# EFT Interpretation of Three Massive Bosons Production

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SMP-VVV @ EFT workshop Fermilab

# Outline

- Motivation
- Faux NLO sample generation
- Analysis overview
- EFT limit extraction
- Summary

## Motivation

- Production of three massive bosons (VVV) is a rare process, observation reported in <u>CMS paper</u> and <u>ATLAS paper</u>
- VVV processes involve TGC, QGC, Higgs-gauge couplings. Deviations in these couplings can potentially lead to large excesses.



Focus on the EFT interpretation of VVV, with dim-6 and dim-8 operators

# Impact of EFT

• EFT operators impact the VVV cross section in multiple ways,  $\mathcal{O}_w$ , increase the cross section on high  $\hat{s}$ .  $\mathcal{O}_{ll}$  increase the overall cross section



# EFT MC Sample Generation

- LO does not provide accurate kinematic distributions at SM point compared to NLO standard sample
- Following <u>TOP</u> group, we generate faux NLO samples by performing merge and match on VVV and VVV with additional parton
- Faux NLO samples for dim-6 operators have been generated, dim-8 operators to be followed



# Analysis Overview

- Semi-leptonic/hadronic decay is studied in high  $\hat{s}$  region
- Use ParticleNet W/Z tagger to tag AK8 jets with  $p_T > 200 \text{GeV}$  ("fatjets")
- Channels are divided by the number and sign of leptons
  - Each channel chooses appropriate variable representing  $\hat{s}$
  - 3-6 bins in the variable chosen
  - Each channel also defines orthogonal control region(s) to study background

Channel	Targeting	Variable of interest
0 lepton + 2/3 fatjets	WWW,WWZ,WZZ,ZZZ	$H_T$
1 lepton + 2 fatjets	WWW,WWZ,WZZ	$M_{l\nu JJ}(M_{VVV})$
2 Opposite-Signed Leptons(OS) + 1 fatjet	WWW,WWZ,WZZ,ZZZ	S <sub>T</sub>
2 Same-Signed Leptons(SS) + 1 fatjet	WWW	S <sub>T,MET</sub>

# Example: SS+1fatjet Channel

Lample. 55 marger chan			s I		137.64fb <sup>-1</sup>
		Yield±stat.	ı ver		
<ul> <li>Signal Region</li> </ul>	$tar{t}$	$28.1 \pm 1.2$			w z
<ul> <li>Dilepton triggers</li> </ul>	ttW	$4.00\pm0.14$			Y +jets
<ul> <li>Exactly 2 same sign loose leptons</li> </ul>	ttZ	$0.83 \pm 0.06$			
<ul> <li>≥1 fatjet with medium WP</li> </ul>	WW	$1.95 \pm 0.14$	-		
<ul> <li>No medium b-jet</li> </ul>	WZ	$6.4 \pm 0.6$			
<ul> <li>Both leptons pass tight ID</li> </ul>	ZZ	$0.162\pm0.010$	10 <sup>-2</sup>		
• $ m_{ee} - m_Z  > 20 \text{ GeV}$	Wjets	$2.9 \pm 1.0$	500 I	1000 11500 2000	2500 3000
• $p_{T,l1} > 40 \text{GeV}$ , $p_{T,l2} > 30 \text{GeV}$	DY	$1.9 \pm 0.4$	_	Signal region	DT,MET(Gev)
• $\Delta R_{ll} > 1.2$	bkg	$46.4 \pm 1.7$			$137.64  \text{fb}^{-1}$
• $t\bar{t}$ Control region	VVV(SM)	$10.1 \pm 0.5$	ents		tī tw
• Change b-veto to $\geq 1$ medium b-jet	$VVV(c_W = 0.3)$	17.9 <u>±</u> 0.7	Ъ – – –		ttZ DY WZ
• Data driven $t\overline{t}$ background estimation is under development					WW ZZ W+jets W+jets ttH → data

1.4 1.2 0.8 0.6 200

400

600

**\_\_\_**\_\_

1200

1000

800

 $t\bar{t}$  control region

1400

 $S_{T,MET}(\text{GeV})$ 

# Yield in last bin

#### Numbers in the table are indicative

$N_{EFT} = $ Quadratic $\times c_{EFT}^2 +$ Linea	$\operatorname{ar} \times c_{EFT} + \operatorname{SM}$
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Channel	Total background	SM VVV	$N_{EFT}@$ $c_W = 0.3$	<i>c<sub>W</sub></i> Quadratic	$c_W$ Linear
0 lepton + 3 fatjets	10.5	0.125	40.9	452.65	0.178
0 lepton + 2 fatjets	4.8	0.175	23.2	254.36	0.578
1 lepton + 2 fatjets	1.65	0.121	13.7	150.75	0.175
2 OS Leptons + 1 fatjet: OF	0.9	0.306	10.9	117.00	0.196
2 OS Leptons + 1 fatjet: SF, no Z	13	0.820	15.8	164.7	0.493
2 OS Leptons + 1 fatjet: SF, Z	16	0.810	11.7	119.7	0.368
2 Same-Signed Leptons + 1 fatjet	0.7	0.924	8.27	79.3	0.672

