

# ColdBox Jan-2024 Data analysis (membrane detectors)

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Feb 23, 2024

# Overview

## **Membrane Modules (HD- VD-style CE) with DAPHNE r/o data:**

- Continuing Analysis from the presentation on Friday 15, 2024
- SNR Amplitude study as fcn of Moving Avg parameter
  - Some histograms: SPE, RMS, SNR vs DAPHNE/AFE Gain setting (change Attenuation stage setting)
- SNR Integral study as a function of integration window
  - SNR vs DAPHNE/AFE Gain setting

SNR Amplitude study as fcn of Moving Avg parameter

→Some histograms: SPE, RMS, SNR vs DAPHNE/AFE Gain setting (change Attenuation stage setting)

Table 1

Run #	AFE setting VGAIN [DAC]	V <sub>CNTL (P-M)</sub> [V] VGAIN 2666 = 1V Vcntrl	Tot Gain [db] LNA+VCAT+PGA (12db+VCAT+24db)	Atten [db] VCAT (only)	Tot Gain factor (db->Out/ In)	Atten factor (db->Out/In)
24037	600	0.23	29.6	-6.4	30.3	0.48
24089	1330	0.50	20.4	-15.6	10.4	0.17
24097	1860	0.70	13.6	-22.4	4.8	0.08
24062	1925	0.72	12.8	-23.2	4.4	0.07

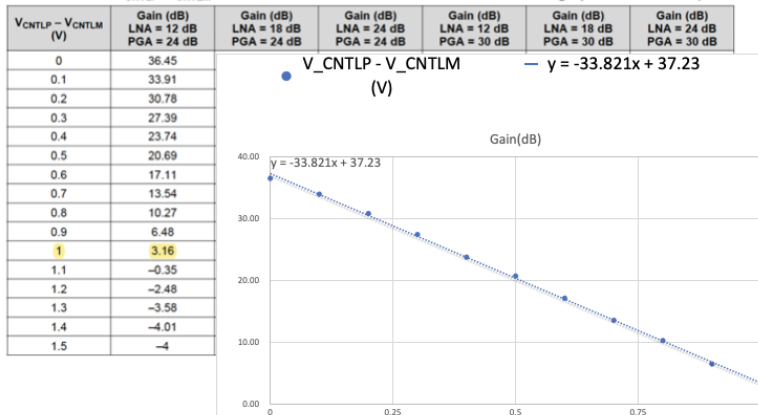
## DAPHNE/AFE Gain Settings

- data taken w/ 4 different AFE Gain Settings:
- Tot Gain established by combination of 3 stages of Gain/Attenuation
- Different Tot Gain in CB runs by changing **Attenuation stage VCAT** (and fixed two Gain Stages - LNA, PGA)



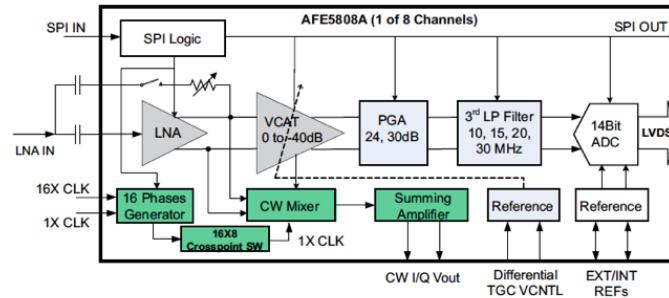
AFE5808A

SLOS729D – OCTOBER 2011 – REVISED NOVEMBER 2016

Table 16. V<sub>CNTLP</sub> - V<sub>CNTLM</sub> vs Gain Under Different LNA and PGA Gain Settings (Low Noise Mode)

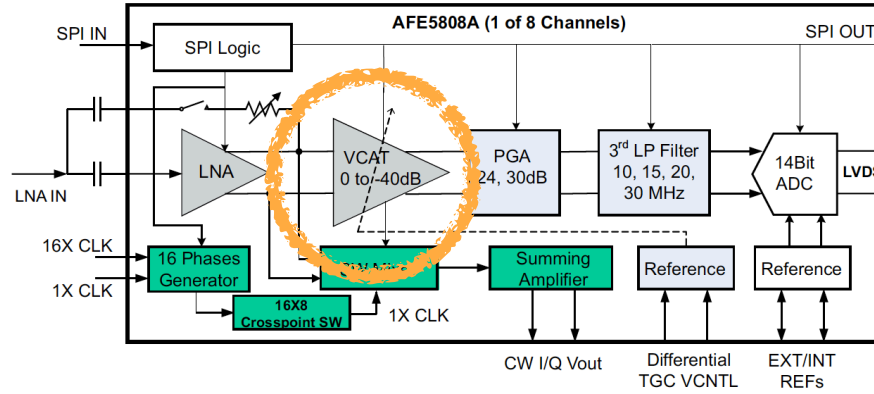
## AFE5808A Block Diagram

- No LowPass Filter ON in these runs



LNA = Low Noise Amplifier; VCAT = Voltage Controlled Attenuator; PGA = Programmable Gain Amplifier;

## Functional Block Diagram



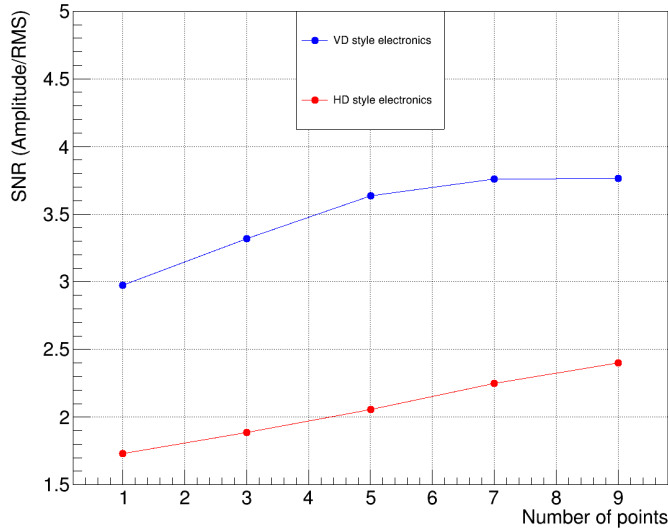
**Table 1. Voltage-Controlled-Attenuator Noise vs Attenuation**

ATTENUATION (dB)	ATTENUATOR INPUT REFERRED NOISE (nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ )
-40	10.5
-36	10
-30	9
-24	8.5
-18	6
-12	4
-6	3

# SNR [Amplitude/RMS] vs Moving average

Run 24062 [AFE->1925] - (Min Gain Factor - 4.4x )

SNR (Amplitude/RMS) vs number of points for Moving average



$$\text{SNR}_A = \text{Amplitude/RMS}$$

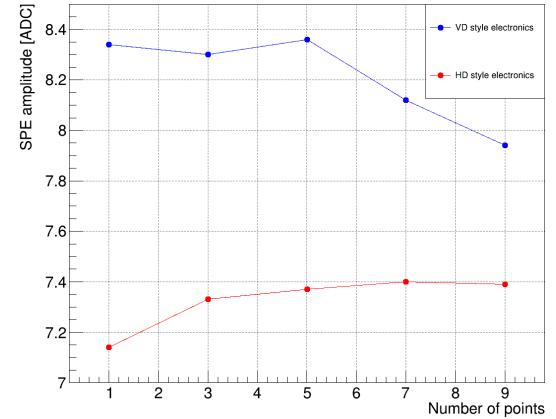
No of points is the total number of points for which moving average is estimated. E.g., no of points = 3  $\Rightarrow$  1 point before and 1 point after the reference point.

No of points = 1 for raw waveform.

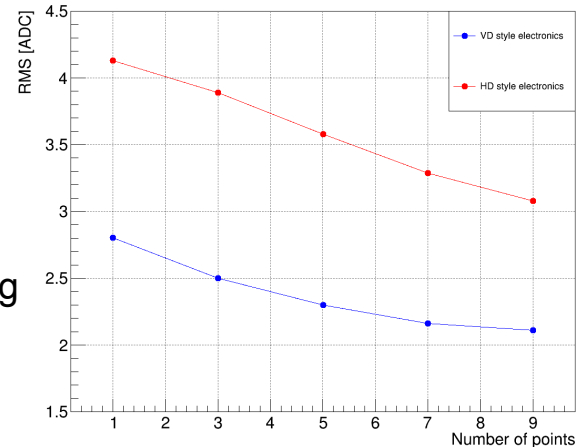
Only moving average is used, no other filtering is applied.

NOTE: n=3, 5, 7 points Moving Avg ~corresponds to LowPass Filter 20,15, 10 MHz available on DAPHNE/AFE

SPE amplitude vs number of points for Moving average



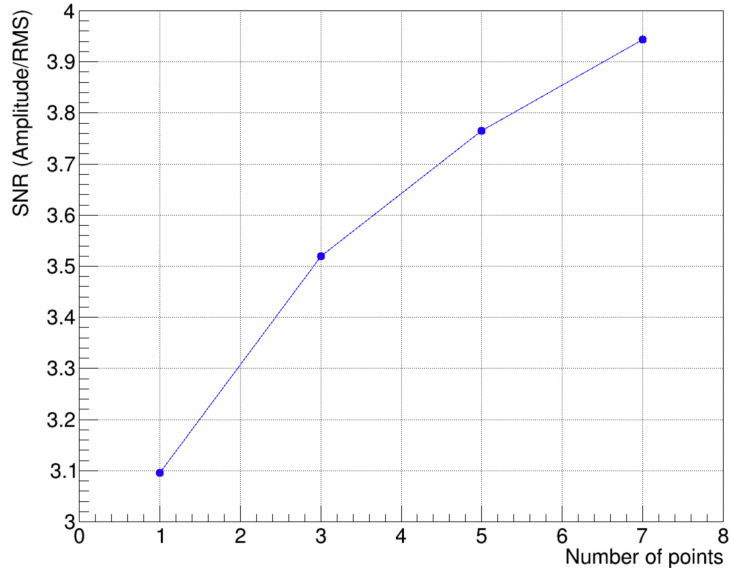
Baseline RMS vs number of points for Moving average



# SNR [Amplitude/RMS] vs Moving average

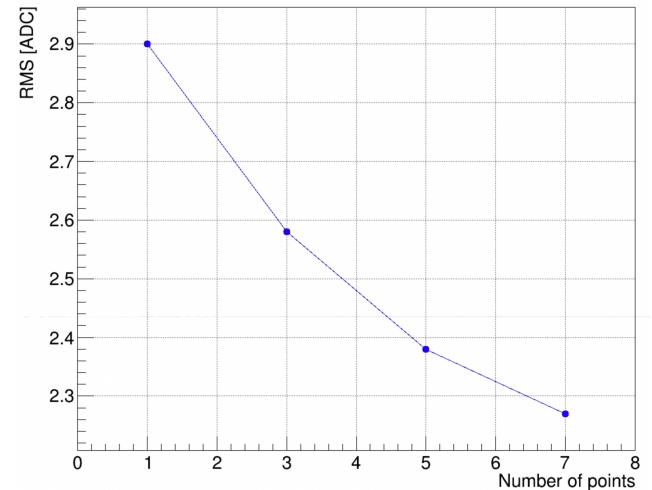
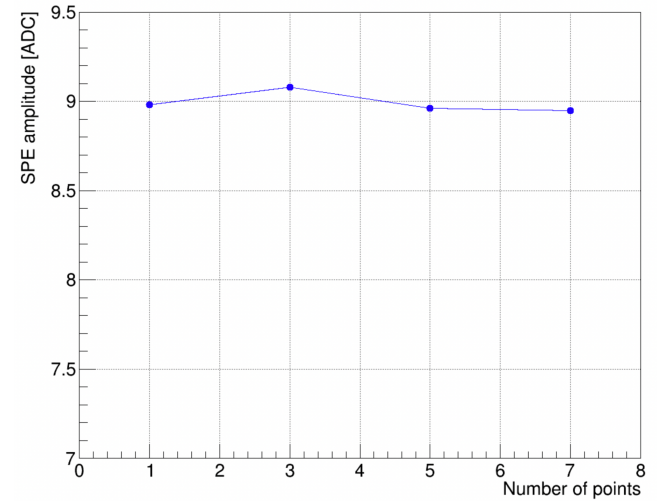
Run 24097 AFE → 1860 (Low Gain Factor 4.8x)

[VD only plots]



**SNR\_A = Amplitude/RMS**

analysis not done  
for HD due to high  
noise.

