



# Design & Simulation: Progress & Plans

Richard Fernow Brookhaven National Laboratory

MAP Winter Meeting
SLAC
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### Design & Simulation

- brief overview of D&S activities, details in subsequent talks
- MAP-paid effort on D&S remains constant ~10 FTEs
- spread over six distinct Level 2 areas
- directing most of our effort at critical design issues in each area (as suggested by 2010 DOE review)
- helped prepare Interim Design Report (IDR) for IDS-NF
- prepared more detailed parameter list for MC (also suggested by DOE review)

### Level 2 areas

Proton driver Keith Gollwitzer

Front end Harold Kirk

MC cooling Tom Roberts

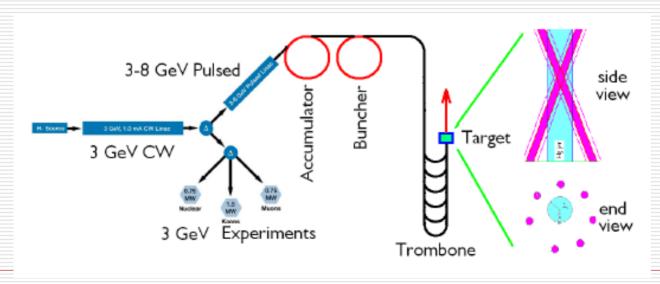
μ acceleration Scott Berg

Collider ring Yuri Alexahin

Machine-detector Nikolai Mokhov

### **Proton Driver**

- Joint MC-PX Task Force is working to ensure that PX design is compatible with requirements for future NF or MC
- studied effects on PX linac running in MC mode (looks OK so far)
- worked on basic lattice design for Accumulator and Compressor rings
- studied bunch compression with space charge
- studied instability thresholds in rings



## PD ring simulations

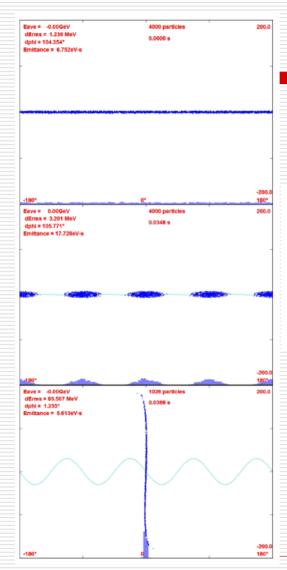


Figure 1. h=4 Simulation of longitudinal motion. In this simulation protons are adiabatically bunched into 4 bunches in the Accumulator. A single bunch is transferred into the Compressor where it is rotated to a short bunch ( $\sigma$ =~3ns). In each of these graphs the x-coordinate is phase around the ring(-180° to +180°), and the y coordinate is the energy offset  $\delta E$  (-200 to +200 MeV).

(D. Neuffer)

### Proton Driver plans

- FY12 MAP milestone: complete MC-PX Task Force report
- Some outstanding issues
   Accumulator ring
   design of stripping system
   simulation of injection painting

Compressor ring

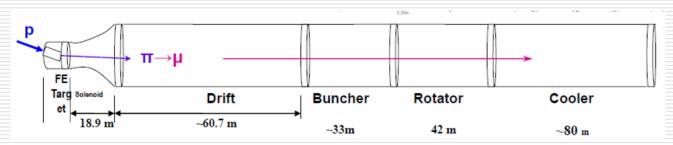
simulation of 6D dynamics with space charge

Design of multiple-beam focusing optics onto the target (close collaboration with Targetry group)

(details in PX session on Wednesday)

