



GENIE Fortran Wrapper for Lepton-Nucleus QE Scattering

with Noemi Rocco, Minerba Betancourt, Steven Gardiner

Noah Steinberg

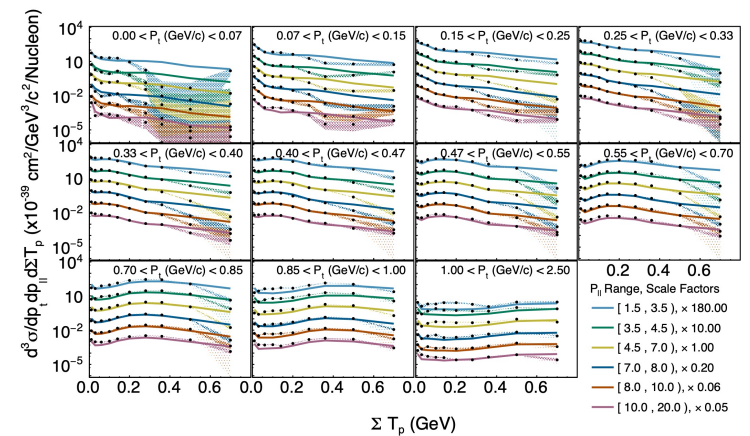
Workshop on Neutrino Event Generators

15 March 2023

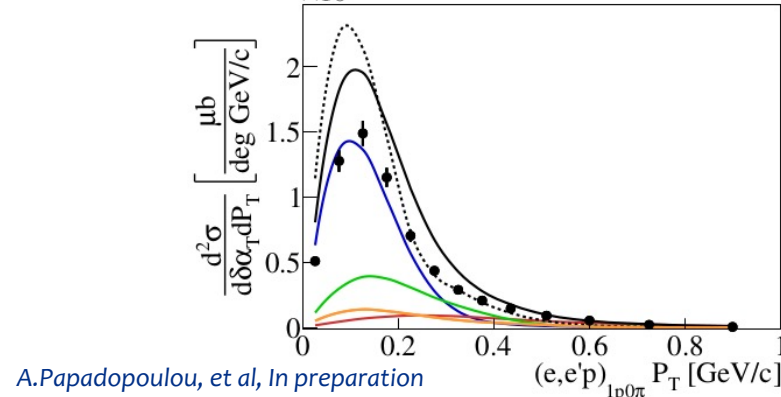
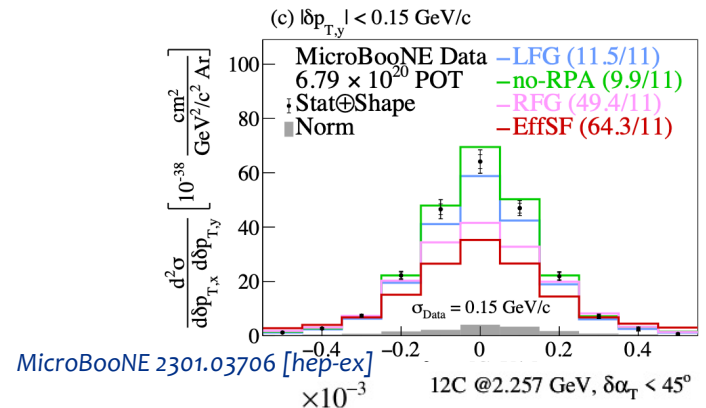


Challenges

- Neutrino community at an exciting moment where new data is challenging our models
 - Higher precision, More Differential
 - Exclusive channels
 - New targets, Electron scattering probes
- Need for theory driven models
 - Nuclear effects cannot be completely explained by older, simpler, sometimes empirically driven models in our event generators
 - Need state of the art theory, leveraging collaboration with nuclear, electron scattering, and neutrino scattering theorists.
 - How do we incorporate these new models into our event generators?
 - Focus on GENIE



