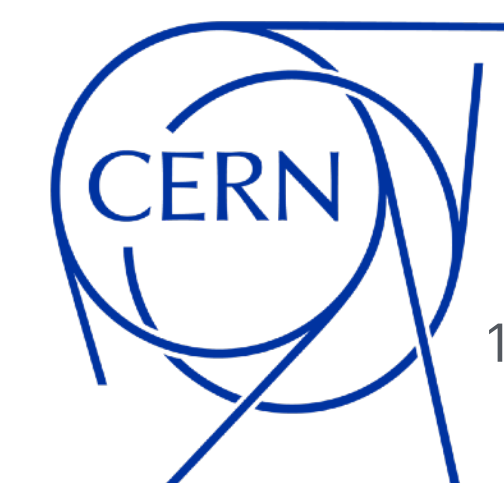


# HSF, JENAA, EVERSE and other European Inputs towards sustainable HEP Software

HEP-CCE AHM

Graeme Stewart, CERN EP-SFT  
(Particular thanks to Torre Wenaus, Caterina Doglioni, Stefan Roiser, Sanje Fenkart for material)

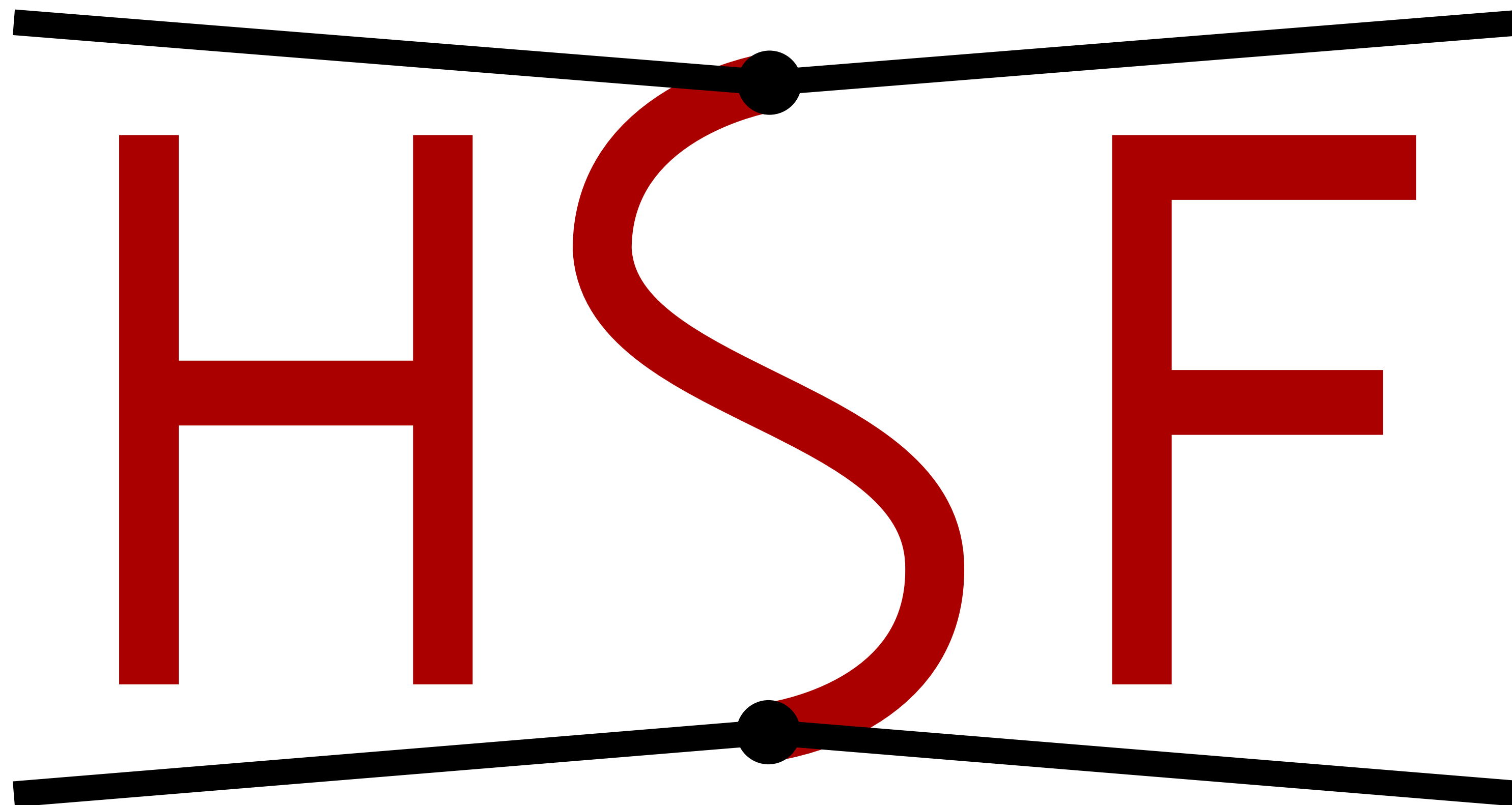
2024-07-23



# Overview

- HEP Software Foundation
- JENA and SPECTRUM
- Software Sustainability
- EVERSE
- Conclusions for Collaboration

