



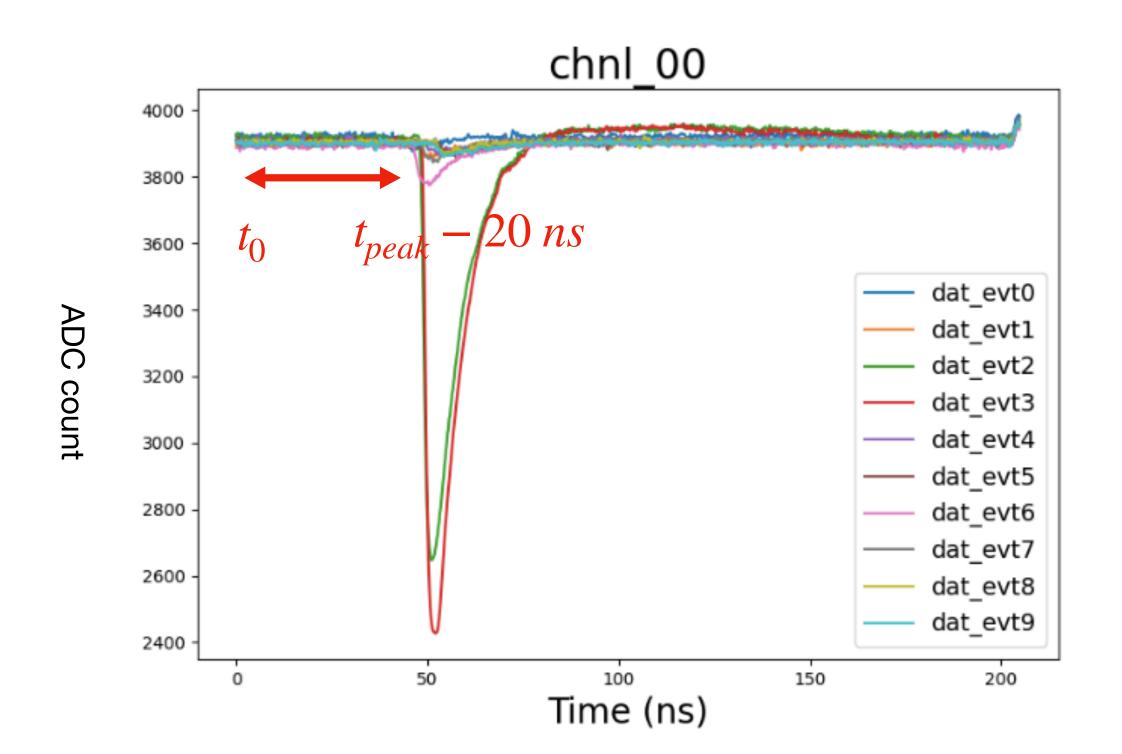
Fermilab testbeam data analysis

Hui-Chi Lin
On behalf of the analysis team

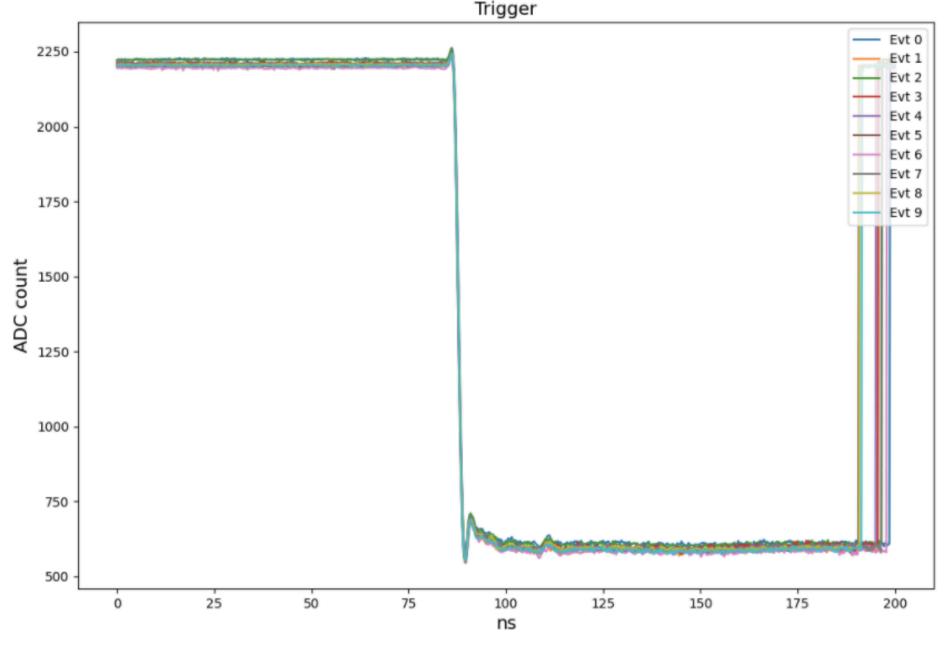
Calvision meeting July 13 2023

Data pre-processing

- Overflow events removal
 - Some large signals exceed the range of the DRS readout system. Those events were removed before processing.
- Pedestal correction & Time correction



