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# STS Pulsed Dipole Engineering Design Review Mechanical Design

Sergey Cheban, PhD 04-16-24

#### **OUTLINE**

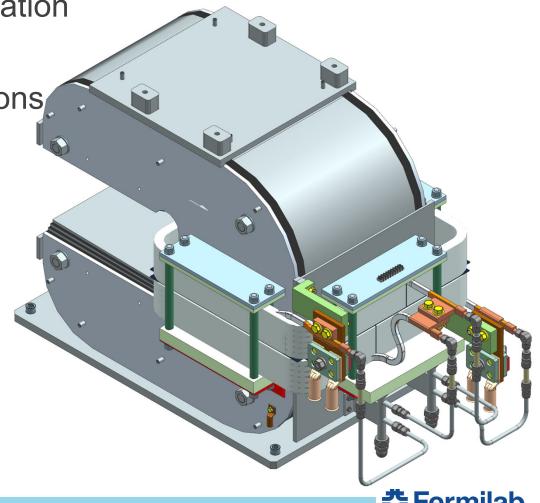
Mechanical Design

Compliance with Specification

Tooling & Handling

Previous Recommendations

Summary



#### **COMPLIANCE WITH SPECIFICATION**

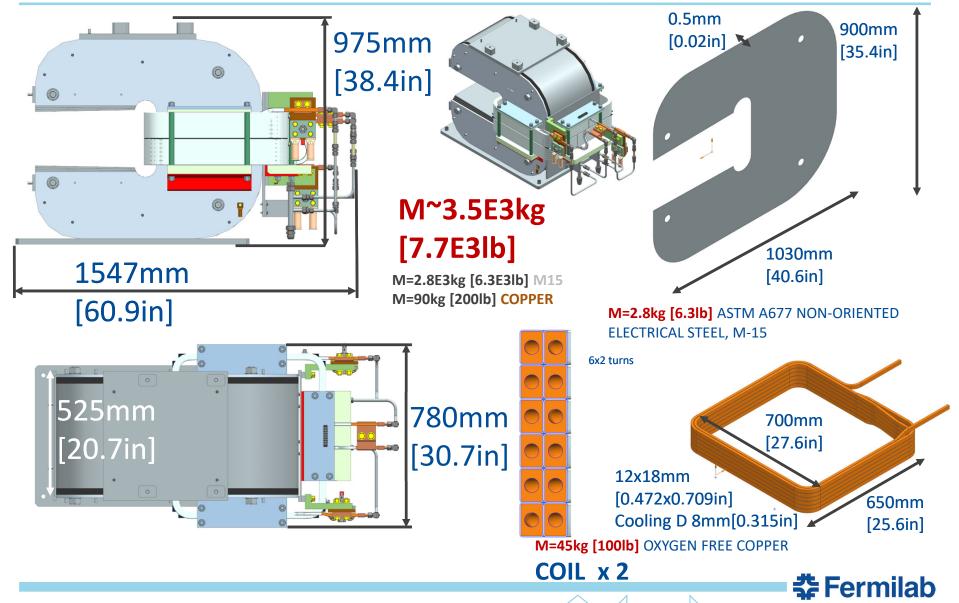
DOCUMENT NUMBER - REV	DISCIPLINE	TYPE
S02040000-SRD10000 - 1	Systems Requirement	Document
	Document	
LEGACY DOCUMENT NUMBER	PUBLISHED ON / REVISION / STATUS	
	02/09/2024 / 1 / Published	

Table 1	Evtr	action Magnet Common Requirements
ID	Slide#	Requirement
S02.04-R002	8	Max current density
S02.04-R004	9	Max temperature rise
S02.04-R005	9	Water flow velocity
S02.04-R006	9	Water pressure differential
S02.04-R007	10	Magnet temperature switch
S02.04-R008	10	Magnet temperature switch
S02.04-R009	10	Temperature switch trip point
S02.04-R010	11	Magnet water manifold
S02.04-R012	6	Magnet assembly design
S02.04-R014	13	External fiducials
S02.04-R015	9	Hydrostatic (water) test pressure
S02.04-R016	8	Insulation damage or breakdown
S02.04-R018	12	Terminal blocks or flags
S02.04-R020	14	Magnet support
S02.04-R021	13	Core shall be grounded
S02.04-R023	14	Interface for supporting the vacuum chamber
S02.04-R024	8, 15	Coil from a single length of conductor.
S02.04-R025	8, 15	Specification for Radiation Resistant Fiberglass/Epoxy
S02.04-R026	12	Magnet electrical mating surfaces
S02.04-R027	<u>11</u>	Magnet assembly wetted parts
S02.04-R028	11	Water connection ports
S02.04-R029	<u>11</u>	Water hoses
S02.04-R063	<u>5</u>	Transport loads.
S02.04-R064	<u>5</u>	WB-40 (or smaller) truck.
S02.04-R068	<u>16</u>	Lifting features

Table 2		Pulsed Dipole Requirements
ID	Slide#	Requirement
S02.04-R041	<u>5</u>	Envelope size
S02.04-R042	<u>7</u>	Magnet core aperture
S02.04-R043	<u>6</u>	Restrained to prevent coil motion
S02.04-R048	<u>12</u>	Radiation Safety Hold



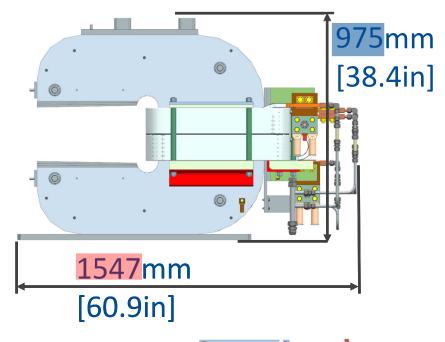
# PULSED DIPOLE MAGNET ASSEMBLY, ORNL STS



#### **PULSED DIPOLE MAGNET ASSEMBLY**

#### Table 2 Pulsed Dipole Requirements

ID	Requirement	Traceability
S02.04-R041	The Pulsed Dipole magnet assembly shall fit into a volume such that $X \le 1.55$ . $Y \le 1.00$ , $Z \le 0.80$ meters.  Discussion: To avoid having to move any magnets in the RTBT. $X$ is width, $Y$ is height, and $Z$ is along beam axis.	S02-R007
S02.04-R063	Extraction magnet assembly packaging shall be designed to protect the magnet from damage due to transport loads.	Design requirement
S02.04-R064	Extraction magnet assemblies shall be transportable in a WB-40 (or smaller) truck. Discussion: The STS access road design basis is a WB-40 truck.	Design requirement



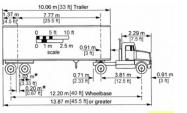


Figure 6. Dimensions of intermediate semitrailer (WB-12 [WB-40]) design vehicle in current Green Book (1).