HSF



HEP Software Foundation

# HEP Software Foundation

Happy Birthday HSF, we are 10 years old!



- Motivations today are very much the same as we had a decade ago
  - *Changing hardware landscape making efficient software more difficult to implement*
    - Today multi-core processing is very well established in all experiments
    - Accelerator programming has advanced significantly
      - But still far from being a solved problem: APIs and heterogeneous scheduling still have no general solutions
  - *An exciting physics programme ahead, e.g., High-Luminosity LHC, but this will put tremendous pressure on software and computing*
    - Event complexity and rate will jump, physics precision is growing across the board - but the budget is ~fixed
  - *We need to train a new generation of software experts*
    - And still give them recognition and a career path
    - RSEs are a new model from the same era
  - *Try to avoid duplicated solutions* and multiple rediscoveries of the same things, given the severe lack of experts

# DESY Workshop



- We celebrated our birthday at DESY, Joint [WLCG-HSF Workshop](#) in May
- Good time to look back at our accomplishments
  - [Community White Paper](#) (CWP) process that mapped out the roadmap towards HL-LHC
  - Provided a voice for software and its importance in high-level strategic discussions
    - LHCC, European Strategy Update, Snowmass, P5, ECFA, JENA, ...
  - Advice on practical matters such as licensing and tooling
  - Input from experts on GeantV, GPUs, DUNE frameworks
  - Plus community forums, from working groups in topical areas to, e.g., Compute and Accelerator Forum
  - Reference implementation for conditions databases
  - Google Summer of Code
  - HSF Training Initiatives with close to 3000 students trained - new [Training Centre online](#)

The activity of the HSF has helped create a positive atmosphere where more software projects are successfully funded: IRIS-HEP, SWIFT-HEP, HEP-CCE, ErUM-Data-Hub

This is very different from 10 years ago!

# But how can we do better...?

- We asked the question about how we could be even more effective in the next years
  - How can we sustain, grow and prioritise?
  - Strengthening our connections to the community, to projects and the experiments
- Reorient the HSF organising team to a **Steering Group**
  - Take more executive oversight of the HSF
    - Though not discouraging our do-ocratic nature!
  - Very open to new members who would like to contribute to steering the HSF
- In the process of setting up an **Advisory Group**, primarily from the experiments (LHC, DUNE, Belle II, EIC/ePIC, MCnet, ...)
  - More regular way to gather external feedback on the HSF's activities and how these are helping the community

