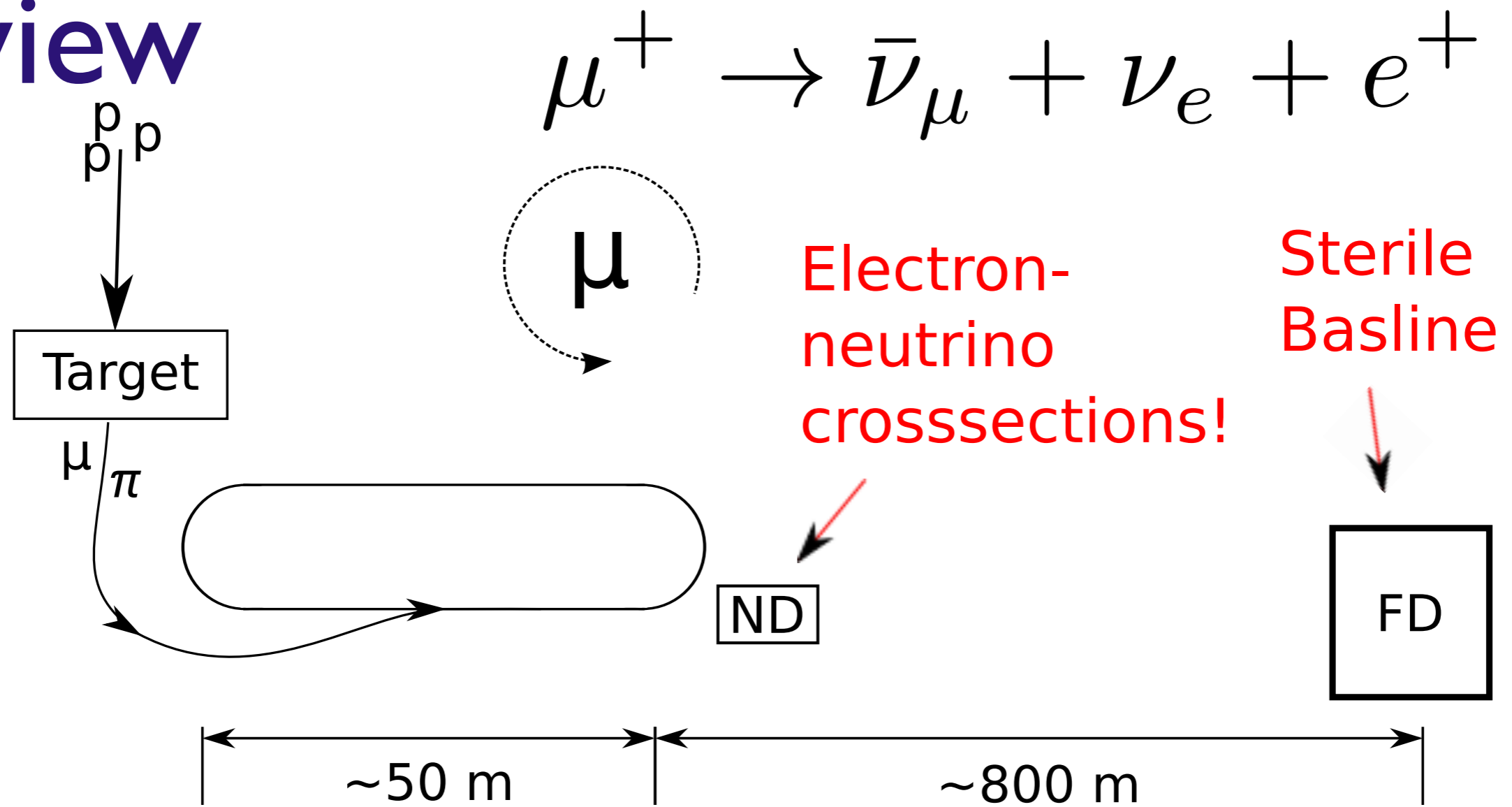


# Pen and Paper Efficiencies (again)

Chris Tunnell and John Cobb

Thanks to Alain Blondel for  
sharing work that was adapted for VLENF

# Review



Appearance-only (though disappearance good too!)