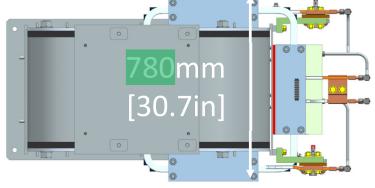
M~3.5E3kg

[7.7E3lb]





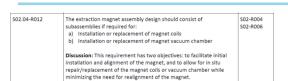
TYPICAL CARGO MAXIMUMS		
Cargo Width	98" - 100"	
Cargo Height	95"	
Cargo Weight	22,000 lbs	
Pallet Count	14	

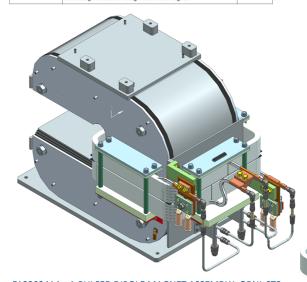






#### **MAGNET ASSEMBLY**





F10203414--;1-PULSED DIPOLE MAGNET ASSEMBLY, ORNL STS

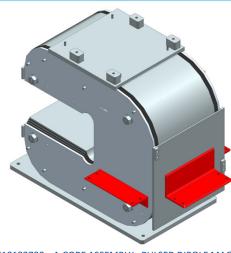
The Pulsed Dipole magnet coil shall be restrained to prevent coil Discussion: Intent is to minimize opportunity for coils to develop a



**ORNL STS** 



F10187024--;1-ASSEMBLY, SIDE COIL F10189029--;1-ASSEMBLY, LEAD SIDE COIL F10189375--;1-MANIFOLD SUPPORT, PULSED DIPOLE MAGNET, SUPPORT, PULSED DIPOLE MAGNET, ORNL WELDMENT, PULSED



F10182790--;1-CORE ASSEMBLY, PULSED DIPOLE MAGNET, ORNL STS



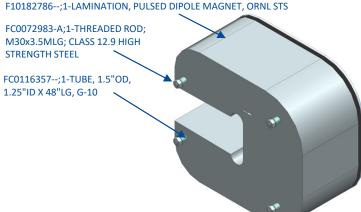
F10182796--;1-COIL ASSEMBLY, UPPER, PULSED DIPOLE MAGNET, ORNL STS F10182797--;1-COIL ASSEMBLY, LOWER, PULSED DIPOLE MAGNET, ORNL STS



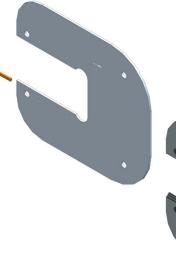
**DIPOLE MAGNET, ORNL STS** 



F10189375--;1-MANIFOLD WELDMENT, PULSED DIPOLE MAGNET, ORNL STS



F10196517--;1-END PLATE, RH, CORE ASSEMBLY, PULSED **DIPOLE MAGNET, ORNL STS** 



F10183600--;1-END PACK, RH, **CORE ASSEMBLY, PULSED DIPOLE MAGNET, ORNL STS** 







#### **CORE ASSEMBLY**

#### Table 2 Pulsed Dipole Requirements

S02.04-R042	The Pulsed Dipole magnet core shall have a vertical aperture $\geq$ 24.73 cm (9.74 in) and a horizontal aperture $\geq$ 42.5 cm (16.7 in) and $\leq$ 50 cm (19.7 in).	S02-R006 S02-R007 S02-R009
	Discussion: The vertical aperture must accommodate a vacuum chamber with a max OD of 241.3 + 3 mm of clearance on the radius = 247.3 mm. The preferred method of installing the vacuum chamber is sliding it in from the side. The horizontal aperture must accommodate that same chamber offset by 28 mm toward the coil. Each coil, with insulation, will be 30mm x 118 mm. The gap between the core and the surface of the insulation will be 30mm.	

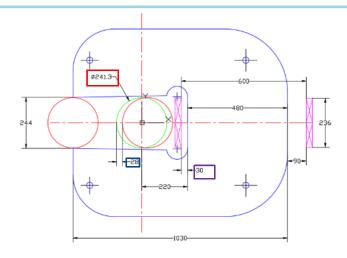
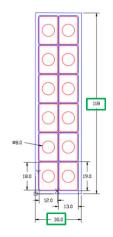


Fig. 5. Beampipe in the center (green), shifted 28 mm to the coil and at the pole edge (red).



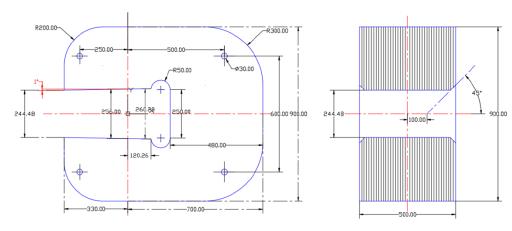
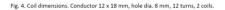


Fig. 2. Magnet core dimensions.





#### COIL

- Two identical coils (rotated 180). Leads are different
- Turn electrical insulation 0.5mm. Coil ground insulation 2mm

Water-cooled extraction magnet coils should be designed for a current | S02-R004 S02.04-R002 density < 450 Amps/cm<sup>2</sup>. The current density shall not exceed 1000 Amps/cm<sup>2</sup>. Discussion: Design Criteria Ring Magnet Systems [1] recommends a current density < 450 amps/cm<sup>2</sup> to reduce the resistive energy loss in the coils and keep the voltage drop across the magnets as low as possible. This will reduce the possibility of turn-to-turn shorts occurring in the coil should the insulation be damaged by radiation. The low current density will also reduce the resistive heat loss in the magnet system.

