

# Radioactive Source Deployment System (RSDS) Update

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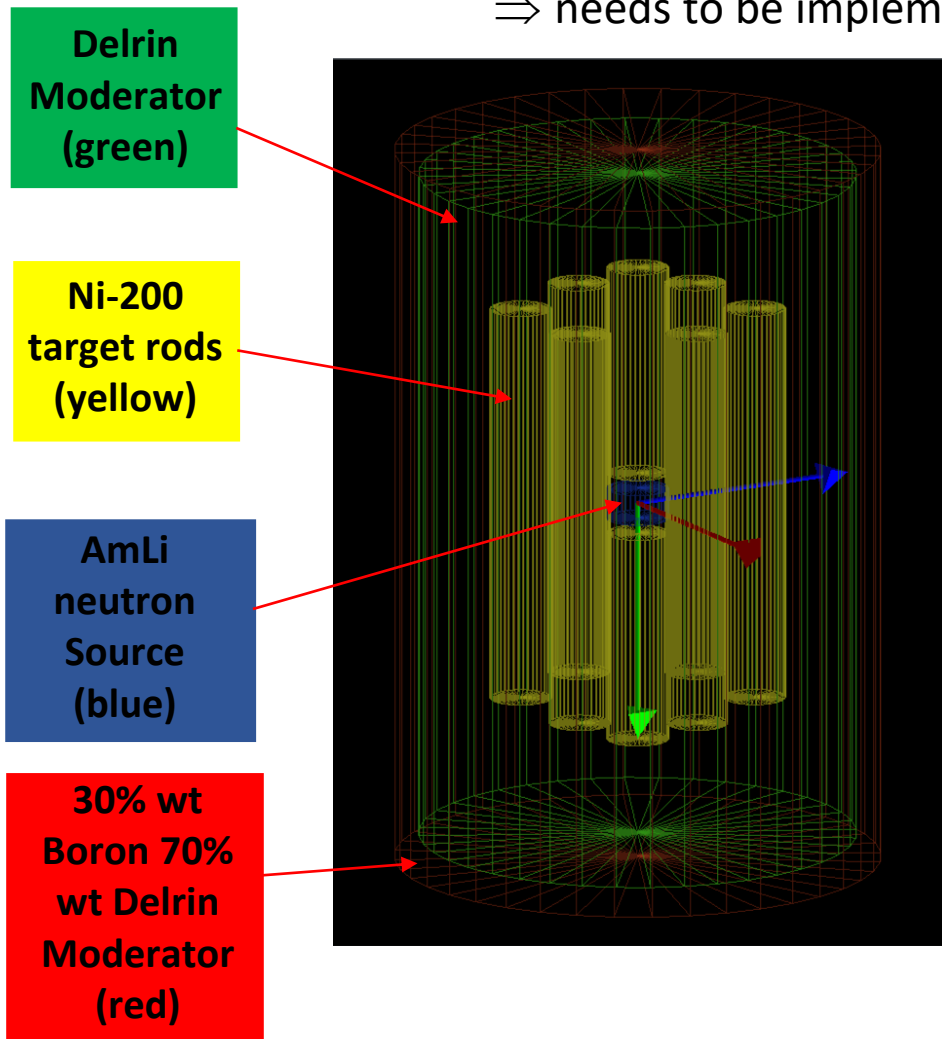


CALCI Phone Meeting  
Sept. 7, 2023

# Formerly Optimized Geometric Configuration with Standalone G4 Simulations for Most Effective 9 MeV $\gamma$ -Ray Production

Optimized RSDS configuration:

$\Rightarrow$  needs to be implemented in LArSoft geometry/simulation



## Specifications of Winning RSDS Geometry:

Optimized Configuration using 6 Radial Rods

Radial Distance of Rods = 4.8 cm

Height of Radial Rods = 16.5 cm

Height of Upper and Lower Rods = 8.73 cm each

Shell Composition is 30% wt Boron 70% wt Delrin

Shell Thickness = 1.0 cm

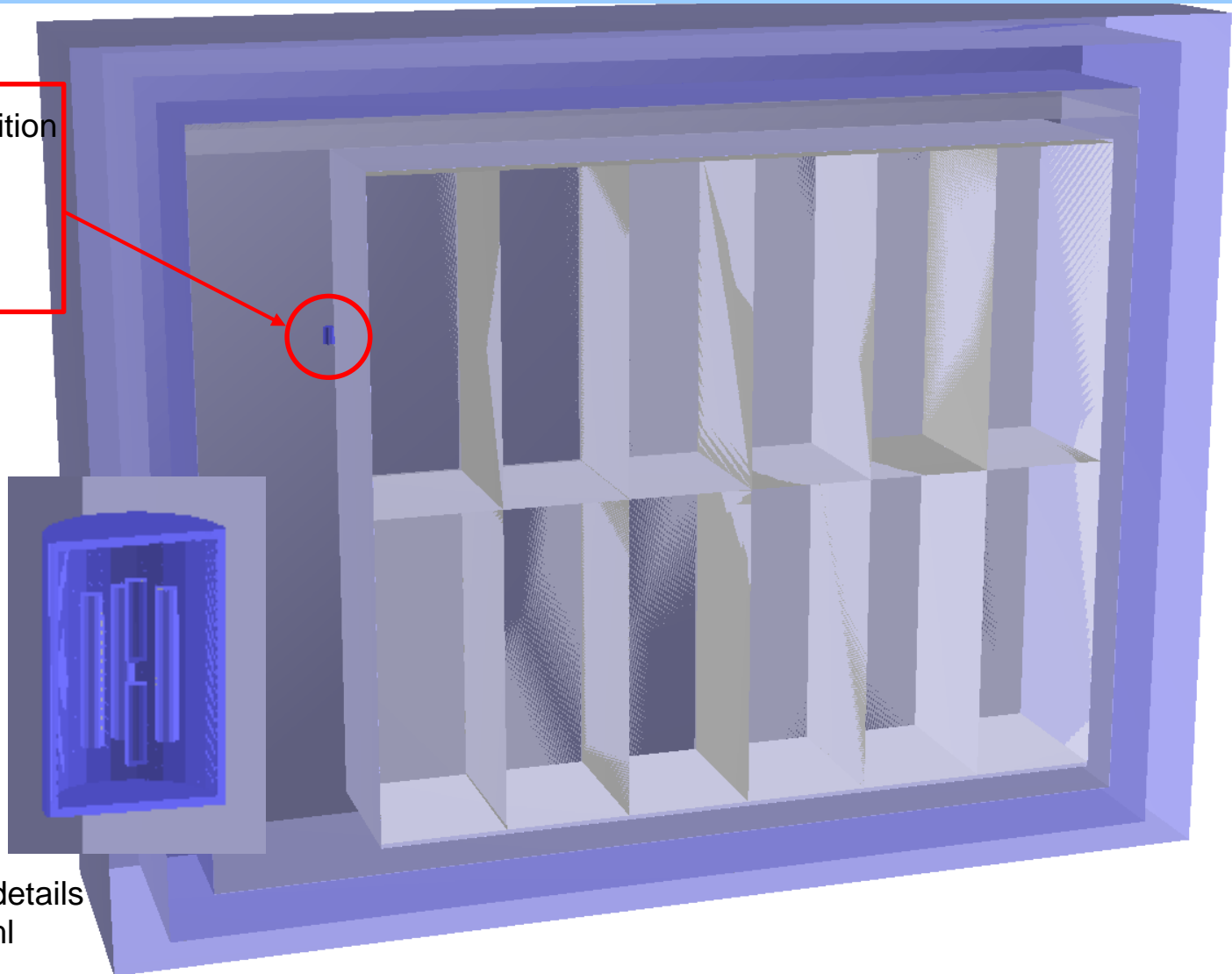
Weight of RSDS = 14.75 kg

FOM =  $8.400 \pm 0.039$  @ 1.0 cm shell thickness

# RSDS Only Near Top Deployed But Sim Check at Half Height of Upper APA (TGeo Validation/Screenshots of Implementation of RSDS in <dune10kt\_1x2x6\_v4.gdml> for LArSoft Input)

