

# Massively Multiplexed Dark Matter Searches with Integrated Photonics

---

Ryan Janish

(Fermilab)

[Nikita Blinov, Christina Gao, Roni Harnik, RJ, Neil Sinclair, *2401.17260*]

# E Pluribus Unum

---

DM Power from many resonators:  $P \sim \frac{Q}{m} J_{\text{dm}}^2 |\eta|^2 V N$

# E Pluribus Unum

---

DM Power from many resonators:  $P \sim \frac{Q}{m} J_{\text{dm}}^2 |\eta|^2 V N$

RF multi-cavity searches ( $m \lesssim 35 \mu\text{eV}$ )

ADMX-G2

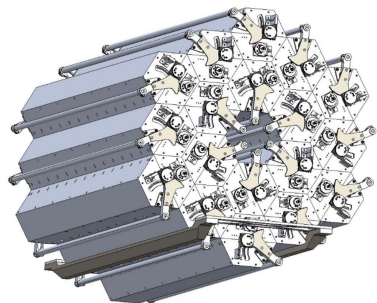
4 cavity array



[Adams et al 2203.14923]

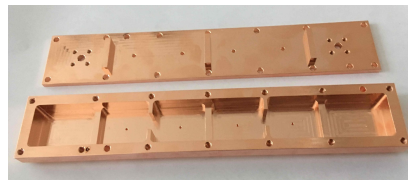
ADMX-EFR

18 cavity array



RADES

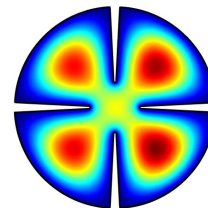
Linear multicell



[Melcon et al 2002.07639]

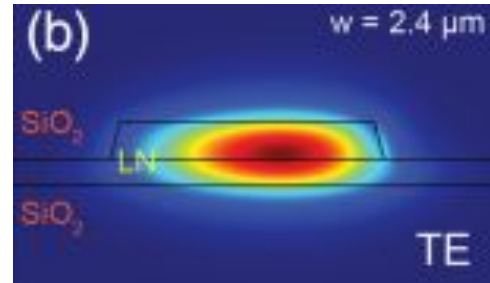
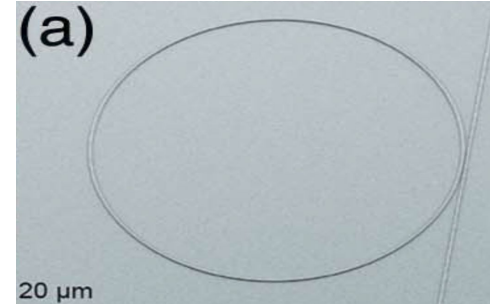
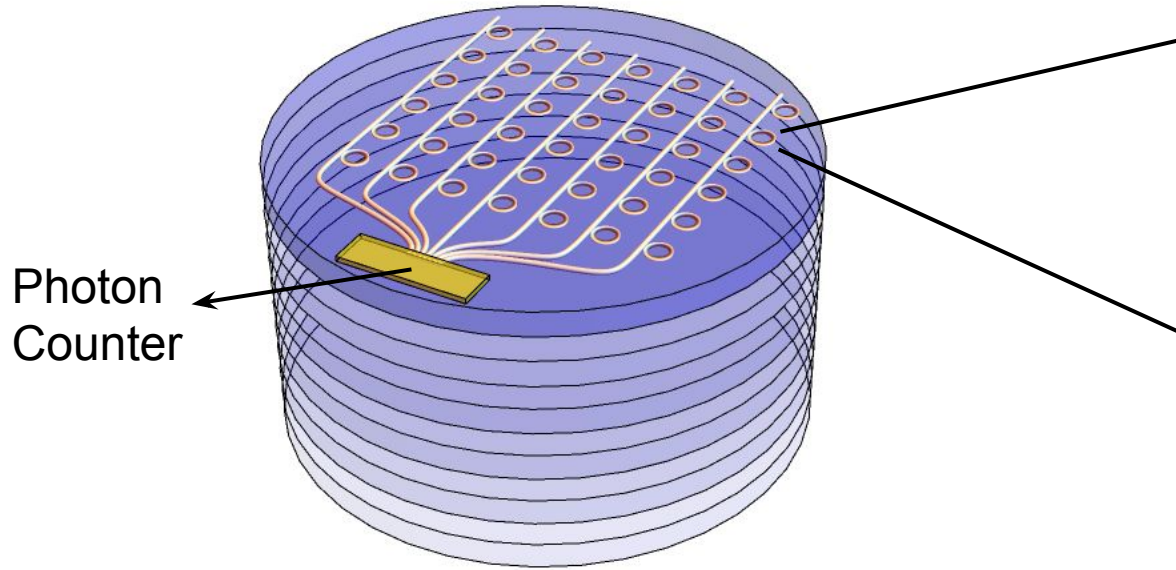
CAPP Pizza

Radial multicell



[Jeong et al 2205.01319]

# Photonic Micro-resonator Arrays



Area-limited, 10 cm x 10 cm array:

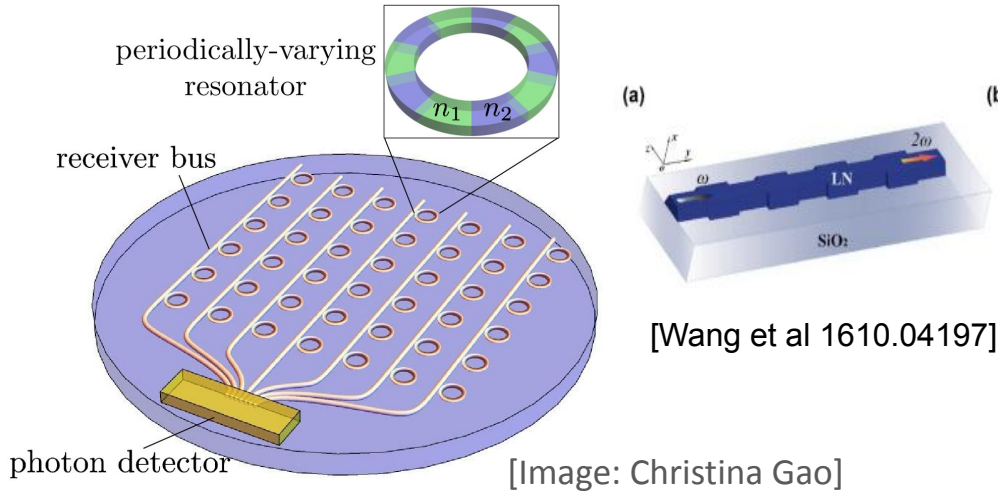
$$N \sim \left( \frac{10 \text{ cm}}{100 \mu\text{m}} \right)^2 \sim 10^6$$

[Zhang et al 1712.04479]

# Phase Matching

or Momentum Conservation or Mode Overlap or ...

