

Configuration in the DUNE DAQ

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Requirements

The CCM is required to provide functionality to prepare, archive, validate and deliver configuration data, including the definition of required partitions.

- An interface for interaction with users, via command line and GUI, with equivalent functionality.
- A means by which DAQ application and detector component experts may specify the structure and constraints which describe the relevant configuration information.
- The configuration system shall provide a configuration generator/editor, capable of creating or loading DAQ system configuration data, modifying configuration data, and storing versioned configuration data.
- The configuration system shall provide a mechanism for checking the validity and consistency of configuration data with the DAQ and detector components.

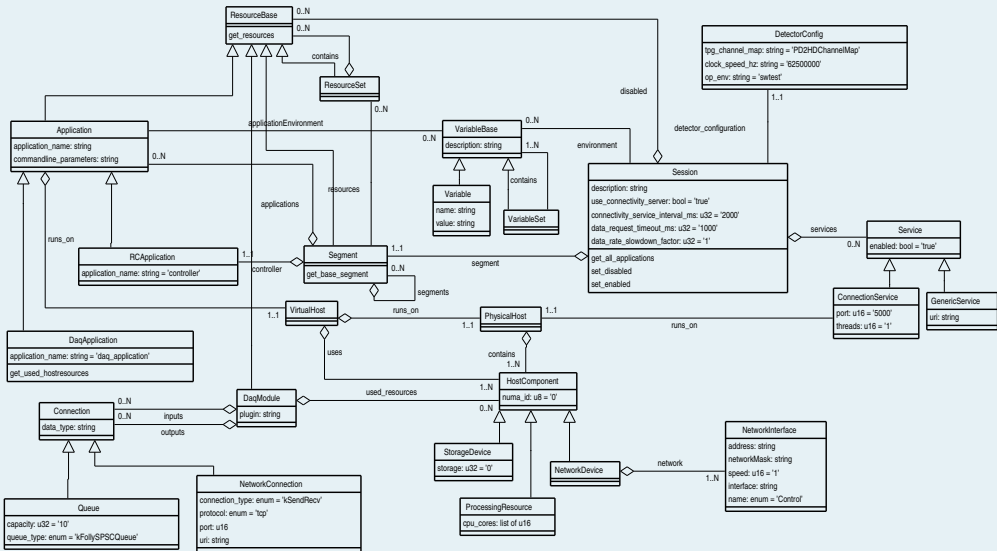
Configuration generation `daqconf`

- Individual packages provide moo schema (jsonnet) files
- `daqconf` suite of python scripts generate json files for every application in the DAQ using mixture of schema defaults, configuration time supplied vales and values coded in the Python of `daqconf`
- Tweaks made after configuration by editing json files lost next time a set is generated
- Scalability?
- Consistency?

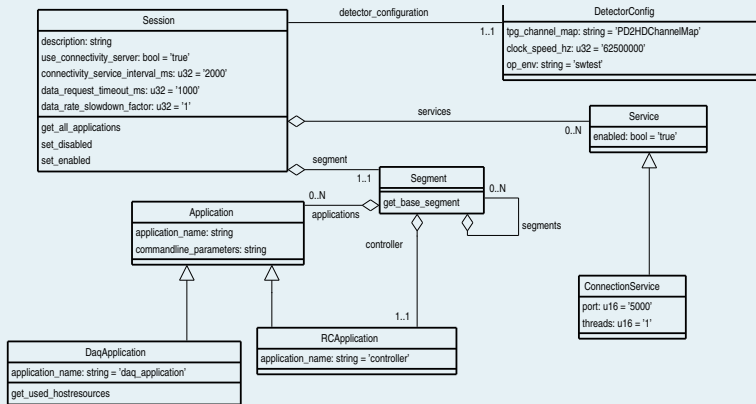
Connectivity Service

- Configuration complicated by static assignment of network ports
- Connectivity Service introduced this year
 - Listening apps let OS assign port and publish their connection details
 - Connecting apps look up connection info to find port to connect

- OKS is the configuration database used in ATLAS
 - Ported to the DUNE DAQ environment by John Freeman
 - See his excellent introduction from the CCM meeting of the 8th Feb
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- Object oriented schema with inheritance between classes
 - Relationships between objects allow common configuration objects to be shared among several objects rather than copied
 - Schema and configuration (data) stored in a few XML files.
 - Can be generated but not intended as part of the normal work flow
 - GUI editors provided for both schema and data files
 - Application code accesses configuration through a ‘data access library’ `dal` which supplies getters for all attributes and relationships
 - C++ code generated from the schema, Python bindings available
 - `dal` `methods` allow manipulation of configuration at run time