MINERvA Phys.Rev.Lett. 129 (2022) 2, 021803



Incorporating new models into event generators

- Common issue is large time/person investment
 - Translating codes/phase space/form factors/constants/FSI models/etc..
- Create some kind of common interface so that theorists can plug their calculations into event generators
- In GENIE this is currently done with the HadronTensorTable Framework
 - At the inclusive level

$$\frac{d^2 \sigma}{d\omega d\Omega} = \frac{\mathcal{C}}{\pi^2} \frac{|\mathbf{k}'|}{|\mathbf{k}|} L_{\mu\nu} W^{\mu\nu}$$

$$W^{\mu\nu} = \overline{\sum}_f \langle 0 | J^{\mu\dagger} | f \rangle \langle f | J^\mu | 0 \rangle \delta^4(p_f - p_i - q)$$

- Pre-computed tables of nuclear responses or tensor elements evaluated on grid of $(\omega, |\mathbf{q}|)$ where hadron kinematics has been integrated over

Summary of Workshop on Common Neutrino Event Generator Tools

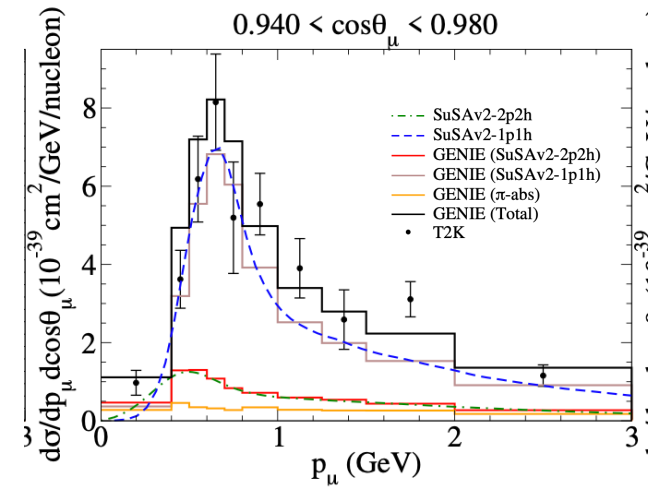
Josh Barrow¹, Minerba Betancourt², Linda Cremonesi³, Steve Dytman⁴, Laura Fields², Hugh Gallagher⁵, Steven Gardiner², Walter Giele², Robert Hatcher², Joshua Isaacson², Teppei Katori⁶, Pedro Machado², Kendall Mahn⁷, Kevin McFarland⁸, Vishvas Pandey⁹, Afroditi Papadopoulou¹⁰, Cheryl Patrick¹¹, Gil Paz¹², Luke Pickering⁷, Noemi Rocco^{2,13}, Jan Sobczyk¹⁴, Jeremy Wolcott⁵, and Clarence Wret⁸



Incorporating new models into event generators

- HadronTensorTable framework has allowed for implementation of several new theory driven models

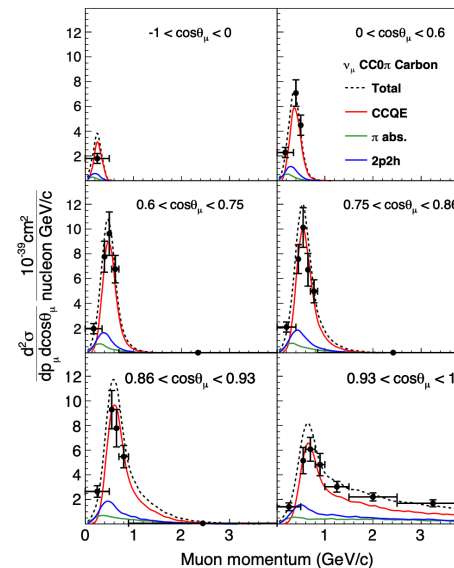
- SuSAv2
- Short time approximation
- HF-CRPA



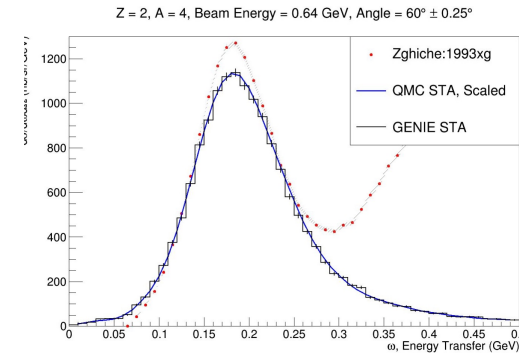
S. Dolan et al. Phys.Rev.D 101 (2020)

- Limitations!

