

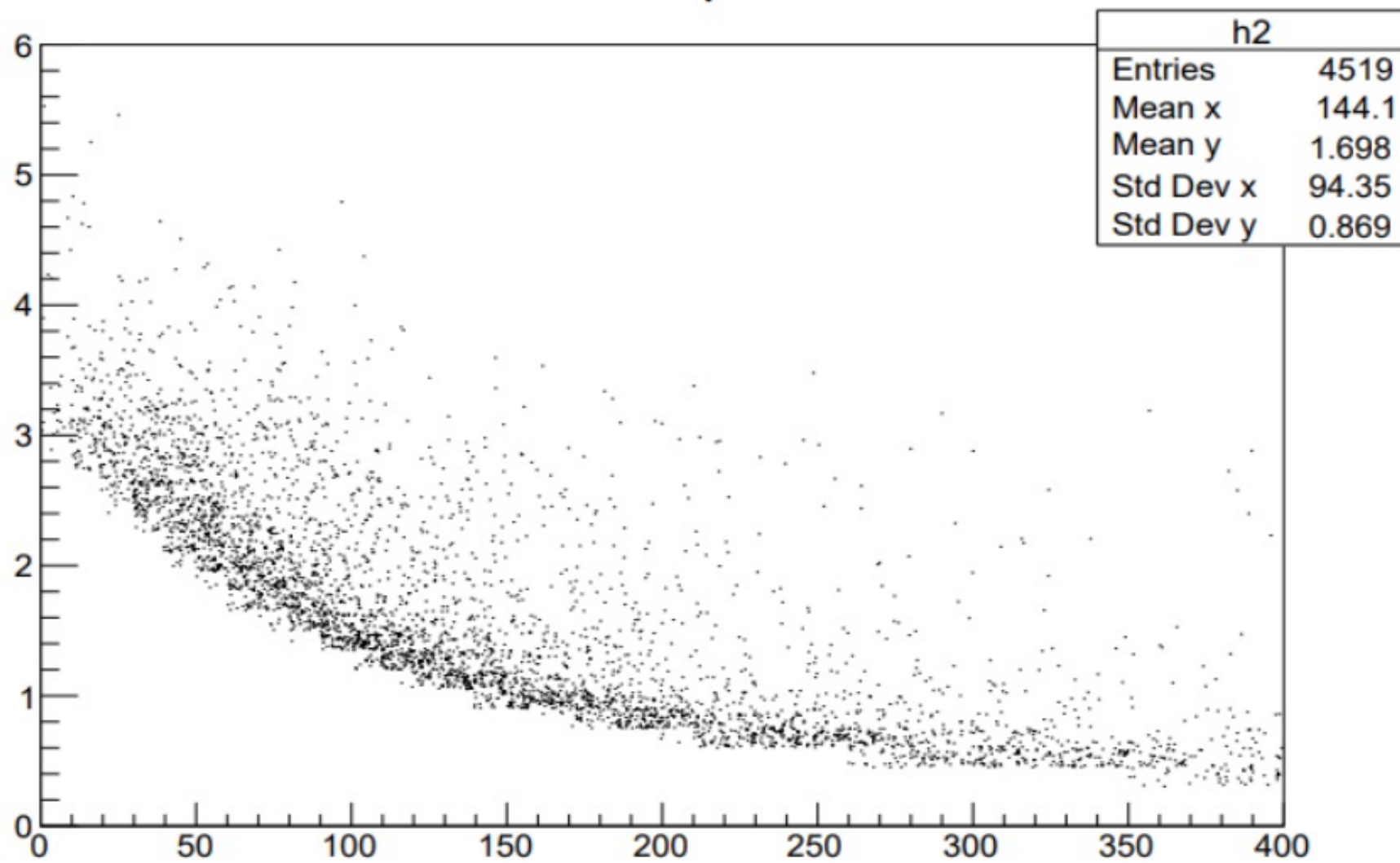
# Looking for Parent W's

6TeV- WWnunu

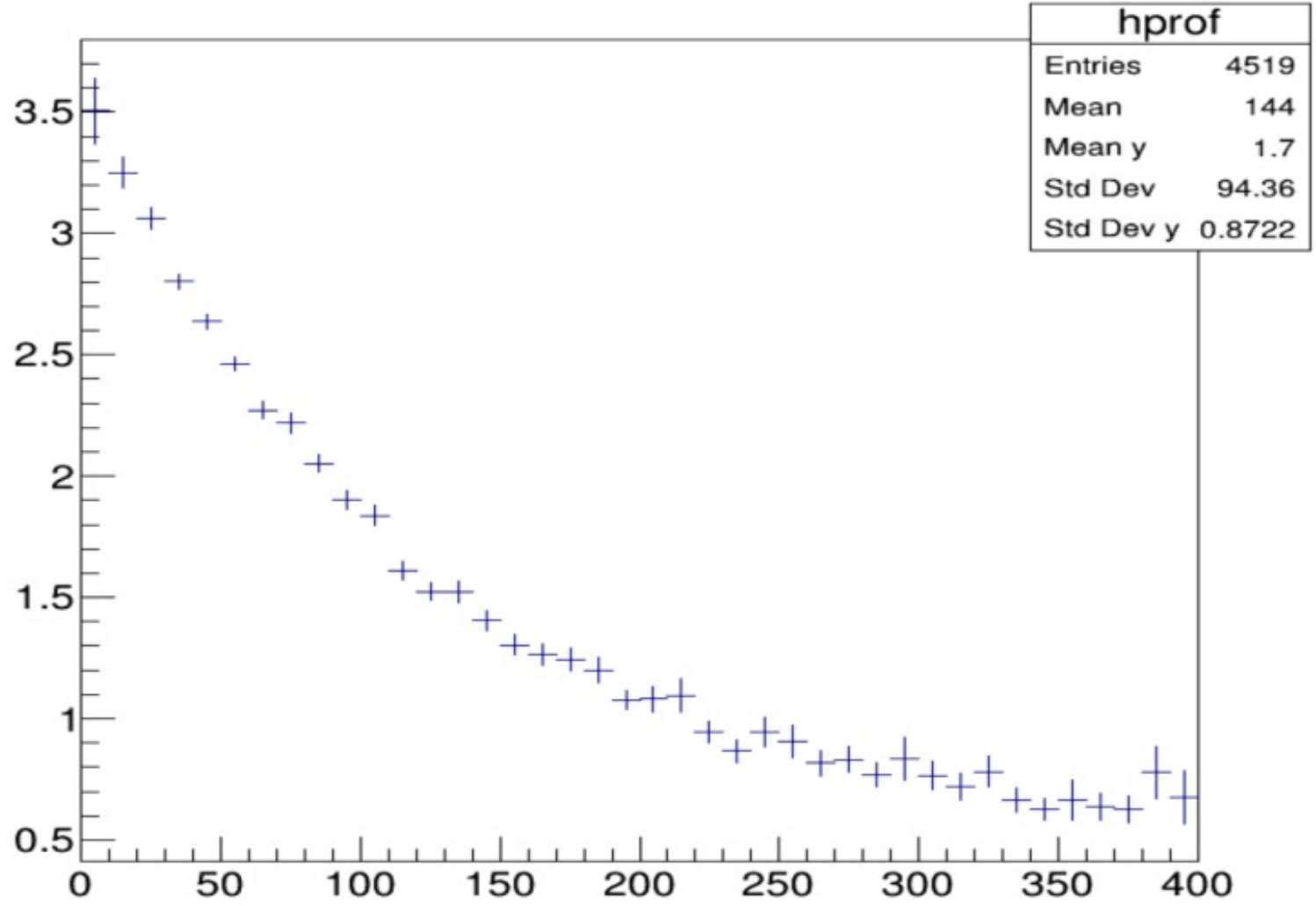
- Processed data on KTjet, and multiple N2- VLC algorithms including R05, R07, R10, R12, and R15.
- We did this by setting our code to look for Parent W's +/-
  - Looked to see how W decayed
  - Performed sanity check to make sure parent is a W and both particles came from the same mother
  - Checked whether it was lepton-lepton, hadron-hadron, or lepton-hadron
  - Found Mass, PT, Eta, Phi for W1 and W2
  - Looked for jets closest in Delta-R for each W
  - Called it a match if  $\Delta\eta < 0.2$ ,  $\Delta\phi < 0.2$ , and  $\Delta PT/PT < 0.2$

W within acceptance of detector ( $|\eta| < 2.0$ )

