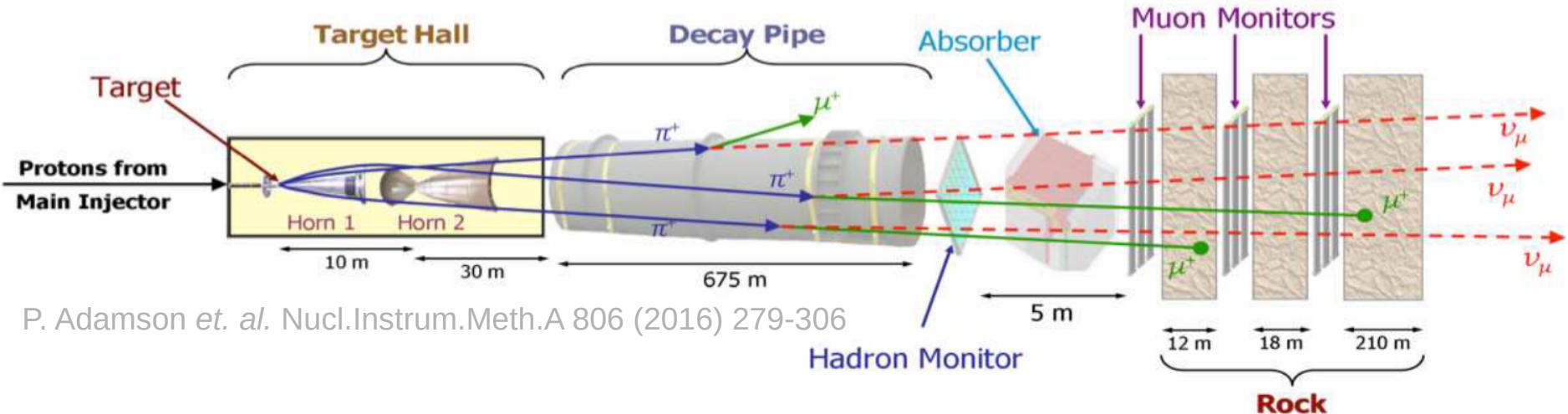


NA61/SHINE Hadron Production Measurements

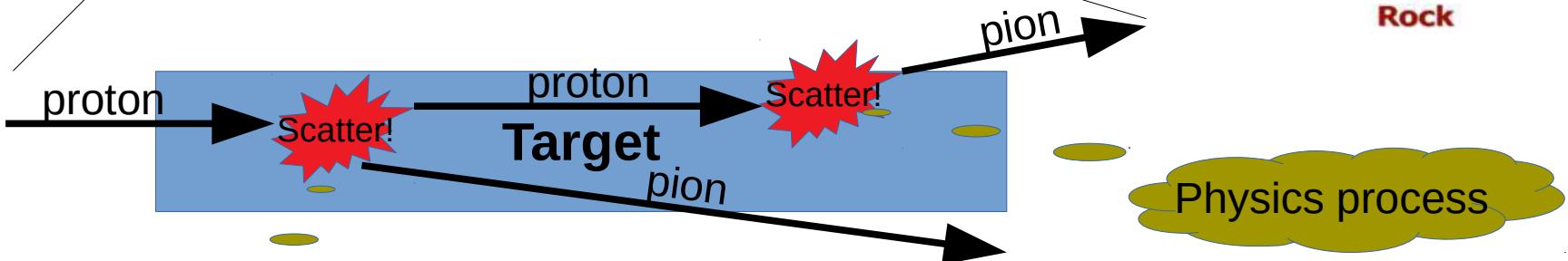
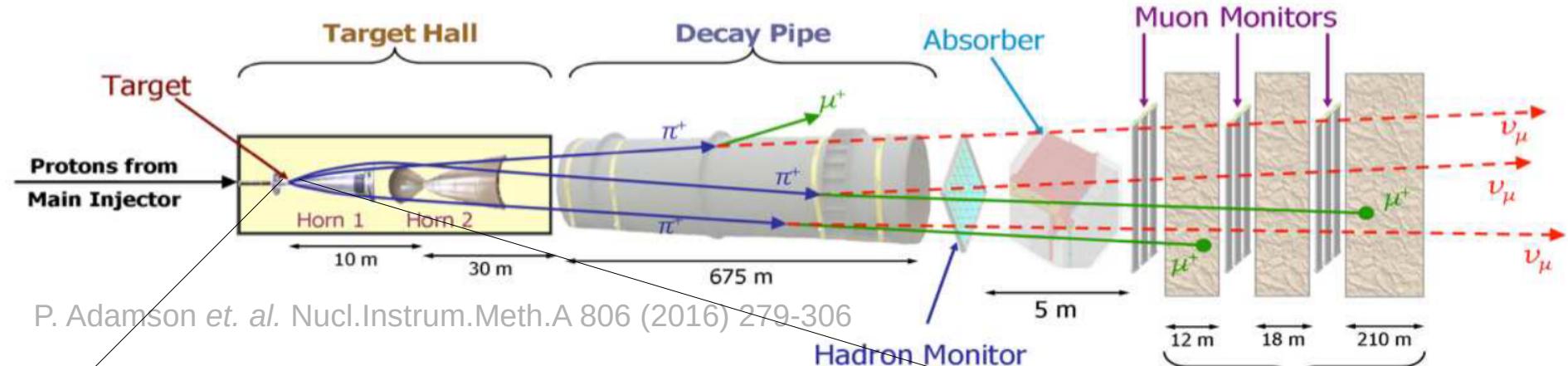
Andrew Olivier
On behalf of the NA61/SHINE collaboration
April 16, 2024

Neutrino Beams



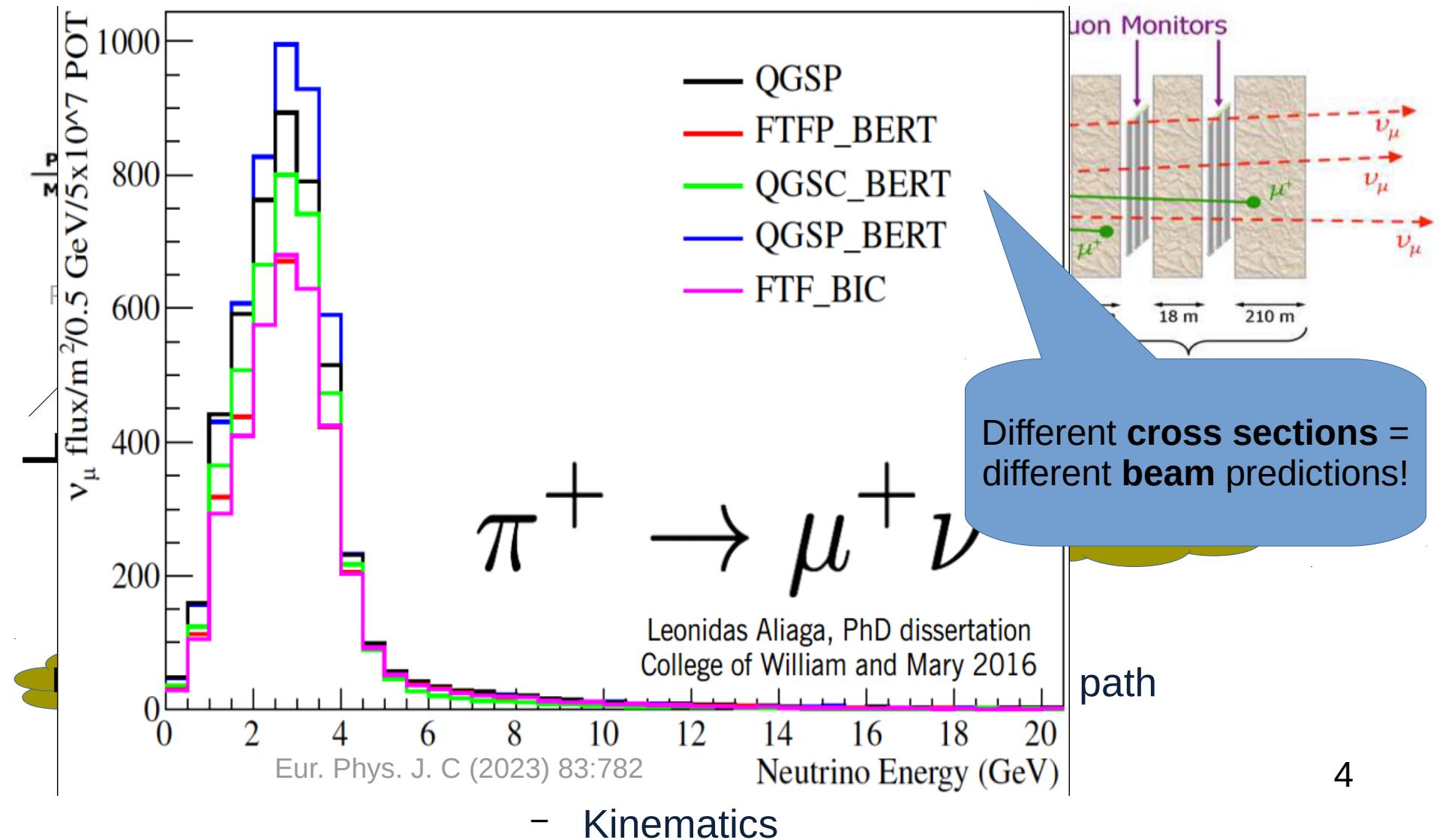
- Current conventional neutrino beams produced by:
 - Intense proton beam hits target
 - Pions and kaons produced
 - Charged mesons focused with magnetic horns
 - Mesons decay to charged leptons and neutrinos