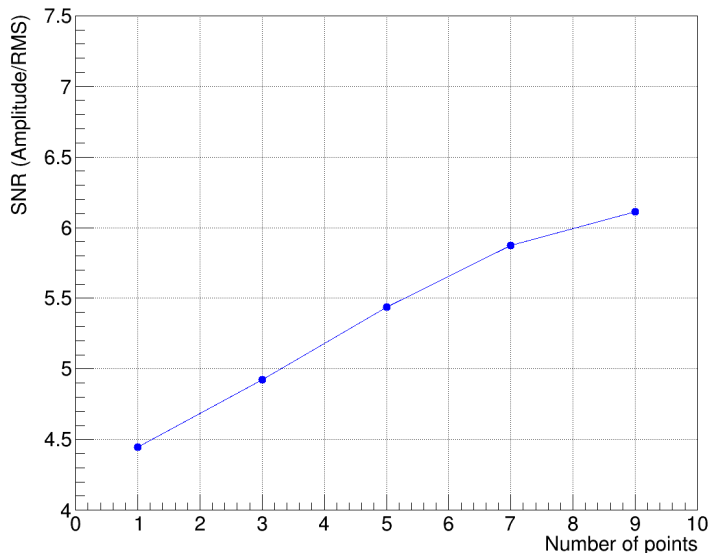


# SNR [Amplitude/RMS] vs Moving average

Run 24089 AFE→1330 (high Gain Factor 10.4x)

[VD only plots]

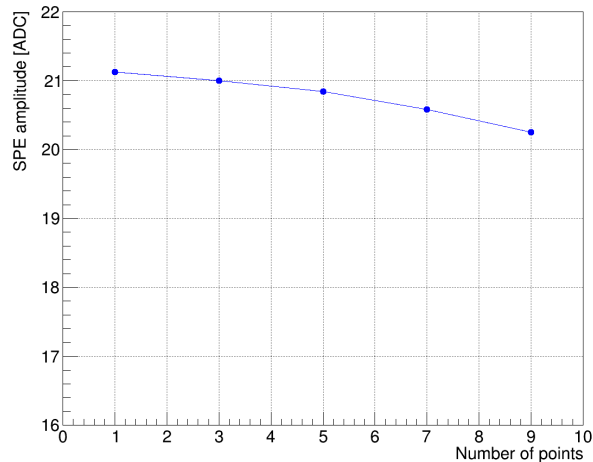
SNR (Amplitude/RMS) vs number of points for Moving average



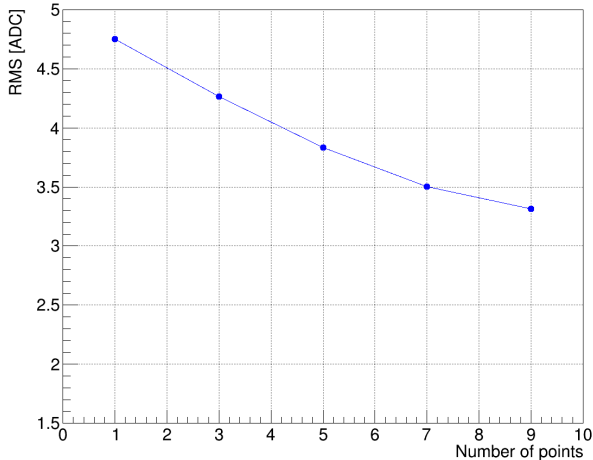
**SNR\_A = Amplitude/RMS**

ALL PLOTS ARE FOR VD; This run has high noise for HD making the RMS values unmeasurable; (hence I did not do a complete study for HD).

SPE amplitude vs number of points for Moving average



Baseline RMS vs number of points for Moving average



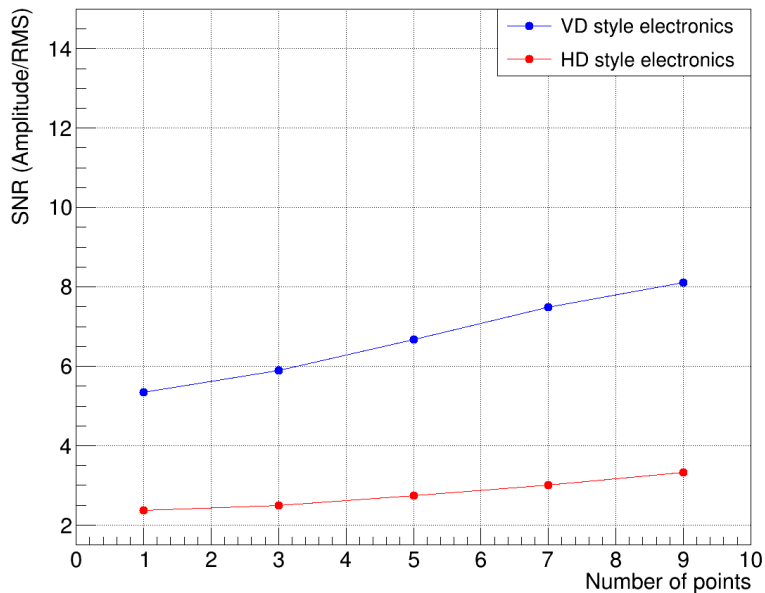


# SNR [Amplitude/RMS] vs Moving average

## Run 24037 [AFE setting 600] (Max Gain 30.3x)

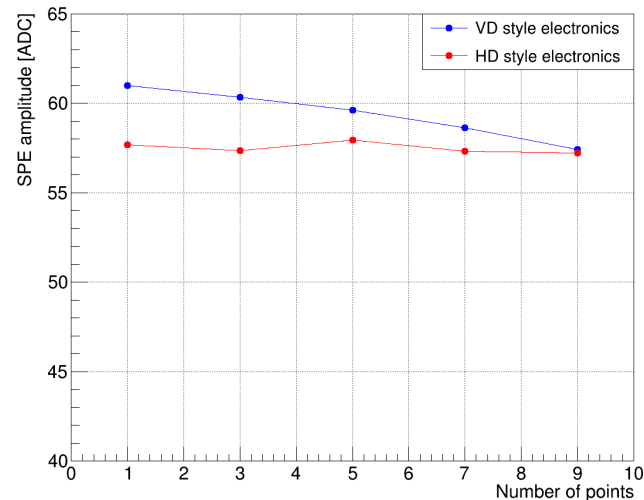
### [VD and HD plots]

SNR (Amplitude/RMS) vs number of points for Moving average

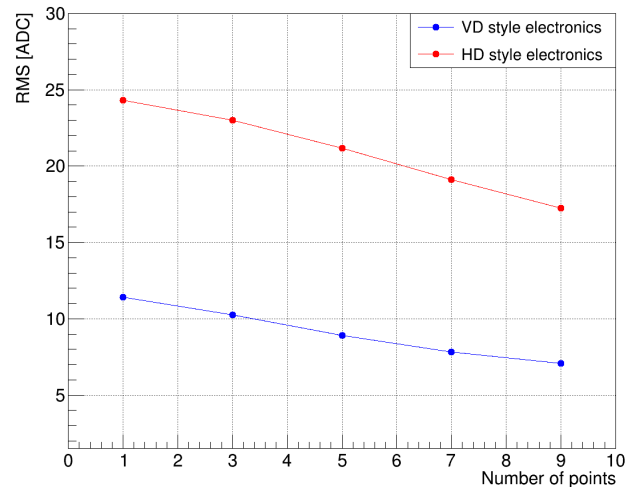


**SNR\_A = Amplitude/RMS**

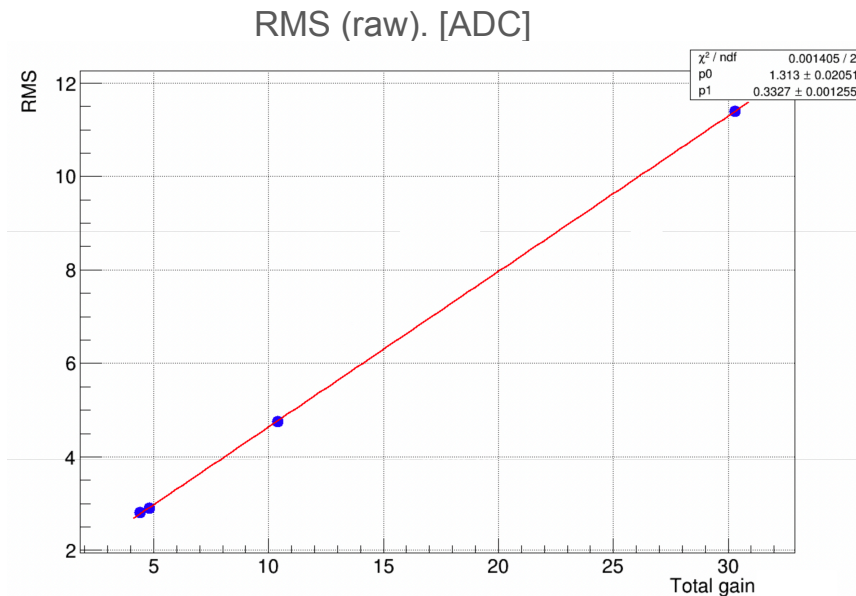
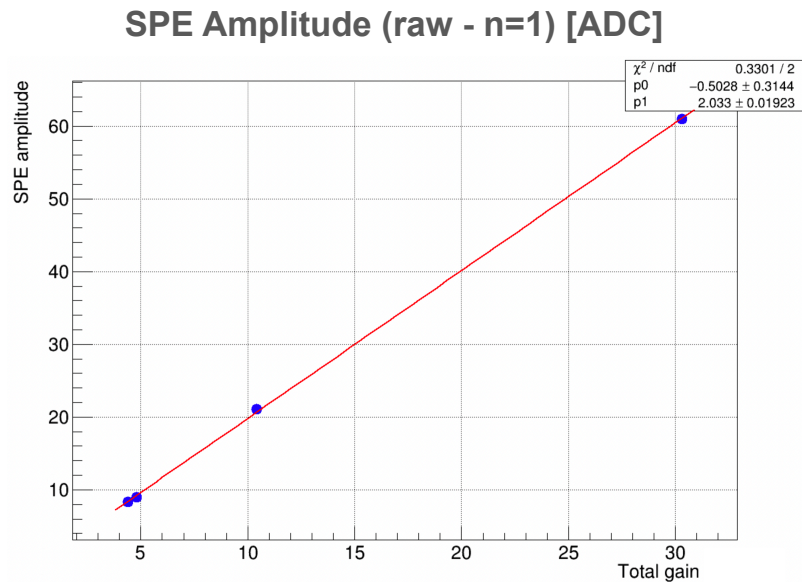
SPE amplitude vs number of points for Moving average