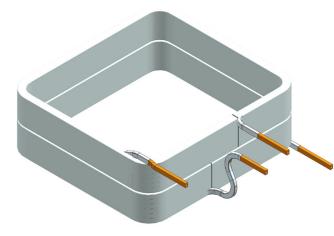
I [A]	S [mm^2]	I/S [A/m^2]	I/S [A/cm	^2]
660	1.65E-04	4.00E+06		400
1606	1.65E-04	9.73E+06		973

S02.04-R024	Each extraction magnet coil shall be made from a single length of conductor.	S02-R004
	<b>Discussion:</b> This is to avoid splices inside the coil.	
S02.04-R025	The water-cooled extraction magnet coils shall meet the requirements of Specification for Radiation Resistant Fiberglass/Epoxy Insulated Magnet Coils [4].	S02-R004
	Discussion: This includes silver plating, hydrostatic test to 300 psi, turn-to-turn insulation test.	

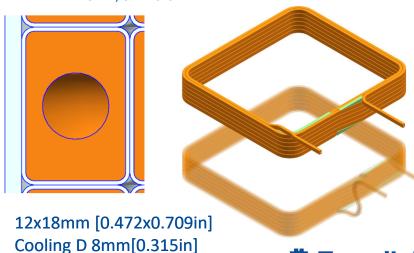
4. 105030100-TS0001-R0, Specification for Radiation Resistant Fiberglass/Epoxy Insulated Magnet Coils

S02.04-R016	Unless otherwise stated, the assembled extraction magnet shall	S02-R004
	withstand 1000 V DC for one minute between the coil leads and the	
	magnet core without evidence of insulation damage or breakdown, or	
	leakage current > 5 μA.	
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F10182796--;1-COIL ASSEMBLY, UPPER, PULSED DIPOLE MAGNET, ORNL STS



F10182797--;1-COIL ASSEMBLY, LOWER, PULSED DIPOLE MAGNET, ORNL STS



6x2 turns

**# Fermilab** 

#### **COOLING PARAMETRS**

#### Table 1 Extraction Magnet Common Requirements

ID	Requirement	Traceability
S02.04-R004	Water-cooled extraction magnet coils should be designed to have a temperature rise < 20° C (36° F) at the maximum power supply current with an inlet water temperature between 29.4° C (85° F) and 35.0° C (95° F).  Discussion: Desired maximum temperature rise is 11-14° C (20-25° F)	Design Requirement
S02.04-R005	Water-cooled extraction magnet coils should be designed for a water flow velocity < 2 m/s (6.56 ft/s). The water flow velocity shall not exceed 2.4 m/s (8 ft/s). Discussion: From Review of Cooling Water Chemistry at ORNL/SNS [2], "High local water velocities (> 2m/s) would cause accelerated dissolution of the oxide layer, possibly causing local material loss and increased copper transport. Also need to ensure that the water flow is moderately turbulent (2000 $\leq$ Re $\leq$ 100000)."	S02-R004
S02.04-R006	The cooling water pressure differential across the extraction magnets shall not exceed 60 psi (414 kPa) to meet requirement S02.04-R004.  Discussion: This is to support a Cooling Water System design pressure ≤ 150 psi. The desired pressure differential is between 30 and 50 psi.	Design Requirement
S02.04-R015	For water-cooled extraction magnets, the assembled magnet shall withstand 300 psig (2068 kPa) hydrostatic (water) test pressure for one hour without evidence of external leakage or internal pressure drop other than that resulting from a change in water temperature. Discussion: 300 psi is 2 x the max targeted water pressure in the SNS water system.	S02-R006

Parameter	Unit	Value
Average power losses	kW	3.371
Conductor dimensions (hole diameter)	mm	12 x 18 (8)
Water pressure drop (20 psi)	MPa	0.138
Total water flow	l/s	0.138
Water velocity	m/s	1.375
Water temperature rise at 2 water circuits	°C	6