After time shifting

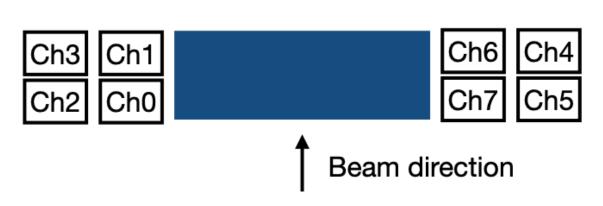


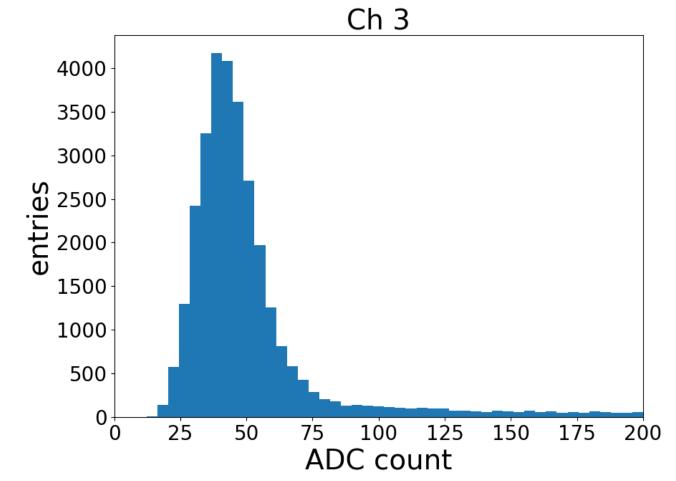
Statistics

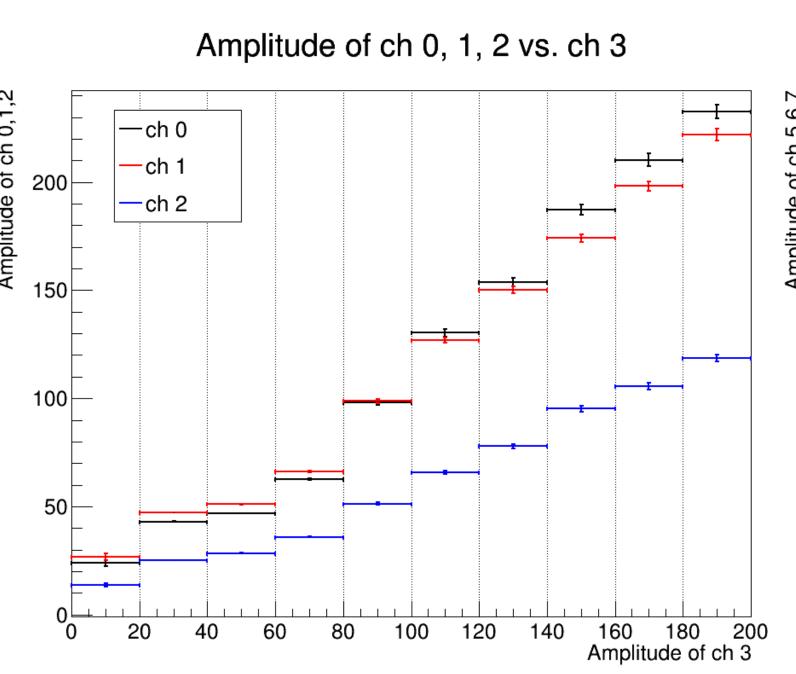
| | PbF2 0 | PbF2 +30 | PbF2 -30 | PWO 0 | PWO +30 | PWO -30 | BGO 0 | BGO 30 | -BGO 30 |
|-----------------------------------|--------|----------|----------|-------|---------|---------|-------|--------|---------|
| Tot events | 41939 | 40638 | 47216 | 66059 | 71300 | 49457 | 54147 | 57512 | 55896 |
| Overflowed events | 90 | 660 | 810 | 939 | 1253 | 1340 | 3323 | 5390 | 4905 |
| Fraction of overflowed events (%) | 0.21 | 1.62 | 1.72 | 1.42 | 1.76 | 2.71 | 6.14 | 9.37 | 8.78 |

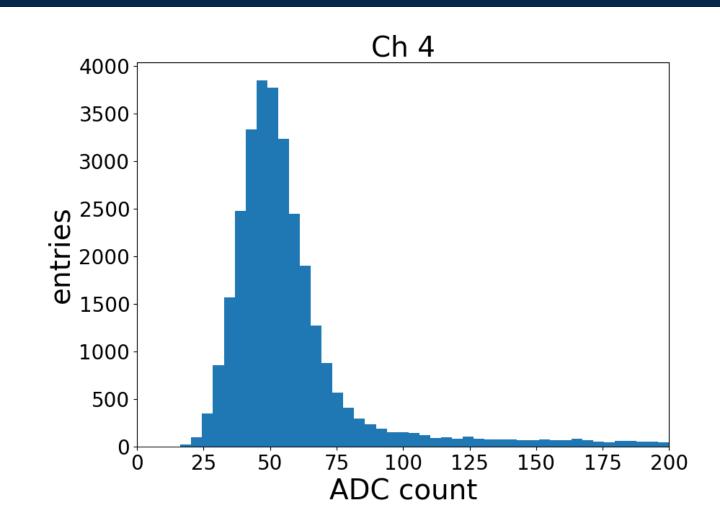
PbF2 0 degree (all Cherenkov)

- Channels on the same side show a linear relation.
- For the region of amplitude 20-80 ADC counts, where most events locate, the channels are weakly correlated.
- Choose two channels far from the beam to be the ones on the x-axis. Same behavior seen if changing the channel on the x-axis [backup].