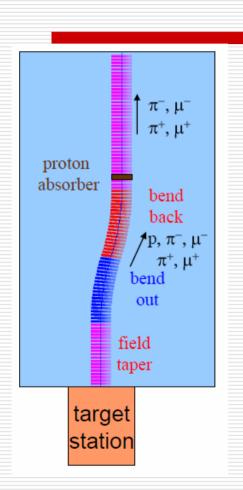
### Front end

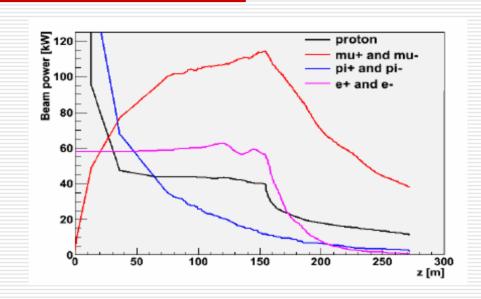
- active group working as part of IDS-NF
- have produced an optimized front end channel design, described in IDR
- initial studies of beam cleaning system to remove unwanted beam downstream from the target
- studying effect of new target & capture configurations on FE performance
- studying effect of using Ga target on FE performance



transverse cooling for NF only

## Beam cleaning system





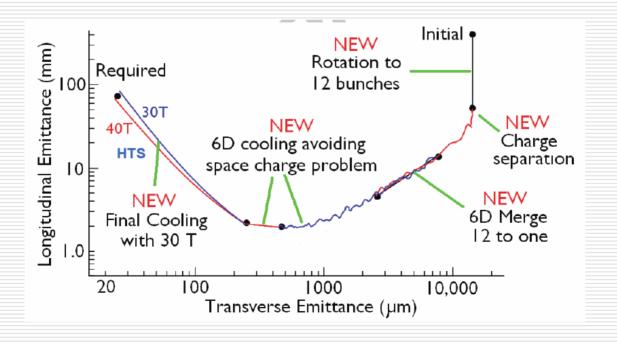
- scheme developed by C. Rogers, D. Neuffer & P. Snopok
- bent solenoid chicane removes high p tail of beam
- Be proton absorber removes low p tail
- simulations look encouraging (details in next session)

### Front end plans

- FY12 MAP milestone: complete an initial design for beam cleaning system
- Some outstanding issues
   simulate performance using beam from final target configuration
   incorporate preferred solution RF cavity problem (reduced gradient?)
   reoptimize the expected μ performance
   conceptual designs for shielding and solenoids downstream of target

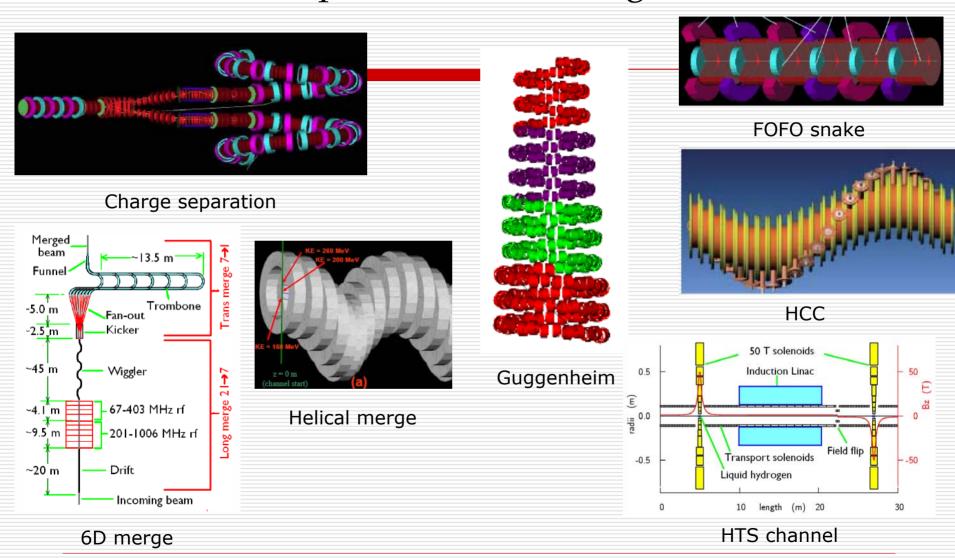
## Muon Collider Cooling

- basic scheme for achieving required MC cooling same for last ~5 years
- continued work on improving performance & increasing realism



(R. Palmer)

## Possible parts of MC cooling channel



## Cooling

- matched FOFO-snake channel with beam from front end (Y. Alexahin talk)
- space charge calculations suggested possible problems (R. Palmer talk) modified Guggenheim channel designs
- updated simulations on HCC channel (K. Yonehara talk)
- 6D bunch merging much more efficient than earlier longitudinal design
- new helical bunch merging channel has good performance (C. Yoshikawa talk)
- final cooling with 40 T solenoids sufficient to reach MC requirements