Neutrino Beam Simulation



- Physics process:
 - Cross section → mean free path
 - Particles produced
 - Kinematics

Neutrino Beam Simulation



Hadron Production Experiments

- Measure inputs to “physics process”
- Thin target
 - Proton on Carbon, etc.
 - Inelastic and production cross sections
 - Differential production yields
 - Tune e.g. GEANT models
- Replica target
 - Proton on e.g. replica NuMI target
 - Differential production yields for each species
 - Directly predict particle rates from target

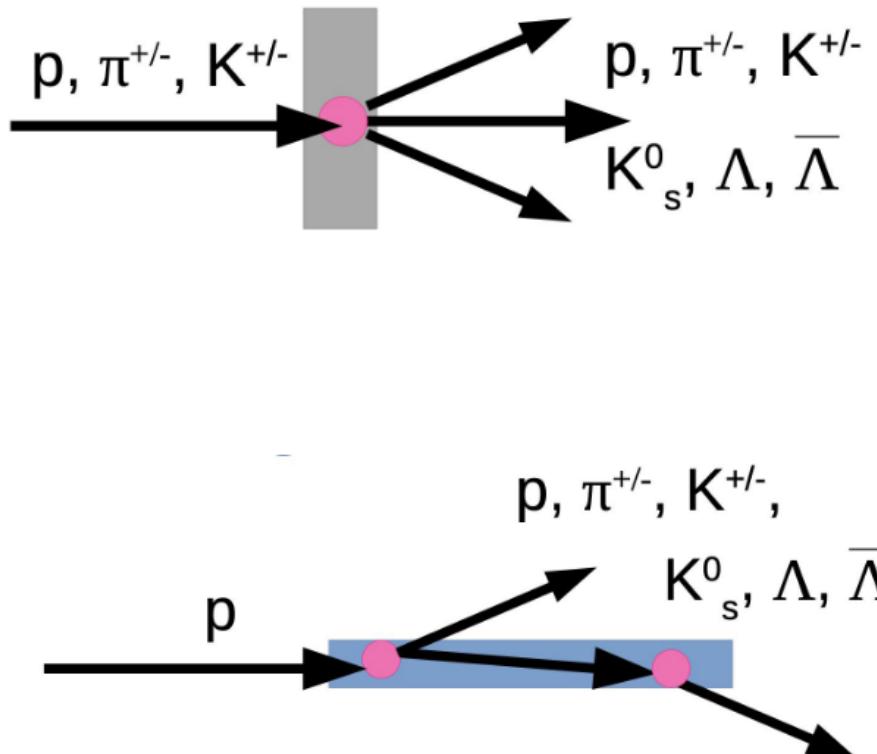
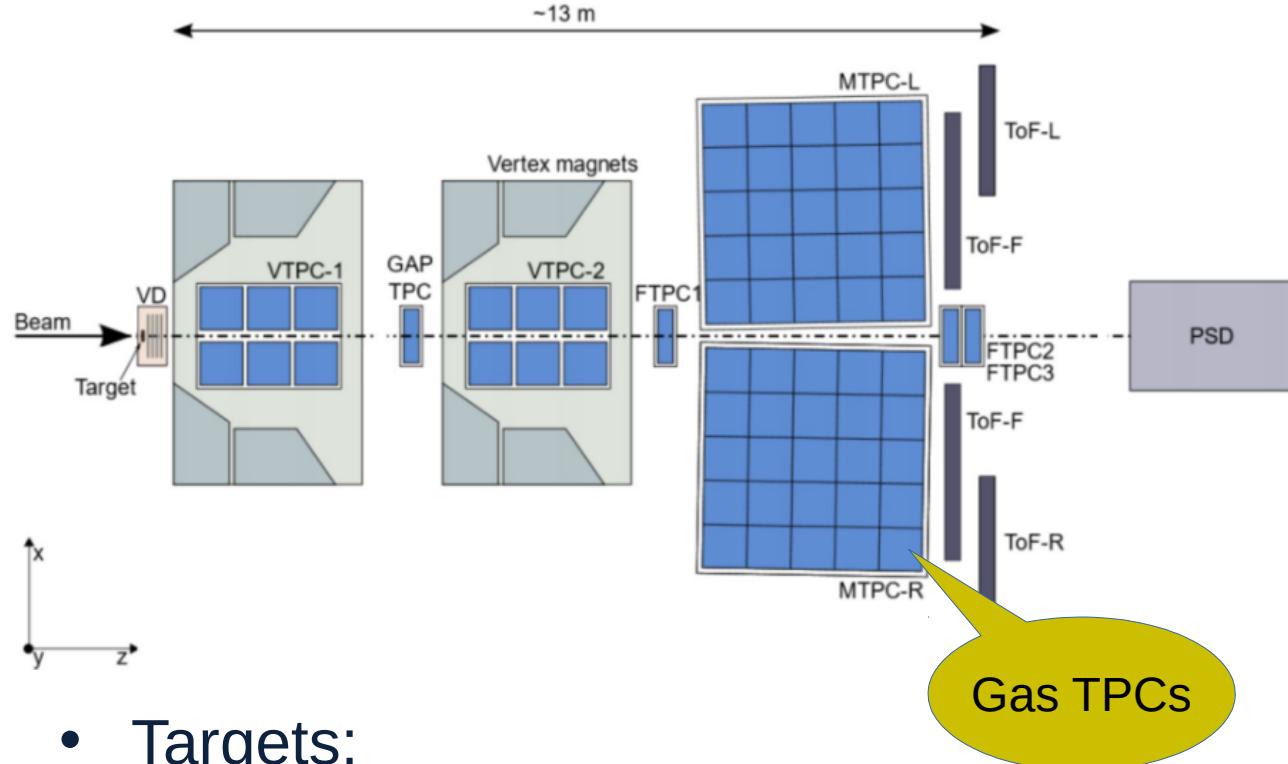