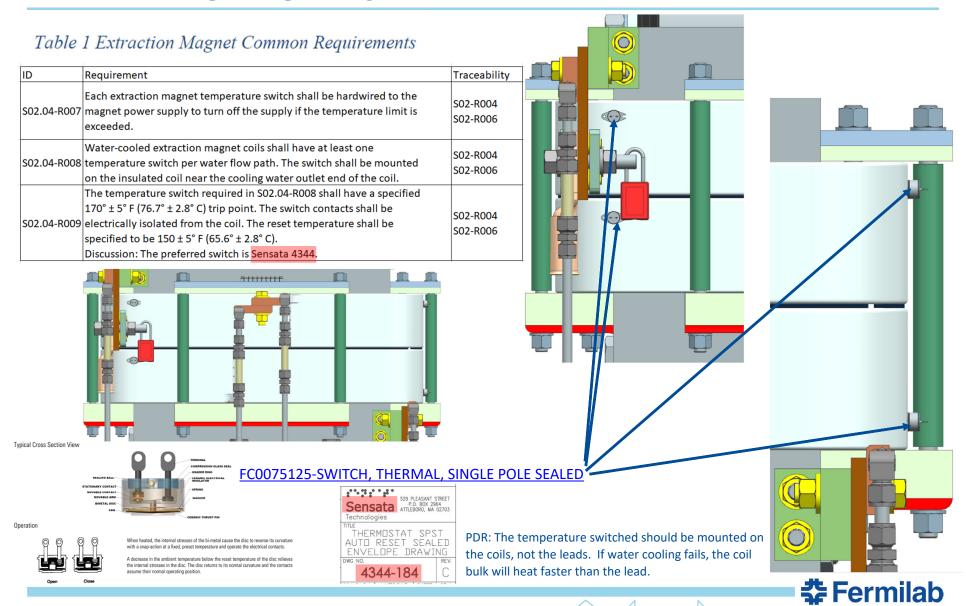






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#### **TEMPERATURE SWITCH**



#### **MANIFOLD ASSEMBLY**

Requirement	Traceability
All extraction magnet water manifold components shall be electrically grounded to the magnet core.	S02-R009
The extraction magnet assembly wetted parts shall be OFHC copper, stainless steel, ceramic, or approved hose material. Discussion: No aluminum or brass is allowed. OFHC copper and stainless steel are preferred. See Characterization of Particulate Material from Two Filters Associated with the SNS Cooling System [5], and Review of Cooling Water Chemistry at ORNL/SNS [2] for water quality discussions.	S02-R004
Extraction magnet water connection ports shall be compatible with female 37° flair JIC (SAE J514/ISO 8434-2) hose fittings, 1 – 1/16 - 12 thread size.  Discussion: Intent is to be compatible with Parker p/n 10656-12-12C hose fitting.	S02-R008
Extraction magnet water hoses shall be routed a minimum of 6" (15.2 cm) away from the magnet aperture. Discussion: Intent is to minimize radiation damage to hoses.	S02-R004
	All extraction magnet water manifold components shall be electrically grounded to the magnet core.  The extraction magnet assembly wetted parts shall be OFHC copper, stainless steel, ceramic, or approved hose material. Discussion: No aluminum or brass is allowed. OFHC copper and stainless steel are preferred. See Characterization of Particulate Material from Two Filters Associated with the SNS Cooling System [5], and Review of Cooling Water Chemistry at ORNL/SNS [2] for water quality discussions.  Extraction magnet water connection ports shall be compatible with female 37° flair JIC (SAE J514/ISO 8434-2) hose fittings, 1 – 1/16 - 12 chread size.  Discussion: Intent is to be compatible with Parker p/n 10656-12-12C mose fitting.  Extraction magnet water hoses shall be routed a minimum of 6" (15.2 cm) away from the magnet aperture.

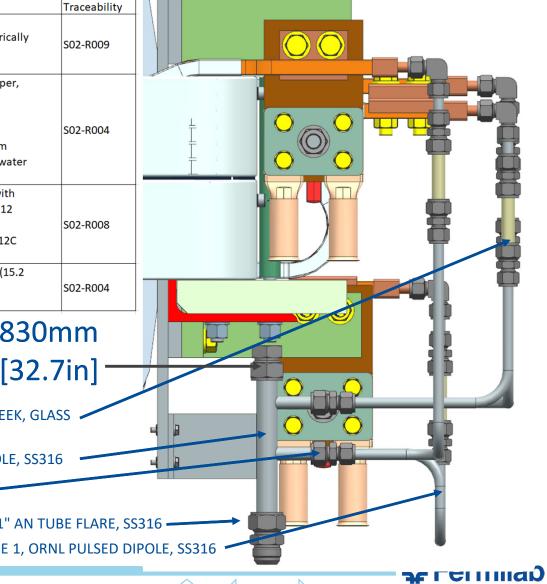
PDR: A concern is the proximity to each other of cooling tubes that have a potential difference between them. Recommend moving the PEEK insulating breaks to close to the electrical flags.

F10148644-INSULATOR, MANIFOLD, PPU MAGNETS, PEEK, GLASS FIBER FILLED

F10189376-MANIFOLD BODY, LEFT, ORNL PULSED DIPOLE, SS316

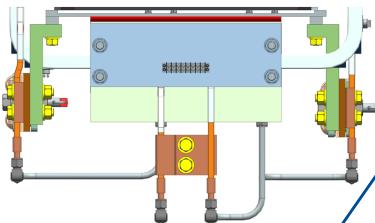
FC0075588-UNION, 1/2" OD TUBE, SS316

FC0075589-UNION, 1" TUBE OD X 1" AN TUBE FLARE, SS316 F10196280-TUBE 1, ORNL PULSED DIPOLE, SS316



#### **POWER FLAG ASSEMBLY**

ID	Requirement	Traceability
S02.04-R018	The extraction magnet assembly shall be designed with terminal blocks or flags to mate with cable termination lugs. Discussion: Intent is to conform to SNS standard connections.	S02-R008
	Extraction magnet electrical mating surfaces shall be plated with 0.0003" (7.6 µm) silver in accordance with ASTM B700-20. Discussion: To provide a corrosion-resistant joint. Barrel plating appears to be the most cost-effective method, so that should be considered in the design and procurement strategy.	S02-R004
	The Pulsed Dipole magnet assembly shall provide a Radiation Safety Hold (RS Hold) interface.  Discussion: Details TBD. The RS hold will impact the bussing connection to the magnet. This requirement addresses an interface defined in Interface Sheet for ICS PPS and Accelerator Pulsed Dipole Magnets [9].	S02-R009



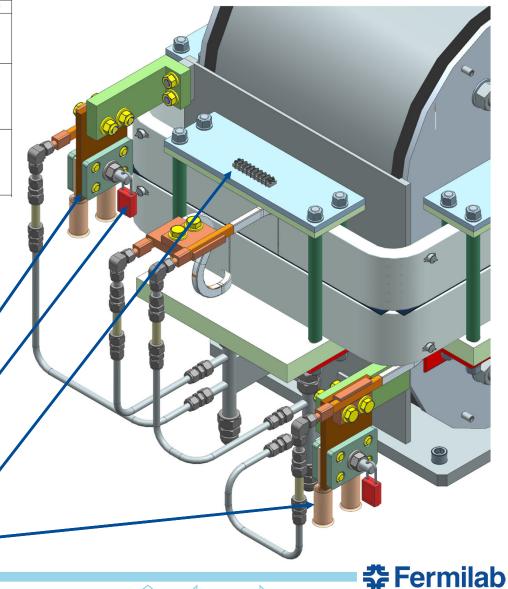
F10189414--;1-POWER FLAG PLATE, PULSED DIPOLE MAGNET, ORNL STS

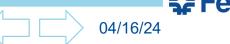
FC0105359-LOCKOUT PADLOCK, EXTRA CLEARANCE

