

Search for Low-Mass SM Higgs at ATLAS

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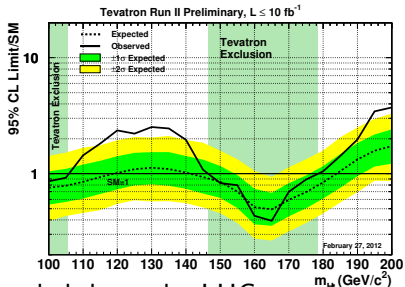
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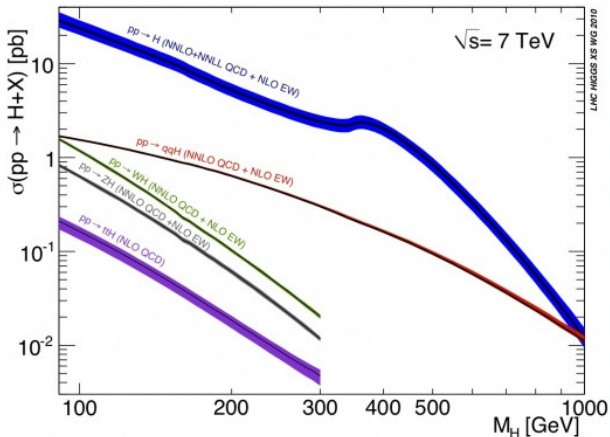
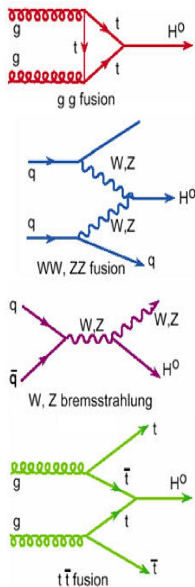
Introduction

- The Higgs boson is the last missing particle predicted by the SM.
- The LEP experiments have excluded a SM Higgs boson with $m_H < 114.5$ GeV at 95% C.L.
- The Tevatron experiments have excluded the boson with $100 < m_H < 108$ GeV and $156 < m_H < 177$ GeV at 95% C.L.



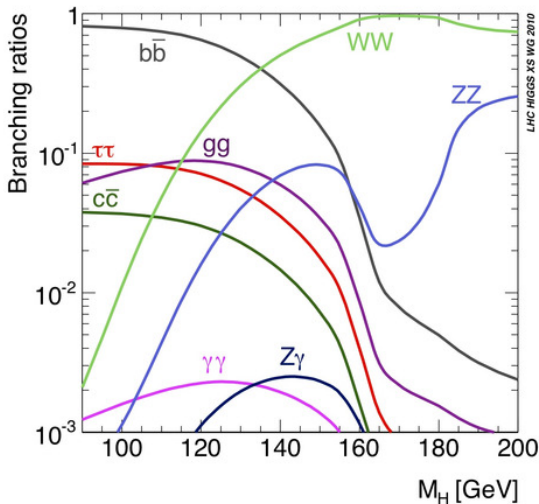
- With 5 fb^{-1} of recorded data, the LHC experiments are looking for the Higgs boson and have reduced the mass range where it can still hide.

Higgs production



Cross-section of the Higgs boson production processes as a function of its mass.

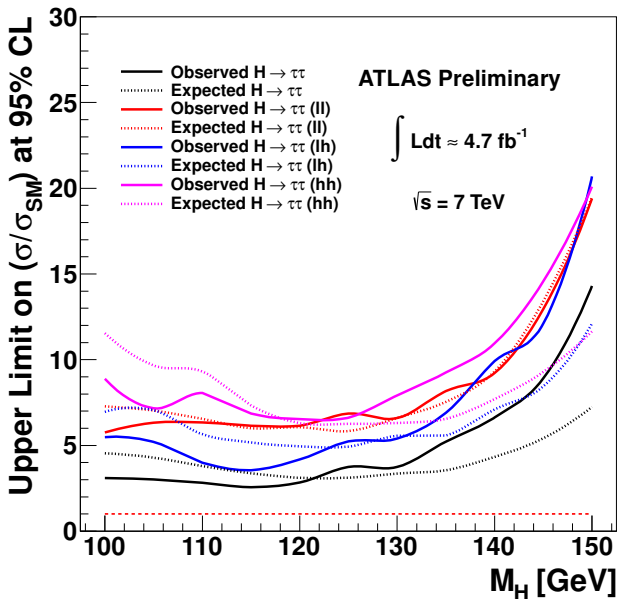
Higgs decay



Branching ratio of the Higgs decay as a function of its mass.

