



DES Overview

DARK ENERGY
SURVEY

Tom Diehl for FNAL/DES

Oct. 30, 2023

Overview

Data

Recent Cosmology Results

More than just cosmology

Some slides from FNAL/DES

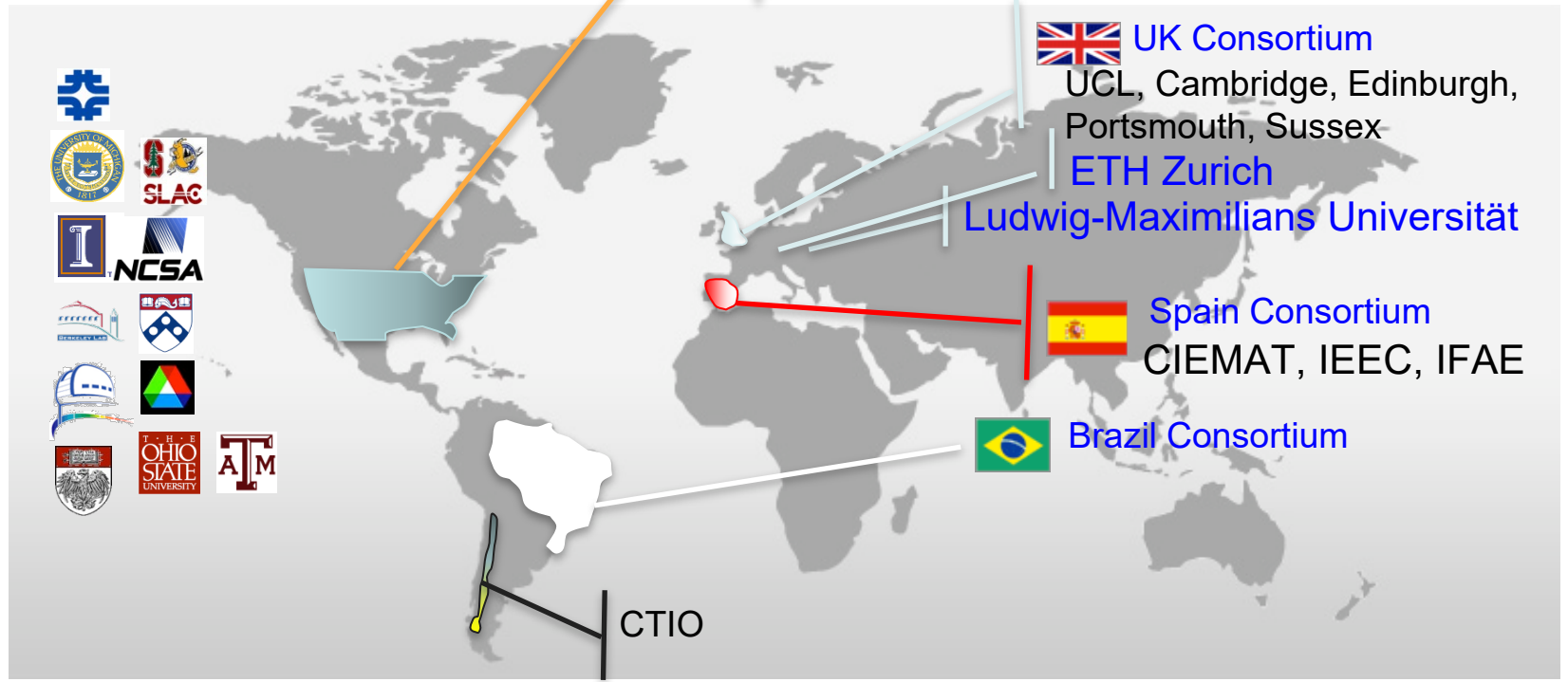
Plan





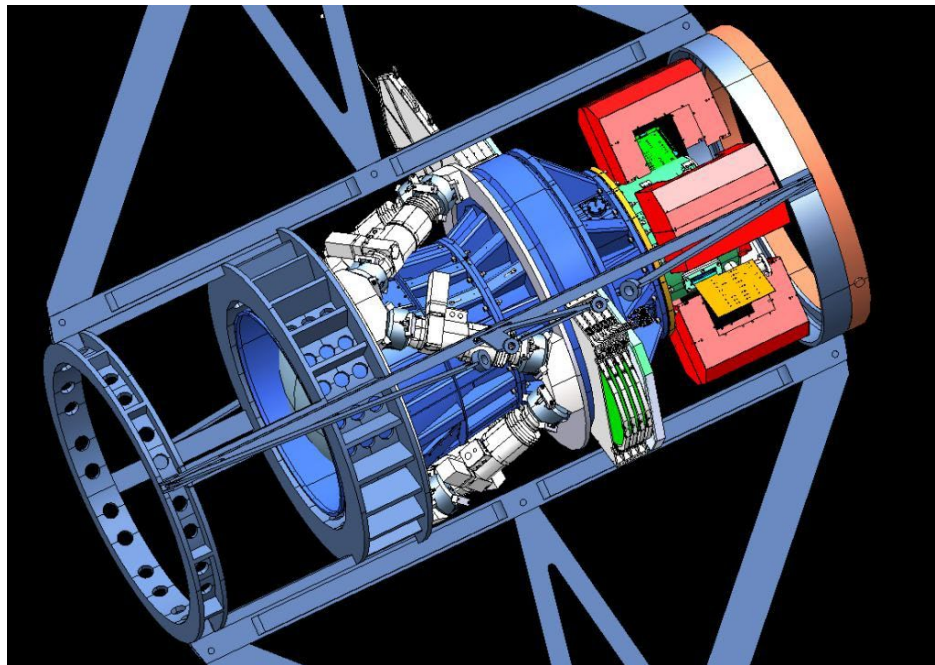
Started in 2003, DES is now an international collaboration of ~500 scientists from 27 institutions + associates

Fermilab, UIUC/NCSA, University of Chicago, LBNL, NOAO, University of Michigan, University of Pennsylvania, Argonne National Laboratory, Ohio State University, Santa-Cruz/SLAC/Stanford Consortium, TAMU



The Dark Energy Camera: Designed and Built at Fermilab

Spider/Cage
Barrel
Optics:Lenses
Optics:Filters
Shutter
Hexapod
CCDs
Electronics
Controls





The Dark Energy Camera in Parts

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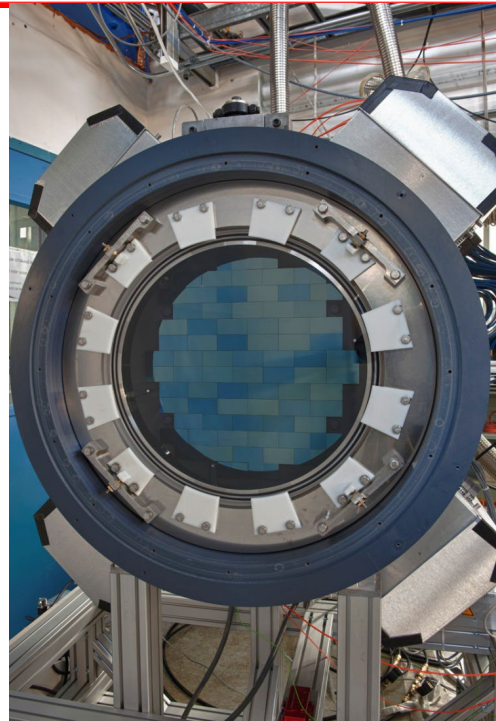
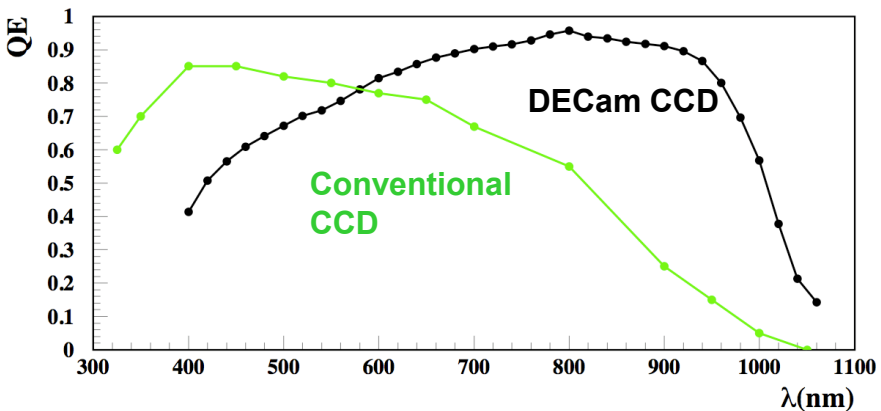




The Dark Energy Camera is powerful

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- Blanco Telescope w/ 4m primary mirror
- Large (45 cm diameter) Focal Plane, 2 deg across
- 74 High “Quantum Efficiency” CCDs, especially good in the near-infrared wavelengths.
- 570 Mpix readout in 20s.