Baseline RMS vs number of points for Moving average



# SNR-A, SPE-A, RMS vs Gain (VD style data only shown):

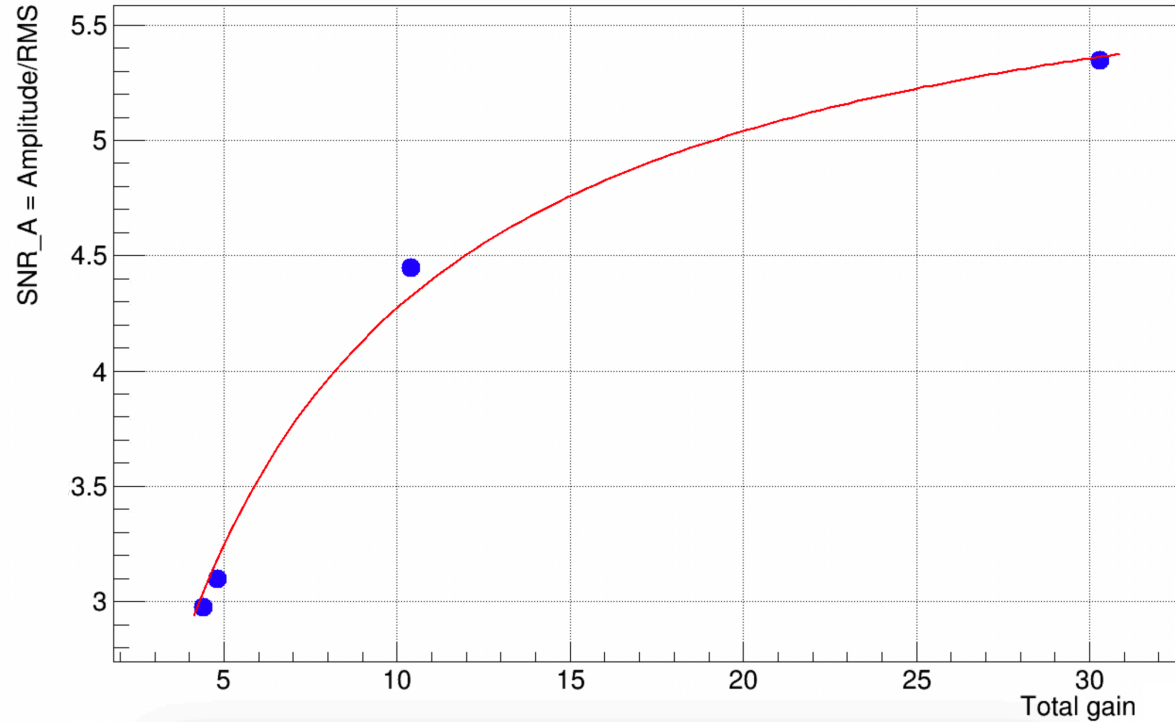


Both Signal A and Noise RMS Signal increase linearly with Gain

Signal A increases faster than Noise as a function of gain

SNR\_A = Amplitude/RMS

[VD only data]



Red curve =  $(a+bx)/(c+dx)$   
(a,b, c, d are parameters from SPE-A, Noise-RMS fits)

SNR increases with Gain

SNR Integral study as a function of integration window

→ SNR vs DAPHNE/AFE Gain setting

# SNR vs integration window Width for the 4 Runs at different Gain

Integration window starts immediately before the pulse rising edge. Since the VD rising edge is faster than the HD rising edge, the starting point is not the same:

Pulse rising edge(from Federico's slides):

**HD: 150 ns**

**VD: 65 ns**

Integration window starting point:

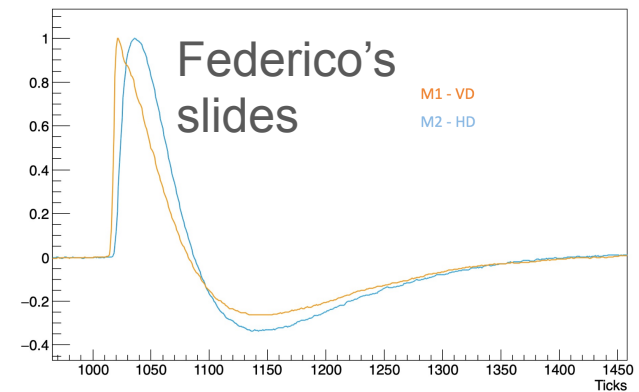
**HD: 20 ticks before the max**

**VD: 12 ticks before the max**

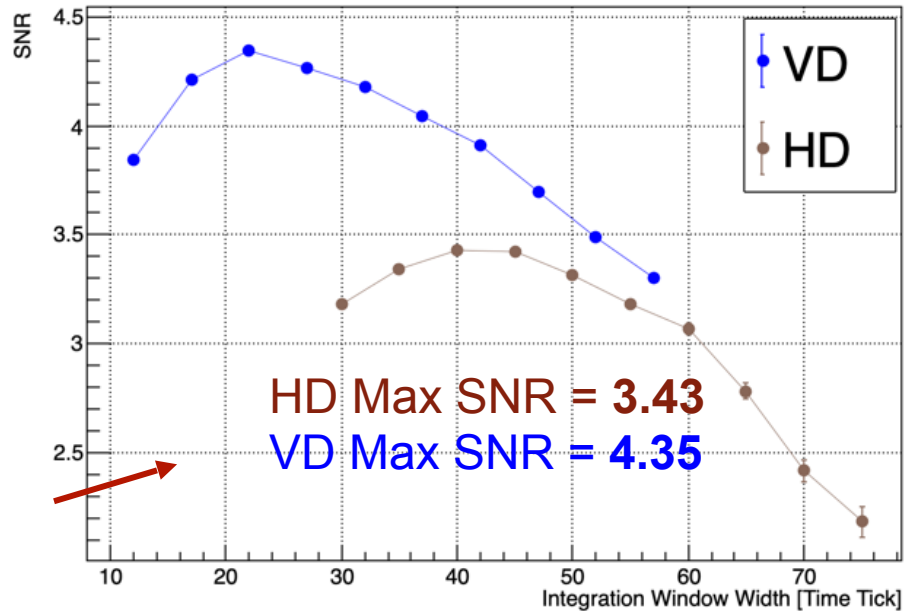
SNR is defined as the separation between the mean of the PE peaks integral divided by the standard deviation of the 0 PE peak.

A study of the SNR vs integration window width is made.

Slide presented by Dante last week

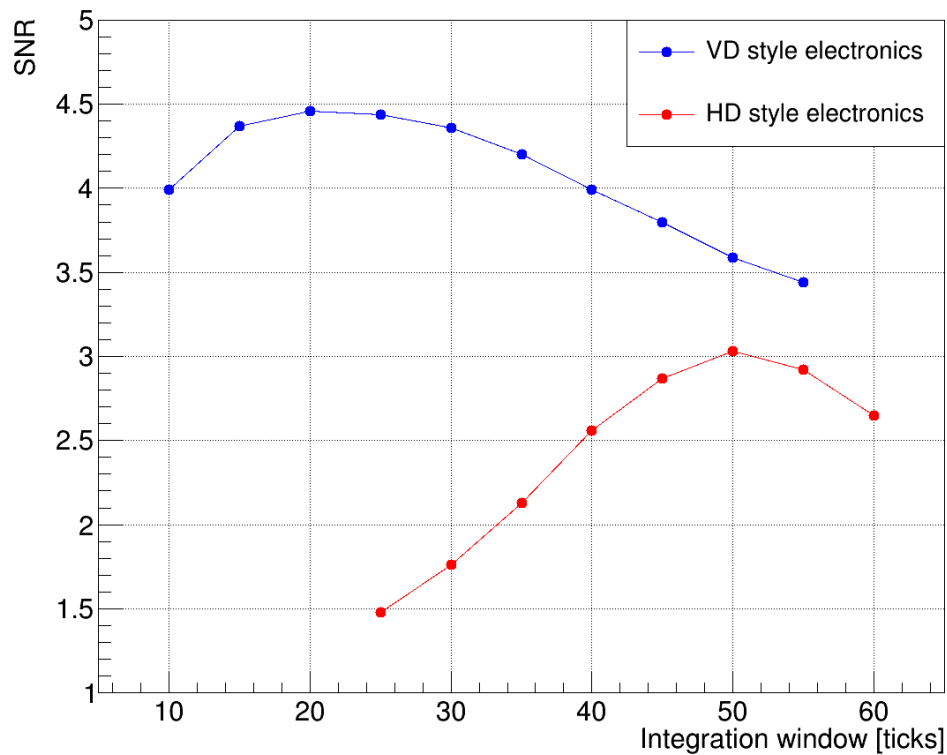


Run 24062 [AFE->1925] - (Min Gain Factor - 4.4x )



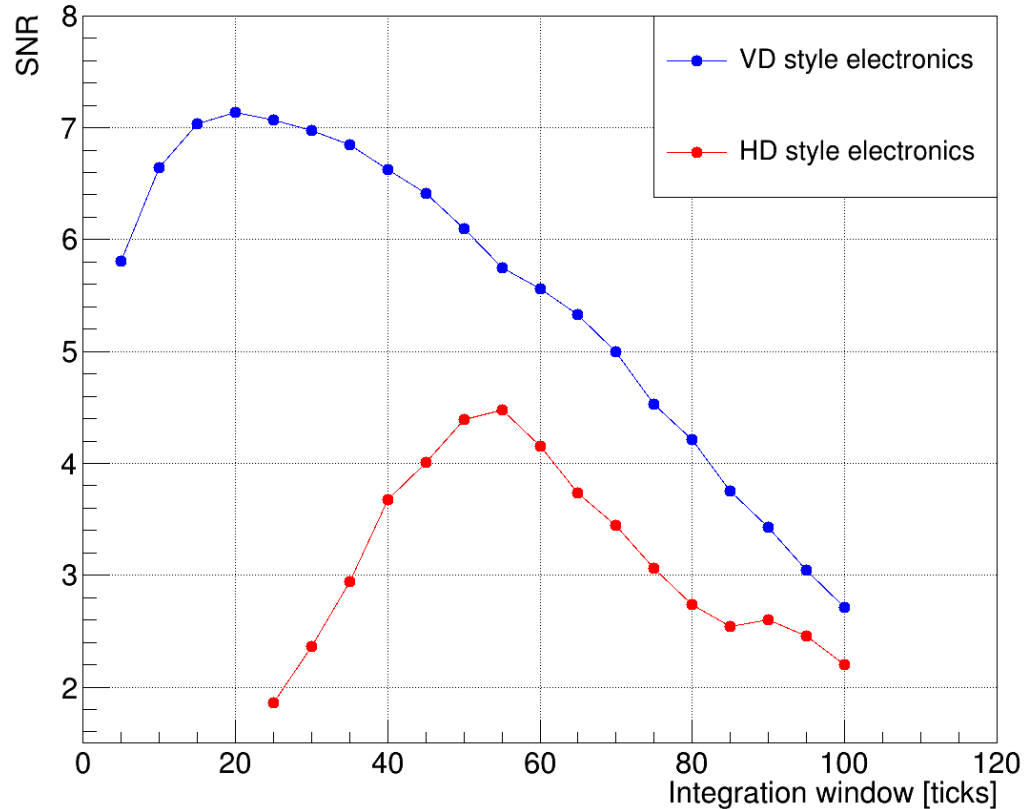
# Run 24097 AFE → 1860 (Low Gain Factor 4.8x)

