

Proposal for Wire Tension Requirement

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Factors considered

- Dependence of dE/dx on tension
 - From Tom Junk's talk from last week, this does not seem much of a basis
- Gravitational Sag
 - Not relevant for X (wires vertical)
 - For U or V, 150cm length
 - $T = 4\text{N} \rightarrow \delta = 90 \mu\text{m} \ll \text{position tolerance}$
 - $\delta \propto \frac{L^2}{T}$
- Electrostatic motion
- Fluid flow

Electrostatics

Instability (wires fan out)

ϵ_0	8.854E-12	F/m
ϵ_{LAr}	1.3281E-11	F/m
s	4.79	mm
g	4.75	mm
d	0.1524	mm
C	1.54007E-11	F/m
V	820	V
L	1500	mm
T_C	0.093708046	N

*Earlier cm-mm
mix up corrected
(thanks to Sotiris)*

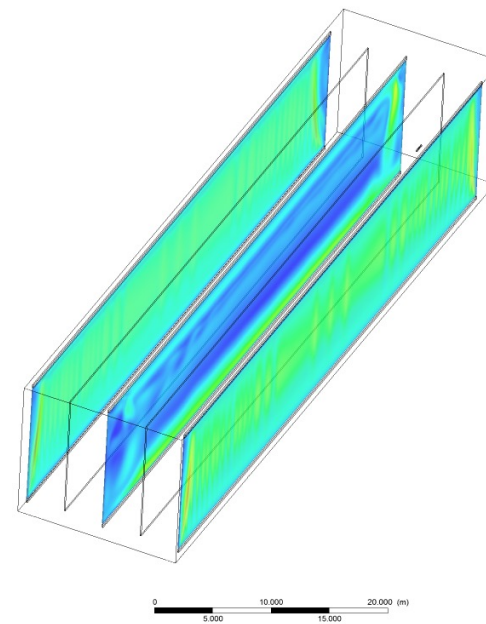
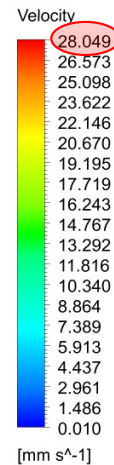
- 4 N is way higher than needed
- $T_C \propto L^2$

Error Amplification

- Nominally zero force
- U, V: unaffected by small placement error (~zero charge on wire)
- X: displacements get amplified
 - Small term – but need to quantify
- Scales as $\frac{L^2}{T}$

Fluid Flow: Static Drag

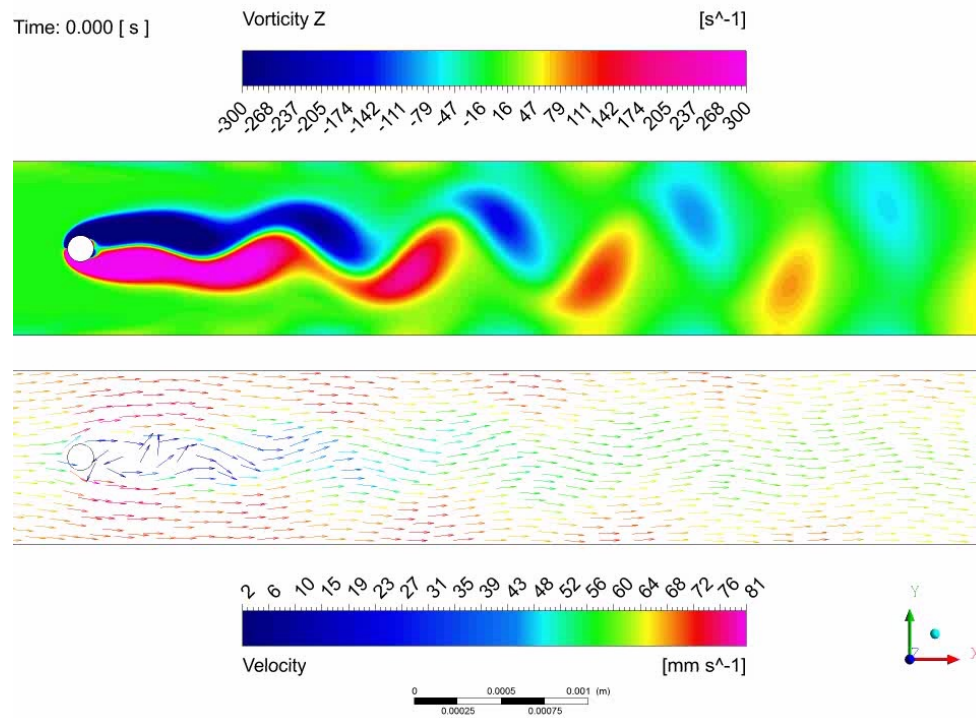
- Assume 35 mm/sec
(higher than normal for APAs)
- $\sim 4 \cdot 10^{-4}$ N/m
 - Done by Eric from drag on cylinder
 - I get similar result scaling from pressure drop on mesh
- $L = 150\text{cm}$, $T = 4\text{N}$
 $\rightarrow \delta = 3 \mu\text{m}$
- $\delta \propto \frac{L^2}{T}$