$$Pr[e \rightarrow \mu] = 4|U_{e4}|^2|U_{\mu4}|^2 \sin^2\left(\frac{\Delta m_{41}^2 L}{4E}\right)$$

# Review

## The VLENF Parameterization

Target Mass:	1 kt	
Muon Energy:	2 GeV	
Number of Muons:	2.00E+17	
Baseline:	800 m	
<hr/>		
Detector efficiency	(90 +/- 2)%	can
NC Background Probability	1e-4 +/- 20%	we
Charge Mis-ID	1e-5 +/- 20%	do
<hr/>		
Length of accelerator straight:	50 m	this?
Twiss parameters in straight	$\alpha=0, \beta=25\text{m}$	
Energy spread	20%	
Gaussian emittance	15 mm	

# Methodology

- MCs are the oracles of our time, but take longer to get results from
- What's the physics behind the numbers?
- What can we learn quickly to guide what we simulate?
- (There is a rough write-up of the work)

# Momentum kicks

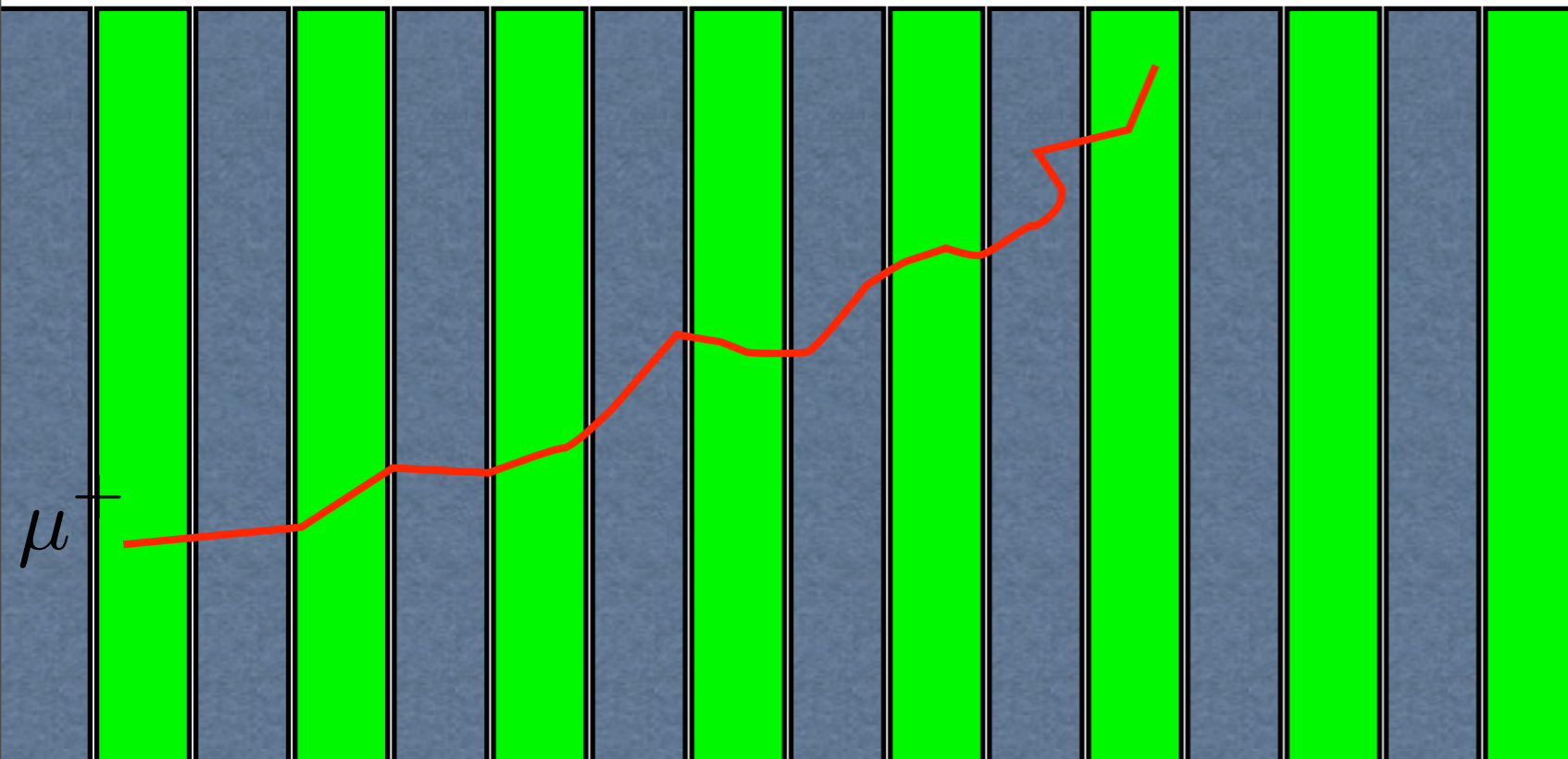
$$p_{\perp}^{\text{MS}} = \frac{13.6 \text{ MeV}}{\beta c} \sqrt{x/X_0}$$