Figure: Yoshikazu Nagai

NA61/SHINE

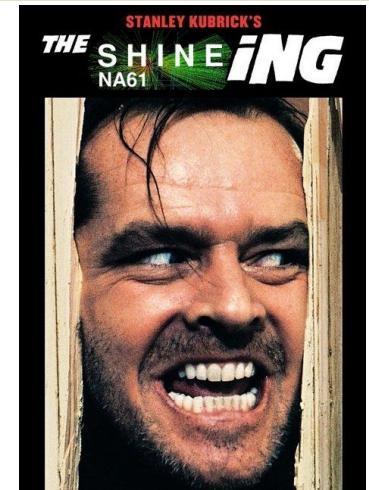
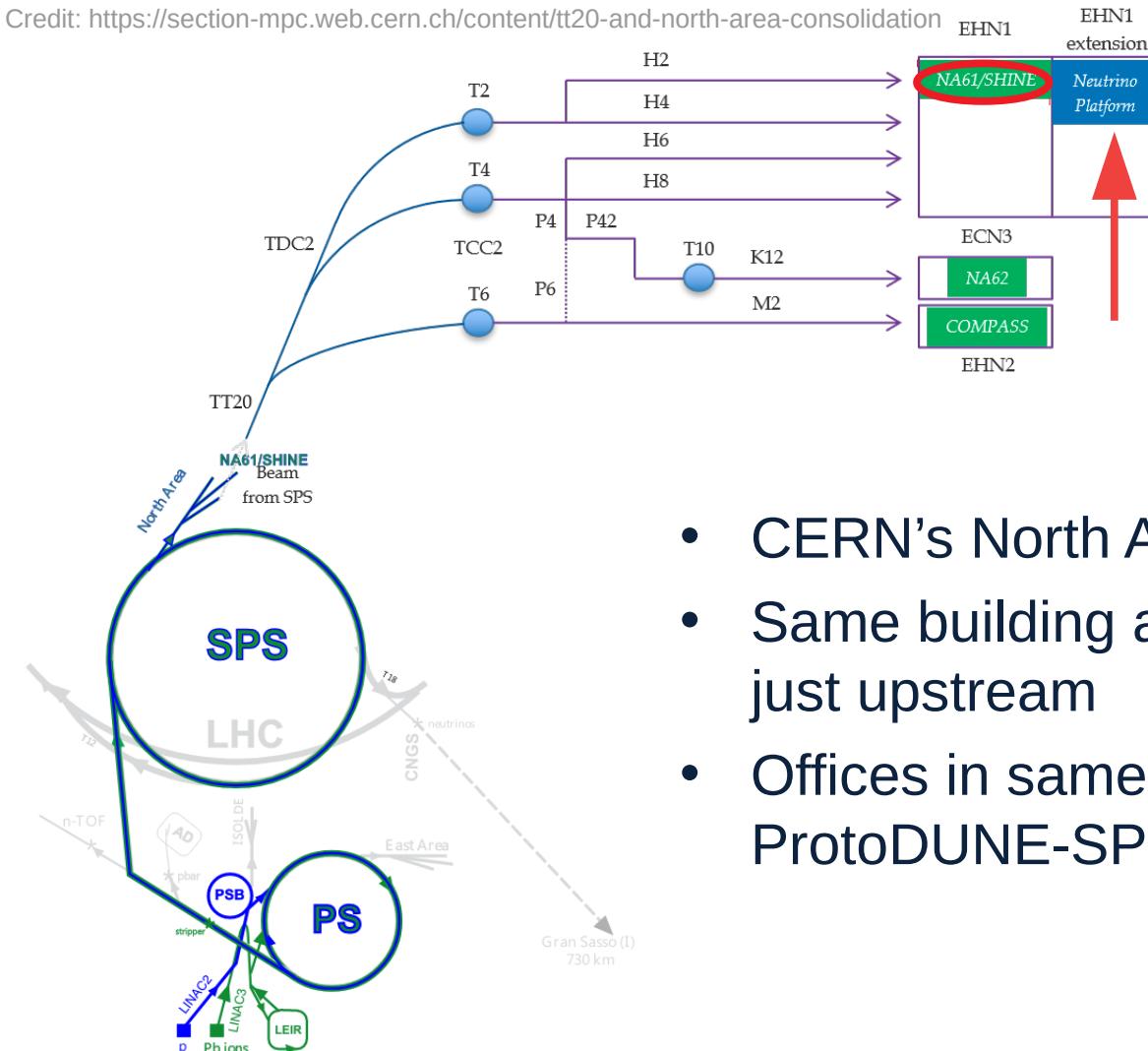
- SPS Heavy Ion and Neutrino Experiment
- Detector: magnetized tracking spectrometer
- Beam:
 - Protons from CERN SPS
 - Pions, kaons, etc.
 - Energy: 20-400 GeV/c



- Targets:
 - Thin targets: carbon, Al, Be, etc.
 - Thick target: T2K, NuMI, DUNE

Where is NA61/SHINE?

Credit: <https://section-mpc.web.cern.ch/content/tt20-and-north-area-consolidation>



- CERN's North Area = Prevessin site
- Same building as ProtoDUNEs and just upstream
- Offices in same building as old ProtoDUNE-SP offices

Heavy Ion Experiment

[Home](#) > [The European Physical Journal C](#) > Article

Search for the critical point of strongly-interacting matter in $^{40}\text{Ar} + ^{45}\text{Sc}$ collisions at 150A GeV /c using scaled factorial moments of protons

Regular Article – Experimental Physics | [Open access](#) | Published: 30 September 2023

Volume 83, article number 881, (2023) | [Cite this article](#)

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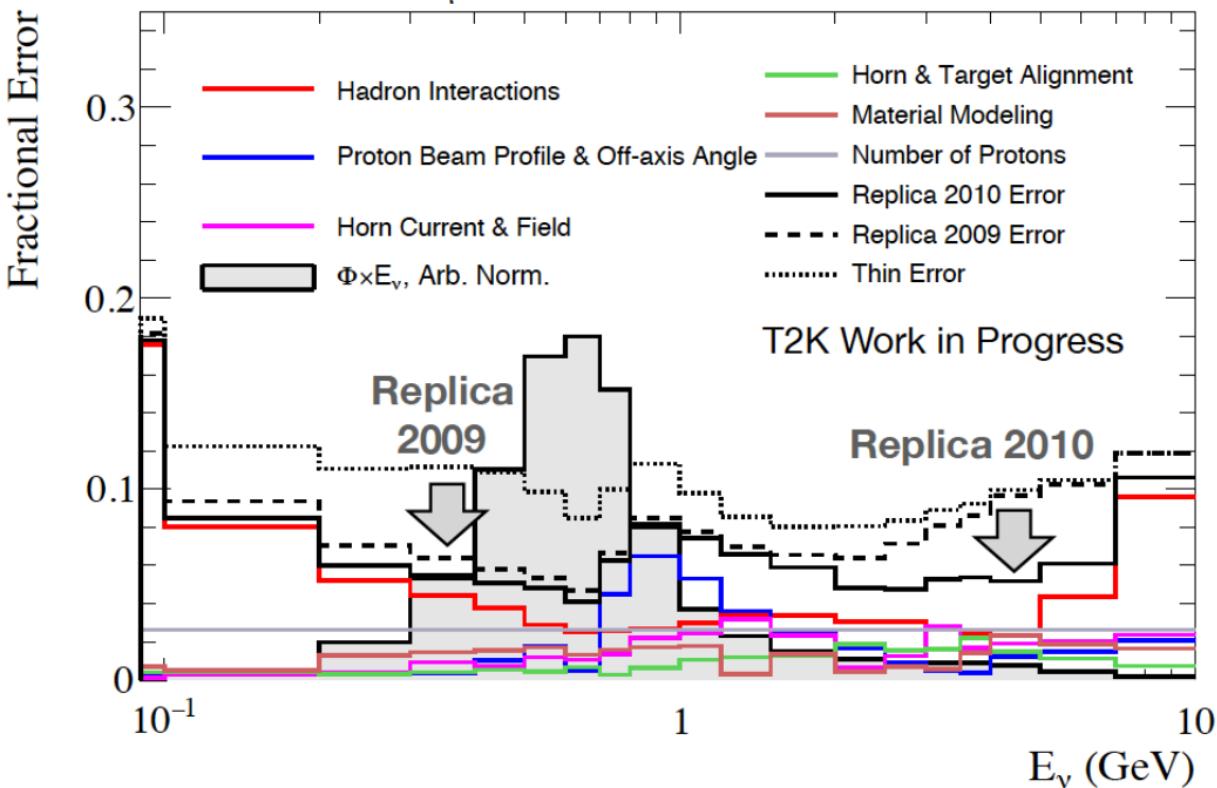
You have full access to this [open access](#) article

H. Adhikary, P. Adrich, K. K. Allison, N. Amin, E. V. Andronov, T. Antićić, I.-C. Arsene, M. Bajda, Y. Balkova, M. Baszczyk, D. Battaglia, A. Bazgir, S. Bhosale, M. Bielewicz, A. Blondel, M. Bogomilov, Y. Bondar, N. Bostan, A. Brandin, W. Bryliński, J. Brzychczyk, M. Buryakov, A. F. Camino, P. Christakoglou, ... R. Zwaska ▼ Show authors

- NA61/SHINE's other main topic is **heavy ion** physics
- Also great at measuring hadron production for neutrino and cosmic ray physics
- Very important to support this collaboration for beam modeling!