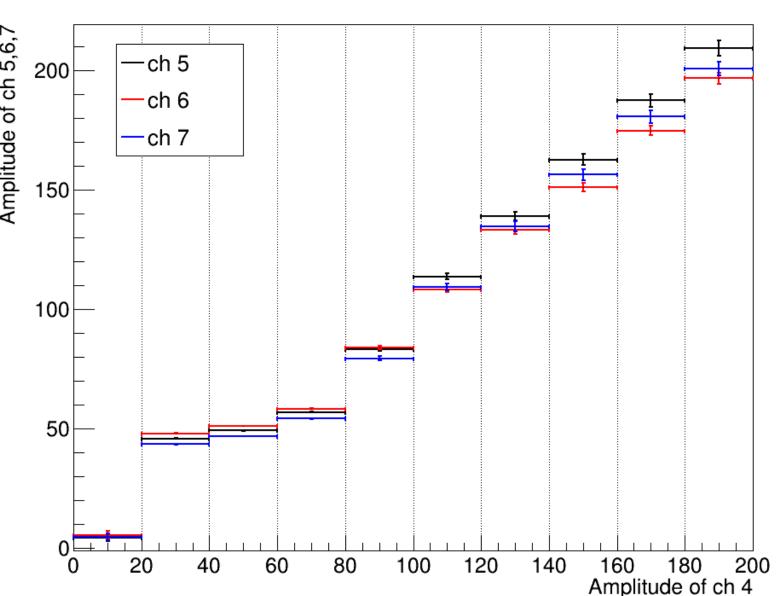






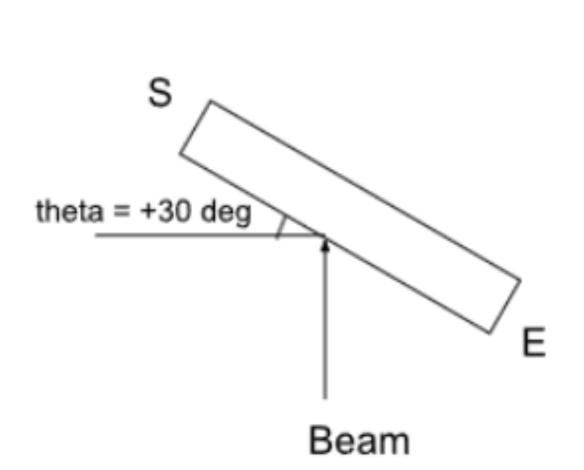


Amplitude of ch 5, 6, 7 vs. ch 4

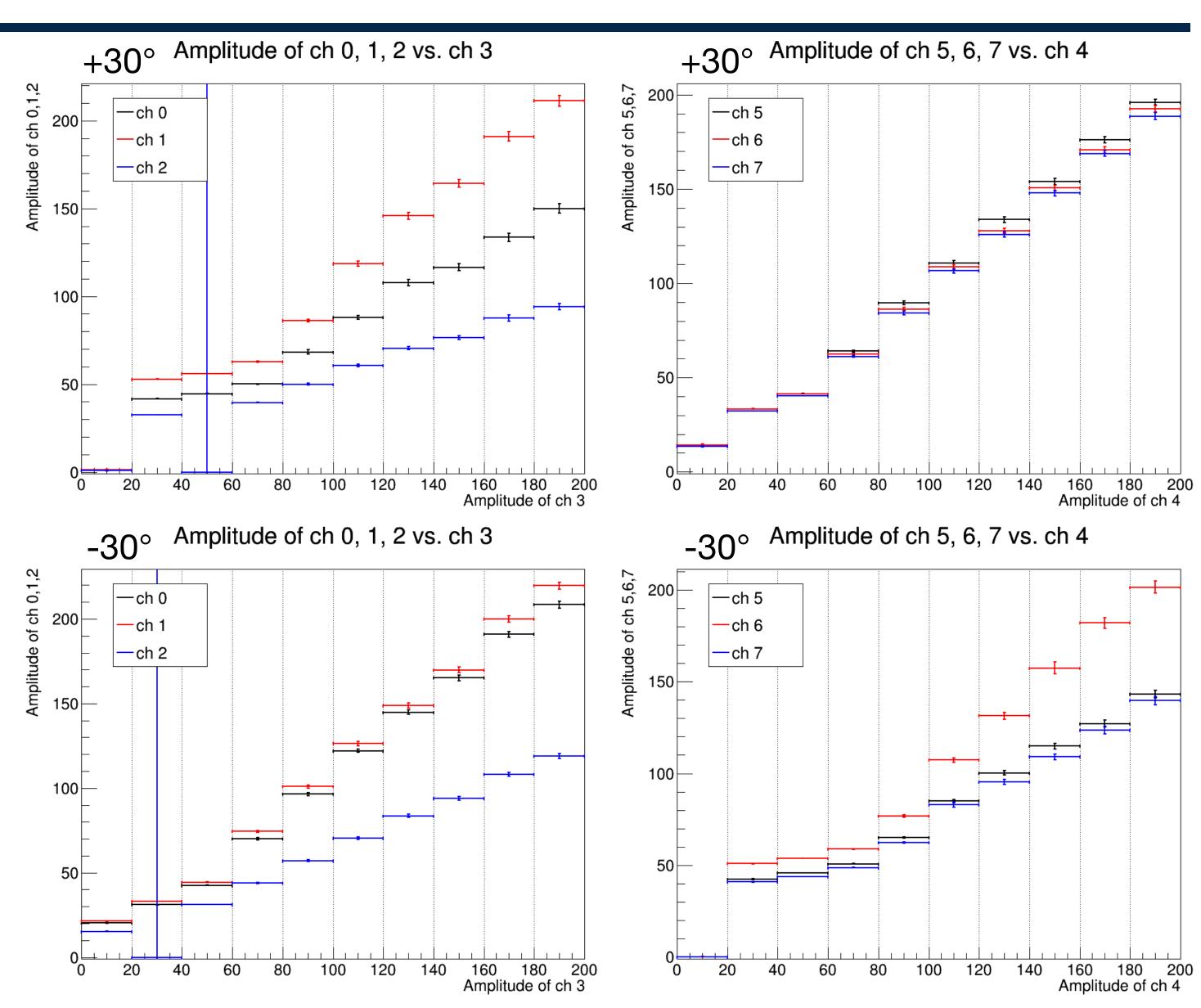


PbF2 ±30 degree (all Cherenkov)

 Channels on the side closer to the beam have a stronger linear relation.