$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$

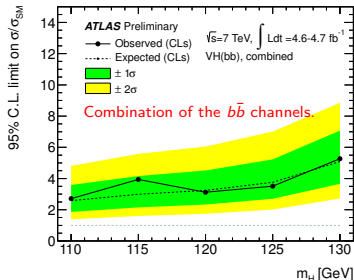
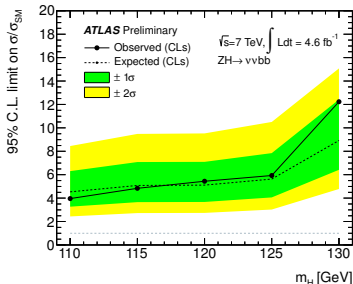
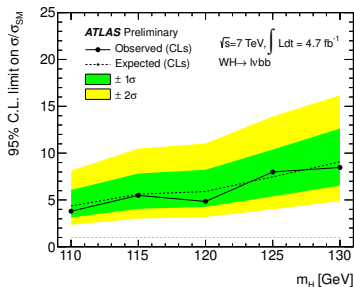
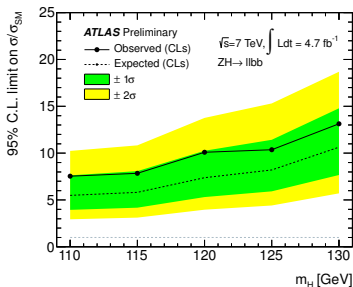
- This channel is sensitive to $m_H \sim 110\text{-}140$ GeV
- Lepton and hadronic decay of the τ leptons are considered :
 - $H \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^- \rightarrow ll4\nu$
 - $H \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^- \rightarrow l\tau_{had}3\nu$
 - $H \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^- \rightarrow \tau_{had}\tau_{had}2\nu$
- The main background is $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$. Other background contributions :
 - Z+jets
 - Top production
 - Diboson
 - Fake leptons production (especially in the $\tau_{had}\tau_{had}$ channels).
- The events are split according to their jet-multiplicity (different analysis cuts)

$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ 

$Z/W H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$

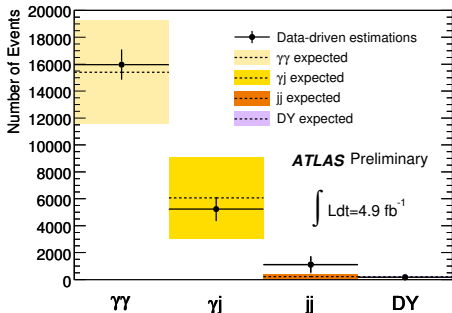
- Channel benefits from large branching ratio
- Very large QCD background : associated production with lepton requirement to reduce the background
- WH 2 times larger XS than ZH, but WH has more background
- Event selection :
 - $ZH \rightarrow \ell\ell$: exactly 2 leptons, Z mass cut, remove high E_{miss} , two leading jets b-tagged
 - $ZH \rightarrow \nu\nu$: large E_{miss} , p_T^{miss} requirement, lepton veto, 2 jets b-tagged
 - WH : exactly 1 lepton, $M_T > 25$ GeV, E_{miss} cut, exactly 2 jets b-tagged
- Backgrounds :
 - $ZH \rightarrow \ell\ell b\bar{b}$: Z+jets is the main backgrounds, then comes top and dibosons
 - $ZH \rightarrow \nu\nu b\bar{b}$: Z+jets and top, but W+jets and dibosons are a bit smaller
 - $WH \rightarrow \ell\nu b\bar{b}$: top, W+jets, multijet (QCD) are the main backgrounds, then come dibosons

$Z/W H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$: limits per channel and combination



$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ analysis

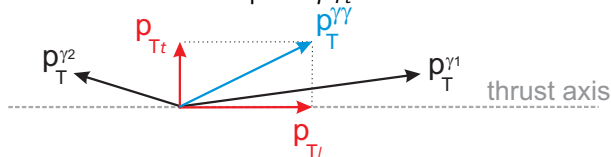
- $\gamma\gamma$ channel sensitive to $m_H \in [110 - 150]$ GeV
- benefits from good calorimeter resolution : 1.6 GeV for 120 GeV
- Signal
- 2 photons are required with $E_T^{\gamma_1} > 40$ GeV, $E_T^{\gamma_2} > 25$ GeV
- Main background : irreducible $\gamma\gamma$ (30 pb), reducible $\gamma - jet$ (200 nb) and $jet - jet$ (500 μb)
- Powerful $\gamma - jet$ separation used based on calorimeter shower-shape and isolation cuts