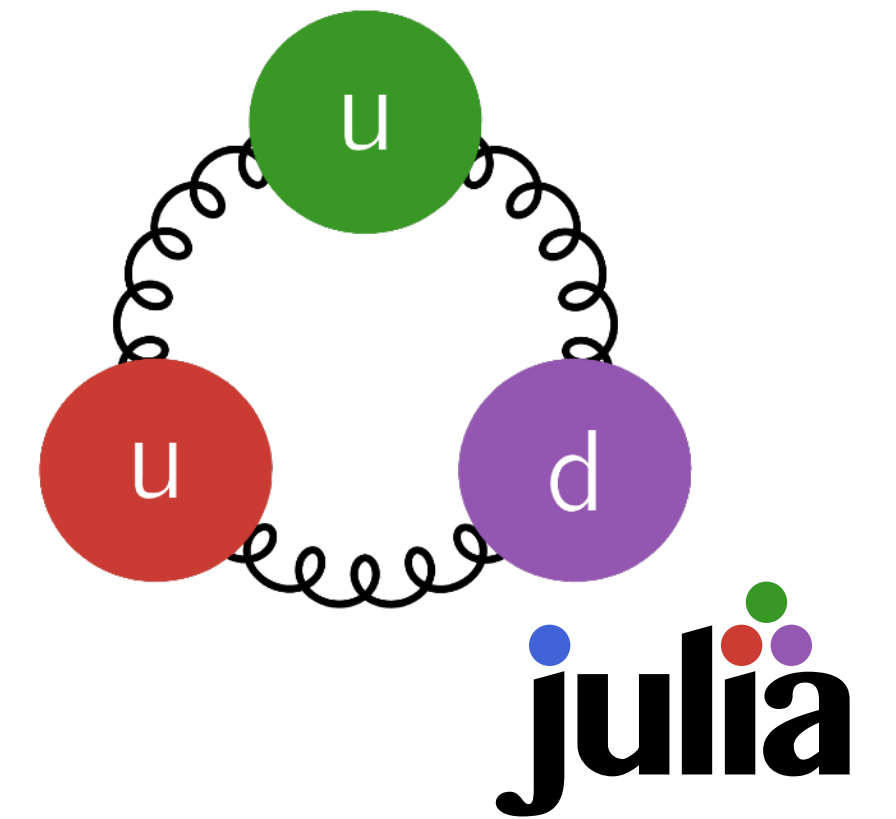
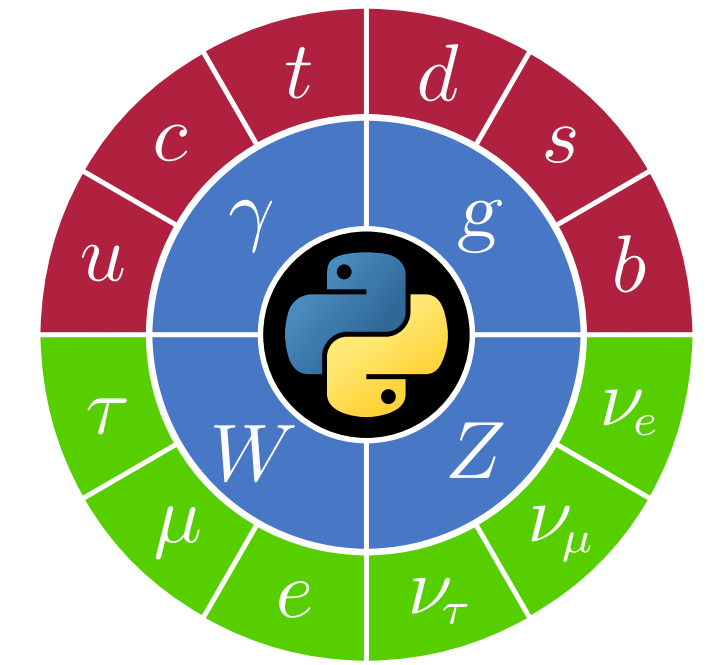
# Working Groups, Activities, Seminars

- After the CWP we setup a number of Working Groups
  - e.g., Simulation, Reconstruction, Event Generators, Data Analysis
- These have been quite successful, but more as forums for discussions than places where work is actually organised
  - We decided that in many cases these groups would be better described as activity forums
  - Contribute to a new **HSF Seminar Series**
    - Regular time slot (Wednesdays 16h30 CE(S)T/CERN time)
    - Alternating with the Compute and Accelerator Forum
      - e.g., planning a meeting on 4D tracking at the LHC experiments
- Notwithstanding that there will still be focused non-seminar activities/meetings, e.g., the generator group would like to organise some discussions on the evolution of HepMC3

# Tools, Languages, Training, ...

- Other HSF areas really are helping to organise work, or doing it themselves
  - Language evolution has been a successful activity
    - PyHEP was a success to organise both coherent discussions between developers, as well as didactic and outreach events for physicists
      - PyHEP online workshops [most recent edition 1-4 July](#)
      - [PyHEP.dev](#) (2nd edition) will be in Aachen, 26-30 August
    - JuliaHEP helping marshall activity related to exploring Julia for high-energy physics
      - Next [JuliaHEP workshop](#) at CERN, 30 September - 4 October
  - Training Group very active in organising [regular training events](#) for HEP
    - Core software skills, Python analysis and CI/CD are very popular
    - Contributions to the [training programme](#) always welcome - material or helping to teach
    - Pre-CHEP workshop on [Training in HEP](#), 19-20 October

HSF helped these activities achieve a certain critical mass beyond their funding (if they had any)