Impact on T2K

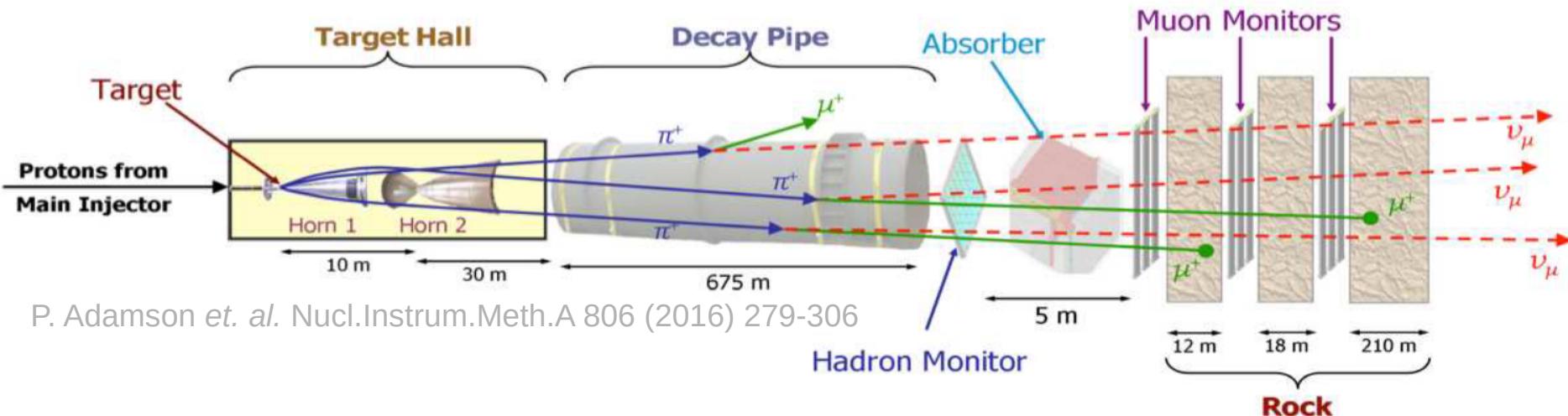
SK: Neutrino Mode, ν_μ



- First application of NA61 data to a neutrino experiment
- Dedicated simulation tuning to NA61 data
- Two iterations:
 - Thin target data: tune physics processes
 - “Long target”: tune outgoing hadron multiplicity to replica target data

Credit: E. D. Zimmerman seminar 2024

Example: NuMI through PPFX



P. Adamson et. al. Nucl.Instrum.Meth.A 806 (2016) 279-306

- Package to Predict the Flux predicts neutrino flux given:
 - Protons
 - Horn geometry
 - **GEANT cross section models: NA61 improves this!**
- **NA61 measurements translated to NOvA results through PPFX**

PPFX

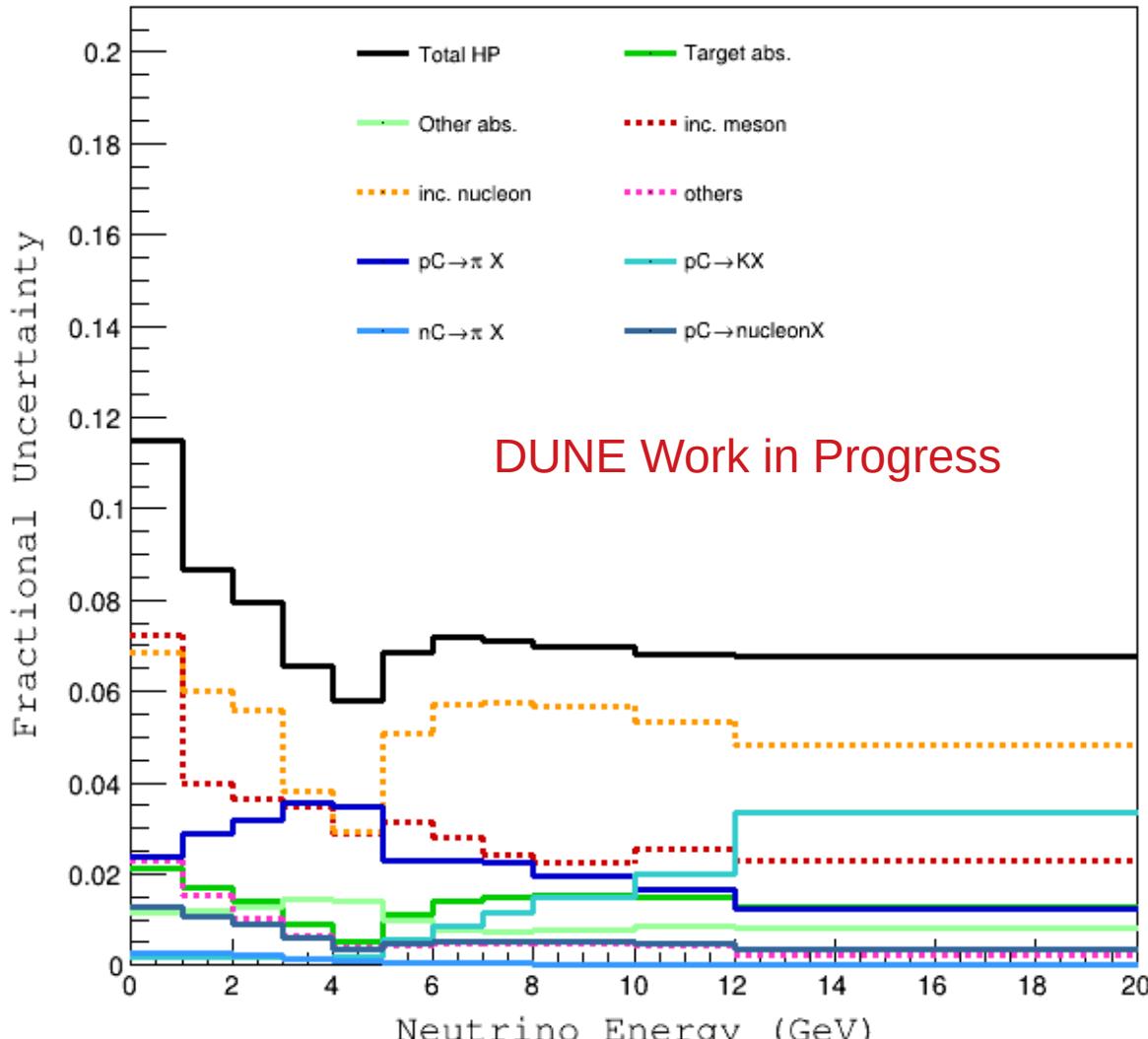


Figure: Ian D. Kotler

- Near detector hadron production uncertainties
- Solid lines: cross sections covered by existing data from e.g. NA49
- Incident nucleon: cross sections not yet covered by data
- NA61 reduces “incident nucleon” by:
 - covering more phase space than NA49
 - Reporting covariance

Our Hadron Production Measurements

- p+C@120 GeV/c
 - Charged: p, pi, and K *Phys.Rev.D* 108 (2023) 072013
 - Neutral: K0s and lambdas *Phys.Rev.D* 107 (2023) 7, 072004
- p+T2K@31 GeV/c
 - Charged p, pi, K, neutral K, and lambdas *Eur.Phys.J.C* 76 (2016) 2, 84
 - Differential Pi⁺⁻ yields *Eur.Phys.J.C* 76 (2016) 11, 617
 - Charged p, pi, and K *Eur.Phys.J.C* 79 (2019) 2, 100
- p+C@31 GeV/c
 - K+: *Phys.Rev.C* 85 (2012) 035210
 - Neutral K0s and lambdas *Phys.Rev.C* 89 (2014) 2, 025205
 - Production cross section and differential yields for p, pi, K, K⁰, and lambdas *Phys.Rev.D* 103 (2021) 1, 012006
- Pi and K on thin target
 - C and Al at 60 GeV/c and 31 GeV/c: *Phys.Rev.D* 98 (2018) 5, 052001
 - C and Be at 60 GeV/c: *Phys.Rev.D* 100 (2019) 11, 112004
- Protons on thin target
 - Production and inelastic cross sections on C, Be, Al at 60 GeV/c and 120 GeV/c: *Phys.Rev.D* 100 (2019) 11, 112001