- Background composition from control samples by reversing isolation or identification criteria :
Fraction of irreducible $\gamma\gamma$: $(71 \pm 5)\%$

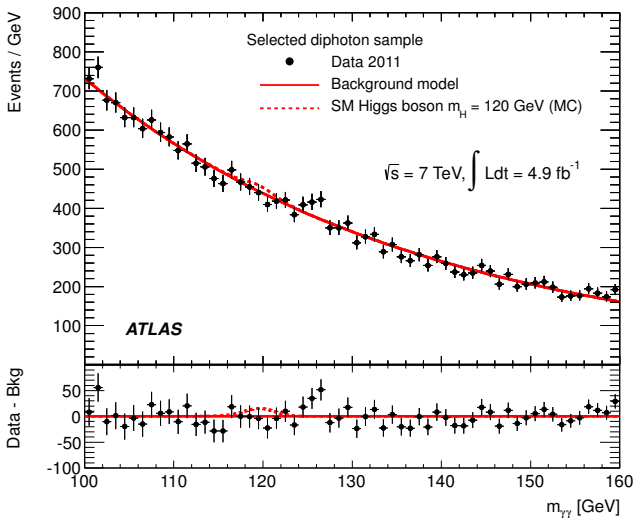
$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ analysis

- 9 analysis categories (with different mass resolutions and signal-to-background ratio) to improve sensitivity depending on :
 - Conversion status
 - η (pseudo-rapidity) of the photons
 - The diphoton transverse momentum orthogonal to the diphoton thrust axis in the transverse plane p_{Tt} .



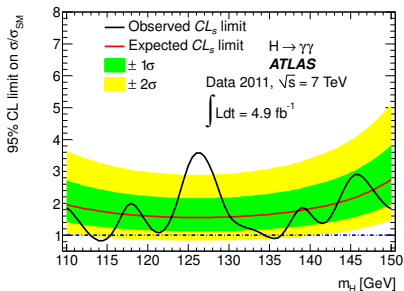
- Background estimation from fit to $m_{\gamma\gamma}$ spectrum :
 - Simultaneous fit to all 9 categories.
 - Exponential function, free slope and normalization.

$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ analysis



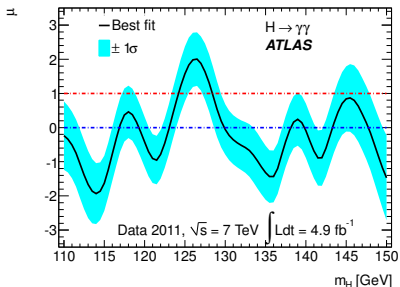
Invariant mass distribution for the 9-categories combined together.

$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ results



Exclusion limit :

Observed exclusion in ranges [113,115] and [134.5,136] GeV

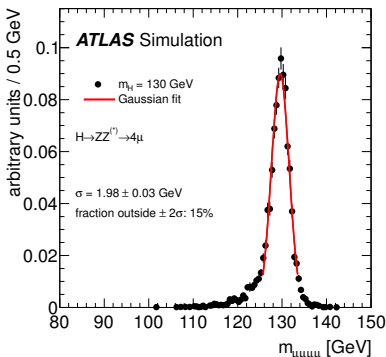


The best-fit signal strength $\mu = \sigma/\sigma_{SM}$ as a function of m_H .

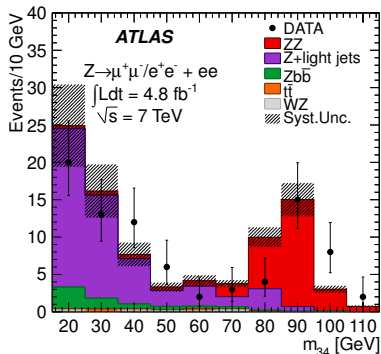
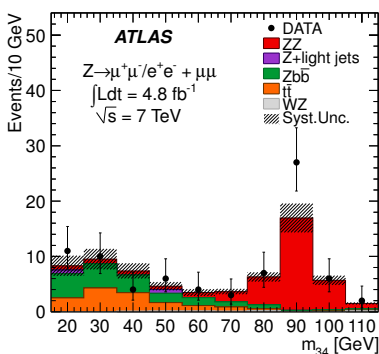
Largest excess of events observed at 126.5 GeV : Local significance: 2.8σ (1.5σ after the look-elsewhere-effect).