# Community Software

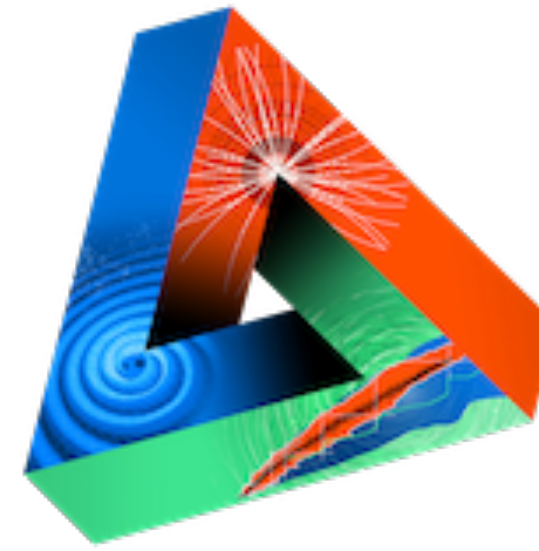
- At the workshop we had a great series of topics promoted and developed by the community
  - Particularly strong series of talks from the generators teams
    - Nice to have the neutrino experiments discussing their needs and how they align/contrast with respect to HEP
  - Also talks on tracking (ACTS), simulation (Gaussino), L1 triggers (Allen)
  - And community software projects like SciKit-HEP, ROOT, HSF India, Key4hep, Phoenix
- Shows a great strength of the HSF as a forum for the community to share knowledge and discuss common approaches and solutions
- Our “do-ocracy” approach has been a success
  - Thanks to the efforts put in by a large number of people

# Software Projects



- The HSF itself didn't become the home of software projects
  - A few projects were very closely aligned (prmon, phoenix, harvester)
  - We did not control funding (deliberately!) and development services evolved greatly (GitHub and GitHub actions)
- We propose to revisit the idea of HSF supported projects
  - So that the HSF can **endorse projects** as recognition of their role in the community
    - Considering a differentiated way to do this, depending on the criteria fulfilled (open development model, usage in the community, etc.)
  - Projects always retain full control of their development and management
- We are also happy to arrange for expert reviews or to help work towards reference implementations and white papers for common software solutions

# JENA and SPECTRUM



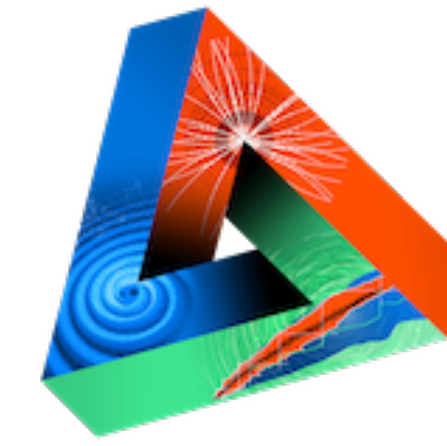
**JENAA**

Joint ECFA-NuPECC-APPEC Activities



**SPECTRUM**  
**CoP**

# JENA Computing Initiative



**JENAA**  
Joint ECFA-NuPECC-APPEC Activities

- JENA: Joint ECFA - NuPECC - APPEC
  - ECFA - European Committee for Future Accelerators
  - NuPPEC - Nuclear Physics European Consortium
  - APPEC - AstroParticle Physics European Consortium
- Three major scientific communities working together on science and infrastructure themes of common interest
- JENA Symposia in 2022 in Madrid
  - Plenary presentations and the closed sessions discussed computing
  - Funding agency representatives identified an increased need for discussions on the strategy and implementation of European federated computing at future large-scale research facilities

# JENA Computing Workshop

- We started this process organising a computing workshop in Bologna, June 2023
  - Reviewed the major challenges for each field
    - Particle Physics
      - High Luminosity LHC - enormous stress on software and computing from higher trigger rates and higher pileup
    - Nuclear Physics
      - GSI-FAIR experiments will increase data rate and computing needs
      - Need to support many experiments, including small ones
      - Try to make the software and the computing as common a problem as possible - with common solutions (example: FAIR-ALICE collaboration)
    - Astro(patricle) Physics
      - Observatory model - running and upcoming projects with data piped into existing computer centres
      - Need to generalise access and interfaces to give scientists access to data products and alerts
      - Vera Rubin, SKA - very high data rates

*CPU, Disk, Tape And All That*



**Fit Physicists  
Ideas**

*Into Computing Resources*

**O RLY?**

*Harry Houdini*

# Known Challenges

- Hardware evolution continues with manufacturers adapting to smaller scales
  - Chiplet architectures and 3D lithography
- Heterogeneity is inevitable
  - Many software challenges arise from this to make algorithmic changes and implement efficient solutions
- Significant European investment in HPCs (see Maria's talk)
  - We need to engage and find common ground to allow HPCs to be more effectively used by data intensive sciences
  - Has to integrate into our established distributed model
- Machine Learning (AI) increasingly important in workflows
  - Resource implications not yet really well understood
    - Hope is for higher fidelity and reduced costs for inference cf. other methods
    - But how much training will be required?