SNR vs integration window width



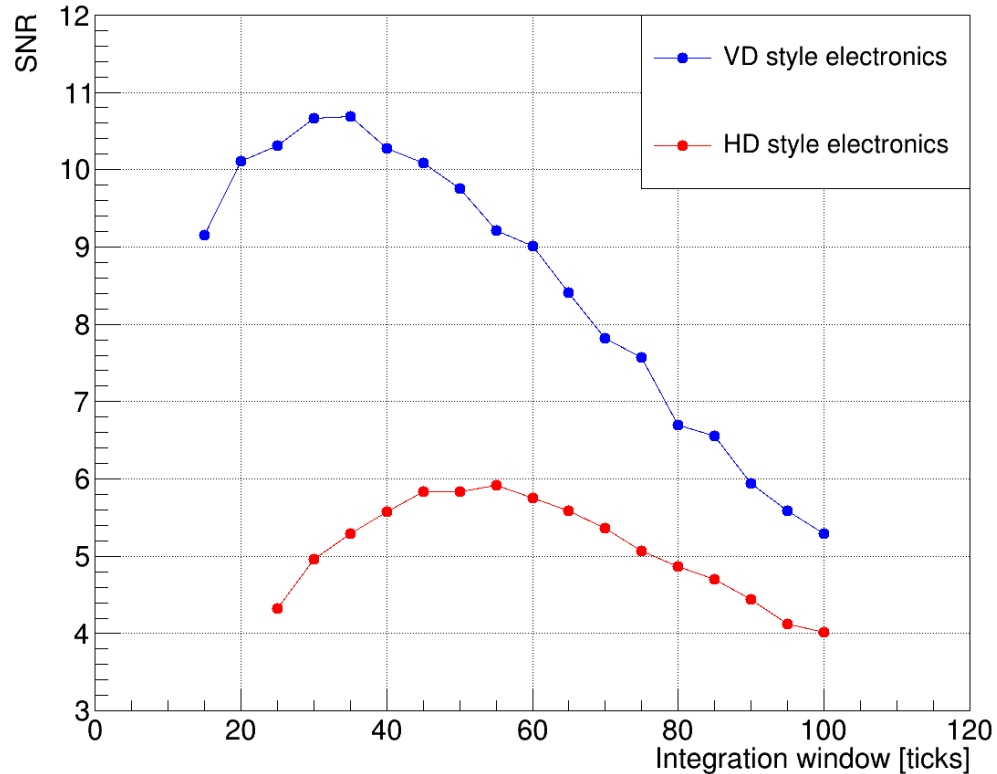
# Run 24089 AFE→1330 (high Gain Factor 10.4x)

## SNR vs integration window width



# Run 24037 [AFE setting 600] (Max Gain 30.3x)

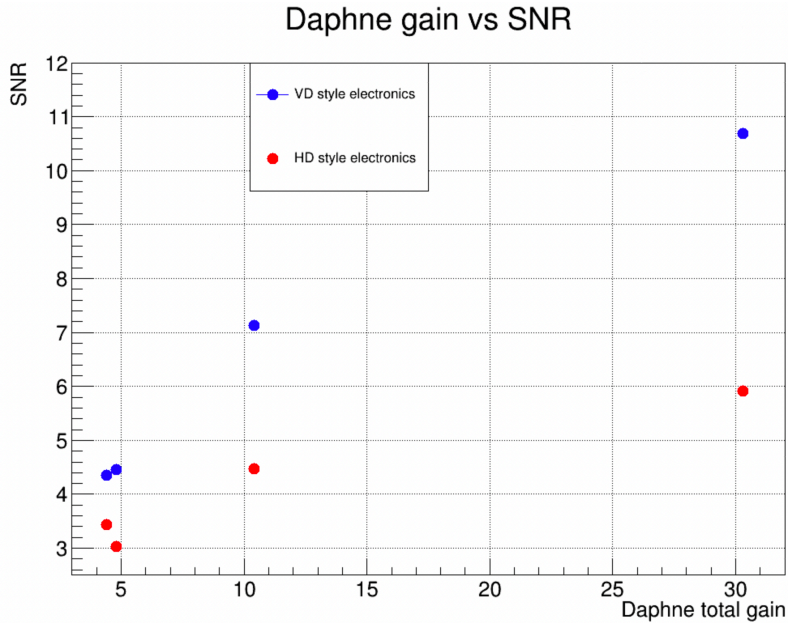
## SNR vs integration window width





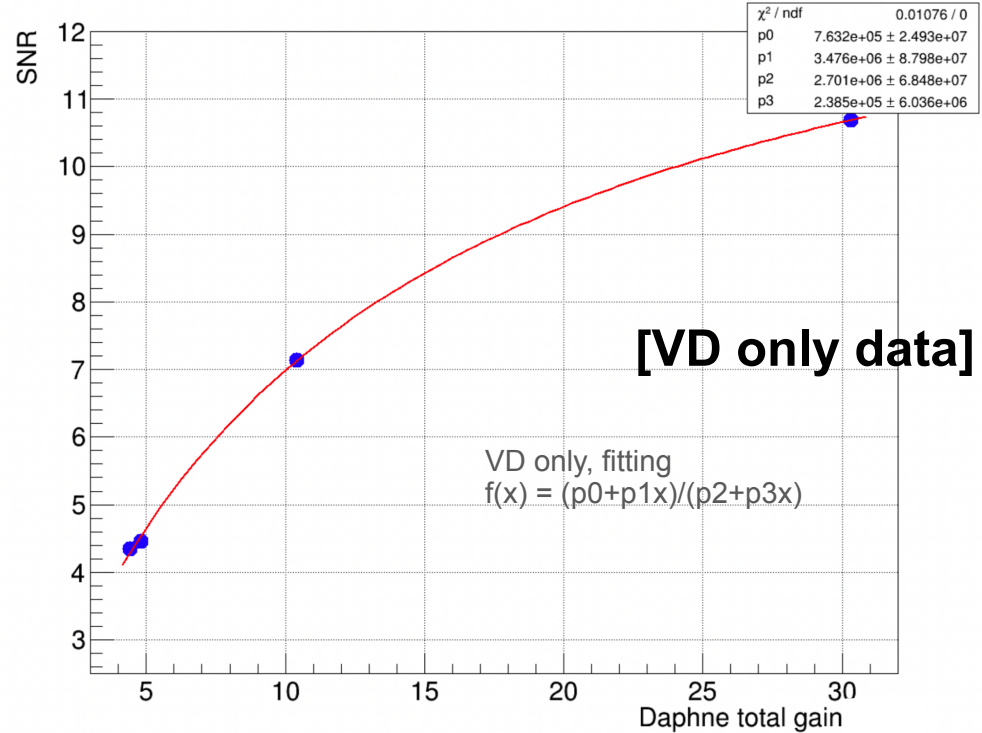
Summarizing the integral SNR study.

[VD and HD data]



Plot shows SNR from integral (charge) as a function of DAPHNE/AFE total gain.