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- Cerro Tololo is at ~7200 ft near La Serena, Chile
- Home of the Blanco 4m Telescope





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DECam

Built 2008 to 2011

Installed on the telescope in 2012

1st Light in September 2012





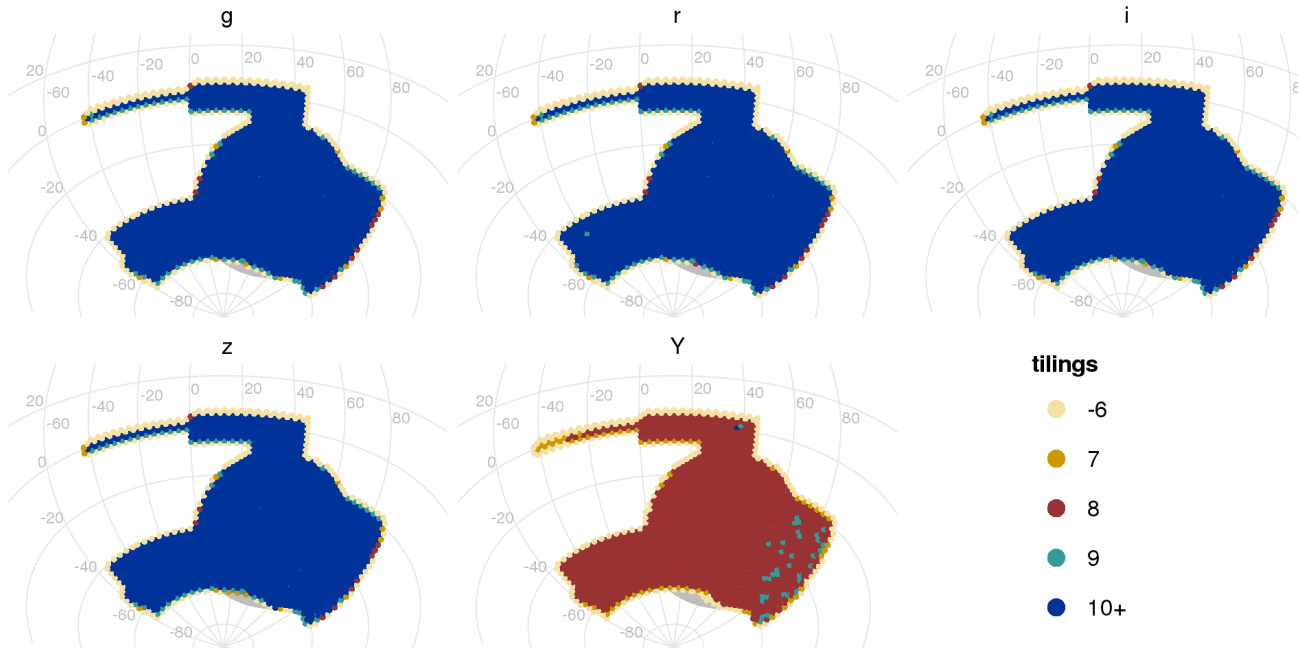
DES Widefield Data

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Took > 100,000
Images from 2013
to 2019.

“10+” tilings in 5 filter
bands.

180 different DES
collaborators
observed at CTIO





DES: Cosmology 7 Ways

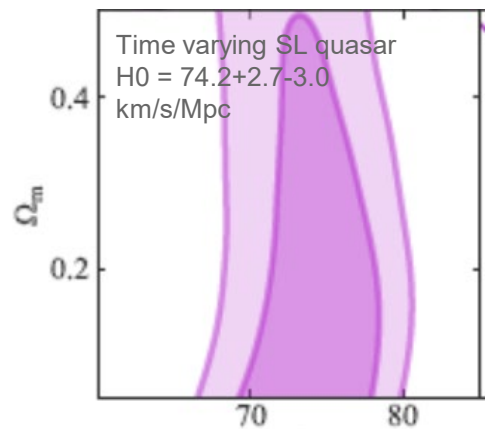
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Growth rate of structure and Expansion History:
Weak Gravitational Lensing, Galaxy Clustering, Galaxy Cluster Abundance

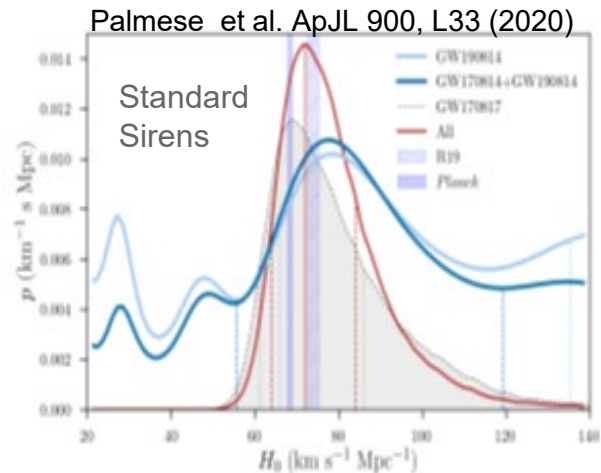
Expansion History:

BAO (standard rulers), SNIa (standard candles),
Gravitational Wave Follow up (standard sirens),
Time delays from Strongly-Lensed Transients.

Some shown here:



Shahib et al., MNRAS 494, 6072 (2020)





DES Y3 Weak Lensing Cosmology Results “3x2pt”

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Λ CDM

$$S_8 = 0.776^{+0.017}_{-0.017} \quad (0.776)$$

$$\Omega_m = 0.339^{+0.032}_{-0.031} \quad (0.372)$$

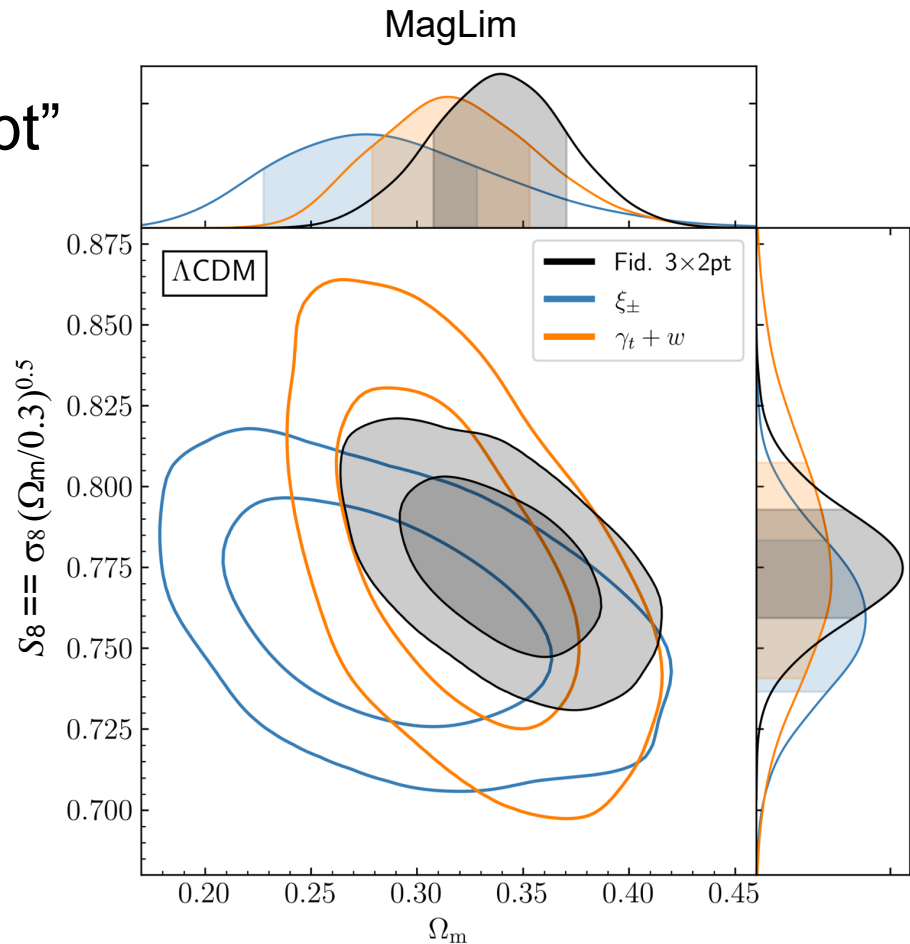
$$\sigma_8 = 0.733^{+0.039}_{-0.049} \quad (0.696)$$

w CDM

$$\Omega_m = 0.352^{+0.035}_{-0.041} \quad (0.339)$$

$$w = -0.98^{+0.32}_{-0.20} \quad (-1.03)$$

- Lens samples MagLim and redMaGiC 3x2 in perfect agreement
- Evidence for potential systematics in the redMaGiC clustering data vector at all redshifts and above the fiducial lens redshift range for MagLim. *arXiv:2105.13549 DES Collaboration (2021)*