FC0108568-TERMINAL BLOCK, 8 CIRCUIT, 300V AC/DC, 20A,

22-12 AWG

FC0094169-COMPRESSION LUG 2 HOLE, FLARED LONG BARREL



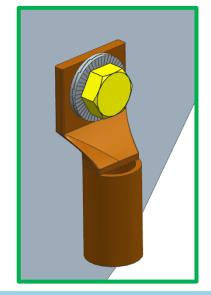


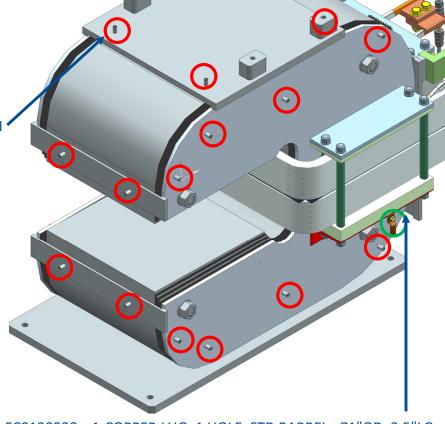
### **FIDUCIALS**

ID	Requirement	Traceability
S02.04-R014	The extraction magnet assembly shall have external fiducials capable	
	of supporting magnet alignment to 100-micron in x/y and 1-mrad yaw,	S02-R003
	pitch, and roll.	S02-R007
	Discussion: This requirement is relative to the SNS Coordinate System	
IS02.04-R021	The extraction magnet core shall be grounded to the tunnel ground	S02-R009
	system.	302-R009

FC0116360--;1-FIDUCIAL MONUMENT 0.5"ODx.838"LG, WELD ON 17-4SS







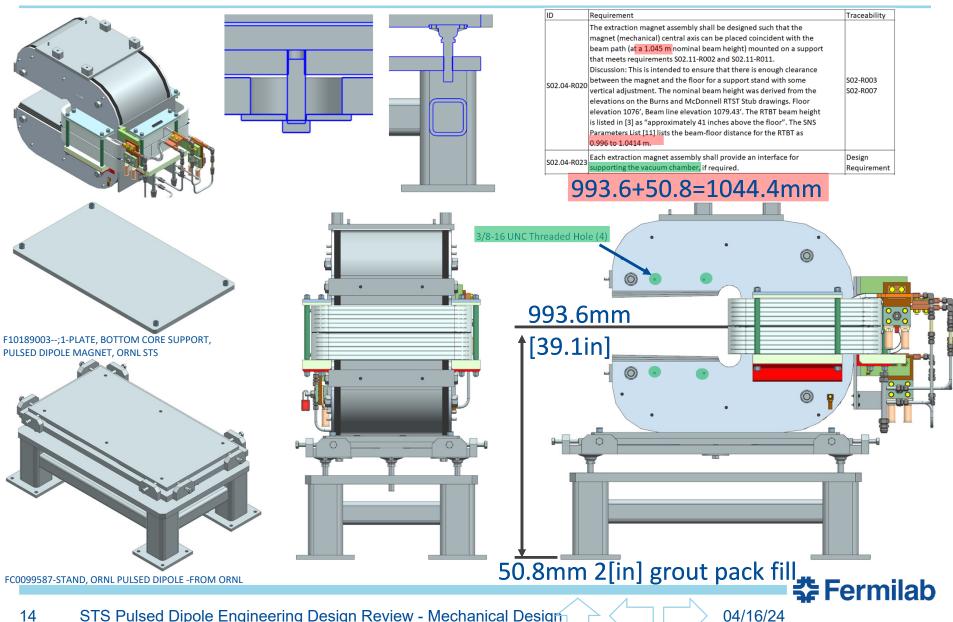
FC0120528--;1-COPPER LUG, 1 HOLE, STD BARREL, .71"OD, 2.5"LG



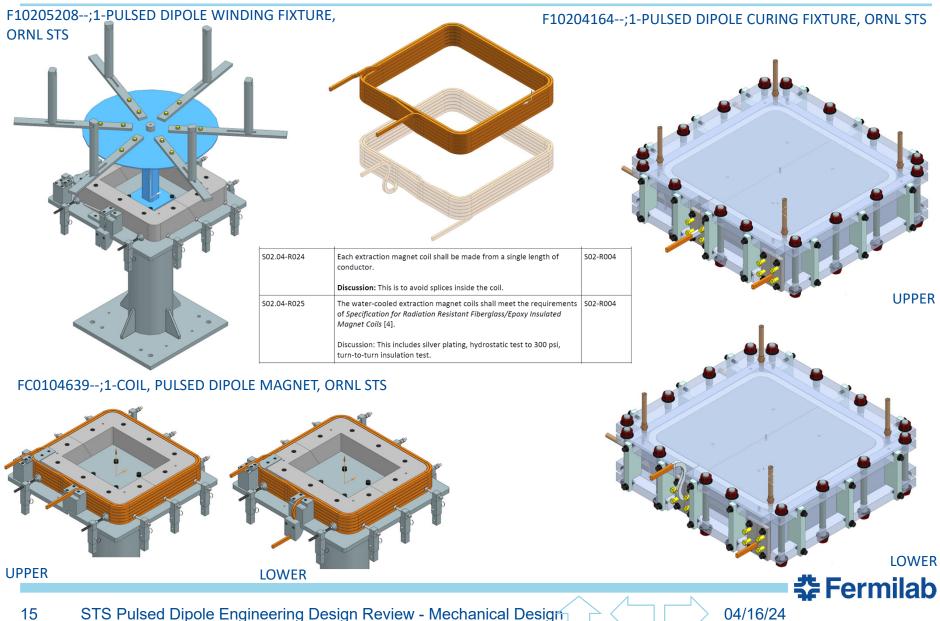




#### STAND INTERFACE

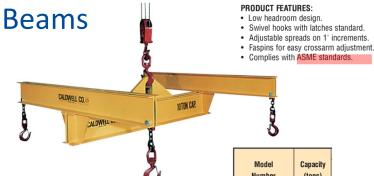


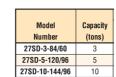
#### WINDING AND CURING FIXTURES

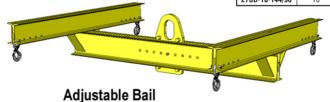


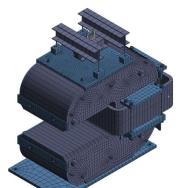
#### LIFTING TOOLING

#### Model 27F - Four Point Lifting









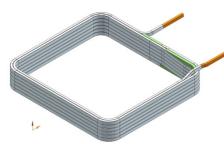
M~3.5E3kg [7.7E3lb]

S02.04-R068 Magnet assembly lifting features shall comply with the design requirements in ASME BTH-1-2020 [7].

