_1x2x6.gdml"
       service_type: "LArG4Detector"
   MCTruthEventAction: {
       service type: "MCTruthEventAction"
    ParticleListAction: {
      SparsifyMargin: 0.1
       service type: "ParticleListAction"
    PhysicsList: {
       DumpList: false
      PhysicsListName: "FTFP BERT+PY8TAUDK+PY8CHARMDK"
      ScintillationByParticleType: false
      enableAbsorption: false
      enableBoundary: false
      enableCerenkov: false
       enableMieHG: false
      enableRayleigh: false
      enableScintillation: false
       enableWLS: false
      service type: "PhysicsList"
    PhysicsListHolder: {
       service type: "PhysicsListHolder"
-##### end added services for larg4Main
```

Better Solution Status



- Julia Yarba implemented the interface to Pythia8 in a stand-alone Geant4 app
- Robert Hatcher integrated it into the factory system so that physics process can be added by configuring the PhysicsList name and integrated it into nug4 (with a link in larg4)
- Issues:
 - o Integrated into NuG4 package (to be avail art 3.09)
 - added dependence on Pythia8
 - GENIE sets tau polarization (for RES + DIS, but not QES) in its event record — to be fixed in v3_02
 - polarization info is transferred to MCTruth in LArSoft record and from MCTruth to G4PrimaryParticle (nug4 ConvertMCToG4 and/or larg4/pluginActions/ MCTruthEventAction_service.cc)

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Better Solution Status



- Issues continued:
 - Linked to LArG4main to get library _loaded_ at run time
 - nothing needs be done on user side other than load the library to make it available; no explicit compile/link time references
 - o Possibility to do the same kind of interface for the tauola package. Pythia8 documentation implies that the decay models are slightly different in some cases.
 - https://indico.cern.ch/event/300387/contributions/ 686167/attachments/565826/779490/ ilten140915.pdf

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