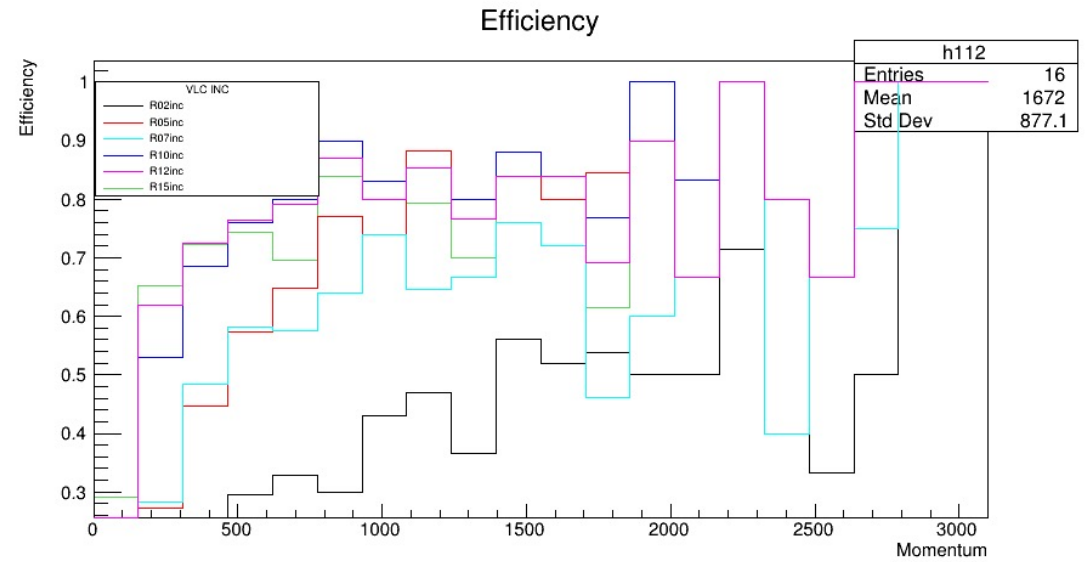
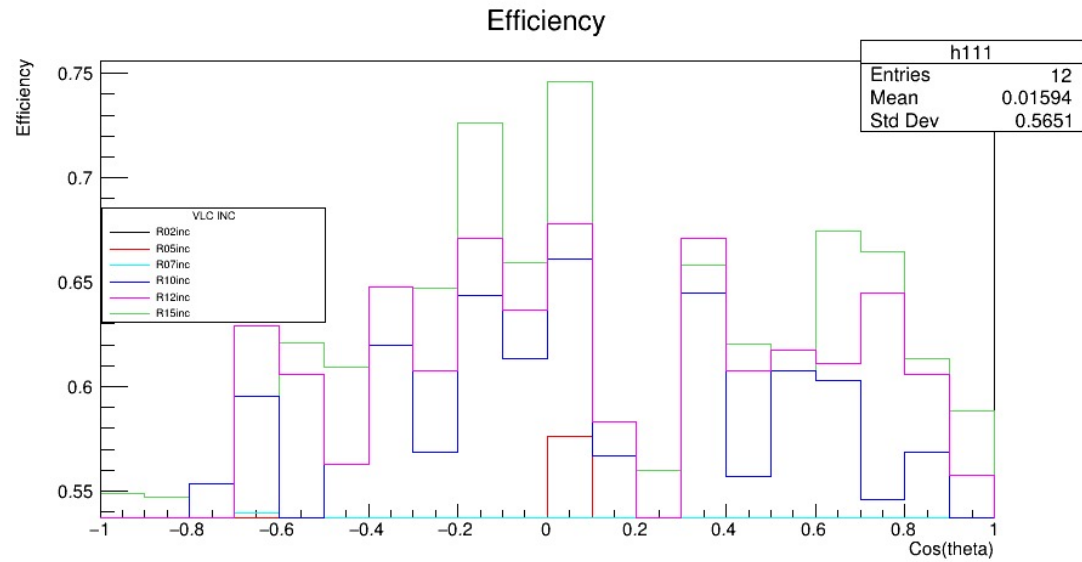