Fixed RSDS position  
in gdml:

- $x = 220$  cm
- $y = 300$  cm
- $z = -40$  cm

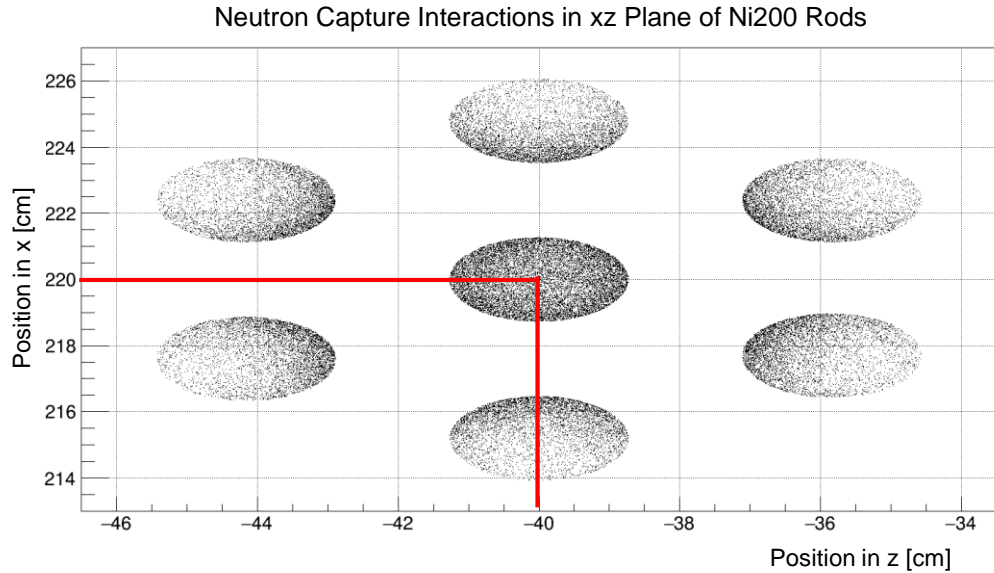


Close-up of RSDS details  
implemented in gdml  
for LArSoft

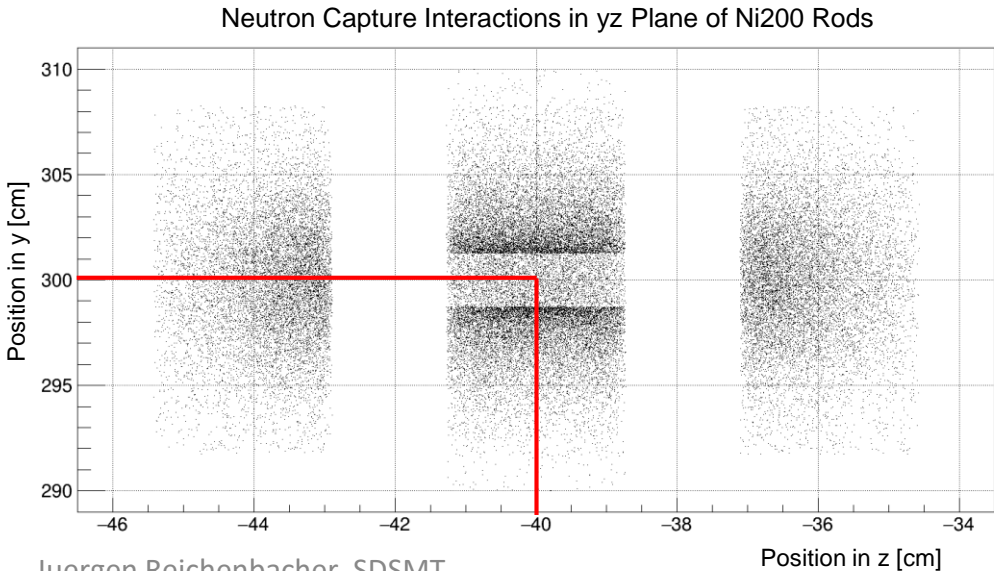
# Neutron Capture Locations in Ni200 Rods from LArSoft RSDS Simulation