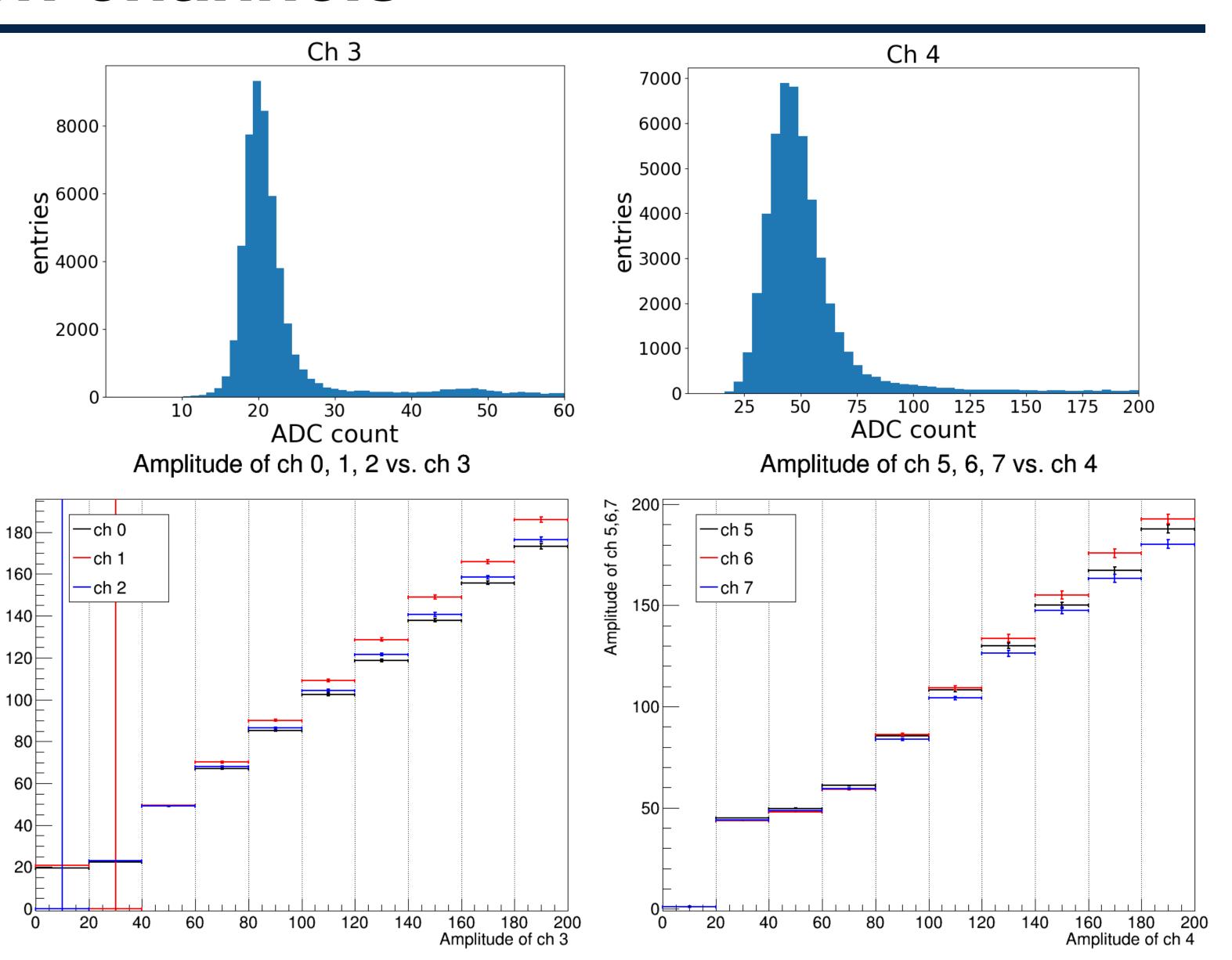


S side: ch 0-3 E side: ch 4-7



PWO 0 degree (ch0-3 w/ filter)

- Channels on the side with a filter show stronger linear relation within the 20-80 ADC counts region, while the other side show weaker linear relation.
- Results with ±30 degree shown in [backup].



20

100

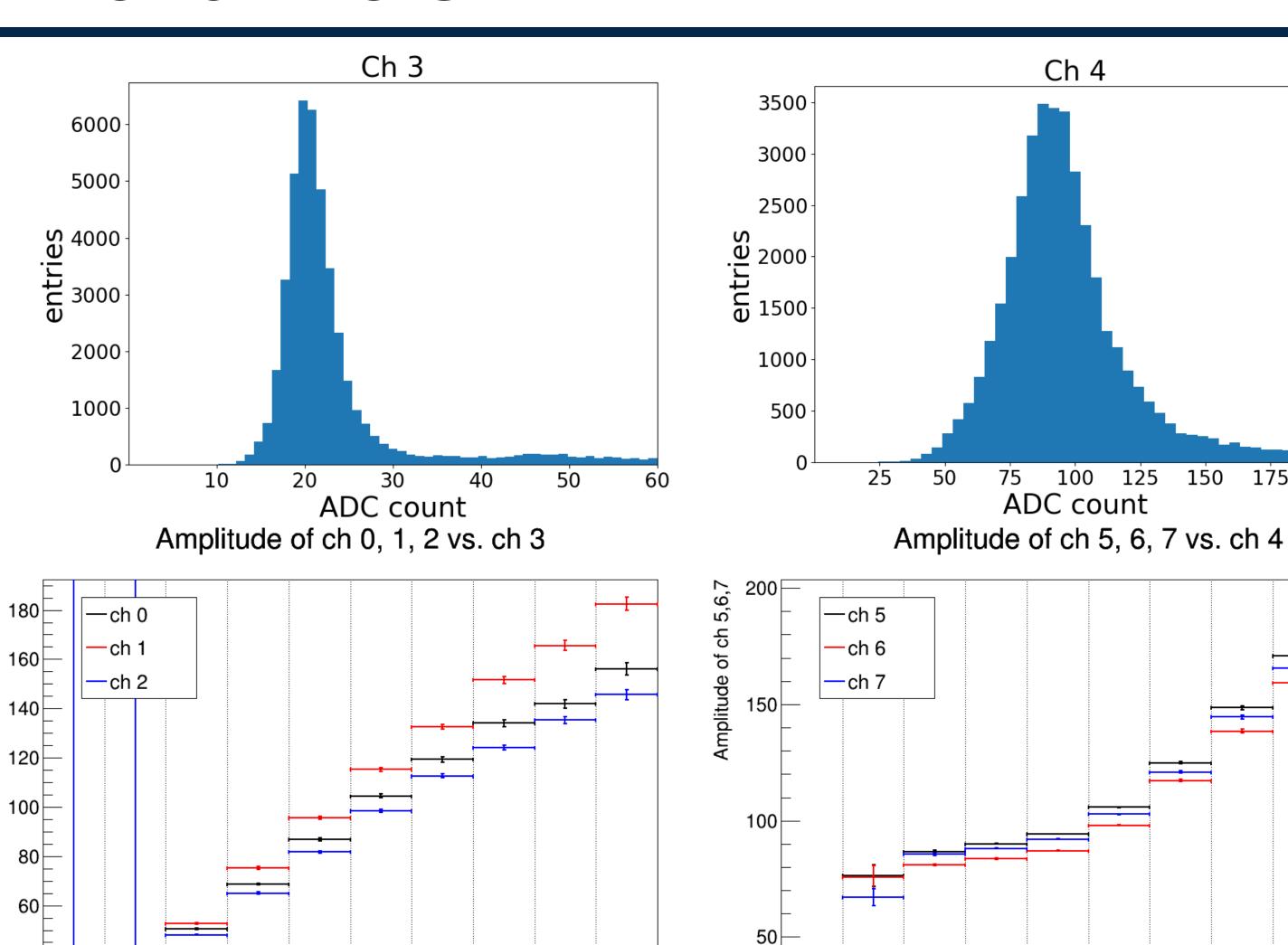
120

140

160

Amplitude of ch 3

- BGO 0 degree (ch0-3 side w/ filter)
 - Channels on the side with a filter show stronger linear relation within the 20-80 ADC counts region, while the other side show weaker linear relation.
 - Results with ±30 degree shown in [backup].