$H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow llll$

- Low branching ratio in the low mass region
- Sensitivity in low and high Higgs mass
- Benefits from good mass resolution (130 GeV: 1.5-2%)
- Backgrounds :
 - ZZ^* from simulation
 - $Z + jets$: control region without charge, isolation and impact parameter criteria on the second lepton pair.
 - $t\bar{t}$: $e^\pm\mu^\mp$ pair consistent with m_Z and two additional same-flavor leptons.

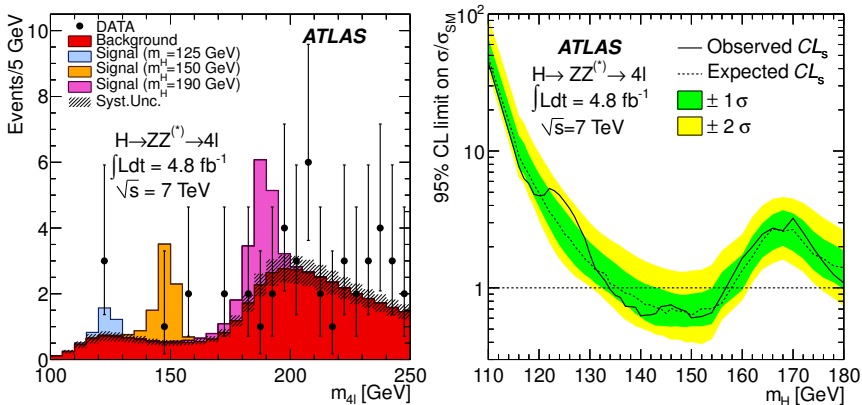


$H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow llll$: background estimation



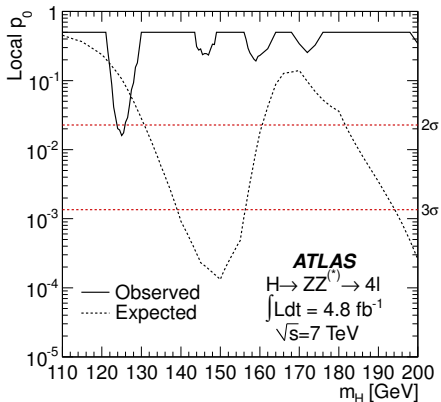
Invariant mass of the 2 muons (2 electrons) in a control sample with $Z \rightarrow ll + 2$ muons (2 electrons).

$H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow llll$: Results

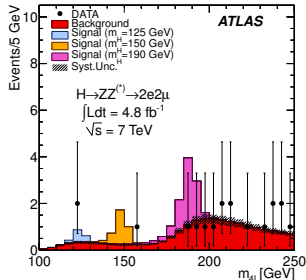
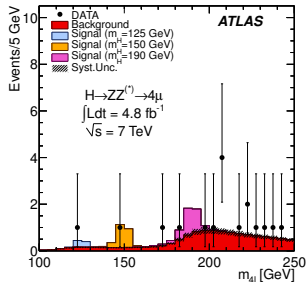


Observed exclusion at low mass : $m_H \in [134, 156] \text{ GeV}$

$H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow llll$: Results



Excess of events observed at 125 GeV :
local significance of 2.1σ

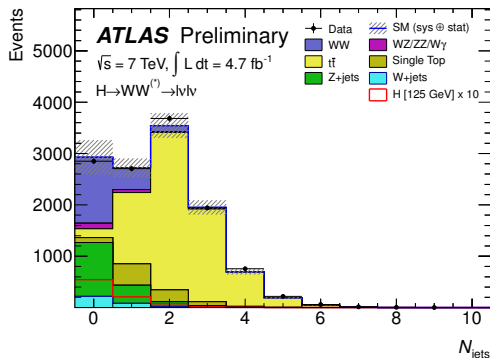


$H \rightarrow WW^* \rightarrow \ell\nu\ell\nu$

- This channel is sensitive to $m_H \sim 120\text{-}180$ GeV
- No mass reconstruction due to the neutrinos : use $m_T = \sqrt{(E_T^{\ell\ell} + E_T^{\text{miss}})^2 - |\vec{p}_T^{\ell\ell} + \vec{p}_T^{\text{miss}}|^2}$ with E_T^{miss} the missing transverse momentum.
- Selection :
 - 2 isolated oppositely charged lepton ($p_T > 25, 15$ GeV)
Reduce W +jets and QCD background
 - Large missing energy and Z veto in case of same-flavor lepton pair
Reduce Z background
 - $E_T^{\text{miss rel}} = E_T^{\text{miss}} * \sin(\Delta\phi(\vec{p}_T^\ell, \vec{E}_T^{\text{miss}}))$, with closest lepton in ϕ
Reduce fake missing energy
 - b-jet veto
Reduce top background
 - $m_{\ell\ell}$ and $\Delta\phi_{\ell\ell}$ cuts
Reduce SM WW background, $H \rightarrow WW$ produces polarized W bosons
 - Jet multiplicity dependent cut : $p_T^{\ell\ell}, \vec{p}_T^{\text{tot}}$
Reduce Drell-Yan and soft QCD backgrounds