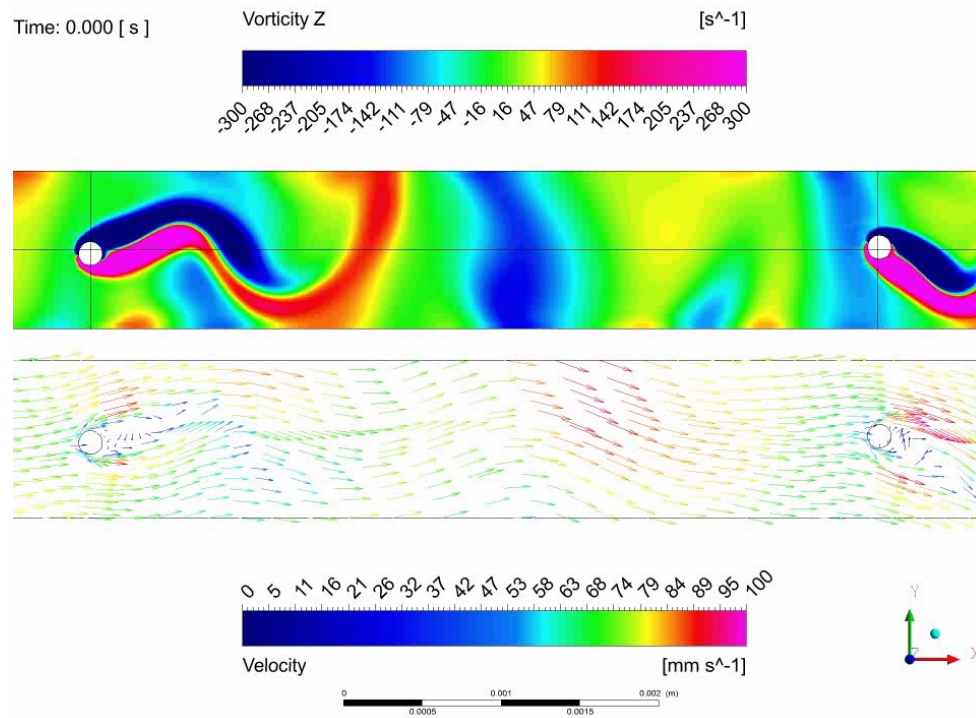
Fluid Flow: Vibration

- CFD from Erik Voirin
- Run mostly at 70mm/s: Velocity around APAs do not go that high
- Short answer
 - Don't expect much single-wire vibration
 - *Might* be significant coherent motion of the entire plane of wires
 - Safest to keep wire resonance (F_{wire}) > von Kármán frequency (F_{vortex})
 - F_{vortex} depends fluid velocity and wire size, but not tension or length
 - $F_{\text{wire}} \propto \frac{\sqrt{T}}{L}$