## Validating Physics & Correct Placement of RSDS in dune10kt\_1x2x6v4.gdml

Correct placement at  $x=200$  cm  
Correct placement at  $z=-40$  cm

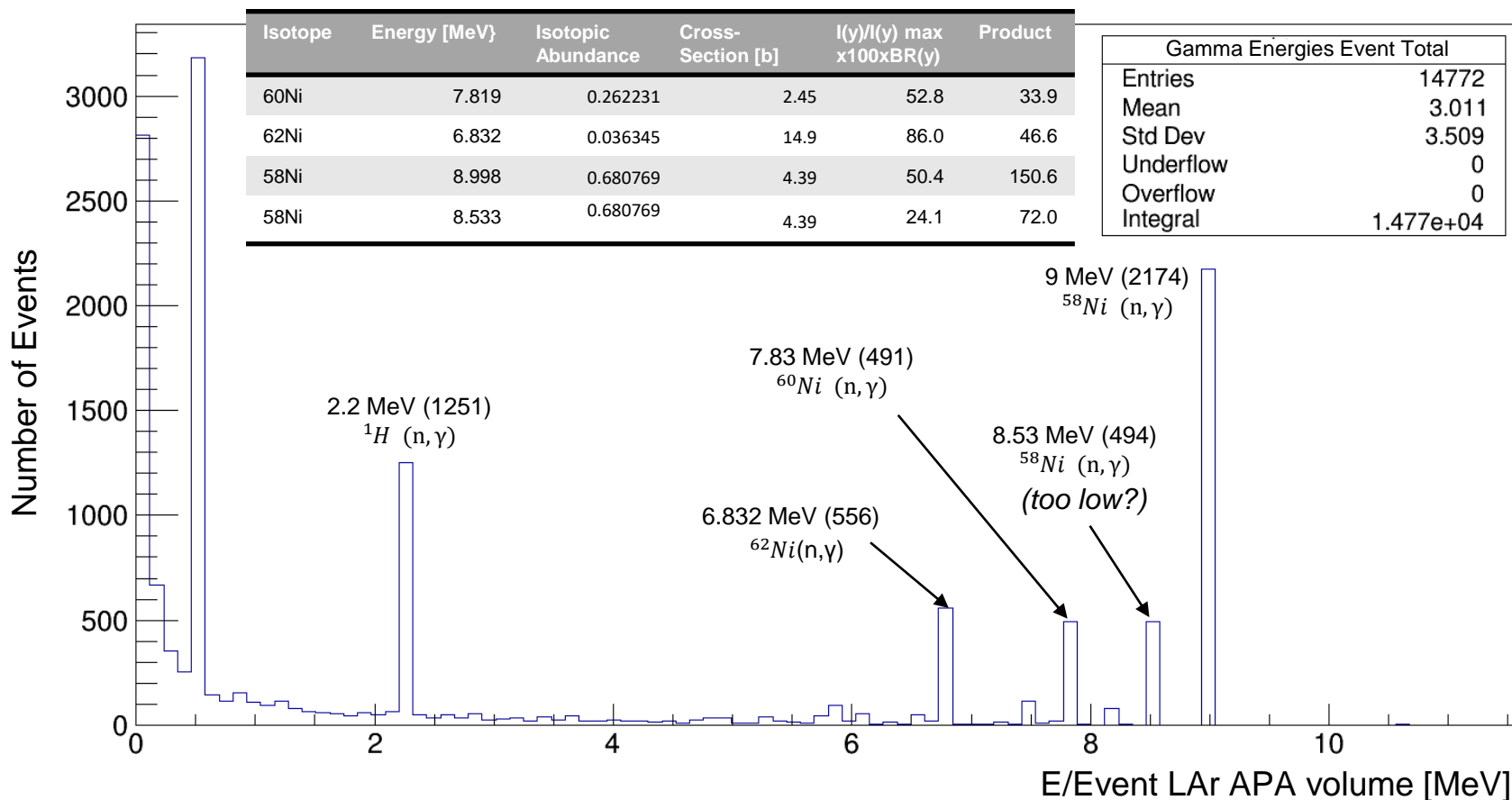


Correct placement at  $x=300$  cm  
Correct placement at  $z=-40$  cm



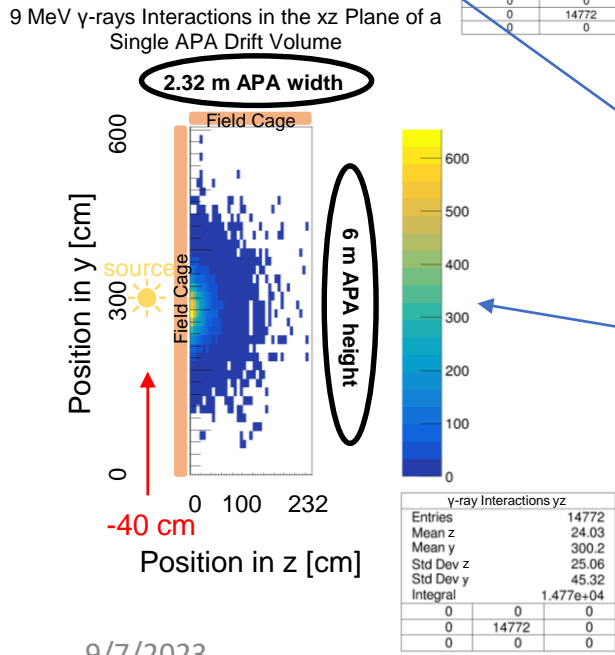
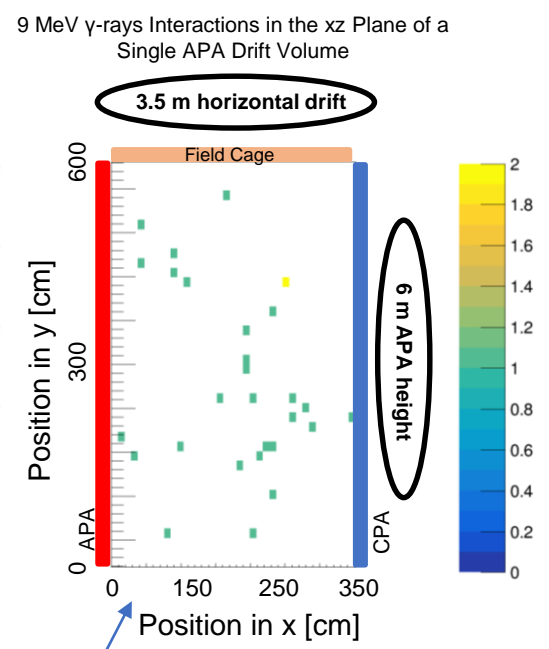
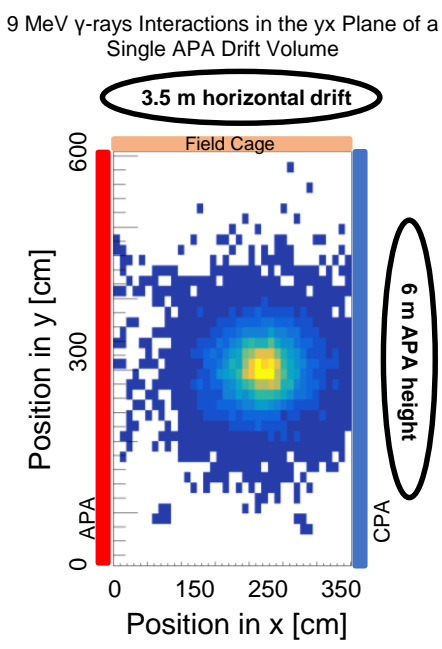
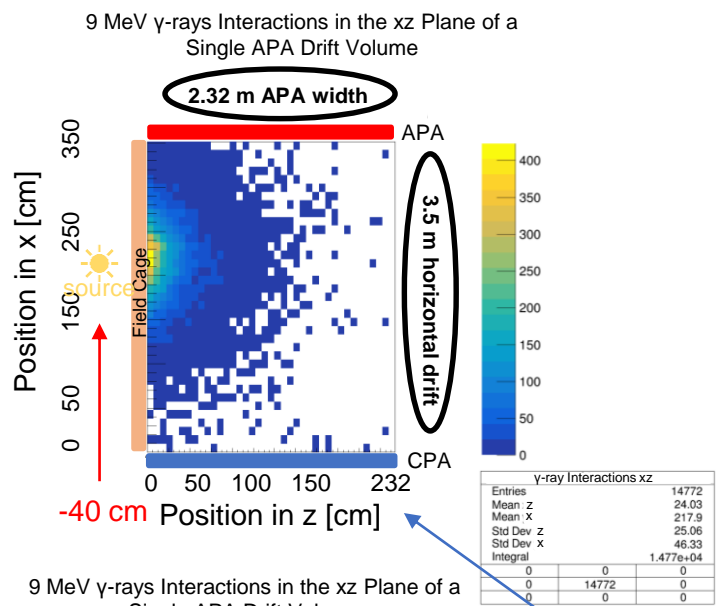
# Resulting Energy Spectrum of $\gamma$ -Rays Making it into the APA Volume in LArSoft RSDS Simulation

Total Gamma-Ray Energy per Event Deposited Inside APA Volume:



82k neutrons generated with AmLi source at RSDS center result in 2.2k 9 MeV gamma-rays inside the single APA volume: => 2.6% efficiency despite half of solid angle available only and two attenuation lengths min. path to enter APA!