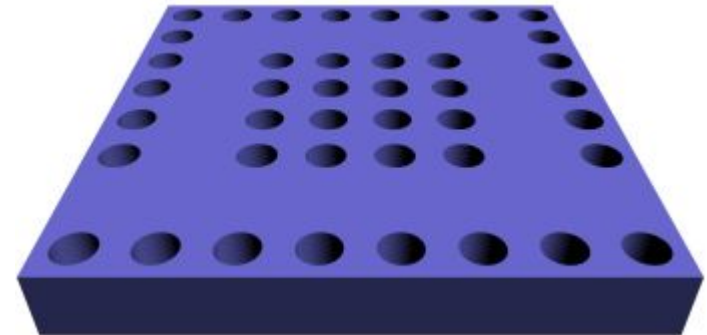
## Periodic microring



$$|\eta| \sim 0.1$$

## Photonic crystal resonator

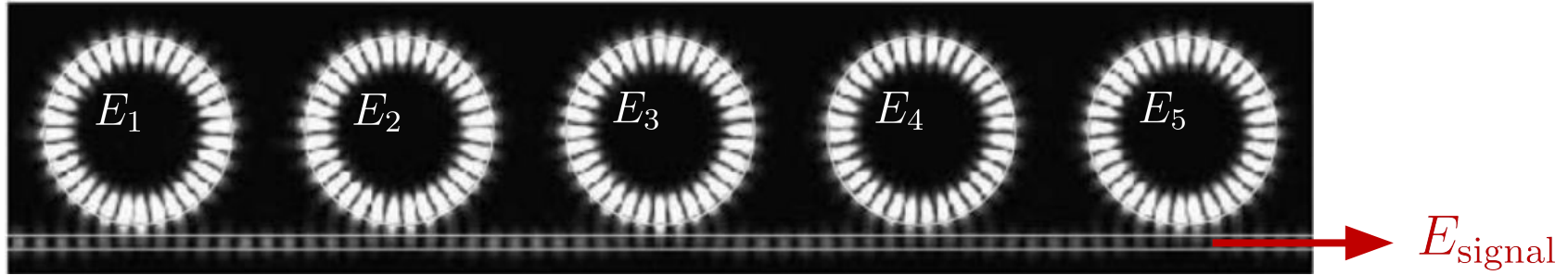
[Fan and Joannopoulos, 2002]



$$|\eta| \sim 0.01$$

# Power Combining

---



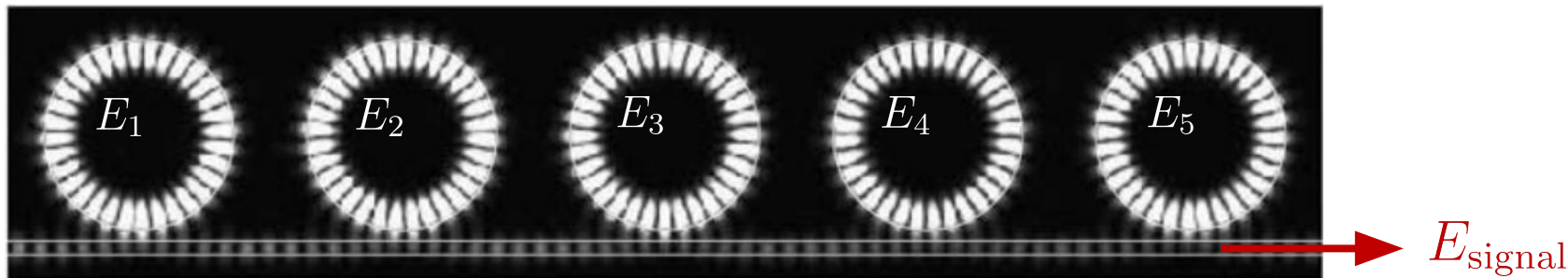
[Heebner et al, '08]

$$P_{\text{signal}} \leq NP_0$$

$$P_0 = \frac{Q}{m} J_{\text{dm}}^2 |\eta|^2 V$$

# Power Combining

---



[Heebner et al, '08]

$$P_{\text{signal}} \leq NP_0$$

$$P_0 = \frac{Q}{m} J_{\text{dm}}^2 |\eta|^2 V \quad \Rightarrow$$

Individual resonator:

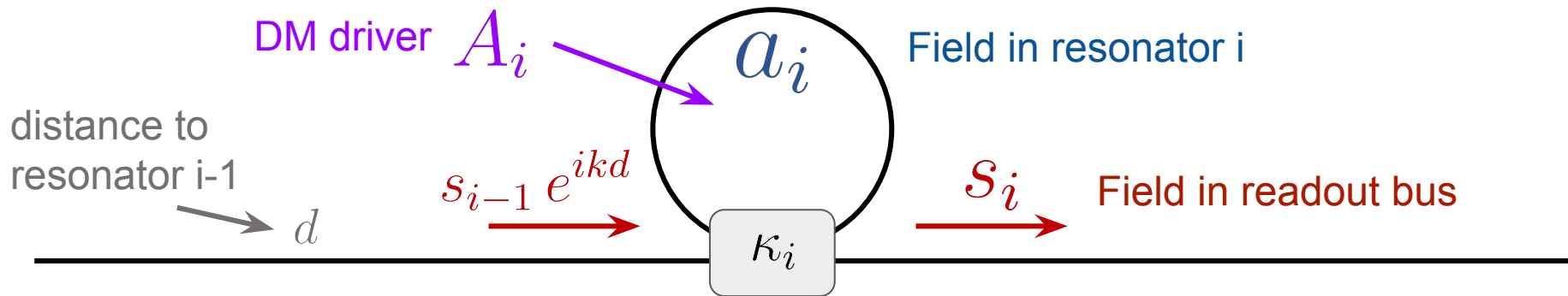
$$P_{\text{drive}} \sim EJ_{\text{dm}}V$$