#### • Quadratic terms dominate the sensitivity

# Limits calculation

- Preliminary result with subset of syst. uncertainties
- Top panel: summarized input to Higgs combine
- Bottom panel: limits extracted from Higgs combine
- Channels sorted by channel sensitivity



# Summary of $c_W$ Limit

#### 95% CL Expected Limits (full analysis and channel level)

# NLL vs. $c_W$ (output from combine)



Fitting Result	Wilson Coefficient	Limit @ 95% CL	Current limit in SMP
C		Dim 6 operators	
• Preliminary result with	c <sub>W</sub>	[-0.092,0.090]	[-0.125,0.13]
subset of syst.	C <sub>Hq3</sub>	[-0.18,0.15]	[-0.12,0.12]
uncertainties	C <sub>Hq1</sub>	[-0.25,0.24]	[-1.8,1.6]
<ul> <li>Interesting limits are</li> </ul>	c <sub>Hu</sub>	[-0.44,0.43]	[-2.0,2.0]
achieved for dim-6	C <sub>Hd</sub>	[-0.56,0.56]	> [-2.0,2.0]
operators	C <sub>HW</sub>	[-1.20,1.13]	[-0.78,0.6]
operators	C <sub>HB</sub>	[-1.24,1.24]	[-3.79,3.80]
• $f_{T0}$ and $f_{M0}$ close to the current limit	C <sub>HWB</sub>	[-3.8,3.6]	[-0.6,0.6]
	C <sub>Hl3</sub>	[-2.7,14]*	[-0.1, 0.1]
	$c_{ll1}$	[-27,5.3]*	[-0.15,0.15]
	$C_{H\square}$	[-52,46]	[-3.9,4.2]
	C <sub>HDD</sub>	[-89,49]	[-1.1,1.2]
		Dim 8 operators	
	Assuming $f_{T0}$	[-0.16,0.16]	[-0.12,0.11]
	dim-6 is $0 f_{M0}$	[-0.87,0.89]	[-0.69,0.69] *: discontinuous limits

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#### Summary

- The analysis is well developed. The analysis group have defined signal regions, investigated variables of interest, developed binning strategy and defined control region(s)
- Use of faux NLO dim-6 samples provides improved description of signal, dim-8 generation ongoing
- Preliminary fit results indicate strong sensitivity for dim-6 and dim-8 Wilson Coefficients

# Thank you

# Backup

# Table of Wilson Coefficients and Current Limits

Wilson Coefficient	Current limit in SMP	Source
C <sub>W</sub>	[-0.125,0.13]	VBS All Hadronic/Missing JER/JES and PDF uncertainties
C <sub>Hq3</sub>	[-0.12,0.12]	VBF W, 100/fb/ <u>Freeze all WC and float one at a time</u>
$c_{Hq1}$	[-1.8,1.6]	VBF W, 100/fb/ <u>Freeze all WC and float one at a time</u>
C <sub>Hu</sub>	[-2.0,2.0]	VBF W, 100/fb/ <u>Freeze all WC and float one at a time</u>
C <sub>Hd</sub>	> [-2.0,2.0]	VBF W, 100/fb/ <u>Freeze all WC and float one at a time</u>
C <sub>HW</sub>	[-0.78,0.6]	VBS All Hadronic/ <u>Missing JER/JES and PDF uncertainties</u>
C <sub>HB</sub>	[-3.79,3.80]	Semileptonic VBS WV from analyst*
$C_{HWB}$	[-0.6,0.6]	VBF W, 100/fb/ <u>Freeze all WC and float one at a time</u>
C <sub>Hl3</sub>	[-0.1,0.1]	VBF W, 100/fb/ <u>Freeze all WC and float one at a time</u>
c <sub>ll1</sub>	[-0.15,0.15]	VBF W, 100/fb/ <u>Freeze all WC and float one at a time</u>
$c_{H\square}$	[-3.9,4.2]	VBF W, 100/fb/ <u>Freeze all WC and float one at a time</u>
C <sub>HDD</sub>	[-1.1,1.2]	VBS All Hadronic/ <u>Missing JER/JES and PDF uncertainties</u>
	*Analys	is in progress, obtained through private communication, 59.7/fb

## NLO vs LO



# Diagrams associated with the LO process

# Diagrams associated with the NLO process

# Merge and match

- Generate the leading order process (with its charge conjugate) with an extra jet
  - generate p p > w+ w+ w-
  - add process p p > w+ w+ w-j
- This may provide a better description of the event (used by the  $t\bar{t}X$  group: <u>https://arxiv.org/pdf/2012.06872.pdf</u>)