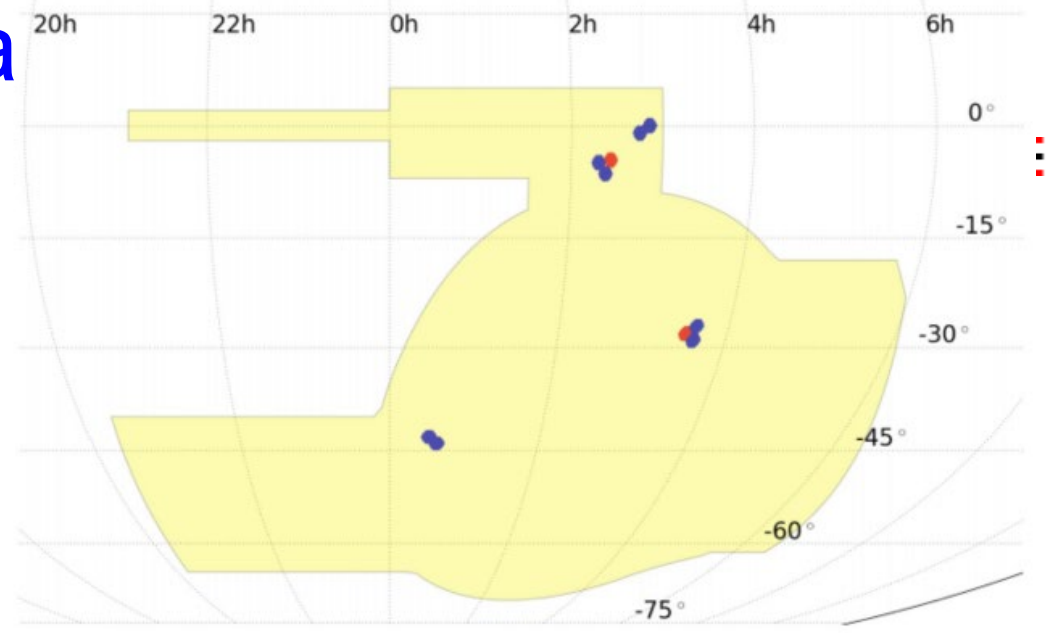
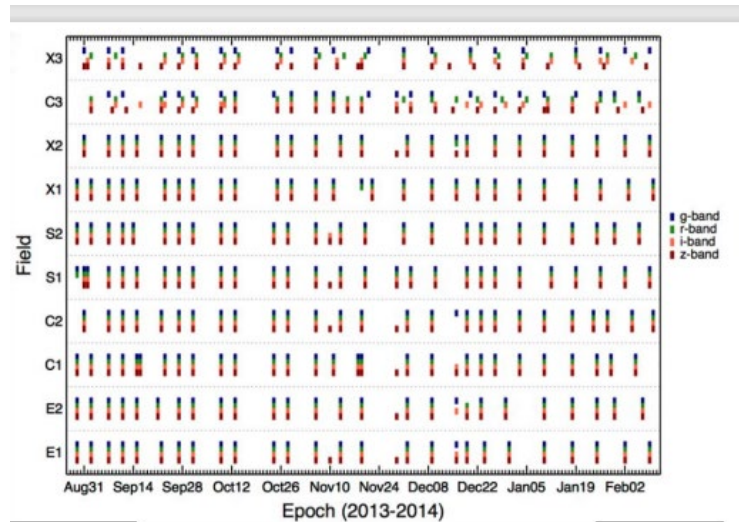


Press Release: <https://news.fnal.gov/2021/05/dark-energy-survey-releases-most-precise-look-at-the-universes-evolution/>



DES SN Data

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Took Images from 2013 to 2018 on ~ weekly cadence from Aug. to Feb.

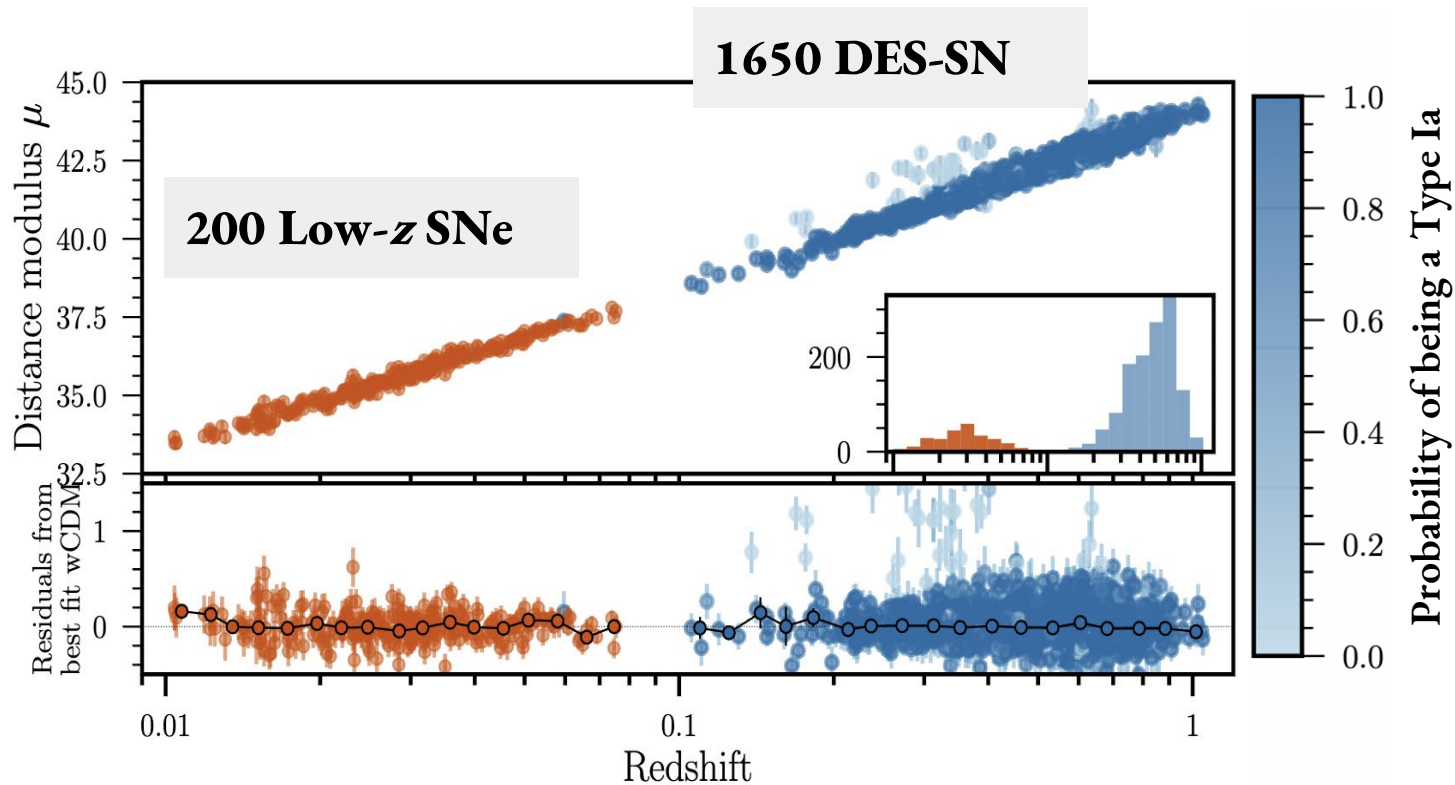
RHS: SN Fields

Above: bars represent observations in one of 5 seasons



SN Sample: Photometrically-typed redshifts from spectroscopy of host galaxies

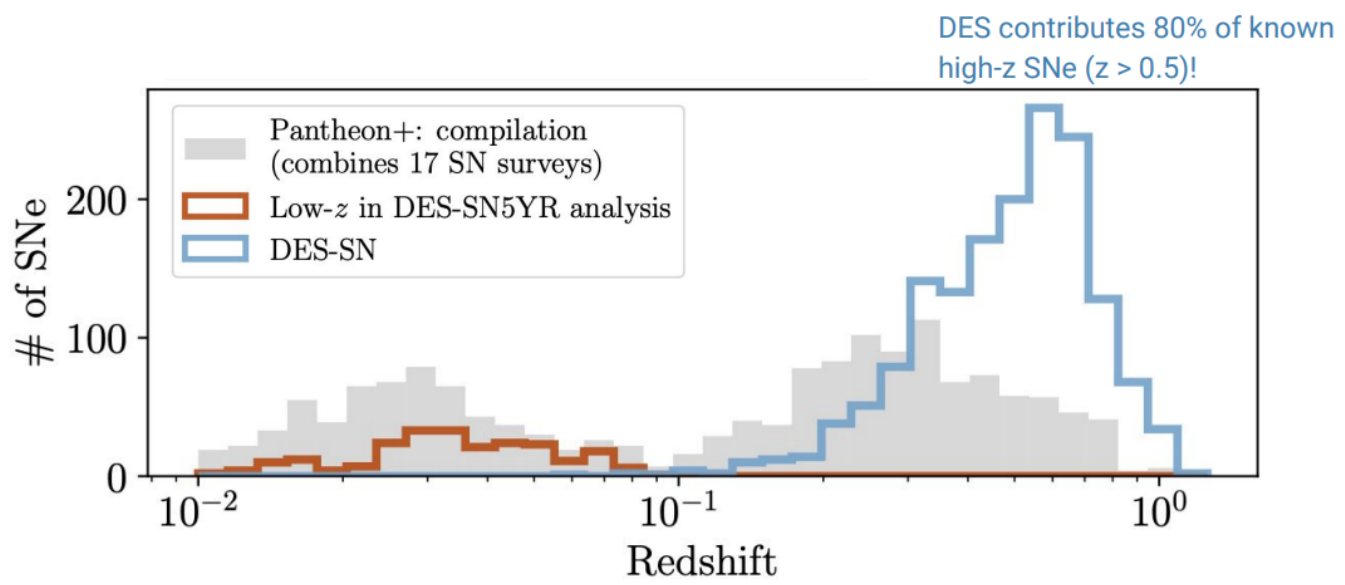
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To illustrate size of DES SN1a sample:

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Biggest $z > 0.5$ SN sample by a factor of 4 over all previous combined

The DES SN sample is the **largest** and **deepest** SN sample from a **single telescope ever compiled**

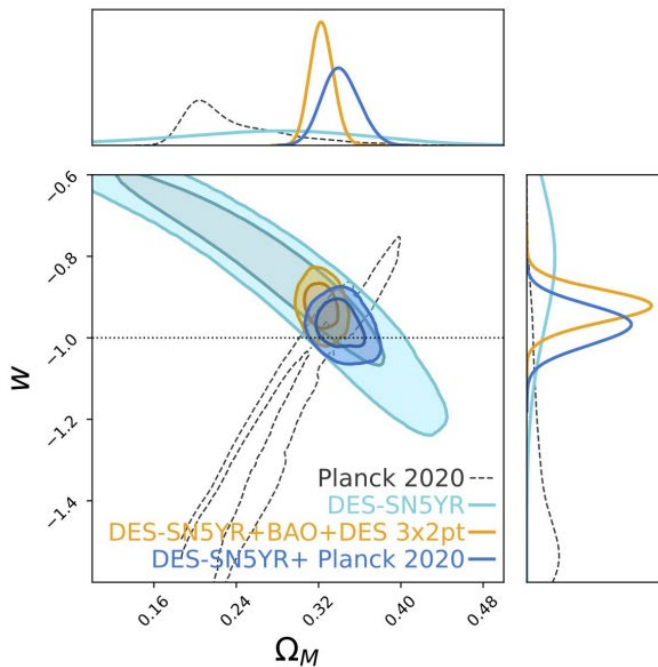
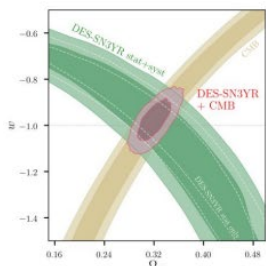


SNiae Cosmology Results

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Flat- w CDM

	Ω_m	Ω_k	w_0	w_a
DES-SN5YR (no external priors)				
Flat- w CDM	$0.283^{+0.082}_{-0.076}$	-	$-0.80^{+0.14}_{-0.15}$	-
DES-SN5YR + Planck 2020				
Flat- w CDM	$0.337^{+0.017}_{-0.011}$	-	$-0.965^{+0.034}_{-0.038}$	-
DES-SN5YR + eBOSS BAO and DES 3x2pt				
Flat- w CDM	$0.323^{+0.009}_{-0.012}$	-	-0.922 ± 0.037	-
DES SN only (no Low-z)				
Flat- w CDM	$0.397^{+0.026}_{-0.038}$	-	$-1.64^{+0.39}_{-0.20}$	-



- Look for complete set of results on the arxiv soon



DES Publishes more than cosmology Milky Way Structure, Solar System Objects, transients, Strong Lensing ...

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Through Sept. 30, 2023, DES has 442 refereed science papers (not counting pre-data technical papers) with 26,000+ citations. **A sample of papers from a couple of years ago:**

Instrumental: “A Machine Learning Approach to the Detection of Ghosting and Scattered Light Artifacts in Dark Energy Survey Images”, “Reducing ground-based astrometric errors with Gaia and Gaussian processes” will both be useful to LSST

Solar System: “Testing the isotropy of the Dark Energy Survey’s extreme trans-Neptunian objects”

SN Ia: “OzDES multifibre spectroscopy for the Dark Energy Survey: Results and implications for future surveys”, “The Effect of Environment on Type Ia Supernovae in the Dark Energy Survey Three-Year Cosmological Sample”, “The Dark Energy Survey Supernova Program: Modelling selection efficiency and observed core collapse supernova contamination”, “Rates and delay times of type Ia supernovae in the Dark Energy Survey”

Galaxy Clusters: “Is diffuse intracluster light a good tracer of the galaxy cluster matter distribution?”, “ μ^* Masses: Weak Lensing Calibration of the Dark Energy Survey Year 1 redMaPPer Clusters using Stellar Masses”, “The WaZP galaxy cluster sample of the Dark Energy Survey Year 1”

Weak Lensing: “Galaxy Clustering in Harmonic Space from the Dark Energy Survey Year 1 Data: Compatibility with Real Space Results”

Galaxy Clusters + WL: “Combination of cluster number counts and two-point correlations: Validation on Mock Dark Energy Survey”, “Dark Energy Survey Year 1 Results: Cosmological Constraints from Cluster Abundances, Weak Lensing, and Galaxy Correlations”

Galaxy Clusters + External Data: “Cosmological Constraints from DES Y1 Cluster Abundances and SPT Multi-wavelength data”, “Probing galaxy evolution in massive clusters using ACT and DES: splashback as a cosmic clock”, “The Atacama Cosmology Telescope: A Catalog of > 4000 Sunyaev-Zel’dovich Galaxy Clusters”

Modified Gravity: “Probing gravity with the DES-CMASS sample and BOSS spectroscopy”, “Galaxy-galaxy lensing with the DES-CMASS catalogue: measurement and constraints on the galaxy-matter cross-correlation”

Optical + GW: “Constraints on the Physical Properties of S190814bv through Simulations based on DECam Follow-up Observations by DES”

Dark Matter: “Milky Way Satellite Census. III. Constraints on Dark Matter Properties from Observations of Milky Way Satellite Galaxies”, “Constraints on Decaying Dark Matter with DES-Y1 and external data”.

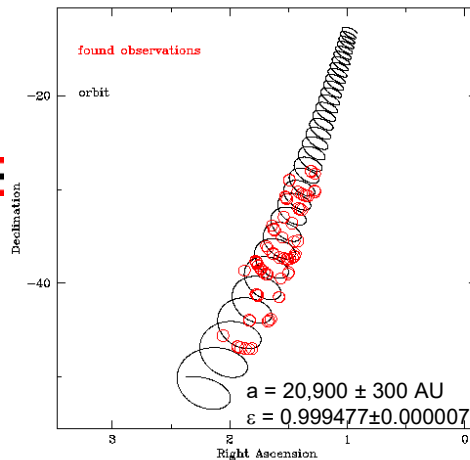
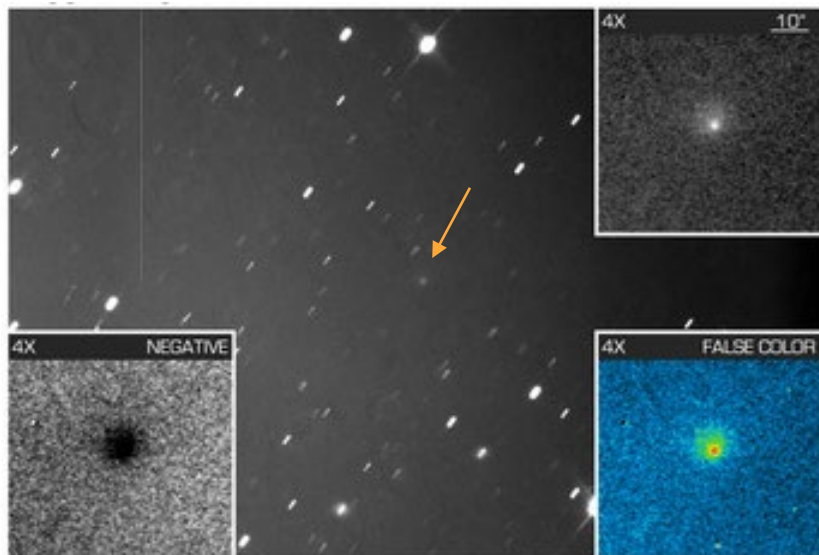
Galaxy Evolution: “Galaxy Morphological Classification Catalogue of the Dark Energy Survey Year 3 data with Convolutional Neural Networks”



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Most Massive & Most Distant Comet C/2014 UN271 “Bernardinelli-Bernstein”

- DES data is great for finding “Transient and Moving Objects”
- 245+ New Trans-Neptunian Objects @ 30 to 100 AU



- C/2014 UN271 was detected as it came in from the Oort cloud at 29 to 23 AU
- Massive (~200 km wide) comet discovered.
- Early studies of the coma show sub-mm sized grains at 7 m/s as well as sublimation of CO
- Perihelion at 11 AU in 2031, so we'll watch this one “turn on” for a long time



The only observed companion event to a gravitational wave

arXiv:1710.05459, ApJL 848, L16 (2017)