$$P_{\text{loss}} \sim |E|^2 V \frac{\omega}{Q}$$

$$P_{\text{out}} \leq P_0$$

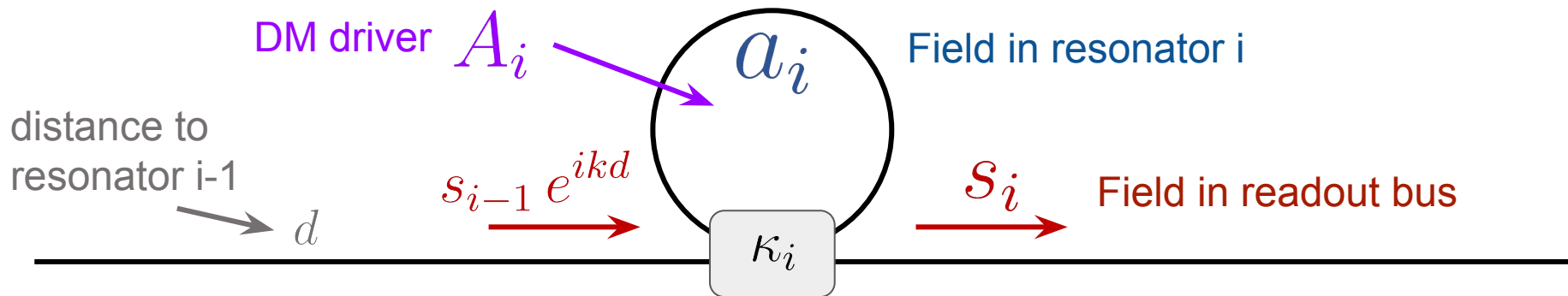
# Coupled Mode Theory with DM

---





# Coupled Mode Theory with DM



$$\dot{a}_i = \left( i\omega_i - \frac{\omega_i}{2Q_i} - \frac{1}{2}|\kappa_i|^2 \right) a_i - \kappa_i^* s_{i-1} e^{ikd} + A_i$$

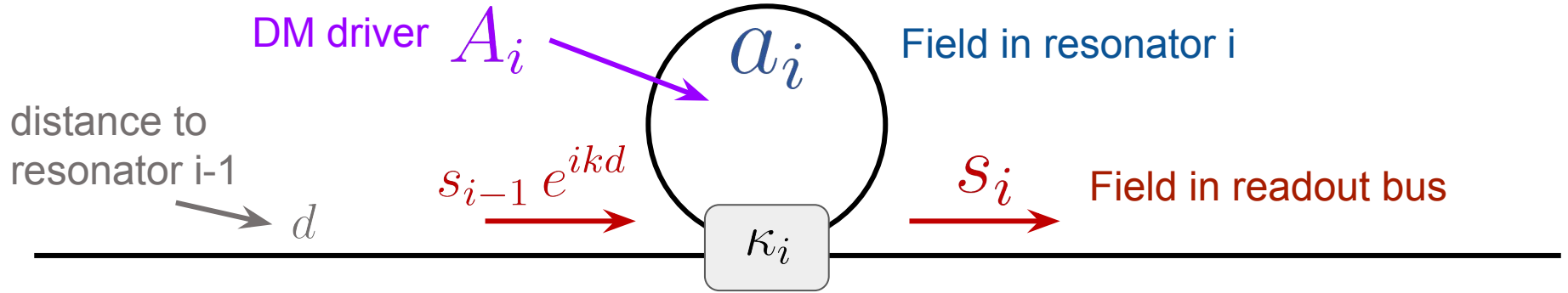
Resonance

Loaded quality factor

Driven by readout bus and DM

from Maxwell:  $A_i = -\frac{\omega}{2\omega_i} J_{\text{dm}}^2 \eta_i$

# Coupled Mode Theory with DM



$$\dot{a}_i = \left( i\omega_i - \frac{\omega_i}{2Q_i} - \frac{1}{2} |\kappa_i|^2 \right) a_i - \kappa_i^* s_{i-1} e^{ikd} + A_i$$

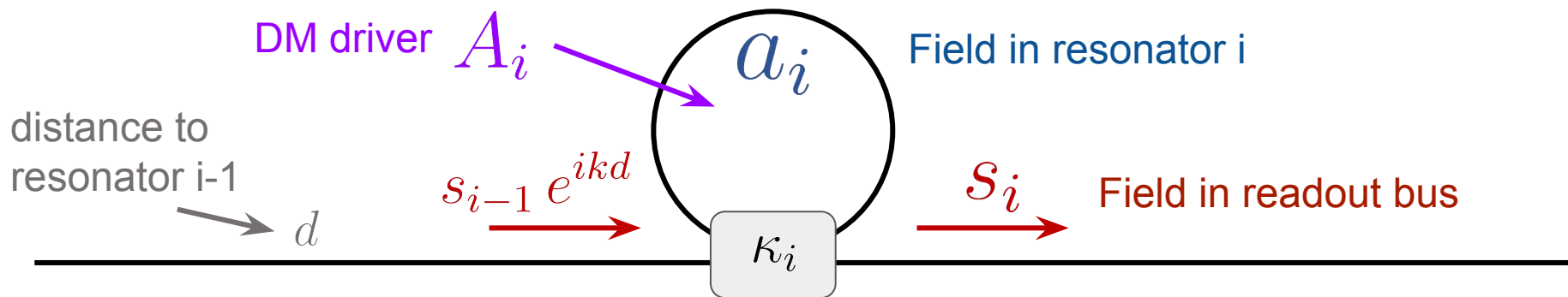
$$s_i = s_{i-1} e^{ikd} + \kappa_i a_i$$