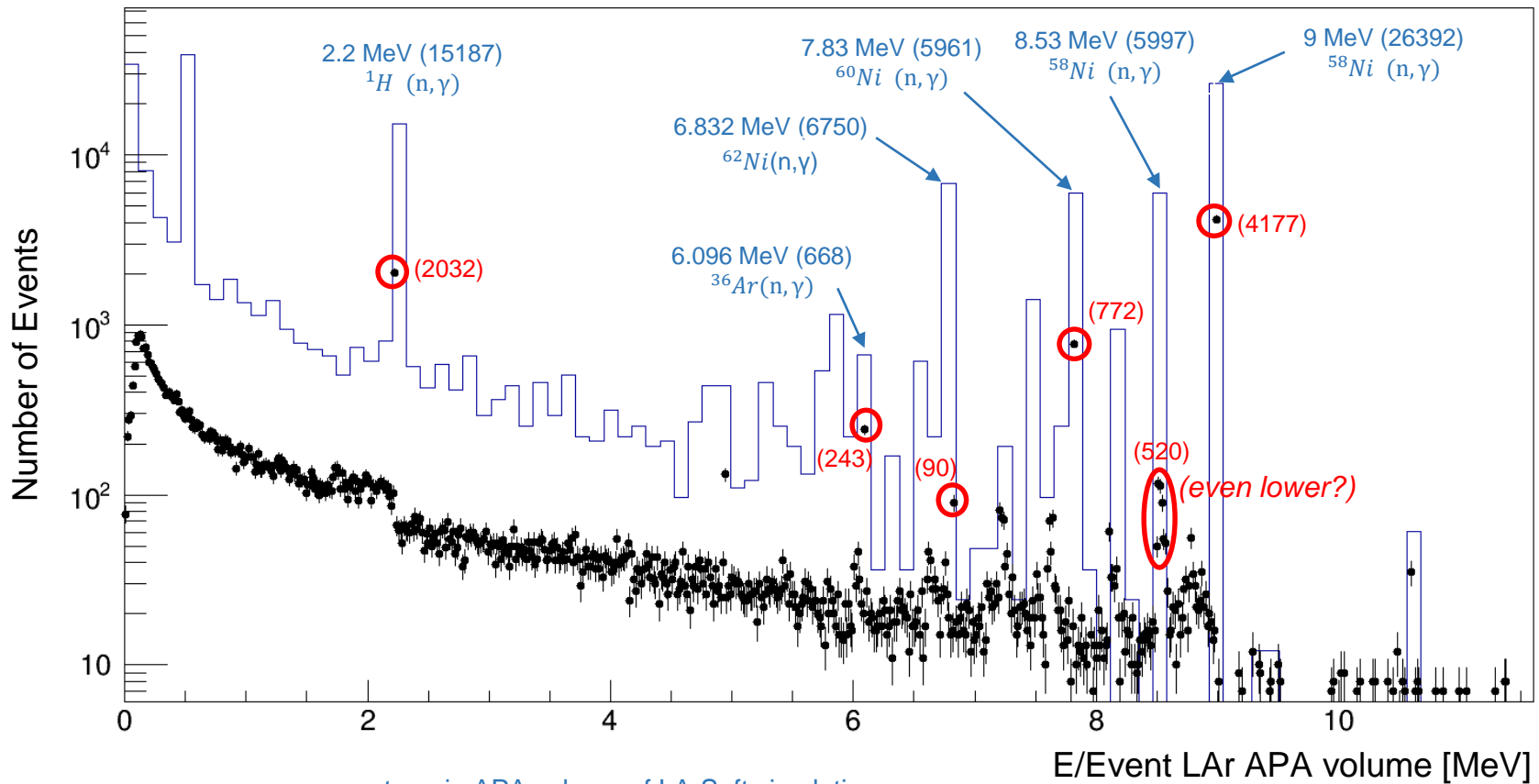
# Resulting RSDS Interactions in Single APA Drift Volume with LArSoft RSDS Simulation Using 1x2x6 Geometry with RSDS Implementation:



**9 MeV  $\gamma$ -ray Vs. neutron energy deposits in fiducial single APA drift volume from LArSoft simulation of RSDS in dune10kt\_1x2x6\_v4.gdml**

# Comparison of $\gamma$ -Ray Spectra inside APA Volume: *Geant4-10-06-p02 Standalone RSDS Simulation* *Vs. LArSoft v08\_60\_00 e19:prof RSDS Simulation*

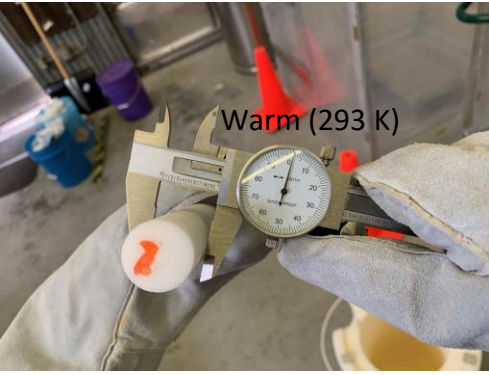
Total Gamma-Ray Energy per Event Deposited in APA Volume:



—  $\gamma$ -ray spectrum in APA volume of LArSoft simulation  
●  $\gamma$ -ray spectrum in APA volume of standalone Geant4 simulation  
 (re-normalized by number of generated neutrons (1,000,000 G4 / 82,410 LArSoft = 12.13 down-scaling factor))  
=> Accounting issue in standalone G4 RSDS simulation got resolved

# Successful Cryo Testing of RSDS Components at SD Mines

Thermal expansion measured 1% for Delrin (<2% MSDS)



Submerge in LN2 (85 K) in dewar::



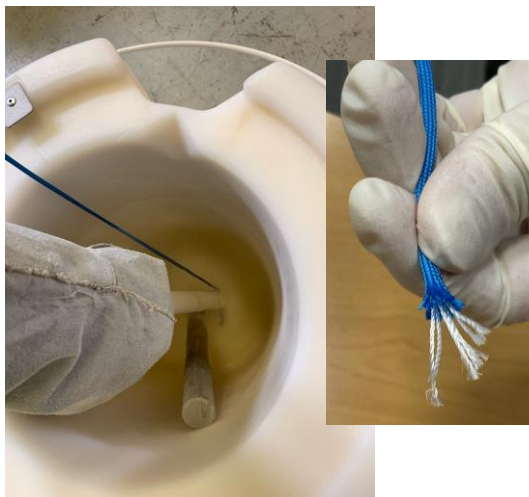
Thermal expansion measured 0.5% for nickel rod:



Successful mechanical strength tests before/after LN2:



Diamond braid nylon lanyard worked great (cryo elastic, very stable strength)!