# Computing Initiative Working Groups



- HPCs
  - Augmenting the computing capacity available and facilitating the federation with existing data facilities
- Software and Heterogeneous Architectures
  - Find common solutions to using heterogeneous architectures, lowering the costs of computing and addressing sustainability
- Federated Data Management, Virtual Research Environments, FAIR Principles and Open Data
  - Managed by the ESCAPE Consortium, strengthen data management synergies and how workflows interact with FAIR principles
- Machine Learning and Artificial Intelligence
  - Quantify the resource needs and to define the interfaces and services that are needed by physicists to run ML workloads
- Training, Dissemination, Education
  - Leverage the experience in the HSF training initiative and find common ground with other sciences; explore how to develop a curriculum with universities

**Goal is to write a whitepaper, drafted for November 2024, to be finalised at the next JENA Symposium**

# Software and Heterogeneous Architectures



- We have surveyed the *prior art* material from all three communities
  - Now in the process of synthesising these inputs into summary documents
- Meanwhile we have been preparing a **survey** that looks at different aspects of software and computing in the community
- We have done this in conjunction with the SPECTRUM project
  - Strategic Research, Innovation and Deployment Agenda (SRIDA) and a Technical Blueprint for a European compute and data continuum
    - Concentrating on HEP and Radio Astronomy
- [JENA/SPECTRUM Survey \(Announcement\)](#)
  - Answers from all international partners also very welcome!
  - The overall survey is pretty huge, but answering the questions on software and training should take < 15 minutes



# Sustainable Software



Image Credit: Kitware

# FAIR Software

FAIR Principles for Research Software  
<https://doi.org/10.15497/RDA00068>



- Public repository with version control
- A licence
- Code is catalogued
- Enable citations
- Use a software quality checklist

<https://fair-software.eu/>

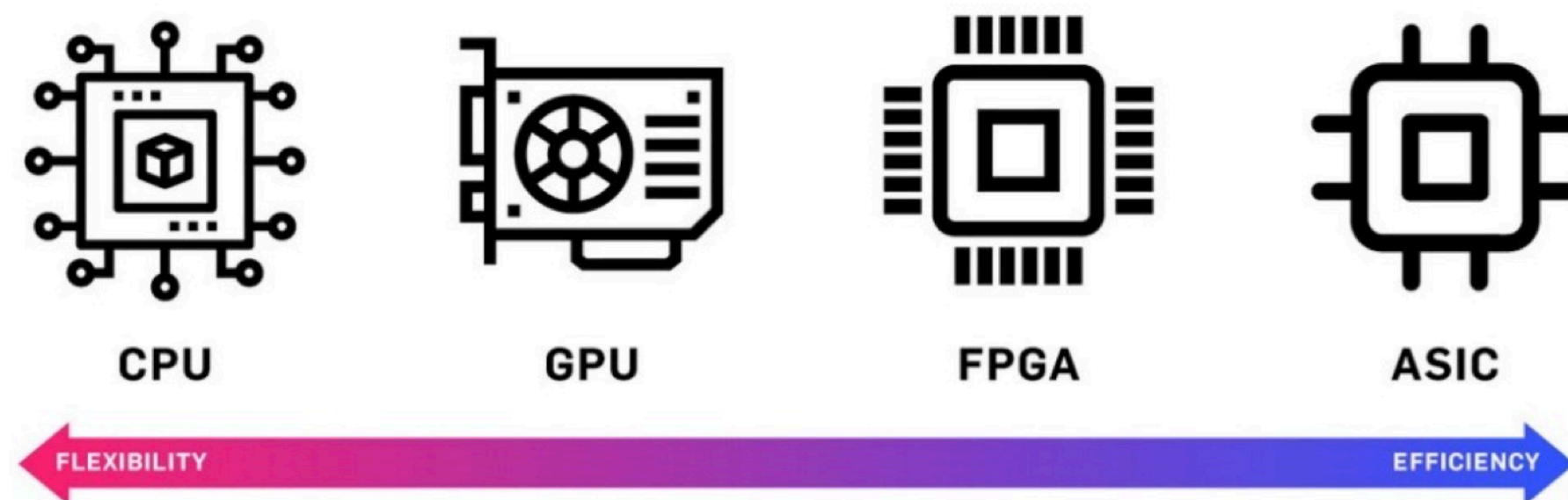
The FAIR4RS Principles are:

<b>F: Software, and its associated metadata, is easy for both humans and machines to find.</b>
F1. Software is assigned a globally unique and persistent identifier. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• F1.1. Components of the software representing levels of granularity are assigned distinct identifiers.</li><li>• F1.2. Different versions of the software are assigned distinct identifiers.</li></ul> F2. Software is described with rich metadata. F3. Metadata clearly and explicitly include the identifier of the software they describe. F4. Metadata are FAIR, searchable and indexable.
<b>A: Software, and its metadata, is retrievable via standardized protocols.</b>
A1. Software is retrievable by its identifier using a standardized communications protocol. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• A1.1. The protocol is open, free, and universally implementable.</li><li>• A1.2. The protocol allows for an authentication and authorization procedure, where necessary.</li></ul> A2. Metadata are accessible, even when the software is no longer available.
<b>I: Software interoperates with other software by exchanging data and/or metadata, and/or through interaction via application programming interfaces (APIs), described through standards.</b>
I1. Software reads, writes and exchanges data in a way that meets domain-relevant community standards. I2. Software includes qualified references to other objects.
<b>R: Software is both usable (can be executed) and reusable (can be understood, modified, built upon, or incorporated into other software).</b>
R1. Software is described with a plurality of accurate and relevant attributes. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• R1.1. Software is given a clear and accessible license.</li><li>• R1.2. Software is associated with detailed provenance.</li></ul> R2. Software includes qualified references to other software. R3. Software meets domain-relevant community standards.