Daphne gain vs SNR

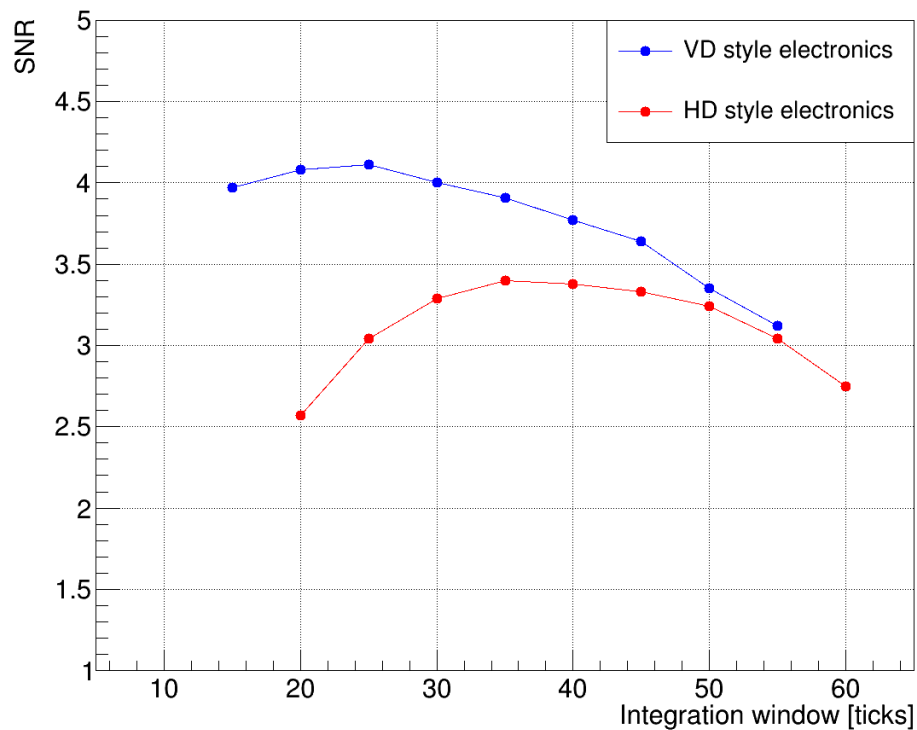


SNR increases with Gain  
as also noticed with SNR-Amplitude study

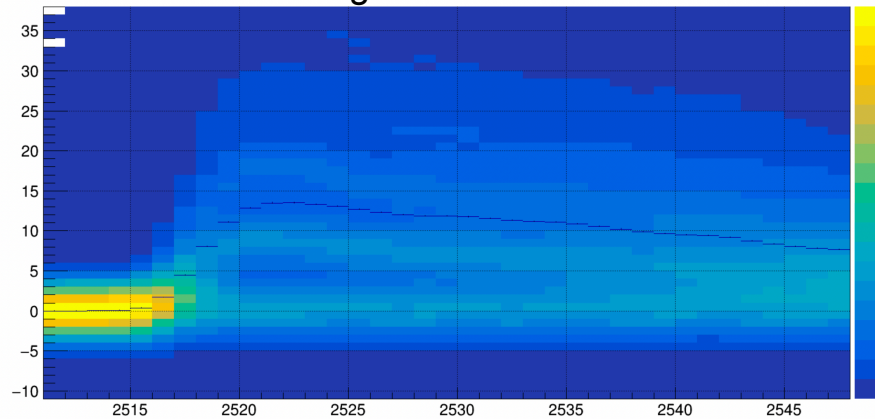
BackUp Slides

# Run 24062 Integral Analysis by Ajib

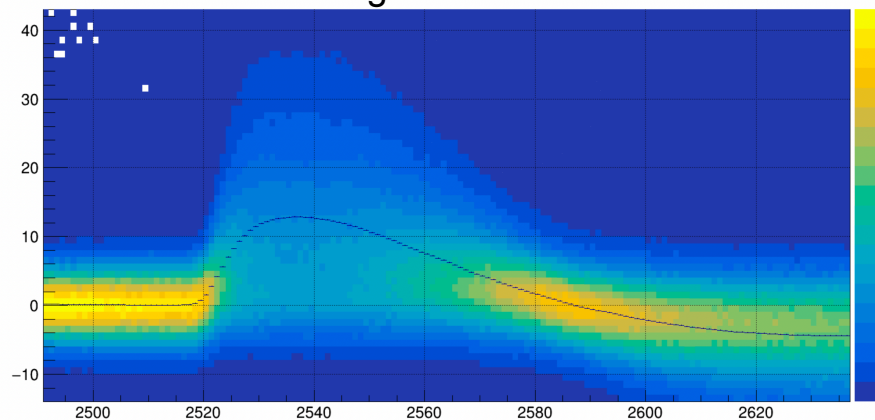
## SNR vs integration window width



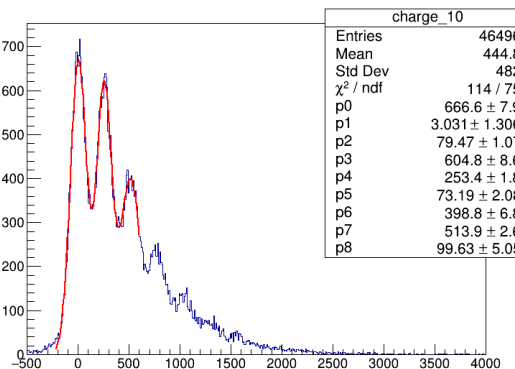
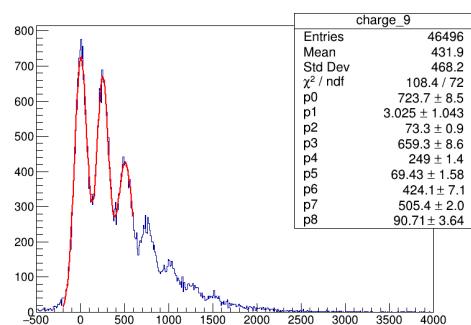
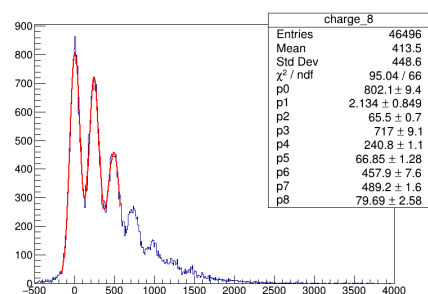
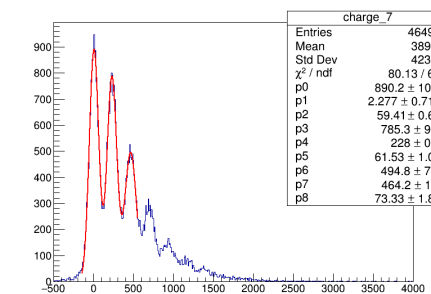
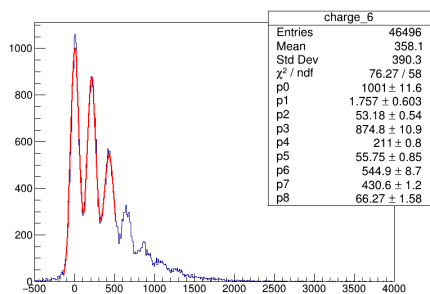
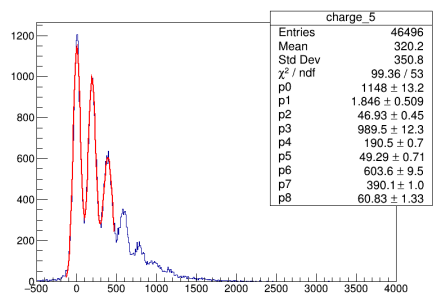
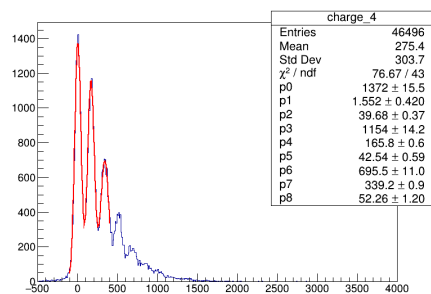
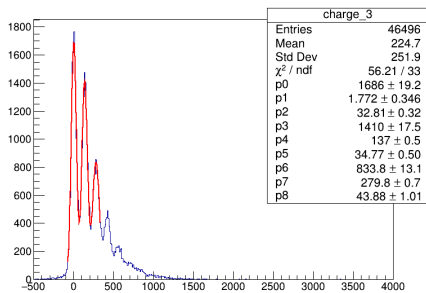
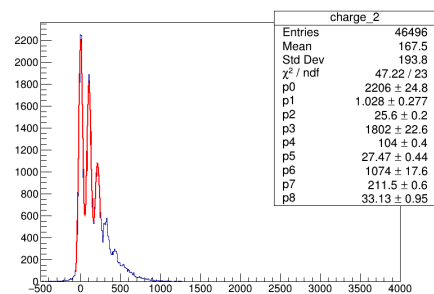
## VD integration start at 2516

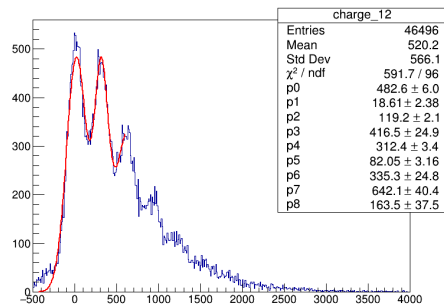
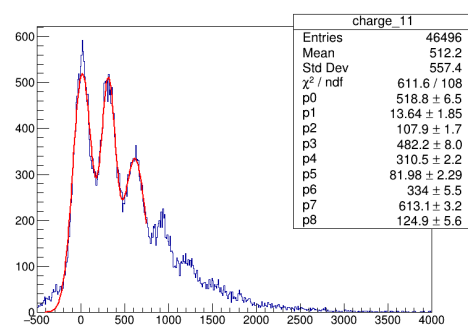
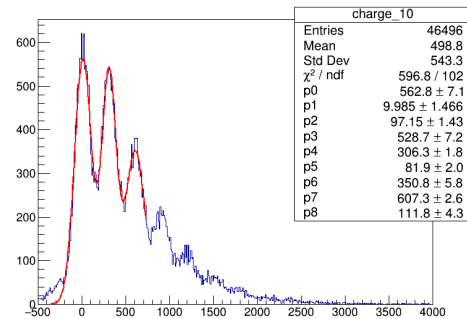
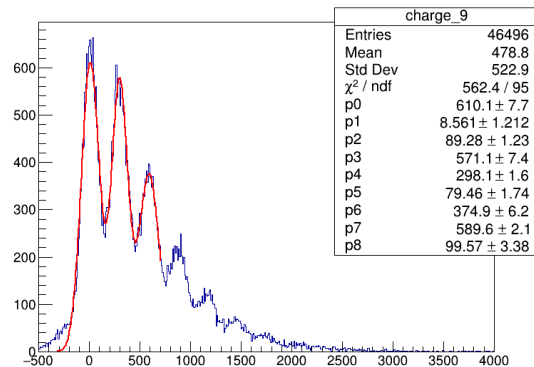
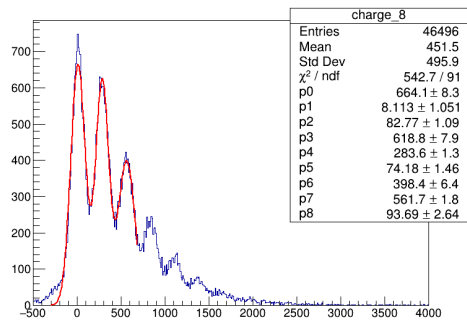
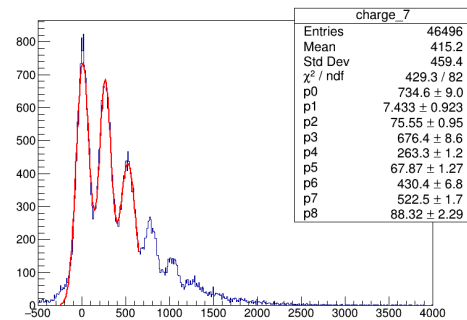
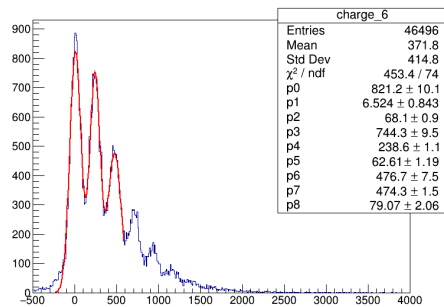
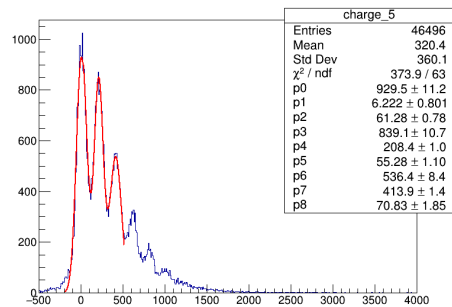
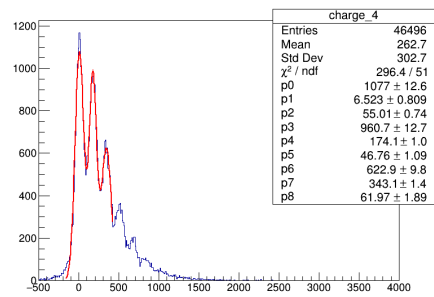


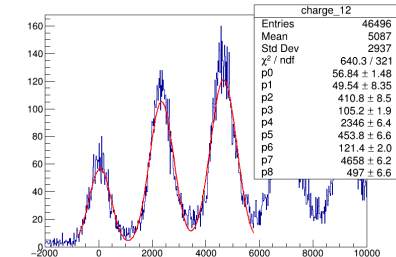
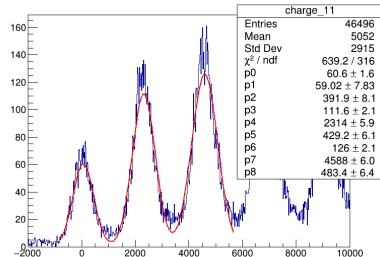
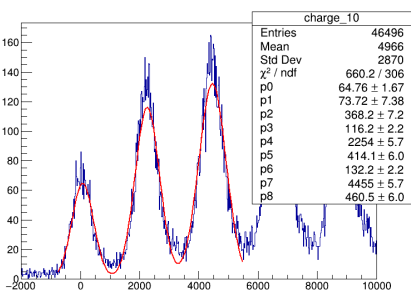
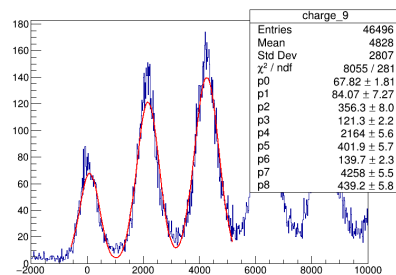
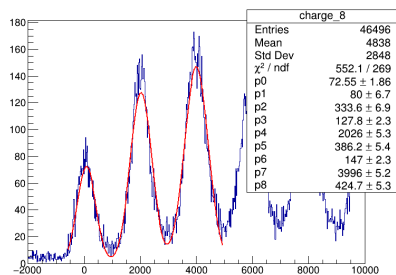
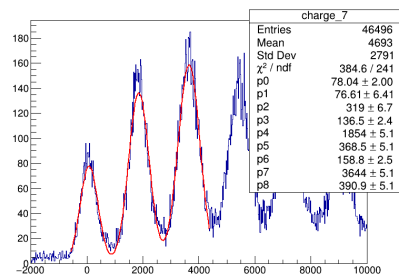
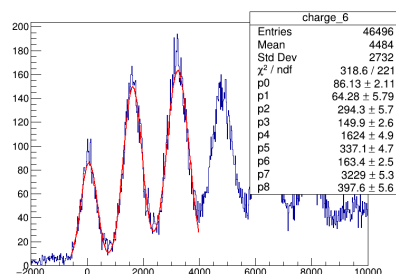
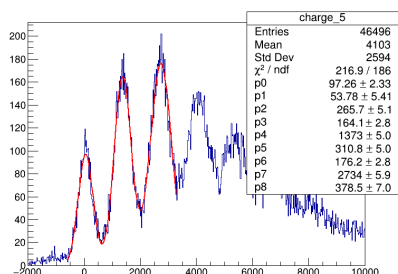
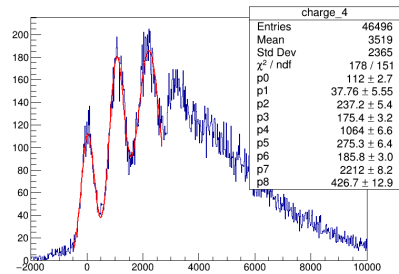
## HD integration start at 2520