Recent Measurements

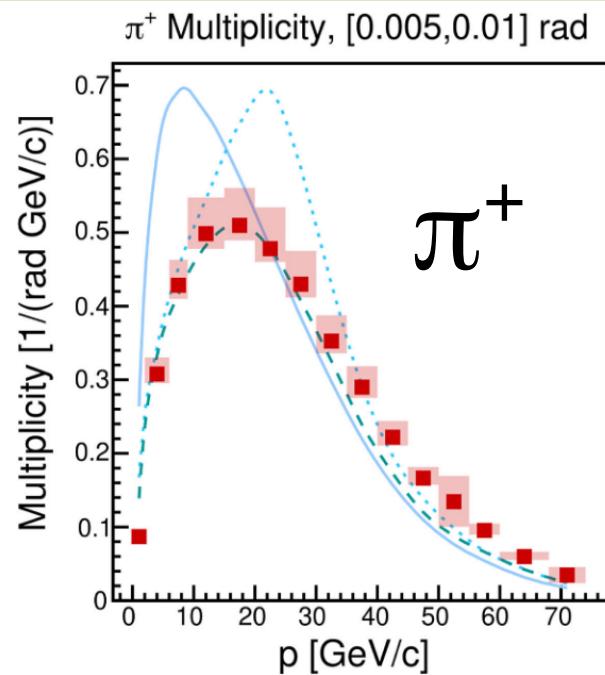
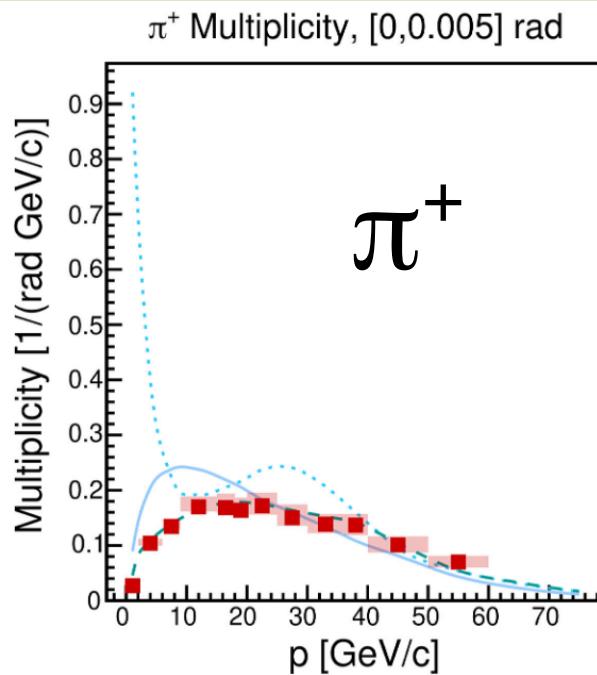
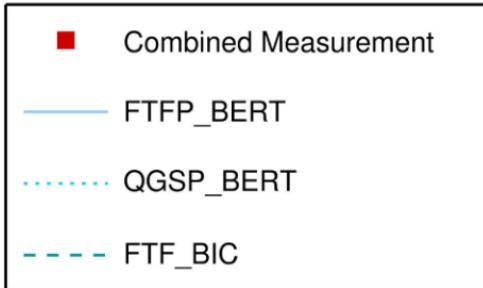
- p+C@120 GeV/c
 - Thin target cross sections
 - Charged: pi, p, and K

Measurements of π^+ , π^- , p, \bar{p} , K^+ and K^- production in 120 GeV/c p + C interactions
NA61/SHINE Collaboration • H. Adhikary (Jan Kochanowski U.) et al.
e-Print: 2306.02961 [hep-ex]
DOI: 10.1103/PhysRevD.108.072013 (publication)
Published in: Phys.Rev.D 108 (2023), 072013
 - Neutral: K^0 and lambdas

Measurements of K^0_S , Λ , and $\bar{\Lambda}$ production in 120 GeV/c p+C interactions
NA61/SHINE Collaboration • H. Adhikary (Jan Kochanowski U., Kielce (main)) et al.
e-Print: 2211.00183 [hep-ex]
DOI: 10.1103/PhysRevD.107.072004 (publication)
Published in: Phys.Rev.D 107 (2023) 7, 072004
- p+C@90 GeV/c
 - Charged pi, p, and K; neutral K^0 and lambdas