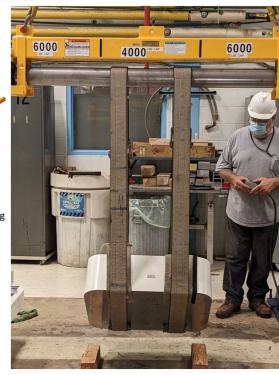
# Bushman Model FR / Serial #43230-2 (TLF1148)

The Bushman Flip-Rite® material handling system allows safe raising, lowering, leveling and rotating of large, bulky or oddly shaped loads weighing up to 100 tons. Each Flip-Rite® unit is custom-engineered to your application and is designed in accordance with ASME codes B30.20 and BTH-1. Quality-built throughout, the Flip-Rite® will provide years of safe and efficient service. Flip-Rite® is built in three models:

#### M=45kg [100lb] OXYGEN FREE COPPER



The standard Flip-Rite® is the Model FR. It has a fixed center lifting bail that attaches to a crane hook or two end bails that attach to twin hooks on one crane or to separate hooks from two cranes. One drum or multiple drums can accommodate flipping straps spaced close together or far apart.



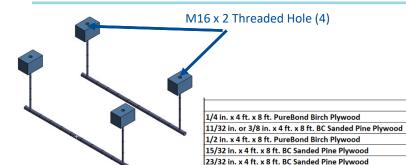
(Fixturing will be required for the coil installation)



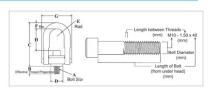


S02-R009

# **WOODEN MOCKUP**







#### **HR-125M Metric Threads**

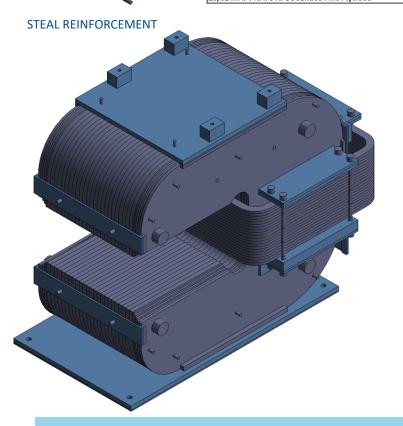
full sheet

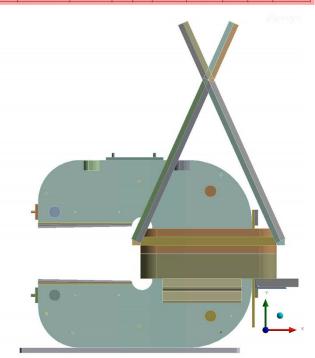
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Working Load Limit (kg)					Dimensions (mm)								
Frame Size No.	HR-125M Stock No.	At a 5:1 Design Factor †	At a 4:1 Design Factor †	Torque in (Nm)*	(A) Bolt Size ‡	(B)Effective Thread Projection Length	С	D	Radius E	Diameter F	G	н	Weight Each (kg)
1	1016602	400	500	10	M8X1.25X40	16.9	69.9	24.6	11.8	8.5	47.5	29.9	.17
1	1016613	450	550	16	M10X1.50X40	16.9	69.9	24.6	11.8	8.5	47.5	28.1	.18
2	1016624	1050	1300	38	M12X1.75X50	16.9	123	49.8	22.3	17.5	85.1	60.4	1.05
2	1016635	1900	2400	81	M16X2.00X60	26.9	123	49.8	22.3	17.5	85.1	56.3	1.11

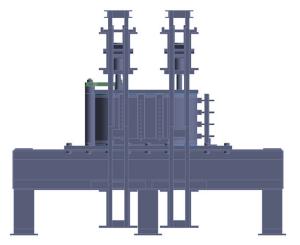


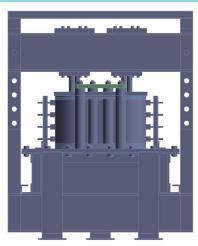


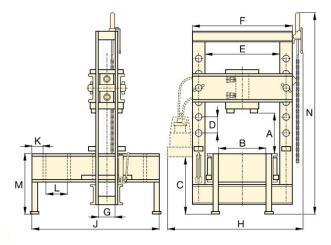


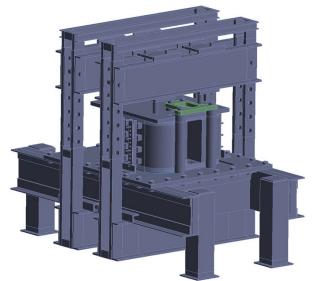


# **STACKING TOOLING**











Press Capacity	Vertical Daylight A (mm)		Maximum Bed Width	Electric Pump			
			E	Model	1		
ton (kN)	min.	max.	(mm)	Number	Page		
<b>50</b> (498)	131	922	813	ZE4410SE	92		
100 (933)	320	1208	886	ZE5410SW	92		
200 (1995)	376	1138	1222	ZE4420SW	92		

Press Model Number	Double-Acting Cylinder			Speed (mm/sec)		
Number	Stroke (mm)	Model Number	Page	Rapid Advance Pressir		
IPR-5075	334	RR-5013	32	20,8	1,9	
IPR-10075	333	RR-10013	32	14,5	2,1	
IPR-20075	330	BB-20013	32	5.2	0.5	

PDR

(It is planned to use a fixture for stacking the laminations)