DISCOVERY OF THE OPTICAL COUNTERPART OF GW170817 WITH DECAM

5

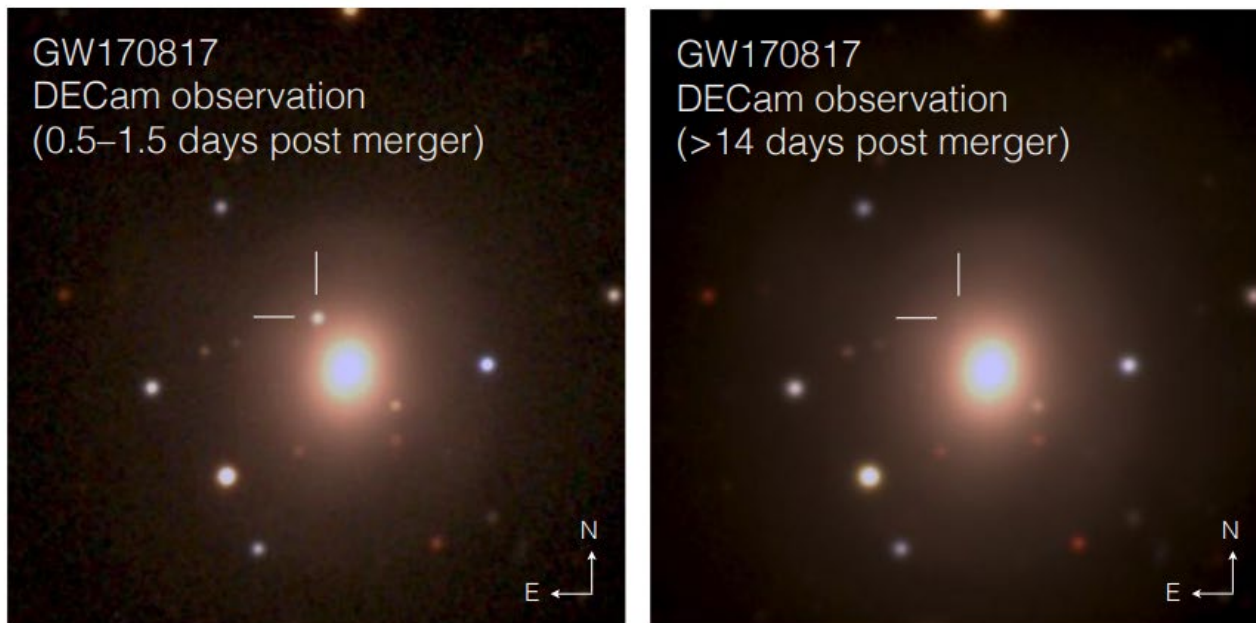


Figure 1. NGC4993 *grz* color composites ($1.5' \times 1.5'$). Left: Composite of detection images, including the discovery *z* image taken on 2017 August 18 00:05:23 UT and the *g* and *r* images taken 1 day later; the optical counterpart of GW170817 is at RA,Dec = 197.450374, -23.381495. Right: The same area two weeks later.



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Things we are doing & The Plan:

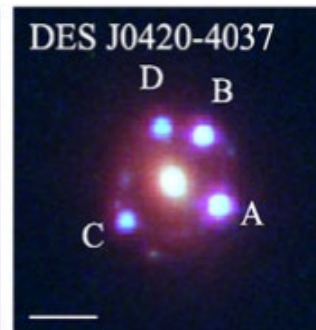
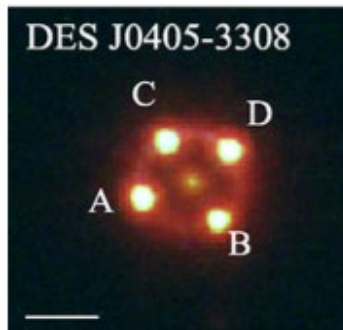
- Preparing to move public data service from NCSA to Fermilab
- Preparing to move darkenergysurvey.org website from a private co. to Fermilab
- Finish the Y6 Cosmology Analysis (2024-2025)
- Continue to do great science (... to xy/za/bcde ...)



STRIDES COLLABORATION: Buckley, Lin et al.

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- In 2013 we formed the STRIDES collaboration
 - Fermilab: Liz Buckley-Geer, Huan Lin with people from other surveys
- The goal was to search for lensed QSOs in the DES data and to carry out all the necessary follow-up observations needed to measure H_0 .
- So far we have discovered 35 systems from DES (9 quads, 2 triples, 28 doubles). Papers & cosmology!



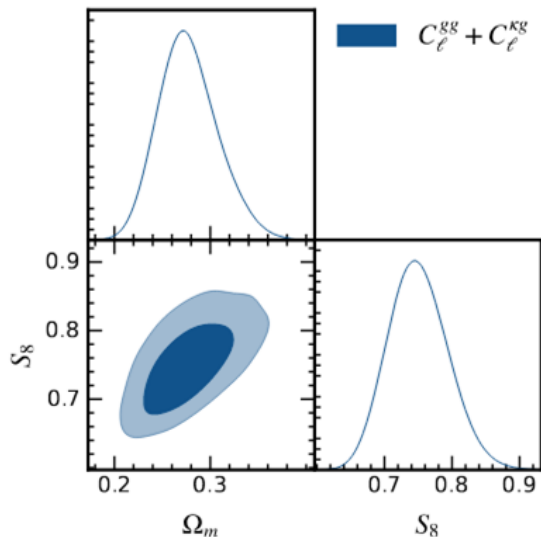
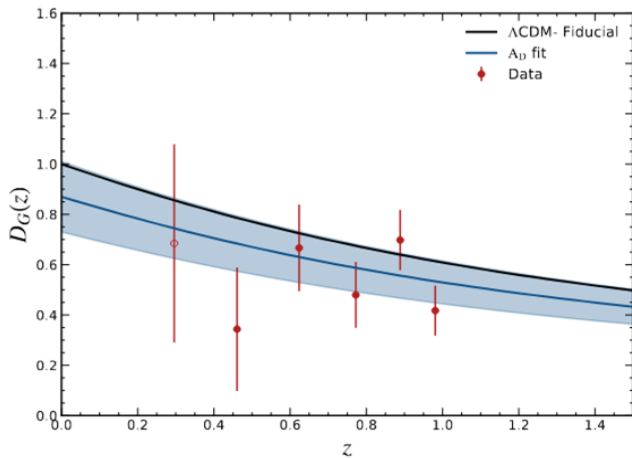
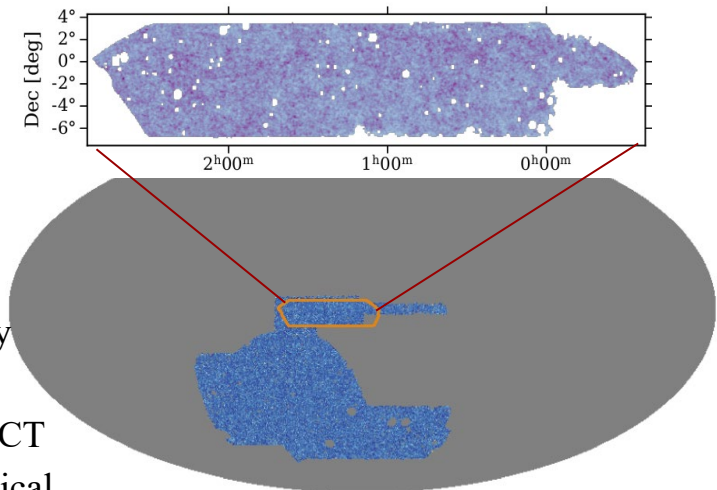


DES Y3 galaxies x ACT CMB lensing And More (see extra slides)!

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G.A. Marques, ACT & DES collaborations, 2023 (arxiv: 2306.17268)

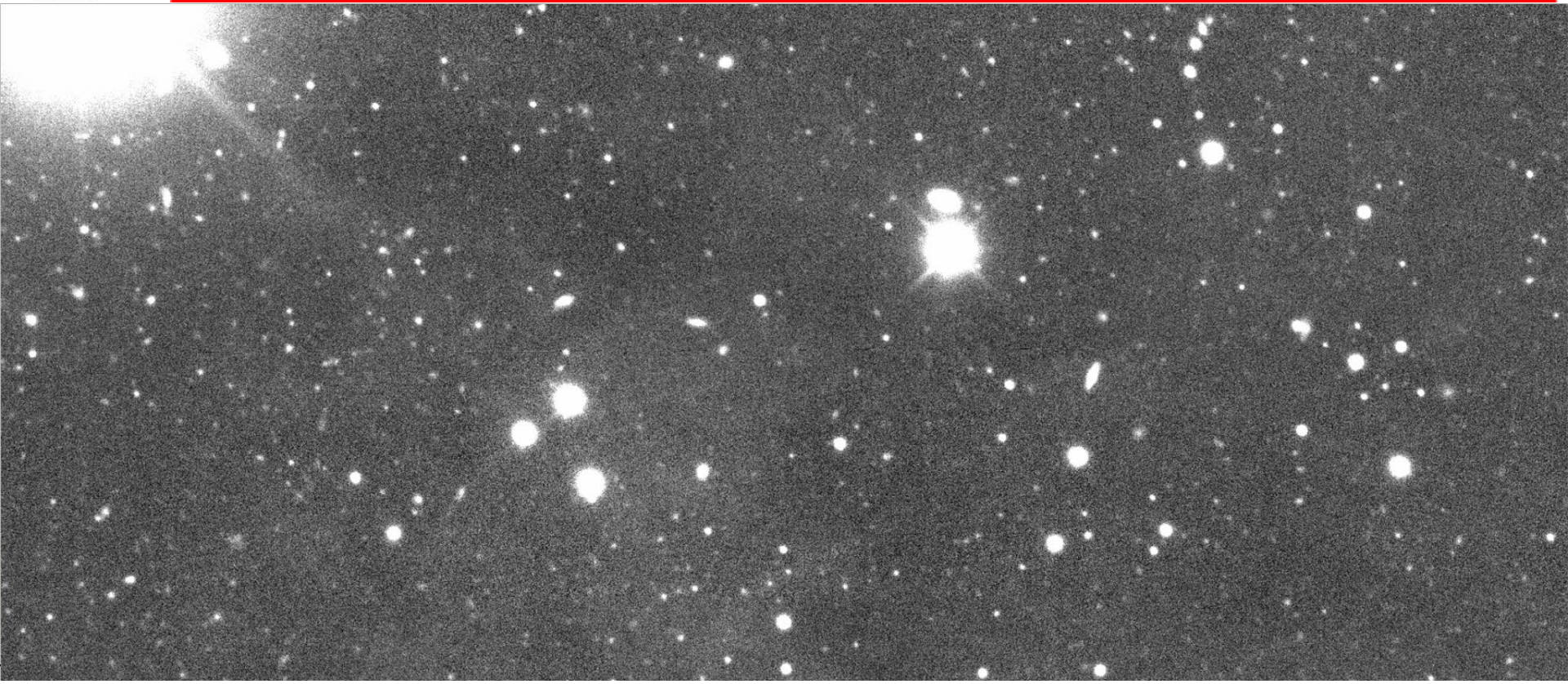
- ACT CMB lensing is signal dominated on large angular scales → very important for cross-correlation studies
- Dark Energy Survey-Y3 → Very dense catalog + Great overlap with ACT
- Constraints on evolution of the growth of the structures and cosmological parameters