Table 1: The FAIR Principles for Research Software

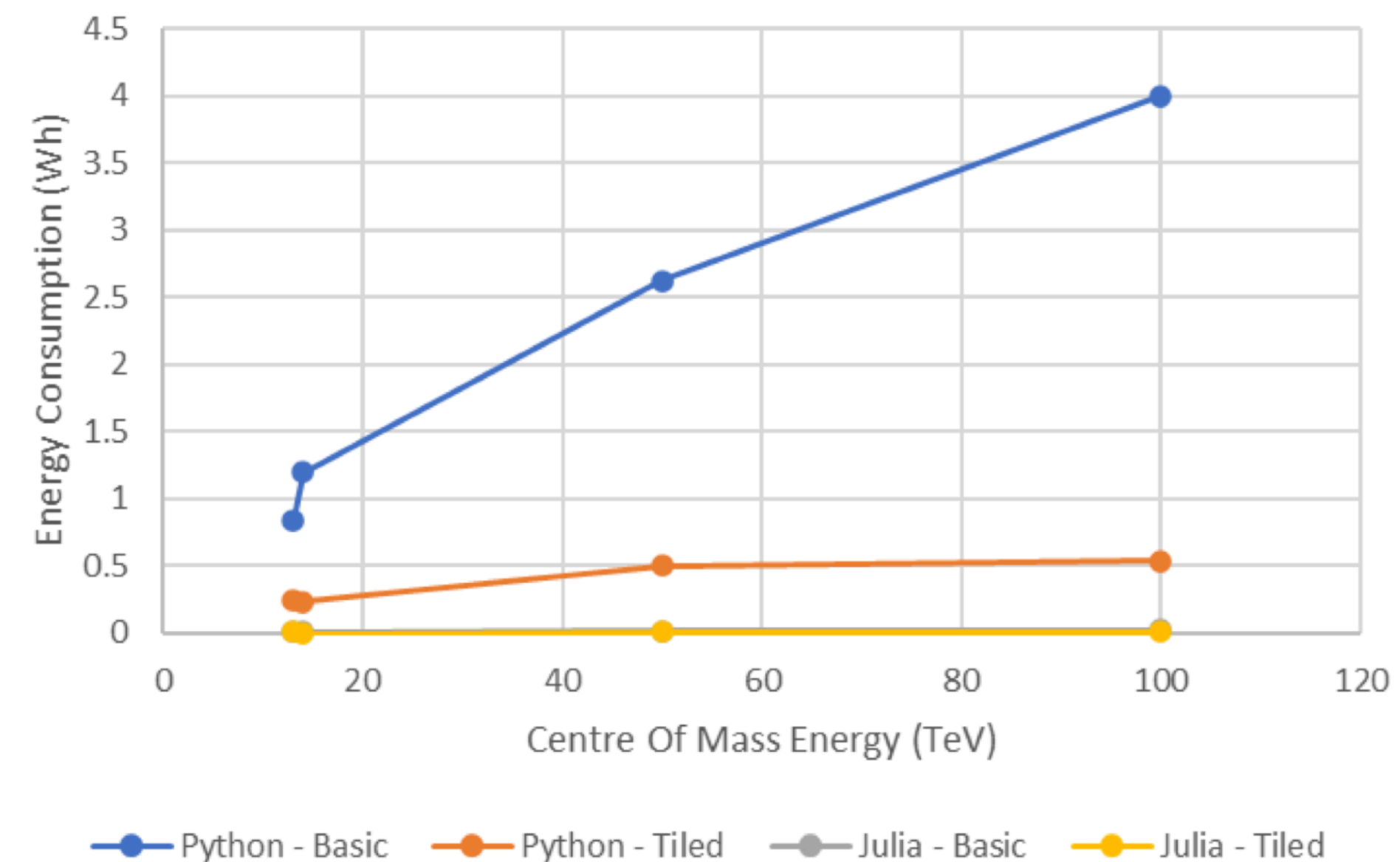
# Green Software

- From <https://learn.greensoftware.foundation/>
- Concrete example from SwiftHEP where x50 improvements were gained in ATLAS's use of the Sherpa event generator's multi-leg NLO calculations
- Also supported in HEP-CCE!



- Carbon efficiency** Build applications that are carbon efficient.  
Minimise the amount of carbon emitted per unit of work
- Energy efficiency** Build applications that are energy efficient.  
Write software that maximises/matches your hardware's energy efficiency
- Carbon awareness** Consume electricity with the lowest carbon intensity.  
Choose your energy sources wisely, if you can
- Hardware efficiency** Build applications that are hardware efficient.  
Software should be well matched to hardware, and optimise hardware lifecycles
- Measurement** Improve sustainability through measurement.  
More information is better!
- Climate commitments** Defining the exact mechanism of carbon reduction.  
Strive to improve, in a quantitative and well-defined way

Energy Consumption at different Centre of Mass Energies



Akshat Gupta,  
Caterina Doglioni,  
Graeme Stewart -  
compare energy  
consumption in  
different  
languages /  
algorithms