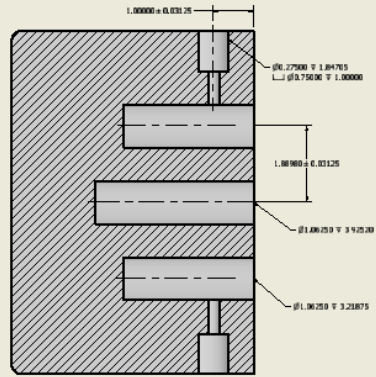


Anchor nylon line got too stiff:

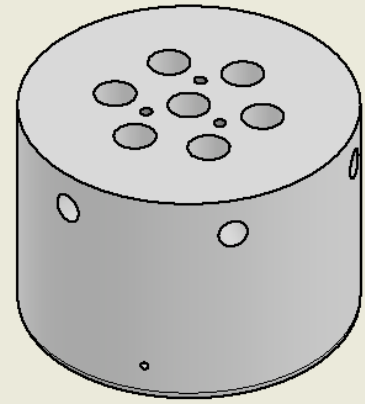
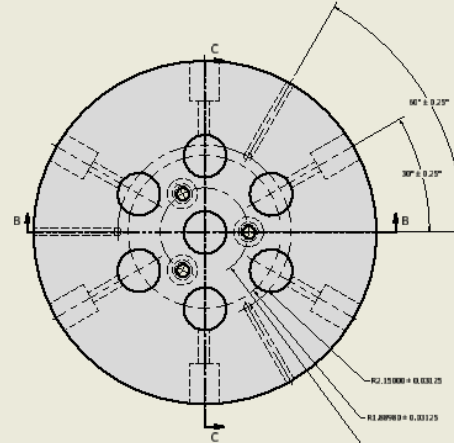




# Top Half of Business End of RSDS with 3 Paracord Attachments

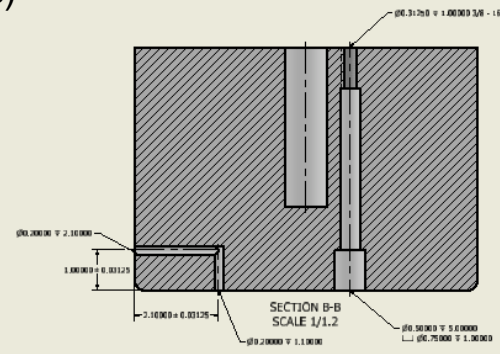
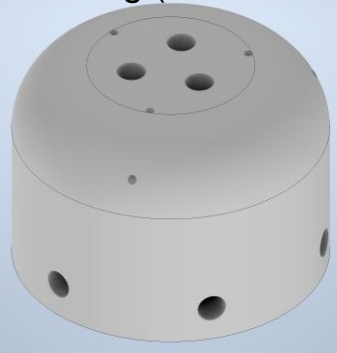


SECTION C-C  
SCALE 1/1.2

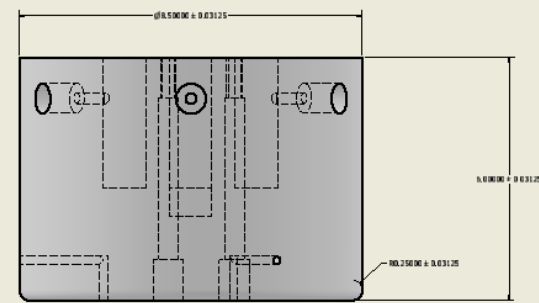
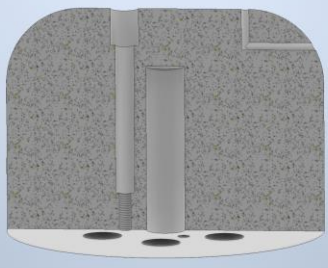
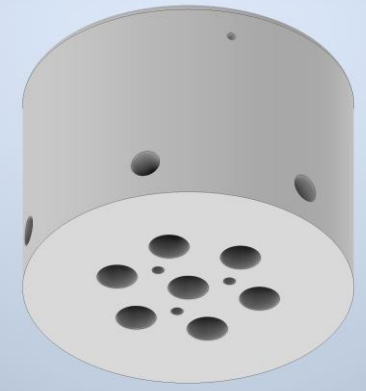


Initial version (before tests)

Final rounding (after successful tests)



SECTION B-B  
SCALE 1/1.2

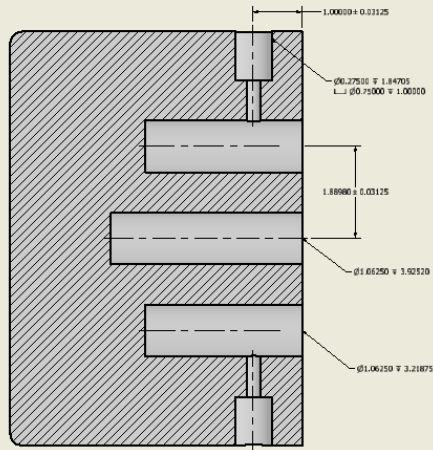


Drawing has 8.5" diameter of Delrin as delivered (original spec was only 8.0" but 8.5" will be used for this work piece).

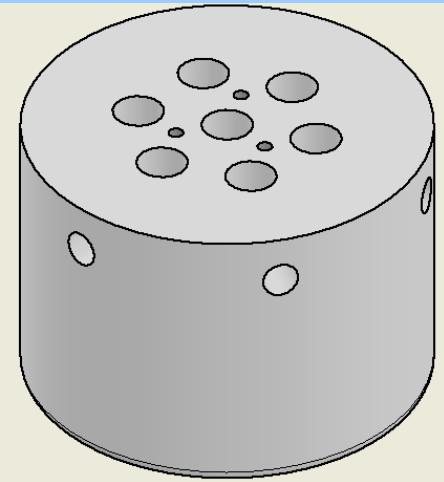
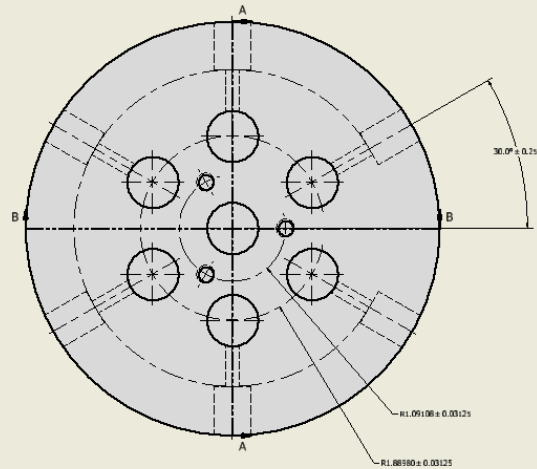
Threads need not be cut.

DATE	02/20/23	DATE	02/20/23
DESIGNER		TITLE	
CHK			
APPROVER			
TOLERANCE	1/32 in	SCALE	1/1.2
REV		REV	
1		Calibrator Top VS Drawing	
SHEET 1 OF 1		SHEET 1 OF 1	

# Bottom Half of Business End of RSDS

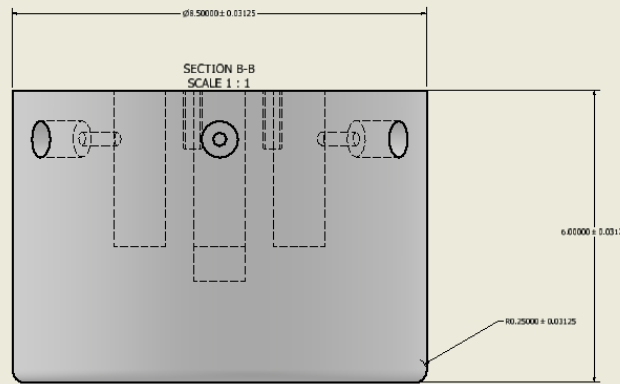
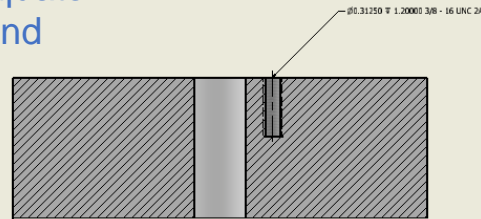