$$p_{\perp}^B \text{ [MeV/c]} = 300 B x \text{ [Tesla-meters]}$$

$$\frac{p_{\perp}^B}{p_{\perp}^{\text{MS}}} = \frac{300 B x \times \beta c}{13.6 \sqrt{x/X_0}}$$

$$\simeq 22 B \sqrt{x} \sqrt{X_0} \beta c$$

1 cm Fe, 1 cm scint., ...



Want ratio  
> 4.26

# Ranges and Values

Region	Parameter	Value
Pure Iron	$X_0$	1.76 cm
	Thickness	1 cm
	Density	7.874 g cm <sup>-3</sup>
	Magnetic Field	2 Tesla
	Range	576 g cm <sup>-2</sup>
Polystyrene ([C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CHCH <sub>2</sub> ] <sub>n</sub> )	$X_0$	43 cm
	Thickness	1 cm
	Density	1.06 g cm <sup>-3</sup>
	Magnetic Field	0 Tesla
Effective	$X_0$	3.52 cm
	Thickness	2 cm
	Density	4.437 g cm <sup>-3</sup>
	Magnetic Field	1 Tesla

**optimist**

**pessimist, beta > 0.9**

Momentum [MeV/c]	Range [cm]	$p_{\perp}^B$	$p_{\perp}^{MS}$	$p_{\perp}^B/p_{\perp}^{MS}$
500.0	55.0	165.0	54.9	3.0
1000.0	126.0	378.0	81.8	4.6
2000.0	258.0	774.0	116.6	6.6
5000.0	623.0	1869.0	181.0	10.3