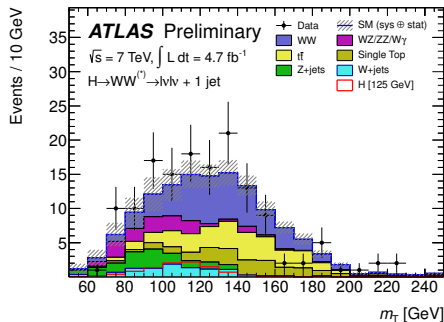
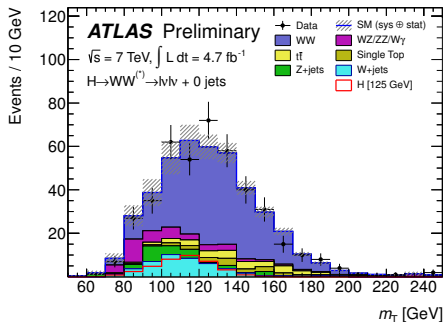
$H \rightarrow WW^* \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$: Background estimation

- WW : control sample with no $\Delta\phi_{\ell\ell}$ cut and reverse $m_{\ell\ell}$ cut.
- top : control sample by requesting b-tagged jet(s)
- Z+jets : control sample by reversing the Z-veto cut :
 $|m_{\ell\ell} - m_Z| < 15$ GeV
- W+jets : control sample by reversing identification cuts for one lepton

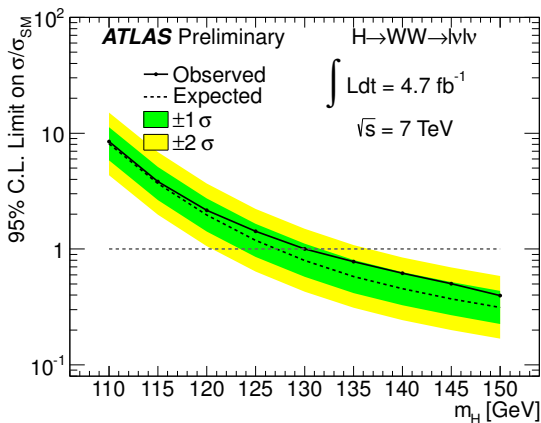


$H \rightarrow WW^* \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$: Analysis

- To improve the sensitivity, the analysis is divided according to:
 - Jet multiplicity :
 - 0 and 1 jet more sensitive to gluon-gluon fusion.
 - 2 jets more sensitive to VBF (vector boson fusion) production.
 - Lepton flavor : $e - e$, $e - \mu$, $\mu - \mu$: $e - \mu$ does not have Z background.



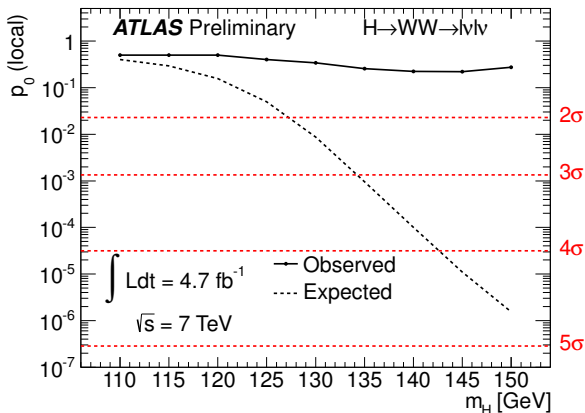
$H \rightarrow WW^* \rightarrow \ell\nu\ell\nu$: Results



95% C.L. exclusion of the SM higgs as a function of its mass.