Outgoing bus field

Incident bus field

Input from resonator

# Coupled Mode Theory with DM

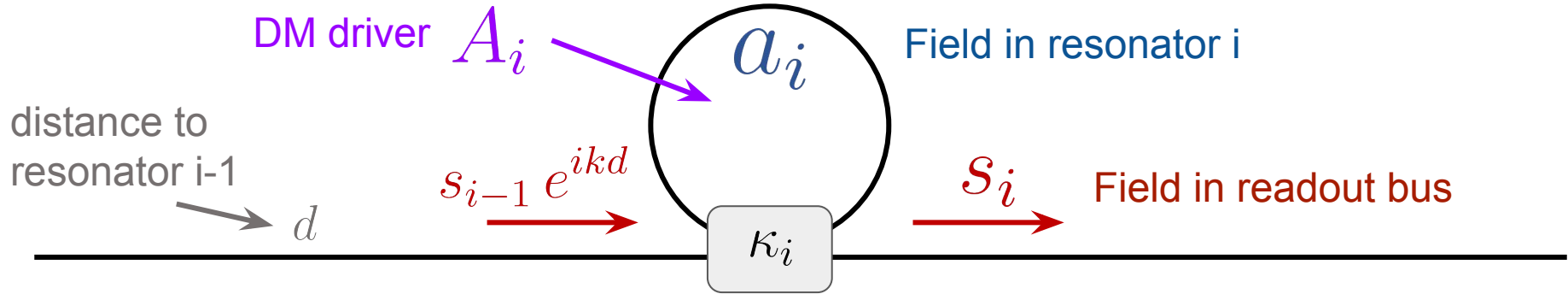


$$\dot{a}_i = \left( i\omega_i - \frac{\omega_i}{2Q_i} - \frac{1}{2}|\kappa_i|^2 \right) a_i - \kappa_i^* s_{i-1} e^{ikd} + A_i$$

$$s_i = s_{i-1} e^{ikd} + \kappa_i a_i$$

$$s_0 = 0 \quad P_{\text{sig}} = |s_N|^2$$

# Coupled Mode Theory with DM

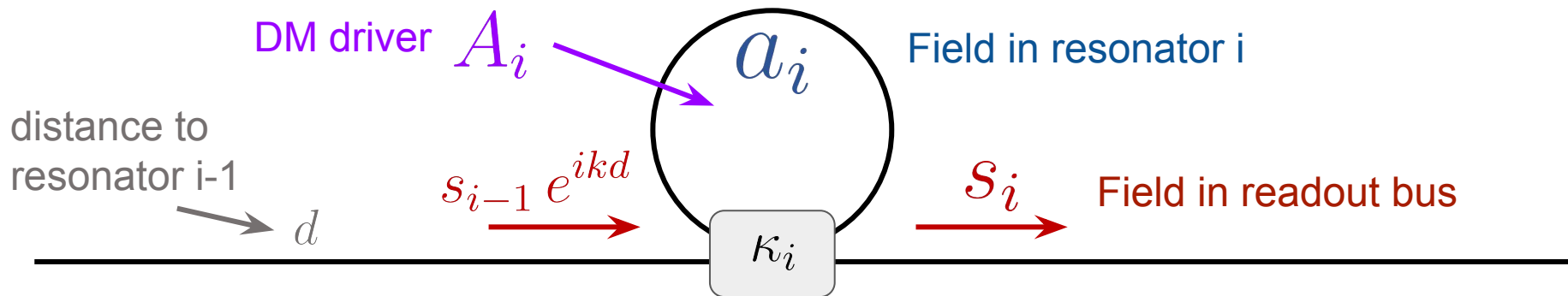


$$s_i = s_{i-1} e^{ikd} + \kappa_i a_i$$

Bus couples to *one* of  $N$  normal modes of the chain of resonators

$$s_n = \sum \kappa_i e^{ikz_i} a_i = \langle b|a \rangle$$

# Coupled Mode Theory with DM



$$s_i = s_{i-1} e^{ikd} + \kappa_i a_i$$

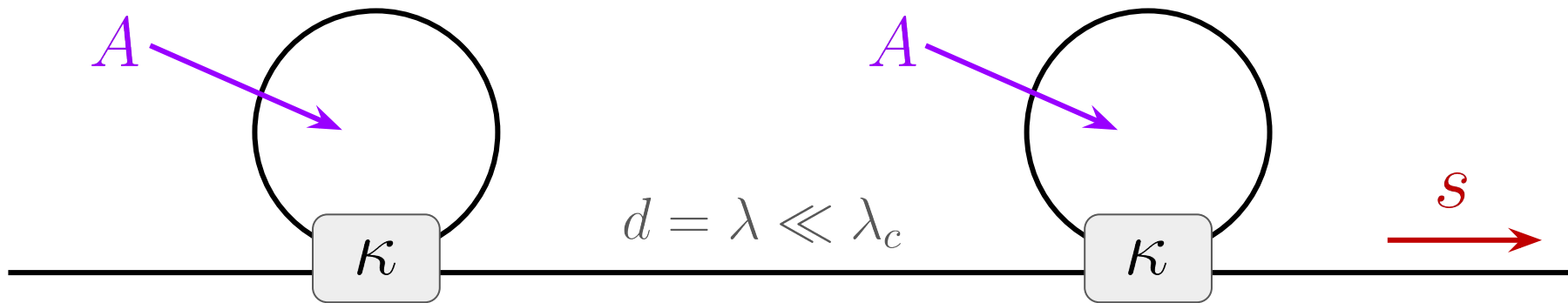
Bus couples to *one* of  $N$  normal modes of the chain of resonators

$$s_n = \sum \kappa_i e^{ikz_i} a_i = \langle b | a \rangle$$

$$|b\rangle = (\underbrace{\kappa_1^* e^{-ikz_1}, \kappa_2^* e^{-ikz_2}, \dots}_{\text{Readout mode}}) \quad |a\rangle = (a_1, a_2, \dots) \quad \text{Resonator state}$$