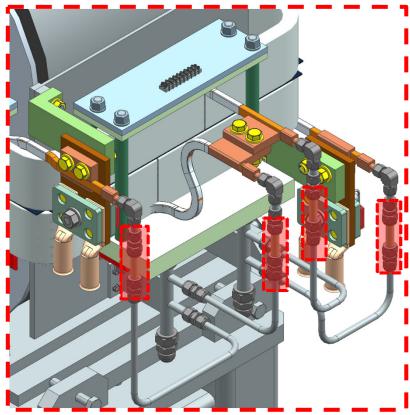


**‡** Fermilab

PDR recommendation	Slide #
A concern is the proximity to each other of cooling tubes that have a potential difference between them. Recommend moving the PEEK insulating breaks to close to the electrical flags.	<u>20</u>
The temperature switches will be attached by glue, no drilling and tapping into the conductor is planned.	<u>21</u>
The coil clamp provides 200 kN of clamping force with the bolts at 75% of their maximum torque. Recommend verifying magnetic forces on the coils.	23
Recommend thinking about using a compliant material between the coils.	22
The CAD model shows there is sufficient clearance between the core and the coil to allow assembly.	+
The coil lead routing leads to 23.75 turns instead of the design 24 and creates a loop. Recommend moving the power leads as close together as possible.	Other Talk
It is planned to use a fixture for stacking the laminations.	<u>18</u>
Recommend thinking about carrying out a vibration analysis for the magnet on its stand.	<u>26</u>
There is a risk the bottom plate will deform during welding	+
Recommend laser cutting the laminations rather than punching. Die will be expensive for the small number of magnets needed.	+
The temperature switched should be mounted on the coils, not the leads. If water cooling fails, the coil bulk will heat faster than the lead.	21
Think about whether a spacer is needed between the coil and the core. Friction provides 100 kN horizontal clamping force.	23
The L-shaped G10 supports for the power flags could be vulnerable to cracking, be careful with the fiber orientation.	24
The expectation is that the cooling tubes will be bent in advance and cut to size on the factory floor. This will be easier after the PEEK tubes have been moved.	<u>20</u>
Fixturing will be required for the coil installation.	<u>16</u>
If horizontal clamping is required for the coil, an opportunity could be to use wedges between the existing 4 G10 rods.	<u>23</u>
Recommend checking the deformation that occurs during lifting.	<u>25</u>



- A concern is the proximity to each other of cooling tubes that have a potential difference between them. Recommend moving the PEEK insulating breaks to close to the electrical flags.
- The expectation is that the cooling tubes will be bent in advance and cut to size on the factory floor. This will be easier after the PEEK tubes have been moved.

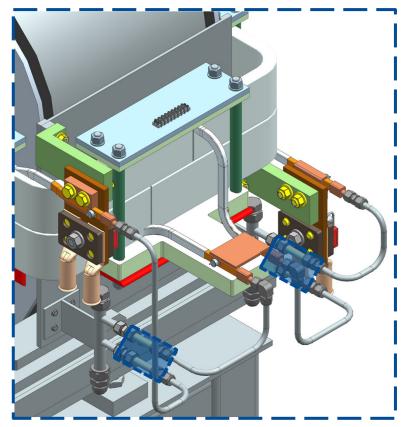


Current

F10196280-TUBE 1

F10196282-TUBE 3

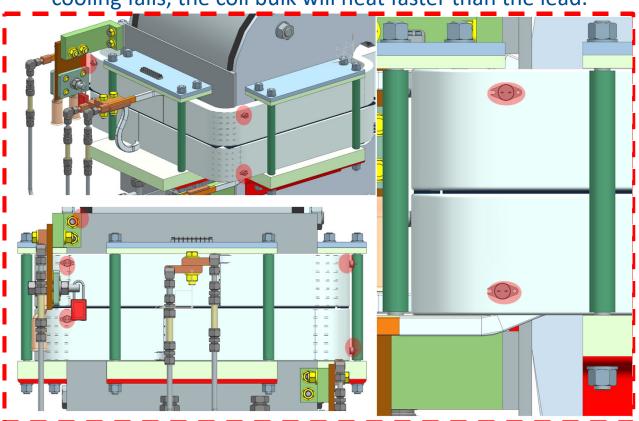
F10196281-TUBE 2 F10196285-TUBE 4

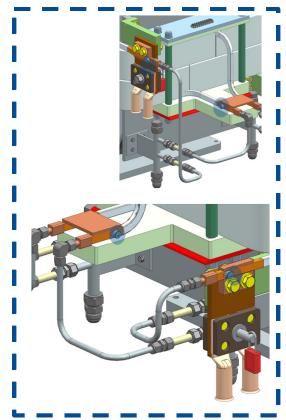


**Previous** 



- The temperature switches will be attached by glue, no drilling and tapping into the conductor is planned.
- The temperature switched should be mounted on the coils, not the leads. If water cooling fails, the coil bulk will heat faster than the lead.

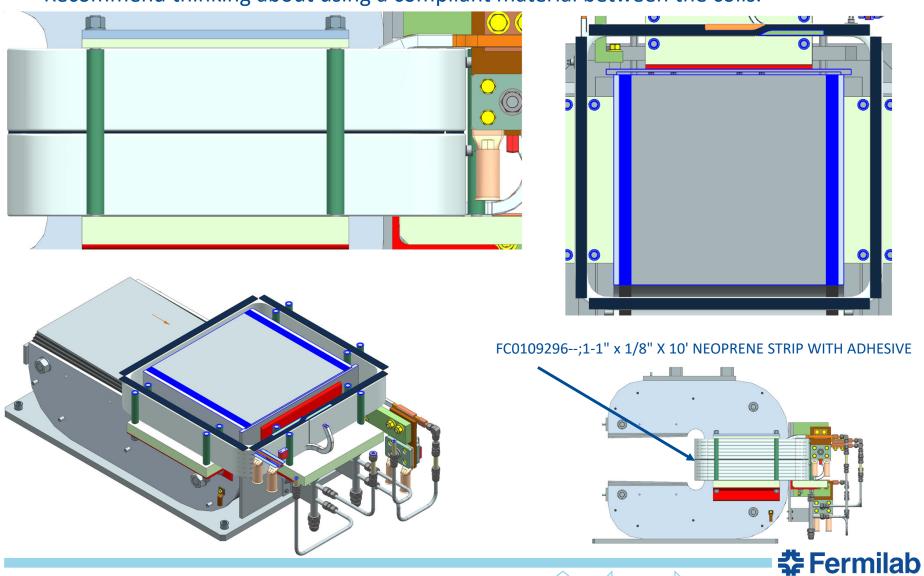




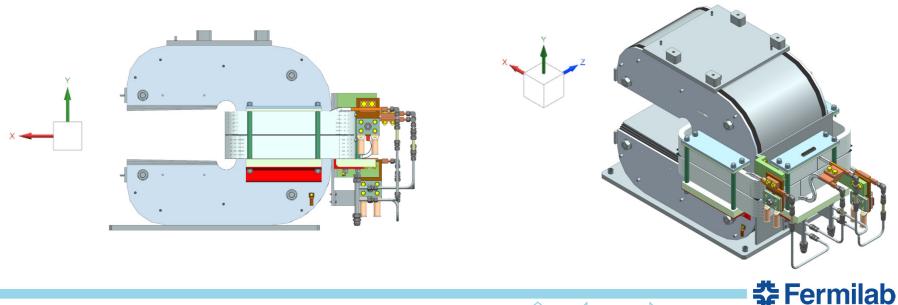
Current



Recommend thinking about using a compliant material between the coils.