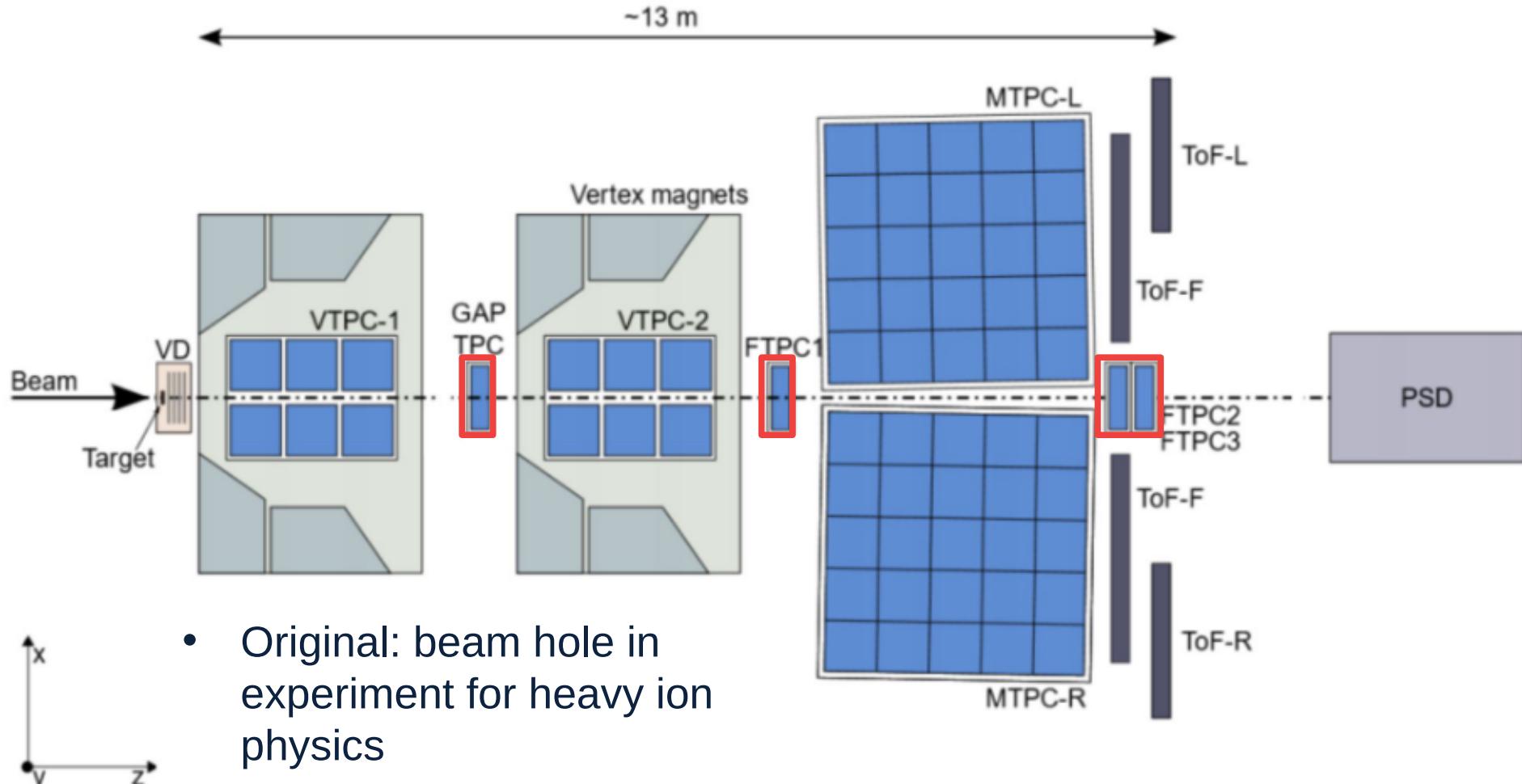
Publication in preparation

p+C@120 GeV/c



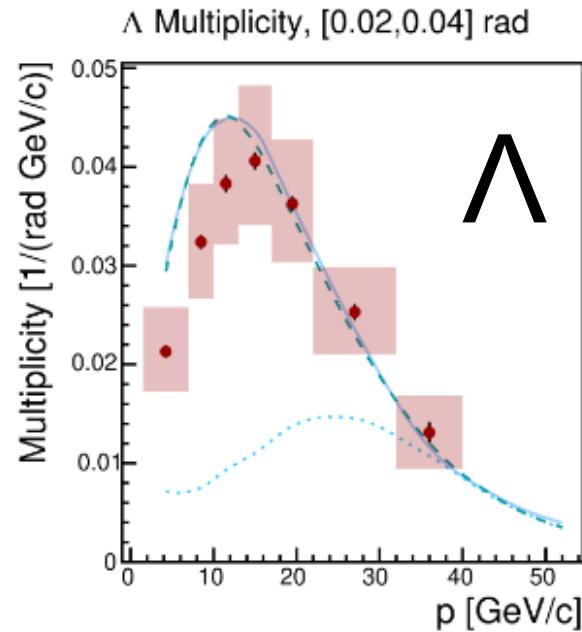
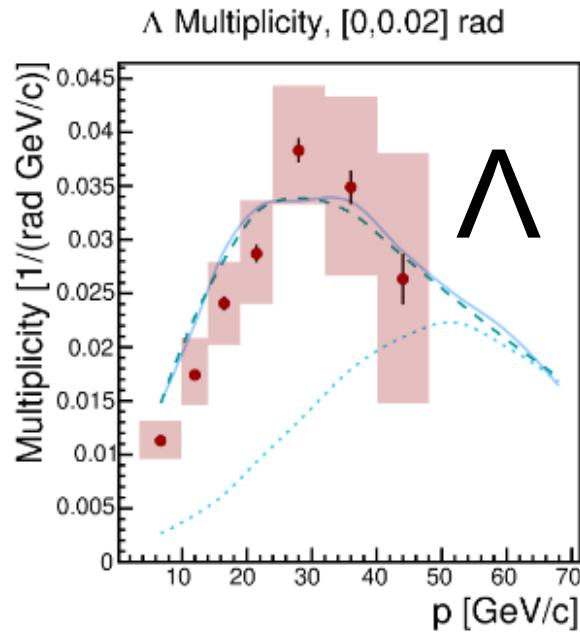
- Phys.Rev.D 108 (2023), 072013
- π^{+-} , protons, K^{+-} , and antiprotons on carbon at 120 GeV/c
- 20x statistics in new 2023 data

Forward TPCs



p+C@120 GeV/c

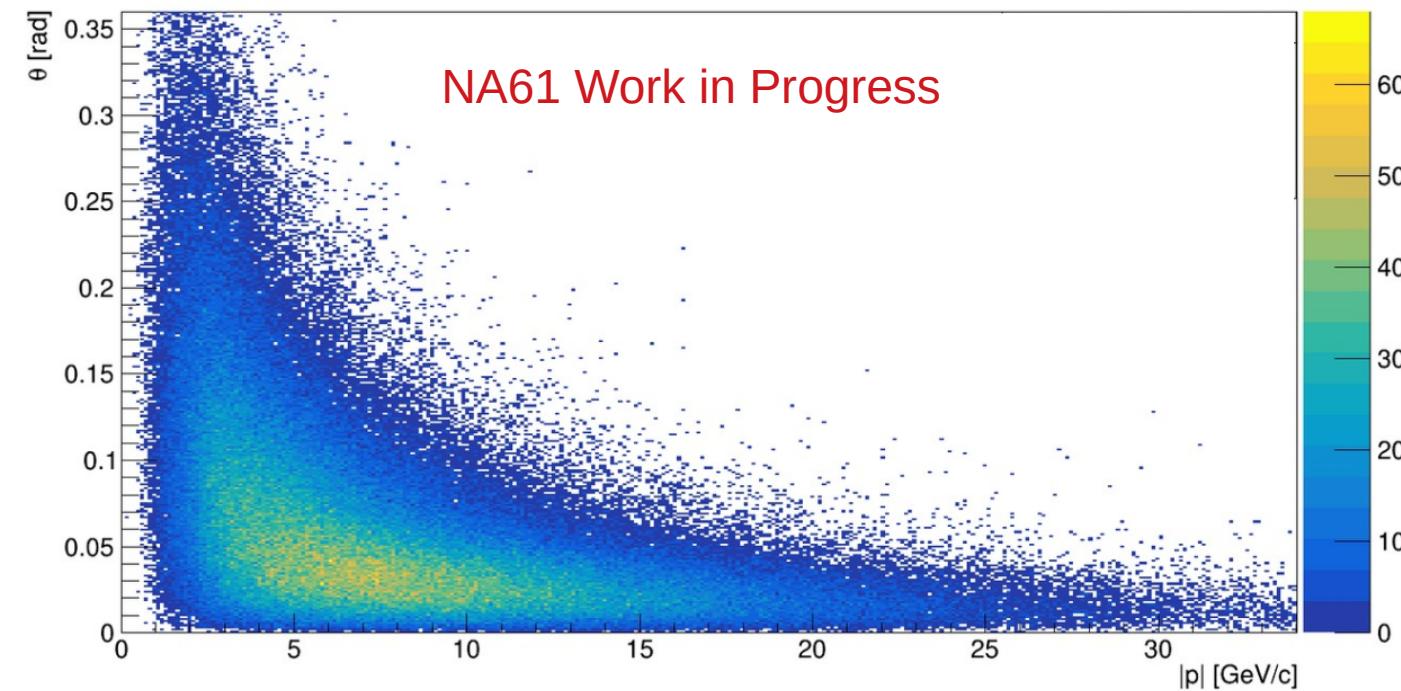
- Combined Measurement
- FTFP_BERT
- QGSP_BERT
- - - FTF_BIC



- Phys.Rev.D 107 (2023) 7, 072004
- K^0_S and lambdas on carbon at 120 GeV/c
- Different models agree in different regions of phase space

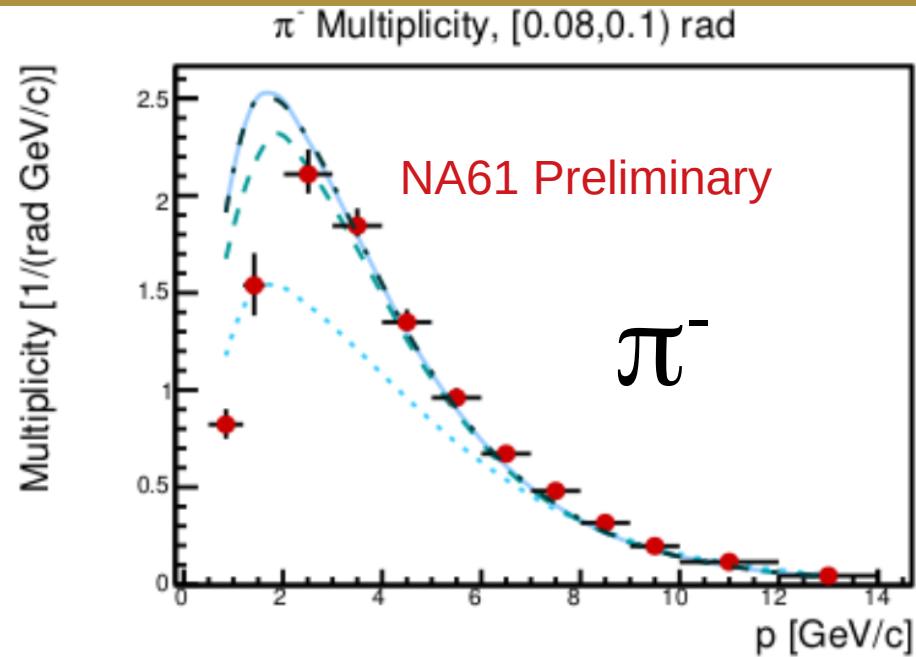
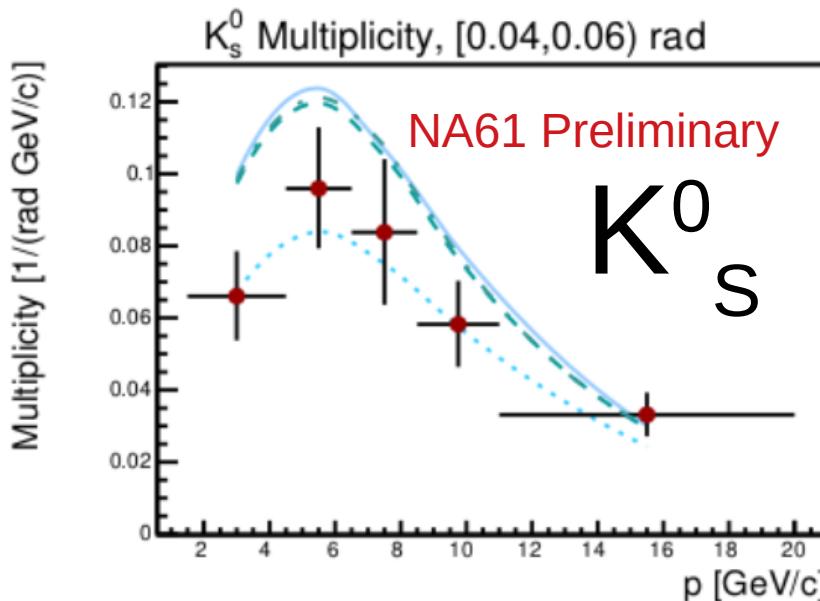
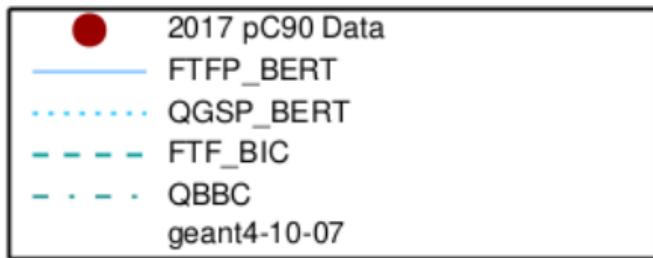
p+C@90 GeV/c