# DM Coherence

---

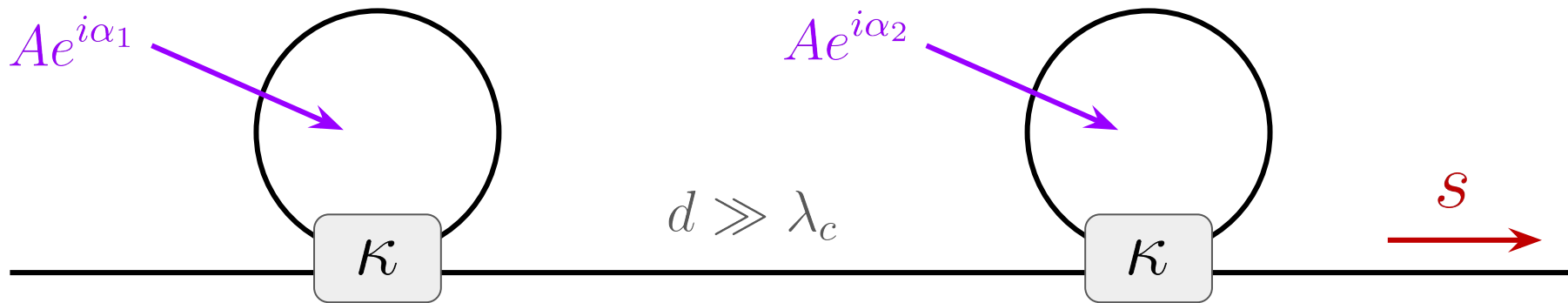


$$|\text{readout}\rangle \propto |a\rangle \quad |\langle \text{readout} | a \rangle|^2 \sim N^2 \kappa^2 |a|^2$$

$$P_{\text{signal}} \sim NP_0$$

# DM Coherence

---



$$|\text{readout}\rangle \not\propto |a\rangle \quad \longrightarrow \quad \left| \frac{\langle \text{readout} | a \rangle_{\text{incoherent}}}{\langle \text{readout} | a \rangle_{\text{coherent}}} \right|^2 \sim \frac{1}{N}$$

$$P_{\text{signal}} \sim P_0$$

# Multimode Readout

---

For incoherently driven resonators:

$$\sum_{\text{normal modes}} P_n = NP_0$$

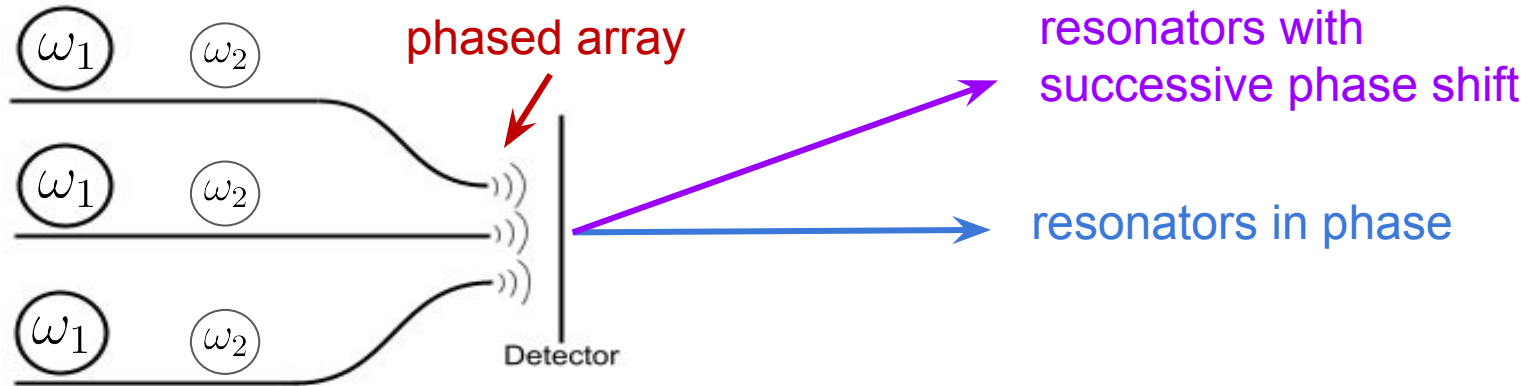


# Multimode Readout

For incoherently driven resonators:

$$\sum_{\text{normal modes}} P_n = NP_0$$

Spatial combining

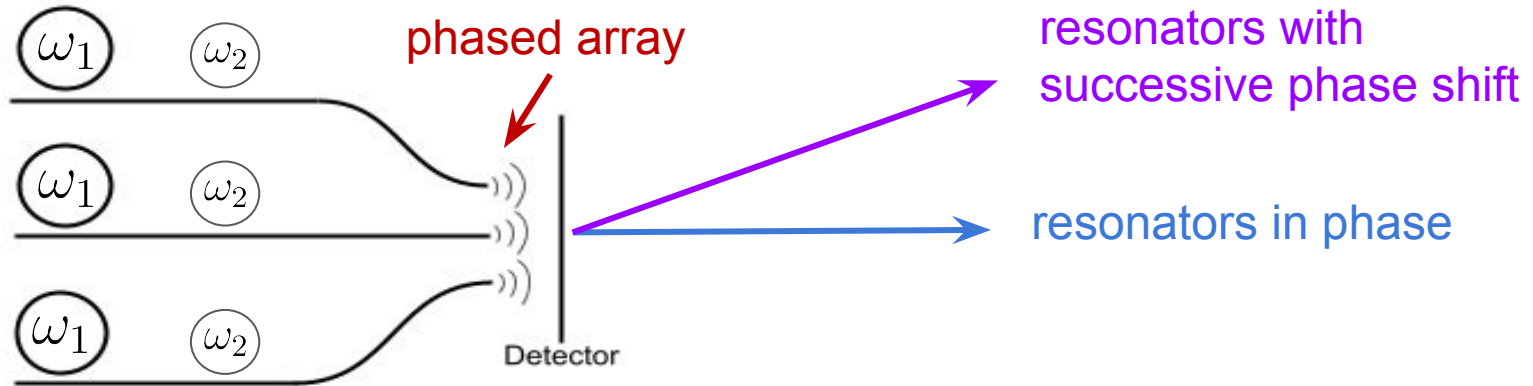


# Multimode Readout

For incoherently driven resonators:

$$\sum_{\text{normal modes}} P_n = NP_0$$

## Spatial combining



## Other techniques

- Frequency modulation
- Nontrivial waveguide dispersion
- Frequency-dependent coupling phases

# Detectors

---

Dark count per detection area (SNSPD or Skipper CCD):

$$\frac{\Gamma_{\text{dc}}}{A} \approx \frac{4 \cdot 10^{-4}}{\text{sec cm}^2}$$

Required detector size for phased array readout:

$$A \approx \frac{N_r}{N_c N_\omega} \left( \frac{2\pi}{\omega} \right) \approx 40 \text{ cm}^2 \left( \frac{N_r}{10^9} \right) \left( \frac{100}{N_\omega} \right) \left( \frac{100}{N_c} \right)$$