- Only inclusive as outgoing hadron system has been integrated out
- Consistency between event generator and theory code used to produce table
- Must regenerate any time new form factors are introduced
- Different EM and neutrino tables



S. Dolan et al. 2110.14601 [hep-ex]

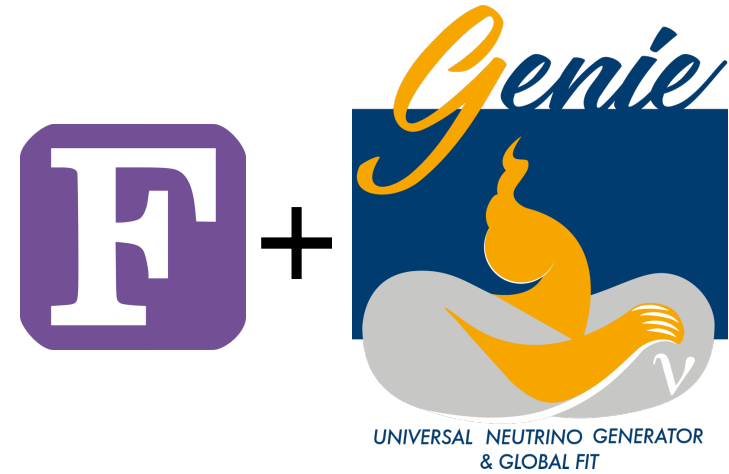


J. L. Barrow et al. Phys.Rev.D 103 (2021)

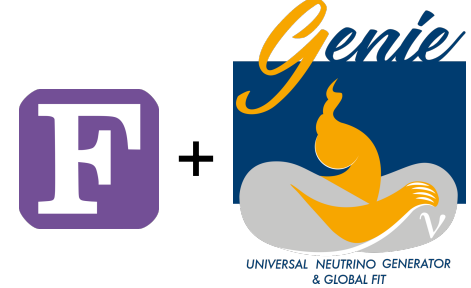


GENIE Fortran Interface

- Instead of a pre-computed hadron tensor, compute it on the fly!
- Use existing Fortran code to compute $A^{\mu\nu}$ (different than W !)
 - Fully exclusive
- Leverage as much existing infrastructure in GENIE as possible
 - Single nucleon form factors
 - Leptonic tensor
 - Phase space generators/Integrators
 - Fully configurable via GENIE xml files
- Pass hadronic tensor to GENIE for cross section calculation



GENIE Fortran Interface – Details



- Developed Unified cross section model for (e + ν)A scattering
 - Set up calculation based on probe (FF, constants, etc.)
 - Use same QLEventGenerator & Spline integrator as Nieves/LwylnSmith xsecs
 - Cross section computed in $d^3p dE d^3k'$ phase space

$$d\sigma = \frac{\mathcal{N}\mathcal{C}}{32\pi^2 E_{\mathbf{p}} E_{\mathbf{p}'} E_{\mathbf{k}'} E_{\mathbf{k}}} P(\mathbf{p}, E) L_{\mu\nu} \tilde{A}^{\mu\nu} \delta(E_{\mathbf{k}} + E_{N_i} - E_{\mathbf{k}'} - E_{\mathbf{p}'}) d^3\mathbf{p} dE d^3\mathbf{k}'$$

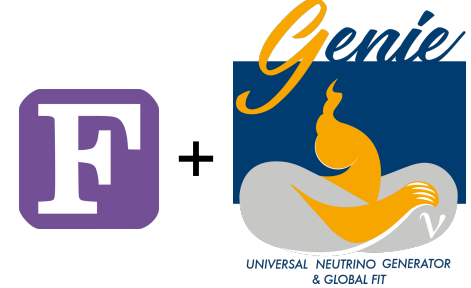
- Off Shell initial nucleon to account for removal energy

$$E_{N_i} = p^0 = m_{\mathbf{p}} - E = M_i - E_f$$

- GENIE computes Form Factors and leptonic tensor based on process of interest

$$L_{\mu\nu} \equiv \begin{cases} \text{Tr} [\gamma_\mu (1 - \gamma_5) \not{k} \gamma_\nu (1 - \gamma_5) (\not{k}' + m_{\mathbf{k}'})] \\ \frac{1}{2} \text{Tr} [\gamma_\mu (\not{k} + m_{\mathbf{k}}) \gamma_\nu (\not{k}' + m_{\mathbf{k}})] \end{cases} = \begin{cases} 8(k_\mu k'_\nu + k'_\mu k_\nu - k \cdot k' g_{\mu\nu} \mp i\epsilon_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} k^\rho k'^\sigma) & \text{CC, NC} \\ 2(k_\mu k'_\nu + k'_\mu k_\nu + [m_{\mathbf{k}}^2 - k \cdot k'] g_{\mu\nu}) & \text{EM.} \end{cases}$$