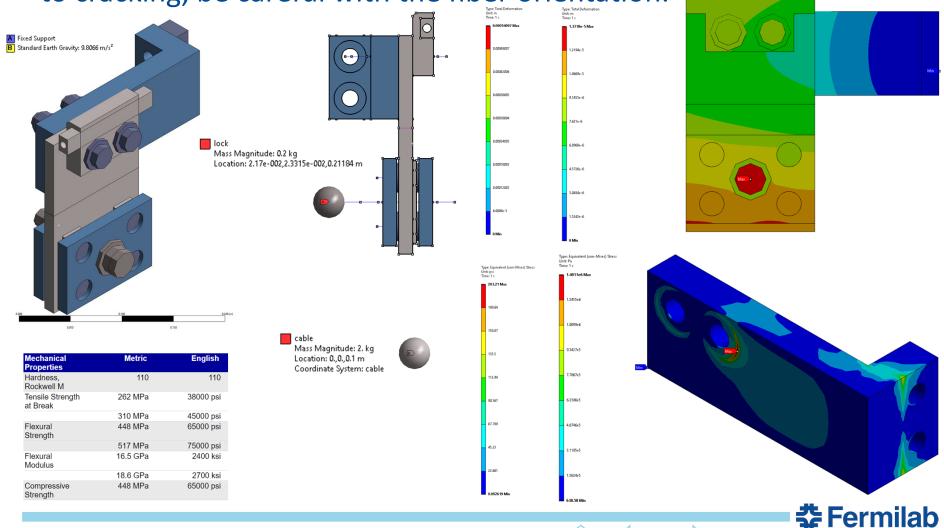


- The coil clamp provides 200 kN of clamping force with the bolts at 75% of their maximum torque. Recommend verifying magnetic forces on the coils.
- Think about whether a spacer is needed between the coil and the core. Friction provides 100 kN horizontal clamping force.
- If horizontal clamping is required for the coil, an opportunity could be to use wedges between the existing 4 G10 rods.
- Magnetic forces Fx=-1.4kN; Fy=7.8kN; Fz=0.2kN. The friction will be enough to withstand magnetic forces.



#### L-SHAPED G10

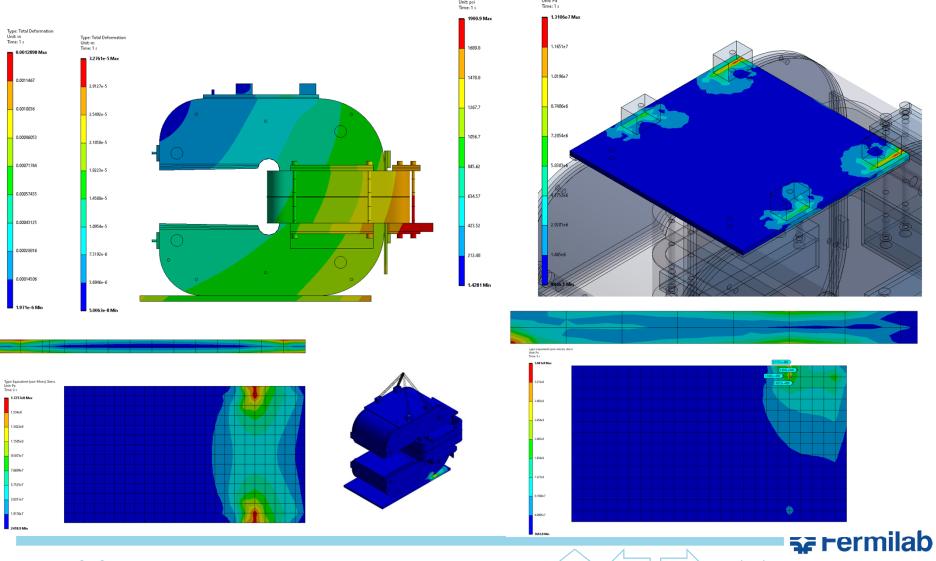
 The L-shaped G10 supports for the power flags could be vulnerable to cracking, be careful with the fiber orientation.



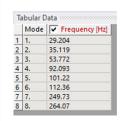
#### LIFTING DEFORMATION

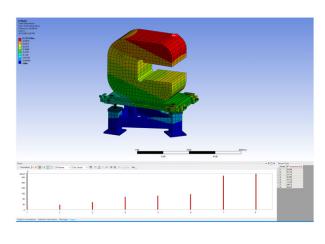
• Recommend checking the deformation that occurs during lifting.

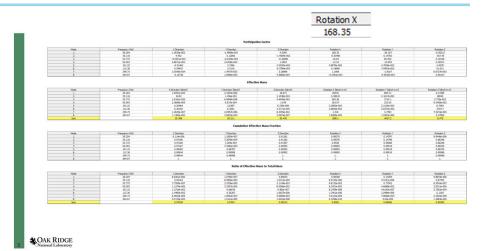
| Type: Equivalent (von-Misre) Stress | Unit p | Unit



#### **MODAL ANALYSIS**







OAK RIDGE

#### Structural and Seismic Analysis

- Stand designed to ASCE 7-16 Ch. 13 Nonstructural components
- Only dead load and seismic loads are applicable
- Load combination cases (basic and seismic) for strength design
  - 1.4\*D
  - $-1.2*D + E_v + E_H + L + 0.2*S$ 
    - Seismic applied in 2 horizontal directions
    - E<sub>H</sub> = .20G
    - $E_V = .08G$
- Ch 13 suggested allowable of .9F<sub>y</sub>

OAK RIDGE

S02.11-R004

# • Results • Results as expected • Leveler is area of concern • FoS of ~5 • Stresses low on remaining stand











#### **SUMMARY**

- Magnet drawings 100% (Released)
- The coast estimated completed
- The schedule ready for prototyping