Observed exclusion : $m_H \in [131, \text{See S. Brunet's talk}] \text{ GeV}$

$H \rightarrow WW^* \rightarrow \ell\nu\ell\nu$: Results

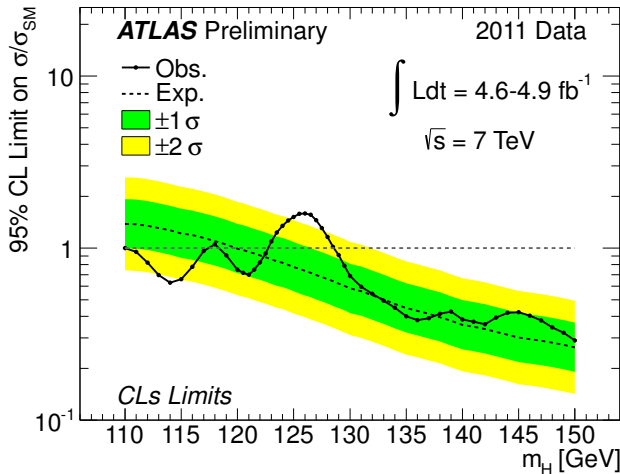


Local p -value as a function of the Higgs mass.

Combination of the channels

- The different channels are combined to set the limit on the SM Higgs boson :
 - Low mass channels : $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$, $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4\ell$,
 $H \rightarrow WW^{(*)} \rightarrow \ell^+\nu\ell^-\bar{\nu}$, $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$, $VH \rightarrow b\bar{b}$
 - High mass channels : $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-q\bar{q}$, $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\nu\bar{\nu}$,
 $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow \ell\nu q\bar{q}$
- The combination procedure is based on the profile likelihood ratio test statistic :
 - Extracts the information on the signal strength from the full likelihood
 - Takes into account the systematic uncertainties and their correlations
- Exclusion limits based on the CL_s method
- The exclusion is set on the ratio $\mu = \sigma/\sigma_{SM}$

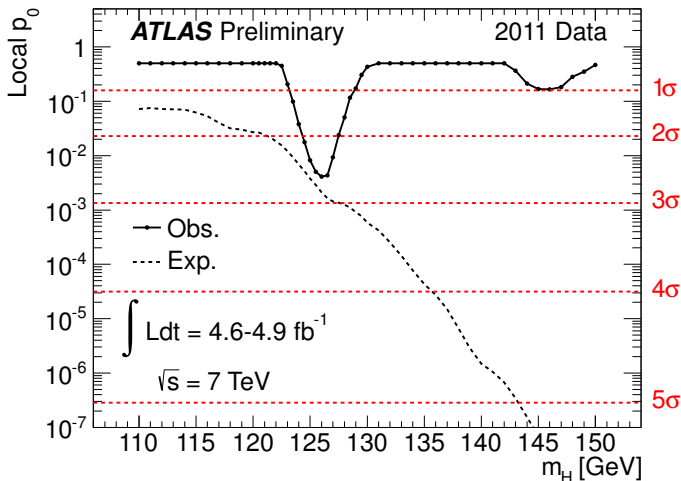
Combination of the channels



Expected exclusion at 95% C.L. : $m_H \in [119, \text{See S. Brunet's talk}] \text{ GeV}$

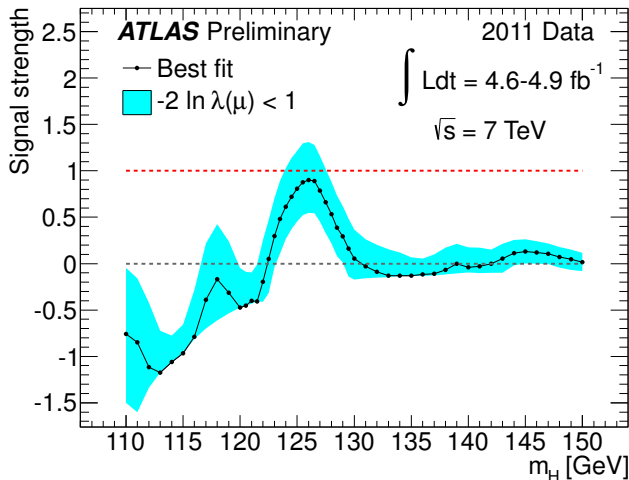
Observed exclusion : $m_H \in [110, 117.5], [118.4, 122.7], [128.6, \text{See S. Brunet's talk}] \text{ GeV}$

Combination of the channels



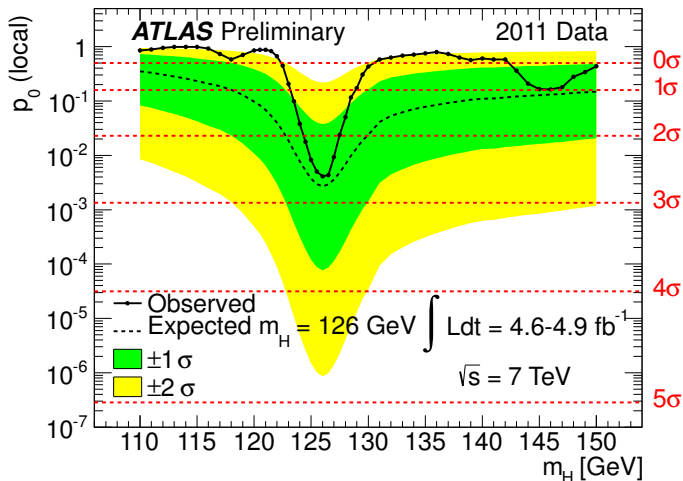
Consistency of the observed results with the background-only hypothesis.

