### **LBNE Physics Working Group**

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# **Working Group Members**

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**Our Charge: evaluate specific options** (reach for mass hierarchy, ØP, p decay, supernova v's) as a function of detector mass for physics, cost analysis

- Homestake: LAr detector at 4800' or at the surface
- Soudan: LAr detector at 2300' or at the surface
- Ash River: LAr detector at the surface
- Split the mass between Soudan and Ash River

To assess the maximum physics that can be extracted from a choice that will be severely limited by available funds, we are to include the results from T2K & NOvA and, for the Minnesota options, continued running of NOvA. This is particularly important for determining the mass hierarchy.

# **Detector Assumptions**

- LBNE
  - LAr TPC of varying fiducial masses (2 kton-34 kton)
  - L = 1300 km (Homestake), 735 km (Soudan), 810 km (Ash River)
  - 700 kW beam = 6x10<sup>20</sup> POT/year
  - detector performance from arXiv: 1110.6249 [hep-ex]
- NOvA
  - 15 kton liquid scintillator detector
  - L = 810 km
  - 700 kW beam = 6x10<sup>20</sup> POT/year
  - detector performance from GLoBES

(http://www.mpi-hd.mpg.de/personalhomes/globes/glb/0709-nova.glb)

- T2K
  - 22.5 kton water Cerenkov detector
  - L = 295 km
  - expected exposure provided by Japan (see next slide)
  - detector performance from GLoBES

(http://www.mpi-hd.mpg.de/personalhomes/globes/glb/0709-t2k.glb)

### **T2K Expected Exposure**

Period	Integ. No. of	Proton on Target	Beam Power (kW)
-Jun.2012		3.1E+20	170
- Jun.2013		7.8E+20	200
-Jun.2014		1.2E+21	250 *
-Jun.2015		1.8E+21	250
- Jun.2016		2.5E+21	300
- Jun.2017		3.2E+21	300
- Jun.2018		3.9E+21	300
- Jun.2019		5.5E+21	700 *
- Jun.2020		7.1E+21	700
-Jun.2021		8.8E+21	700

\*1 Completion time of MR upgrade (assumed to be 2018) is suject to change, depending on economical situation, readiness and so on.

\*2 LINAC upgrade completed

\* Beam Energy 30GeV

Gina will show results as a function of the total T2K exposure.

#### **Assumed Neutrino Oscillation Parameters**

 $\begin{array}{l} \theta_{12} = 0.593 \pm 0.018 \\ \theta_{23} = 0.705 \pm 0.078 \\ \theta_{13} = 0.154 \pm 0.005^* \\ \Delta m_{21}^2 = (7.58 \pm 0.23) \ \text{x10}^{-5} \ \text{eV}^2 \\ |\Delta m_{31}^2| = (2.35 \pm 0.12) \ \text{x10}^{-3} \ \text{eV}^2 \ (\Delta m_{31} > 0 \ \text{NH}, < 0 \ \text{IH}) \end{array}$ 

from G.L. Fogli *et al.*, PRD 84, 053007 (2011) \*Daya Bay result with systematic error only, from arXiv:1203.1669 [hep-ex]

# Some issues to be considered post-workshop

- Impact of the near-detector performance.
- Running off-axis to Homestake.
- Changing assumed v oscillation parameters by 1 or 2  $\sigma$ .