20

160

Amplitude of ch 4

120

140

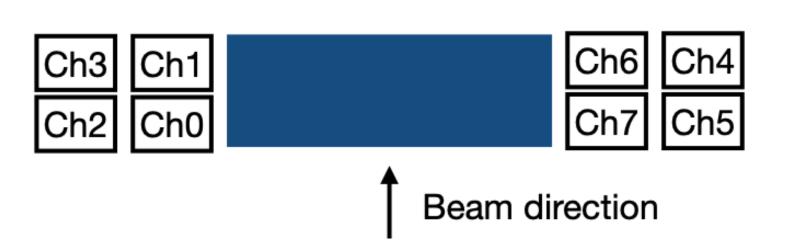
100

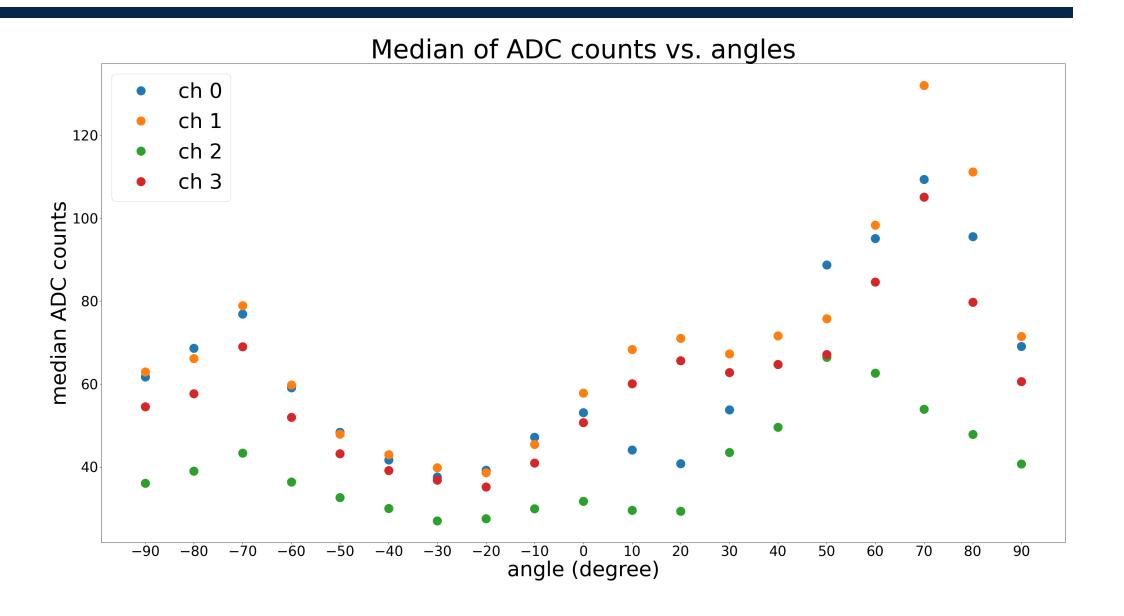
150 175

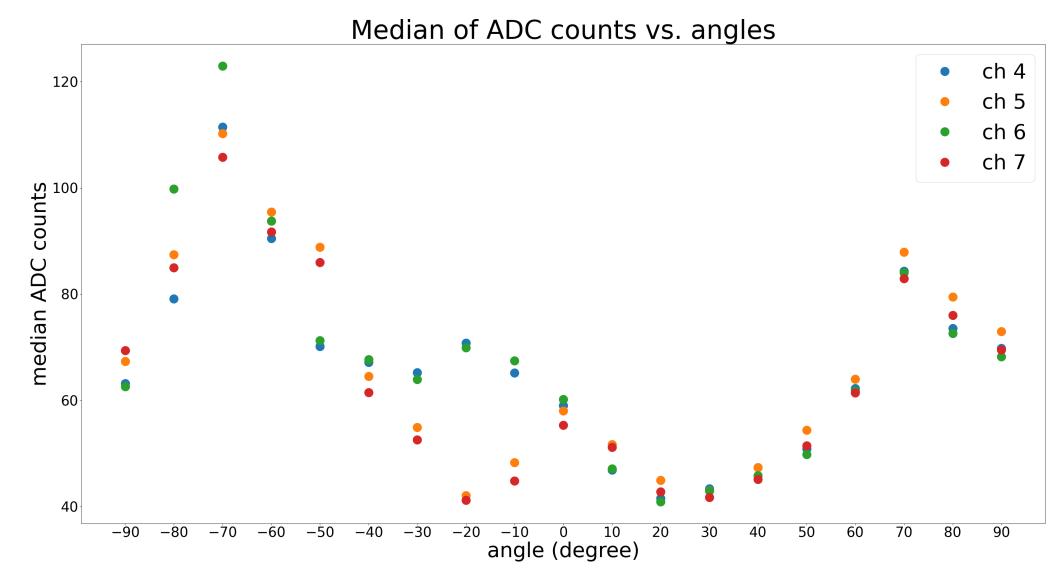
Amplitude w.r.t. angle

PbF2 (all Cherenkov)

- Amplitude is not symmetric between positive and negative angles.
- Channels on the same side generally correlate with each other.
- But around +20 degree for ch 0-3, and -20 degree for ch 4-7, channels closer to the beam behave differently from those far from the beam.