Common frequency resonators per bus

↑

↓                      ↓

Total number of resonators                      Distinct frequencies per bus

# Scan Strategy

---

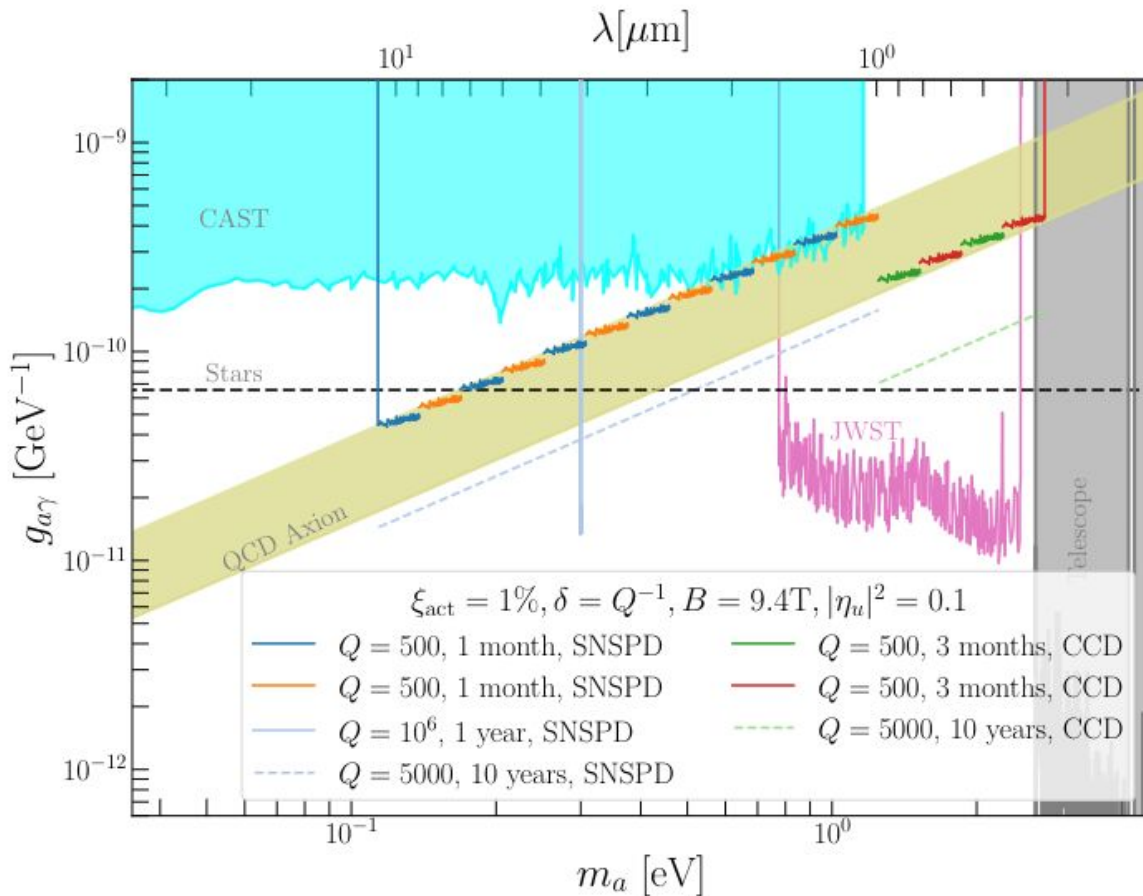
$$\text{SNR} = \frac{\Gamma_{\text{sig}} t_{\text{int}}}{\text{Max} [1, \Gamma_{\text{bkg}} t_{\text{int}}]^{1/2}}$$

Cover 0.1 eV to 2 eV in one year:

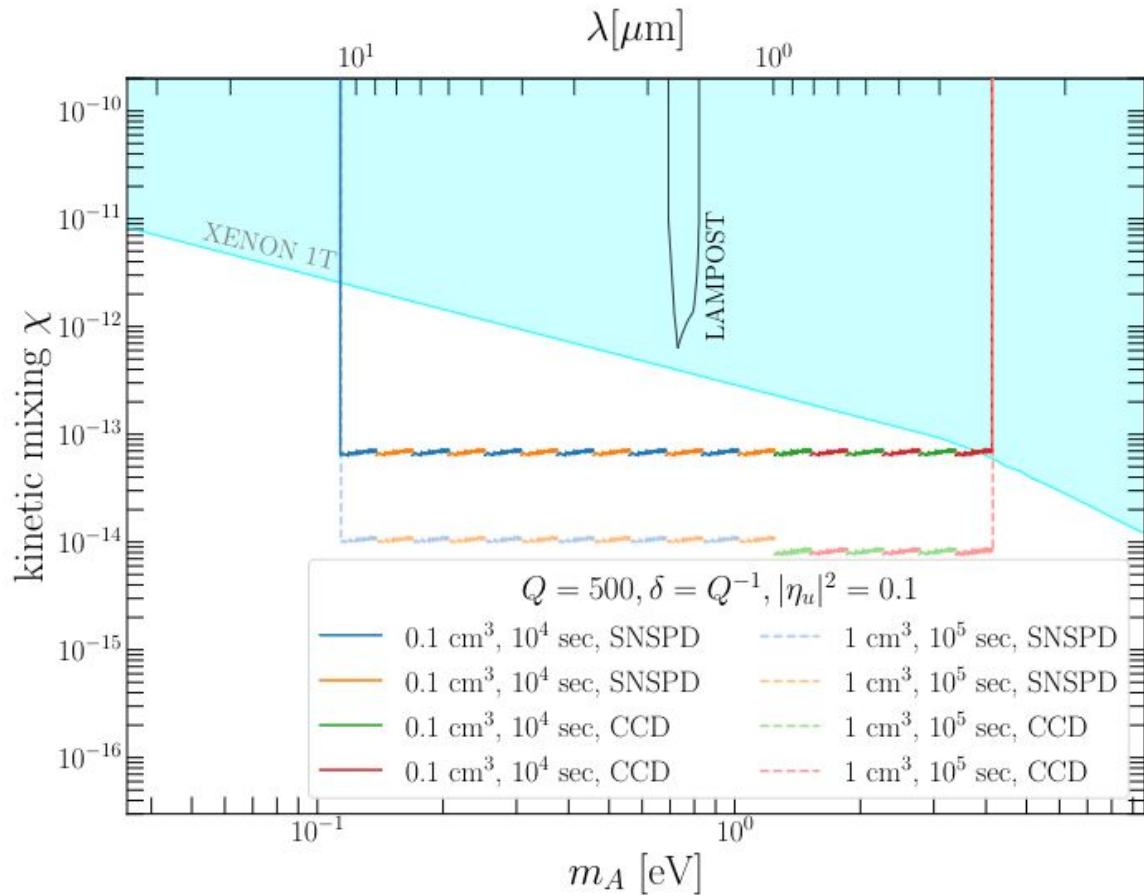
$$\left(\frac{\Delta m}{m}\right)_{\text{run}} \approx 0.2 \left(\frac{500}{Q}\right) \left(\frac{N_{\omega}}{100}\right)$$

