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Degrees of freedom in various charm subsectors from Lattice QCD

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We establish that the charmed hadrons start dissociating at the chiral crossover temperature, T_{pc} , leading to the appearance of charm degrees freedom carrying fractional baryon number. Our method is based on analyzing the second and fourth-order cumulants of charm (C) fluctuations, and their correlations with baryon number (B), electric charge (Q) and strangeness (S) fluctuations. First-time calculation of the QC correlations on the high statistics ($N_{\tau} = 8$) datasets of the HotQCD Collaboration enables us to disentangle the contributions from different electrically-charged charm subsectors at and close to T_{pc} . In particular, we see an enhancement over the PDG expectation in the fractional contribution of the |Q| = 2 charm subsector to the total charm partial pressure for $T < T_{pc}$; this enhancement is in agreement with the Quark Model extended Hadron Resonance Gas (QM-HRG) model calculations. Furthermore, the agreement of QM-HRG calculations with the projections onto charmed baryonic and mesonic correlations in different charm subsectors indicates the existence of not-yet-discovered charmed hadrons in all charm subsectors below T_{pc} .

For $T_{\rm pc} < T < 240$ MeV, our data are well-described by a non-interacting gas of charmed quasi-particles composed of meson, baryon and quark-like excitations. We find no evidence for the existence of charmed diquarks above $T_{\rm pc}$. In addition to this, we find a clear agreement between three independent observables which correspond to the partial pressures of i) B=1/3, ii) Q=2/3, and iii) B=1/3 and Q=2/3 charm subsectors; this further supports the presence of charm-quark-like excitations in QGP. Moreover, similar to $T < T_{\rm pc}$ regime, we conclude that for $T > T_{\rm pc}$, the |Q|=2 charm subsector is solely composed of baryon-like states. For 240 MeV $< T \leq 340$ MeV, our results approach the free charm-quark gas limit.

Topical area

QCD at Non-zero Temperature

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