# Run 24062 VD







HD run 24037

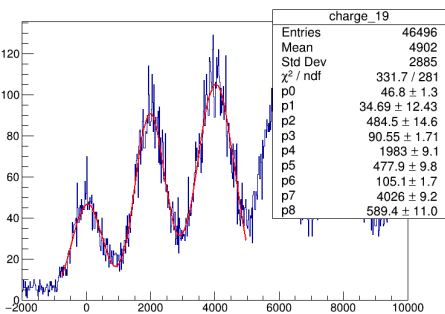
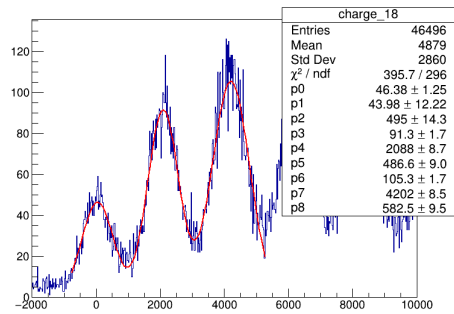
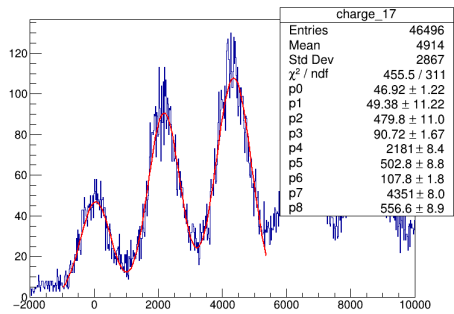
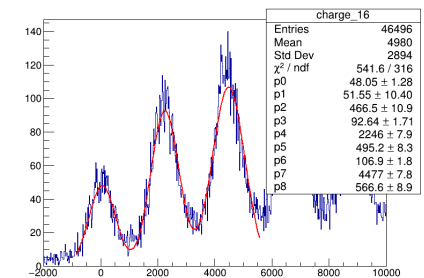
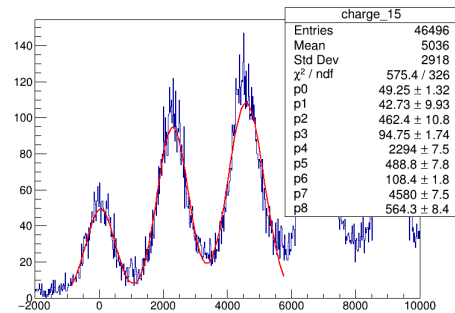
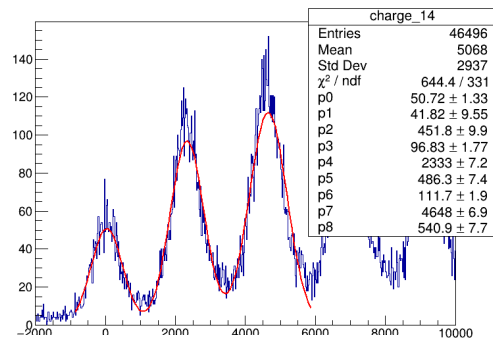
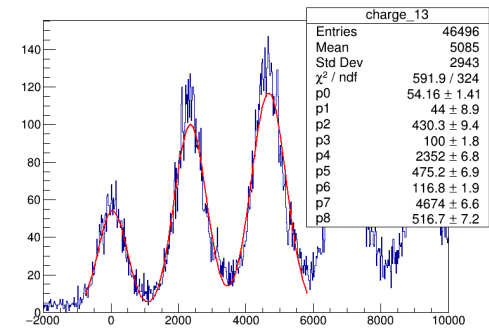
fits:

Width =

$5 + \text{index} * 5$

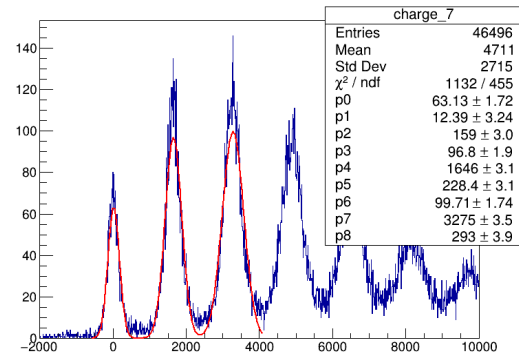
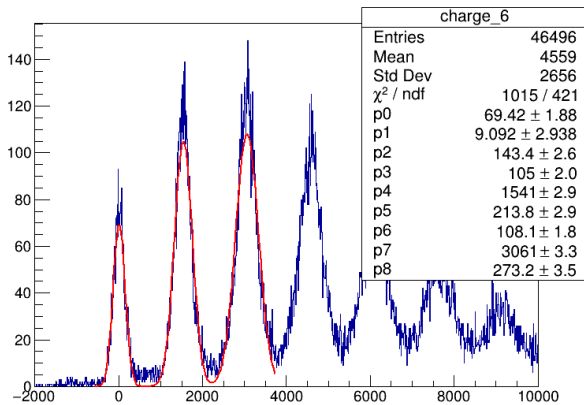
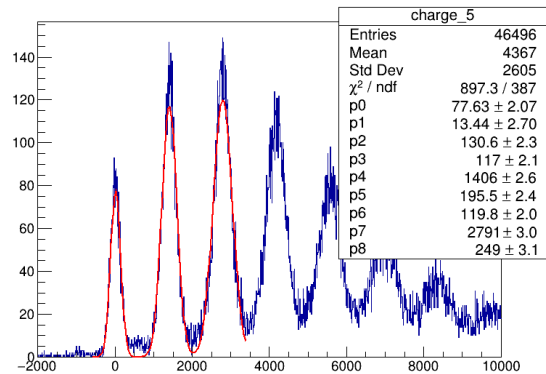
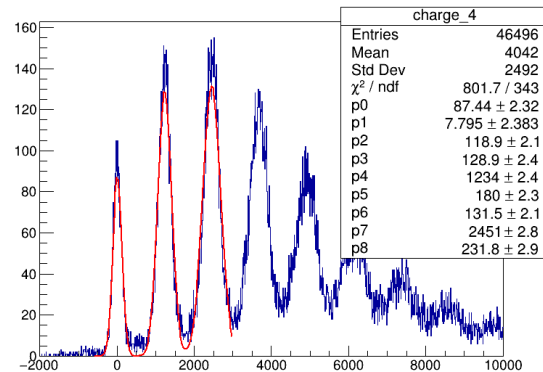
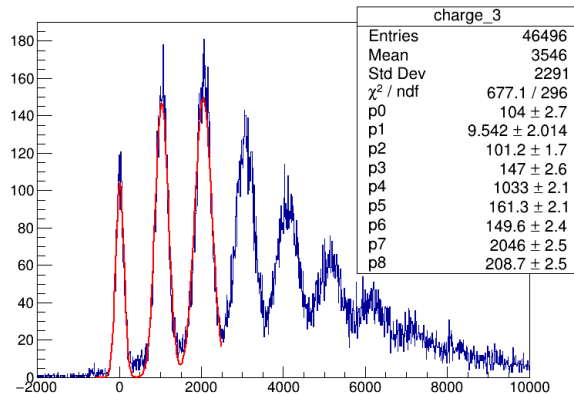
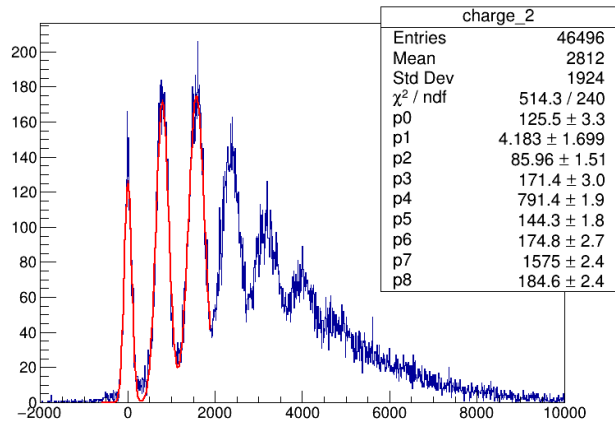
charge\_3 ⇒

width =  $5 + 3 * 5 = 20$



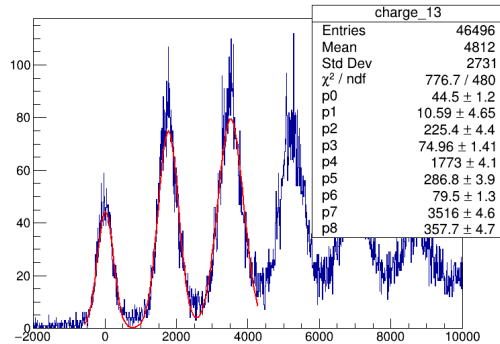
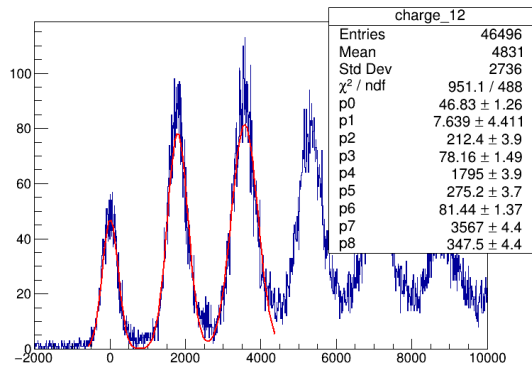
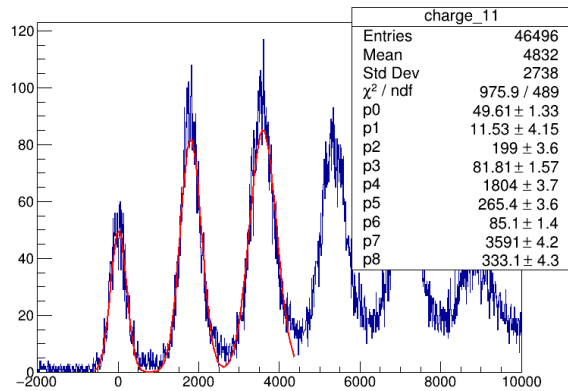
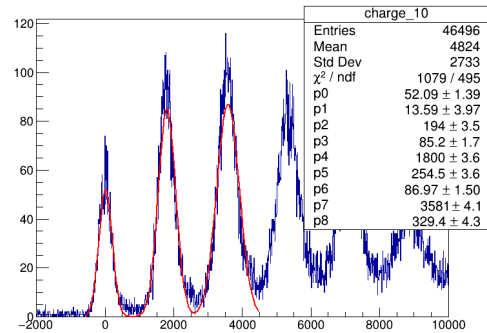
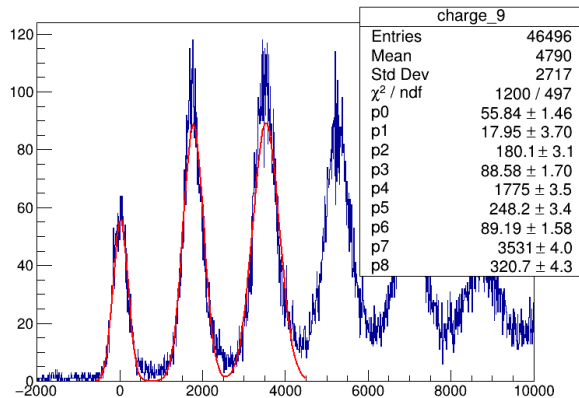
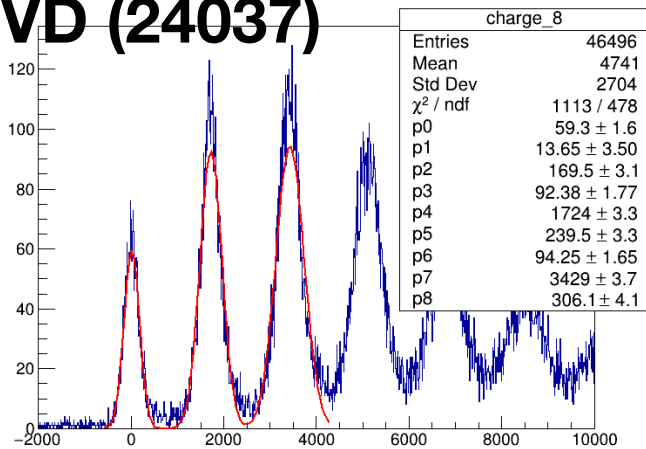
HD run 24037  
fits:

# VD (24037)

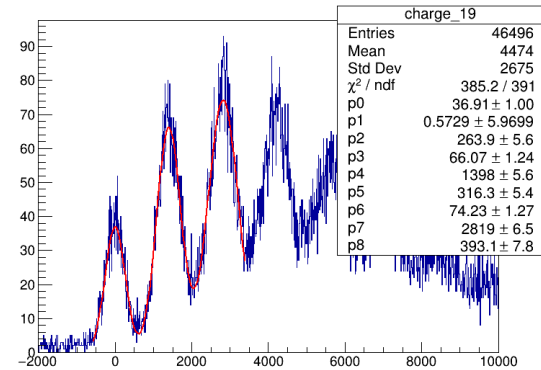
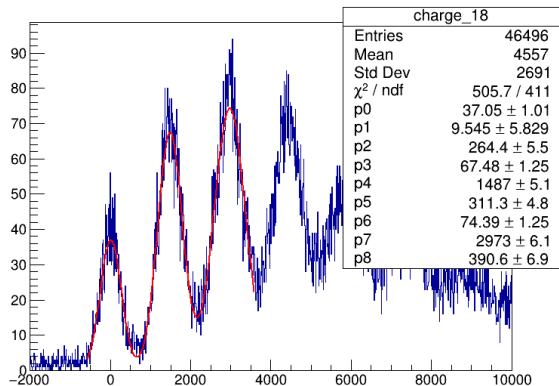
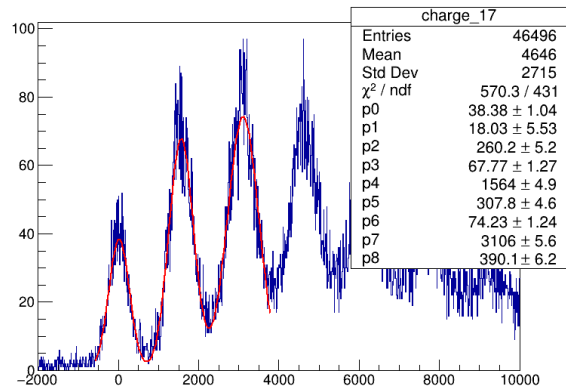
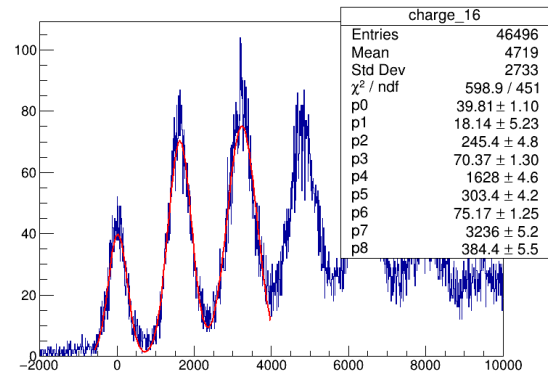
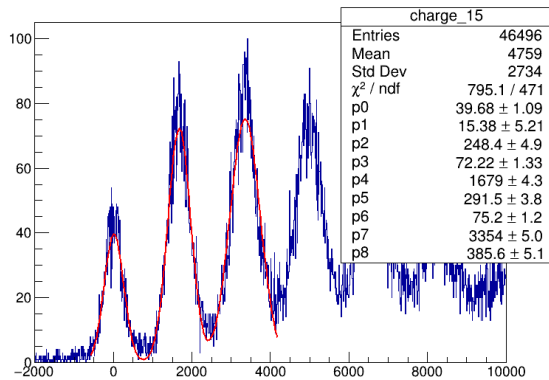
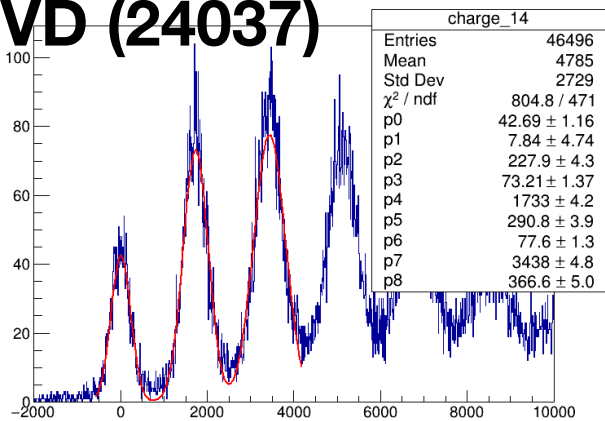




# VD (24037)

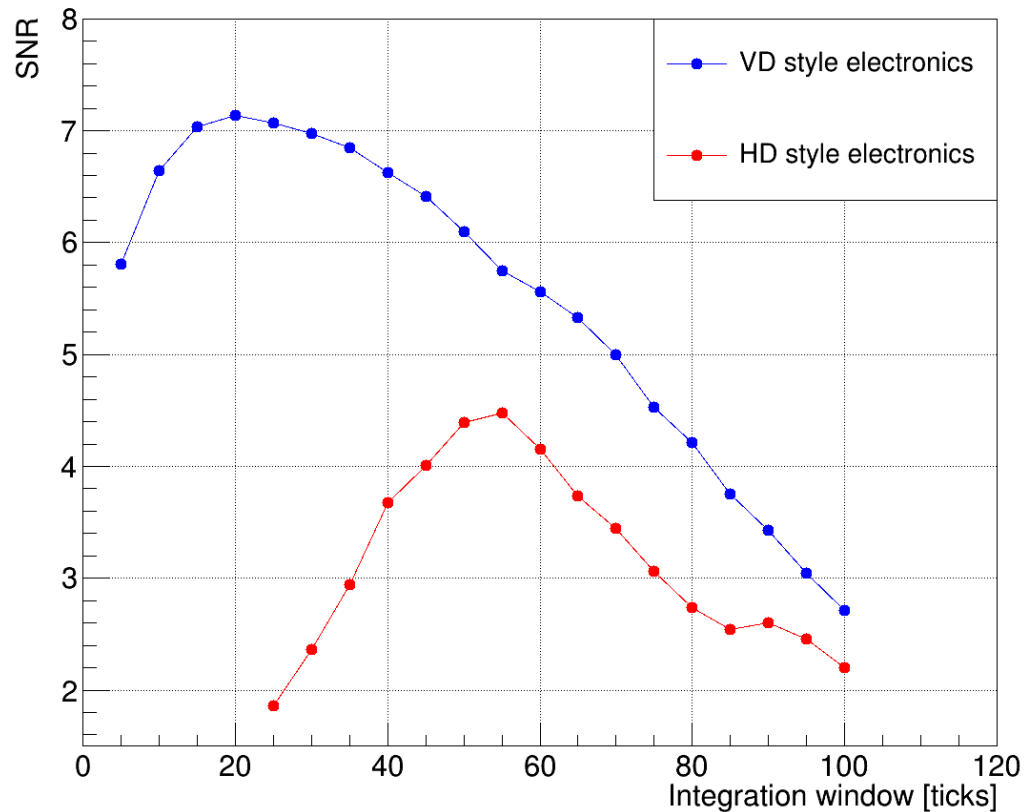


# VD (24037)

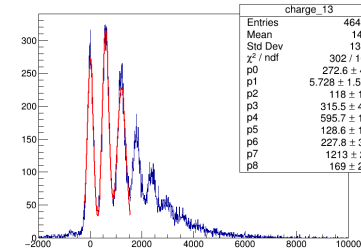
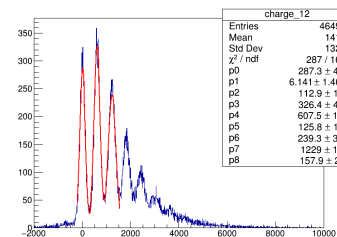
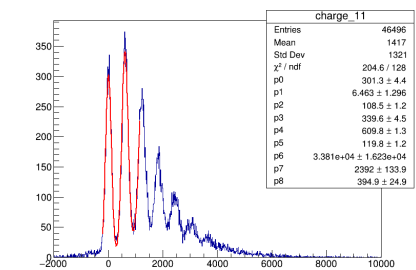
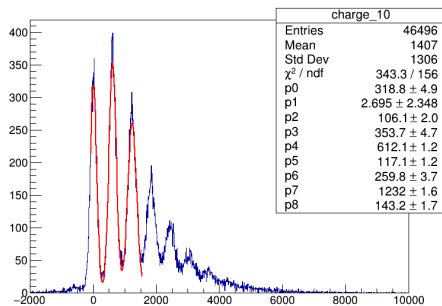
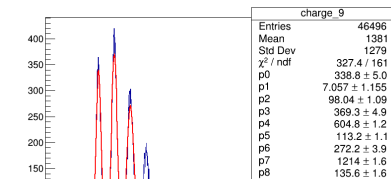
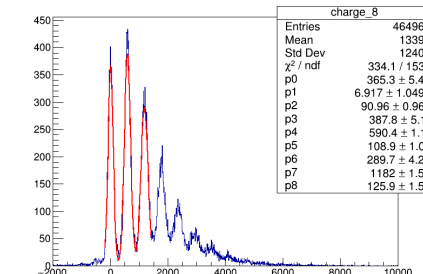
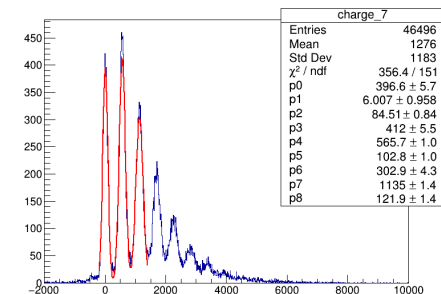
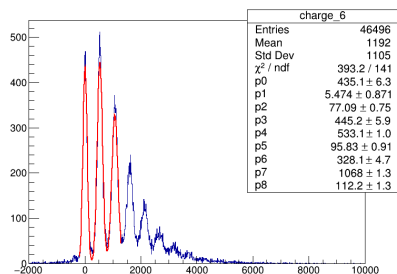
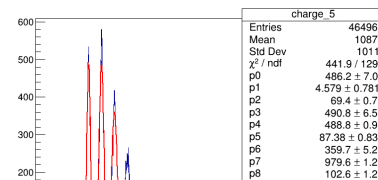
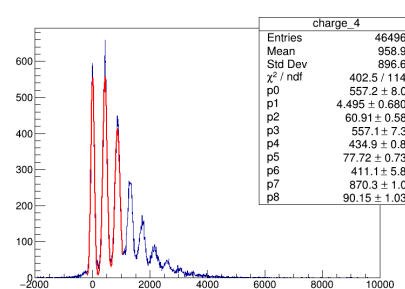
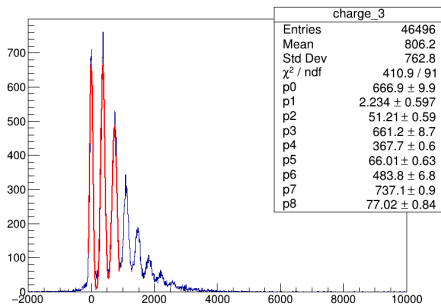
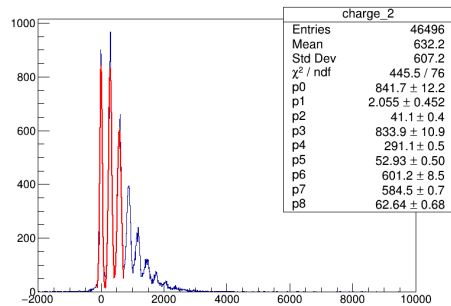