θ vs $|p|$ (All Cuts)



- Above: K_0^S phase space coverage
- Secondary interactions in target system lead to hadrons of all energies below beam energy
- Important to measure intermediate energies to test scaling

p+C@90 GeV/c

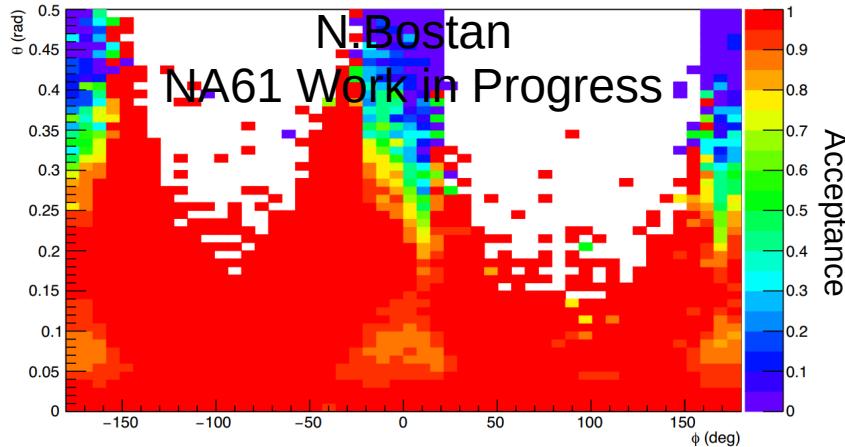


- Publication in preparation
- Charged and neutral multiplicities
- Fills in gaps between T2K and NuMI energies for e.g. secondary proton scattering inside NuMI target

Planned Measurements

- p+C@60 GeV/c
 - Charged
 - Neutral
- p+NOvA@120 GeV/c
 - Charged
 - Neutral
- **p+DUNE@120/c GeV: Summer 2024**
- Lower energy beam

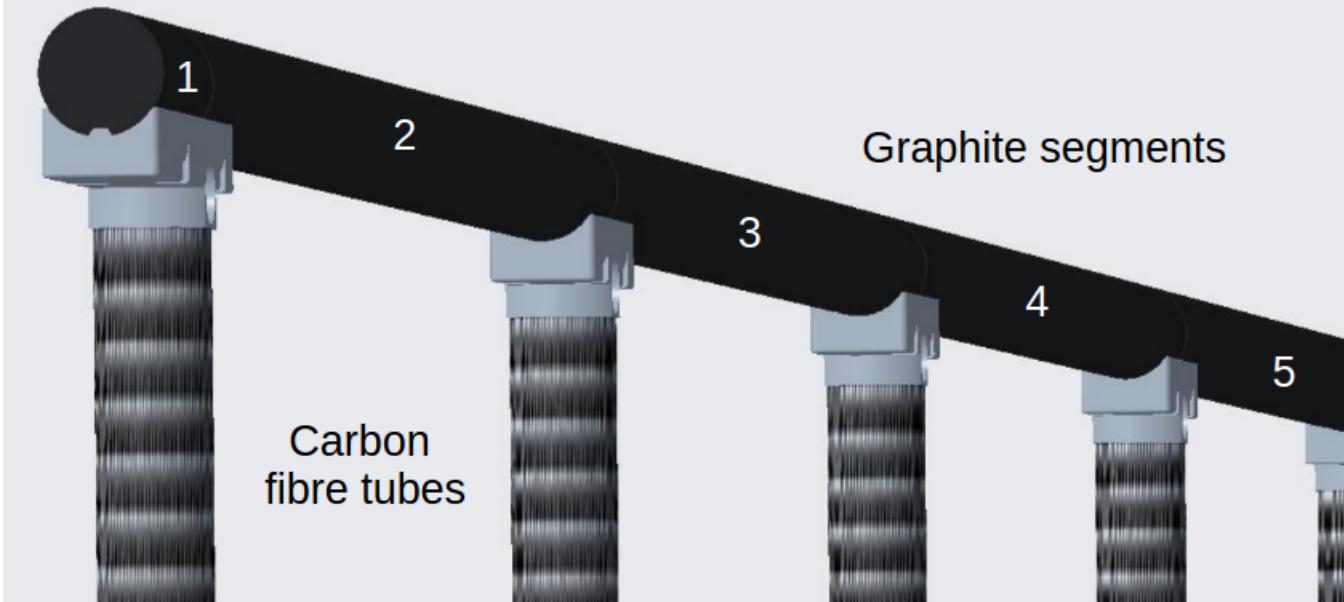
NuMI Analysis Progress



- “Long target” analysis for NuMI experiments
- 120 GeV/c protons on spare NuMI target
- Data collected in 2018
- Planning separate charged and neutral particle papers
- Currently calibrating



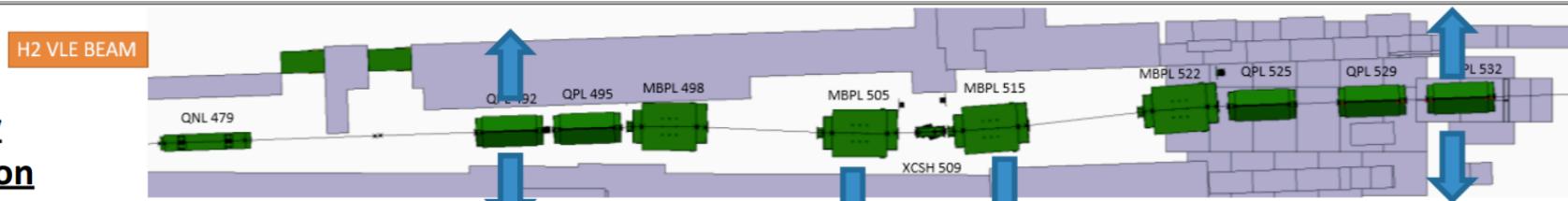
DUNE Target Plans



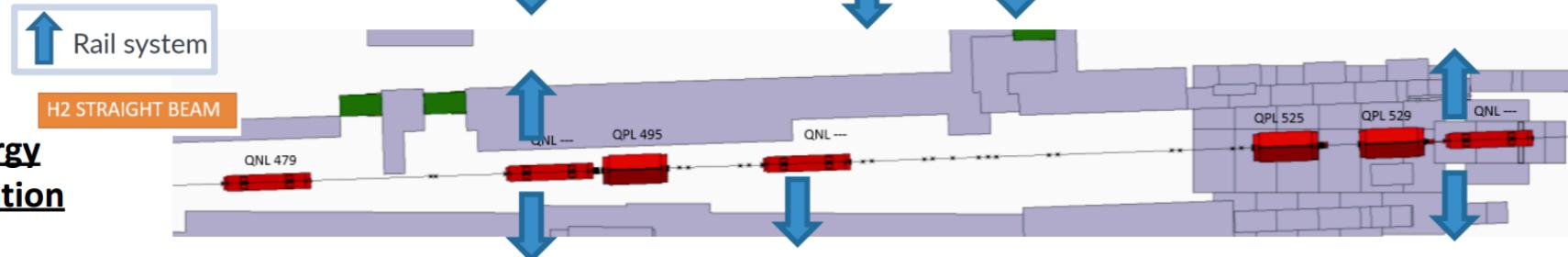
- DUNE prototype target coming to NA61 in 2024
- Same measurements as NuMI
 - Particle multiplicity
 - 120 GeV/c protons