Combination of the channels



The best-fit signal strength $\mu = \sigma/\sigma_{SM}$ as a function of the Higgs boson mass hypothesis.

Combination of the channels : injection plot



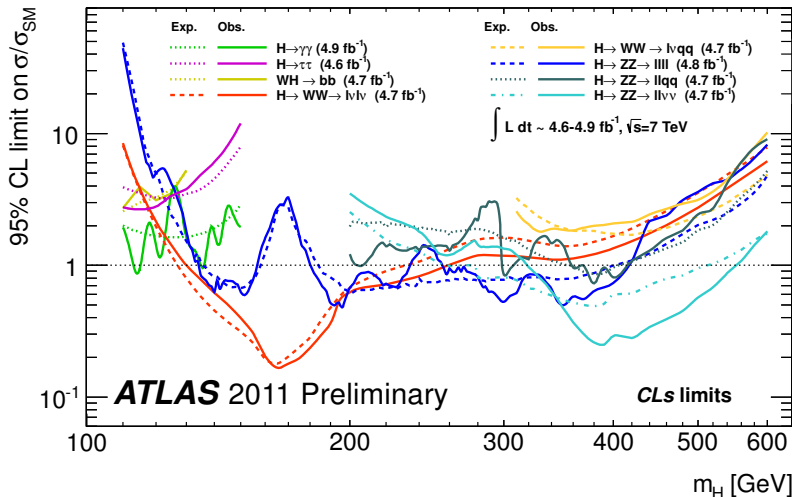
Combination of the channels

- An excess of events is observed ~ 126 GeV with a local significance of 2.6σ :
- The local significance of $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$: 2.8σ
- The local significance of $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l$: 2.1σ
- The local significance of $H \rightarrow WW^* \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu \ell^- \bar{\nu}$: no excess.

Conclusions

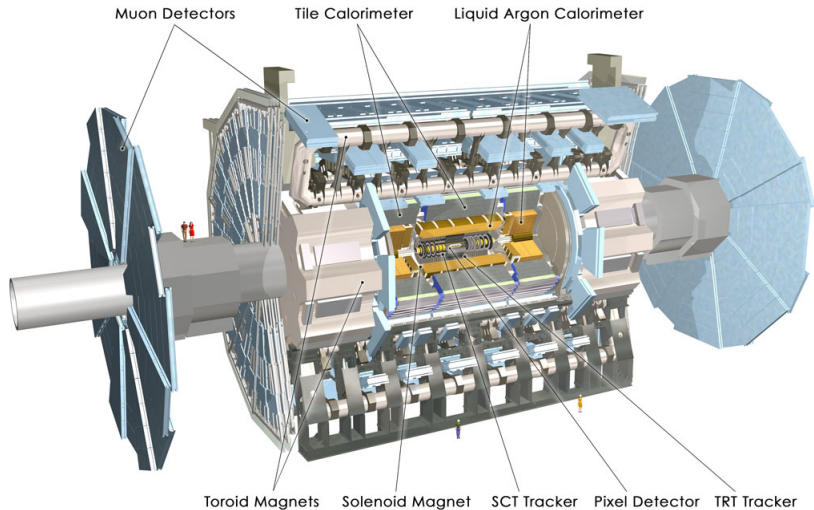
- We are in an exciting period for the Higgs searches
- Allowed SM higgs boson has been constrained to a tiny region :
 $m_H \in [117.5, 118.4], [122.7, 128.6] \text{ GeV}$
- In the low-mass region no exclusion was possible due to a moderate excess of observed events compared to the background only expectation.
- The excess is most compatible with the SM Higgs hypothesis around 126 GeV (2.6 σ measured with 2.8 σ expected). Statistical significance not large enough to distinguish signal from the background fluctuations (yet).

Backup



The expected (dashed) and observed (solid) cross-section limits for the individual search channels.

Backup : The Atlas detector



Backup : Test Statistics and p-values

Step 3: Run the experiment,
get observed value of test
statistic.