GENIE Fortran Interface – Details

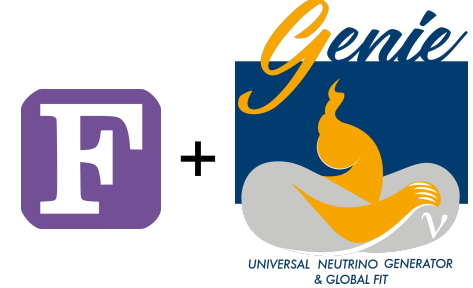


- Cross section model only needs *nucleon* level response tensor from Fortran
 - Implement subroutine that can be called from GENIE cross section model
 - Pass all hadron kinematics + Energy transfer, Single nucleon form factors, Dummy Tensor

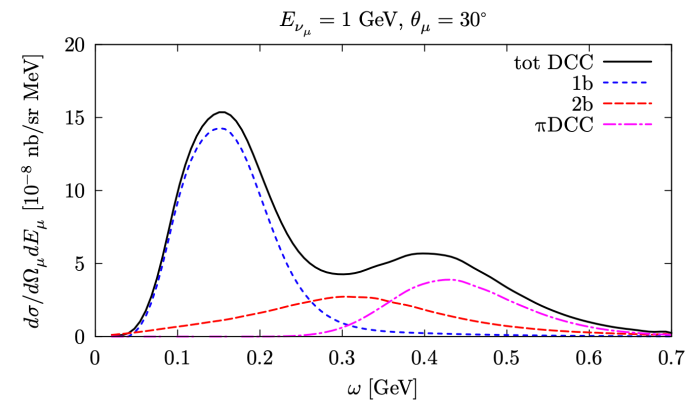
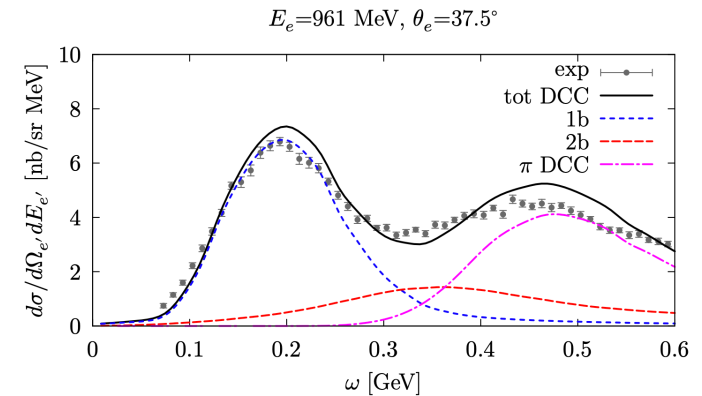
```
extern"C"
{
  void compute_hadron_tensor_(double *wt, double *xk_x, double *xk_y, double *xk_z, double
    *xp_x, double *xp_y, double *xp_z, double *f1v, double *f2v, double *ffa, double *ffp,
    std::complex<double> resp[4][4]);
}
```

- Fortran code constructs nucleon level response tensor however the theorist/model builder desires
- Response tensor passed back to GENIE for contraction and cross section calculation