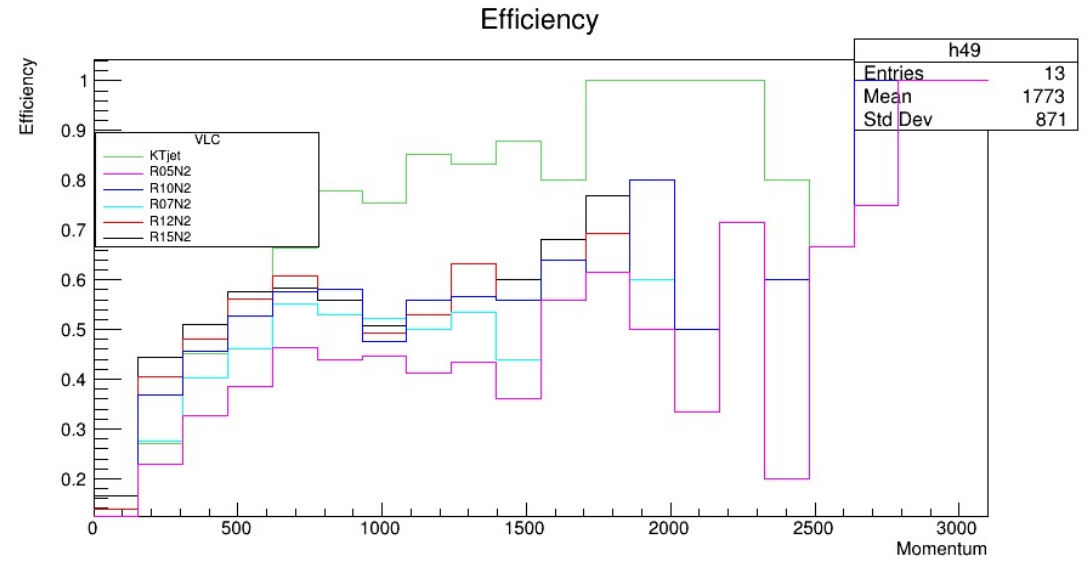
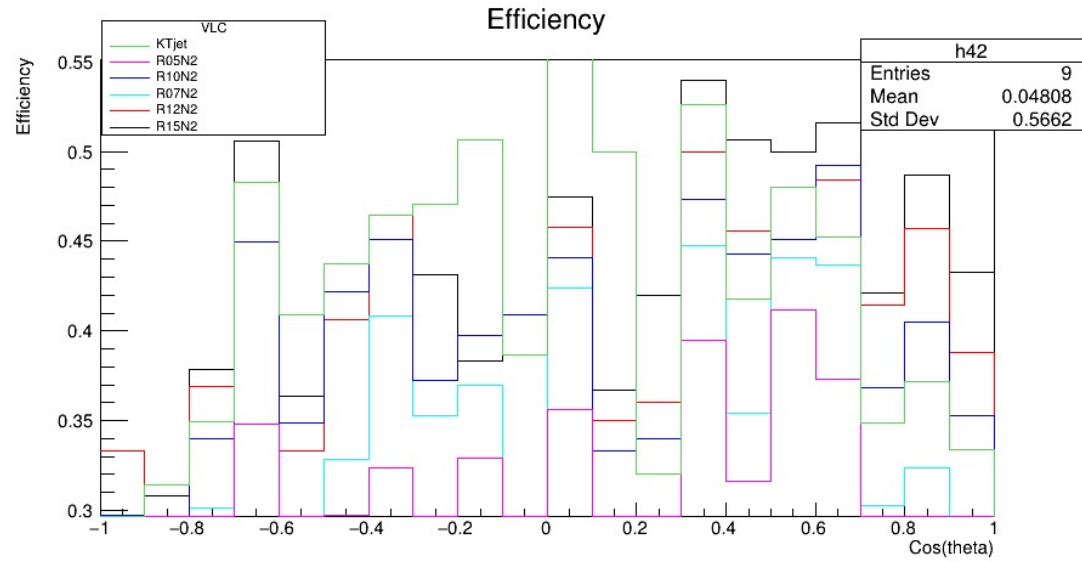
dr vs pt