$$N_{\text{runs}} \approx \frac{Q}{N_{\omega}} \ln \left(\frac{\omega_1}{\omega_2}\right) \approx 16 \left(\frac{Q}{500}\right) \left(\frac{100}{N_{\omega}}\right)$$

# ALP DM Detection Reach



# Dark Photon DM Detection Reach



# Conclusions

---

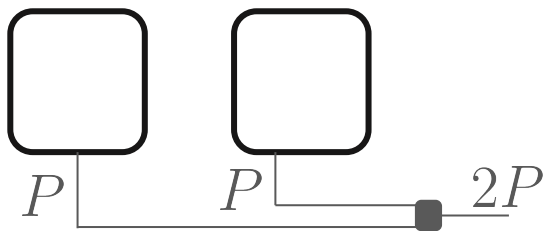
Integrated photonics is a rich platform for DM searches

Scalable, existing fabrication infrastructure, low loss, empirically characterizable, ultra-low dark count detection, tunable search strategies

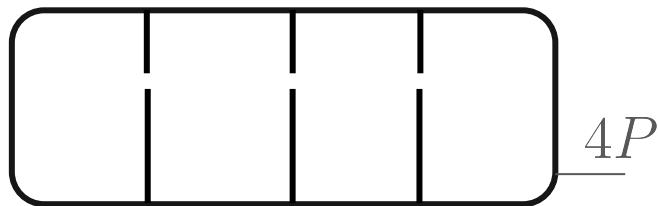
More detailed design and development work to be done (e.g., incoherent power combining strategies)

# Resonant Cavity Detection for Large DM Mass

## Multicell or Multiple Cavities



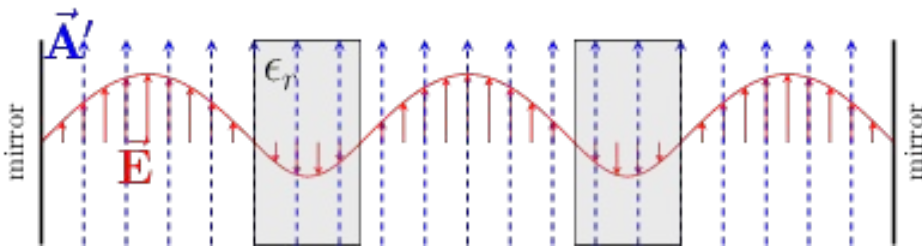
(ADMX-4) [Yang et al, 2020]



[Jeong et al, 1710.06969]

(RADES) [Melcon et al, 1803.01243]

## Phase-matched excited modes



(ADMX-Orpheus) [Cervantes et al, 2204.09475]

(MADMAX) [Majorovits et al, 1712.01062]

(LAMPOST) [Chiles et al, 2110.01582]

$$\int d^3x \hat{E} \cdot \vec{J}_{\text{dm}} \neq 0$$



# Signal and Noise

---

$$\Gamma_1 = \frac{Q J_{\text{dm}}^2 V}{8\omega^2} |\eta|^2 \left( \frac{m^2/4Q}{(\omega - m)^2 + m^2/4Q^2} \right)$$

$$|\eta|^2 = \frac{\left| \int d^3x \hat{E} \cdot \hat{n} \right|^2}{V \int d^3x |\hat{E}|^2}$$

# Signal and Noise

---

Signal from one resonator:

$$\Gamma_{\text{dp}} \approx \frac{10^{-2}}{\text{sec}} \left( \frac{0.2\text{eV}}{m} \right)^2 \left( \frac{\epsilon}{10^{-10}} \right)^2$$