BALROG OFF

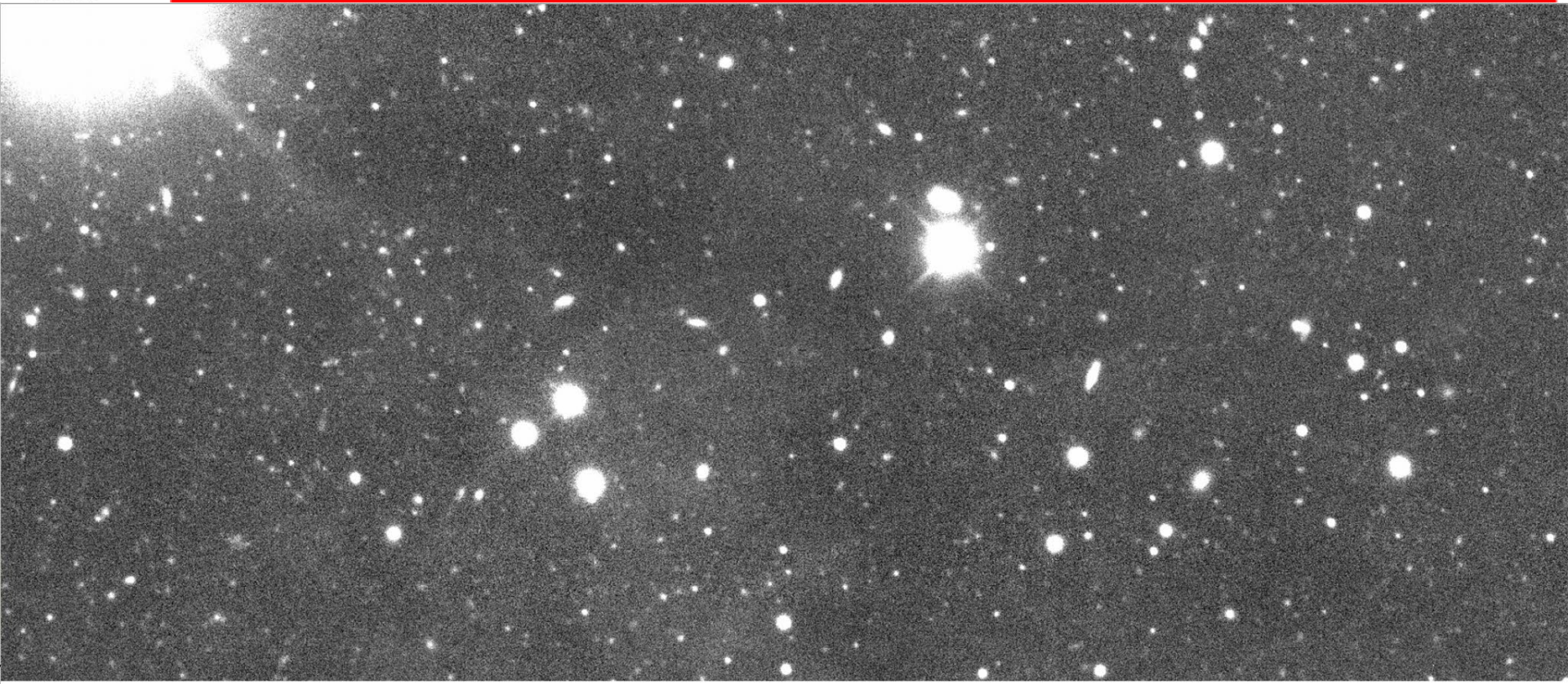
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BALROG ON (M. Tabbutt UWisc)

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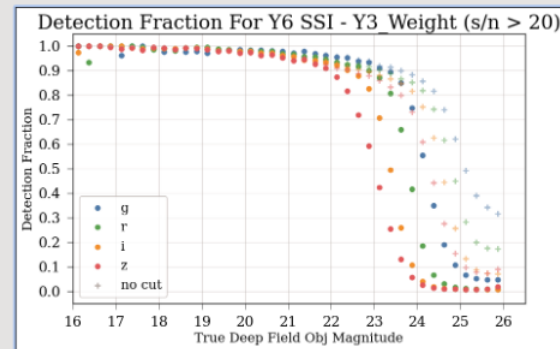


DESDM @ FNAL, Alex Drlica-Wagner (Y6 Gold)

- Not just finding and identifying stars and galaxies (done), the DESDM group runs the key cosmology data processing pipelines on FNAL, NERSC, and UIUC computers
- @ FNAL: WL Shears, Deep Fields, BALROG, & IMSIM ... led by Brian Yanny
- Y6 Gold Cosmology Data led by Alex Drlica-Wagner

BALROG is used find precise redshifts, calculate systematic uncertainties

Y6 Completeness – Key science output of Balrog



Detection fraction by band for Balrog injections in the 100 tiles

Only for DF objects randomly chosen "Y3_weight" scheme

s/n cut of 20 shown in solid dots, all objects (no cut) shown in transparent pluses

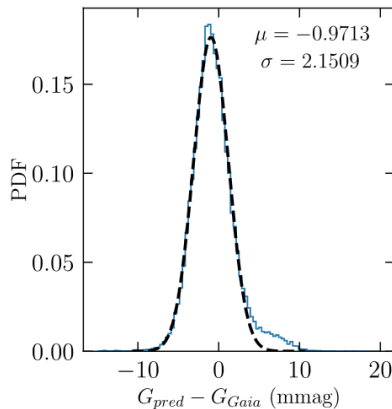
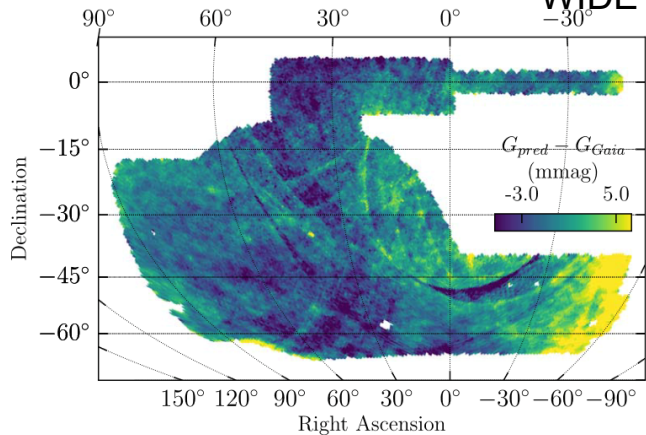


Calibration (Wide Field and Deep Fields)

Doug Tucker w/Drs. M. Wiesner, JA. Smith, and Williger and UG interns

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WIDE FIELD (Abbott et al. 2021, ApJS, 255, 20; Figure 4)

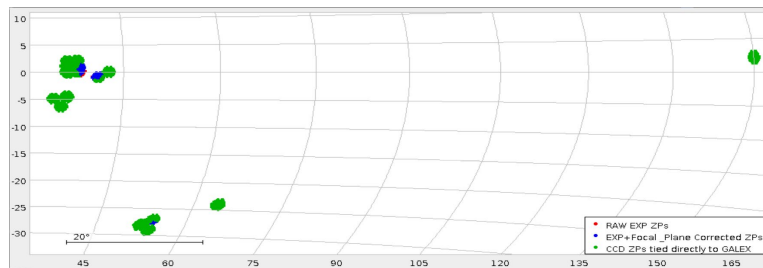


	g	r	i	z	Y
σ_{stat}	0.22 %	0.22 %	0.22 %	0.22 %	0.33 %
σ_{sys}	1.1 %	1.1 %	1.1 %	1.2 %	1.2 %

- **Deep Fields:**

g, r, i, z tied to FGCM Standard Stars and to ATLAS-REFCAT (if no FGCM overlap).

u-band tied to GALEX/Gaia DR3, with special effort to calibrate CCD images having no GALEX overlap.