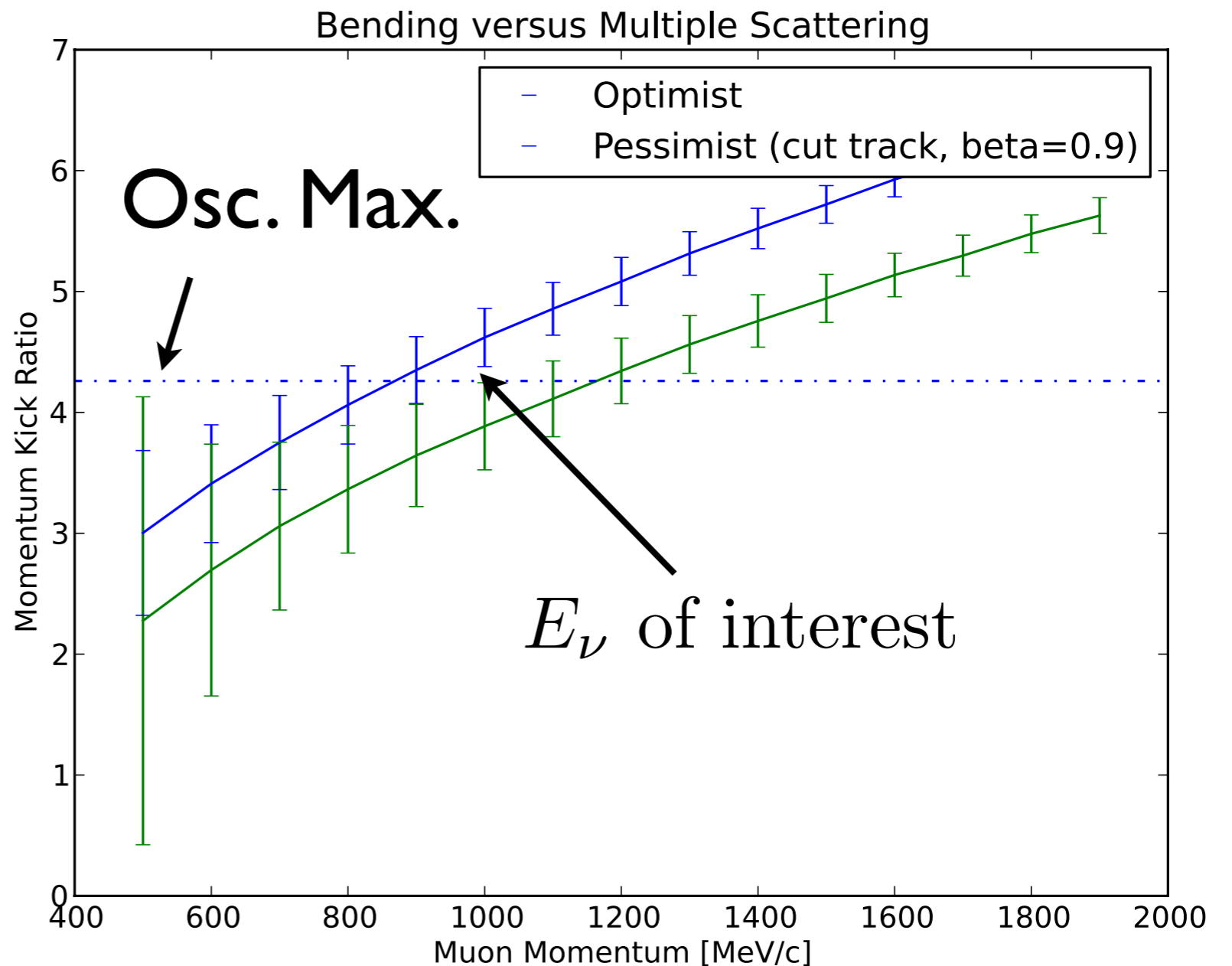
Momentum [MeV/c]	Range [cm]	$p_{\perp}^B$	$p_{\perp}^{MS}$	$p_{\perp}^B/p_{\perp}^{MS}$
500.0	39.0	117.0	46.3	2.5
1000.0	110.0	330.0	76.4	4.3
2000.0	242.0	726.0	112.9	6.4
5000.0	607.0	1821.0	178.6	10.2