### Other cooling ideas

- some members of MAP are continuing to study alternate cooling schemes
- mainly funded through SBIRs

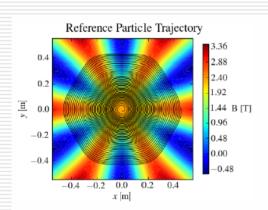
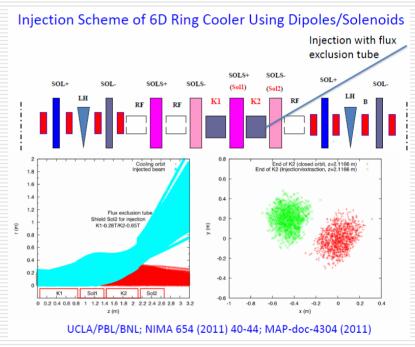
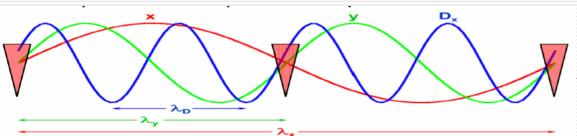


Figure 1: Trajectory of the reference particle with initial momentum of  $p=180~{\rm MeV/c}$  and initial radius of  $r=0.464~{\rm m}$ . The color contour behind the trajectory depicts the mid-plane strength of the magnetic field in Tesla.

Inverse cyclotron U. Mississippi, Tech-X





Ring UCLA, PBL, BNL

EPIC
Muons Inc.,
JLAB, Hampton U.

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## Cooling plans

#### FY12 MAP milestones

evaluate implications of MTA RF experiments on HCC simulate a new 12-bunch 6D merging system redesign post-merge Guggenheim taking into account space charge calculations make more realistic simulations of post-merge Guggenheim with field maps create algorithm to help design field-flips in final cooling

#### Additional resources

Muons Inc

2012 SBIR on improvements to HCC theory/simulations 2011 SBIR on epicyclic parametric ionization cooling (EPIC)

## Cooling issues

Some outstanding issues

more realistic space charge simulations for beam near end of the 6D channel conceptual design of ~20 T solenoids used near end of 6D cooling optimize multi-stage parameters for final cooling channel examination of importance of physics effects missing in current simulations

### Muon acceleration

continued refining accelerator designs for NF and MC

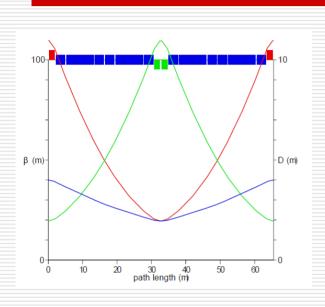
NF: linac + 2 RLAs + FFAG

(A. Bogacz talk)

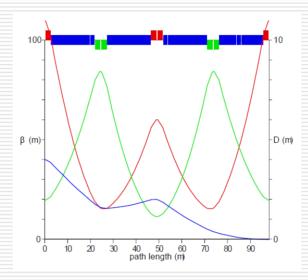
MC: linac + 2 RLAs + 2 RCSs

- studying possible more efficient use of RLAs
   ramped quads in linac => more passes
   combined function magnets in arcs => simpler switchyard, fewer arcs
- studying scaled e model of dogbone RLA with multi-pass arcs (A. Bogacz talk)
- analysis of results from EMMA non-scaling FFAG experiment
- did first basic lattice designs for RCS (S. Berg talk)
- started simulating magnet behavior with grain-oriented steel laminations
   (D. Summers talk)