GENIE Fortran Interface – Proof of principle

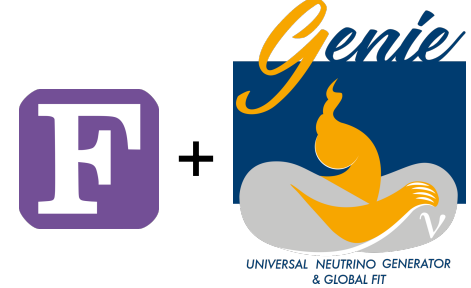


- First test of API:
 - Implemented Spectral Function + Extended factorization scheme for lepton nucleus QE scattering
- $$J_A^\mu \longrightarrow \sum_i j_i^\mu, \quad |X\rangle \longrightarrow |x, \mathbf{p}_x\rangle \otimes |R, \mathbf{p}_R\rangle$$
- $$d\sigma_A = \int dE d^3k d\sigma_N P(k, E)$$
- Single nucleon cross section computed using relativistic currents and spinors
-
- Consistent scheme to incorporate QE + MEC + RES + in a single unified framework
 - As well as predict electron and neutrino scattering cross sections simultaneously
 - Test QE first

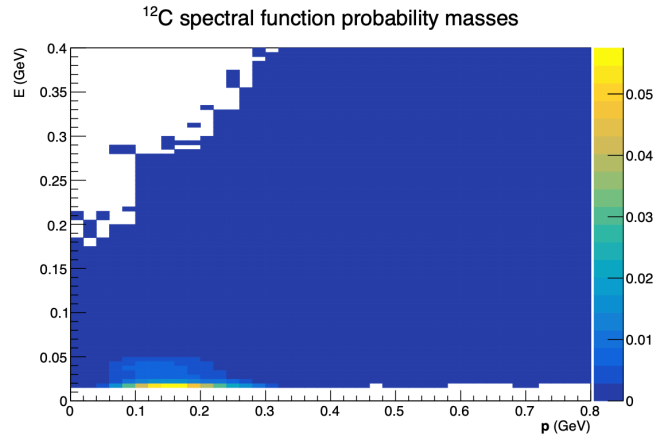


Noemi Rocco et al.
Phys.Rev.C 100 (2019) 4, 045503

GENIE Fortran Interface – SF Details



- Include SF (Benhar) as a nuclear model in GENIE

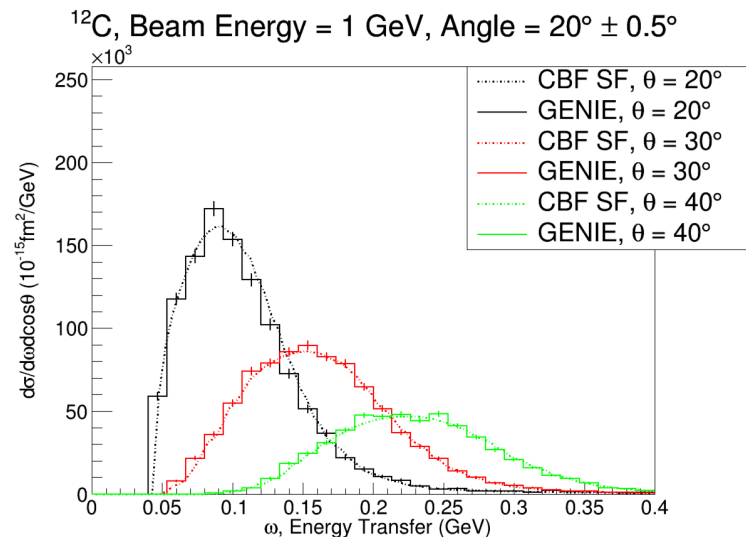
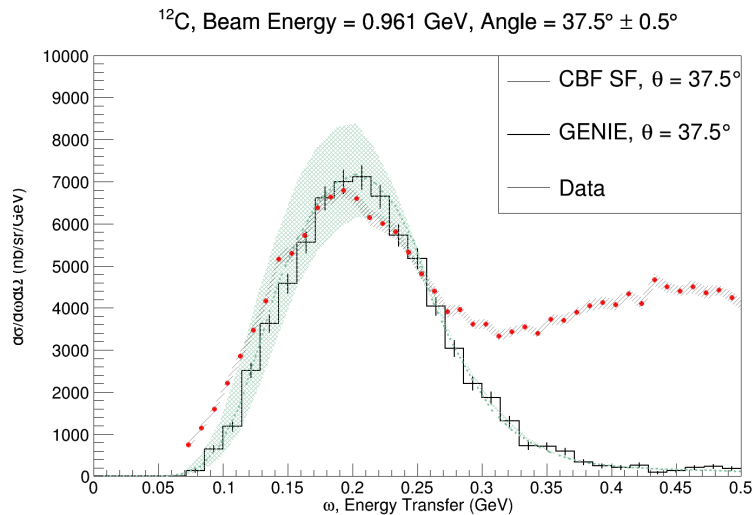