# CID Result

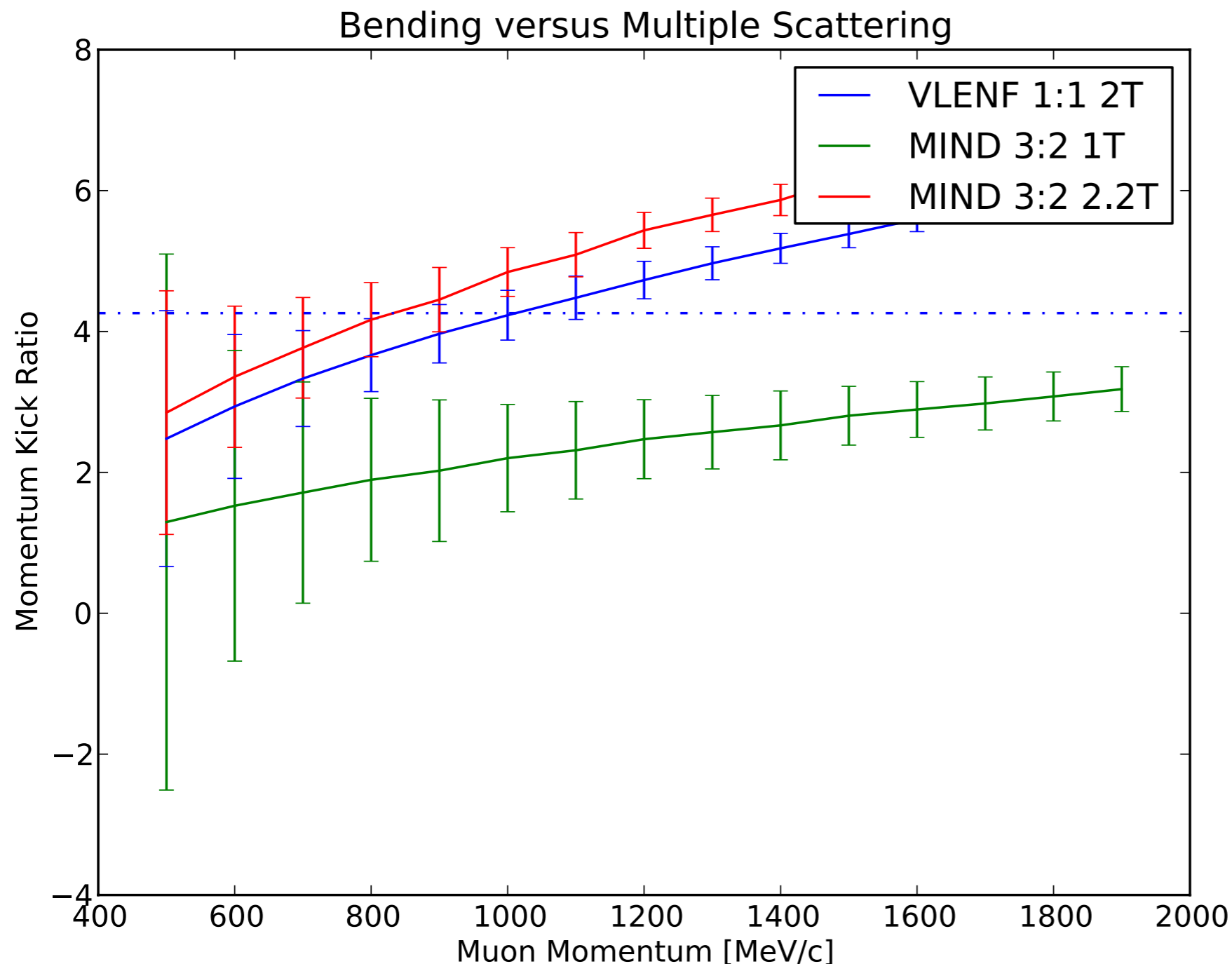
Before you  
say the  
errors are  
too large!!!...

Errors are  
Gluckstern  
uncertainties for 1  
cm bars

$$\delta p = \frac{p^2}{300B} \frac{\epsilon}{L^2} \sqrt{\frac{720}{N+5}}$$



# New plot: MIND comparison



From IDR, the  
MIND material  
ratio is 3 cm Iron  
to 2 cm Scint



# CID Summary

- I think this says: we get roughly the CID we want by just seeing where the muon lands
- Using information from the saggita helps a little
- Certainly can be improved, but certainly is optimistic
- Waiting for real fieldmap

# Comment on NC

- If it was just iron,  $4 \times 10^{-3}$  of charged-pions decay before interacting, faking a wrong-sign muon.
- Scint. has longer pion interaction length
- Alan: "Need kinematic cuts, kink detection, etc."
- Need to MC to do better.

# The future

- Non-MC exercises like this are running out of steam
- Genie work in progress
- Got a handle on what is easy v.s. hard, now the real work begins...

# Idea

- For LBNE, if WC then can we shoot at uBooNe? CD3, right?
- For LBNE, if LAr, can we shoot at their 1 kT prototype? Then 'upgrade' and build our detector?
- Golden channel is good and all...
- but we're better than a conventional beam even if magnetization is hard.