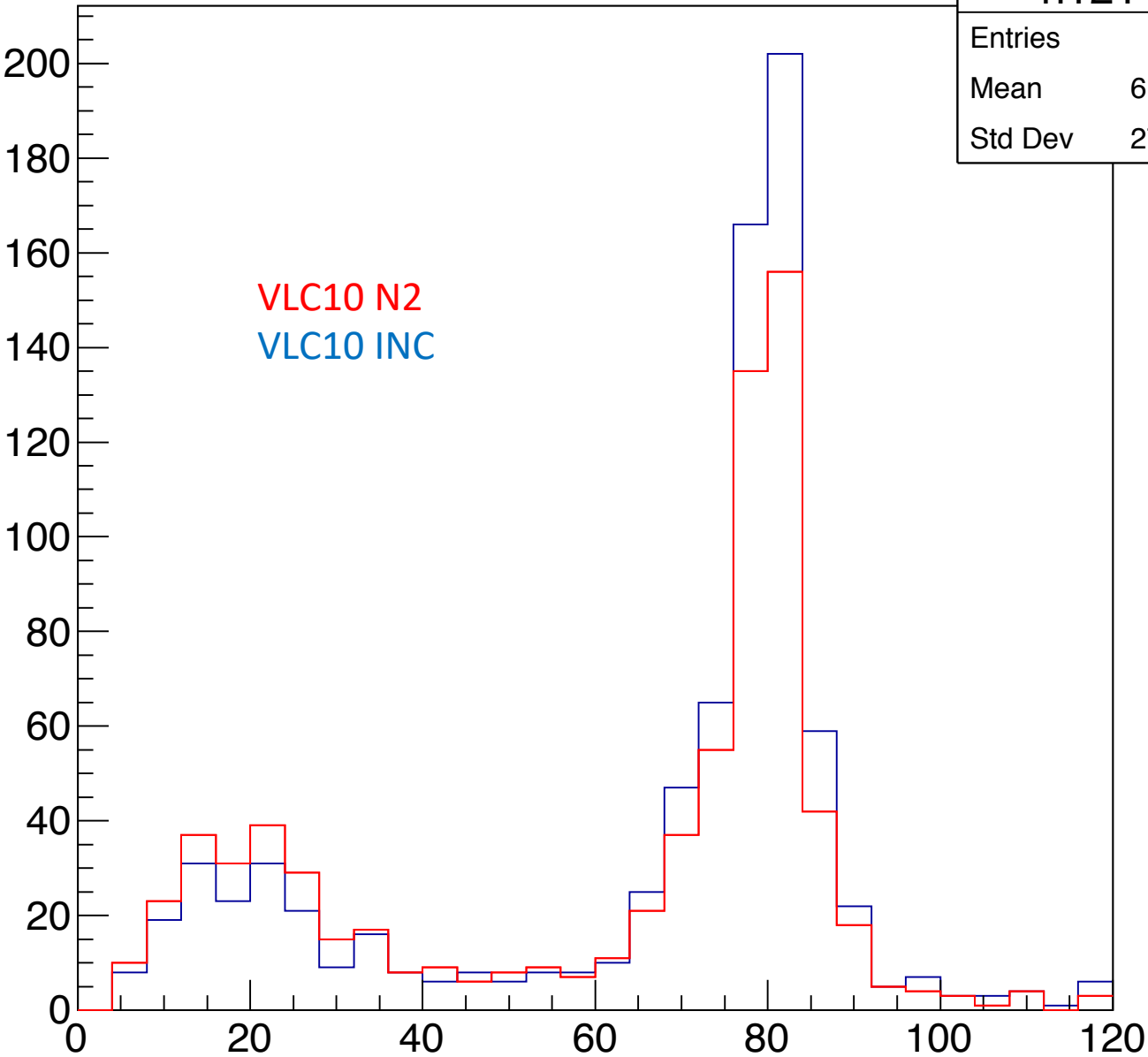
# Profile of dr versus pt



# Single jet eff



# W mass inc



h121	
Entries	757
Mean	61.39
Std Dev	27.42

Mass of matching jets  
For R10 algorithm

# Di-Jet

$$\sqrt{s} = 6 \text{ TeV} - WW\nu\nu$$

- Processed data on KTjet and VLC-inclusive R02, R05, R07, R10, R12, R15
  - Looked to see how W decayed
  - Checked whether it was lepton-lepton, hadron-hadron, or hadron-lepton
  - Filled J0, J1, J2, J3 with PT, Eta, Phi, Mass
  - JT(0)=J0 +J1, JT(1)= J0 +J2 etc. Until all variations were accounted for
  - Looked for bestmass = JT[i] -80.4 If |bestmass| < 20 GeV then a candidate
  - If dphi, deta, and dpt /Pt were < 0.2 then W1 found

Both quarks from the W within acceptance of the detector  $|\eta| < 2.0$

# Dijet eff