EVERSE

eoosc  
EVERSE

# EVERSE



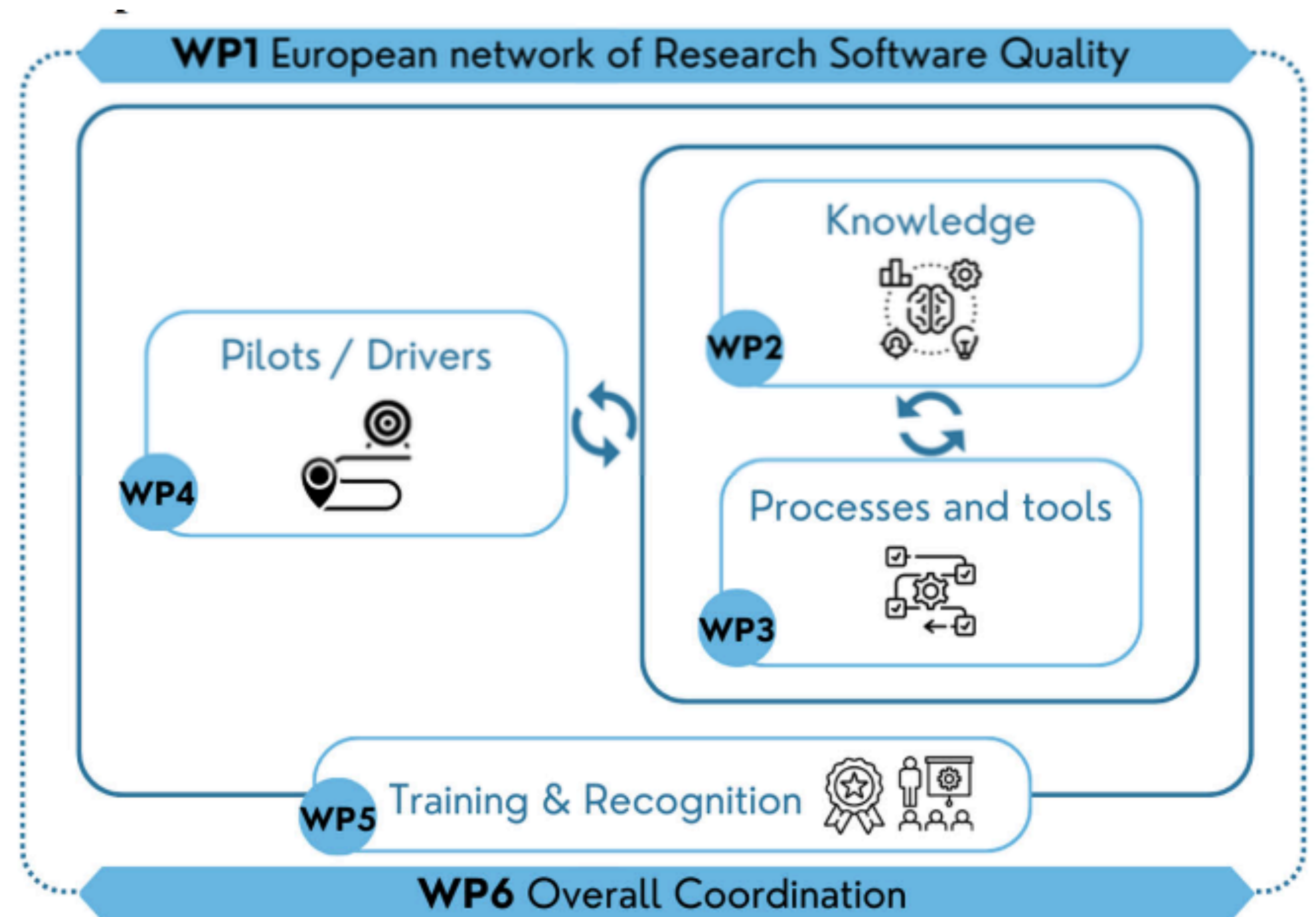
# EVERSE



- EVERSE Project is 3 year EU funded project, €8M
  - Started 1 March 2024
- Build on the software quality aims of the five science clusters in the European Open Science Cloud
- Aims to
  - Create a framework for research software and code excellence
  - Build a network for software quality, based on existing community standards
  - Lay the foundations for a future virtual institute for research software quality

# EVERSE Organisation

- Significant HEP connections
  - WP1 - Graeme Stewart
  - WP3 - Thomas Vuillaume
  - WP4 - Caterina Doglioni
  - WP5 - Stefan Roiser



# EVERSE Activities

- The core activities:
  - *Assess current best practices* by researchers and make those accessible via the EVERSE “RSQkit”
    - The RSQkit is a meta-repository of documentation, practices, and examples (content still in flow)
    - Prototype for a different purpose/field: RDMKit (from Elixir)
  - *Link tools and services* into common pipelines or frameworks for software quality and integrate them into the tools developed by the EOSC clusters
    - Guiding principles are *FAIRness* and *Open Science*
- Exercise these concepts via the science clusters’ use cases, e.g. these are some of the HEP/ESCAPE use cases:
  - Analysis code for high throughput data from the LHC based on “xAODAnaHelpers” [talk]
  - Prototyping of machine learning tools for data compression [talk]
  - Software infrastructure for the tracking of charged particles based on “ACTS” [talk]

# EVERSE Network



- Establish a community of practice in the quality of research software
- European based, but an international context
  - Provide standard and documented practices around tools and training for software developers
  - Define the meaning and principles of software quality for the research domain
  - Enhanced recognition for software developers contributing to research activities
- Value
  - EOSC Association expert group on software
  - Help shape software quality practices
  - Define the key aspects around recognition for research software activities
- Currently we are discussing with early adopters to help us shape the network
  - Contact [Graeme](#) and [Sanje](#) if you are interested to join



# Conclusions

# Conclusions for Collaboration

- Software and computing in high-energy physics remains as challenging as ever
  - A critical part of our science exploitation, with HL-LHC coming soon
- The landscape of large scale data intensive sciences is also growing
- HEP Software Foundation has helped our community exchange information, advocate for software at high levels and take practical steps to improve our software
  - We want to continue to work with all partners to keep doing that
  - We are utterly reliant on *members of our community contributing to the HSF* to do that!
- Broader European initiatives, such as JENA Computing, help align the interests of HEP with other sciences
  - Speak with a common voice to funding agencies and facilities
  - The JENA/SPECTRUM survey is a chance for many people to contribute their view
- EVERSE project works more broadly towards software quality criteria, training and recognition

**In all of these areas possibilities to work usefully with HEP-CCE exist!**

# Stay in Touch

- HSF: [hsf-steering@googlegroups.com](mailto:hsf-steering@googlegroups.com)
  - If you are not signed up to the HSF forum mailing list, please subscribe
- JENA: [jena-computing-wp2-software@cern.ch](mailto:jena-computing-wp2-software@cern.ch)
  - Or mail to Graeme Stewart, Paul Laycock and Adrien Matta (chairs)
- SPECTRUM: [community@spectrumproject.eu](mailto:community@spectrumproject.eu)
- ESCAPE: [everse-contact@lists.certh.gr](mailto:everse-contact@lists.certh.gr)
  - Or contact Graeme Stewart, Stefan Roiser or Caterina Doglioni (HEP WP leaders)