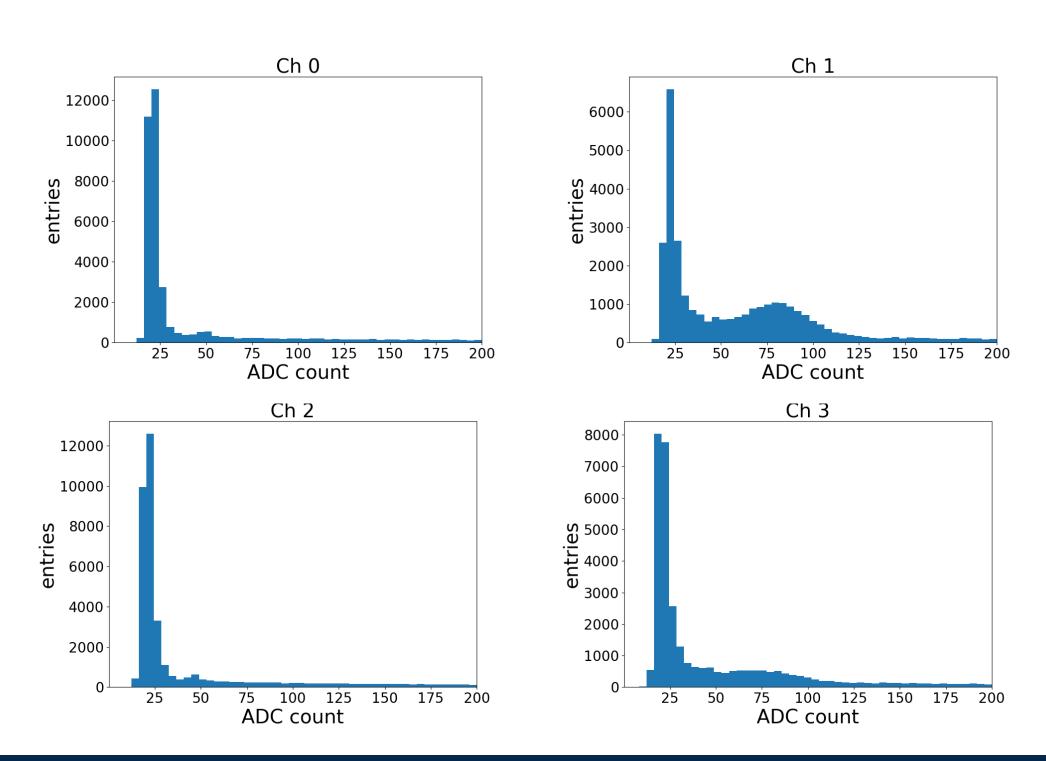


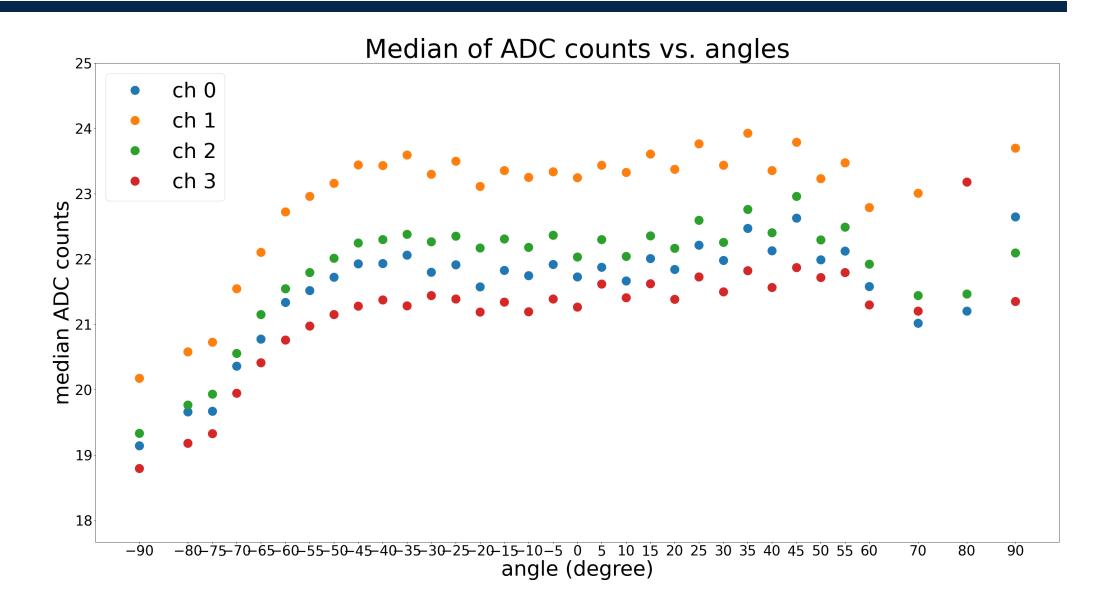


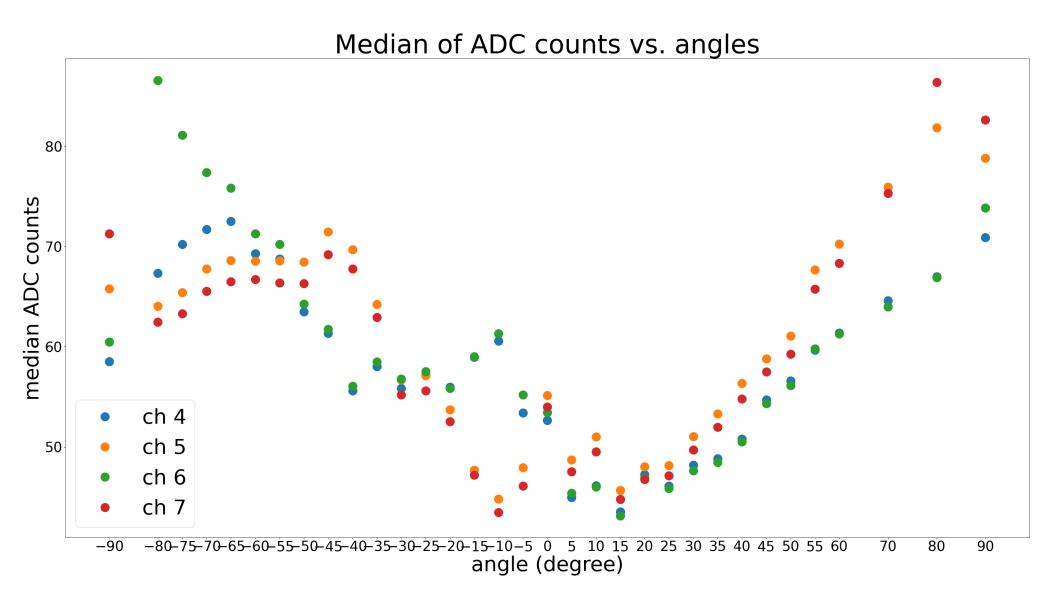
Amplitude w.r.t. angle

PWO (ch0-3 w/ filter)

- For ch 4-7, channels closer to the beam behave differently from those far from the beam.
- Ch1 at +80 degree has extreme high amplitude than others.