SECTION A-A  
SCALE 1 : 1

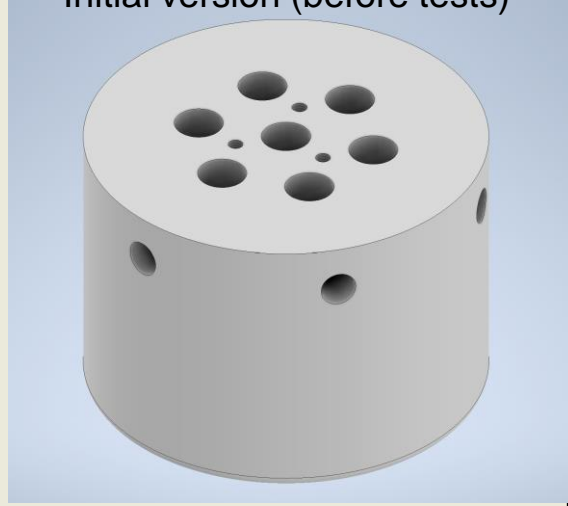


Initial version (before tests)

Solid attachments to nickel rods near equator  
Such that nickel rods carry the weight and  
to eliminate shrinkage gap at equator  
and to provide a very solid joint of  
upper and lower Delrin halves



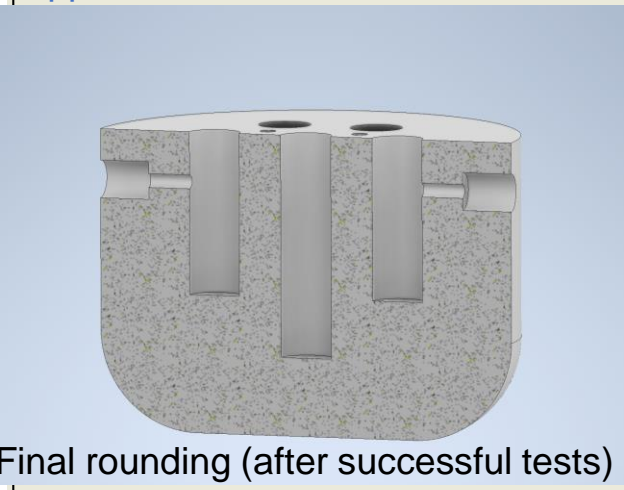
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Drawing has 8.5" diameter of Delrin as delivered  
(original spec was only 8.0" but 8.5" will be used  
for this work piece).

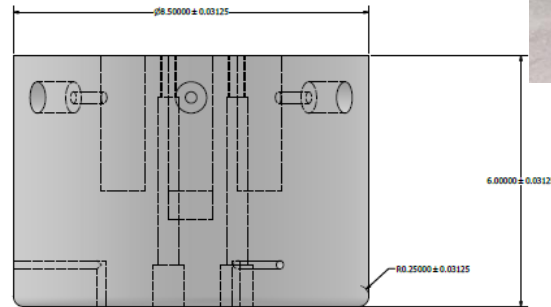
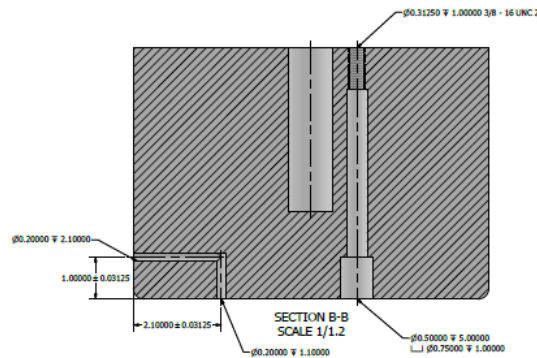
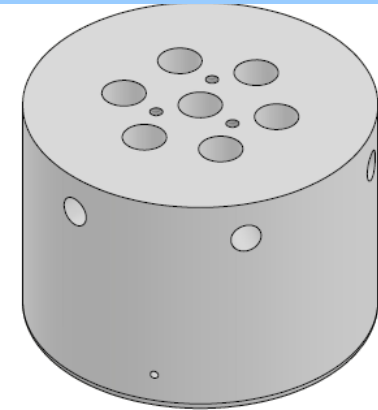
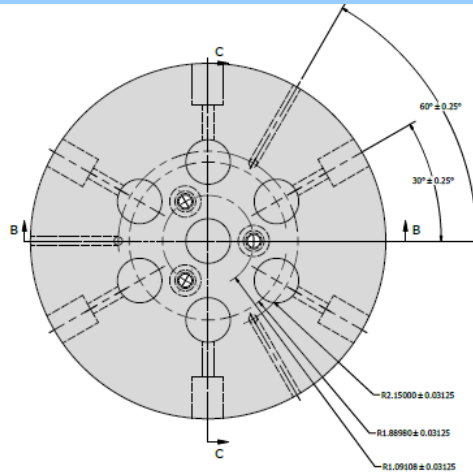
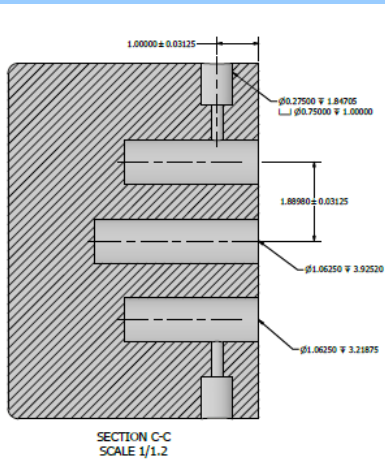
Threads need not be cut.

DATE	6/7/2023	Author	Even Nonberg
REVISION		TITLE	
QA			
PMC			
APPROVED			
Tolerance	1/32 in	DATE	6/7/2023
		SCALE	1 : 1
		Drawn by	Callibrator
		Checked by	Bottom V2 Drawing
		DATE	6/7/2023
		SCALE	1 : 1



Final rounding (after successful tests)

# Fabricated Business End of RSDS with Cut and Inserted Nickel Rods



Drawing has 8.5" diameter of Delrin as delivered (original spec was only 8.0" but 8.5" will be used for this work piece).

Threads need not be cut.

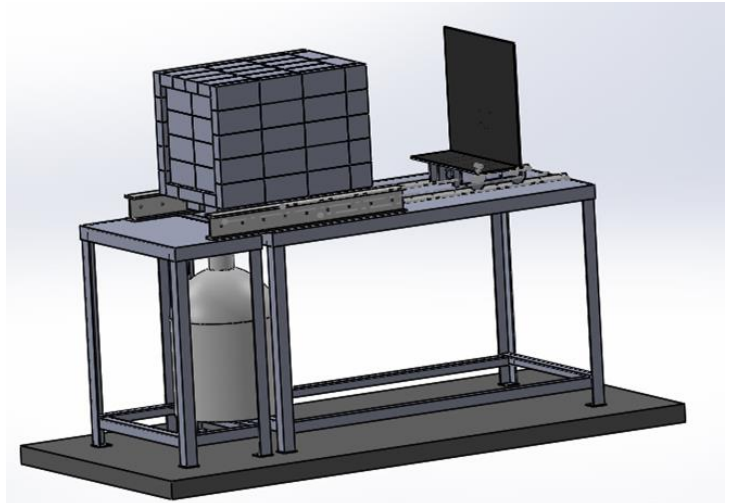
DESIGN	8/7/2023	Evan Norenberg	
DRAWN		TITLE	
CHK			
APP			
APPROVE			
Tolerance	1/32 in	SIZE	F
		DWG NO	Calibrator Top VS Drawing
		SCALE	1/1.2
			Sheet 1 of 1