### Muon acceleration



Arc cell lattice functions



Dispersion suppressor

Initial 750 GeV RCS lattice A. Garren

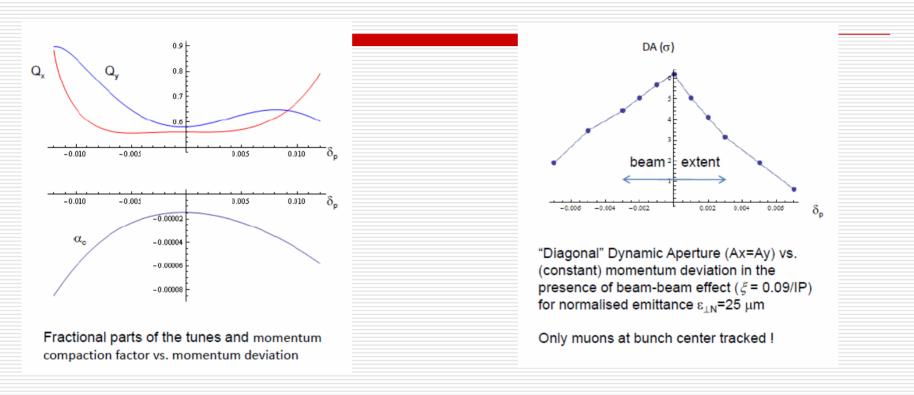
### Muon acceleration

- FY12 MAP milestones
   complete arc cell lattice design for 750 GeV hybrid RCS
   examine suitability of existing codes to model grain-oriented steel
- Some outstanding issues
   controlling time-of-flight variations in hybrid RCS
   study chromaticity correction on hybrid RCS
   study coherent instabilities in hybrid RCS
   conceptual design of needed injection/extraction systems

## Collider ring

- completed the 1.5 TeV ring design
- studied chromaticity correction for MC optics
- studied correction of fringe field & multipole errors in IR magnets
- simulated effects of beam-beam interactions on beam dynamics
- have a preliminary design for the 3 TeV ring (Y. Alexahin talk)
- designed 3 TeV arc cell based on combined-function magnets
- Additional resources
   Muons Inc
   2011 SBIR on designing achromatic low-β IRs

## 1.5 TeV ring simulations



Design rms  $\delta p/p = 0.1\%$ 

(Y. Alexahin, E. Gianfelice et al)

## Collider ring

- FY12 MAP milestones
   complete a 3 TeV ring design
   update conceptual designs for collider arc dipoles & quadrupoles
- ullet Some outstanding issues design of tuning & collimation sections possible reduction in  $eta^*$  detailed beam-beam & self-consistent longitudinal simulations study coherent instabilities

### Machine Detector Interface

- developed detailed MARS model (±200 m from IP) for 1.5 TeV machine
- designed tungsten liners, masks and cone to protect magnets and detector
- extending MARS physics model for EM showers down to 1 keV
- full MARS simulation of 1.5 TeV radiation loads on IR and detector components
- created 1.5 TeV background particle files (BPF) for detector group
- using BPF to adjust ILCroot and lcsim detector models
- started work on 3 TeV MDI model

(N. Mokhov talk)

### Machine Detector Interface

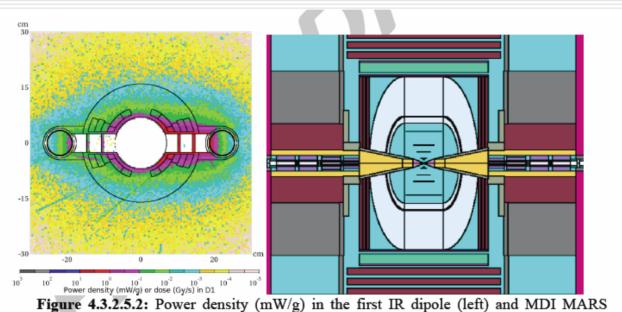


Figure 4.3.2.5.2: Power density (mW/g) in the first IR dipole (left) and MDI MARS model (right).

(N. Mokhov et al)

### Machine Detector Interface

- FY12 MAP milestone: continue support of MDI studies
- Some outstanding issues
   detailed MARS model of 3 TeV MDI region
   MARS 3 TeV production runs for energy deposition & backgrounds
   update ILCroot and lcsim detector models for 3 TeV
   conceptual design of collimation system for 0.75 and 1.5 TeV muons

### Summary

- we have been trying to address the most critical D&S issues, as time and available personnel permit
- work is progressing well towards eventual baseline designs for both the neutrino factory and the muon collider