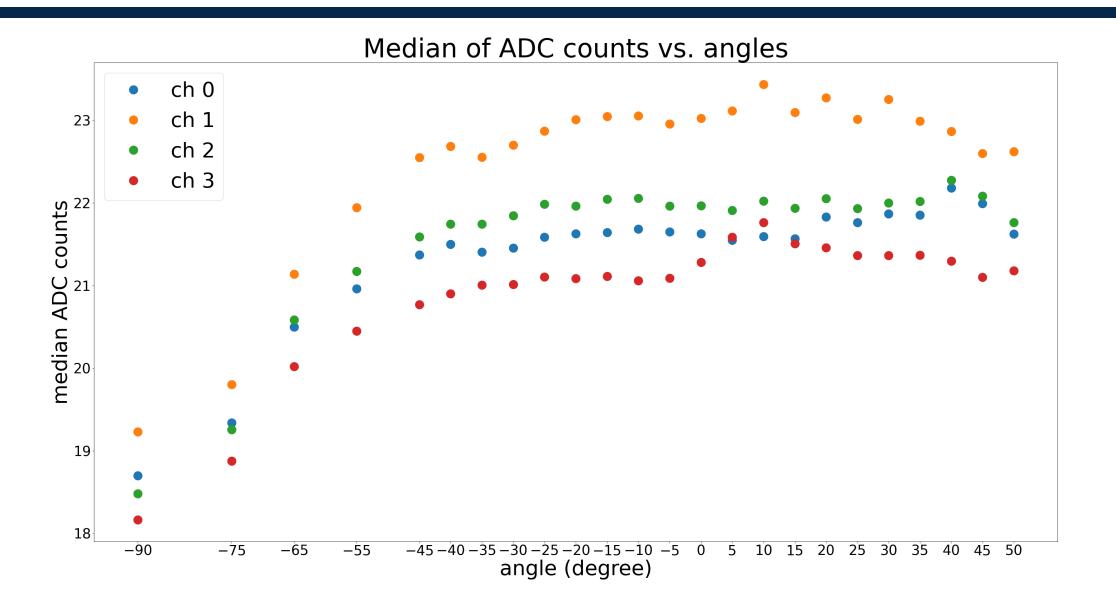


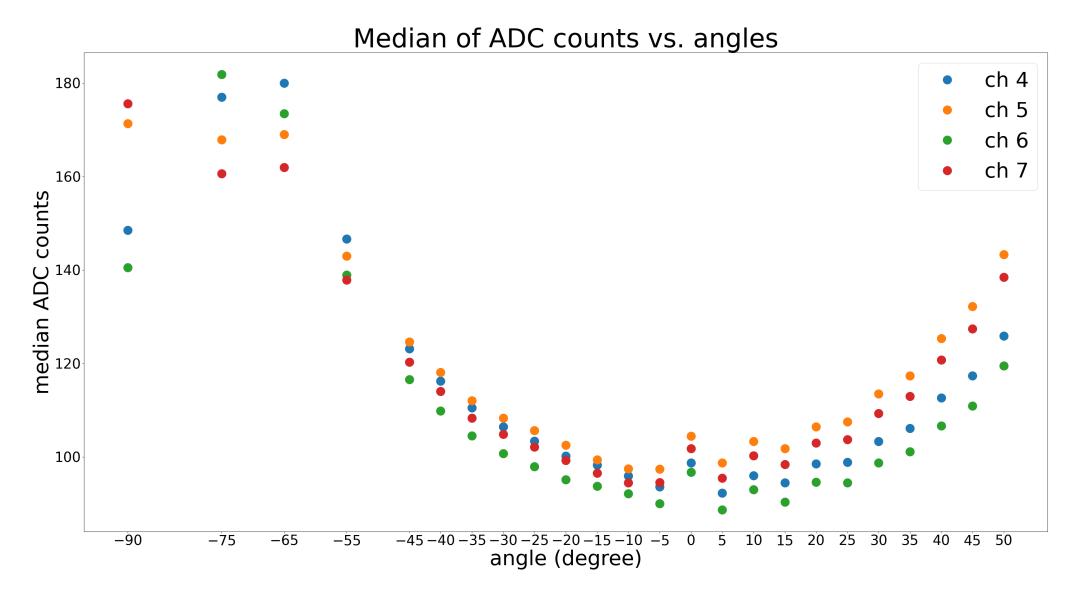




Amplitude w.r.t. angle

BGO (ch0-3 w/ filter)