- Session is the top level. Applications are described in Segments



- Session has some common attributes and a link to a single Segment
- Segment is a container for a logical grouping of Applications e.g. all the PDS readout or all the APA readout
- Segment has a segments relationship to itself so Segments can be nested

Full object name : burner-session@Session

Property	Value
description	Example Session to exercise CPU burner module
use_connectivity_server	false
connectivity_service_interval_ms	1
data_request_timeout_ms	1000
data_rate_slowdown_factor	1
environment	commonEnv Type here
disabled	burnMod-2 burner-2 Type here
segment	burnerSegment Type here
services	
detector_configuration	dummy-detector

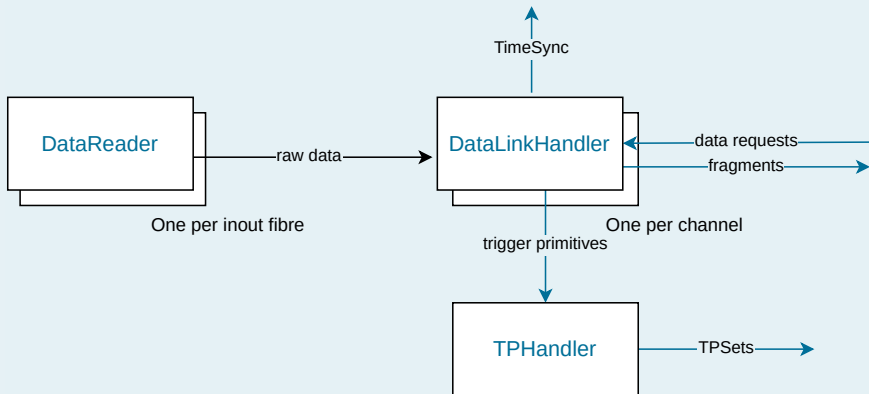
Current Status

- OKS packages available in regular nightly build and will be in release 4.1.0
- Core schema down to the Application level in nightly and release 4.1.0
- Should allow development of an OKS driven run control
- Now working on designing schema for readout applications

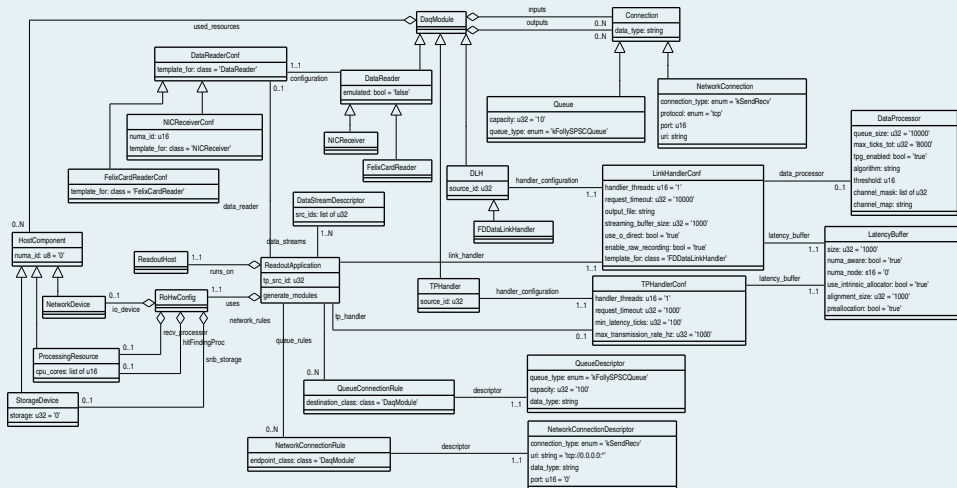
Future plans

- Extend core schema down to module level for Release 4.2.0
- Introduce DAL into `appfwk` and modules for Release 4.3.0

Backup Slides



- Multiple DataReaders and multiple DataLinkHandlers
- Multiplicities and connections between DataReaders and DataLinkHandlers can be inferred from readout map
- Don't want to specify again in OKS configuration



- No relationship from ReadoutApplication to DaqModules
- All required DaqModules generated on the fly by the generate_modules method
- Driven by config objects, code just knows how to connect DataReaders to DataLinkHandlers