# Run 24089 - AFE Setting 1330

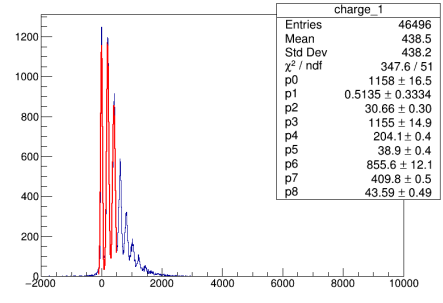
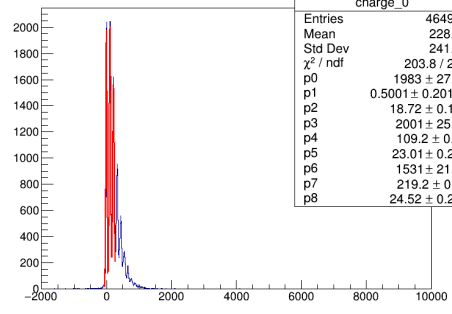
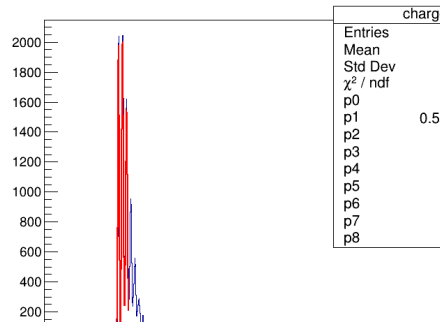
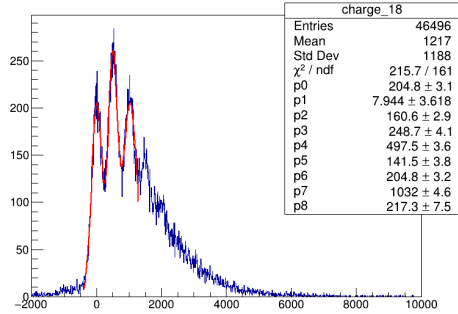
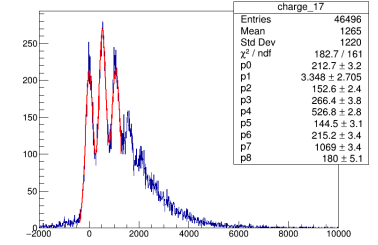
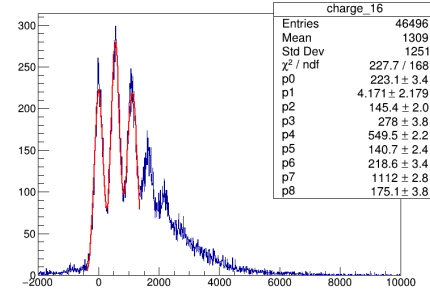
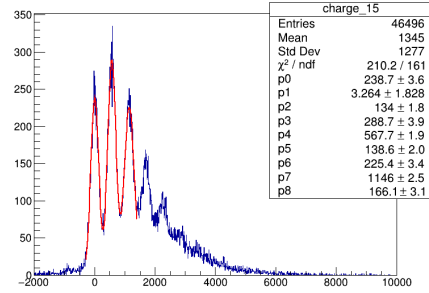
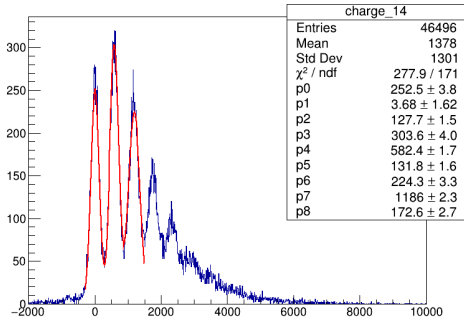
## SNR vs integration window width



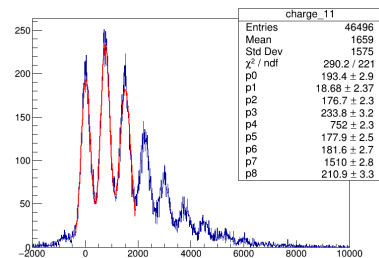
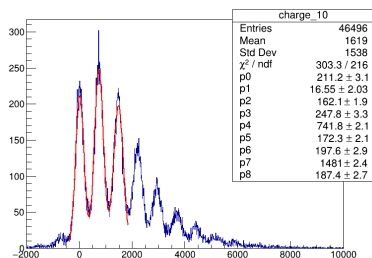
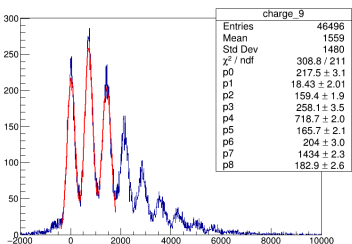
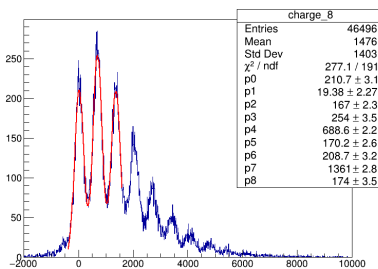
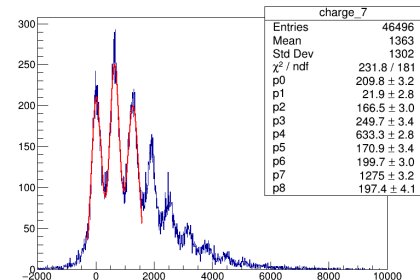
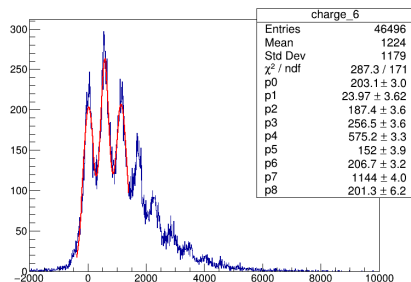
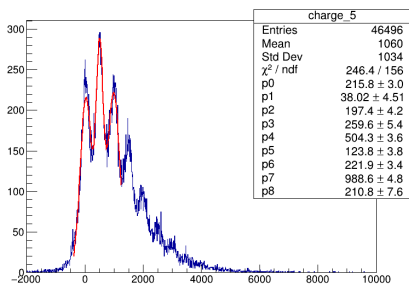
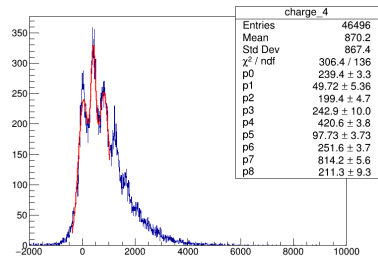
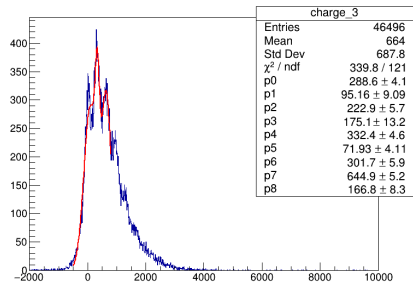
# VD 24089



# VD 24089

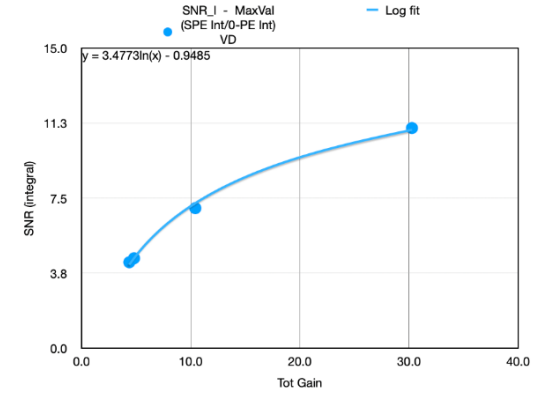


# HD 24089



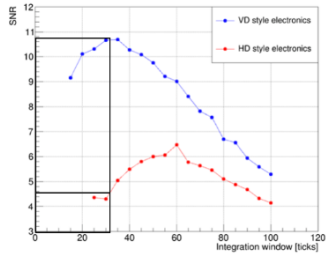
AFE Gain & Attenuation Settings during Run

Run #	AFE setting VGAIN [DAC]	Vcntrl [V] VGAIN 2666 = 1V Vcntrl	Tot Gain [db] LNA+VCAT+PGA (12db+VCAT+24db)	Atten [db] VCAT (only)	Tot Gain factor (db->Out/In)	Atten factor (db->Out/In)	SNR_I - (32ticks) (SPE Int/0-PE Int) VD	SNR_I - (32ticks) (SPE Int/0-PE Int) HD	SNR_I - MaxVal (SPE Int/0-PE Int) VD
24037	600	0.23	29.6	-6.4	30.3	0.48	10.8	4.4	11.0
24089	1330	0.50	20.4	-15.6	10.4	0.17	7.0	2.4	7.0
24097	1860	0.70	13.6	-22.4	4.8	0.08	4.3	2.3	4.5
24062	1925	0.72	12.8	-23.2	4.4	0.07	4.1	3.4	4.3



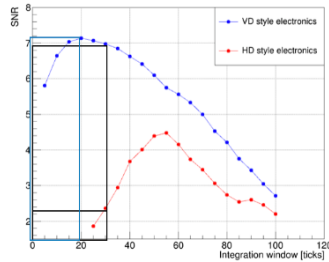
Run 24037 - AFE Setting 600

SNR vs integration window width



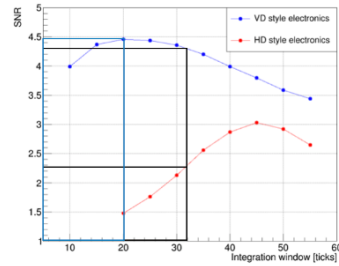
Run 24089 - AFE Setting 1330

SNR vs integration window width



Run 24097 - AFE Setting 1860

SNR vs integration window width



Run 24062 - AFE Setting 1925

SNR vs. Integration Window Width