Very Low Energy Beam

Low-Energy Configuration



High-Energy Configuration

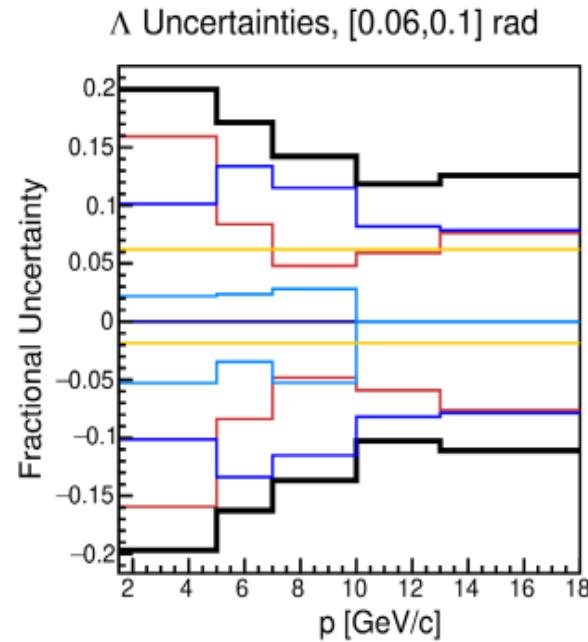
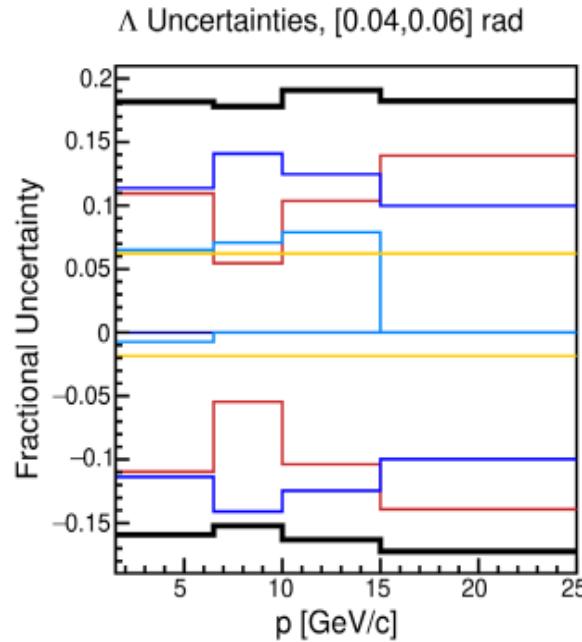
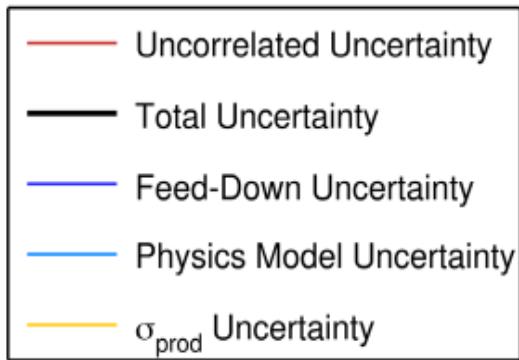


- Goal: extend beam coverage down from 20 GeV/c to 2 GeV/c
- Outcome:
 - Hadron production measurements for BNB
 - Atmospheric neutrinos at SuperK
 - Additional hadron production measurements for T2K and HyperK
 - Hadron production for DUNE second oscillation maximum
- New collaborators welcome

Thank you

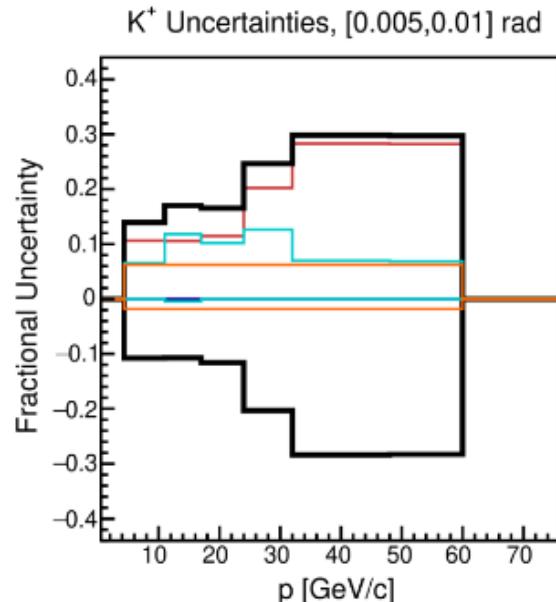
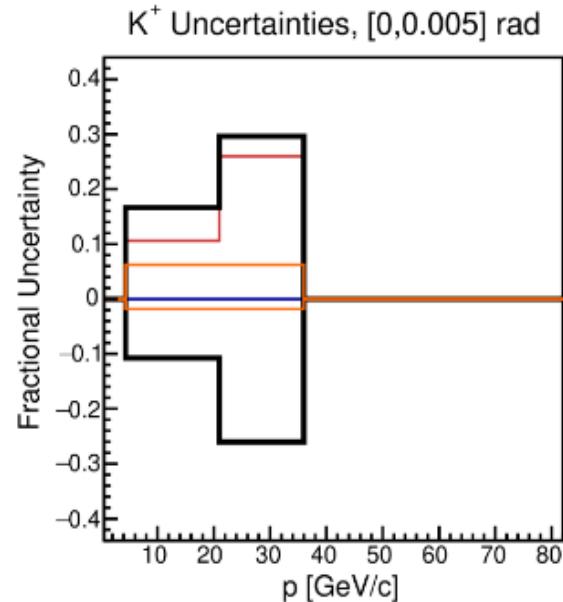
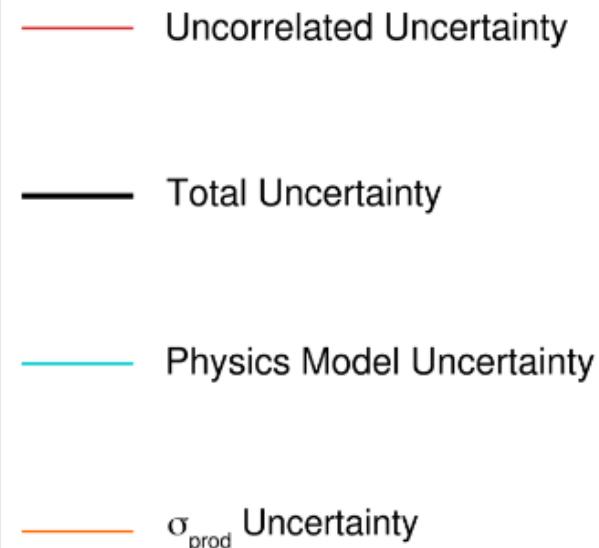


Lambda Uncertainties



- Phys.Rev.D 107 (2023) 7, 072004
- K0S and lambdas on carbon at 120 GeV/c

Recent Measurements



- Phys.Rev.D 108 (2023), 072013
- $K^{+/-}$, protons, and antiprotons on carbon at 120 GeV/c