# Current Step: Validate High Energy $\gamma$ -Ray Yields of RSDS

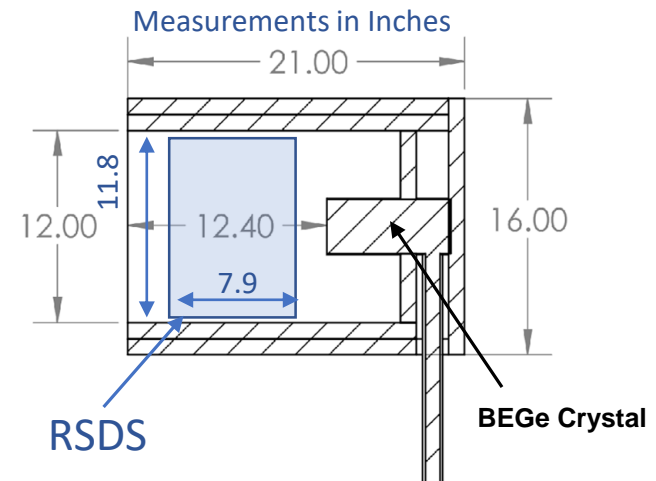


Physical setup of 'Rabbit'  $\gamma$ -ray BEGe detector

Our 'Rabbit' BEGe detector provides a uniquely large sample chamber of 12" x 12" x 12.4". This will provide the space required to assay the bulky RSDS'  $\gamma$ -ray emission.



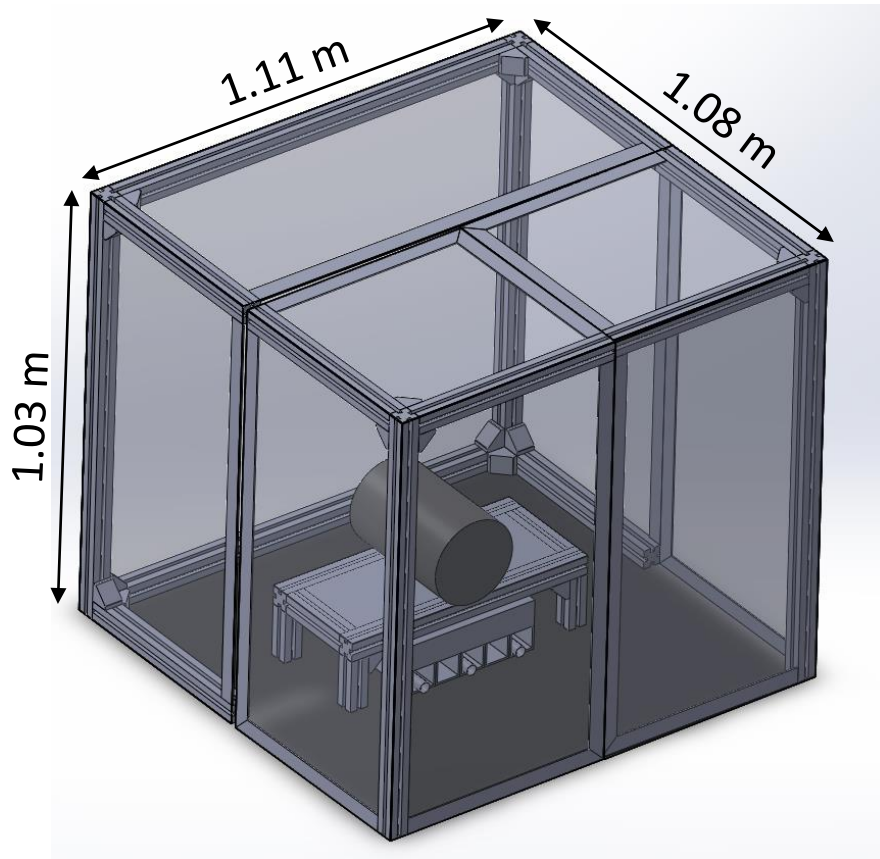
Solidworks model of fast moveable shielding (using rails) with cryostat of 'Rabbit' detector



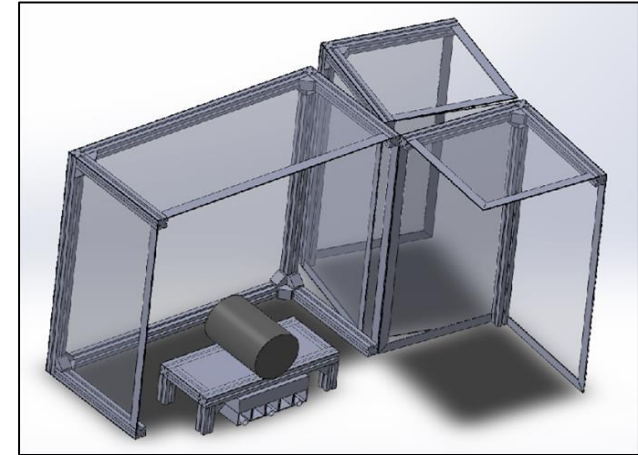
Solidworks drawing of 'Rabbit'  $\gamma$ -ray BEGe detector with shielded inner assay chamber

***=> Use existing Cf-252 neutron source instead for initial test (and other Ge-detector)***

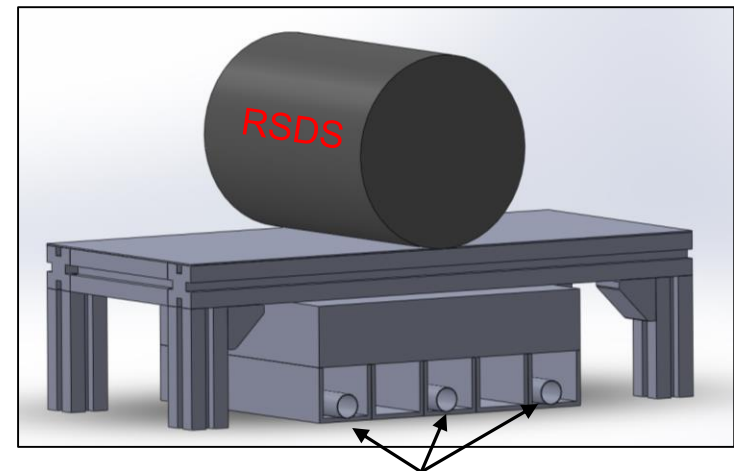
# Next Step: Underground Testing of RSDS for Residual Neutron Emission at SURF



SDSMT previously developed He-3 hodoscope for LZ experiment with test stand enclosure to be used in assaying of the residual neutron emission rate of the RSDS optimized configuration



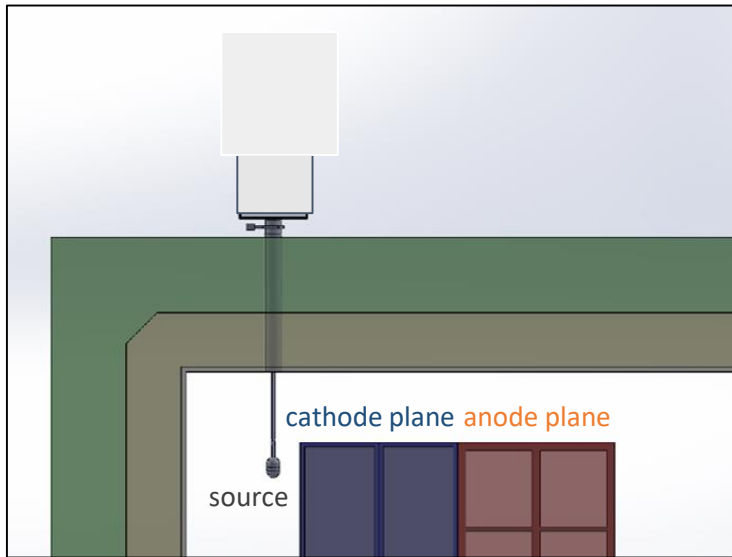
Accordion-like construction allows for safely locking up source during long measurement (SURF requirement)