- 2D in p, E_r : Can be utilized by any calculation (except table based models) via xml config files, switched for any new spectral function
- Normalized to unity $\int P(\mathbf{p}, E) d^3\mathbf{p} dE = 1.$
- Nucleons sampled from 2d distribution $P_{\text{bin } ij} = \frac{4\pi}{Z} \Delta|\mathbf{p}| \Delta E |\mathbf{p}|_i^2 F(|\mathbf{p}|_i, E_j).$
 - Treated as constant within each bin

GENIE Fortran Interface – Validation and Comparisons



- Unified framework for lepton-nucleus scattering
 - Any tunes from charged lepton scattering data can be immediately applied to neutrino scattering predictions within the same code
 - Utilize GENIE's fluxdriver, geometries, reweighting framework, etc.
- Validation
 - Inclusive charged lepton scattering
 - Inclusive neutrino CC Scattering



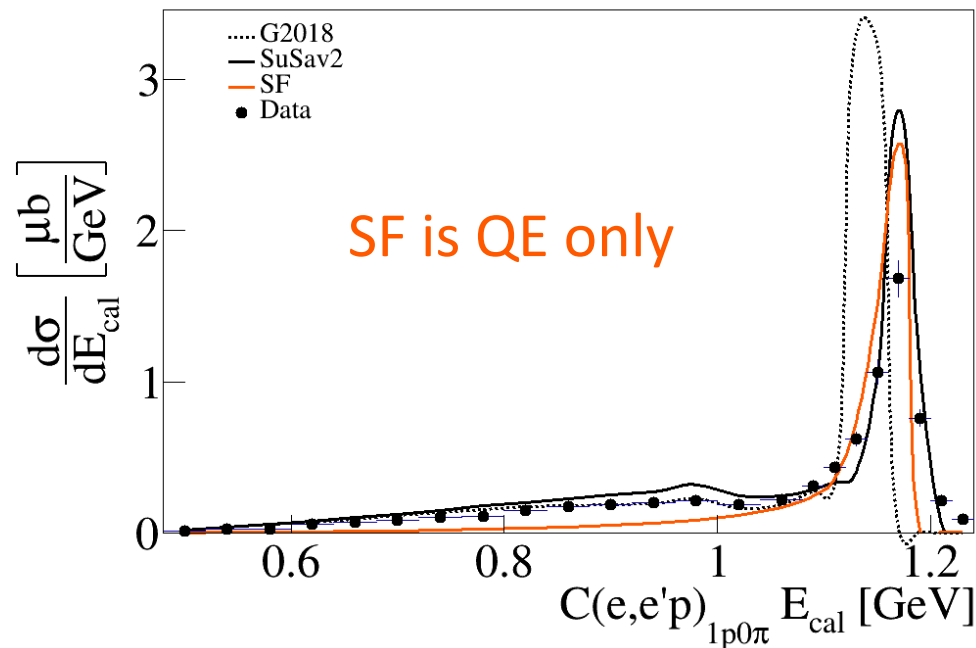
- Confirmation of inclusive cross sections with standalone theory code

GENIE Fortran Interface – Beyond Inclusive



- As we know, inclusive observables are not enough to discriminate models with today's precision data
 - GENIE SF implementation provides fully exclusive observables
- $E4\nu(e,e'p)_{0\pi}$ Reconstructed Calorimetric Energy