Diagrams associated the LO +1 jet process

# Merge and match

- To ensure that there is a no double counting in the matrix element and parton shower computations, we tune the values of two different parameters
  - xqcut: this is a setting in the Madgraph run\_card (is a function of the momenta of the partons and their angular separation)
    - If  $k_T < xqcut$ , the event is not generated
  - qcut: this is a pythia setting, where pythia calculates the momenta of every final state objects



# Object ID

Loose(Tight) Electron	Loose(Tight) Muon
mvaFall17V2Iso_WP90(80)	Medium POG ID
$p_T > 10 { m GeV}$	$p_T > 10 { m GeV}$
$ \eta  < 2.5$ ,veto $1.444 <  \eta  < 1.566$	$ \eta  < 2.4$
	pfRelIso04_all<0.25(0.15)
AK4Jet	Medium b-Jet
$p_T > 30 \text{GeV}$	$p_T > 20 \text{GeV}$
$ \eta  < 3.0$	$ \eta  < 2.4$
$\Delta R > 0.4$ from lepton	$\Delta R > 0.4$ from lepton
	DeepFlavB tagger medium WP
AK8Jet	Medium FatJet
$p_T > 200 { m GeV}$	AK8 jet
$ \eta  < 2.4$	$65 \mathrm{GeV} < m_{sd} < 105 \mathrm{GeV}$
$\Delta R > 0.8$ from lepton	ParticleNetMD W tagger medium WP

# Trigger

- All hadronic trigger (0 lepton final state)
  - HLT\_AK8PFJet400\_TrimMass30
  - HLT\_PFHT1050
  - HLT\_AK8PFJet500
  - HLT\_AK8PFJet400\_TrimMass3
- Single lepton trigger (1 lepton final state)
  - 2016
    - HLT\_IsoMu24
    - HLT\_Ele27\_WPTight
  - 2017
    - HLT\_IsoMu27
    - HLT\_Ele35\_WPTight
  - 2018
    - HLT\_lsoMu24
    - HLT\_Ele32\_WPTight

- Dilepton trigger (2 leptons final states)
  - 2016
    - HLT\_Ele23\_Ele12\_CaloIdL\_TrackIdL\_IsoVL\_DZ
    - HLT\_Mu23/8\_TrkIsoVVL\_Ele12/23\_CaloIdL\_TrackIdL \_IsoVL(\_DZ)
    - HLT\_Mu17\_TrkIsoVVL\_Mu8\_TrkIsoVVL(\_DZ)
  - 2017/2018
    - HLT\_Ele23\_Ele12\_CaloIdL\_TrackIdL\_IsoVL
    - HLT\_Mu23/8\_TrkIsoVVL\_Ele12/23\_CaloIdL\_TrackIdL \_IsoVL\_DZ
    - HLT\_Mu17\_TrklsoVVL\_Mu8\_TrklsoVVL\_DZ\_Mass3p
       8

### Current Status of Higgs combine Calculation

- ROOT histograms store nominal yield for each background process
- Up/Down template histograms store nominal yields ±1σ for systematics (shape and norm)
- autoMCStats (threshold=0) used to incorporate MC statistical uncertainty (background processes only) – information stored in bin statistical errors of the nominal yield histograms
- VVV yields are supplied as parabola parameter histograms:
  - SM VVV
  - Quadratic coeff.
  - SM VVV + Linear coeff. + Quadratic coeff. (ensures positive values passed into combine)
- "<u>AnalyticAnomalousCoupling</u>" add-on to Higgs combine used for EFT parameterization
  - Generates a RooWorkspace
  - Combine calculation run using the "MultiDimFit" method (brute force NLL scan).
- In MultiDimFit, the profiled likelihood function is calculated at each point.
- Current implementation: freeze all Wilson coefficients to zero and float one at a time.

#### Software Environment: Higgs combine

- Installation most recently built and tested on August 31, 2023 on FNAL LPC.
- <u>VVV codes</u>:

https://github.com/Saptaparna/EFTAnalysis/tree/master/EFTAnalysisFitting

- <u>CMSSW</u>: v10.2.13
- <u>Higgs combine</u>: v8.1.0
- <u>AnalyticAnomalousCoupling</u>: head of master (commit eb032ba356393997ec2db1066638b2d7b22e95e5)
- <u>CombineHarvester</u>: head of master (commit 610d8ded8d1f71ed4db4d634cd9e2d7b8ae7b560)

# Discontinuous limit: $c_{Hl3}$





 $sum(b_i) + N_{cW}(0.2)$ 

- The analysis correctly finds two minima at +-0.2 (cW yields are symmetric)
- cW = 0 is excluded!

## Pull / Impact Plot

- Used CombineHarvester: "combineTools.py" with "Impa
- Interpretation of impact plot ι of the POI
- Impact plot looks more like wl<sup>13</sup> (right plot)