DELVE (led by Alex Drlica-Wagner)

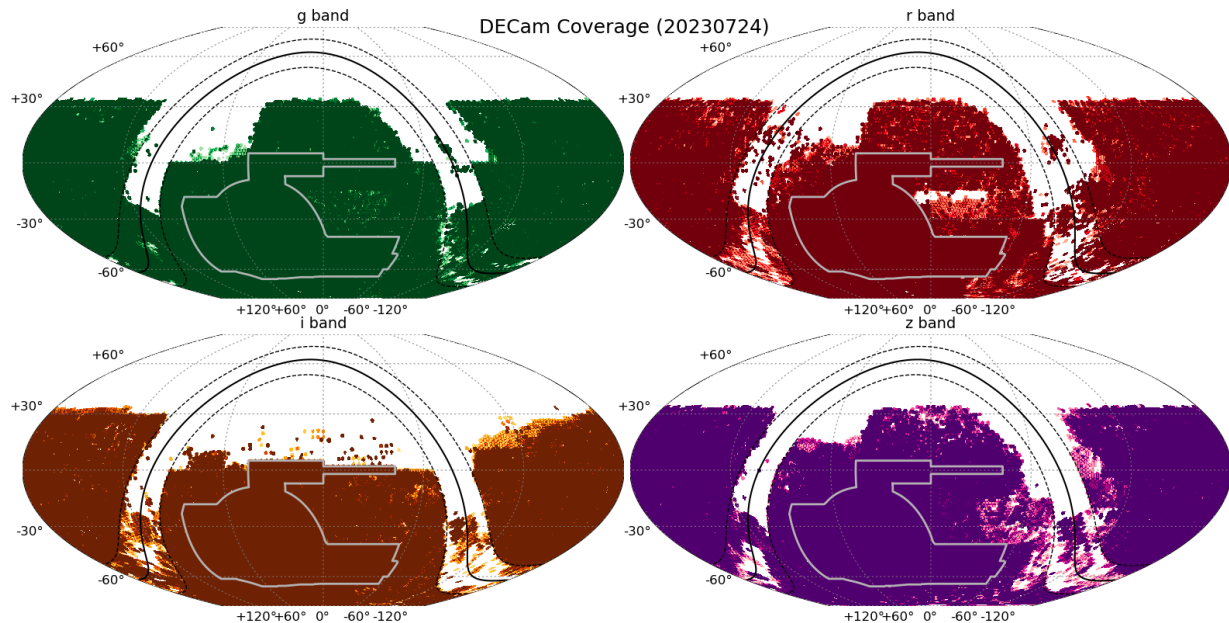
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3rd largest DECam survey
to date.

Observed on 296 distinct
nights

Collaboration of ~80
scientist led by Fermilab.

Funded by LDRD, NASA, &
NSF.



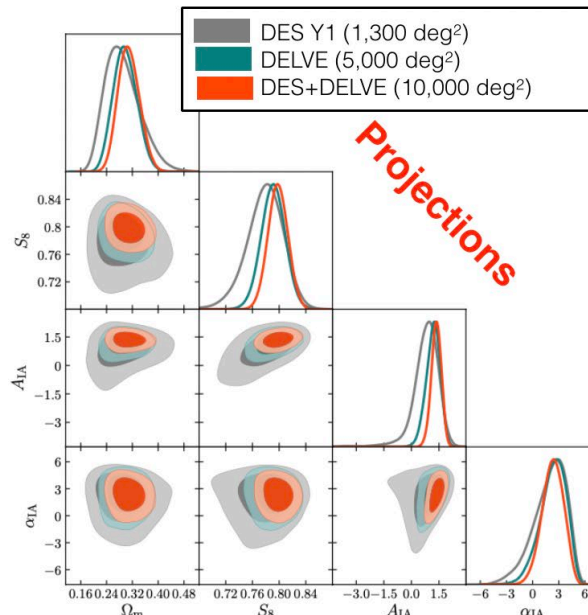
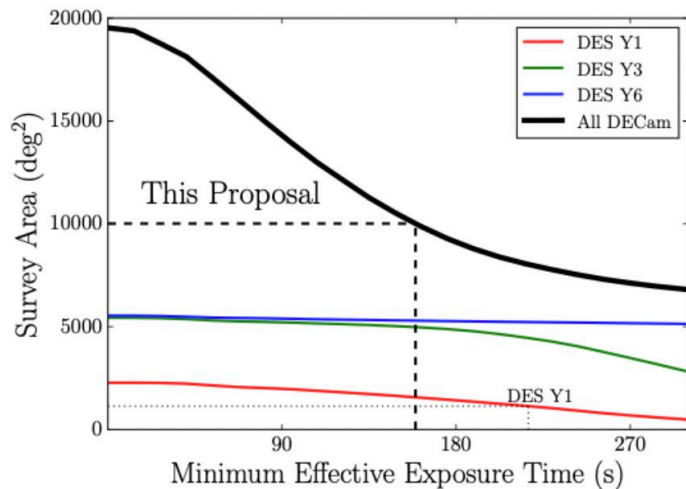


DELVE Cosmic Shear

Nathalie Chicoine: DES + DELVE (Fall 2023 & Spring 2024 SULI)
 Kai Herron: DES + DELVE (Summer 2022 VFP, Summer 2023 VFP, Spring 2023 SULI)
 Dan Suson: DELVE (Summer 2021 VFP, Summer 2022 VFP, Summer 2023 VFP)
 Jonah Medoff: DELVE (Summer 2023 SULI)
 Caleb Levy: DES (Summer 2021 SIST)
 Will Cerny: DELVE (Summer 2021 SULI)
 Peter Ferguson: DELVE (Fall 2020 URA Visiting Scholar)

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Weak Lensing and LSS



Close collaboration with UChicago and UIUC/NCSA. Funded by LDRD & NSF.

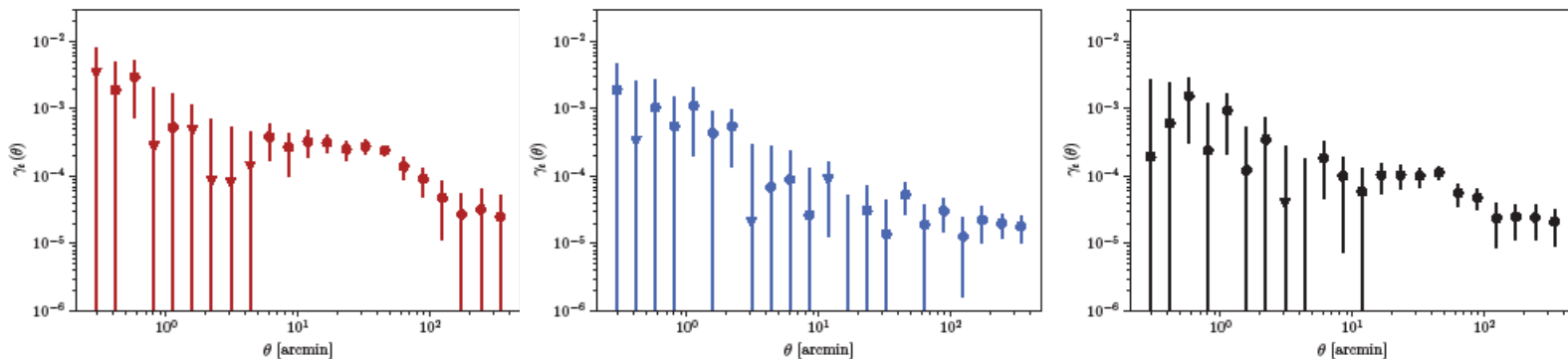




Weak Lensing by Low Surface Brightness Galaxies

From Nathalie Chicoine, working with UC people

- measure weak-lensing shears of $\sim 18,000$ blue and $8,000$ red LSBGs. These have more than the usual amount of DM vs stars



- Compare the stellar mass vs weak lensing mass to get info on the mass distributions



The Big Bangers: Longest Reigning Champs

- Three time champs, the Big Bangers, won the FNAL softball league championship in 2019. Been practicing during summers since 2022.
- Look for announcement of summer practices in mid-spring 2024.