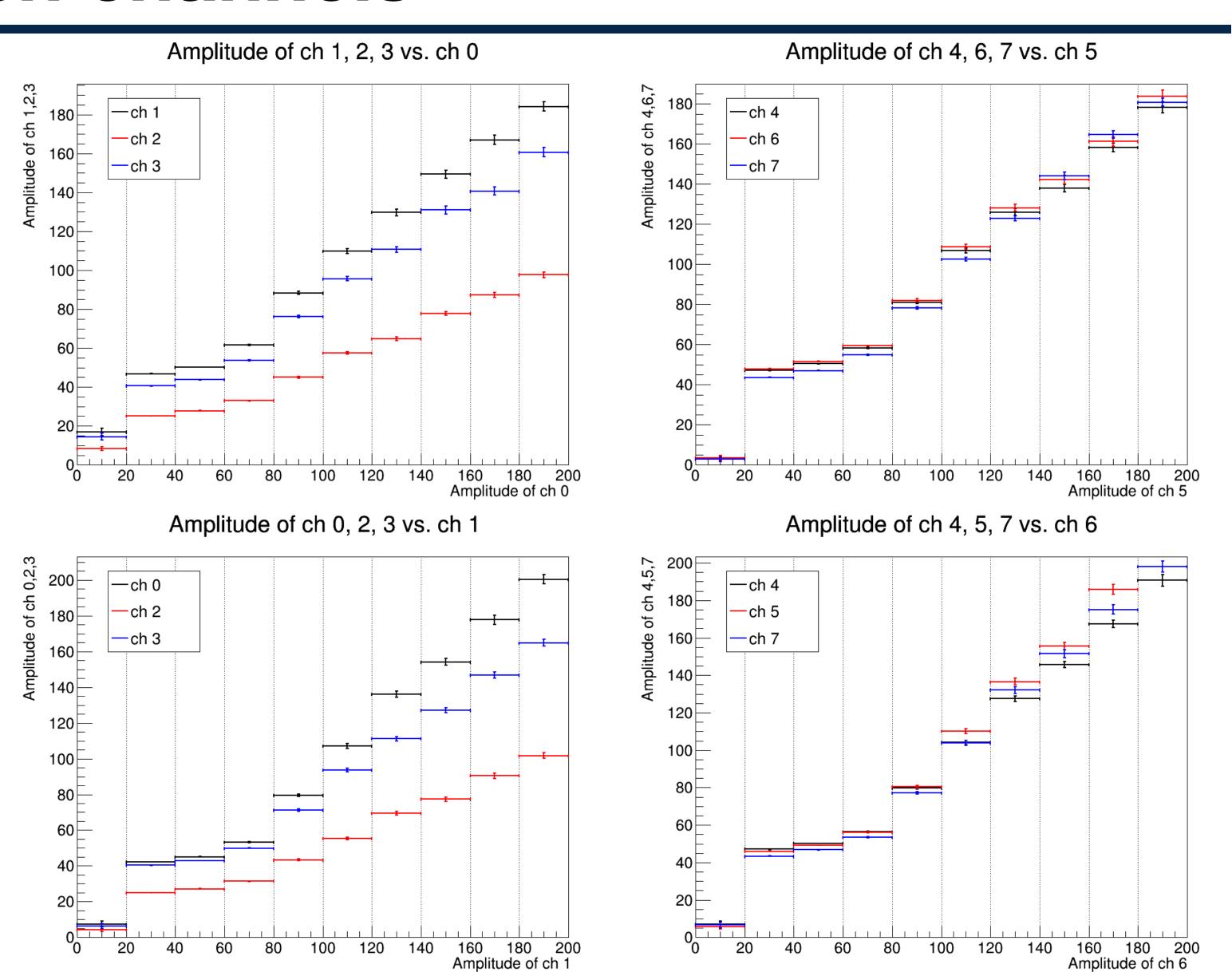




Back up

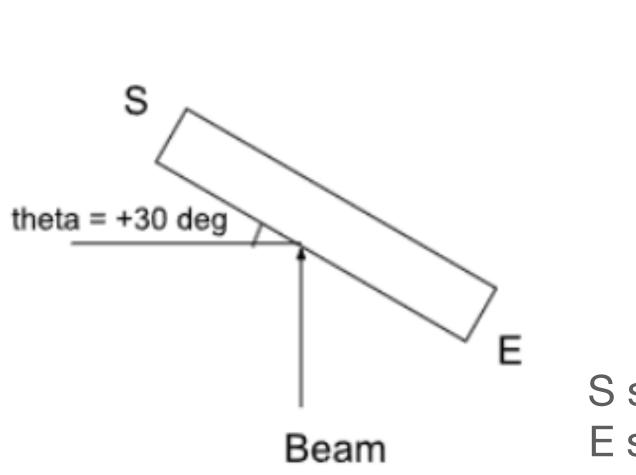


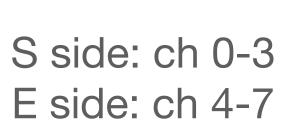
PbF2 0 degree (all Cherenkov)

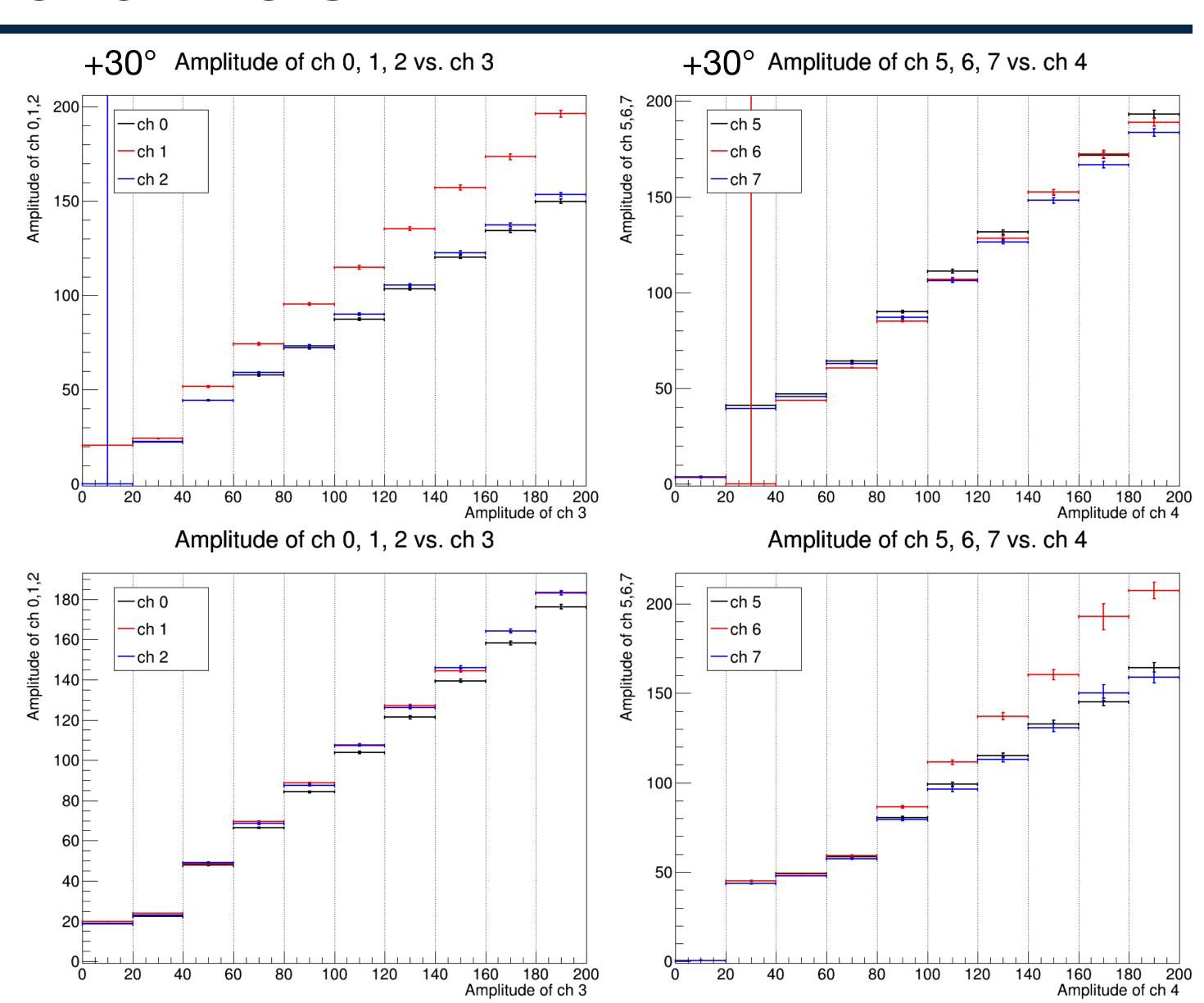




- PWO ±30 degree (ch0-3 w/ filter)
 - Channel 0-3 (w/ filter) have a stronger linear relation.

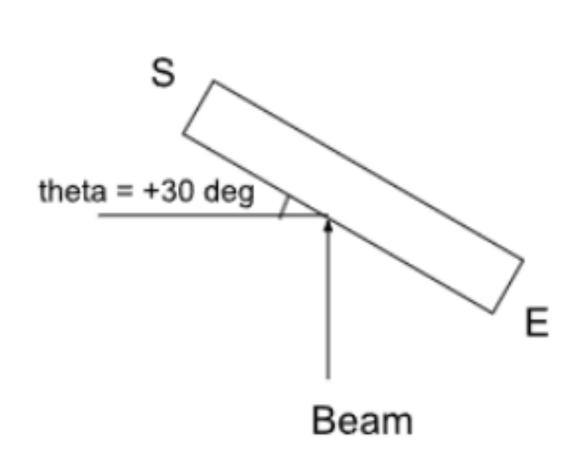








- BGO ±30 degree (ch0-3 w/ filter)
 - Channel 0-3 (w/ filter) have a stronger linear relation.



S side: ch 0-3 E side: ch 4-7