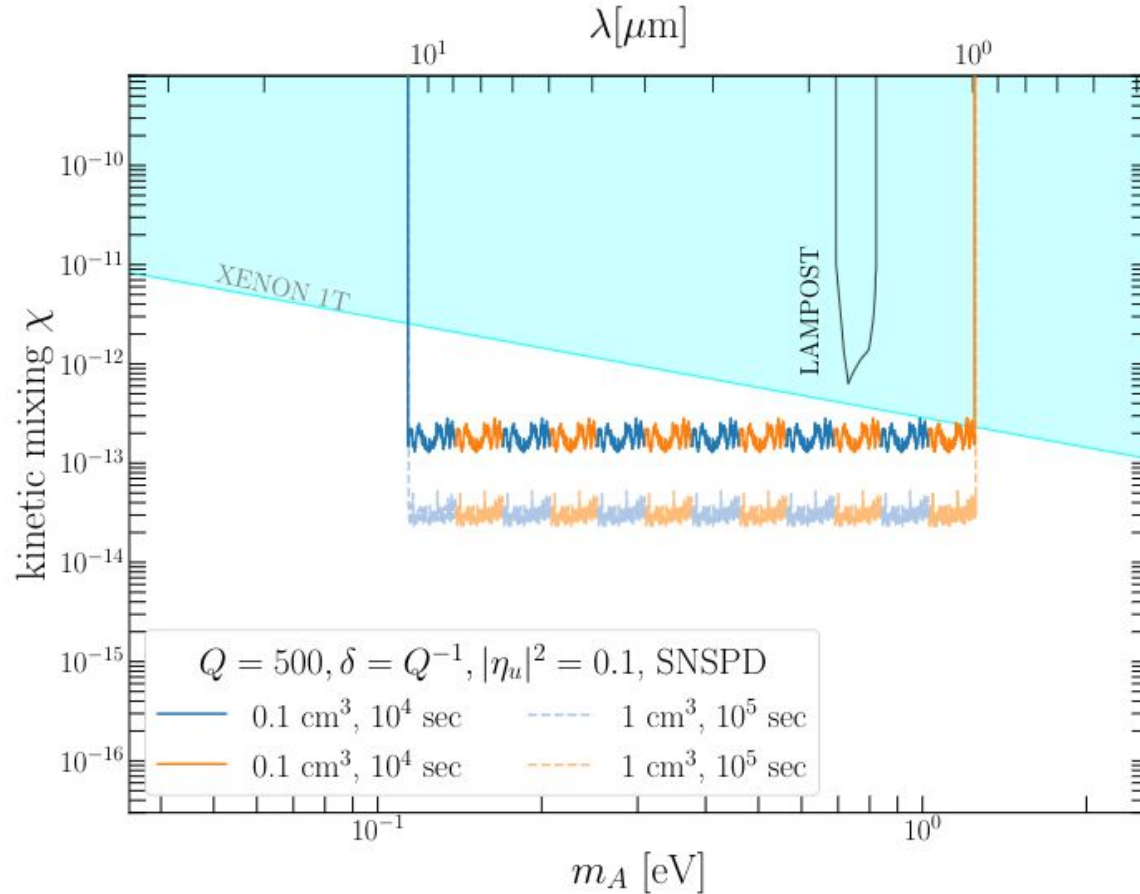
$$\Gamma_{\text{alp}} \approx \frac{10^{-11}}{\text{sec}} \left( \frac{0.2\text{eV}}{m} \right)^4 \left( \frac{g}{10^{-10}\text{GeV}^{-1}} \right)^2 \left( \frac{B}{9.4\text{T}} \right)^2$$

Assuming:

$$Q = 5 \cdot 10^3 \quad |\eta|^2 = 0.1$$

$$V = \left( \frac{\pi}{\omega} \right) \left( \frac{2\pi}{\omega} \cdot 100 \right) \times 10 \mu\text{m}$$

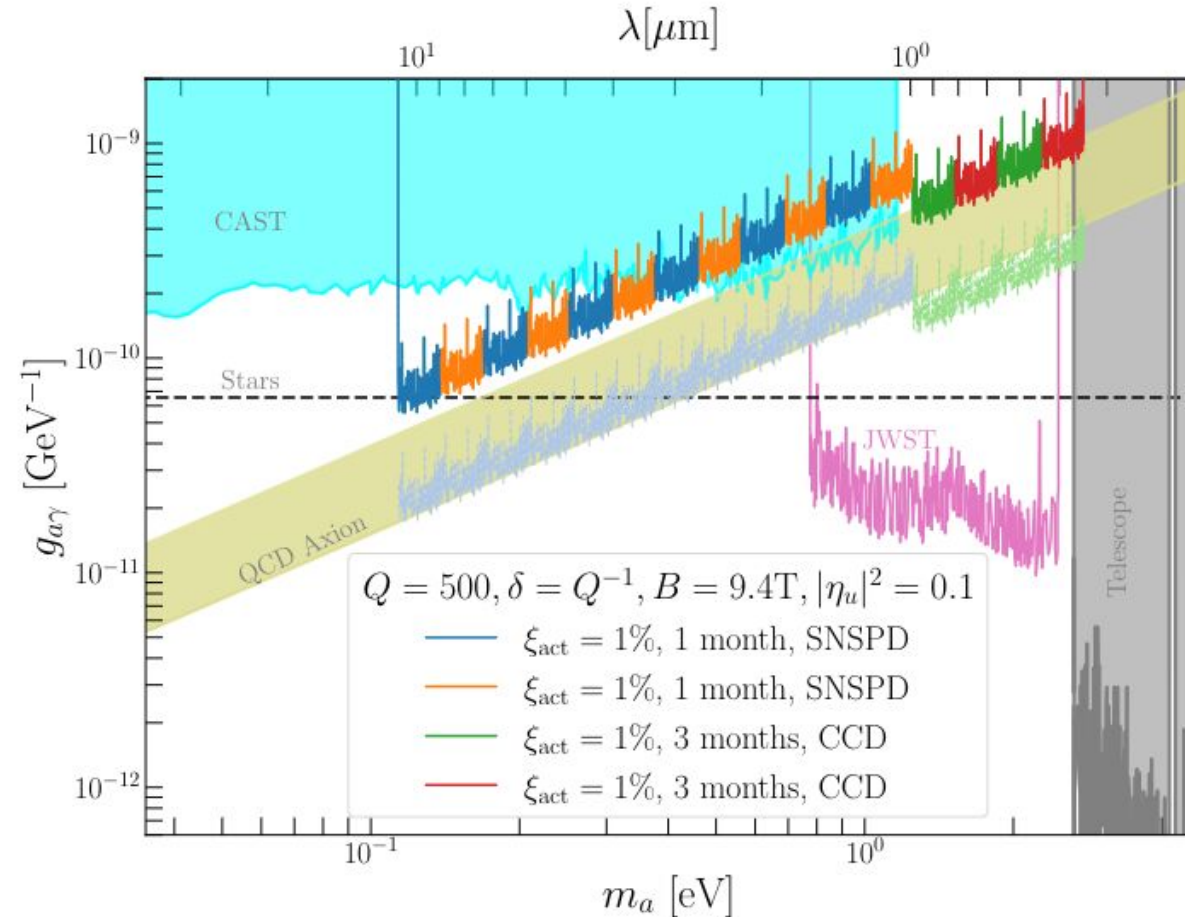
# Dark Photon DM Detection Reach



XENON1T  
[An et al 2006.13929]

LAMPOST  
[Chiles et al 2110.01582]

# Axion-like Particle DM Detection Reach



CAST  
[CAST 1705.02290]

JWST  
[Janish and Pinetti  
2310.15395]

Telescope  
[Grin et al 0611502]  
[Todarello et al 2307.07403]

Stars  
[Dolan et al 2207.03102]