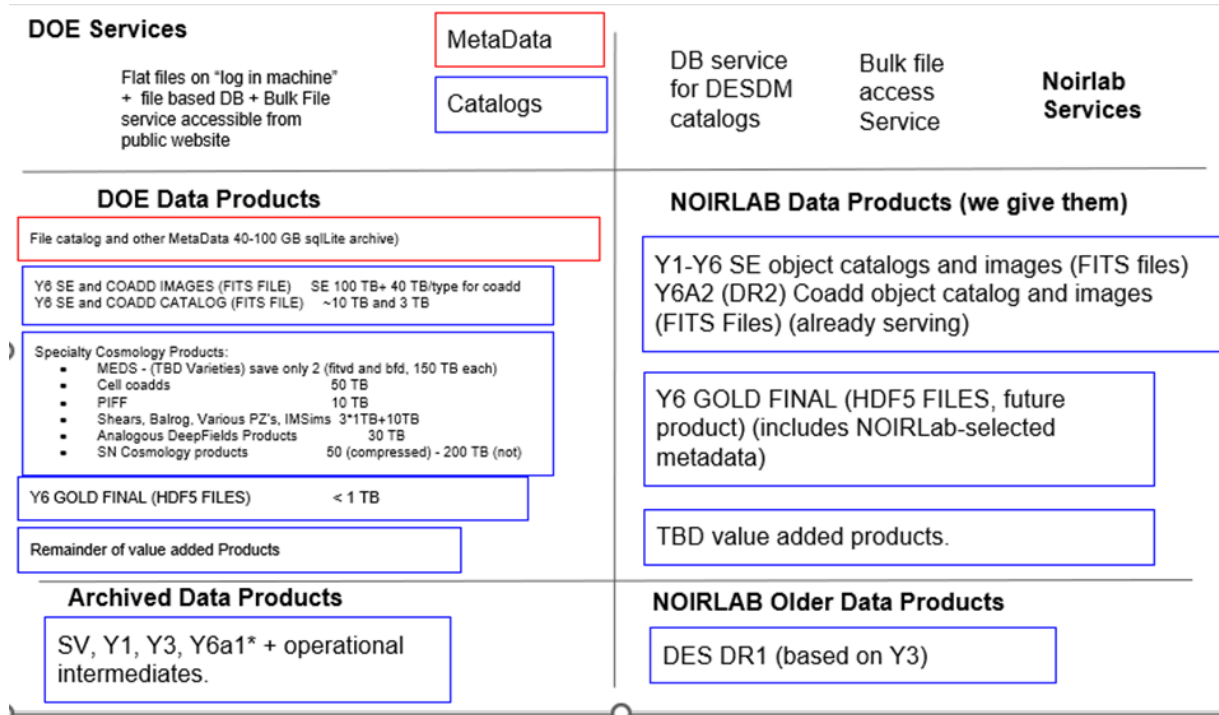




DES Legacy Cosmology Data Plans

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The top of the diagram indicates the services. The part beneath indicates the data products. **The LHS is cosmology data products to be made available at Fermilab.** The information includes the estimated size. RHS is NOIRLab. They already serve the upper-most box in “Data Products”. Discussions are underway with NOIRLab for Y6Gold and TBD data products.





DES Web Page to move from a company to Fermilab: darkenergysurvey.org





DES Y3 *shear* xACT CMB lensing

G. A. Marques

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- Constraints of cosmological parameters purely from cross-correlation →

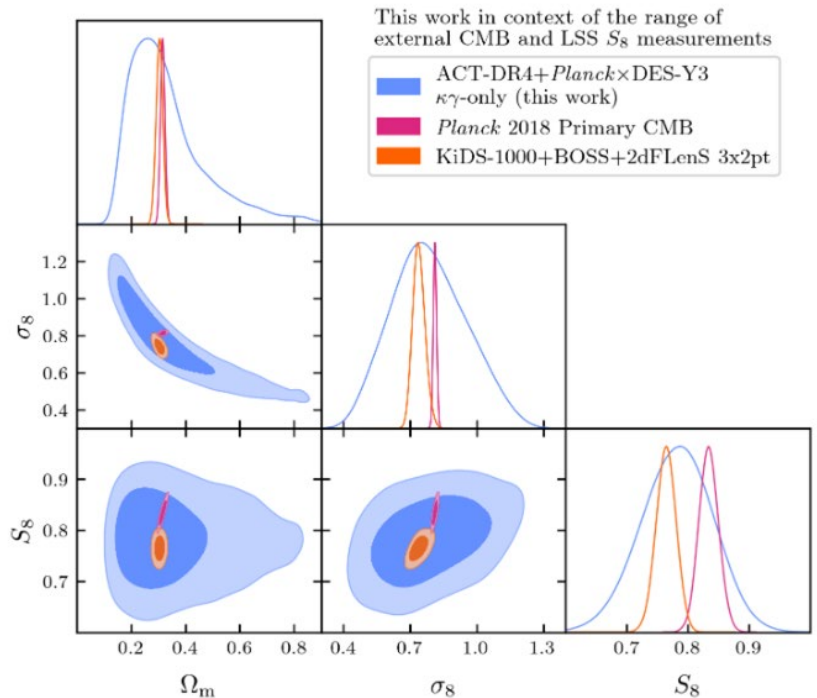
and moving towards “6x2” analysis

For DES Y6 :

6x2 pt: CMB lensing + galaxy lensing + galaxy clustering + galaxy lensing x CMB lensing + galaxy x CMB lensing + galaxy-galaxy lensing :

$$\langle \kappa\kappa \rangle, \langle \gamma\gamma \rangle, \langle gg \rangle, \langle \kappa\gamma \rangle, \langle \kappa g \rangle, \langle \gamma g \rangle.$$

Working on individual parts of ACT DR6 x DES Y3
(Chang, Darwish, Harrison, Marques, Pitocco, Shaikh, in prep ++)



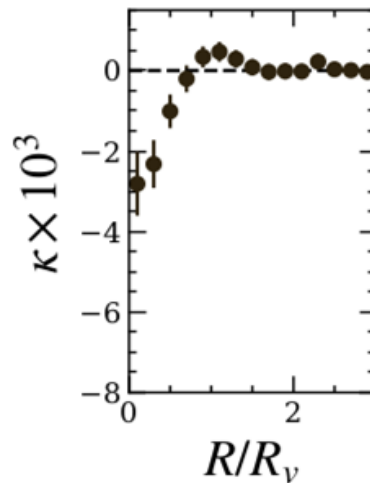
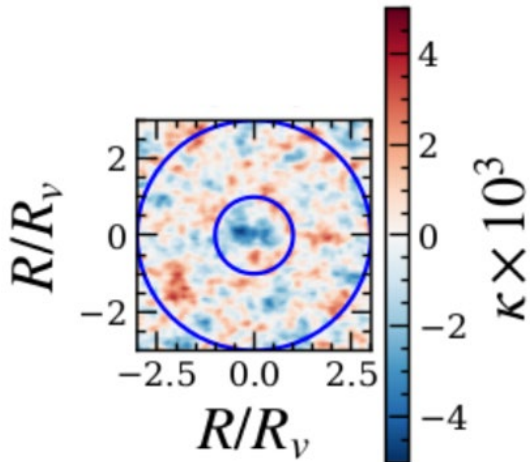
S. Shaik, I. Harrison, A. Engelen, G.A. Marques, and ACT & DES collaborations, 2023 (arxiv: 2309.04412)



Imprints of DES voids on CMB lensing data: G. A. Marques

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- *Study of the CMB lensing signal associated with DES cosmic voids using ACT DR6 lensing map*
 - signal dominated on large scales and almost \sim full overlap with the total DES footprint*
 - Forecast: 11 sigma detection*
 - Improvement over the state-of-art (\sim 4 sigma)*

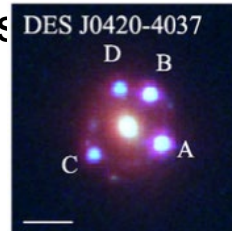
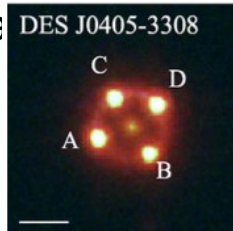




STRIDES COLLABORATION: Buckley, Lin et al.

DARK ENERGY SURVEY

- In 2013 we formed the STRIDES collaboration (STRong-lensing Insights into Dark Energy Survey - PI: Tommaso Treu) between members of the Dark Energy Survey (DES) and a subset of the H0LICOW and COSMOGRAIL collaborations (Fermilab: Liz Buckley-Geer, Huan Lin)
- The goal was to search for lensed QSOs in the DES data and to carry out all the necessary follow-up observations needed to measure H_0 .
- So far we have discovered 35 systems from DES (9 quads, 2 triples, 28 doubles).
- We have had successful proposals and published a number of papers.

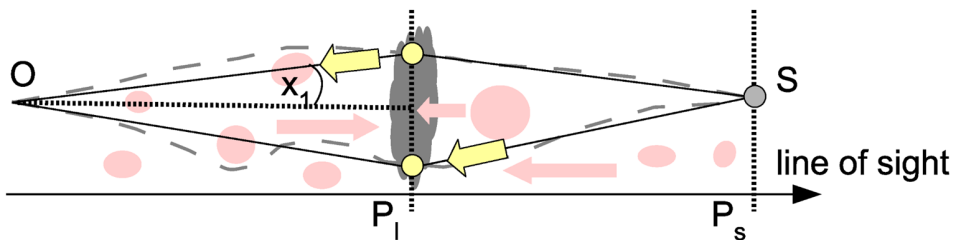




Studying the environment of lensed quasars

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- The lens model needs to account for massive structures in the vicinity of the lens as well as along the line of sight.



- We use DES or Gemini imaging data around the lens to select objects and then get spectra which allow us to measure the redshifts precisely - required for accurate galaxy group finding
- Eight successful Gemini Proposals since 2021 (Huan Lin, Liz Buckley-Geer + students)