Single wire

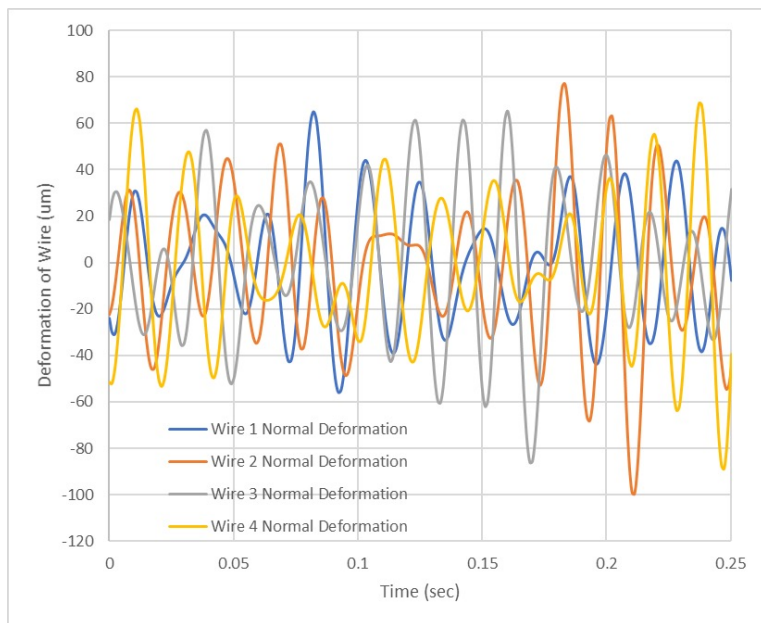


Multi-wire vibration

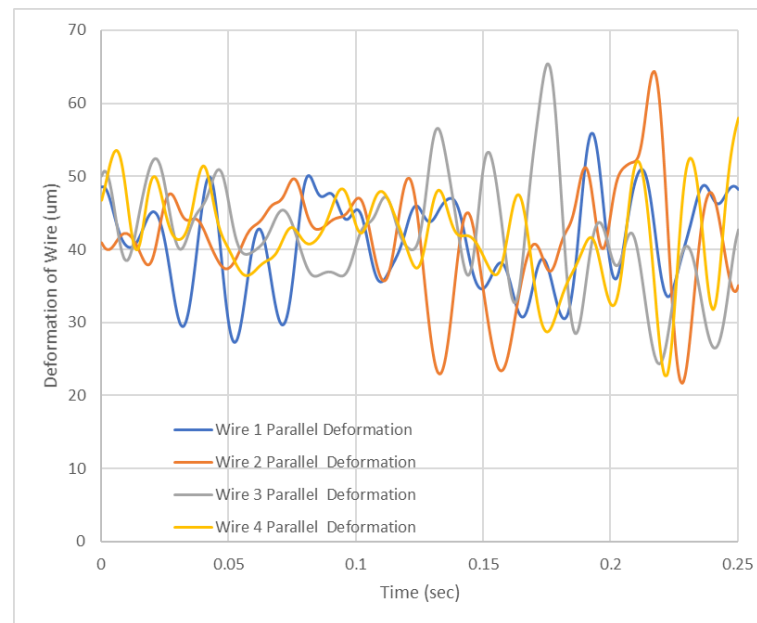


Wire Deformation, 4 Wires

Normal to Flow



Parallel to Flow



CFD Summary

- Tom's talk showed evidence of coherent motion
 - Would be useful to quantify and feed back to Erik to better understand this phenomenon
- $F_{\text{vortex}} = 58 \text{ Hz @ } V = 70 \text{ mm/s}$
- $f \propto V$ so more realistic limit on resonance is 29 Hz @ 35 mm/s
- Erik mentions possibly adding more pumps, possibly increasing velocity

Summary

- Lot of affects, no one of which stands out
- In all cases, the relevant term is T/L^2
Short wire tension can be lower than long wire
- Higher tension \rightarrow more risk of breaking especially for short wires
- But $T_{\min} \propto L^2$ seems unnecessarily complicated
 - Winding data looks constant tension above 150mm, \sim linear below 150mm

Proposal

$$T_{\min} < T < 8.5\text{N}$$

$$T_{\min} = \begin{cases} 4\text{ N for } L \geq 150\text{mm} \\ \frac{4\text{N}}{150\text{mm}}L \text{ for } L < 150\text{mm} \end{cases}$$