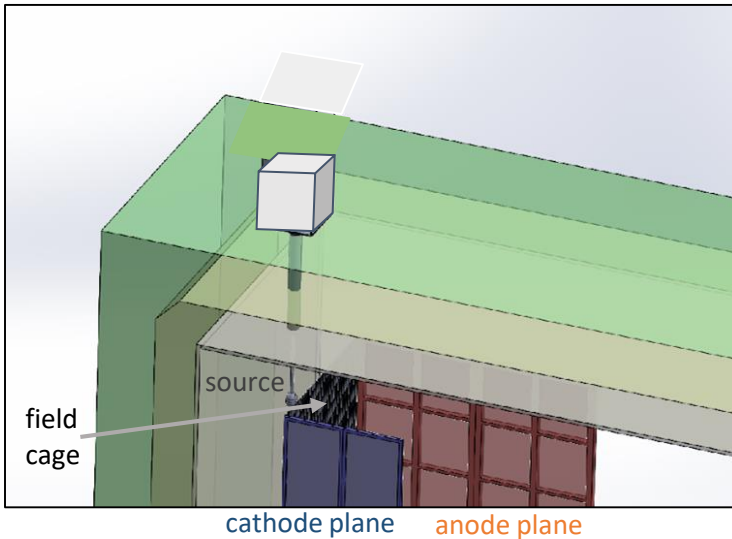
He-3 proportional counters

# Planned Deployment Testing of RSDS in our High-Bay Lab at SD Mines

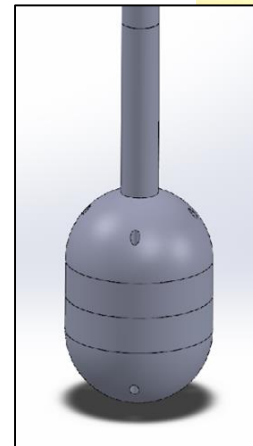
Side view of source deployment into cryostat:



Rotated side view of source deployment into cryostat:



Scaffold tower in our high bay for mechanical mock-up testing:

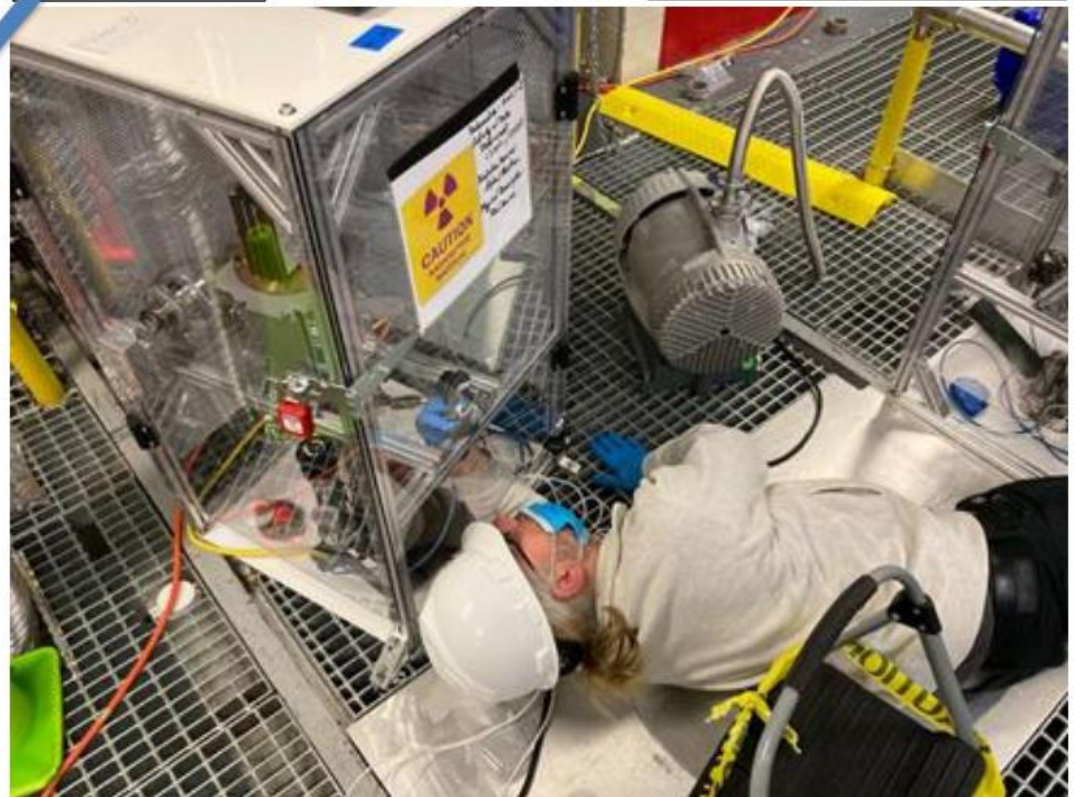
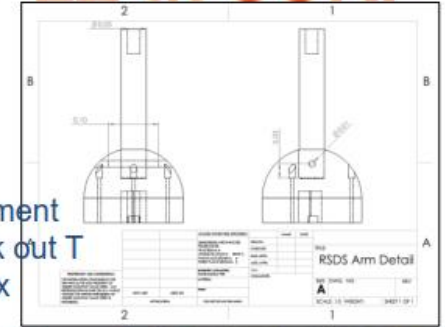


Business end of RSDS  
(Radioactive Source  
Deplacement System)

# Neck extension with our RSDS deployment box mounted above gate valve as we did for LZ at SURF



OD 200 source  
< ID 250 port  
w/ deployment arm  
for insulated rope attachment  
hoisted by motor in break out T  
at side of deployment box



# Summary and Outlook

- Successful implementation of the RSDS geometry into the 1x2x6 geometry GDML file, and successful simulation of RSDS in LArSoft by generating AmLi neutrons at center of RSDS.
- LArSoft RSDS simulation demonstrates that 9 MeV gamma-rays are produced at a very efficient rate per AmLi neutron. However, more checks on physics list need to be done for both for standalone G4 and LArSoft simulation.
- RSDS materials required for a physical RSDS have been acquired
  - => cryo testing of materials/RSDS has been successful!
  - => machining of RSDS business end is done!
- Underground neutron test bed ready with safety officer approved enclosure structure for SURF. Germanium based gamma-spectrometer is calibrated with high energy gamma-rays from tagged AmBe neutron source
  - =>  $\gamma$ -ray measurement of RSDS w/ inner Cf-252 source underway!
- Cf-252 (5 kBq – 10 kBq already on SDSMT and SURF license) with Delrin moderator seems to be a viable fast interim solution for RSDS demonstrator (proof of principle) to be employed exteriorly at small test LArTPC (CSU?)