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## Infrared Phases of 2d QCD from Qubit Regularization

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Qubit regularization provides a framework for studying gauge theories through finite-dimensional local Hilbert spaces, presenting opportunities for digital quantum simulations. In this talk, we investigate the IR phases of 2d QCD with the  $\mathrm{SU}(N)$  gauge group via qubit regularization. In the continuum, a  $2\mathrm{d}\,\mathrm{SU}(N)$  gauge theory coupled to a single flavor of fundamental massless Dirac fermions can be bosonized into an  $\mathrm{SO}(2N)_1/\mathrm{SU}(N)_1$  Wess-Zumino-Witten (WZW) model or a compact boson. On the lattice, utilizing a strong-coupling expansion of the qubit-regularized Kogut-Susskind Hamiltonian with the assistance of a generalized Hubbard coupling, we demonstrate that the continuum physics can be reproduced by an XXZ spin chain, together with a gapped phase. We also show the existence of a confinement/deconfinement (screening) transition. These arguments are verified numerically in the  $\mathrm{SU}(2)$  case using the tensor network approach. Our numerical results reveal that the lattice model has a central charge of 1, and its spectrum can be understood as the  $\mathrm{SU}(2)_1$  WZW model perturbed by a tiny marginally irrelevant operator, which can be tuned away by the Hubbard coupling. The confinement/deconfinement transition is also verified numerically by measuring the string tensions.

## Topical area

Theoretical Developments

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