Step 4: Compute p-value

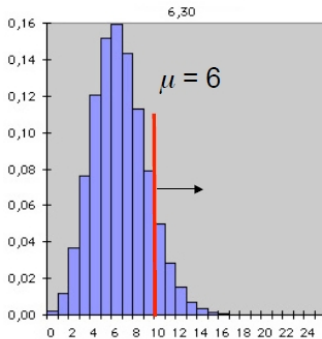
$$p(n \geq n_{obs} | H_0)$$

Example:

$$H_0: b = \mu = 6$$

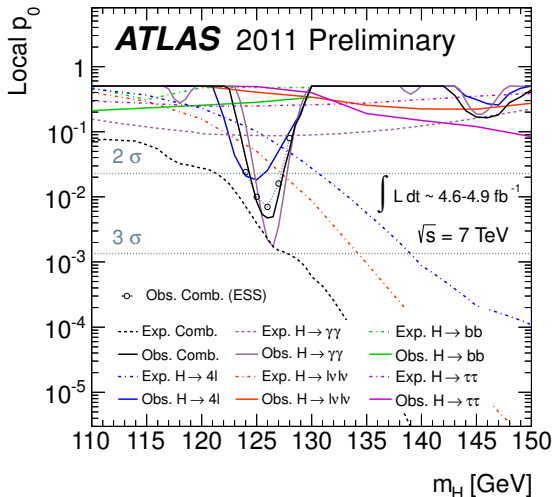
$$n_{obs} = 10$$

$$p\text{-value} = 0.0839$$

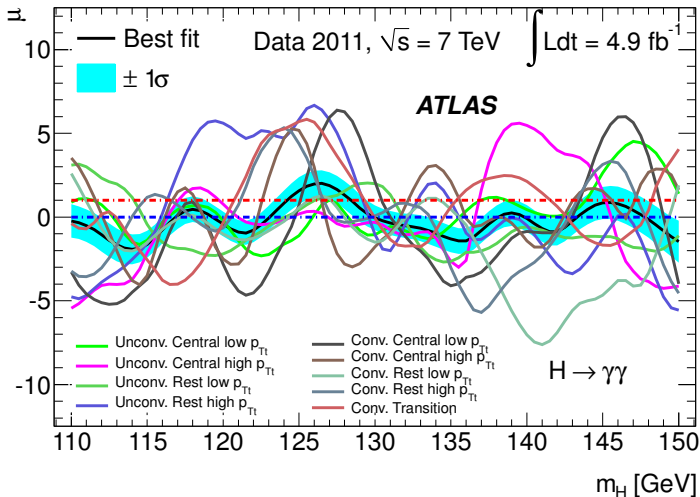


A p-value is **not** the “probability H_0 is true”
But many often say that.

Backup : local probability p_0

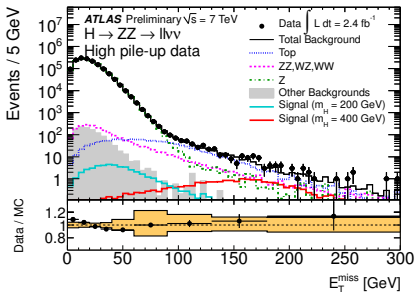
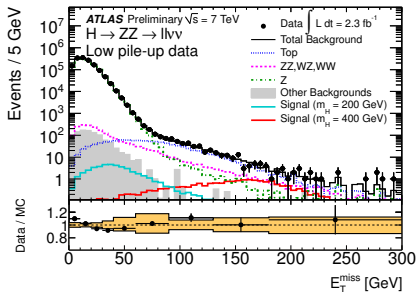


Backup : The best-fit signal strength for $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$



Backup : Pile-up effect

The $H \rightarrow ZZ$ is sensitive to the pile-up and has separated the analysis depending on the pile-up conditions.



Backup : References

“Search for the Standard Model Higgs boson in the diphoton decay channel with 4.9 fb⁻¹ of pp collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV with ATLAS,” arXiv:1202.1414 [hep-ex].

“Search for the Standard Model Higgs boson in the decay channel $H \rightarrow ZZ(*) \rightarrow 4l$ with 4.8 fb⁻¹ of pp collision data at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV with ATLAS,” arXiv:1202.1415 [hep-ex].

“Search for the Standard Model Higgs boson produced in association with a vector boson and decaying to a b-quark pair using up to 4.7 fb¹ of pp collision data at $s = 7$ TeV with the ATLAS detector at the LHC”
<https://cdsweb.cern.ch/record/1429664>

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/HiggsPublicResults>