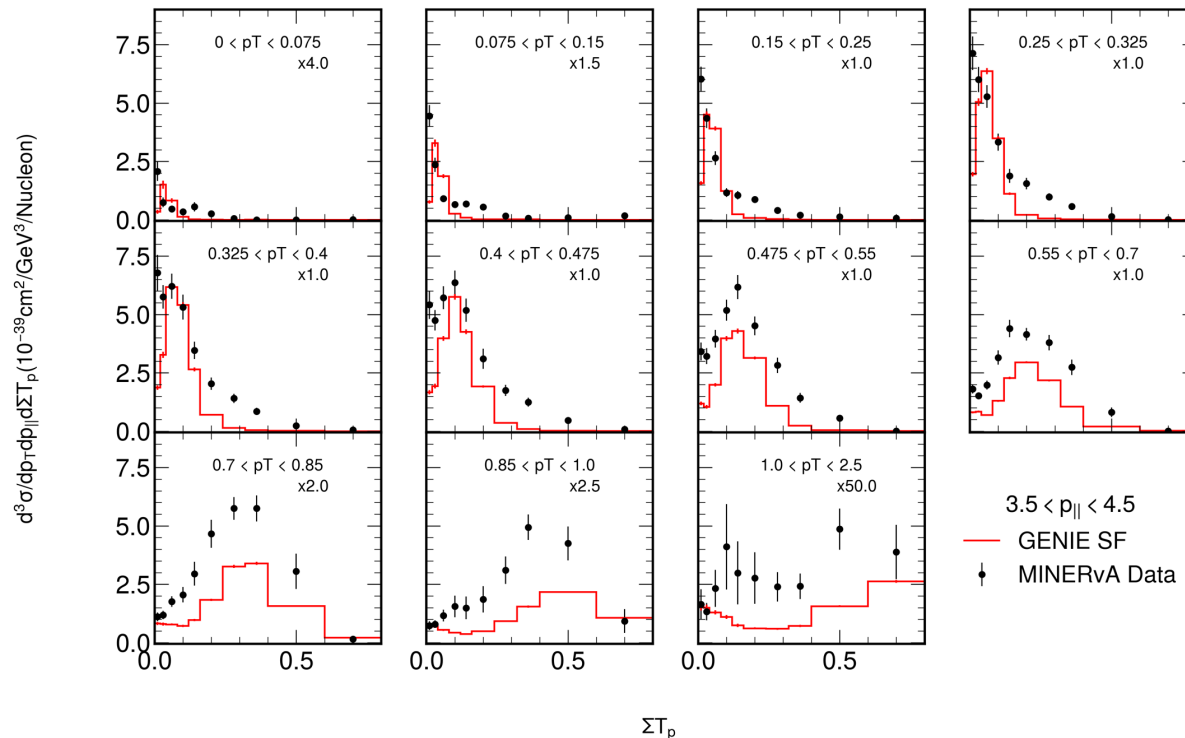
$$E_{cal} = E_l + T_p + \epsilon$$



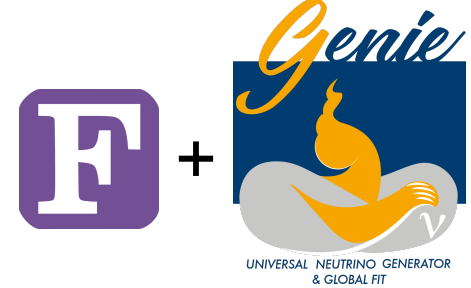
GENIE Fortran Interface – Beyond Inclusive



- As we know, inclusive observables are not enough to discriminate models with today's precision data
- GENIE SF implementation provides fully exclusive observables
 - MINERvA M.E. Triple Differential Cross Section in $p_T, p_{||}, \Sigma T_p$



GENIE Fortran Interface



- To plug in your QE Fortran interface:
 - Need subroutine which accepts hadron information event information & form factors
 - Hadron tensor is `std::complex<double> [4][4]` array
 - Hadron tensor should not contain factors from phase space
 - $[W_{\mu\nu}] = \text{GeV}^2$
 - Currently have to adjust makefile to build and link your fortran code but this will be done via xml config file in the future
 - Can use any of GENIE's initial nuclear models and nucleon form factors
 - Dipole, Zexp, BBBA, etc
 - RFG, LFG, SF, etc.
 - Configurable via. Xml file

Conclusion

- Modern neutrino scattering data has shown the need for advanced theoretical models
- Putting those models into event generators is not straightforward
 - Tensor tables are one example but right now they are inclusive only
- Our GENIE Fortran Wrapper is one possible way in which new models can be implemented
- We have tested the API by implementing the SF + Extended factorization scheme for QE scattering via our wrapper
 - Realistic nuclear model
 - Exclusive predictions
 - Extendible to other reaction mechanisms like MEC and RES
 - Currently not in any official GENIE release but will be publishing results soon
- Thanks!

